1 2 3 4 5 6 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA 7 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF MARICOPA 8 IN RE THE GENERAL W-1, W-2, W-3, W-4 (Consolidated) 9 ADJUDICATION OF ALL RIGHTS Contested Case No. W1-106 10 TO USE WATER IN THE GILA RIVER SYSTEM AND SOURCE ORDER DENYING MOTION FOR 11 PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT ON 12 LEGAL STANDARDS FOR SUBFLOW **DELINEATION ON VERDE** 13 TRIBUTARIES and 14 DENIAL OF MOTION IN LIMINE 15 16 In re Subflow Technical Report, Verde River **CONTESTED CASE NAME:** Watershed 17 **TECHNICAL REPORTS INVOLVED**: Subflow Zone Delineation Technical Report 18 for the Remainder of the Verde River Watershed, April 2023. 19 **DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY**: Order DENYING Motion for Partial Summary Judgment on Legal Standards for Subflow Delineation on Verde Tributaries and 20 DENYING Motion In Limine. 21 **NUMBER OF PAGES: 14** 22 23 On April 28, 2023, the Arizona Department of Water Resources ("ADWR") filed

On April 28, 2023, the Arizona Department of Water Resources ("ADWR") filed the Subflow Zone Delineation Technical Report for the Remainder of the Verde River Watershed ("Tributaries Report"), which delineated the proposed subflow zone for the tributaries in the Verde River Watershed. In addition to work by ADWR and the Arizona Geological Survey ("AZGS"), information from documentation submitted to ADWR

24

25

26

27

28

1 2

from Mark Holmes and from Mark Nicholls was included in the Tributaries Report.¹ Objections were required to be filed by October 27, 2023.

Timely objections from the Yavapai-Apache Nation, Freeport Minerals, and SRP specifically claimed the Tributaries Report failed to delineate the subflow zone for certain streams that were intermittent under predevelopment conditions, including the Big Chino Wash, Partridge Creek, and Williamson Valley Wash.² Hydrogeological and anthropological technical information from Richard Burtell and John Ford were included in the filings by Freeport Minerals and SRP respectively.³ Many of the opinions from Burtell and Ford conflicted with ADWR conclusions; therefore, an evidentiary hearing is scheduled to begin August 21, 2024. As part of the Minute Entry filed January 22, 2024, which set the August hearing, the Special Master presented three questions to limit the scope of the testimony and maintain focus on the pertinent issues:

- 1. Were portions of the Big Chino Wash and Partridge Creek intermittent under predevelopment conditions?
- 2. Was all of the Williamson Valley Wash intermittent under predevelopment conditions?
- 3. Was the subflow mapping of certain tributary streams, including inter alia Camp Creek, Dry Beaver Creek, Ellison Creek, and Granite Creek, inappropriately terminated?

On May 21, 2024, the Salt River Project Agricultural Improvement and Power District and Salt River Valley Water Users' Association (collectively "SRP") filed a

¹ Mark Holmes provided information to ADWR on behalf of the City of Prescott and the Town of Chino Valley. Mark Nicholls provided information on behalf of the Town of Prescott Valley.

² Timely objections were also received from Arizona Water Company, Arizona State Land, Chino Grande LLC, City of Phoenix, and Sandy DuBois, however none of those objections are pertinent to the issues here.

³ No determinations have been made as to whether any of the third-party technical information provided to ADWR or the Court meets the requirements of Rule 702 of the Arizona Rules of Evidence.

1 | N 2 | N 3 | p

2.7

MOTION FOR PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT

SRP claims to be seeking confirmation that "the scope of trial is limited to those three issues [presented in the January 22, 2024, Minute Entry]." SRP Motion at 3. However, SRP's Motion then requests partial summary judgment on issues that are the

Motion for Partial Summary Judgment on Legal Standards for Subflow Delineation on Verde Tributaries and Alternatively, Motion *In Limine* ("SRP Motion") requesting preclusion of certain evidence SRP claims is not relevant to the subflow delineation.

On June 20, 2024, ADWR filed Comments on SRP's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment on Legal Standard for Subflow Zone Delineation on Verde Tributaries and, Alternatively, Motion In Limine ("ADWR Comments"). The Court notes that ADWR is not a party to the general stream adjudication; however, as the Court's technical advisor, such comments from ADWR are appreciated.

Only July 5, 2024, ADWR filed a "Notice of Errata," noting that subsequent review of the objections received regarding Williamson Valley Wash has led the agency to determine additional mapping in the area is appropriate. At the completion of the August 21, 2024, evidentiary hearing, the Court will issue an order listing all amendments necessary for the Verde River subflow delineation. In that order, the Court will require ADWR to delineate a proposed subflow zone for Williamson Valley Wash.

THEREFORE, IT IS ORDERED, as a result of ADWR's Notice of Errata, William Valley Wash will not be a part of the evidentiary hearing in August and further analysis regarding Williamson Valley Wash is removed from this order.

On July 10, 2024, Joint Respondents' Response to SRP's Motion for Partial Summary Judgement on Legal Standards for Subflow Delineation on Verde Tributaries and a Motion *In Limine* ("Joint Response") was filed by the Town of Chino Valley, the Town of Prescott Valley, the City of Prescott, the Arizona State Land Department, and Chino Grand LLC. Also on July 10, 2024, SRP filed a Reply to ADWR's comments. Due to the timing of the Reply, it did not address the Joint Response.

very answers needed, arguing the issues are "pure issue[s] of Arizona subflow law." *Id.* If the intent of the Motion was merely to ascertain if the Special Master truly meant to limit the evidentiary hearing so narrowly, it seems the Motion is quite a big stick for a rather small ball.

Standard of Review

Rule 56 of the Arizona Rules of Civil Procedure authorizes this Court to grant summary judgment when there is no genuine dispute as to any material fact and the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law. The Court will grant summary judgment be only where, "considering all the evidence, reasonable minds could not differ" as to the material facts underlying a claim. *Allstate Indem. Co. v. Ridgley*, 214 Ariz. 440 (Ariz. Ct. App. 2007); *Shaw v. Petersen*, 169 Ariz. 559, 560, 563 (Ariz. Ct. App.1991).

Questions Presented

1. Were portions of the Big Chino Wash and Partridge Creek intermittent under predevelopment conditions?

SRP appears to claim in their Motion that since no party presented evidence that Floodplain Holocene Alluvium ("FHA") did not exist, FHA must therefore exist. And, since FHA exists, as a matter of law the stream reaches must be perennial or intermittent under predevelopment conditions. In their July 10, 2024, Reply, SRP disclaims this characterization,⁴ stating their reason for the Motion was to confirm that "SRP must demonstrate at trial that the Big Chino and Williamson Valley Wash were perennial or intermittent under predevelopment conditions." Reply at 3. Confirmation of that can be found by reading the January 22, 2024, Minute Entry, which listed the outstanding issues to be included in the evidentiary hearing. Yet SRP continues in their Reply with arguments regarding mapping of FHA as a matter of law, claiming repeatedly that FHA

⁴ SRP implies that only ADWR mischaracterized their arguments, however the Court independently came to the same summarization of SRP's arguments.

1 | r 2 | 6 3 | g 4 | x

must exist along Big Chino Wash and Partridge Creek because "no party presented evidence that it does not exist." Motion at 2,5,12, and 13. Reply at 3 and 9. There are a great many things that no party presented evidence do not exist along the Verde River, yet we do not assume their presence.

No commentary was presented on FHA existence in the Tributary report because the issue was not ripe for any party to opine. Once ADWR made the determination that the streams were ephemeral during predevelopment, the existence of FHA was rendered irrelevant. The existence of FHA will remain irrelevant unless the portions of the Big Chino Wash and Partridge Creek in question are determined perennial or intermittent under predevelopment conditions. The first step in any subflow delineation is whether the streams in question were in fact perennial or intermittent under predevelopment conditions. Determining if and where the boundaries of the subflow zone are present, through mapping of FHA meeting the appropriate conditions, does not occur until after it has been established that the streams were perennial or intermittent under predevelopment conditions.

As explained by ADWR in their comments, every stream, whether perennial, intermittent, or ephemeral carries some sediment load that has been deposited on the floodplain during at least one flood in the past 10,000 years. Thus, traces of "floodplain" alluvium of the Holocene Epoch will always exist to some degree unless a stream is confined in a bedrock canyon with no channel migration. ADWR Comments at 7–8 (June 20, 2024).

Big Chino Wash and Partridge Creek are not confined to bedrock channels therefore it can be presumed *based upon geologic understanding, rather than lack of evidence to the contrary*, that FHA is present to some degree along the portions of the Big Chino Wash and Partridge Creek in question.

2. Was all of the Williamson Valley Wash intermittent under predevelopment conditions?

As noted above, based upon ADWR's Notice of Errata, no further analysis of

Williamson Valley Wash is needed at this time.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

2.7

28

3. Was the subflow mapping of certain tributary streams, including inter alia Camp Creek, Dry Beaver Creek, Ellison Creek, and Granite Creek, inappropriately terminated?

The Yavapai-Apache Nation and SRP each presented detailed objections regarding ADWR's decision to terminate its subflow delineation for Camp Creek, Dry Beaver Creek, Ellison Creek, and Granite Creek. SRP Objections at 2-3; Yavapai-Apache Nation's Objections to the ADWR's Subflow Zone Delineation Report for the Remainder of the Verde River Watershed ("Nation's Objections") at 3 (Oct. 27, 2023). Both parties questioned the facts used by ADWR to make the determination. The Yavapai-Apache Nation noted "the termination points occur in areas with no apparent changes in geomorphology or vegetation. In several instances, ADWR's termination point also does not correspond with the actual start or stopping point of the perennial or intermittent reach of the tributary and there is no evidence that the saturated floodplain Holocene alluvium ("SFHA") does not also continue farther upstream." Nation's Objections at 5. SRP also noted "there is no evidence or reason to believe that the SFHA ends at ADWR's proposed cutoff point rather than continuing into the intermittent or perennial reaches of these watercourses that are situated farther upstream." SRP's Objections at 14 (emphasis added). In both sets of objections, the issue is a disagreement regarding interpretation of available evidence or lack thereof.

Given that the current evidentiary record appears incomplete, reasonable minds could clearly differ regarding the adequacy of ADWR's mapping of Big Chino Wash, Partridge Creek, and the termination of multiple tributary streams. Therefore, the questions presented cannot be resolved as a matter of law.

THE COURT FINDS that genuine issues of material fact exist with respect to whether Big Chino Wash and Partridge Creek were intermittent under predevelopment conditions and whether subflow mapping of certain tributary streams, including inter alia Camp Creek, Dry Beaver Creek, Ellison Creek, and Granite Creek, were inappropriately

terminated. Therefore,

IT IS ORDERED that because there are genuine issues of material fact, SRPs Motion for Partial Summary Judgment is DENIED.

2.7

MOTION IN LIMINE

Having confirmed that genuine issues of material fact exist, and having denied SRP's motion for partial summary judgment, the Court now considers SRP's alternative Motion *in limine* to preclude testimony concerning (1) the saturation level of the FHA and (2) the existence of a current hydraulic connection between the underground and surface water systems in question, both of which SRP claims are "irrelevant as a matter of law." SRP Motion at 13.

Respondents' Joint Response noted procedural issues with SRP's Motion *in limine*. Because the Court disposes of SRP's Motion *in limine* on substantive grounds, the Court does not address SRP's alleged failure to comply with the "meet and confer" obligations.

Standard of Review

Pursuant to the Arizona Rules of Evidence, evidence that has no "consequence in determining the action" is irrelevant and must be excluded. Ariz. R. Evid. 401, 402. The trial court is given considerable discretion in resolving those issues, *State v. Duzan*, 176 Ariz. 463, 465, 862 P.2d 223, 225 (App.1993). Evidence that has "any tendency to make a fact more or less probable" has relevance. Ariz. R. Evid. 401(a).

SRP argues the existence of a current hydraulic connection between the underground and surface water systems of the Big Chino Wash and Partridge Creek, or between those systems and any other streams, is of no consequence to determining whether a subflow zone exists along those streams because the subflow zone must be delineated based on predevelopment conditions and assuming the entire lateral extent of the FHA is saturated. The Court disagrees.

Current FHA saturation and a hydraulic connection between groundwater and

surface water are strong indications of previous saturation and hydraulic connection. The lack of such indications in the present are not dispositive of anything during predevelopment conditions. However, the data is certainly not "irrelevant." Furthermore, the reasons for a current lack of FHA saturation and hydraulic connection can be very important in determining anthropologic activity and appropriate predevelopment time periods for study. The disagreements regarding interpretation of available evidence, or lack thereof, of FHA saturation and connection will necessarily include present data to extrapolate past data.

2.7

It is always possible that relevant evidence can be stretched and twisted to potentially "improperly expand the scope of the proceedings." Such evidence can be properly objected to in the moment. Where there is discord between what evidence can assist the trier of fact in making a determination, with whether that evidence is beyond the scope of the issue and may be confusing or prejudicial, parties can state their concerns and allow the Court to make prudent evaluations. So far SRP has not presented any rationale why the Special Master will not be able to appropriately review the full spectrum or relevant evidence as such.

The questions presented to the parties in the Minute Entry issued January 22, 2024, were crafted purposefully narrow. With respect to Big Chino Wash and Partridge Creek, the purpose of the scheduled evidentiary hearing is to evaluate evidence concerning the predevelopment flows, and the reliability of such evidence. Testimony may include historical and current geological and hydrogeological conditions of the areas including saturation levels and hydraulic connectivity.

Likewise, evidence regarding the appropriate mapping of Camp Creek, Dry Beaver Creek, Ellison Creek, and Granite Creek may need to include current hydrogeological saturation and connection information. Therefore,

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that to the extent testimony regarding the extent of saturation levels of FHA, or any matters regarding current hydraulic connection, help answer the questions presented in the January 22, 2024, Minute Entry, such testimony is

permitted. 2 All this being said, the parties are reminded this evidentiary hearing is not to litigate the lateral extent of the subflow zone in the areas of Big Chino Wash or Partridge 3 4 Creek. Delineating the subflow zone will not occur until it has been established that the streams were perennial or intermittent under predevelopment conditions. 5 6 7 Signed this 8 9 10 Sherri L. Zendri 11 Special Master 12 13 14 The original of the foregoing was 15 delivered to the Clerk of the Maricopa 16 Court County Superior for filing 17 and distributing a copy to all persons listed on the Court approved mailing list 18 for this contested case. 19 Emily Natale 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

28

2024.

Court Approved Mailing List In re Subflow Technical Report, Verde River Watershed, Case No. W1-106 W1-106 (60 Names) Prepared by the Special Master 7/17/2024

Alexander B. Ritchie San Carlos Apache Tribe Office of the Attorney General PO Box 40 San Carlos. AZ 85550

Andrew J. Corimski U. S. Army Legal Services Environmental Law Division 9275 Gunston Road Fort Belvoir, VA 22060

Brandon R & Natasha M. Pacheco Pacheco Brandon & Natasha Living Trust 19400 N. Lower Territory Rd. Prescott, AZ 86305

Burch & Cracchilo, P.A. 1850 North Central, Suite 1700 Phoenix, Az 85004

Carla A. Consoli May Potenza Baran & Gillespie P.C 1850 N. Central Avenue, 16th Floor Phoenix, AZ 85004

Carlos D. Ronstadt Law Office of Carlos D. Ronstadt, PLLC 7000 North 16th Street, Suite 120, No. 510 Phoenix, AZ 85020-5547 Charles L. Cahoy, Asst. City Attorney Phoenix City Attorney's Office 200 W. Washington 13th Flr. Phoenix, AZ 85003

Clerk of the Superior Court Maricopa County Attn: Water Case 601 West Jackson Street Phoenix, AZ 85003

Cottonwood Ditch Association Peter Andrew Groseta, President PO Box 445 Cottonwood, AZ 86326

D. Brown, J Brown, A. Brown G Perkins, & B. Heiserman Brown & Brown Law Offices P.C. PO Box 1890 St. Johns, AZ 85936

Daniel Brenden /Peter Muthig Maricopa County Attorney's Office 225 W. Madison St Phoenix, AZ 85003

Daniel D. Haws U. S. Army Environmental Attorney 2387 Hatfield Street Fort Huachuca, AZ 85613 Daniel F. McCarl United States Dept. of Justice -ENRD Indian Resources Section 999 18th Street, So Terrace, Suite 370 Denver, CO 80202

Dara Mora Liberty Utilities, Inc. 1225 West Frontage Road Rio Rico, AZ 85648

David F. Jacobs and Kevin P. Crestin Arizona Attorney General Natural Resources Section 2005 North Central Phoenix, AZ 85004

David Gehlert United States Dept. of Justice -ENRD 999 18th Street, South Terrace Ste 370 Denver, CO 80202

Diandra D. Benally Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation Legal Department P. O. Box 17779 Fountain Hills, AZ 85269-7779

Duane C. Wyles 205 Farm Circle Drive P. O. Box 1537 Cornville, AZ 86325-1537 Emily Jurmu City of Peoria, City Attorney Office 8401 West Monroe Street, Room 280 Peoria, AZ 85345-6560

Eric C. Anderson & Karen Tyler City of Scottsdale City Attorney's Office 3939 N. Drinkwater Blvd. Scottsdale, AZ 85251

Eric L. Hiser & Luke Erickson Hiser Joy 5080 N. 40th Street,, Suite 245 Phoenix, AZ 85018

Frederick E. Davidson P.O. Box 556 Grand Saline, TX 75140

Gregory L. Adams Central Arizona Water Conservation District P. O. Box 43020 Phoenix, AZ 85080-3020

J. B. Weldon, M. A. McGinnis, M. K. Foy Salmon, Lewis & Weldon 2850 E. Camelback Rd. Suite 200 Phoenix, AZ 85016 Jacob Kavkewitz Pima County Attorney's Office Civil Division 32 N. Stone Avenue, Ste 2100 Tucson, AZ 85701

Jason Simon Lewis Roca Rothgerber Christie L.L.P. One South Church Avenue, Ste. 2000 Tucson, AZ 85701-1611

Javier Ramos & Sunshine Manuel Gila River Indian Community Office of the General Counsel P. O. Box 97 Sacaton, AZ 85147

Jenny J. Winkler & Michelle N. Stinson Pierce Coleman P.L.L.C. 7730 East Greenway Road, Suite 105 Scottsdale, AZ 85260

Jeremiah Weiner, Kent Millward, Brett J. Stavin, & Lauren Mulhern ROSETTE, LLP. 120 S. Ash Avenue, Suite 201 Tempe, AZ 85281

Joe P. Sparks and Laurel A. Herrmann The Sparks Law Firm, P.C. 7503 First Street Scottsdale, AZ 85251-4573 John C. Lacy and Paul M. Tilley 2525 East Broadway Blvd, Suite 200 Tucson, AZ 85716-5303

John C. Lemaster CLARK HILL PLC 3200 North Central Ave., Suite 1600 Phoenix, AZ 85012

John D. Burnside Snell & Wilmer, L. L. P. One E. Washington Street, Suite 2700 Phoenix, AZ 85004-2556

Joseph Young, Chris Resare, & Matthew Podracky City of Prescott Legal Department 221 S. Cortez St. Prescott, AZ 86303

Josh Edelstein Phoenix Field Solicitor Office of the Solicitor U.S. Department of the Interior Sandra Day O'Connor U.S. Courthouse 401 W. Washington St., Ste. 404, SPC 44 Phoenix, AZ 85003

Judy Mikeal San Pedro NRCD P. O. Box 522 St. David, AZ 85630 Kelly Schwab & Daniel L. Brown City of Chandler City Attorney's Office Mail Stop 602, P. O. Box 4008 Chandler, AZ 85244-4008

Kimberly R. Parks and Karen J. Nielsen Arizona Department of Water Resources 1110 West Washington, Suite 310 Phoenix, AZ 85007

KLUMP RANCHES, L.L.C. c/o Wayne D. Klump P. O. Box 357 Bowie, AZ 85605

L. Richard Mabery L. Richard Mabery, P.C. 234 North Montezuma Street Prescott, AZ 86301

L. William Staudenmaier Snell & Wilmer, L. L. P. One E. Washington Street Suite 2700 Phoenix, AZ 85004

Lauren Caster Fennemore Craig, P.C. 2394 East Camelback Road Ste 600 Phoenix, AZ 85016 Lee Storey TSL Law Group, PLC 8767 E. Via De Ventura, Suite 126 Scottsdale, AZ 85258

Lucas J. Narducci Snell & Wilmer, L.L.P. One E. Washington Street, Suite 2700 Phoenix, AZ 85004-2556

M'Leah Woodard and Leigh Sellari United States Department of Agriculture P. O. Box 586 Albuquerque, NM 87103-0586

M. Grabel; P. Londen; E. Ancharski Osborn Maledon P.A. 2929 North Central Ave. Sute 2000 Phoenix, AZ 85012

M. Widerschein, M. Woodward, A. Penalosa United States Dept. of Justice -ENRD Natural Resources Section PO Box 7611 Washington, DC 20044

Merrill C. Godfrey and Brette A. Pena Akin Gump Straus Hauer & Feld LLP 2001 K Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20006 Nicholle Harris City of Avondale City Attorney 11465 West Civic Center Drive Avondale, AZ 85323

Rebecca M. Ross United States Dept. of Justice -ENRD P. O. Box 7611 Ben Franklin Station Washington, D. 20044

Robert B. Hoffman 6035 North 45th Street Paradise Valley, AZ 85253

Roric V. Massey City of Goodyear Office of the City Attorney 1900 N. Civic Sq Goodyear, AZ 85395-2012

Susan B. Montgomery, Robyn Interpreter Montgomery & Interpreter PLC 3301 E. Thunderbird Road Phoenix, AZ 85032

Sean Hood Fennemore Craig, P.C. 2394 E Camelback Rd, St 600 Phoenix, AZ 85016-3429 Sonia M. Blain & Janis L. Bladine Tempe City Attorney's Office 21 E. Sixth Street #201 Tempe, AZ 85281

Steve Wene Moyes Sellers & Sims 1850 North Central Avenue, Suite 1100 Phoenix, AZ 85004

Sherri L. Zendri Special Master Central Court Building, Ste 3A 201 West Jefferson Phoenix, AZ 85003-2205

Tony Gioia P. O. Box 464 Camp Verde, AZ 86322

William H. Anger Engelman Berger, P.C. 2800 N. Central Ave. Ste. 1200 Phoenix, AZ 85004

Yosef M. Negose United States Dept. of Justice -ENRD Indian Resources Section P.O. Box 7611 Washington, DC 20044