



FINANCIAL SECTION





KPMG LLP Suite 600 701 West Eighth Avenue Anchorage, AK 99501

Independent Auditors' Report

The Division of Retirement and Benefits and Members of the Alaska Retirement Management Board State of Alaska Teachers' Retirement System:

Opinion

We have audited the combining financial statements of the State of Alaska Teachers' Retirement System (the System), a component unit of the State of Alaska, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying combining financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position of the System as of June 30, 2023, and the changes in its fiduciary net position for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the System and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the System's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

Financial Section

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the System's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the System's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the System's 2022 combining financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements in our report dated October 14, 2022. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit for the year ended June 30, 2023 was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023. The supplemental schedules listed in the table of contents for the year ended June 30, 2023 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Financial Section

We also previously audited, in accordance with GAAS, the basic financial statements of the System as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated October 14, 2022 which expressed an unmodified opinion. The supplemental schedules listed in the table of contents for the year ended June 30, 2022 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information was subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the introductory, investment, actuarial and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report..



Anchorage, Alaska

October 12, 2023, except for the Other Information section of our report, as to which the date is December 11, 2023.

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2023

This section presents management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) of the State of Alaska Teachers' Retirement System's (the System) financial position and performance for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022. This section is presented as a narrative overview and analysis. Please read the MD&A in conjunction with the financial statements, notes to financial statements, required supplementary information, and supplemental schedules to better understand the financial condition and performance of the System during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022. Information for fiscal year 2021 is presented for comparative purposes.

Financial Highlights

The System's financial highlights for the year ended June 30, 2023 were as follows:

- The System's fiduciary net position restricted for pension benefits, postemployment healthcare benefits, and individuals increased by \$369.1 million.
- The System's plan member and employer contributions increased by \$5.7 million when compared to fiscal year 2022.
- The State of Alaska (the State) directly appropriated \$90.4 million to the System.
- The System's net investment income increased \$1.6 billion when compared to fiscal year 2022, to \$814.7 million.
- The System's pension benefit expenditures totaled \$536.9 million.
- The System's postemployment healthcare benefit expenditures totaled \$170.8 million.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the System's financial statements. The System's financial statements are composed of three components: (1) combining statement of fiduciary net position, (2) combining statement of changes in fiduciary net position, and (3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplemental schedules.

Combining statement of fiduciary net position – This statement presents information regarding the System's assets, liabilities, and resulting net position restricted for pension benefits, postemployment healthcare benefits, and individuals. This statement reflects the System's investments at fair value, along with cash and cash equivalents, receivables, and other assets, less liabilities at June 30, 2023.

Combining statement of changes in fiduciary net position – This statement presents how the System's net position restricted for pension benefits, postemployment healthcare benefits, and individuals changed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This statement presents contributions and investment income during the period. Deductions for pension and postemployment healthcare benefits, refunds, and operating deductions are also presented.

The above statements represent resources available for investment and payment of benefits as of June 30, 2023, and the sources and uses of those funds during fiscal year 2023.

Notes to financial statements – The notes to financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements and provide additional detailed information and schedules that are essential to a full understanding of the System's financial statements.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

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Required supplementary information and related notes – The required supplementary information consists of 12 schedules and related notes concerning the funded status of the System and actuarial assumptions and methods used in the actuarial valuation.

Supplemental schedules – Supplemental schedules include detailed information on administrative and investment deductions incurred by the System and payments to consultants other than investment advisors for professional services.

Condensed Financial Information

System net position (In thousands)

	•	·	Increase (c			
Description	2023	2022	Amount	Percentage	2021	
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	110,428	127,477	(17,049)	(13.4)% \$	114,711	
Contributions receivable	10,917	11,176	(259)	(2.3)	9,952	
Due from State of Alaska						
General Fund	9,399	11,289	(1,890)	(16.7)	7,881	
Other accounts receivables	4,878	4,393	485	11.0	1,834	
Investments	10,708,951	10,329,028	379,923	3.7	11,461,725	
Otherassets	318	318			318	
Total assets	10,844,891	10,483,681	361,210	3.4	11,596,421	
Liabilities:						
Claims payable	13,957	13,004	953	7.3	12,733	
Accrued expenses	3,867	3,023	844	27.9	2,403	
Forfeitures payable to employers	59	54	5	9.3	61	
Due to State of Alaska General Fund	2,812	5,211	(2,399)	(46.0)	5,274	
Securities lending collateral payable	11,080	18,368	(7,288)	(39.7)	27,323	
Total liabilities	31,775	39,660	(7,885)	(19.9)	47,794	
Net position 5	10,813,116	10,444,021	369,095	3.5 % \$	11,548,627	

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2023

Condensed Financial Information (continued)

Changes in System net position (In thousands)

			Increase (
Description	2023	2022	Amount	Percentage	2021	
Net position, beginning of year \$_	10,444,021	11,548,627	(1,104,606)	(9.6)% \$	9,183,451	
Additions:						
Contributions – employers and						
plan members	178,132	172,442	5,690	3.3	171,229	
Contributions – nonemployer						
State of Alaska	90,412	141,739	(51,327)	(36.2)	134,070	
Net investment income (loss)	814,723	(742,368)	1,557,091	209.7	2,713,316	
Employer group waiver plan	20,392	18,526	1,866	10.1	18,296	
Medicare retiree drug subsidy	138	311	(173)	(55.6)	62	
Pharmacy rebates	17,992	14,751	3,241	22.0	12,101	
Pharmacy management allowance	64	69	(5)	(7.2)	85	
Otherincome	229	63	166	263.5	549	
Total additions (deductions)	1,122,082	(394,467)	1,516,549	384.5	3,049,708	
Deductions:						
Pension and postemployment						
healthcare benefits	707,666	668,397	39,269	5.9	648,104	
Refunds of contributions	32,358	28,155	4,203	14.9	23,781	
Administrative	12,963	13,587	(624)	(4.6)	12,647	
Total deductions	752,987	710,139	42,848	6.0	684,532	
Increase (decrease) in						
net position	369,095	(1,104,606)	1,473,701	133.4	2,365,176	
Net position, end of year \$	10,813,116	10,444,021	369,095	3.5 % \$	11,548,627	

Financial Analysis of the System

The statements of fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022 show net position restricted for pension benefits, postemployment healthcare benefits, and individuals of \$10,813,116,000 and \$10,444,021,000, respectively. The entire amount is available to cover the System's obligation to pay pension and postemployment healthcare benefits to its members and their beneficiaries, as well as administrative costs.

This represents an increase in the System's net position restricted for pension benefits, postemployment healthcare benefits, and individuals of \$369,095,000 or 3.5% from fiscal year 2022 to 2023, and a decrease of \$1,104,606,000 or 9.6% from fiscal year 2021 to 2022. Over the long term, employers, plan members, and nonemployer contributions, as well as investment income earned, are anticipated to sufficiently fund the pension benefit and postemployment healthcare costs of the System.

During the 32nd Alaska State Legislature and as part of the State's Fiscal Year 2023 Operating Budget, House Bill 281 appropriated \$91,029,000 from the General Fund to the Department of Administration for deposit in the Defined Benefit Pension fund. The amount of the appropriation allocated to the State as an employer is included in Contributions – Employer. The remaining appropriation is reported as Contributions – Nonemployer State of Alaska.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2023

The investment of pension funds is a long-term undertaking. On an annual basis, the Alaska Retirement Management Board (the Board) reviews and adopts an asset allocation strategy to ensure the asset mix will remain at an optimal risk/return level given the System's constraints and objectives.

System Asset Allocation

During fiscal years 2023 and 2022, the Board adopted the following asset allocation for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan (DB Plan), Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust (ARHCT Plan), and Defined Contribution Retirement Pension Plan's (DCR Plan) occupational death and disability fund, retiree medical plan, and health reimbursement arrangement fund:

	2023		2022	
	Pension and Healt	hcare Trusts	Pension and Healt	hcare Trusts
	Allocation	Range	Allocation	Range
Broad domestic equity	27.0%	±6%	27.0%	±6%
Global equity (ex-U.S.)	18.0	±4%	18.0	±4%
Fixed income	19.0	±10%	21.0	±10%
Multi-asset	8.0	±4%	6.0	±4%
Real assets	14.0	±7%	14.0	±7%
Private equity	14.0	±7%	14.0	±6%
Total	100.0%		100.0%	
Expected return 20-year geometric mean	6.90%		6.88%	
Projected standard deviation	13.93		13.89	

For fiscal years 2023 and 2022, the DB Pension Plan's investments generated a 7.02% and (4.10%) rate of return, respectively. For fiscal years 2023 and 2022, the Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust Plan's investments generated a 7.11% and (4.08%) rate of return, respectively.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

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Contributions, Investment Income, and Other Additions

The additions required to fund retirement benefits are accumulated through a combination of employer and plan member contributions, State appropriation, investment income, and other additions as follows:

		Additions (In thousands)							
				Increase (decrease)				
	_	2023	2022	Amount	Percentage	2021			
Contributions — employers	\$	105,019	102,946	2,073	2.0 % \$	101,374			
Contributions – plan members		73,113	69,496	3,617	5.2	69,855			
Contributions – nonemployer									
State of Alaska		90,412	141,739	(51,327)	(36.2)	134,070			
Net investment income (loss)		814,723	(742,368)	1,557,091	209.7	2,713,316			
Employer group waiver plan		20,392	18,526	1,866	10.1	18,296			
Medicare retiree drug subsidy		138	311	(173)	(55.6)	62			
Pharmacy rebates		17,992	14,751	3,241	22.0	12,101			
Pharmacy management allowance		64	69	(5)	(7.2)	85			
Otherincome	_	229	63	166	263.5	549			
Total	\$_	1,122,082	(394,467)	1,516,549	384.5 % \$	3,049,708			

The System's employer contributions increased from \$102,946,000 in fiscal year 2022 to \$105,019,000 in fiscal year 2023, an increase of \$2,073,000 or 2.0%. The System's employer contributions increased from \$101,374,000 in fiscal year 2021 to \$102,946,000 in fiscal year 2022, an increase of \$1,572,000 or 1.6%. The increase in employer contributions for both fiscal year 2023 and 2022 are attributed to increases in total member salaries.

The State provided \$90,412,000 and \$141,739,000 for fiscal years 2023 and 2022, respectively in nonemployer contributions per Alaska Statute (AS) 14.25.085. The employer on-behalf amount (or additional State contributions as defined in AS 14.25.085) is calculated by the System's actuary. It is based on projected payroll and the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the statutory effective rate. The employer effective contribution rate of 12.56% is established in AS 14.25.070(a).

The System's net investment income in fiscal year 2023 increased by \$1,557,091,000 or 209.7% from amounts in fiscal year 2022. The System's net investment income in fiscal year 2022 decreased by \$3,455,684,000 or 127.4% from amounts in fiscal year 2021. The investment gains in fiscal year 2023 were substantially higher than the investment losses seen in fiscal year 2022, primarily due to improved investor sentiment in domestic stocks and an increase in overseas stocks aided through currency appreciation versus the U.S. dollar that exceeded the System's actuarial rate of return. However, other investment classes did not fare as well, ending the year below the 7.25% rate of return. Over the long term, investment earnings play a significant role in funding Plan benefits. The Board continues to look at investment classes and strategies best suited to meet the expected earnings returns to meet future benefit payments.

The Division of Retirement and Benefits (the Division) implemented a group Medicare Part D prescription drug plan known as an enhanced Employer Group Waiver Plan (EGWP) for all Medicare-eligible members covered under the Plan. During fiscal year 2023, the Plan received \$20,392,000 in EGWP funds from the Center of Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) through the EGWP Plan Sponsor, OptumRx, compared to fiscal year 2022 receipts of \$18,526,000, and fiscal year 2021 receipts of

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

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\$18,296,000. The increases each year is due to increased prescription drug usage as well as increased costs of those same prescription drugs that resulted in higher EGWP funds paid to the Plan.

Pharmacy rebates are reimbursed to the Plan by the third-party administrators. During fiscal year 2023, the Plan received \$17,992,000 in pharmacy rebates compared to \$14,751,000 from fiscal year 2022. In fiscal year 2021, the Plan received \$12,101,000. The Plan negotiated higher rebates beginning in calendar year 2022, however, those higher rebates were transmitted to the Plan during fiscal year 2023, which resulted in slightly higher collections due to timing of receipt of those funds.

The DB Pension Plan's investment rates of return for the year ended June 30 were as follows:

	Year ended				
	2023	2022	2021		
Plan returns	7.02 %	(4.10)%	27.65 %		
Broad domestic equity	17.76	(11.73)	42.68		
Global equity (ex-U.S.)	15.14	(20.96)	38.53		
Fixed income	0.43	(6.99)	2.20		
Multi-asset	4.09	(10.58)	23.86		
Real assets	2.37	14.29	9.86		
Private equity	(3.29)	26.25	50.67		
Actuarially assumed rate of return	7.25	7.25	7.38		

The Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust Plan's investment rates of return for the year ended June 30 were as follows:

	Year ended				
	2023	2022	2021		
Plan returns	7.11 %	(4.08)%	27.70 %		
Broad domestic equity	17.78	(11.73)	42.69		
Global equity (ex-U.S.)	15.13	(20.95)	38.57		
Fixed income	0.34	(7.04)	2.20		
Multi-asset	4.09	(10.58)	23.86		
Real assets	2.88	14.41	10.00		
Private equity	(3.29)	26.25	50.67		
Actuarially assumed rate of return	7.25	7.25	7.38		

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

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Benefits and Other Deductions

The primary deduction of the DB Plan is the payment of pension and other postemployment benefits, primarily healthcare. The primary deduction of the DCR Plan is the refund of contributions. These benefit payments, healthcare claims paid, refunds of contributions, and the cost of administering the System comprise the cost of operations as follows:

	Deductions (In thousands)							
			Increase (d	decrease)				
	 2023	2022	Amount	Percentage	2021			
Pension benefits	\$ 536,892	510,484	26,408	5.2 % \$	499,942			
Postemployment benefits	170,774	157,913	12,861	8.1	148,162			
Refunds of contributions	32,358	28,155	4,203	14.9	23,781			
Administrative	 12,963	13,587	(624)	(4.6)	12,647			
Total	\$ 752,987	710,139	42,848	6.0 % \$	684,532			

The System's DB pension benefit payments in 2023 increased \$26,408,000 or 5.2% from fiscal year 2022, which increased \$10,542,000 or 2.1% from fiscal year 2021. The increase in pension benefits in fiscal year 2023 is the result of continued increases in the number of retirees and an increase in average pension benefits which includes a 3.9% Post Retirement Pension Adjustment for eligible retirees.

The System's postemployment healthcare benefit payments in fiscal year 2023 increased \$12,861,000 or 8.1% from fiscal year 2022, which increased \$9,751,000 or 6.6% from fiscal year 2021. During fiscal year 2023, the System saw an increase in postemployment benefits as the number of retirees in the DB Plan continues to increase. The increase in retirees is offset by those retirees who transition over to Medicare due to age, and costs shift from the System to Medicare. The System continues to look at ways for cost containment while providing benefits applicable to the plan.

The System's refund of contributions increased \$4,203,000 or 14.9% from fiscal year 2022 to 2023 and increased \$4,374,000 or 18.4% from fiscal year 2021 to 2022. The increase in refunds is primarily in the DCR Plan, where refunds increased \$4,104,000 between fiscal year 2022 to 2023, and increased \$4,556,000 between fiscal year 2021 to 2022. Increases in DCP Plan refunds are attributed to the increase in the number of DCR Plan member accounts and higher member balances being refunded. The System continues to look at ways to retain member contributions by emphasizing the low investment costs to members to maintain funds within the DCR Plan, with a number of investment options available.

The System's administrative costs in fiscal year 2023 decreased \$624,000 or 4.6% from fiscal year 2022 and increased \$940,000 or 7.4% from fiscal year 2021. The decrease in administrative cost in fiscal year 2023 is primarily due to a capital project for a retirement system replacement. The increase in administrative cost during fiscal year 2022 is primarily due to a capital project for a retirement system replacement.

Net Pension Liability

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, requires the DB Plan to report the total pension liability, fiduciary net position, and net pension liability. The total pension liability represents the total obligation for the Plan's pension benefits related to costs incurred as a result of years of service, changes in benefit terms, changes in actuarial assumptions, and any differences between the actuarial assumptions and actual experience. The Plan's fiduciary net position represents the assets available to pay the Plan's future payment stream. The assets are derived

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from contributions received from participating employers, plan members, and nonemployer contributions, as well as investment earnings, less benefit payments during the year and the related costs to administer the Plan. The difference between the total pension liability and fiduciary net position is the net pension liability, or the unfunded portion of the total pension liability.

The components of the net pension liability of the participating employers of the Plan as of June 30 were as follows (in thousands):

		2023	2022
Total pension liability	\$	7,857,964	7,693,553
Plan fiduciary net position	_	(6,099,520)	(6,026,651)
Employers' net pension liability	\$ <u></u>	1,758,444	1,666,902
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total			
pension liability		77.62%	78.33%

Net OPEB Asset

GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Penson Plans, requires the DB Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans to report the total OPEB liability, fiduciary net position, and net OPEB liability for each plan. The total OPEB liability represents the total obligation for the Plan's postemployment healthcare benefits related to costs incurred as a result of years of service, changes in benefit terms, changes in actuarial assumptions, and any differences between the actuarial assumptions and actual experience. The Plan's fiduciary net position represents the assets available to pay the OPEB Plan's future payment stream. The assets are derived from contributions received from participating employers, plan members, and nonemployer contributions, as well as investment earnings, less benefit payments during the year and the related costs to administer the Plans. The difference between the total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position is the net OPEB asset, or the overfunded portion of the total OPEB liability.

The components of the net OPEB asset of the participating employers of the Plans as of June 30, 2023 were as follows (in thousands):

	Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust Plan (ARHCT Plan)	Occupational Death and Disability (ODD Plan)	Retiree Medical Plan (RMP)
Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 2,495,957 (3,506,595)	528 (7,447)	54,406 (76,557)
Employers' net OPEB asset	\$ (1,010,638)	(6,919)	(22,151)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	140.49%	1,410.42%	140.71%

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The components of the net OPEB asset of the participating employers of the Plans as of June 30, 2022 were as follows (in thousands):

	_	Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust Plan (ARHCT Plan)	Occupational Death and Disability (ODD Plan)	Retiree Medical Plan (RMP)
Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	2,515,713 (3,392,211)	517 (6,557)	47,543 (66,909)
Employers' net OPEB asset	- \$ _	(876,498)	(6,040)	(19,366)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	_	134.84%	1,268.28%	140.73%

Funding

Retirement benefits are financed by accumulations from employers, plan members, State nonemployer contributions, and income earned on System investments:

- The employer contribution rate is adopted and set by the Board annually based on actuarial determinations made by the System's consulting actuary as reviewed by the Board's contracted actuary. AS 14.25.070(a) sets the employer effective contribution rate at 12.56%. The difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate adopted by the Board and the statutory employer effective rate is paid by the State as a direct appropriation per AS 14.25.085.
- AS 14.25.085 provides that additional State contributions are made each July 1 or as soon after July 1 for the ensuing
 fiscal year that when combined with the total employer contributions are sufficient to pay the System's past service
 liability at the contribution rate adopted by the Board for that fiscal year.
- Plan member contributions are set by AS 14.25.050 for the DB Plan and AS 14.25.340 for the DCR Plan.
- The Board works with an external consultant to determine the proper asset allocation strategy.

Legislation

During fiscal year 2023, the 33rd Alaska State Legislature enacted one law that affects the System. Senate Committee Substitute (CS) for CS for House Bill 39, Section 74(b), appropriates \$98.8 million from the General Fund to the Department of Administration for deposit in the System's defined benefit plan account as partial payment of the participating employers' contribution for fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

This appropriation is to fund the difference between the statutory employer required contribution of 12.56% paid by participating employers for both defined benefit and defined contribution members and the actuarially determined contribution rate of 25.52% adopted by the Board for Fiscal Year 2024. This additional state contribution is specified in AS 14.25.085 – Additional State Contributions.

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June 30, 2023

Economic Conditions, Future Contribution Rates, and Status of Unfunded Liability

Fiscal year 2023 had positive investment returns. Net investment income increased from a loss of \$742,368,000 in fiscal year 2022 to a gain of \$814,723,000 in fiscal year 2023, an increase of \$1,557,091,000 or 209.7%. During fiscal year 2023, the System's actual rate of return on investments was below the 7.25% actuarially assumed rate of return. The Board continues to work with its investment counsel and the Alaska Department of Revenue, Treasury Division, to diversify the portfolio of the System to maintain an optimal risk/return ratio.

The consulting actuary recommended an increase from the System's actuarially determined contribution rate of 24.62% in fiscal year 2023 to 25.52% in fiscal year 2024. Additionally, the Board again discussed not contributing the healthcare normal cost contribution rate of 2.41% since the Alaska Retiree HealthCare Trust (ARHCT) is well above 100% funded. After the Board's actuarial committee discussed the healthcare trusts overfunding, they voted to not contribute the normal cost rate for fiscal year 2024. The Board adopted the fiscal year 2024 actuarially determined contribution rate of 25.52%, which represented an increase of 0.90%. The statutory employer effective contribution rate remains at 12.56% for fiscal years 2024 and 2023.

The June 30, 2022 and 2021 actuarial valuation reports for the DB Pension Plan reported funded ratios based on valuation assets of 78.2% and 79.1%, respectively, as well as unfunded liabilities of \$1.7 billion and \$1.6 billion, respectively.

The June 30, 2022 and 2021 actuarial valuation reports for the DB ARHCT reported funded ratios based on valuation assets of 140.7% and 133.9%, respectively, as well as funding excesses of \$994.6 million and \$828.1 million, respectively.

For fiscal years 2024 and 2023, the DCR Plan's employer contribution rate was established by AS 14.25.070(a) at 12.56%. The DCR Plan's actuarially determined occupational death and disability rate was adopted by the Board for fiscal years 2024 and 2023 to be 0.08%. The DCR Plan retiree medical plan actuarially determined contribution rate was adopted by the Board for fiscal years 2024 and 2023 to be 0.82% and 0.87%, respectively.

The June 30, 2022 and 2021 actuarial valuation reports for the DCR Retiree Major Medical Plan reported funded ratios based on valuation assets of 143.1% and 133.8%, respectively, as well as funding excesses of \$20.6 million and \$14.9 million, respectively.

The June 30, 2022 and 2021 actuarial valuation reports for the DCR Occupational Death & Disability Plan reported funded ratios based on valuation assets of 3,366.8% and 2,850.2%, respectively, as well as funding excesses of \$6.5 million and \$5.6 million, respectively.

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2023

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview for those parties interested in the System's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

State of Alaska Teachers' Retirement System
Division of Retirement and Benefits, Finance Section
P.O. Box 110203
Juneau, Alaska 99811-0203

Questions concerning any of the investment information provided in this report or requests for additional investment information should be addressed to:

State of Alaska Department of Revenue, Treasury Division P.O. Box 110405 Juneau, Alaska 99811-0405

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2023

(With summarized financial information for June 30, 2022) (In thousands)

	Other postemployment benefit plans							
	Defined benefit pension	Defined contribution pension	Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust	Occupational death and disability	Retiree medical	Health reimbursement arrangement	System total June 30, 2023	System total June 30, 2022
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents: Short-term fixed-income pool	\$ 64,627	98	29,750	103	1,076	3,385	99,039	108,715
Empower money market fund – non-participant Securities lending collateral	6,802	309	3,931	— 8	— 84	— 255	309 11,080	394 18,368
Total cash and cash equivalents	71,429	407	33,681	111	1,160	3,640	110,428	127,477
Receivables:								
Contributions	10,917	_	_	_	_	_	10,917	11,176
Due from State of Alaska General Fund Other accounts receivable		7,246	4,836	42	457 9	1,654	9,399 4,878	11,289 4,393
Total receivables	10,950	7,246	4,836	42	466	1,654	25,194	26,858
Investments, at fair value:								
Fixed income securities:	77.005		44.647	02	000	2.014	125 600	262.040
Transition pool Barclays aggregate bond fund	77,085 814,107	_	44,647 471,527	93 987	960 10,138	2,914 30,778	125,699 1,327,537	263,918 1,457,589
Opportunistic fixed income pool	218,749		126,699	265	2,724	8,270	356,707	347,312
Total fixed-income securities	1,109,941		642,873	1,345	13,822	41,962	1,809,943	2,068,819
Broad domestic equity:								
Large cap pool Small cap pool	1,384,547 124,711	_	801,923 72,232	1,679 151	17,241 1,553	52,344 4,715	2,257,734 203,362	2,163,895 190,660
Total broad domestic equity	1,509,258	_	874,155	1,830	18,794	57,059	2,461,096	2,354,555
Global equity ex-U.S.:								
International equity small cap pool	858,878	_	497,458	1,041	10,695	32,471	1,400,543	1,278,137
Emerging markets equity pool	187,866		108,811	228	2,339	7,103	306,347	286,032
Total global equity ex-U.S.	1,046,744		606,269	1,269	13,034	39,574	1,706,890	1,564,169
Multi-asset: Alternative beta pool	57,256		33,162	69	713	2,164	93,364	110,351
Alternative equity pool	61,505	_	35,624	75	766	2,325	100,295	100,126
Alternative fixed income pool	166,899	_	96,667	202	2,078	6,310	272,156	_
Tactical allocation strategies pool Other opportunities pool	210,487	_	121,913	255	2,621	7,958	343,234	354,552 1,361
Total opportunistic	496,147	_	287,366	601	6,178	18,757	809,049	566,390
Private equity pool	990,268		573,558	1,200	12,331	37,438	1,614,795	2,239,322
Real assets:								
Real estate pool	321,442	_	185,263	388	3,983	12,093	523,169	571,994
Real estate investment trust pool Infrastructure private pool	93,132 166,980	_	53,941 96,714	113 202	1,160 2,079	3,521 6,313	151,867 272,288	159,876 253,230
Energy pool	10,413	_	6,031	13	130	394	16,981	20,172
Farmland pool	205,155	_	118,825	249	2,555	7,756	334,540	305,393
Timber pool	77,015		44,607	93	959	2,912	125,586	121,694
Total real assets	874,137		505,381	1,058	10,866	32,989	1,424,431	1,432,359
Other investment funds: Participant directed at fair value:								
Collective investment funds	_	224,096	_	_	_	_	224,096	199,650
Pooled investment funds	_	609,963	_	_	_	_	609,963	495,013
Participant directed at contract value: Synthetic investment contracts	_	48,688	_	_	_	_	48,688	47,695
Total other investment funds		882,747					882,747	742,358
Total investments	6,026,495	882,747	3,489,602	7,303	75,025	227,779	10,708,951	10,329,028
Other assets			318				318	318
Total assets	6,108,874	890,400	3,528,437	7,456	76,651	233,073	10,844,891	10,483,681
	0,100,074	030,400	3,320,437	7,430	70,031	255,075	10,044,091	10,403,001
Liabilities: Claims payable (note 6)	_	_	13,957	_	_	_	13,957	13,004
Accrued expenses	715	158	2,979	1	10	4	3,867	3,023
Forfeitures payable to employers	_	59	_	_	_	_	59	54
Due to State of Alaska General Fund	1,837	_	975	_	_	_	2,812	5,211
Securities lending collateral payable	6,802		3,931	8	84	255	11,080	18,368
Total liabilities	9,354	217	21,842	9	94	259	31,775	39,660
Net position restricted for pension benefits, postemployment healthcare benefits,								
and individuals	\$ 6,099,520	890,183	3,506,595	7,447	76,557	232,814	10,813,116	10,444,021

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Year ended June 30, 2023 (With summarized financial information for June 30, 2022) (In thousands)

		Other postemployment benefit plans							
	_	Defined benefit pension	Defined contribution pension	Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust	Occupational death and disability	Retiree medical	Health reimbursement arrangement	System total June 30, 2023	System total June 30, 2022
Additions (reductions):									
Contributions:									
Employers	\$	50,746	33,768	92	411	4,467	15,535	105,019	102,946
Plan members		31,835	41,278	_	_	_	_	73,113	69,496
Nonemployer State of Alaska	-	90,412						90,412	141,739
Total contributions	_	172,993	75,046	92	411	4,467	15,535	268,544	314,181
Investment income (loss):									
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value		362,776	98,846	208,241	426	4,367	13,234	687,890	(854,546)
Interest		29,980	219	17,029	34	348	1,053	48,663	37,387
Dividends	_	64,893		37,303	75	763	2,307	105,341	101,374
Total investment income (loss)		457,649	99,065	262,573	535	5,478	16,594	841,894	(715,785)
Less investment expense	_	16,437	1,083	9,205	20	207	562	27,514	26,823
Net investment income (loss) before									
securities lending activities	_	441,212	97,982	253,368	515	5,271	16,032	814,380	(742,608)
Securities lending income		266	_	151	_	3	9	429	300
Less securities lending expense		53	_	30	_	1	2	86	60
Net income from securities	_								
lending activities		213	_	121	_	2	7	343	240
Net investment income (loss)	_	441,425	97,982	253,489	515	5,273	16,039	814,723	(742,368)
	_	111,120		200, 100		0,270	10,000	011,120	(1 12,000)
Other income: Employer group waiver plan				20.361		31		20.392	18.526
Medicare retiree drug subsidy		_	_	138	_		_	138	311
Pharmacy rebates				17,973		19	_	17.992	14,751
Pharmacy management allowance		_	_	64	_	_	_	64	69
Miscellaneous income		31	25	173	_	_	_	229	63
Total other income		31	25	38.709		50		38.815	33.720
Total additions (reductions)	_	614,449	173,053	292,290	926	9,790	31,574	1,122,082	(394,467)
·	-	014,449	173,033	292,290	920	9,790	31,374	1,122,062	(394,407)
Deductions:		536,866		170,448	26	92	234	707,666	668,397
Pension and postemployment benefits Refunds of contributions		1,404	30,954	170,446		92	234	32,358	28,155
Administrative		3,310	2,121	7,458	10	50	14	12,963	13,587
	_								
Total deductions	_	541,580	33,075	177,906	36	142	248	752,987	710,139
Net increase (decrease)		72,869	139,978	114,384	890	9,648	31,326	369,095	(1,104,606)
Net position restricted for pension benefits, postemployment healthcare benefits, and individuals:									
Balance, beginning of year	_	6,026,651	750,205	3,392,211	6,557	66,909	201,488	10,444,021	11,548,627
Balance, end of year	\$	6,099,520	890,183	3,506,595	7,447	76,557	232,814	10,813,116	10,444,021

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

(1) Description

The State of Alaska Teachers' Retirement System (TRS or the System) is a component unit of the State of Alaska (the State). The System is administered by the Division of Retirement and Benefits within the Department of Administration. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State legislature. The Alaska Retirement Management Board (the Board) is responsible for overseeing the management and investment of the System. The Board consists of nine trustees as follows: two trustees consisting of the commissioner of administration and the commissioner of revenue, two trustees who are members of the general public, one trustee who is employed as a finance officer for a political subdivision participating in either the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) or TRS, two trustees who are PERS members, and two trustees who are TRS members.

TRS acts as the common investment and administrative agency for the following multiple-employer plans:

Plan name Type of plan	
Defined Benefit Pension Plan	Cost-sharing, Defined Benefit Pension
Defined Contribution Pension Plan	Defined Contribution Pension
Defined Benefit Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)	
Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust (ARHCT) Plan	Cost-sharing, Defined Benefit OPEB
Occupational Death and Disability (ODD) Plan	Cost-sharing, Defined Benefit OPEB
Retiree Medical Plan (RMP)	Cost-sharing, Defined Benefit OPEB
Defined Contribution Other Postemployment Benefits	
Healthcare Reimbursement Arrangement Plan	Defined Contribution OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the number of participating local government employers and public organizations, including the State, was as follows:

State of Alaska	1
School districts	53
Other	3
Total employers	57

Inclusion in the Defined Benefit Pension Plan (DB Plan) and Defined Contribution Retirement Pension Plan (DCR Plan) is a condition of employment for permanent school district, University of Alaska, and State Department of Education employees who meet the eligibility requirements for participation.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

(a) General

The Defined Benefit Pension (DB) Plan provides pension benefits for teachers and other eligible members. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State Legislature. With the passage of Senate Bill 141, the DB Plan is closed to all new members effective July 1, 2006.

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Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

The DB Plan's membership consisted of the following at June 30, 2023:

Retired plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	13,484
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	773
Inactive plan members not entitled to benefits	1,559
Active plan members	2,897
Total DB Plan membership	18,713

(b) Pension Benefits

Vested members hired prior to July 1, 1990 are entitled to monthly pension benefits beginning at normal retirement age, 55, or early retirement age, 50. For members first hired after June 30, 1990, the normal and early retirement ages are 60 and 55, respectively. Members may retire at any age and receive a normal benefit when they accumulate the required credited service.

The normal annual pension benefit is based on years of service and average base salary. The average base salary is based upon the members' three highest contract years' salaries.

The benefit related to all years of credited service prior to July 1, 1990 and for years of service through a total of 20 years is equal to 2.00% of the employee's average base salary. The benefit for each year over 20 years of service subsequent to June 30, 1990 is equal to 2.5% of the employee's base salary.

Minimum benefits for members eligible for retirement are \$25 per month for each year of credited service.

Married members must receive their benefits in the form of a joint and survivor annuity unless their spouse consents to another form of benefit or benefits are payable under the 1% supplemental contributions provision.

The DB Plan has two types of postretirement pension adjustments (PRPA). The automatic PRPA is issued annually to all eligible benefit recipients when the cost-of-living increases in the previous calendar year. The automatic PRPA increase is paid beginning July 1 of each year. The discretionary PRPA may be granted to eligible recipients by the DB Plan's administrator if the funding ratio of the DB Plan meets or exceeds 105%. If both an automatic and discretionary PRPA are granted, and a retiree is eligible for both adjustments, the one that provides the retiree the greater increase will be paid.

(c) Contributions

Contribution requirements of the active plan members and the participating employers are actuarially determined and adopted by the Board as a contribution rate that, when combined, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional contribution rate to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The DB Plan members contribute 8.65% of their base salary as required by statute. The statutory employer effective contribution rate is 12.56% of annual payroll, which for fiscal year 2023 is allocated 12.56% to the DB Pension Plan and 0.00% to the DB ARHCT Plan as determined by the actuary of the Plan. Alaska Statute (AS) 14.25.085 provides that the State, as a nonemployer contributing entity, contributes each July 1, or as soon after July 1, for the ensuing fiscal year, an amount that when combined with the total employer contributions is sufficient to pay the System's actuarially determined contribution rate adopted by the Board for that fiscal year. Additionally, there is a Defined Benefit Unfunded Liability (DBUL) amount levied against the Defined Contribution Retirement Pension (DCR) Plan payroll. The DBUL amount is computed as the difference between:

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

- (A) The amount calculated for the statutory employer effective contribution rate of 12.56% on eligible salary less
- (B) The total of the employer contributions for:
 - (1) The defined contribution employer matching amount
 - (2) Major medical
 - (3) Occupational death and disability
 - (4) Health reimbursement arrangement.
- (C) But not less than zero

The difference is deposited based on an actuarial allocation into the DB Plan's pension and healthcare funds. For fiscal year 2023, the DBUL was allocated 100.00% to the DB Pension Plan and 0.00% to the DB ARHCT Plan.

(d) Refunds

DB Plan member contributions may be voluntarily or, under certain circumstances, involuntarily refunded to the member or a garnishing agency 60 days after termination of employment. Voluntary refund rights are forfeited on July 1 following the member's 75th birthday or within 50 years of the member's last termination date. Members who have had contributions refunded forfeit all retirement benefits, including postemployment healthcare benefits. Members are allowed to reinstate refunded service due to involuntary refunds by repaying the total involuntary refunded balance and accrued interest. Members are allowed to reinstate voluntarily refunded service by repaying the voluntarily refunded balance and accrued interest. Balances previously refunded to members accrue interest at the rate of 7.0% per annum compounded semiannually.

Defined Contribution Retirement Pension Plan

(a) General

The DCR Plan provides retirement benefits for eligible employees hired after July 1, 2006. Additionally, certain active members of the DB Plan were eligible to transfer to the DCR Plan if that member had not vested in the DB Plan. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

At June 30, 2023, membership in the DCR Plan included 6,416 active members.

(b) Retirement Benefits

A participating member is immediately and fully vested in that member's contributions and related earnings (losses). A member shall be fully vested in the employer contributions made on that member's behalf, and related earnings (losses), after five years of service. A member is partially vested in the employer contributions made on that member's behalf and the related earnings in the ratio of (a) 25% with two years of service; (b) 50% with three years of service; (c) 75% with four years of service; and (d) 100% with five years of service.

(c) Contributions

State statutes require an 8.0% contribution rate for DCR Plan members. Employers are required to contribute 7.0% of the member's compensation.

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Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

(d) Participant Distributions and Refunds of Contributions

A member is eligible to request a refund of contributions from their account 60 days after termination of employment.

(e) Participant Accounts

Participant accounts under the DCR Plan are self-directed with respect to investment options.

Each participant designates how contributions are to be allocated among the investment options. Each participant's account is credited with the participant's contributions and the appreciation or depreciation in unit value for the investment funds.

Record-keeping/administrative fees consisting of a fixed amount, applied in a lump sum each calendar year, and a variable amount, applied monthly, are deducted from each participant's account and applied pro rata to all the funds in which the employee participates. This fee is for all costs incurred by the recordkeeper and by the State. The investment management fees are netted out of the funds' performance.

Defined Benefit Other Postemployment Benefit Plans

(a) Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust Plan

Beginning July 1, 2007, the ARHCT Plan, a healthcare trust fund of the State, was established. The ARHCT Plan is self-funded and provides major medical coverage to retirees of the DB Plan. The System retains the risk of loss of allowable claims for eligible members. The ARHCT Plan began paying member healthcare claims on March 1, 2008. Prior to that, healthcare claims were paid for by the Retiree Health Fund.

Membership in the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2023:

Retired plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	13,484
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	773
Inactive plan members not entitled to benefits	1,559
Active plan members	2,897
Total ARHCT Plan membership	18,713

(i) OPEB Benefits

When pension benefits begin, major medical benefits are provided without cost to (1) all members first hired before July 1, 1990; (2) members hired after July 1, 1990, with 25 years of membership service; and (3) members who are disabled or age 60 or older, regardless of their initial hire dates. Members first hired after June 30, 1990, may receive major medical benefits prior to age 60 by paying premiums.

(ii) Contributions

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and adopted by the Board. The 2023 statutory employer effective contribution rate was 12.56% of member's compensation, with 0.00% specifically allocated to ARHCT Plan.

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Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

(b) Occupational Death and Disability Plan

The Occupational Death and Disability Plan (ODD) provides death benefits for beneficiaries of plan participants and long-term disability benefits to all active members within the System. Members in the Death and Disability Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2023:

Active plan members	6,416
Participating employers	57
Open claims	1

(i) Death Benefits

If (1) the death of an employee occurs before the employee's retirement and before the employee's normal retirement date, (2) the proximate cause of death is a bodily injury sustained or a hazard undergone while in the performance and within the scope of the employee's duties, and (3) the injury or hazard is not the proximate result of willful negligence of the employee, then a monthly survivor's pension shall be paid to the surviving spouse. If there is no surviving spouse or if the spouse later dies, the monthly survivor's pension shall be paid in equal parts to the dependent children of the employee.

When benefits are payable under the 1% supplemental contribution provision, the DB Plan member's spouse is eligible for a spouse's pension if there is (are) no dependent child(ren). If there is (are) dependent child(ren), a survivor's allowance may be payable to the DB Plan member's spouse, or guardian of the dependent child(ren). The amount of the pension or allowance is determined by the DB Plan member's base salary. DB Plan members first hired after June 30, 1982 are not eligible to participate in this provision.

If an active DB Plan member dies from occupational causes, the spouse may receive a monthly pension from the DB Plan. When death is due to occupational causes and there is no surviving spouse, the DB Plan member's dependent child(ren) may receive a monthly pension until the child(ren) is(are) no longer dependents. If the member does not have a spouse or dependent children at the time of death, a lump-sum death benefit is payable to the named beneficiary(ies). The amount of the occupational death pension is 40% of the member's base salary at the time of death. The amount of the occupational death pension changes on the date the DB Plan member's normal retirement would have occurred if the DB Plan member had lived. The new benefit is based on the DB Plan member's average base salary at the time of death and the credited service, including service that would have accrued if the DB Plan member had lived and continued to work until normal retirement. If benefits are payable under the 1% supplemental contribution provision, benefits are not payable under this provision. If the death was from nonoccupational causes, and the DB Plan member was vested, the spouse may receive a monthly 50% joint and survivor option benefit based on the member's credited service and average base salary at the time of death. If the DB Plan member is not married or vested, a lump-sum death benefit is payable to the named beneficiary(ies).

The monthly survivor's pension benefit for survivors of DCR Plan employees is 40% of the employee's monthly compensation in the month in which the employee dies. While the monthly survivor's pension is being paid, the employer shall make contributions on behalf of the employee's beneficiaries based on the deceased employee's gross monthly compensation at the time of occupational death.

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June 30, 2023

(ii) Disability Benefits

If a DB Plan member has been in membership service for five or more years for which contributions have been made, is not eligible for normal retirement benefits, and becomes permanently disabled, the DB Plan member is entitled to a monthly benefit. The annual disability benefit is equal to 50% of the base salary at the time of the disability plus an additional 10% of his/her base salary for each dependent child up to a maximum of four children. At normal retirement age, a disabled System member receives normal retirement benefits.

A DCR Plan member is eligible for an occupational disability benefit if employment is terminated because of a total and apparently permanent occupational disability before the member's normal retirement date. The occupational disability benefits accrue beginning the first day of the month following termination of employment as a result of the disability and are payable the last day of the month. If a final determination granting the benefit is not made in time to pay the benefit when due, a retroactive payment shall be made to cover the period of deferment.

(iii) Contributions

An employer shall contribute to each member's account based on the member's compensation. For fiscal year 2023, the rate is 0.08%.

(c) Retiree Medical Plan

The RMP is established under AS 14.25.480 – Medical Benefits. The Department of Administration, Division of Retirement and Benefits, which administers the System's health plans, finalized the Retiree Medical Plan for members eligible for the DCR Plan's health benefits plan in July 2016. The RMP provides major medical coverage to retirees of the DCR Plan. The RMP is self-insured. Members are not eligible to use the plan until they have at least 10 years of service and are Medicare age eligible.

Membership in the RMP was as follows at June 30, 2023:

Retired plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	53
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1,247
Inactive plan members not entitled to benefits	3,415
Active plan members	6,416
Total RMP membership	11,131

(i) OPEB Benefits

The medical benefits available to eligible persons means that an eligible person may not be denied medical coverage except for failure to pay the required premium. Major medical coverage, to cover medical expenses, takes effect on the first day of the month following the date of the RMP administrator's approval of the election and stops when the person who elects coverage dies or fails to make the required premium payment. The coverage for persons 65 years of age or older is the same as that available for persons under 65 years of age. The benefits payable to those persons 65 years of age or older supplement any benefits provided under the federal old age, survivors, and disability insurance program. The medical and optional insurance premiums owed by the person who elects coverage may be deducted from the health reimbursement arrangement account until

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Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

the account balance becomes insufficient to pay the premiums; at this time, the person who elects coverage shall pay the premiums directly.

The cost of premiums for retiree major medical coverage for an eligible member or surviving spouse who is:

- (1) Not eligible for Medicare is an amount equal to the full monthly group premium for retiree major medical insurance coverage,
- (2) Eligible for Medicare is the following percentage of the premium:
 - (a) 30% if the member had 10 or more, but less than 15, years of service
 - (b) 25% if the member had 15 or more, but less than 20, years of service
 - (c) 20% if the member had 20 or more, but less than 25, years of service
 - (d) 15% if the member had 25 or more, but less than 30, years of service
 - (e) 10% if the member had 30 or more years of service.

(ii) Contributions

Employer contribution rates are actuarially determined and adopted by the Board. The 2023 employer effective contribution rate is 0.87% of member's compensation.

Defined Contribution Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

(a) General

The Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) Plan is established under AS 39.30.300. The Department of Administration, Division of Retirement and Benefits administers the System's health plans. The HRA Plan allows for medical care expenses to be reimbursed from individual savings accounts established for eligible persons. The HRA Plan became effective July 1, 2006, at which time contributions by employers began.

Membership in the plan was as follows as of June 30, 2023:

Retired plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	32
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1,247
Inactive plan members not entitled to benefits	3,415
Active plan members	6,416
Total HRA Plan membership	11,110

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Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

(b) OPEB Benefits

Persons who meet the eligibility requirements of AS 14.25.470 are eligible for reimbursements from the individual account established for a member under the HRA Plan but do not have to retire directly from the System.

The Plan Administrator may deduct the cost of monthly premiums from the HRA individual account for the RMP insurance on behalf of an eligible person who elected the retiree major medical insurance under AS 14.25.480. Upon application of an eligible person, the HRA Plan administrator shall reimburse the costs for medical care expenses defined in 26 USC 213(d). Reimbursement is limited to the medical expenses of (1) an eligible member, the spouse of an eligible member, and the dependent children of an eligible member; or (2) a surviving spouse and the dependent children of an eligible member dependent on the surviving spouse. When the member's individual account balance is exhausted, any deductions from the HRA individual account end. If all eligible persons die before exhausting the member's individual account, the account balance reverts to the HRA Plan.

(c) Contributions

An employer shall contribute to the HRA Plan trust fund an amount equal to 3.00% of the average annual compensation of all employees in the TRS and PERS. The administrator maintains a record of each member to account for employer contributions on behalf of that member. The 2023 contribution amount was an annual contribution not to exceed \$2,237 and was required for every pay period in which the employee was enrolled in the DCR Plan, regardless of the compensation paid during the year. An amount less than \$2,237 would be deposited to a member's account if that member worked less than a full year.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Contributions are due to the System when employee services have been performed and paid. Contributions are recognized as revenue when due pursuant to statutory requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable and expenses are recorded when the corresponding liabilities are incurred, regardless of when contributions are received, or payment is made.

(b) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of additions and deductions during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(c) Defined Benefit Pension and OPEB Investments

The System owns shares in various investment pools that are administered by the State of Alaska, Department of Revenue, Division of Treasury (Treasury). The System's investment in the pools, except for the short-term fixed-income pool, is reported at fair value based on the net asset value reported by the Treasury. The short-term fixed-income pool maintains a share price of \$1. Each participant owns shares in the pool, the number of which fluctuates daily with contributions and withdrawals.

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Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

(d) Defined Contribution Participant-directed Investments

The Board contracts with an external investment manager, through the Treasury, who is given the authority to invest in a wholly owned pooled environment to accommodate 14 participant-directed funds. Additionally, the Board contracts with external managers who manage a mix of collective investment funds and synthetic investment contracts. Income for the pooled investment and collective investment funds is credited to the fund's net asset value on a daily basis and allocated to pool participants daily on a pro rata basis.

Collective investment funds, held in trust, are stated at fair value based on the unit value as reported by the Trustees multiplied by the number of units held by the DCR Plan. The unit value is determined by the Trustees based on fair value of the underlying assets. Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis.

Pooled participant-directed investment funds, held in trust, are stated at fair value based on the unit value as reported by the Trustees multiplied by the number of units held by the DCR Plan. The unit value is determined by the Trustees based on fair value of the underlying assets. Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a tradedate basis. Underlying assets comprise domestic and international stocks, investment-grade bonds, federally guaranteed mortgages, money market instruments, and other cash equivalent instruments with maturities of less than one year, which include but are not limited to commercial paper, asset-backed securities, banker acceptances, certificates of deposit with ratings of A1/P1 or better, as well as obligations of the U.S. government and its agencies, and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury instruments.

Synthetic Investment Contracts (SICs) are included in the Plan's statements at contract value. The Board's investment manager entered into the investment contracts, on behalf of the Board, with four financial institutions who provide wrap contracts that cover separately managed SIC portfolios. The accounts are credited with earnings and investment deposits, less administrative expenses charged by the financial institutions and investment withdrawals. They are fully benefit-responsive. There are no reserves against contract value for the credit risk of the contract issuer or otherwise. The crediting interest rate is based on the approximate rate of interest that will amortize differences between contract and fair value over the portfolio's average duration.

(e) Contributions Receivable

Contributions from the System's members and employers applicable to payrolls received through July 15 for wages paid for service through June 30 are accrued. These contributions are considered fully collectible, and accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible receivables is reflected in the financial statements.

(f) Due from (to) State of Alaska General Fund

Amounts due from State of Alaska General Fund represent the amounts remitted by employers to the General Fund but not yet transmitted to the System. Amounts due to State of Alaska General Fund represent the amounts paid by others on behalf of the System.

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Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

(g) Other Income

Other income consists of Employer Group Waiver Plan (EGWP) rebates, Medicare Part D Retiree Drug Subsidy (RDS) rebates, pharmacy rebates, and other miscellaneous items. The RDS are rebates provided to the plan sponsor. The State has elected to voluntarily put the RDS back into the trust and treat it as a contribution for purposes of calculating the net OPEB liability. The EGWP and pharmacy rebates are provided to the Plan through the third-party administrators and are treated as a reduction to the benefit payments for purposes of calculating the net OPEB liability. RDS and pharmacy rebates are recognized on an accrual basis.

(h) Administrative Costs

Administrative costs are paid from contributions. The Board has established a funding policy objective that the required contributions be sufficient to pay the plan administrative expenses, normal costs, and past service costs.

(i) Federal Income Tax Status

The DB Plan and DCR Plan are qualified plans under Sections 401(a) and 414(d) of the Internal Revenue Code and are exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(a).

(j) Reclassifications

The System made certain reclassifications to the 2022 balances in the accompanying supplemental schedules to make them consistent with the 2023 presentation.

(3) Investments

The Board is the investment oversight authority of the System's investments. As the fiduciary, the Board has the statutory authority to invest assets under the Prudent Investor Rule. Fiduciary responsibility for the Board's invested assets is pursuant to AS 37.10.210-390.

AS 37.10.071 provides that investments shall be made with the judgment and care under circumstances then prevailing that an institutional investor of ordinary professional prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercises in managing large investment portfolios.

Treasury provides staff for the Board. Treasury has created a pooled environment by which it manages investments of the Board. Additionally, Treasury manages a mix of pooled investment funds, collective investment funds and SICs for the DCR participant-directed pension plans under the Board's fiduciary responsibility.

Actual investing is performed by investment officers in Treasury or by contracted external investment managers. The Board has developed investment guidelines, policies, and procedures for Treasury staff and external investment managers to adhere to when managing investments. Treasury manages the U.S. Treasury Fixed-Income Pool, Real Estate Investment Trust Pool, and Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities Pool, in addition to acting as oversight manager for all externally managed investments. All other investments are managed by external management companies.

The short-term fixed-income pool is a State pool managed by Treasury that holds investments on behalf of the Board as well as other State funds.

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Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

Rate of Return

The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested. The annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense, for the year ended June 30, 2023 for the DB Pension Plan is 7.52%, the ARHCT Plan is 7.64%, the ODD Plan is 7.62%, and the RMP is 7.62%.

For additional information on securities lending, interest rate risk, credit risk, foreign exchange, derivatives, fair value, and counterparty credit risk, see the separately issued report on the Invested Assets of the State of Alaska Retirement and Benefits Plans at https://treasury.dor.alaska.gov/armb/Reports-and- Policies/Annual-Audited-Financial-Schedules.

(4) Net Pension Liability – Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The components of the net pension liability of the participating employers at June 30, 2023 were as follows (in thousands):

Total pension liability	\$ 7,857,964
Plan fiduciary net position	 (6,099,520)
Employers' net pension liability	\$ 1,758,444
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	
of the total pension liability	77.62 %

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

(a) Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50% per year

Salary increases Range from 7.00% to 2.85% based on service.

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of pension plan investment expenses. This is based on an

average inflation rate of 2.50% and a real rate of return of 4.75%.

Mortality Pre-commencement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010

Teachers Employee table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Deaths are assumed to result

from occupational causes 15% of the time.

Post-commencement mortality rates for healthy retirees were based on 97% of the Pub-2010 Teachers Retiree table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement.

Post-commencement mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement.

Post-commencement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on 100% of male and 95% of female rates of the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivior table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. These rates are applied only after the

death of the original member.

Other Please see Section 5 of the 2022 actuarial valuation report.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2021, resulting in changes in actuarial assumptions effective for the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, which were adopted by the Board to better reflect expected future experience.

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table (note that the rates shown below exclude an inflation component of 2.82%).

Asset class	Long-term expected real rate of return	
Domestic equity	6.17%	
Global equity (ex-U.S.)	6.55	
Aggregate bonds	1.63	
Real assets	4.87	
Private equity	11.57	
Cash equivalents	0.49	

(b) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer and State contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy which meets State statutes. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability in accordance with the method prescribed by GASB 67. In the event benefit payments are not covered by the plan's fiduciary net position, a municipal bond rate would be used to discount the benefit payments not covered by the plan's fiduciary net position. The S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Index rate was 4.13% as of June 30, 2023.

(c) Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the System as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the System's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current rate (in thousands):

	1.00%	Current	1.00%
	 decrease (6.25%)	discount rate (7.25%)	increase (8.25%)
Net pension liability	\$ 2,588,539	1,758,444	1,057,182

Financial Section

STATE OF ALASKA | TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

(5) Net OPEB Asset

The components of the net OPEB asset of the participating employers for each Plan at June 30, 2023 were as follows (in thousands):

	_	ARHCT Plan	ODD Plan	RMP
Total OPEB liability	\$	2,495,957	528	54,406
Plan fiduciary net position	_	(3,506,595)	(7,447)	(76,557)
Employers' net OPEB asset	\$ <u>_</u>	(1,010,638)	(6,919)	(22,151)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage				
of the total OPEB liability		140.49%	1,410.42%	140.71%

(a) Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability for each plan was determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

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Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

Inflation 2.50% per year

Salary increases ARHCT Plan - Range from 7.00% to 2.85% based on service.

ODD Plan / RMP - Range from 7.25% to 2.85% based on service.

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of post-retirement healthcare plan investment expenses.

This is based on an average inflation rate of 2.50% and a real

rate of return of 4.75%.

Trend rates Pre-65 medical: 6.7% grading down to 4.5%

(ARHCT Plan and RMP) Post-65 medical: 5.5% grading down to 4.5%

Rx/EGWP: 7.2% grading down to 4.5%
Initial trend rates are for FY 2024
Ultimate trend rates reached in FY 2050

Mortality

(ARHCT Plan and RMP)

Pre-commencement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010

Teachers Employee table, headcount-weighted, and projected with

MP-2021 generational improvement. Deaths are assumed to result
from occupational causes 15% of the time.

Post-commencement mortality rates for healthy retirees were based on 98% of male and 100% of female rates of the Pub-2010 Teachers Retiree table, headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement.

Post-commencement mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree table, headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement.

Post-commencement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on 100% of male and 94% of female rates of the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivior table, headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. These rates are applied only after the death of the original member.

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

Mortality
(ODD Plan)

Pre-commencement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Employee table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. Deaths are assumed to result from occupational causes 15% of the time.

Post-commencement mortality rates for healthy retirees were based on 97% of the Pub-2010 Teachers Retiree table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement.

Post-commencement mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement.

Post-commencement mortality rates for beneficiaries were based on 100% of male and 95% of female rates of the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement. These rates are applied only after the death of the original member.

Other

ARHCT Plan
RMP and ODD Plans

Please see Section 5 of the 2022 valuation report. Please see Section 4 of the 2022 valuation report.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2021, resulting in changes in actuarial assumptions effective for the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, which were adopted by the Board to better reflect expected future experience. For the ARHCT and RMP plans, the per capita claims costs were updated to reflect recent experience for the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on postretirement healthcare plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the postretirement healthcare plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table (note that the rates shown below exclude an inflation component of 2.82%):

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Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

Asset class	Long-term expected real rate of return
Domestic equity	6.17%
Global equity (non-U.S.)	6.55
Aggregate bonds	1.63
Real assets	4.87
Private equity	11.57
Cash equivalents	0.49

(b) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer and State contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy which meets State statutes. Based on those assumptions, the postretirement healthcare plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on postretirement healthcare plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability in accordance with the method prescribed by GASB 74. In the event benefit payments are not covered by the Plan's fiduciary net position, a municipal bond rate would be used to discount the benefit payments not covered by the plan's fiduciary net position. The S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Index rate was 4.13% as of June 30, 2023.

(c) Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the System's net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current rate (in thousands):

		1.00%	Current	1.00%	
	_	decrease (6.25%)	discount rate (7.25%)	increase (8.25%)	
ARHCT Plan	\$	714,741	1,010,638	1,257,868	
ODD Plan		6,943	6,919	6,906	
RMP		8,126	22,151	32,727	

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

(d) Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates as summarized in the 2022 actuarial valuation report, as well as what the System's net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using trend rates that are one-percentage-point lower or one-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates (in thousands):

	 1.00% decrease	Current healthcare cost trend rate	1.00% increase
ARHCT Plan	\$ 1,258,216	1,010,638	681,705
ODD Plan	N/A	N/A	N/A
RMP	34,027	22,151	6,040

(6) Claims Payable

The liability for claims payable and claims incurred but not reported, included in the claims payable amount on the statement of fiduciary net position, represent the estimated amounts necessary to settle all outstanding claims incurred as of the balance sheet date. The ARHCT and Retiree Medical Plan's reserve estimates are based primarily on historical development patterns adjusted for current trends that would modify past experience. Claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, claims settlement trends, and other economic factors. The process of establishing loss reserves is subject to uncertainties that are normal, recurring, and inherent in the healthcare business.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities were as follows (in thousands):

		2023	2022
Total, beginning of year	\$	13,004	12,733
Healthcare benefits Benefits paid	<u>-</u> -	170,540 (169,587)	157,745 (157,474)
Total, end of year	\$	13,957	13,004

(7) Employer Group Waiver Program

Effective January 1, 2019, the Division implemented a group Medicare Part D prescription drug plan known as an enhanced EGWP for all Medicare-eligible members covered under the ARHCT Plan and the RMP. The enhanced EGWP leverages increased federal subsidies to the ARHCT Plan and the RMP for prescription drugs covered by Medicare Part D while also providing coverage for medications not covered by Medicare Part D through a "wrap" of additional benefits. Moving to an enhanced EGWP has resulted in the ARHCT Plan and RMP receiving significantly higher subsidies, while simultaneously maintaining the prescription drug coverage retirees had prior to implementation of the enhanced EGWP. Currently, EGWP is the primary program used by the Division; however, there are still retirees that are covered by the RDS if they do not meet the requirements of EGWP.

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Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

(8) Medicare Part D Retiree Drug Subsidy

One of the provisions of Medicare Part D provides sponsors of pension healthcare plans the opportunity to receive an RDS payment if the sponsor's plan provides a prescription drug benefit that is actuarially equivalent to the Medicare Part D benefit. The RDS is equal to 28% of the amount of eligible prescription drug benefit costs of retirees who are eligible for, but not enrolled in, Medicare Part D, by virtue of continuing to be covered by the sponsor's plan. The ARHCT Plan was approved for participation in the Medicare Part D program beginning calendar year 2006.

(9) Commitments and Contingencies

The Division is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Division of Retirement and Benefits' counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Division.

The System was a defendant in a class action lawsuit against the State alleging that the passage of Senate Bill (SB) 141 violated the Alaska Constitution by extinguishing a former member's ability to re-enter the PERS / TRS defined benefits plan. According to SB 141, a PERS / TRS defined benefit former member would have to re-employ into an eligible defined benefit position by June 30, 2010 or lose that former member's status (tier standing). If that former member re-entered the workforce in a valid PERS / TRS position but after June 30, 2010, that person would become a defined contribution retirement plan member, rather than reinstated into their prior defined benefit status (tier standing). The lawsuit challenged the effect of SB 141 as an unconstitutional diminishment of a promised defined benefit.

In April 2022, the Alaska Supreme Court found that a former member's ability to reinstate PERS / TRS status is an accrued benefit protected by Article XII, Section 7 of the Alaska Constitution. The Court held that not allowing former members to buy back into PERS / TRS defined benefit status resulted in an unconstitutional diminishment. This decision could lead to an increase in the number of employees previously believed to be ineligible for the defined benefit plan by operation of SB 141 for PERS / TRS. The case was returned to the Superior Court and the Department of Law filed a motion for final judgment. The Superior Court granted the motion for final judgment, awarded judgment on attorney's fees, and ordered the Division to notify class members by the end of May 2022 of their right to seek reinstatement into the defined benefit plan and the procedures to do so.

The Division continues to determine the impact of this decision on PERS and TRS. The Division is working with impacted former members who meet the requirements to re-establish their position in the defined benefits plan. However, it is unclear exactly how many former members will seek to reinstate to the defined benefits plan or the precise impact the reintroduction of those former members to the defined benefits plan will cost.

Financial Section

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Unaudited)

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Changes in Employer Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years (In thousands)

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total accorded Balance	_										
Total pension liability: Service cost	\$	44.003	44.727	48.401	50.654	60.810	64.961	68.376	61.011	63.608	64.324
Interest	•	540.174	538.703	535.725	529.132	575.706	572.791	559.165	550.392	540.981	515,325
Differences between expected and			,	,	, .			,	,	,	
actual experience		118,504	(59,667)	(33, 160)	8,105	(135,121)	(131,092)	(65,757)	(55,682)	(5,693)	- 1
Changes of assumptions		_	154,098	_	_	(35,262)	_	_	_	156,854	
Benefit payments, including refunds of		(500.050)	(=11 =00)	(201.100)	(100 110)			(440.400)	(107 500)	(440 = 4=)	
member contributions	_	(538,270)	(511,762)	(501,429)	(490,446)	(472,717)	(458,511)	(448,422)	(437,582)	(418,545)	(399,001)
Net change in total pension liability		164,411	166,099	49,537	97,445	(6,584)	48,149	113,362	118,139	337,205	180,648
Total pension liability – beginning	_	7,693,553	7,527,454	7,477,917	7,380,472	7,387,056	7,338,907	7,225,545	7,107,406	6,770,201	6,589,553
Total pension liability - ending (a)	_	7,857,964	7,693,553	7,527,454	7,477,917	7,380,472	7,387,056	7,338,907	7,225,545	7,107,406	6,770,201
Plan fiduciary net position:											
Contributions – employers		50,746	30,707	29,336	34,114	36,805	39,835	36,634	33,478	36,374	37,571
Contributions – plan members		31,835	30,013	33,342	33,566	35,763	37,674	39,878	42,654	45,506	47,724
Contributions – nonemployer State of Alaska		90,412	141,739	134,070	140,219	127,365	111,757	116,700	90,589	1,662,700	208,890
Net investment income (loss)		441,425	(391,758)	1,594,536	218,372	314,972	432,543	628,184	(31,340)	152,561	599,958
Benefit payments, including refunds of		(500.050)	(= 1 1 = 0.0)	(201.100)	(100 110)			(440.400)	(107 500)	(440 = 4=)	
member contributions		(538,270)	(511,762)	(501,429)	(490,446)	(472,717)	(458,511)	(448,422)	(437,582)	(418,545)	(399,001)
Administrative expenses Other income		(3,310) 31	(3,805)	(3,446) 273	(2,988)	(3,018)	(3,050) 184	(2,890) 10	(2,648) 95	(2,789)	(3,160)
	_	31		2/3		32	104		95	9_	
Net change in plan fiduciary											
net position		72,869	(704,830)	1,286,682	(67,130)	39,202	160,432	370,094	(304,754)	1,475,816	492,009
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	_	6,026,651	6,731,481	5,444,799	5,511,929	5,472,727	5,312,295	4,942,201	5,246,955	3,771,139	3,279,130
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	_	6,099,520	6,026,651	6,731,481	5,444,799	5,511,929	5,472,727	5,312,295	4,942,201	5,246,955	3,771,139
Plan's net pension liability (a)-(b)	\$_	1,758,444	1,666,902	795,973	2,033,118	1,868,543	1,914,329	2,026,612	2,283,344	1,860,451	2,999,062
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total											
pension liability		77.62%	78.33%	89.43%	72.81%	74.68%	74.09%	72.39%	68.40%	73.82%	55.70%
Covered payroll	\$	308,408	333,781	357,288	370,449	392,849	416,051	442,029	463,604	491,223	514,035
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		570.17%	499.40%	222.78%	548.82%	475.64%	460.12%	458.48%	492.52%	378.74%	583.44%

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Contributions Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years (In thousands)

Fiscal Year	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered Payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll
2023	\$ 135,850	141,158	(5,308)	308,408	45.77 %
2022	168,900	172,446	(3,546)	333,781	51.66 %
2021	155,184	163,406	(8,222)	357,288	45.74 %
2020	150,284	174,333	(24,049)	370,449	47.06 %
2019	154,083	164,170	(10,087)	392,849	41.79 %
2018	144,391	151,593	(7,202)	416,051	36.44 %
2017	133,417	153,334	(19,917)	442,029	34.69 %
2016	359,790	124,067	235,723	463,604	26.76 %
2015	321,971	1,699,074	(1,377,103)	491,223	345.89 %
2014	240,366	246,461	(6,095)	514,035	47.95 %

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information (unaudited) and independent auditors' report.

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(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Investment Returns Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense
2023	7.52 %
2022	(5.91)%
2021	29.80 %
2020	4.01 %
2019	5.85 %
2018	8.30 %
2017	13.04 %
2016	(0.36)%
2015	3.30 %
2014	18.41 %

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Changes in Employer Net OPEB (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust Plan

(In thousands)

	_	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB liability: Service cost Interest Change in benefit terms	\$	18,258 178,811 —	21,350 185,824 (22,446)	23,793 188,868	26,684 202,757	34,729 252,021 —	32,821 232,774	31,605 224,435
Change in Jerielli tellins Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments EGWP rebates	_	16,707 (95,891) (158,002) 20,361	(13,457) (86,086) (148,330) 18,508	(24,483) (100,701) (141,137) 18,293	(23,298) (273,319) (125,310) 11,705	(47,911) (509,775) (136,158) 2,518	(57,990) 163,911 (132,040)	(27,011) — (120,204)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(19,756)	(44,637)	(35,367)	(180,781)	(404,576)	239,476	108,825
Total OPEB liability – beginning	_	2,515,713	2,560,350	2,595,717	2,776,498	3,181,074	2,941,598	2,832,773
Total OPEB liability – ending (a)	_	2,495,957	2,515,713	2,560,350	2,595,717	2,776,498	3,181,074	2,941,598
Plan fiduciary net position: Contributions – employers Contributions – Employer group waiver plan rebates Contributions – Medicare retiree drug subsidy Net investment income (loss)	_	92 20,361 138 253,489	21,806 18,508 311 (221,118)	24,700 18,293 62 869,241	18,788 11,705 — 120,073	17,957 2,518 6,711 169,183	19,305 — 1,894 224,820	24,069 — — 322,219
	_	274,080	(180,493)	912,296	150,566	196,369	246,019	346,288
Benefit payments Pharmacy rebates Pharmacy management allowance Administrative Services Only (ASO) fees		(170,448) 17,973 64 (5,591)	(157,616) 14,741 69 (5,524)	(147,861) 12,100 85 (5,461)	(135,566) 15,829 — (5,573)	(143,126) 11,858 — (4,890)	(134,051) 6,149 — (4,138)	(120,237) 33 —
Net benefit payments	-	(158,002)	(148,330)	(141,137)	(125,310)	(136,158)	(132,040)	(120,204)
Administrative expenses, excluding ASO fees Other	-	(1,867) 173	(2,044)	(1,836)	(1,372) 258	(1,351) 324	(1,527)	(5,908) 13,909
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		114,384	(330,820)	769,570	24,142	59,184	112,470	234,085
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	_	3,392,211	3,723,031	2,953,461	2,929,319	2,870,135	2,757,665	2,523,580
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	_	3,506,595	3,392,211	3,723,031	2,953,461	2,929,319	2,870,135	2,757,665
Plan's net OPEB (asset) liability (a)-(b)	\$	(1,010,638)	(876,498)	(1,162,681)	(357,744)	(152,821)	310,939	183,933
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		140.49%	134.84%	145.41%	113.78%	105.50%	90.23%	93.75%
Covered payroll	\$	308,408	333,781	357,288	370,449	392,849	416,051	449,629
Net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payro	II	(327.70)%	(262.60)%	(325.42)%	(96.57)%	(38.90)%	74.74%	40.91%

This schedule is intended to present information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Contributions Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years (In thousands)

Fiscal Year	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered Payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll
2023	\$ 20,643	92	20,551	308,408	0.03 %
2022	22,360	21,806	554	333,781	6.53 %
2021	25,197	24,700	497	357,288	6.91 %
2020	28,373	18,788	9,585	370,449	5.07 %
2019	19,944	17,957	1,987	392,849	4.57 %
2018	19,518	19,305	213	416,051	4.64 %
2017	42,171	24,069	18,102	442,029	5.45 %
2016	336,595	66,099	270,496	463,604	14.26 %
2015	352,417	364,222	(11,805)	491,223	74.15 %
2014	320,797	139,936	180,861	514,035	27.22 %

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Investment Returns Alaska Retiree Healthcare Trust Plan

Fiscal Year	Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense
2023	7.64 %
2022	(6.04)%
2021	29.95 %
2020	4.16 %
2019	6.02 %
2018	8.33 %
2017	12.58 %

This schedule is intended to present information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Changes in Employer Net OPEB Asset and Related Ratios Occupational Death and Disability Plan

(In thousands)

	_	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB liability:								
Service cost	\$	339	335	312	284	275	259	238
Interest		61	63	60	43	44	41	21
Differences between expected and actual experience		(363)	(367)	(338)	(92)	(274)	(248)	(15)
Changes of assumptions			(15)			(5)	_	
Benefit payments	_	(26)	(27)	(24)	(24)	(24)	(24)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		11	(11)	10	211	16	28	244
Total OPEB liability – beginning	_	517	528	518	307	291	263	19
Total OPEB liability – ending (a)	_	528	517	528	518	307	291	263
Plan fiduciary net position:								
Contributions – employers		411	393	362	329	312	_	
Net investment income (loss)		515	(423)	1,471	190	243	290	406
Benefit payments		(26)	(27)	(24)	(24)	(24)	(24)	
Administrative expenses	_	(10)	(9)	(9)				(12)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		890	(66)	1,800	495	531	266	394
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	_	6,557	6,623	4,823	4,328	3,797	3,531	3,137
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	_	7,447	6,557	6,623	4,823	4,328	3,797	3,531
Plan's net OPEB asset (a)-(b)	\$	(6,919)	(6,040)	(6,095)	(4,305)	(4,021)	(3,506)	(3,268)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		1,410.42%	1,268.28%	1,254.36%	931.08%	1,409.77%	1,304.81%	1,342.59%
Covered payroll	\$	515,483	488,659	453,286	412,113	392,866	359,130	300,750
Net OPEB asset as a percentage of covered payroll		(1.34)%	(1.24)%	(1.34)%	(1.04)%	(1.02)%	(0.98)%	(1.09)%

This schedule is intended to present information for 10 years. Additional years will displayed as they become available.

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Employer Contributions Occupational Death and Disability Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years (In thousands)

Fiscal Year	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered Payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll
2023	\$ 365	411	(46)	515,483	0.08 %
2022	339	393	(54)	488,659	0.08 %
2021	313	362	(49)	453,286	0.08 %
2020	288	329	(41)	412,113	0.08 %
2019	277	312	(35)	392,866	0.08 %
2018	_	_	-	359,130	— %
2017	_	_	_	335,269	— %
2016	_	1	(1)	289,714	— %
2015	_	_	_	255,186	— %
2014	_	_	_	229,971	— %

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Investment Returns Occupational Death and Disability Plan

Fiscal Year	Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	1
2023	7.62 %	
2022	(6.21)%	
2021	29.46 %	
2020	4.22 %	
2019	6.15 %	
2018	8.24 %	
2017	12.03 %	

This schedule is intended to present information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Changes in Employer Net OPEB Asset and Related Ratios Retiree Medical Plan

(In thousands)

	_	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB liability: Service cost Interest	\$	3,136 3,672	3,636 3,748	3,376 3,088	3,410 3,073	3,684 2,971	3,247 2,347	2,703 1,934
Change in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments EGWP rebates		1,254 (1,144) (86) 31	(610) (409) (5,910) (128) 18	2,313 41 (171) 3	(529) (5,632) (6)	2,696 (4,551) (35)	(389) 2,184 (31)	(2)
Net change in total OPEB liability		6,863	345	8,650	317	4,765	7,358	4,632
Total OPEB liability – beginning	_	47,543	47,198	38,548	38,231	33,466	26,108	21,476
Total OPEB liability – ending (a)		54,406	47,543	47,198	38,548	38,231	33,466	26,108
Plan fiduciary net position: Contributions – employers Contributions – Employer group waiver plan rebates Contributions – Medicare retiree drug subsidy Net investment income (loss)	_	4,467 31 — 5,273 9,771	4,086 18 — (4,310) (206)	4,217 3 — 14,848	4,461 1 — 1,899 6,361	3,085 — 3 2,355 5,443	3,271 — — 2,579 5,850	3,524 — 3,260 6,784
Benefit payments Pharmacy rebates ASO fees	_	(92) 19 (13)	(129) 10 (9)	(164) 1 (8)	(9) 3	(44) 9	(31)	(3)
Net benefit payments	_	(86)	(128)	(171)	(6)	(35)	(31)	(3)
Administrative expenses, net of ASO fees Other		(37)	(35)	(34)	(9)	(6)	(3) 1	(12)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		9,648	(369)	18,865	6,346	5,402	5,817	6,769
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning	_	66,909	67,278	48,413	42,067	36,665	30,848	24,079
Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)		76,557	66,909	67,278	48,413	42,067	36,665	30,848
Plan's net OPEB asset (a)-(b)	\$	(22,151)	(19,366)	(20,080)	(9,865)	(3,836)	(3,199)	(4,740)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		140.71%	140.73%	142.54%	125.59%	110.03%	109.56%	118.16%
Covered payroll	\$	515,483	488,659	453,286	412,113	392,866	359,130	300,750
Net OPEB asset as a percentage of covered payroll		(4.30)%	(3.96)%	(4.43)%	(2.39)%	(0.98)%	(0.89)%	(1.58)%

This schedule is intended to present information for 10 years. Additional years will displayed as they become available.

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Employer Contributions Retiree Medical Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years (In thousands)

Fiscal Year	,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered Payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll
2023	\$	3,967	4,467	(500)	515,483	0.87 %
2022		3,517	4,086	(569)	488,659	0.84 %
2021		3,644	4,217	(573)	453,286	0.93 %
2020		3,920	4,461	(541)	412,113	1.08 %
2019		2,734	3,085	(351)	392,866	0.79 %
2018		2,983	3,271	(288)	359,130	0.91 %
2017		3,158	3,524	(366)	335,269	1.05 %
2016		6,837	6,317	520	289,714	2.18 %
2015		6,099	5,670	429	255,186	2.22 %
2014		1,334	1,181	153	229,971	0.51 %

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Investment Returns Retiree Medical Plan

Fiscal Year	Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense
2023	7.62 %
2022	(6.21)%
2021	29.41 %
2020	4.26 %
2019	6.16 %
2018	7.92 %
2017	11.80 %

This schedule is intended to present information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

June 30, 2023

(1) Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

The actuarial valuation was prepared by Buck. The significant actuarial methods and assumptions used in the defined benefit pension and postemployment healthcare benefit plan valuation as of June 30, 2022 were as follows:

(a) Actuarial cost method – Liabilities and contributions in the report are computed using the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method, level percent of pay.

Effective June 30, 2018, the Board adopted a layered UAAL amortization method: Layer #1 equals the sum of (i) the UAAL at June 30, 2018 based on the 2017 valuation, plus (ii) the FY18 experience gain/loss. Layer #1 is amortized over the remainder of the 25-year closed period that was originally established in 2014. Layer #2 equals the change in UAAL at June 30, 2018 due to the experience study and EGWP implementation. Layer #2 is amortized over a separate closed 25-year period starting in 2018. Future layers will be created each year based on the difference between actual and expected UAAL occurring that year and will be amortized over separate closed 25-year periods. The UAAL amortization continues to be on a level percent of pay basis. State statutes allow the contribution rate to be determined on payroll for all members, defined benefit and defined contribution member payroll combined.

Projected pension and postemployment healthcare benefits were determined for all active members. Cost factors designed to produce annual costs as a constant percentage of each member's expected compensation in each year from the assumed entry age to the assumed retirement age were applied to the projected benefits to determine the normal cost (the portion of the total cost of the plan allocated to the current year under the method). The normal cost is determined by summing intermediate results for active members and determining an average normal cost rate which is then related to the total payroll of active members. The actuarial accrued liability for active members (the portion of the total cost of the plan allocated to prior years under the method) was determined as the excess of the actuarial present value of projected benefits over the actuarial present value of future normal costs.

The actuarial accrued liability for retired members and their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits, terminated vested members, and disabled members not yet receiving benefits was determined as the actuarial present value of the benefits expected to be paid. No future normal costs are payable for these members.

The actuarial accrued liability under this method at any point in time is the theoretical amount of the fund that would have been accumulated had annual contributions equal to the normal cost been made in prior years (it does not represent the liability for benefits accrued to the valuation date). The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is the excess of the actuarial accrued liability over the actuarial value of plan assets measured on the valuation date.

Under this method, experience gains or losses, i.e., decreases or increases in accrued liabilities attributable to deviations in experience from the actuarial assumptions, adjust the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

- (b) Valuation of assets The actuarial asset value was reinitialized to equal fair value of assets as of June 30, 2014. Beginning in FY15, the asset value method recognizes 20% of the gain or loss each year, for a period of five years. All assets are valued at fair value. Assets are accounted for on an accrued basis and are taken directly from audited financial statements.
- (c) Valuation of retiree medical and prescription drug benefits Base claims cost rates are incurred healthcare costs expressed as a rate per member per year. Ideally, claims cost rates should be derived for each significant component of cost that can be expected to require differing projection assumptions or methods (i.e., medical claims,

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Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

June 30, 2023

prescription drug claims, administrative costs, etc.). Separate analysis is limited by the availability and historical credibility of cost and enrollment data for each component of cost. This valuation reflects non-prescription claims separated by Medicare status, including eligibility for free Part A coverage. Prescription costs are analyzed separately as in prior valuations. Administrative costs are assumed in the final per capita claims cost rates used for valuation purposes, as described below. Analysis to date on Medicare Part A coverage is limited since Part A claim data is not available by individual, nor is this status incorporated into historical claim.

- (d) Investment return 7.25% per year, net of investment expenses.
- (e) Salary scale Rates based upon the 2017–2021 actual experience. Inflation 2.50% per year and productivity 0.25% per year.
- (f) Payroll growth 2.75% per year (2.50% inflation + 0.25% productivity).
- (g) Total inflation Total inflation as measured by the Consumer Price Index for urban and clerical workers for Anchorage is assumed to increase 2.50% annually.
- (h) Mortality (pre-commencement) Mortality rates based on the 2017–2021 actual experience, to the extent the experience was statistically credible.
 - Pension: Pub-2010 Teachers Employee table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement.
 - Healthcare: Pub-2010 Teachers Employee table, headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement.

Deaths are assumed to result from occupational causes 15% of the time.

(i) Mortality (post-commencement) – Mortality rates based on the 2017–2021 actual experience, to the extent the experience was statistically credible.

Retiree mortality in accordance with the following tables:

- Pension: 97% of male and 97% of female rates of the Pub-2010 Teachers Retiree table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement.
- Healthcare: 98% of male and 100% of female rates of the Pub-2010 Teachers Retiree table, headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement.

Beneficiary mortality in accordance with the following tables. These tables are applied only after the death of the original member.

- Pension: 100% of male and 95% of female rates of the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement.
- Healthcare: 100% of male and 94% of female rates of the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor table, headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement.
- (j) Turnover Select and ultimate rates based upon the 2013–2017 actual experience.

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Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

June 30, 2023

(k) Disability – No changes to the incidence rates from the prior valuation due to insufficient 2017–2021 actual experience. Disability rates cease once a member is eligible for retirement.

Post-disability mortality in accordance with the following tables:

- Pension: Pub-2010 Non-safety Disabled Retiree table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement.
- Healthcare: Pub-2010 Non-safety Disabled Retiree table, headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement.
- (I) Retirement Retirement rates based on the 2017–2021 actual experience. Deferred vested members are assumed to retire at their earliest unreduced retirement date. The modified cash refund annuity is valued as a three-year certain and life annuity.
- (m) Spouse age difference Males are assumed to be three years older than their wives. Females are assumed to be two years younger than husbands.
- (n) Percent married for occupational death and disability 85% of male members and 75% female members are assumed to be married at termination from active service.
- (o) Dependent spouse medical coverage election Applies to members who do not have double medical coverage. 60% of male members and 50% of female members are assumed to be married and cover a dependent spouse.
- (p) Dependent children -
 - Pension: For the participants who are assumed to be married, those between ages 25 and 45 are assumed to have two dependent children.
 - Healthcare: Benefits for dependent children have been valued only for members currently covering their dependent children. These benefits are only valued through the dependent children's age 23 (unless the child is disabled).
- (q) Imputed data Data changes from the prior year which are deemed to have an immaterial impact on liabilities and contribution rates are assumed to be correct in the current year's client data. Non-vested terminations with appropriate refund dates are assumed to have received a full refund of contributions. Active members with missing salary and service are assumed to be terminated with status based on their vesting percentage.
- (r) Active data adjustment No adjustment was made to reflect participants who terminate employment before the valuation date and are subsequently rehired after the valuation date.
- (s) Administrative expenses The investment return assumption is net of investment expenses. The Normal Cost as of June 30, 2022 was increased by the following amounts. These amounts are based on the average of actual administrative expenses during the last two fiscal years. For projections, the percent increase was assumed to remain constant in future years.
 - Pension \$3,626,000
 - Healthcare \$1,940,000
- (t) Rehire assumption The normal cost used for determining contribution rates and in the projections includes a rehire assumption to account for anticipated rehires. The normal cost shown in the report includes the following

(A Component Unit of the State of Alaska)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

June 30, 2023

assumptions based on the four years of rehire loss experience through June 30, 2021. For projections, these assumptions were assumed to grade to zero uniformly over a 20-year period.

- Pension 12.00%
- Healthcare 0.20%
- (u) Re-employment option All re-employed retirees are assumed to return to work under the standard option.
- (v) Service Total credited service is provided by the State. This service is assumed to be the only service that should be used to calculate benefits. Additionally, the State provides claimed service (including Bureau of Indian Affairs service). Claimed service is used for vesting and eligibility purposes.
- (w) Part-time status Part-time employees are assumed to earn 0.75 years of credited service per year.
- (x) Unused sick leave 5.25 days of unused sick leave for each year of service are assumed to be available to be credited once the member is retired, terminates, or dies.
- (y) Final average earnings Final average earnings is provided on the data for active members. This amount is used as a minimum in the calculation of the average earnings in the future.
- (z) Contribution refunds 0% of terminating members with vested benefits are assumed to have their contributions refunded. 100% of those with non-vested benefits are assumed to have their contributions refunded.
- (aa) Early retirement factors Division staff provided the early retirement factors, which reflect grandfathered factors.
- (bb) Alaska Cost of Living Allowance (COLA) Of those benefit recipients who are eligible for the COLA, 60% are assumed to remain in Alaska and receive the COLA.
- (cc) Postretirement pension adjustment (PRPA) 50% and 75% of assumed inflation, or 1.25% and 1.875%, respectively, is valued for the annual automatic PRPA as specified in the statute.
- (dd) Healthcare participation 100% of System paid members and their spouses are assumed to elect healthcare benefits as soon as they are eligible. 20% of non-System paid members and their spouses are assumed to elect healthcare benefits as soon as they are eligible.
- (ee) Medicare Part B Only It's assumed that 2% of actives hired before April 1, 1986 and current retirees who are not yet Medicare eligible will not be eligible for Medicare Part A.
- (ff) Healthcare per capita claims cost Sample claims cost rates adjusted to age 65 for FY23 medical and prescription drug benefits are shown below. The prescription drug costs reflect the plan change to require prior authorization for certain specialty medications. The pre-Medicare medical costs reflect the coverage of additional preventive benefits.

	_	Medical	Prescription drugs
Pre-Medicare	\$	15,706	3,712
Medicare Parts A and B		1,625	3,907
Medicare Part B only		5,363	3,907
Medicare Part D – EGWP		N/A	1,309

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Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

June 30, 2023

Members are assumed to attain Medicare eligibility at age 65. All costs are for the 2023 fiscal year (July 1, 2022–June 30, 2023).

The EGWP subsidy is assumed to increase in future years by the trend rates shown on the following pages. No future legislative changes or other events are anticipated to impact the EGWP subsidy. If any legislative or other changes occur in the future that impact the EGWP subsidy (which could either increase or decrease the Plan's actuarial accrued liability), those changes will be evaluated and quantified when they occur.

(gg) Healthcare morbidity – Morbidity rates (also called aging factors) are used to estimate utilization of healthcare benefits at each age to reflect the fact that healthcare utilization typically increases with age. Separate morbidity rates are used for medical and prescription drug benefits. These rates are based on the 2017–2021 actual experience.

Age	Medical	Prescription drugs
0–44	2.0%	4.5%
45–54	2.5	3.5
55–64	2.5	1.0
65–74	2.0	2.1
75–84	2.2	(0.3)
85–94	0.5	(2.5)
95+	_	_

- (hh) Healthcare third-party administrator fees \$449 per person per year; assumed to increase at 4.50% per year.
- (ii) Healthcare cost trend The table below shows the rates used to project the cost from the shown fiscal year to the next fiscal year. For example, 7.00% is applied to the FY23 pre-Medicare medical claims cost to get the FY24 medical claims cost:

	Medical		Prescription
Fiscal year	Pre-65	Post-65	drugs/EGWP
2023	7.00%	5.50%	7.50%
2024	6.70	5.50	7.20
2025	6.40	5.40	6.90
2026	6.20	5.40	6.65
2027	6.05	5.35	6.35
2028	5.85	5.35	6.10
2029	5.65	5.30	5.80
2030	5.45	5.30	5.55
2031–2038	5.30	5.30	5.30
2039	5.25	5.25	5.25
2040	5.20	5.20	5.20
2041	5.10	5.10	5.10
2042	5.05	5.05	5.05
2043	4.95	4.95	4.95
2044	4.90	4.90	4.90
2045	4.80	4.80	4.80
2046	4.75	4.75	4.75
2047	4.70	4.70	4.70
2048	4.60	4.60	4.60
2049	4.55	4.55	4.55
2050 +	4.50	4.50	4.50

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For the June 30, 2014 valuation and later, the updated Society of Actuaries' Healthcare Cost Trend Model is used to project medical and prescription drug costs. This model estimates trend amounts that are projected out for 80 years. The model has been populated with assumptions that are specific to the State of Alaska.

(jj) Retired member contributions for medical benefits – Currently, contributions are required for System members who are under age 60 and have less than 25 years of service. Eligible tier 1 members are exempt from contribution requirements. Annual FY23 contributions based on monthly rates shown below for calendar 2023 are assumed based on the coverage category for current retirees. The retiree only rate shown is used for current active and inactive members and spouses in tier 2 who are assumed to retire prior to age 60 with less than 25 years of service and who are not disabled. For dependent children, the System values one-third of the annual retiree contribution to estimate the per-child rate based on the assumed number of children in rates where children are covered.

	_	Calenda	Calendar 2022	
Coverage category		Annual contribution	Monthly contribution	Monthly contribution
Retiree only	\$	8,448	704	704
Retiree and spouse		16,896	1,408	1,408
Retiree and child(ren)		11,940	995	995
Retiree and family		20,388	1,699	1,699
Composite		12,552	1,046	1,046

(kk) Trend rate for retired member medical contributions – The table below shows the rate used to project the retired member medical contributions from the shown fiscal year to the next fiscal year. For example, 4.0% is applied to the FY23 retired member medical contributions to get the FY24 retired member medical contributions.

	Trend
Fiscal year	assumption
2023 +	4.0%

Graded trend rates for retired member medical contributions are consistent with the rates used for the June 30, 2021 valuation. Actual FY23 retired member medical contributions are reflected in the valuation.

The significant actuarial methods and assumptions used in the defined contribution occupational death and disability and retiree medical benefit plans valuation as of June 30, 2022 were as follows:

- (a) Actuarial cost method Liabilities and contributions shown in the report are computed using the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method, level percent of pay. Each year's difference between actual and expected unfunded actuarial accrued liability is amortized over 25 years as a level percentage of expected payroll.
- (b) Valuation of assets Effective June 30, 2006, the asset valuation method recognizes 20% of the investment gain or loss in each of the current and preceding four years. This method was phased in over five years. Fair value of assets was \$0 as of June 30, 2006. All assets are valued at fair value. Assets are accounted for on an accrued basis and are taken directly from audited financial statements. Valuation assets are constrained to a range of 80% to 120% of the fair value of assets.

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(c) Valuation of retiree medical and prescription drug benefits – Due to the lack of experience for the DCR retiree medical plan only, base claims costs are based on those described in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 for the Defined Benefit (DB) retiree medical plan covering TRS and PERS. The DB rates were used with some adjustments. The claims costs were adjusted to reflect the differences between the DCR medical plan and the DB medical plan. These differences include network steerage, different coverage levels, different Medicare coordination for medical benefits, and an indexing of the retiree out-of-pocket dollar amounts. To account for higher initial copays, deductibles and out-of-pocket limits, projected FY23 claims costs were reduced 4.4% for pre-Medicare medical claims, 3.1% for Medicare medical claims, and 8.9% for prescription drugs. In addition, to account for the difference in Medicare coordination, projected FY23 medical claims costs for Medicare eligible retirees were further reduced 29.5%.

FY21 and FY22 experience was thoroughly reviewed to assess the impact of COVID-19 and whether an adjustment to FY21 and FY22 claims was appropriate for use in the June 30, 2022 valuation. FY21 medical per capital claims cost were noticeably lower than expected, so a 4% load was added to the FY21 medical claims used in the per capita claims cost development to better reflect future expected long-term costs of the plan. FY22 medical per capita claims were reasonable when compared to pre-COVID levels, so no adjustments were made to the FY22 medical claims used in the per capita claims cost development.

Starting in 2022, prior authorization is required for certain specialty medications. There is no change to the medications that are covered by the plan. Segal provided an estimate of the impact of this change to the DB retiree health plan cost for calendar year 2022. The resulting adjustment factors for pre-Medicare prescription drug, Medicare prescription drug, and EGWP costs were applied to claims experience incurred before January 1, 2022. Those base claims costs were used for the DCR valuation with further adjustments as noted below. Additionally, starting in 2022, certain common preventive benefits are covered for the DB plan. The resulting adjustment factor for pre-Medicare medical costs was applied to claims experience incurred before January 1, 2022. However, preventive benefits were already covered under the DCR plan, so the pre-65 DCR medical adjustment factor referenced above was increased from 3.1% to 4.4%.

No implicit subsidies are assumed. Employees projected to retire with 30 years of service prior to Medicare are valued with commencement deferred to Medicare eligibility, because those members will be required to pay the full plan premium prior to Medicare. Explicit subsidies for disabled and normal retirement are determined using the plan-defined percentages of age-related total projected plan costs, again with no implicit subsidy assumed.

The State transitioned to an Employer Group Waiver Program (EGWP) for DCR participants effective January 1, 2019. The estimated 2023 reimbursements under EGWP were provided by Segal Consulting (who worked with the EGWP administrator, Optum, to develop those estimates).

- (d) Investment return 7.25% per year, net of investment expenses.
- (e) Salary scale Salary scale rates based upon the 2017–2021 actual experience. Inflation 2.50% per year. Productive 0.25% per year.
- (f) Payroll growth 2.75% per year (2.50% inflation + 0.25% productivity).
- (g) Total inflation Total inflation as measured by the Consumer Price Index for urban and clerical workers for Anchorage is assumed to increase 2.50% annually.

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- (h) Mortality (pre-commencement) Mortality rates based on the 2017–2021 actual experience, to the extent the experience was statistically credible.
 - Occupational Death & Disability: Pub-2010 Teachers Employee table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement.
 - Healthcare: Pub-2010 Teachers Employee table, headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement.

Deaths are assumed to result from occupational causes 15% of the time.

(i) Mortality (post-commencement) – Mortality rates based on the 2017–2021 actual experience, to the extent the experience was statistically credible.

Retiree mortality in accordance with the following tables:

- Occupational Death & Disability: 97% of male and 97% of female rates of the Pub-2010 Teachers Retiree table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement.
- Healthcare: 98% of male and 100% of female rates of the Pub-2010 Teachers Retiree table, headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement.

Beneficiary mortality in accordance with the following tables. These tables are applied only after the death of the original member.

- Occupational Death & Disability: 100% of male and 95% of female rates of the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement.
- Healthcare: 100% of male and 94% of female rates of the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor table, headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement.
- (j) Total turnover Select and ultimate rates based upon the 2017–2021 actual experience.
- (k) Disability No changes to the incidence rates from the prior valuation due to insufficient 2017–2021 actual experience. For retiree medical benefits, the disability rates cease once a member is eligible for retirement. However, the disability rates continue after retirement eligibility for occupational death & disability benefits.

Disabilities are assumed to be occupational 15% of the time.

Post-disability mortality in accordance with the following tables:

- Occupational Death & Disability: Pub-2010 Non-safety Disabled Retiree table, amount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement.
- Healthcare: Pub-2010 Non-safety Disabled Retiree table, headcount-weighted, and projected with MP-2021 generational improvement.
- (I) Retirement Retirement rates based upon the 2017–2021 actual experience.
- (m) Spouse age difference Males are assumed to be three years older than their wives. Females are assumed to be two years younger than husbands.

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June 30, 2023

- (n) Percent married for occupational death and disability 85% of male members and 75% of female members are assumed to be married at termination from active service.
- (o) Dependent spouse medical coverage election Applies to members who do not have double medical coverage. 60% of male members and 50% of female members are assumed to be married and cover a dependent spouse.
- (p) Part-time status Part-time employees are assumed to earn 0.75 years of service per year.
- (q) Imputed data Data changes from the prior year which are deemed to have immaterial impact on liabilities and contribution rates are assumed to be correct in the current year's client data. Non-vested terminations with appropriate refund dates are assumed to have received a full refund of contributions. Active members with missing salary and service are assumed to be terminated with status based on their vesting percentage.
- (r) Administrative expenses The investment return assumption is net of investment expenses. The Normal Cost as of June 30, 2022 was increased by the following amounts. These amounts are based on the average of actual administrative expenses during the last two fiscal years.
 - Occupational Death & Disability \$9,000
 - Healthcare \$35,000
- (s) Retiree medical participation:

Death / Dis	ability Decrement		Retirement Decremen	t
	Percent			Percent
Age	participation	Age	_	participation
<56	75.0 %	55		50.0 %
56	77.5	56		55.0
57	80.0	57		60.0
58	82.5	58		65.0
59	85.0	59		70.0
60	87.5	60		75.0
61	90.0	61		80.0
62	92.5	62		85.0
63	95.0	63		90.0
64	97.5	64		95.0
65+	100.0	65+	Years of service	
			<15	75.0%
			15–19	80.0
			20–24	85.0
			25–29	90.0
			30+	95.0

Participation assumption is a combination of (i) the service-based rates for retirement from employment at age 65+ and (ii) the age-based rates for retirement from employment before age 65. These rates reflect the expected plan election rate that varies by reason for decrement, duration that a member may pay full cost prior to Medicare eligibility, and availability of alternative and/or lower cost options, particularly in the Medicare market. This assumption is based on observed trends in participation from a range of other plans.

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June 30, 2023

(t) Healthcare per capita claims cost – Sample claims cost rates (before base claims cost adjustments described below) adjusted to age 65 for FY23 medical and prescription drug benefits are shown below. The prescription drug costs reflect the plan change to require prior authorization for certain specialty medications.

	_	Medical	Prescription drugs	
Pre-Medicare	\$	15,706	3,712	
Medicare Parts A and B		1,625	3,907	
Medicare Part D - EGWP		N/A	1.309	

Members are assumed to attain Medicare eligibility at age 65. All other costs are for the 2023 fiscal year (July 1, 2022–June 30, 2023).

The EGWP subsidy is assumed to increase in future years by the trend rates shown on the following pages. No future legislative changes or other events are anticipated to impact the EGWP subsidy. If any legislative or other changes occur in the future that impact the EGWP subsidy (which could either increase or decrease the Plan's actuarial accrued liability), those changes will be evaluated and quantified at the next measurement date.

- (u) Base claims cost adjustments Due to higher initial copays, deductibles, out-of-pocket limits, and member cost sharing compared to the DB medical plan, the following cost adjustments are applied to the per capita claims cost rates above:
 - 0.956 for the pre-Medicare plan
 - 0.674 for both the Medicare medical plan and Medicare coordination method (3.1% reduction for the medical plan and 29.5% reduction for the coordination method)
 - 0.911 for the prescription drug plan
- (v) Healthcare morbidity Morbidity rates (also called aging factors) are used to estimate utilization of healthcare benefits at each age to reflect the fact that healthcare utilization typically increases with age. Separate morbidity rates are used for medical and prescription drug benefits. These rates are based on the 2017–2021 actual experience.

		Prescription
Age	Medical	Drugs
0–44	2.0%	4.5%
45–54	2.5	3.5
55–64	2.5	1.0
65–74	2.0	2.1
75–84	2.2	(0.3)
85–94	0.5	(2.5)
95+	_	_

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Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

June 30, 2023

- (w) Third-party administrator fees \$449 per person per year; assumed to increase at 4.50% per year.
- (x) Healthcare cost trend The table below shows the rate used to project the cost from the shown fiscal year to the next fiscal year. For example, 7.00% is applied to the FY23 pre-Medicare medical claims costs to get the FY24 medical claims costs.

		Prescription
Pre-65	Post-65	drugs/EGWP
7.00%	5.50%	7.50%
6.70	5.50	7.20
6.40	5.40	6.90
6.20	5.40	6.65
6.05	5.35	6.35
5.85	5.35	6.10
5.65	5.30	5.80
5.45	5.30	5.55
5.30	5.30	5.30
5.25	5.25	5.25
5.20	5.20	5.20
5.10	5.10	5.10
5.05	5.05	5.05
4.95	4.95	4.95
4.90	4.90	4.90
4.80	4.80	4.80
4.75	4.75	4.75
4.70	4.70	4.70
4.60	4.60	4.60
4.55	4.55	4.55
4.50	4.50	4.50
	6.70 6.40 6.20 6.05 5.85 5.65 5.45 5.30 5.25 5.20 5.10 5.05 4.95 4.90 4.80 4.75 4.70 4.60 4.55	7.00% 5.50% 6.70 5.50 6.40 5.40 6.20 5.40 6.05 5.35 5.85 5.35 5.65 5.30 5.45 5.30 5.30 5.30 5.25 5.25 5.20 5.20 5.10 5.10 5.05 4.95 4.90 4.90 4.80 4.80 4.75 4.75 4.70 4.60 4.55 4.55

For the June 30, 2014 valuation and later, the updated Society of Actuaries' Healthcare Cost Trend Model is used to project medical and prescription drug costs. This model estimates trend amounts that are projected out for 80 years. The model has been populated with assumptions that are specific to the State of Alaska.

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Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

June 30, 2023

(2) Changes in Actuarial Assumptions, Methods, and Benefits Since the Prior Valuation

Defined Benefit Pension and Postemployment Healthcare Benefit Plan

(a) Changes in Methods Since the Prior Valuation – June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022

There were no changes in actuarial methods since the prior valuation.

(b) Changes in Assumptions Since the Prior Valuation – June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022

Effective for the June 30, 2022 valuation, the Board adopted the changes to the demographic and economic assumptions recommended by the actuary, based on the results of an experience study performed on the plan experience from July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2021. The changes in assumptions were adopted at the June 2022 Board meeting. The effect of the new assumptions was to increase the actuarial accrued liability as of June 30, 2022 by approximately \$144 million for pension and \$21 million for healthcare.

The healthcare per capital claims cost assumption is updated for each valuation. The amounts included in the Normal Cost for the administrative expenses were updated based on the last two years of actual administrative expenses paid from plan assets.

(c) Changes in Benefit Provisions Since the Prior Valuation – June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022

There were no changes in benefit provisions since the prior valuation.

Defined Contribution Occupational Death and Disability and Retiree Medical Benefits Plans

(a) Changes in Methods Since the Prior Valuation – June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022

There were no changes in actuarial methods since the prior valuation.

(b) Changes in Assumptions Since the Prior Valuation – June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022

Effective for the June 30, 2022 valuation, the Board adopted the changes to the demographic and economic assumptions recommended by the actuary, based on the results of an experience study performed on the plan experience from July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2021. The changes in assumptions were adopted at the June 2022 Board meeting. The effect of the new assumptions was to decrease the actuarial accrued liability as of June 30, 2022 by less than \$1,000 for occupational death & disability and by approximately \$3,374,000 for retiree medical.

The healthcare per capital claims cost assumption is updated for each valuation. The amounts included in the Normal Cost for the administrative expenses were updated based on the last two years of actual administrative expenses paid from plan assets.

(c) Changes in Benefit Provisions Since the Prior Valuation – June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022

There have been no changes in benefit provisions valued since the prior valuation.

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

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Schedule of Administrative and Investment Deductions

Years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 (In thousands)

			Total	ls
	Administrative	Investment	2023	2022
Personal services:				
Wages \$	1,960	1,177	3,137	3,054
Benefits	1,213	549	1,762	1,887
Total personal services	3,173	1,726	4,899	4,941
Travel:				
Transportation	6	24	30	11
Per diem	2	5	7	2
Total travel	8	29	37	13
Contractual services:				
Management and consulting	7,449	227	7,676	7,582
Investment management and custodial fees	_	24,956	24,956	24,604
Accounting and auditing	69	8	77	93
Data processing	1,642	412	2,054	2,462
Communications	43	4	47	46
Advertising and printing	25	1	26	25
Rentals/leases	247	42	289	100
Legal	53	28	81	118
Medical specialists	2	_	2	
Repairs and maintenance	2	1	3	1
Transportation	15	1	16	100
Securities lending	_	86	86	60
Other professional services	216	28	244	279
Total contractual services	9,763	25,794	35,557	35,470
Other:				
Equipment	3	11	14	8
Supplies	16	40	56	38
Total other	19	51	70	46
Total administrative and investment deductions \$	12,963	27,600	40,563	40,470

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

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Schedule of Payments to Consultants Other Than Investments Advisors

Years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 (In thousands)

Firm	Services	 2023	2022
Buck Global LLC	Actuarial services	\$ 231	262
KPMG LLP	Auditing services	63	62
Groundswell Communications	Communications services	11	26
State Street Bank and Trust	Custodial banking services	555	607
Alaska IT Group	Data processing services	86	83
Applied Microsystems Incorporated	Data processing services	172	173
Sagitec Solutions	Data processing services	1,083	1,606
SHI International Corporation	Data processing services	11	8
Sungard Availability Services	Data processing services	9	11
TechData Service Company	Data processing services	126	136
State of Alaska, Department of Law	Legal services	70	118
Symphony Performance Health	Management consulting services	8	11
The Segal Company Incorporated	Management consulting services	 72	34
		\$ 2,497	3,137

This schedule presents payments to consultants receiving greater than \$10,000.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.