

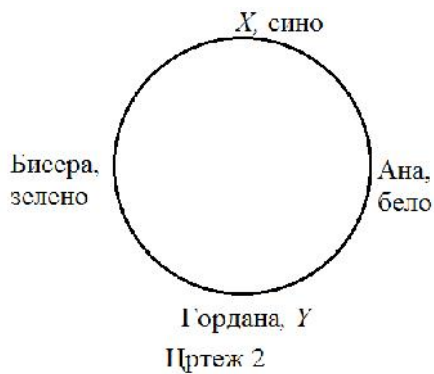
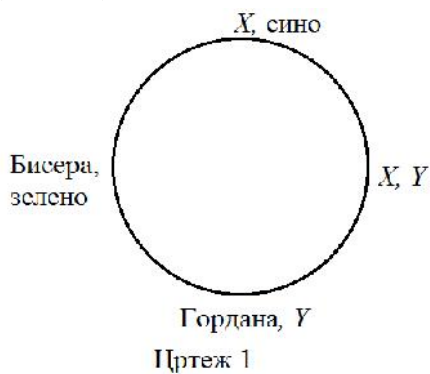
2024

I

1 .

:
е

(1).



2).

(-



(3).

1 .

36. ?

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \cdot \quad x \quad - \\
 & \quad a, \quad : x-a, x \quad x+a \\
 & \cdot \\
 x-a+x+a=36, & \quad 2x=36, \dots x=18. \\
 18 & \cdot, \quad, \\
 & \quad 2a, \\
 : 2a=x-6=18-6=12, & \dots a=6. \\
 & \quad, \quad x-a=18-6=12, \\
 x+a=18+6=24 & \cdot.
 \end{aligned}$$

2 . , , -
 :
 : 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93 94.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \cdot \quad n_1, n_2, \dots, n_{10} \\
 S = n_1 + n_2 + \dots + n_{10} & \cdot \quad 9 \quad S - n_1, \\
 S - n_2, \dots, S - n_{10} & \cdot, \\
 & \cdot \quad x \quad \cdot \\
 S - n_1 + S - n_2 + \dots + S - n_{10} & = 86 + 87 + 88 + 89 + 90 + 91 + 92 + 93 + 94 + x, \\
 10S - (n_1 + n_2 + \dots + n_{10}) & = 810 + x, \\
 9S - 810 & = x, \\
 9(S - 90) & = x. \\
 & \cdot, \quad x \quad 9 \quad 86 \leq x \leq 94. \\
 & \quad 90. \quad, \quad x = 90, \quad S = 100 \\
 & \quad S - x = 100 - 90 = 10.
 \end{aligned}$$

3 . $0 \leq a - b \leq 1 \quad 1 \leq a + b \leq 4.$
 $2023a + 2022b,$ $a - 2b$

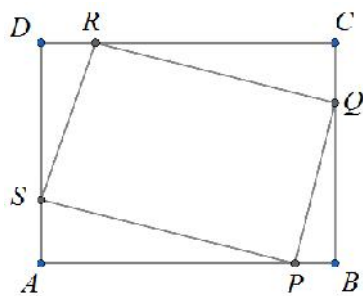
$$a = \frac{a-b}{2} + \frac{a+b}{2} \quad -2b = (a-b) - (a+b).$$

$$a - 2b = \frac{a-b}{2} + \frac{a+b}{2} + (a-b) - (a+b) = \frac{3}{2}(a-b) - \frac{1}{2}(a+b).$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a - b &= 1 & a + b &= 1. \\
 2a &= 2, \dots a &= 1, \\
 2b &= 0, \dots b &= 0. \\
 2023 \cdot 1 + 2022 \cdot 0 &= 2023.
 \end{aligned}$$

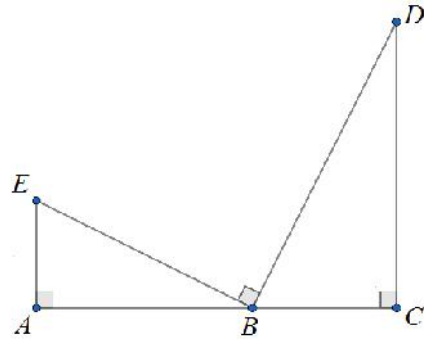
4 . 3 cm 4 cm -
 $1:3$. -

$ABCD$, $\overline{AD} = 3\text{ cm}$
 $\overline{AB} = 4\text{ cm}$,
 $PQRS$ (\quad).
 $\overline{PQ} : \overline{SP} = 1:3$, $\dots \overline{PQ} = x$
 $\overline{SP} = 3\overline{PQ} = 3x$.
 \overline{PBQ} \overline{RDS} $\overline{PB} =$
 \overline{RS} (\quad \overline{PBR}) $\angle PQB = \angle RSD$ (\quad
 \quad), $\overline{PB} = \overline{RD} = a$
 $\overline{BQ} = \overline{DS} = b$. $\Delta SAP \sim \Delta PBQ$ (\quad
 \quad), $\overline{PB} : \overline{SA} = \overline{BQ} : \overline{AP} = \overline{PQ} : \overline{SP} = 1:3$,
 $\overline{AP} = 3\overline{BQ} = 3b$ $\overline{SA} = 3\overline{PB} = 3a$. $\overline{AB} = \overline{AP} + \overline{PB}$
 $\overline{AD} = \overline{SA} + \overline{DS}$, $4 = 3b + a$ $3 = 3a + b$,
 $a = \frac{5}{8}\text{ cm}$ $b = \frac{9}{8}\text{ cm}$. $x = \overline{PQ} = \sqrt{\overline{PB}^2 + \overline{BQ}^2} = \frac{\sqrt{106}}{8}\text{ cm}$.
 $PQRS$ $L = 2(x + 3x) = 8x = \sqrt{106}\text{ cm}$,
 $P = x \cdot 3x = \frac{159}{32}\text{ cm}^2$.



4 . AC E D -
 AC , EA DC -
 AC . B AC $\angle EDB = 90^\circ$
 $\overline{EB} : \overline{BD} = 1:3$. $\overline{AE} = 4\text{ cm}$ $\overline{AC} = 15\text{ cm}$,
 ED .

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{EB} : \overline{BD} &= 1 : 3 \\ \overline{BD} &= 3\overline{EB}. \quad \angle ABE = \angle CDB \end{aligned}$$



$\triangle BAE \sim \triangle DCB$

$$\begin{aligned} \overline{AE} : \overline{BC} &= \overline{EB} : \overline{BD} = 1 : 3, \\ \overline{BC} &= 3\overline{AE} = 12 \text{ cm}. \end{aligned}$$

$$\overline{AB} = \overline{AC} - \overline{BC} = 3 \text{ cm}.$$

$$\overline{BE} = \sqrt{\overline{AE}^2 + \overline{AB}^2} = 5 \text{ cm},$$

$$\overline{BD} = 3\overline{EB} = 15 \text{ cm}.$$

$\triangle EBD$

$$\overline{ED} = \sqrt{\overline{BE}^2 + \overline{BD}^2} = \sqrt{5^2 + 15^2} = 5\sqrt{10} \text{ cm}.$$

II

$$A = \left(\frac{1+1}{1^2+1} + \frac{1}{4}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{2+1}{2^2+1} + \frac{1}{4}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{3+1}{3^2+1} + \frac{1}{4}\right) \cdot \dots \cdot \left(\frac{2024+1}{2024^2+1} + \frac{1}{4}\right)$$

$$\frac{n+1}{n^2+1} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{4(n+1)+n^2+1}{4(n^2+1)} = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{(n+2)^2+1}{n^2+1},$$

$$\begin{aligned} A &= \left(\frac{1+1}{1^2+1} + \frac{1}{4}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{2+1}{2^2+1} + \frac{1}{4}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{3+1}{3^2+1} + \frac{1}{4}\right) \cdot \dots \cdot \left(\frac{2024+1}{2024^2+1} + \frac{1}{4}\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{(1+2)^2+1}{1^2+1} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{(2+2)^2+1}{2^2+1} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{(3+2)^2+1}{3^2+1} \cdot \dots \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{(2023+2)^2+1}{2023^2+1} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{(2024+2)^2+1}{2024^2+1} \\ &= \frac{1}{4^{2024}} \cdot \frac{3^2+1}{1^2+1} \cdot \frac{4^2+1}{2^2+1} \cdot \frac{5^2+1}{3^2+1} \cdot \dots \cdot \frac{2024^2+1}{2022^2+1} \cdot \frac{2025^2+1}{2023^2+1} \cdot \frac{2026^2+1}{2024^2+1} \\ &= \frac{1}{4^{2024}} \cdot \frac{(2025^2+1)(2026^2+1)}{(1^2+1)(2^2+1)} = \frac{(2025^2+1)(2026^2+1)}{2^{4049} \cdot 5}. \end{aligned}$$

$$q = (2025^2 + 1)(2026^2 + 1) \quad r = 4049.$$

$$q = 2, \quad 5, \quad , s = 5.$$

1 .

m

$$\begin{cases} 2x - 3y = m, \\ x + 4y = m - 1 \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

(x, y)

$$\begin{cases} 3x + y < 0, \\ 2y - x < 0. \end{cases} \quad (2)$$

$$(1) \quad x = \frac{7m-3}{11}, y = \frac{m-2}{11}.$$

(2),

$$\begin{cases} 3 \cdot \frac{7m-3}{11} + \frac{m-2}{11} < 0, \\ 2 \cdot \frac{m-2}{11} - \frac{7m-3}{11} < 0, \end{cases}$$

$$22m - 11 < 0 \quad -5m - 1 < 0, \quad m < \frac{1}{2} \quad m > -\frac{1}{5}.$$

$$, m \in \left(-\frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{2}\right).$$

2 .

$p \quad q$

$$p^2 + pq + q^2$$

$$p^2 - pq + q^2$$

$$p^2 + pq + q^2 = n^2, \quad n$$

$$(p+q)^2 - n^2 = pq,$$

$$(p+q+n)(p+q-n) = pq.$$

$$, p+q+n \mid pq, \quad p+q+n > p \quad p+q+n > q,$$

$$p+q+n \nmid p \quad p+q+n \nmid q, \quad p+q+n = pq,$$

$$p+q-n=1.$$

$$2p+2a=pq+1,$$

$$(p-2)(q-2)=3.$$

$$p-2=1, q-2=3 \quad p-2=3, q-2=1,$$

$$p=3, q=5 \quad p=5, q=3.$$

$$p^2 - pq + q^2 = 19,$$

$$p^2 - pq + q^2$$

3 .

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0, bx^2 + cx + a = 0 \quad cx^2 + ax + b = 0$$

$$\frac{a^2}{bc} + \frac{b^2}{ca} + \frac{c^2}{ab}.$$

a, b, c

$x=0$

$$a = b = c = 0,$$

u

$$au^2 + bu + c = 0, \quad bu^2 + cu + a = 0, \quad cu^2 + au + b = 0.$$

$b,$

a

$$(b^2 - ac)u = a^2 - bc \quad (1)$$

$$(c^2 - ab)u = b^2 - ac, \quad (2)$$

$$(a^2 - bc)u = c^2 - ab. \quad (3)$$

(1), (2) (3),

$$(a^2 - bc)(b^2 - ac)(c^2 - ab)u^3 = (a^2 - bc)(b^2 - ac)(c^2 - ab).$$

:

$$1) \quad (a^2 - bc)(b^2 - ac)(c^2 - ab) \neq 0, \quad u^3 = 1, \quad \dots \quad u = 1 \quad (1), (2) (3)$$

$$a^2 - bc = b^2 - ac = c^2 - ab = k,$$

$$a + b + c = 0.$$

$$\frac{a^2}{bc} + \frac{b^2}{ca} + \frac{c^2}{ab} = \frac{a^2}{bc} - 1 + \frac{b^2}{ca} - 1 + \frac{c^2}{ab} - 1 + 3$$

$$= \frac{a^2 - bc}{bc} + \frac{b^2 - ca}{ca} + \frac{c^2 - ab}{ab} + 3$$

$$= \frac{k}{bc} + \frac{k}{ca} + \frac{k}{ab} + 3$$

$$= k \cdot \frac{a+b+c}{abc} + 3 = k \cdot \frac{0}{abc} + 3 = 3.$$

$$2) \quad (a^2 - bc)(b^2 - ac)(c^2 - ab) = 0,$$

$$0, \quad (1), (2) (3) \quad a^2 - bc = 0, b^2 - ac = 0$$

$$c^2 - ab = 0, \quad a^2 = bc, b^2 = ac, \quad c^2 = ab.$$

$$\frac{a^2}{bc} + \frac{b^2}{ca} + \frac{c^2}{ab} = \frac{bc}{bc} + \frac{ca}{ca} + \frac{ab}{ab} = 1 + 1 + 1 = 3.$$

4 . ABC

C .

D

AC E

BD

$$\angle ABC = \angle DAE = \angle AED . \quad \overline{BE} = 2 \cdot \overline{CD} .$$

$$\angle ABC = s$$

$$\angle BAC = r . \quad \angle DAE = \angle AED = s$$

$$\triangle AED \quad , \quad \dots \quad \overline{AD} = \overline{ED} .$$

$$, \quad \angle BAE = r - s \quad \angle BDC = 2s$$

($\triangle AED$),

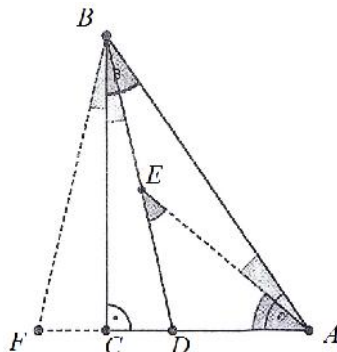
$$\angle CBD = 90^\circ - 2s = r - s = \angle BAE .$$

F

D

C () .

FBD



$$\overline{FD} = 2 \cdot \overline{CD} \quad \angle FBC = \angle CBD = r - s \quad \angle FBA = r - s + s = r .$$

$$\triangle FBA \quad \overline{FA} = \overline{FB} = \overline{DB} . \quad , \quad \overline{FD} + \overline{DA} = \overline{DE} + \overline{BE} ,$$

$$\overline{AD} = \overline{ED} , \quad \overline{FD} = \overline{BE} . \quad , \quad \overline{BE} = \overline{FD} = 2 \cdot \overline{CD} .$$

$$\angle ABC = s \quad \angle BAC = r .$$

$$, \quad r + s = 90^\circ . \quad FB$$

$$BD \quad \overline{BF} = \overline{BC} \quad (\quad) . \quad G$$

$$FC \quad AB . \quad , \quad \triangle FBC$$

$$\angle FBC = \angle FBD + \angle DBC = 90^\circ + 90^\circ - \angle BDC$$

$$= 180^\circ - \angle EDC = \angle EDA = 180^\circ - 2s .$$

$$\angle BFC = \angle BCF = s . \quad \triangle GBC$$

$$\overline{GB} = \overline{GC} . \quad ,$$

$$\angle ACG = 90^\circ - s = r = \angle CAG$$

$$\triangle AGC \quad , \quad \overline{GA} = \overline{GC} . \quad , \quad \overline{GA} = \overline{GB} , \quad \dots$$

$$G \quad AB \quad \triangle ABC . \quad G$$

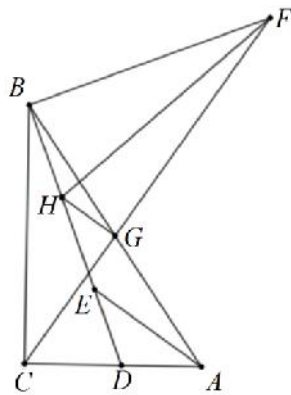
$$AE \quad BD \quad H . \quad GH$$

$$ABE , \quad H \quad BE .$$

$$\angle HGC = \angle BGC - \angle BGH = 180^\circ - 2s - \angle BAE$$

$$= 180^\circ - 2s - (r - s) = 180^\circ - s - r = 90^\circ ,$$

FBHG



$$\sin r + \sin 3r = 2 \sin 2r \cos r \quad \cos r + \cos 3r = 2 \cos 2r \cos r$$

$$\sin 2r + 2 \sin 2r \cos r = \cos 2r + 2 \cos 2r \cos r,$$

$$(1 + 2 \cos r) \sin 2r = (1 + 2 \cos r) \cos 2r.$$

$$1 + 2 \cos r = 0, \quad r = \pm \frac{2f}{3} + 2kf, k \in \mathbb{Z}. \quad r$$

$$\sin 3r = 0, \quad 0 \in S, \quad r$$

$$\cos r \neq 0, \cos 2r \neq 0, \cos 3r \neq 0, \quad 0 \notin C, \quad S \neq C.$$

$$1 + 2 \cos r \neq 0, \quad \sin 2r = \cos 2r. \quad \operatorname{tg} 2r = 1,$$

$$r = \frac{f}{8} + \frac{kf}{2}, k \in \mathbb{Z}. \quad \frac{f}{8} + \frac{3f}{8} = \frac{f}{2},$$

$$\sin \frac{f}{8} = \cos \frac{3f}{8}, \cos \frac{f}{8} = \sin \frac{3f}{8} \quad \sin \frac{2f}{8} = \cos \frac{2f}{8},$$

$$S = C.$$

$$r = \left\{ \frac{f}{8} + \frac{kf}{2} \mid k \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}.$$

2 .

$$S = \sqrt{2} \operatorname{tg} 1^\circ \operatorname{tg} 89^\circ + 2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{tg} 2^\circ \operatorname{tg} 88^\circ + 3\sqrt{2} \operatorname{tg} 3^\circ \operatorname{tg} 87^\circ + 4\sqrt{3} \operatorname{tg} 4^\circ \operatorname{tg} 86^\circ + \dots + 49\sqrt{2} \operatorname{tg} 49^\circ \operatorname{tg} 41^\circ + 50\sqrt{3} \operatorname{tg} 50^\circ \operatorname{tg} 40^\circ.$$

$$\operatorname{tg} r = \operatorname{ctg}(90^\circ - r) \quad \operatorname{tg} r \cdot \operatorname{ctg} r = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} S &= \sqrt{2} \operatorname{tg} 1^\circ \operatorname{ctg} 1^\circ + 2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{tg} 2^\circ \operatorname{ctg} 2^\circ + 3\sqrt{2} \operatorname{tg} 3^\circ \operatorname{ctg} 3^\circ + 4\sqrt{3} \operatorname{tg} 4^\circ \operatorname{ctg} 4^\circ + \dots + 49\sqrt{2} \operatorname{tg} 49^\circ \operatorname{ctg} 49^\circ + 50\sqrt{3} \operatorname{tg} 50^\circ \operatorname{ctg} 50^\circ \\ &= \sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{3} + 3\sqrt{2} + 4\sqrt{3} + \dots + 49\sqrt{2} + 50\sqrt{3} \\ &= \sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{2} + 5\sqrt{2} + \dots + 49\sqrt{2} + 2\sqrt{3} + 4\sqrt{3} + 6\sqrt{3} + \dots + 50\sqrt{3} \\ &= (1 + 3 + 5 + \dots + 49)\sqrt{2} + (2 + 4 + 6 + \dots + 50)\sqrt{3} \\ &= 625\sqrt{2} + 650\sqrt{3}. \end{aligned}$$

3 .

a .

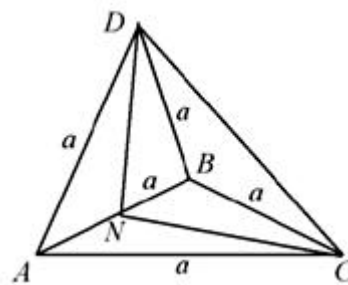
$$ABC \quad ABD \quad ABCD,$$

$$\overline{AC} = \overline{BC} = \overline{AB} = \overline{AD} = \overline{BD} = a.$$

$CN \quad DN$ -
 $ABC \quad ABD$ -
 $AB.$, $CN \perp AB$

$DN \perp AB.$

$CN \perp DN.$



$ABC,$

$DN,$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} P_{ABC} \cdot \overline{DN} = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{a^2\sqrt{3}}{4} \cdot \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{a^3}{8}.$$

CDN

$$\overline{CD} = \overline{CN}\sqrt{2} = \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \sqrt{2} = \frac{a\sqrt{6}}{2}.$$

$CDA \quad CBD$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{6}}{2} \quad a,$$

$$P_{CDA} = P_{CDB} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{a\sqrt{6}}{2} \cdot \sqrt{a^2 - \left(\frac{a\sqrt{6}}{4}\right)^2} = \frac{a^2\sqrt{15}}{8}.$$

$$P = 2 \cdot \frac{a^2\sqrt{3}}{4} + 2 \cdot \frac{a^2\sqrt{15}}{8} = \frac{a^2\sqrt{3}(2+\sqrt{5})}{4}.$$

4 .

$a,$

$$f(x) = |x^2 + 2x + a| - 2$$

$$|x^2 + 2x + a| = \begin{cases} x^2 + 2x + a, & x \in (-\infty, -1 - \sqrt{1-a}] \cup [-1 + \sqrt{1-a}, +\infty), \\ -(x^2 + 2x + a), & x \in (-1 - \sqrt{1-a}, -1 + \sqrt{1-a}), \end{cases}$$

$$x^2 + 2x + a = 2$$

$$(-\infty, -1 - \sqrt{1-a}] \cup [-1 + \sqrt{1-a}, +\infty)$$

$$x^2 + 2x + a = -2$$

$$(-1 - \sqrt{1-a}, -1 + \sqrt{1-a}).$$

$$x^2 + 2x + a - 2 = 0 \quad D' = 4 - 4(a - 2),$$

$$x^2 + 2x + a + 2 = 0 \quad D'' = 4 - 4(a + 2). \quad D' > 0 \quad D'' > 0 \quad a < 3$$

$a < -1$.
 $a \in (-\infty, -1)$.

$$x^2 + 2x + a - 2 = 0$$

$x_{1/2} = -1 \pm \sqrt{3-a}$ $x_1 = -1 - \sqrt{3-a} \in (-\infty, -1 - \sqrt{1-a}]$
 $x_2 = -1 + \sqrt{3-a} \in [-1 + \sqrt{1-a}, +\infty)$.
 $x^2 + 2x + a + 2 = 0$ $x_{3/4} = -1 \pm \sqrt{-1-a} \in (-1 - \sqrt{1-a}, -1 + \sqrt{1-a})$.
 $a \in (-\infty, -1)$

4 . a, b, c , $a + b + c > 0$
 $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$. $c > 0$.
. $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$,
 $f(x) > 0$ $x \in \mathbb{R}$ $f(x) < 0$ $x \in \mathbb{R}$. ,
 $f(1) = a + b + c > 0$, $f(x) > 0$
 $x \in \mathbb{R}$. , $f(0) > 0$, $c > 0$.

IV

1 . 2 . $0 < x < 1$ $a, b > 0$.
 $a^x b^{1-x} < a + b$. (1)
. $b \leq a$. $0 < \frac{b}{a} \leq 1$,
 $0 < x < 1$ $0 < (\frac{b}{a})^x \leq 1$ $0 < (\frac{b}{a})^{1-x} \leq 1$. , $0 < (\frac{b}{a})^x \leq 1$
 $\leq 1 - (\frac{b}{a})^{1-x} < 1$, ,
 $(\frac{b}{a})^x (1 - (\frac{b}{a})^{1-x}) < 1$, (2)
(1).
 $a < b$. $y = 1 - x$. $0 < y < 1$
(1) $a^{1-y} b^y < a + b$, $a < b$

1 . n (?) .

, $F_2(n)$, n -

$n+1$ -

. n $F_2(n)$,

$(n+1)-$ p n n

. n p $F_1(n) = n+1$.

, p $F_1(n) = n+1$

n ,

$F_2(n)$ $F_1(n) = n+1$. ,

$n+1$

$F_2(n+1) = F_2(n) + F_1(n) = F_2(n) + (n+1)$. (1)

(1), n $n-1$,

$n-2, n-3, \dots, 2, 1$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_2(n) &= F_2(n-1) + n, \\
 F_2(n-1) &= F_2(n-2) + n-1, \\
 F_2(n-2) &= F_2(n-3) + n-2, \\
 &\dots\dots\dots \\
 F_2(3) &= F_2(2) + 3, \\
 F_2(2) &= F_2(1) + 2.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$F_2(1) = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_2(n) &= F_2(1) + (n + (n-1) + \dots + 3 + 2) \\
 &= 1 + (n + (n-1) + (n-2) + \dots + 2 + 1) . \\
 &= 1 + \frac{n(n+1)}{2} = \frac{n^2+n+1}{2} .
 \end{aligned}$$

2 . $\{x_n\}_{n \geq 1}$ $x_1 = 1, x_{n+1} = \frac{1}{1+x_n}, n \in \mathbb{N}$. -

$x_{2024}^2 + x_{2024} < 1$.

. $x_{2k}^2 + x_{2k} < 1$,

$k \in \mathbb{N}$.

$$\begin{aligned}
 k=1 \quad x_2 = \frac{1}{2} \quad x_2^2 + x_2 = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{4} < 1, \dots \\
 x_{2k}^2 + x_{2k} < 1, \dots \\
 x_{2k}^2 + x_{2k} - 1 < 0.
 \end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

$$x_{2(k+1)} = \frac{1}{1+x_{2k+1}} = \frac{1}{1+\frac{1}{1+x_{2k}}} = \frac{1+x_{2k}}{2+x_{2k}},$$

(1)

$$\begin{aligned}
 x_{2(k+1)}^2 + x_{2(k+1)} &= x_{2(k+1)}(1+x_{2(k+1)}) = \frac{1+x_{2k}}{2+x_{2k}} \left(1 + \frac{1+x_{2k}}{2+x_{2k}}\right) \\
 &= \frac{1+x_{2k}}{2+x_{2k}} \cdot \frac{3+x_{2k}}{2+x_{2k}} = 1 + \frac{x_{2k}^2 + x_{2k} - 1}{(2+x_{2k})^2} < 1.
 \end{aligned}$$

$k \in \mathbb{N}.$

$$k=1012 \quad x_{2024}^2 + x_{2024} < 1,$$

3 .

$$\overline{ABC}, \overline{AC} = \overline{BC} = 1.$$

$$x = \angle ACB \qquad g = \frac{\overline{AB}^2 + 2}{P_{\triangle ABC}}$$

$$\overline{AB}^2 = 2 - 2\cos x,$$

$$P_{\triangle ABC} = \frac{1}{2} \overline{AC} \cdot \overline{BC} \cdot \sin x = \frac{1}{2} \sin x.$$

$$g(x) = \frac{2(4-2\cos x)}{\sin x} = \frac{4(2-\cos x)}{\sin x}.$$

$$x = \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2}, \qquad \sin x = \frac{2x}{1+x^2} \qquad \cos x = \frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}.$$

$$g = g(x) = \frac{2(1+3x^2)}{x}, \qquad x \in (0, f), \qquad \frac{x}{2} \in (0, \frac{f}{2}),$$

$$x > 0, \qquad g > 0.$$

$$g(x), x \in (0, +\infty). \qquad g_{\min} = y.$$

$$x \quad y = \frac{2(1+3x^2)}{x}, \qquad 6x^2 - yx + 2 = 0. \qquad x$$

$$y^2 - 48 \geq 0, \dots y \leq -4\sqrt{3} \qquad y \geq 4\sqrt{3}.$$

$$g > 0, \quad y \geq 4\sqrt{3}.$$

$$y = 4\sqrt{3}$$

$$6x^2 - 4x\sqrt{3} + 2 = 0, \quad x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}, \quad \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} = \operatorname{tg} \frac{x}{2},$$

$$x = \frac{f}{3}.$$

$$3. \quad 2, \sqrt{6} \quad \frac{9}{2} \quad ($$

) :

) ;

) ?

.)

$$d \neq 0.$$

a
 m, n, k

$$2 = a + md, \quad \sqrt{6} = a + nd \quad \frac{9}{2} = a + kd.$$

$$\sqrt{6} - 2 = (n - m)d,$$

$$\frac{5}{2} = (k - m)d.$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{6} - 4}{5} = \frac{n - m}{k - m},$$

)

$$a = 2 \quad q = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \quad : 2, \sqrt{6}, 3, \sqrt{\frac{27}{2}}, \frac{9}{2}, \dots$$

4 .

$$f : \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$$

$$2f(f(n)) = 5f(n) - 2n, \quad n \in \mathbb{Z}. \quad (1)$$

$$f(n) = g(n) + 2n. \quad (1)$$

$$5(g(n) + 2n) - 2n = 2(g(f(n)) + 2f(n)),$$

$$5g(n) + 8n = 2g(f(n)) + 4(g(n) + 2n),$$

$$g(n) = 2g(f(n)) = 2g(g(n) + 2n), \quad (2)$$

$$n \in \mathbb{Z}. \quad , 2 \quad g(n). \quad , g(n) + 2n$$

, (2)

$$g(g(n) + 2n) = 2g(g(g(n) + 2n) + 2(g(n) + 2n)),$$

