

Debt Capacity Forecast February 2005

Minnesota Statute 16A.105 requires the Commissioner of Finance in February and November of each year to prepare a debt capacity forecast to be delivered to the governor and the legislature.

Statement of Indebtedness

The state of Minnesota on February 1, 2005 had \$3,460,795,000 of general obligation bonds outstanding.

The state has no general obligation notes outstanding.

The Laws of Minnesota 1991, Chapter 350, authorized the state to issue revenue bonds secured by the state's full faith and credit to finance the construction and equipping of an engine repair facility in Hibbing and an aircraft maintenance facility in Duluth. The state issued \$47,670,000 of these revenue bonds in May 1995 of which \$37,825,000 remains outstanding. The state's full faith and credit secures all of the bonds.

Debt Service Costs

The debt service costs for the state's general obligation bonds are shown below. The amounts shown are the general fund costs by fiscal year and include the amount of debt service paid from the cigarette tax and the sports and health club tax. Future capital budgets are forecast at \$400 million in even numbered legislative sessions and \$110 million in odd numbered years.

<u>Year</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Forecast</u>
		2006	367,134,000
		2007	351,205,000
2002	289,994,000	2008	354,764,000
2003	297,640,000	2009	384,693,000
2004	266,947,000	2010	335,434,000
2005	324,568,000	2011	376,170,000

Debt Authorized and Unissued

The state has authorized and unissued general obligation bonds totaling \$887,591,500. This amount includes \$390,823,000 of capital projects that have been vetoed by Governors.

Future Debt Capacity

Future general obligation debt capacity is forecast through the 2012-13 biennium. To make this forecast, many variables must be forecasted.

The state's debt management policy has a guideline that limits the appropriation for debt service from the general fund to 3% of general fund revenues. The Department of Finance revenue forecast is used for forecasted revenues in the next two biennia and is increased in future years based upon projected economic growth factors. The 3% limit under the guideline is then used to estimate the maximum amount of general fund revenues available for debt service.

Other variables that need to be forecast are interest rates on bonds sold, interest rates for investment earnings on balances in the debt service fund and the bond proceeds fund, various receipts coming into the debt service fund, cash flow on future capital projects and the dollar amount of bonds to be sold and when they will be sold.

The forecast of future debt capacity also assumes that major capital budgets will be approved in the even numbered legislative sessions and small emergency capital budgets will be approved in the odd numbered years. The large capital budgets are passed by the legislature in level amounts.

Based upon all these assumptions, the maximum debt capacity for capital budgets in even numbered years is \$1,140,000,000 each even numbered year through 2012 and is \$110,000,000 in each odd numbered year through 2013.

Office Memorandum

Department: of Finance

Date: February 28, 2005

To: Legislative Reference Library
Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives
Secretary of the Senate

From: Peggy Ingison
Commissioner

Phone: 651-297-7881

Subject: Report to Legislature - Debt Capacity Report

Minnesota Statute 16A.105 requires the Commissioner of Finance in February and November of each year to prepare a debt capacity report to be delivered to the governor and legislature.

Attached is the February 2005 debt capacity report.

Attachment

cc: Senator Dean Johnson Representative Sviggum
Senator Day Representative Entenza
Senator Cohen Representative Knoblach
Senator Langseth Representative Dorman