From: Nate Paul <npaul@world-class.com> Sent: Monday, August 3, 2020 3:45 PM

To: Shirley Sheffield <ssheffie@goamplify.com>; Alan Jewells <ajewells@goamplify.com>

Cc: Jeremy Stoler <jstoler@world-class.com>
Subject: RE: [EXTERNAL] Loan Resolution

Importance: High

Shirley, Alan,

I am writing to confirm you are aware of the attached announcement just released from the Attorney General of Texas which confirms that foreclosure sales that have not been specifically approved by the Mayor of the city in which they will take place cannot satisfy the public sale requirement under Texas Property Code Chapter 51. In light of foregoing please confirm before 5:00pm today that you will not be attempting to proceed with a foreclosure tomorrow in violation of the statute.

https://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/news/releases/informal-guidance-concerning-foreclosure-sales

As per my previous emails, we sincerely would like to find a resolution to payoff the 3 loans with Amplify. We had a very great relationship with Amplify before Covid-19 and before the law firm you engaged got involved. We would like for this relationship to be back on track. Thank you.

Best, Nate

Nate Paul | President & Chief Executive Officer WORLD CLASS 814 Lavaca St. | Austin, TX 78701 T 512.327.3300 | F 512.322.9238 npaul@world-class.com | www.world-class.com

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From: Nate Paul < npaul@world-class.com> Sent: Wednesday, July 22, 2020 4:25 PM

To: Shirley Sheffield < ssheffie@goamplify.com>

Cc: Jeremy Stoler < istoler@world-class.com >; Sheena Paul < ispaul@world-class.com >; Brian Elliott < ibelliott@world-

class.com>; ajewells@goamplify.com
Subject: Re: [EXTERNAL] Loan Resolution

Shirley,

Brian Elliott reached out to your counsels per your request and they've never responded. We have been trying to convey to them that we want to make payment on all outstanding amounts, but we can't do that when they don't return our calls. Please advise.

Nate Paul President & CEO World Class 814 Lavaca St. Austin, Texas 78701 npaul@world-class.com

From: Shirley Sheffield <ssheffie@goamplify.com>

Sent: Friday, July 17, 2020 8:14:20 PM

To: Nate Paul < npaul@world-class.com >
Cc: Jeremy Stoler < istoler@world-class.com >
Subject: RE: [EXTERNAL] Loan Resolution

Nate,

Please convey any written offers you may have to our counsel, Sabrina Streusand and Anh Nguyen. Amplify will in turn respond in writing to your counsel Brian Elliott.

Thank you,

Shirley P. Sheffield | VP and Commercial Loan Officer Amplify Credit Union | 3600 W. Parmer Lane, Austin TX 78727 PO Box 81398 | Austin I TX I 78708 NMLS ID 961565 512-519-5487 [p] 512-629-5473 [m] 512-491-1087 [fx] goamplify.com

From: Nate Paul <npaul@world-class.com>
Sent: Thursday, July 16, 2020 7:08 PM
Tag Shirley Shofffeld (selection)

To: Shirley Sheffield <ssheffie@goamplify.com>

Cc: Conner Lytle <<u>clytle@goamplify.com</u>>; Jeremy Stoler <<u>jstoler@world-class.com</u>>

Subject: [EXTERNAL] Loan Resolution

Shirley,

We would like to discuss a resolution to the loans with Amplify. We would prefer to have a business discussion with you or the appropriate person from Amplify so it can be resolved amicably – including payment to Amplify.

I would not be optimistic about resolution going through your counsel as we have had bad experiences with that law firm. Some of our entities have had to sue Stephen Lemmon, a name partner of the firm, and Rhonda Mates, of the same law firm, for their highly unethical behavior.

Please let me know if you are available for a call on Friday and I am confident we can have a solution in short order. Thank you.

Best, Nate

Nate Paul | President & Chief Executive Officer WORLD CLASS 814 Lavaca St. | Austin, TX 78701 T 512.327.3300 | F 512.322.9238 npaul@world-class.com | www.world-class.com

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August 1, 2020

Honorable Bryan Hughes Texas Senate P.O. Box 12068 Capitol Station Austin, TX 78711

Dear Senator Hughes,

You ask whether local governmental bodies have authority to limit in-person attendance at a judicial or non-judicial foreclosure sale to 10 persons or fewer. Your question concerns local emergency orders restricting or delaying such sales during the current COVID-19 pandemic. We conclude that a foreclosure sale of residential or commercial real property that is conducted outdoors is subject to the limitation on outdoor gatherings in excess of 10 persons imposed by Executive Order GA-28. Accordingly, an outdoor foreclosure sale may not proceed with more than 10 persons in attendance unless approved by the mayor in whose jurisdiction the sale occurs, or if in an unincorporated area, the county judge. However, to the extent a sale is so limited, and willing bidders who wish to attend are not allowed to do so as a result, the sale should not proceed as it may not constitute a "public sale" as required by the Texas Property Code.

When a mortgage loan is in default, a mortgagee may elect to institute either a judicial foreclosure or, when permitted by the deed of trust, a non-judicial foreclosure. A judicial foreclosure begins with a lawsuit to establish the debt and fix the lien. The judgment in a foreclosure lawsuit generally provides that an order of sale issue to any sheriff or constable directing them to seize the property and sell it under execution in satisfaction of the judgment. After the sale is completed, the sheriff or other officer must provide to the new buyer possession of the property within 30 days.

¹ Bonilla v. Roberson, 918 S.W.2d 17, 21 (Tex. App.—Corpus Christi 1996, no writ).

² Id. at 21

³ Tex. R. Civ. P. 309; but see id. (excepting judgments against executors, administrators, and guardians from orders of sale). The procedures for the sale under judicial foreclosure generally follow the same procedures as sales under non-judicial foreclosures. Compare id. 646a–648 with Tex. Prop. Code § 51.002.

⁴ TEX. R. CIV. P. 310.

A non-judicial foreclosure, in turn, must be expressly authorized in a deed of trust.⁵ The Property Code prescribes the minimum requirements for a non-judicial sale of real property under a power of sale conferred by a deed of trust or other contract lien.⁶ The Code requires that a sale under a non-judicial foreclosure be "a public sale at auction held between 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. of the first Tuesday of a month," unless that day is January 1 or July 4, in which cases the sale must be held on the first Wednesday of the month.⁷ The deed of trust or other loan document can establish additional requirements, and if such requirements are established, those requirements must likewise be satisfied in order for there to be a valid foreclosure sale.⁸

We understand that many foreclosure sales in Texas, both judicial and non-judicial, are held outdoors. Frequently, such sales occur on the steps of a courthouse.

With this background in mind, we address your question concerning attendance limitations. Governor Abbott ordered in Executive Order GA-28 that "every business in Texas shall operate at no more than 50 percent of the total listed occupancy of the establishment." This general limitation, however, is subject to several exceptions. One such exception is found in paragraph five of the order, which limits outdoor gatherings to 10 persons or fewer without approval by the mayor or, in the case of unincorporated territory, the county judge in whose jurisdiction the gathering occurs. Of Accordingly, to the extent a foreclosure sale occurs outdoors, attendance at the sale is limited to 10 persons or fewer unless greater attendance is approved by the relevant mayor or county judge.

While certain services are exempt from the outdoor gathering limitation in Executive Order GA-28, we do not conclude that foreclosure sales are included within them. Executive Order GA-28 exempts from its limitations on outdoor gatherings services described in paragraphs 1, 2, and 4 of the order. Relevant here, paragraph 1 exempts from capacity limitations, *inter alia*, "any services listed by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security's Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Workforce, Version 3.1 or any subsequent version." (CISA Guidance). Among the services listed in version 3.1 of

⁵ See Tex. Prop. Code § 51.002.

⁶ See id. § 51.002.

⁷ Id. §§ 51.002(a), (a-1); see also id. § 51.002(h) (requiring a sale to be held on or after the 90th day after the date the commissioners court records a designation of a sale at an area other than an area at the county courthouse).

⁸ See Bonilla, 918 S.W.2d at 21.

⁹ Gov. Greg Abbott Exec. Order GA-28.

¹⁰ Id. at 3 (as amended by Gov. Greg Abbott Proc. of July 2, 2020).

¹¹ Id. at 2.

the CISA Guidance are "[r]esidential and commercial real estate services, including settlement services." ¹²

A court's main objective in construing the law is to give effect to the intent of its provisions.¹³ And there is no better indication of that intent than the words that are chosen.¹⁴ One dictionary defines a "service" as "[w]ork that is done for others as an occupation or business."¹⁵ A periodic foreclosure auction conducted at a courthouse—whether by an officer of the court, an attorney, an auction professional, or another person serving as trustee¹⁶—does not constitute the type of dedicated real estate service work contemplated by the CISA Guidance. Accordingly, we conclude that outdoor foreclosure sales are not exempted from the 10-person attendance limitation imposed by paragraph 5 of Executive Order GA-28.

If a foreclosure sale is subject to, and not exempted from, the 10-person attendance limit imposed in Executive Order GA-28, it should not proceed if one or more willing bidders are unable to participate because of the attendance limit. "[A] sale of real property under a power of sale conferred by a deed of trust or other contract lien must be a public sale at auction held between 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. of the first Tuesday of a month." The purpose of the public sale requirement is to "secure the attendance of purchasers and obtain a fair price for the property." Strict compliance with the Property Code is required for a trustee to properly make a foreclosure sale. If an attendance limit precludes the conduct of a public sale for the purpose of securing sufficient bidders to obtain a fair price, the propriety of a foreclosure auction may be called into question. Accordingly, to the extent attendance at a foreclosure sale is limited to ten or fewer persons, and that limit precludes the attendance of one or more willing bidders who otherwise would have appeared in person, the sale should not go forward as it likely would not comport with the Property Code requirement that the sale be a "public sale."

¹² See Guidance on the Essential Critical Infrastructure Workforce: Ensuring Community and National Resilience in COVID-19 Response, at 16, available at https://www.cisa.gov/sites/default/files/publications/Version_3.1_CISA_Guidance_on_Essential_Critical_Infrastructure_Workers.pdf.
¹³ See Summers, 282 S.W.3d at 437.

¹⁴ See id. ("Where text is clear, text is determinative of that intent.").

¹⁵ Am. Heritage Dictionary (5th ed. 2020), available at https://www.ahdictionary.com/word/search.html?q=service; see also Greater Houston P'ship v. Paxton, 468 S.W.3d 51, 58 (Tex. 2015) (applying an undefined term's ordinary meaning, unless the context of the law in which the term appears suggests a different or more precise definition).

¹⁶ The Texas Property Code does not set forth specific professional requirements for a foreclosure trustee, providing only that "[o]ne or more persons may be authorized to exercise the power of sale under a security instrument." Tex. Prop. Code § 51.007(a).

¹⁷ TEX. PROP. CODE § 51.002(a) (emphasis added).

Reisenberg v. Hankins, 258 S.W. 904, 910 (Tex. Civ. App.—Amarillo 1924, writ dismissed w.o.j.).
 Myrad Props. v. LaSalle Bank Nat'l Assoc., 252 S.W.3d 605, 615 (Tex. App.—Austin 2008), rev'd on

other grounds, 300 S.W.3d 746 (Tex. 2009).

We trust this letter provides you with the advice you were seeking. Please note this letter is not a formal Attorney General opinion under section 402.042 of the Texas Government Code; rather, it is intended only to convey informal legal guidance.

Sincerely;

. Ryan Bangert Deputy First Assistant Attorney General

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