

Multilateral Treaties to be highlighted at the 2014 Treaty Event

Human rights

1. Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social, and Cultural Rights (New York, 10 December 2008)
2. International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of their Families (New York, 18 December 1990)
3. Second Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, aiming at the abolition of the death penalty (New York, 15 December 1989)
4. Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on a communications procedure (New York, 19 December 2011)
5. International Convention for the Protection of all Persons from Enforced Disappearance (New York, 20 December 2006)

Trade, Commercial Arbitration & Transport

6. United Nations Convention on Contracts for the International Sale of Goods (Vienna, 11 April 1980)
7. United Nations Convention on the Assignment of Receivables in International Trade (New York, 12 December 2001)
8. United Nations Convention on the Use of Electronic Communications in International Contracts (New York, 23 November 2005)
9. Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards (New York, 10 June 1958)
10. United Nations Convention on Contracts for the International Carriage of Goods Wholly or Partly by Sea (New York, 11 December 2008)

Terrorism, Criminal matters

11. International Convention for the Suppression of the Financing of Terrorism (New York, 9 December 1999)
12. United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime (New York, 15 November 2000)
13. Protocol to Prevent, Suppress and Punish Trafficking in Persons, Especially Women and Children, supplementing the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime (New York, 15 November 2000)
14. Protocol against the Smuggling of Migrants by Land, Sea and Air, supplementing the United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime (New York, 15 November 2000)
15. United Nations Convention against Corruption (New York, 31 October 2003)
16. International Convention for the Suppression of Acts of Nuclear Terrorism (New York, 13 April 2005)
17. Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court (Rome, 17 July 1998)

Amendment to article 8 of the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court (Kampala, 10 June 2010)

Amendments on the crime of aggression to the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court (Kampala, 11 June 2010)

18. Agreement on the Privileges and Immunities of the International Criminal Court (New York, 9 September 2002)

Law of the Sea

19. United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (Montego Bay, 10 December 1982)
20. Agreement relating to the implementation of Part XI of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 (New York, 28 July 1994)
21. Agreement for the Implementation of the Provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 relating to the Conservation and Management of Straddling Fish Stocks and Highly Migratory Fish Stocks (New York, 4 August 1995)

Disarmament

22. Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons which may be deemed to be Excessively Injurious or to have Indiscriminate Effects (with Protocols I, II and III) (Geneva, 10 October 1980)

Amendment to the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons which may be deemed to be Excessively Injurious or to have Indiscriminate Effects (Geneva, 21 December 2001)
23. Additional Protocol to the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons which may be deemed to be Excessively Injurious or to have Indiscriminate Effects (Protocol IV, Entitled Protocol on Blinding Laser Weapons) (Vienna, 13 October 1995)
24. Protocol on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Mines, Booby-Traps and Other Devices as amended on 3 May 1996 (Protocol II as amended on 3 May 1996) annexed to the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons which may be deemed to be Excessively Injurious or to have Indiscriminate Effects (Geneva, 3 May 1996)
25. Protocol on Explosive Remnants of War to the Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons which may be deemed to be Excessively Injurious or to have Indiscriminate Effects (Protocol V) (Geneva, 28 November 2003)
26. Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and on their Destruction (Geneva, 3 September 1992)
27. Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty (New York, 10 September 1996)
28. Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-Personnel Mines and on their Destruction (Oslo, 18 September 1997)
29. Convention on Cluster Munitions (Dublin, 30 May 2008)
30. Arms Trade Treaty (New York, 2 April 2013)

Environment

31. Basel Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and their Disposal (Basel, 22 March 1989)
32. Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure for Certain Hazardous Chemicals and Pesticides in International Trade (Rotterdam, 10 September 1998)
33. Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (Stockholm, 22 May 2001)
34. Minamata Convention on Mercury (Kumamoto, 10 October 2013)

Privileges and immunities, and the safety of United Nations and associated personnel

35. Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the United Nations (New York, 13 February 1946)
36. Convention on the Privileges and Immunities of the Specialized Agencies (New York, 21 November 1947)
37. United Nations Convention on Jurisdictional Immunities of States and Their Property (New York, 2 December 2004)
38. Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of Crimes against Internationally Protected Persons, including Diplomatic Agents (New York, 14 December 1973)
39. Convention on the Safety of United Nations and Associated Personnel (New York, 9 December 1994)
40. Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Safety of United Nations and Associated Personnel (New York, 8 December 2005)