

Percent of drug poisoning deaths that mention the type of drug(s) involved, by state: 2013–2014

State	Percent of drug poisoning deaths that mention the type of drug(s) involved		Percent change from 2013 to 2014
	2013	2014	
United States	77.9	80.7	3.5
Alabama	40.6	47.7	17.4
Alaska	91.4	90.3	-1.2
Arizona	66.0	71.5	8.4
Arkansas	79.0	73.9	-6.5
California	74.9	77.1	2.9
Colorado	74.8	80.8	7.9
Connecticut	94.7	99.2	4.8
Delaware	86.1	78.3	-9.1
District of Columbia	89.2	96.9	8.6
Florida	72.8	73.8	1.4
Georgia	73.8	82.5	11.8
Hawaii	85.4	82.8	-3.1
Idaho	58.5	63.7	8.9
Illinois	87.2	89.3	2.4
Indiana	46.1	49.9	8.4
Iowa	93.8	93.2	-0.7
Kansas	68.6	73.8	7.6
Kentucky	74.7	77.3	3.4
Louisiana	47.1	48.3	2.5
Maine	95.4	99.1	3.8
Maryland	98.2	97.3	-0.9
Massachusetts	98.6	98.6	0.0
Michigan	69.8	70.3	0.7
Minnesota	80.5	87.6	8.8
Mississippi	45.3	50.3	11.1
Missouri	78.4	82.1	4.7
Montana	73.7	63.2	-14.3
Nebraska	62.4	72.8	16.7
Nevada	94.0	95.6	1.7
New Hampshire	98.0	99.1	1.1
New Jersey	66.7	70.3	5.4
New Mexico	96.1	98.0	2.0
New York	95.5	95.6	0.1
North Carolina	87.3	91.5	4.9
North Dakota	85.0	95.3	12.2
Ohio	83.9	88.4	5.3
Oklahoma	93.4	94.3	1.0
Oregon	93.4	93.1	-0.3
Pennsylvania	49.6	50.3	1.4
Rhode Island	99.2	99.6	0.4
South Carolina	57.7	94.4	63.5
South Dakota	87.3	95.2	9.1
Tennessee	83.3	87.0	4.4
Texas	75.8	76.3	0.7
Utah	96.8	97.7	0.9
Vermont	98.9	98.8	-0.1
Virginia	97.3	97.4	0.1
Washington	95.0	95.8	0.8
West Virginia	99.6	98.6	-1.1
Wisconsin	87.9	90.5	3.0
Wyoming	71.4	71.6	0.2

NOTE: Drug poisoning deaths were defined as deaths with an ICD-10 underlying cause-of-death (UCOD) of X40–X44, X60–X64, X85, or Y10–Y14. The percent of drug poisoning deaths that identify the specific drug(s) involved was determined using information on death certificates. Among drug poisoning deaths, deaths with specified drugs were defined as those including at least one ICD-10 multiple cause-of-death (MCOD) in the range T36–T50.8. In some cases, deaths without a specific drug mentioned on the death certificate may indicate a death involving multiple drug toxicity. The overall drug overdose rate is not impacted by whether the drugs involved are specified.

SOURCE: NCHS, National Vital Statistics System, Multiple Cause Mortality File, 2013–2014.