STATE FOREST LAND SEPA ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST

Purpose of checklist:

Governmental agencies use this checklist to help determine whether the environmental impacts of your proposal are significant. This information is also helpful to determine if available avoidance, minimization or compensatory mitigation measures will address the probable significant impacts or if an environmental impact statement will be prepared to further analyze the proposal.

Instructions for applicants:

This environmental checklist asks you to describe some basic information about your proposal. Please answer each question accurately and carefully, to the best of your knowledge. You may need to consult with an agency specialist or private consultant for some questions. You may use "not applicable" or "does not apply" only when you can explain why it does not apply and not when the answer is unknown. You may also attach or incorporate by reference additional studies reports. Complete and accurate answers to these questions often avoid delays with the SEPA process as well as later in the decision-making process.

Questions in italics are supplemental to Ecology's standard environmental checklist. They have been added by the DNR to assist in the review of state forest land proposals. Adjacency and landscape/watershed-administrative-unit (WAU) maps for this proposal are available on the DNR internet website at http://www.dnr.wa.gov/sepa. These maps may also be reviewed at the DNR regional office responsible for the proposal. This checklist is to be used for SEPA evaluation of state forest land activities.

The checklist questions apply to <u>all parts of your proposal</u>, even if you plan to do them over a period of time or on different parcels of land. Attach any additional information that will help describe your proposal or its environmental effects. The agency to which you submit this checklist may ask you to explain your answers or provide additional information reasonably related to determining if there may be significant adverse impact.

Instructions for Lead Agencies:

Additional information may be necessary to evaluate the existing environment, all interrelated aspects of the proposal and an analysis of adverse impacts. The checklist is considered the first but not necessarily the only source of information needed to make an adequate threshold determination. Once a threshold determination is made, the lead agency is responsible for the completeness and accuracy of the checklist and other supporting documents.

Use of checklist for non-project proposals:

For non-project proposals (such as ordinances, regulations, plans and programs), complete the applicable parts of sections A and B plus the <u>SUPPLEMENTAL SHEET FOR NONPROJECT ACTIONS</u> (part D). Please completely answer all questions that apply and note that the words "project," "applicant," and "property or site" should be read as "proposal," "proponent," and "affected geographic area," respectively. The lead agency may exclude (for non-projects) questions in Part B - Environmental Elements – that do not contribute meaningfully to the analysis of the proposal.

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1. Name of proposed project, if applicable:

Timber Sale Name: SILVER VISTA Agreement #30-106483

2. Name of applicant:

Washington Department of Natural Resources

3. Address and phone number of applicant and contact person:

Pacific Cascade Region PO Box 280 Castle Rock, Washington 98611-0280 360-577-2025

Contact Person: Becky VonDracek

4. Date checklist prepared:

03/14/2024

5. Agency requesting checklist:

Washington Department of Natural Resources

- 6. Proposed timing or schedule (including phasing, if applicable):
 - a. Auction Date:

11/21/2024

b. Planned contract end date (but may be extended):

10/31/2026

c. Phasing:

None

- 7. Do you have any plans for future additions, expansion, or further activity related to or connected with this proposal? If yes, explain.
- \square No, go to question 8.

 \boxtimes Yes, identify any plans under A-7-a through A-7-d:

a. Site Preparation:

Site preparation, including a chemical herbicide application, may be used to ensure that planting can be achieved at acceptable stocking levels to meet or exceed Forest Practices Standards following harvest. Slash piles may be burned during the fall before planting.

b. Regeneration Method:

The Variable Retention Harvest (VRH) units will be hand planted with conifer species following harvest.

c. Vegetation Management:

Possible treatments, including a chemical herbicide application, could occur following harvest. Treatments will be based on vegetation competition and will ensure a free-to-grow status that complies with Forest Practices Standards.

d. Other:

Road maintenance assessments will be conducted and will include periodic ditch and culvert cleanout and grading as necessary.

Rock will be obtained from the L-1211A rock pit for road building and associated forest management activities.

Rock discovered during road construction may be utilized if it meets the rock specifications.

Firewood permits for the sale area may be issued to the public after timber harvest activities are completed.

Extreme Fire Hazard Abatement will be completed to reduce the potential of wildfire hazard in Unit 3 along L-1200 road.

	List any environmental information you know about that has been prepared, or will be prepared,
li	rectly related to this proposal. Note: All documents are available upon request at the DNR Region Office.
	⊠ 303 (d) - listed water body in WAU: Rock Creek and East Fork Lewis River
	⊠ temp
	□ sediment
	☐ completed TMDL (total maximum daily load)
	☐ Landscape plan:
	☐ Watershed analysis:
	☐ Interdisciplinary team (ID Team) report:
	⊠ Road design plan: Included in road plan.
	☐ Wildlife report:
	☐ Wildlife report: ☐ Geotechnical report: ☐ Geotechnical report: ☐ Other specialist report(s): ☐ Other specialist report(s):
	Other specialist report(s):
	☐ Memorandum of understanding (sportsmen's groups, neighborhood associations, tribes, etc.):
	⊠ Rock pit plan: Included in road plan.
	□ Other:

The following analyses, policies, procedures, documents, and data layers directly pertain to or were reviewed as part of this proposal:

- DNR Policies and Implementation
 - o Policy for Sustainable Forests (PSF; 2006a)
 - Final Environmental Impact Statement on the Policy for Sustainable Forests (2006b)
 - Alternatives for the Establishment of a Sustainable Harvest Level for Forested State Trust Lands in Western Washington Final Environmental Impact Statement (2019)
 - Landscape Assessment to Identify and Manage Structurally Complex Stands to Meet Older-Forest Targets in Western Washington (May 2024).
 - Identifying Mature and Old Forests in Western Washington by Robert Van Pelt (2007).
 - o Silvicultural Rotational Prescriptions
 - o Land Resource Manager Reports and associated maps
- DNR Trust Lands Habitat Conservation Plan and Supplemental Information
 - o Final Habitat Conservation Plan (HCP; 1997)
 - Final (Merged) Environmental Impact Statement for the Habitat Conservation Plan (1998)
 - Long-Term Conservation Strategy for the Marbled Murrelet Final Environmental Impact Statement (2019)
 - Final State Trust Lands Habitat Conservation Plan Amendment: Marbled Murrelet Long-term Conservation Strategy
 - o Riparian Forest Restoration Strategy (RFRS; 2006)
 - Spotted Owl Habitat Layer
 - o Marbled Murrelet Habitat Layer
 - WAU Rain-On-Snow GIS Layer and Reports
- Forest Practices Regulations and Compliance
 - o Forest Practices Board Manual
 - Forest Practices Activity Maps
 - o Trust Lands HCP Addendum and Checklist
- Supporting Data for Unstable Slopes Review
 - o State Lands Geologist Remote Review (SLGRR)
 - Landslide Remote Identification Model (LRIM) tool
 - o Forest Practices Statewide Landslide Inventory (LSI) screening tool
- Supporting Data for Cultural Resources Review
 - o Historical Aerial Photographs
 - USGS and GLO maps
 - Department of Archaeology and Historic Preservation database for architectural and archaeological resources and reports (WISAARD)
- Additional Supporting Data for Policy Compliance
 - Weighted Old Growth Habitat Index (WOGHI)
 - State Soil Survey
 - o Stand Development Stage Assessment form for the Silver Vista Timber Sale

Referenced documents may be obtained from the Pacific Cascade Region Office.

9. Do you know whether applications are pending for governmental approvals of other proposals directly affecting the property covered by your proposal? If yes, explain.

10. List any government approvals or permits that will be needed for your proposal, if known.

None known.

⊠ FPA # 2942709	\Box FPHP	Board of Natural Resources Approval
Burning permit	☐ Shoreline permit ☐	
☐ Other:		and at the Region office Jet

11. Give brief, complete description of your proposal, including the proposed uses and the size of the project and site. There are several questions later in this checklist that ask you to describe certain aspects of your proposal. You do not need to repeat those answers on this page. (Lead agencies may modify this

form to include additional specific information on project description.) FPA #294 2709 indicates 125 acres of Everaged Timber Harvest and Right of way Harvest Totaling Approximately 3170 MBF), 5852 Feet of Road Construction, 1522 feet of Road Abandon ment.

Silver Vista is an 8-unit proposal with five Variable Retention Harvest units and two rightof-way units located in the Larch Block. This proposal will utilize both ground and cable Steem Cossing harvesting methods. Approximately 3,169 MBF will be harvested with this proposal. approximate acreage described below.

Unit	Proposal Acres (gross)	RMZ/WMZ Acres	Potentially Unstable Slope Acres	Existing Road Acres (within unit)	Sale Acres	Leave Tree Clump Acres	Net Harvest Acres
1	20	. 9	*0	0	11	2	9
2	31	12	*0	0	19	2	17
3	120	31	*0	0	89	9	80
4	17	7	0	0	10	1	9 .
5	10	5	0	0	5	1	4
6-ROW	<1	0	0	0	<1	0	<1
7-ROW	<1	0	0	0	<1	0	<1
8-ROW	4	0	0	0	4	0	4
Totals	203	64	0	0	139	15	124

^{*}Approximately 10 acres (all within Type 3 or Type 4 RMZ's or leave tree areas) that exhibited indicators of potentially unstable slopes were excluded from harvest activities.

b. Describe the stand of timber pre-harvest (include major timber species and origin date), type of harvest and overall unit objectives.

Pre-harvest Stand Description:

The stage of stand development for the harvest areas within this proposal on the stand level scoring using the Van Pelt guide (Van Pelt 2007) includes biomass accumulation/stem exclusion.

Unit	Origin Date	Major Timber Species	Type of Harvest
1 VRH	1955	Douglas-fir, noble fir, pacific silver fir, red alder	Variable Retention Harvest
2 VRH	1948, 1955	Douglas-fir, noble fir, pacific silver Fir, red alder	Variable Retention Harvest
3 VRH	1948, 1962	Douglas-fir, western hemlock, noble fir, pacific silver fir, red alder	Variable Retention Harvest
4 VRH	1948	Douglas-fir, noble fir, pacific silver fir, red alder	Variable Retention Harvest
5 VRH	1948	Douglas-fir, noble fir, pacific silver fir, red alder	Variable Retention Harvest
6 ROW	1948	Douglas-fir, noble fir, pacific silver fir, red alder	Right-of-Way
7 ROW	1948	Douglas-fir, noble fir, pacific silver fir, red alder	Right-of-Way
8 ROW	2003	Douglas-fir, noble fir	Right-of-Way

Overall Unit Objectives:

The objectives of this proposal are:

1) Produce revenue for the State Forest Board Transfer Trust (01) through the production

of saw logs, poles, and pulp material.

- 2) Provide for wildlife and riparian habitat by developing vertical stand structure and age class variability in the future stand.
- 3) Diversify the ages of stands across the landscape and within rain-on-snow managed subbasins.
- c. Describe planned road activity. Include information on any rock pits that will be used in this proposal. See associated forest practice application (#2942709) for maps and more details.

Type of Activity	How Many	Length (feet) (Estimated)	Acres (Estimated)	Fish Barrier Removals (#)
Construction	/ I	5,852	8	0
Reconstruction		0		0
Maintenance (Pre & Post Haul combined)		0		0
Abandonment		1,322	2	0
Bridge Install/Replace				0
Stream Culvert Install/Replace (fish)	0			0
Stream Culvert Install/Replace (no fish)	2			
Cross-Drain Install/Replace	17			

12. Location of the proposal. Give sufficient information for a person to understand the precise location of your proposed project, including a street address, if any, and section, township, and range, if known. If a proposal would occur over a range of area, provide the range or boundaries of the site(s). Provide a legal description, site plan, vicinity map, and topographic map, if reasonably available. While you should submit any plans required by the agency, you are not required to duplicate maps or detailed plans submitted with any permit applications related to this checklist (See "WAU Map(s)" and "Timber Harvest Unit Adjacency Map(s)" as referenced on the DNR website: http://www.dnr.wa.gov/sepa. Click on the DNR region of this proposal under the Topic "Current SEPA Project Actions - Timber Sales." Proposal documents also available for review at the DNR Region Office.)

a. Legal description:

Units 1, 2, and 3 are in Section 23 of Township 03 North, Range 04 East, W.M.

Units 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7 are in Section 24 of Township 03 North, Range 04 East, W.M.

Unit 8 is located in Section 25 of Township 03 North, Range 04 East, W.M.

The L-1211A Rock Pit is in Section 14 of Township 03 North, Range 04 East, W.M.

- The proposal is located in Clark County. - Jet

b. Distance and direction from nearest town:

This proposal is located approximately 14 miles by road southeast of Yacolt, Washington.

13. Cumulative Effects

a. Briefly describe any known environmental concerns that exist regarding elements of the environment in the associated WAU(s). (See WAC 197-11-444 for what is considered an element of the environment).

This proposal may affect the known elements of the environment to varying degrees including in the following sections: Earth, Soils, Air Quality, Surface/Ground water movement/quantity, quality, runoff/absorption, Plants, Animals, Energy and Natural Resources, Environmental Health, Land and Shoreline use, Aesthetics, Recreation and Cultural Resources.

DNR analyzed carbon sequestration and carbon emissions from projected land management activities within its final environmental impact (FEIS) statement for the 2015-2024 Sustainable Harvest Calculation and the FEIS for the 2019 HCP Long-Term Conservation Strategy for the Marbled Murrelet. At the western Washington scale, land management activities on DNR-managed lands sequester more carbon than emitted. Individual activities, such as this proposal, are likely to emit some greenhouse gases, including CO2; however, at the landscape scale, DNR's sustainable land management activities, including this proposal, sequester more carbon than they emit. Evaluating carbon sequestration at the western Washington scale is appropriate because a determination of net carbon emissions must consider both the carbon sequestered and the carbon emissions from management within the same analysis area (western Washington).

Recognizing the climate and carbon benefits of working forests in Washington's Climate Commitment Act (RCW 70A.45.005), the legislature found that Washington should maintain and enhance the state's ability to continue to sequester carbon through natural and working lands and forest products. Further, "Washington's existing forest products sector, including public and private working forests and the harvesting, transportation, and manufacturing sectors that enable working forests to remain on the land and the state to be a global supplier of forest products, is, according to a University of Washington study analyzing the global warming mitigating role of wood products from Washington's private forests, an industrial sector that currently operates as a significant net sequesterer of carbon. This value, which is only provided through the maintenance of an intact and synergistic industrial sector, is an integral component of the state's contribution to the global climate response and efforts to mitigate carbon emissions." RCW 70A.45.090(1)(a).

The legislature also found that the 2019 Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) report "identifies several measures where sustainable forest management and forest products may be utilized to maintain and enhance carbon sequestration. These include increasing the carbon sequestration potential of forests and forest products by maintaining and expanding the forestland base, reducing emissions from land conversion to non-forest uses, increasing forest resiliency to reduce the risk of carbon releases from disturbances such as wildfire, pest infestation, and disease, and applying sustainable forest management techniques to maintain or enhance forest carbon stocks and forest carbon

sinks, including through the transference of carbon to wood products" (2020 Washington Laws Ch. 120 §1(2)).

DNR is legally required (RCW 79.10.320) to periodically calculate a sustainable harvest level and manages state trust lands sustainably. DNR has also maintained (statewide) a forest management certificate to the Sustainable Forestry Initiative standard since 2006. In managing state trust lands sustainably, DNR sequesters more carbon than it emits while conducting land management activities such as this proposal.

The timber harvested from DNR-managed lands is used to produce climate-smart forest products. The climate impacts of DNR's land management are analyzed in multiple environmental impact statements that have informed the Board of Natural Resources' decisions and are consistent with the IPCC, which states that "[m]eeting society's needs for timber through intensive management of a smaller forest area creates opportunities for enhanced forest protection and conservation in other areas, thus contributing to climate change mitigation."

303 (d) - Temperature

The 303(d) listed streams that are in the Rock Creek WAU are listed as having a completed Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) plan to address impairments due to surface water temperature increases. There should be no impact to listed water, (Rock Creek and East Fork Lewis River) due to the distance from the proposal area (approximately 2 miles downstream and further) and measures designed to address surface water concerns described in this document.

b. Briefly describe existing plans and programs (i.e. the HCP, DNR landscape plans, retention tree plans) and current forest practice rules that provide/require mitigation to protect against potential impacts to environmental concerns listed in question A-13-a.

The Department of Natural Resources has a multi-species Habitat Conservation Plan (HCP) with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the National Marine Fisheries Service concerning threatened and endangered species and their habitats, which requires the Department to manage landscapes to provide and sustain long-term habitat in exchange for an Incidental Take Permit. This agreement substantially helps the Department to mitigate for cumulative effects related to management activities. The Department follows Forest Practices Rules as applicable to roads and potentially unstable slopes. The Department follows Forest Protections related to fire hazard mitigation.

The General Silviculture Strategy (policy) in the Policy for Sustainable Forests emphasized that older forest targets will be accomplished over time and that DNR intends to actively manage structurally complex forests to achieve older-forest structures (i.e, stands with older forests identified by structural characteristics) across 10 to 15 percent of each western Washington HCP planning unit in 70 to 100 years.

In May 2024, the DNR produced a document titled 'Landscape Assessment to Identify and Manage Structurally Complex Stands to Meet Older-Forest Targets in Western Washington'. This document describes the background, historical analyses regarding attainment of older forest conditions in western Washington, and updated data and

modeling analyses showing when the various HCP planning units across western Washington are expected to attain a level of older forest conditions through implementation of the HCP and other conservation objectives, and outlined as targets within the PSF.

This landscape assessment identifies the existing structurally complex stands, and additional stands suitable to be managed for older forest targets over time. The identified stands are located in conservation areas and deferred stands unavailable for regeneration harvest. These stands include areas identified as long-term forest cover under the marbled murrelet long-term conservation strategy, riparian areas, areas conserved under the multispecies conservation strategy, potentially unstable slopes, spotted owl nest patches, old growth, Natural Areas and Natural Resource Conservation Areas, and other conservation areas deferred from regeneration harvest.

The results from the May 2024 landscape assessment, and included in the above-referenced memorandum, show that while the COLUMBIA HCP Planning Unit does not currently contain 10 to 15 percent older forest conditions, it demonstrates that through implementation of the HCP and other Policies and laws, stands containing structurally complex forests or managed for older forest targets in conservation areas is projected to exceed 10 percent in the COLUMBIA HCP Planning Unit by 2090 (Table 1). Stands currently identified to meet older forest targets and stands projected to meet older forest targets are depicted in associated maps within the assessment document for each western Washington HCP planning unit.

Table 1. Percent area western Washington HCP planning units with older-forest stands in conservation areas by decade through 2120. With plot discounts and disturbance factor.

HCP		Year									
Planning Unit	2021	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	2080	2090	2100	2110	2120
COLUMBIA	1.1%	1.2%	1.4%	1.8%	2.6%	4.3%	6.8%	10.1%	14.0%	17.3%	18.9%
N. PUGET	3.2%	3.9%	4.9%	6.2%	7.9%	10.2%	13.2%	16.7%	20.6%	23.9%	25.0%
OESF	10.2%	10.7%	11.0%	11.7%	12.6%	13.9%	16.0%	20.1%	25.0%	28.4%	29.6%
S. COAST	0.2%	0.3%	0.6%	1.2%	2.2%	3.6%	6.0%	8.8%	12.3%	16.0%	18.7%
S. PUGET	1.7%	2.1%	2.7%	3.6%	4.6%	6.1%	8.4%	11.3%	14.4%	17.2%	18.7%
STRAITS	1.8%	2.5%	3.2%	4.3%	5.6%	7.4%	9.9%	12.6%	15.0%	17.9%	19.3%

Additionally, DNR has designated forest stand acreage in each HCP planning unit to meet or exceed the policy's 10% older forest target.

The Silver Vista Timber Sale is not identified as one of those stands designated to meet older-forest targets over time. In the Silver Vista Timber Sale 124 net acres are being harvested, while 79 acres are being conserved from the overall area considered for harvest (38.9% of the proposal area) for potential unstable slopes, riparian and wetland management zones plus leave tree areas that will contribute to older forests over time. Following the timber sale, the variable retention harvest units will be replanted with native,

conifer tree species that will be supplemented by natural regeneration expected to occur as a result of the conservation areas in and around the harvested units.

c. Briefly describe any specific mitigation measures proposed, in addition to the mitigation provided by plans and programs listed under question A-13-b.

This proposal includes specific mitigation measures beyond Habitat Conservation Plan and Forest Practices requirements:

- Extra leave trees were preserved around potentially unstable areas and Type 5 streams in Units 1, 3, and 4.
- Each Type 3 stream RMZ has least one leave tree area adjacent to it, widening the protection area for portions of these streams.

d. Based on the answers in questions A-13-a through A-13-c, is it likely potential impacts from this proposal could contribute to any environmental concerns listed in question A-13-a?

No.

e. Complete the table below with the reasonably foreseeable future activities within the associated WAU(s) (add more lines as needed). Future is generally defined as occurring within the next 7 years. This data was obtained from DNR's Land Resource Manager System on the date of processing this checklist and may be subject to change.

WAU Name	Total WAU Acres	DNR- managed WAU Acres	Acres of DNR proposed even-aged harvest in the future	Acres of DNR proposed unevenaged harvest in the future	Acres of proposed harvest on non-DNR-managed lands currently under active FP permits
ROCK CREEK	21377	16239	561	242	136

Other management activities, such as stand and road maintenance, will likely occur within the associated WAU(s).

B. ENVIRONMENTAL ELEMENTS

1	Transition and	L
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a.	General description of the site (check of	one):
•	☐ Flat, ☐ Rolling, ☐ Hilly, ☒ Ste	ep Slopes, Mountainous, Other:
	1. General description of the associate (landforms, climate, elevations, and	ted WAU(s) or sub-basin(s) within the proposal d forest vegetation zone).
	WAU:	ROCK CREEK
	WAU Acres:	21377

Elevation Range:	614 - 4356 ft.
Mean Elevation:	1726 ft.
Average Precipitation:	77 in./year
Primary Forest Vegetation Zone:	Western Hemlock

2. Identify any difference between the proposal location and the general description of the WAU or sub-basin(s).

This proposal is a representative example of the WAUs at the same elevation and aspect.

b. What is the steepest slope on the site (approximate percent slope)?

- FPA# 294 2709 indicates the Steepest Slope is 9540. - JCT

The estimated steepest slope on the net harvest acres in 71 percent.

c. What general types of soils are found on the site (for example, clay, sand, gravel, peat, muck)? If you know the classification of agricultural soils, specify them and note any agricultural land of long-term commercial significance and whether the proposal results in removing any of these soils.

Note: The following table is created from state soil survey data. It is an overview of general soils information for the soils found in the sale area. The actual soil conditions in the sale area may vary considerably based on land-form shapes, presence of erosive situations, and other factors.

State Soil Survey #	Soil Texture	
4222	V.COBBLY SILT LOAM	
7403	COBBLY LOAM	
4220	V.COBBLY SILT LOAM	

d.	Are there surface indications or history of unstable soils in the immediate vicinity? If so, describe.
	\square No, go to question B-1-e.
	🛮 Yes, briefly describe potentially unstable slopes or landforms in or around the area of the
	proposal site. For further information, see question A-8 for related slope stability documents

and question A-10 for the FPA number(s) associated with this proposal.

Rule identified landforms and potentially unstable slopes were found in and around the sale area and were bounded out of units, protected by leave tree areas, and/or excluded in no-harvest RMZ's. Management will not occur in or over the Rule Identified Landforms and potentially unstable slopes except where the newly constructed L-1200F crosses an inner gorge at station 49+39, a Type 4 stream crossing. Road construction, timber hauling, and road abandonment are scheduled to occur between May 1st and September 30th in the same calendar year. These hazards are evaluated in a geotechnical report prepared by the

State Lands Engineering Geologist/Qualified Expert.

- Gentechnical Reportis Amilable with FPA # 2942709 on FPARS and at the Region Office. - Jet

Cable yarding corridors are planned over Rule Identified landforms and potentially unstable slopes adjacent Rock Creek and Units 1, 2, and 3. After thorough analysis using SkylineXL, a program used to analyze terrain profiles for payloads, line tensions, rigging lengths, and feasibility, it was determined that full suspension of cables will provide clearance above the tree canopy in most locations therefore little impact is expected. This hazard is also evaluated in the geotechnical report prepared by the State Lands Engineering Geologist/Qualified Expert.

A DNR State Lands Engineering Geologist and Qualified Expert remotely reviewed all units of the sale utilizing the review of the historic aerial photographs, Forest Practices Statewide Landslide Inventory Data, LiDAR, and Landslide Remote Identification (LRIM) tool. LRIM is a screening tool that identifies areas of potentially unstable landforms and is derived from Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR) elevation data. The field forester who prepared this proposal is trained in potentially unstable slope identification. The State Lands Engineering Geologist performed field reviews of the site and concurred that the harvest area excluded potentially unstable slopes. As presented in the geotechnical report the State Lands Geologist concluded the slope hazard and risk associated with the road construction through inner gorge are low.

1)	Does the proposal include any management activities proposed on potentially unstable
	slopes or landforms?

\square No	\boxtimes	Yes,	describe	the	proposed	activities:
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Rule identified landforms and potentially unstable slopes were found in and around the sale area and were bounded out of units, protected by leave tree areas, and/or excluded in no-harvest RMZ's. Management will not occur in or over the Rule Identified Landforms and potentially unstable slopes except where the newly constructed L-1200F crosses an inner gorge at station 49+39, a Type 4 stream crossing. Road construction, timber hauling, and road abandonment are scheduled to occur between May 1st and September 30th in the same calendar year. These hazards are evaluated in a geotechnical report prepared by the State Lands Engineering Geologist/Qualified Expert.

- 2) Describe any slope stability protection measures (including sale boundary location, road, and harvest system decisions) incorporated into this proposal.
 - Potentially unstable slopes were identified in Unit 1 and Unit 3 and were
 excluded from the sale area using "Timber Sale Boundary" tags and/or
 "Leave Tree Area" tags. The excluded area totaled approximately 2 acres.
 - Cross-drains and ditch outs will be utilized to minimize the potential for mass wasting and slope failures associated with poor drainage.
 - Most Type 5 headwalls have leave tree clumps protecting them.

- Full suspension will be required on all yarding activities.
- e. Describe the purpose, type, total area, and approximate quantities and total affected area of any filling, excavation, and grading proposed. Indicate source of fill.

Purpose: Removal of forest products

Approx. acreage new roads: 8

Approx. acreage new landings: <1 Acre

Fill Source: Native material and rock from the L-1211A Rock Pit.

- FPA# 2942709, indicates 5852 Feet of Forest
Road Construction, 1322 Feet of Road Abandonment,
Z Non Fish Stream crossings, O. Saures of Rock pit
Development and ZO, SO Cubic Yards of Spoils.

f. Could erosion occur because of clearing, construction, or use? If so, generally describe.

Yes. Some erosion could occur because of building new roads, installing culverts, and hauling timber.

g. About what percent of the site will be covered with impervious surfaces after project construction (for example, asphalt or buildings)? Approximate percent of proposal in permanent road running surface (includes gravel roads):

Approximately 5% of the site will remain as gravel roads and landings.

- h. Proposed measures to reduce or control erosion, or other impacts to the earth, if any: (Include protection measures for minimizing compaction or rutting.)

 Protection measures to reduce erosion associated with roads:
 - · Roads were located on ridge-tops where possible.
 - Areas of soil exposed through road construction will be re-vegetated.
 - Roads will be constructed during dry weather conditions.
 - Sediment control measures will be used as necessary during active haul to prevent sediment delivery into typed waters.
 - Timing restrictions or temporary shutdown will be used as necessary during active haul to prevent sediment delivery to typed water.
 - Cross drains and ditch-outs will be utilized to minimize the potential for mass wasting and slope failures associated with poor drainage.

Protection measures to reduce erosion associated with harvest operations:

- Harvested areas will be replanted with conifer tree species to reestablish root bound soils.
- The proposal will be harvested utilizing full suspension to minimize soils disturbance.
- Leave trees were strategically placed around the headwalls of most Type 5 streams to minimize disturbance.

- A cliff encompassing <1 acres is located within Unit 5 and is protected within a
 leave tree clump bounded by white "Timber Harvest Boundary" tags. To
 protect the feature's integrity and ecological function, all activities will be
 excluded from occurring immediately surrounding the cliff.
- No-harvest RMZs will function to protect streams from sediment delivery.
- Skid trails will be water barred post-harvest, as necessary.
- Skid trails will be revegetated post-harvest, as necessary.

2. Air

a. What types of emissions to the air would result from the proposal during construction, operation, and maintenance when the project is completed? If any, generally describe and give approximate quantities if known.

Minor amounts of engine exhaust from logging and road construction equipment and dust from vehicle traffic on roads will be emitted during proposed activities. If landing debris is burned after harvest is completed, smoke will be generated. There will be no emissions once the proposal is complete.

Harvest operations and the removal of timber will result in minor amounts of CO2 emissions from the direct proposal site. See A.13.a. for details regarding completed analyses of carbon emissions and sequestration on DNR-managed lands in western Washington.

b. Are there any off-site sources of emissions or odor that may affect your proposal? If so, generally describe.

Carbon dioxide emissions associated with harvested wood products are analyzed in Alternatives for the Establishment of a Sustainable Harvest Level Final Environmental Impact Statement (2019) and the Long-Term Conservation Strategy for the Marbled Murrelet Final Environmental Impact Statement (2019).

c. Proposed measures to reduce or control emissions or other impacts to air, if any:

If landing debris is burned, it will be in accordance with Washington State's Smoke Management Plan. A burn permit will be obtained before burning occurs.

Following harvest, native tree species will be planted on site at a level higher than existed prior to harvest resulting in regeneration of the forest stand and initiating carbon sequestration through forest stand growth.

3. Water

- a. Surface Water:
 - 1) Is there any surface water body on or in the immediate vicinity of the site (including year-round and seasonal streams, saltwater, lakes, ponds, wetlands)? If

yes, describe type and provide names. If appropriate, state what stream or river it flows into. (See "WAU Map(s)" and "Timber Harvest Unit Adjacency Map(s)" as referenced on the DNR website: http://www.dnr.wa.gov/sepa. Click on the DNR region of this proposal under the Topic "Current SEPA Project Actions - Timber Sales." Proposal documents also available for review at the DNR Region Office.)

□ No ⊠ Yes, describe in 3-a-1-a through 3-a-1-c below

a. Downstream water bodies:

Rock Creek, East Fork Lewis River, Lewis River, and Columbia River

b. Complete the following riparian & wetland management zone table:

Wetland, Stream, Lake, Pond, or Saltwater Name (if any)	Water Type	Number (how many?)	Avg RMZ/WMZ Width in feet (per side for streams)
Rock Creek	3	1	157
Rock Creek	4	1	100
Unnamed Stream	. 4	11	100
Unnamed Stream	5	9	NA

c. List any additional RMZ/WMZ protection measures including silvicultural prescriptions, road-related RMZ/WMZ protection measures and wind buffers.

Leave trees were located around most Type 5 streams. Trees will be felled away from streams where possible.

Wind buffers were not applied to this proposal. Wind buffers were not utilized because the streams were either less than 5 feet wide or due to a low potential for blowdown resulting from topographical sheltering from prevailing winds, as evidenced by an absence of significant riparian blowdown in recent years.

RMZs are no-harvest riparian buffers. Trees within RMZs may be cut for safety or operational needs, any trees cut will be left in placed adding to down woody debris within riparian zones.

Buffers on all streams and wetlands in the vicinity of this proposal meet the requirements of the DNR Habitat Conservation Plan.

A portion of the right of way units are located within two separate Type 4 RMZ's. The width of this right of way was minimized to reduce impact to the RMZ. Right of way debris and organic matter waste areas are prohibited within 50 feet of streams and wetlands.

The L-1200F road, a temporary road, will be built through two Type 4 RMZ's and culverts will be installed at station 49+39 and station 56+41.

Type 5 streams may have tail hold cables strung over them and/or timber yarded across them with lead-end suspension. Type 3 and 4 streams may have tail hold cable suspended over them; however, no timber will be yarded through Type 4 streams. Timber harvest may occur as close as 100-feet (required minimum RMZ width) adjacent to Type 4 streams in the proposal area. Timber harvest may occur within approximately 157 feet (required minimum RMZ width) on Type 3 streams.

Skid trails within the units may be water barred.

waters? If yes, please describe and attach available plans.
□ No
☐ Yes (See RMZ/WMZ table above and timber sale maps which are available on the DNR website: http://www.dnr.wa.gov/sepa . Timber sale maps are also available at the
DNR region office.)
Description (include culverts):

2) Will the project require any work over, in, or adjacent to (within 200 feet) the described

Timber harvest may occur within approximately 157 feet (required average RMZ width) to the Type 3 streams adjacent to all units. Timber harvest may occur as close as 100 feet (required minimum RMZ width) to all Type 4 streams in the proposal area.

Trees may be cut in RMZs for safety or operational needs but will be left in place to provide large woody debris functions in the riparian area. The only exception is in the Unit 6 (ROW) and Unit 7 (ROW) along the L-1200E road, where timber will be removed. Trees will be felled away from all streams.

Tail hold cables may be strung through the Type 3 and Type 4 RMZs, however, no timber will be yarded through them.

Type 5 streams may have tail hold cables strung over them and/or timber yarded across them. Full suspension is required across all Type 5 streams.

17 culvert installations will occur along the L-1200F road at stations 0+40 (18"x 52'), 5+20 (18"x 34') and 10+18 (18"x 30'), 14+98 (18"x 30'), 18+31 (24"x 32'), 22+05 (18"x 34'), 26+00 (18"x 30'), 28+40 (24"x 30'), 35+80 (24"x 30'), 37+00 (18"x 30'), 38+71 (18"x 32'), 40+00 (24"x 30'), 44+16 (18"x 34'), 48+56 (18"x 38'), 50+21 (18"x 38'), 55+64 (18"x 38'), 57+24 (18"x 36').

Temporary Crossings:

Two temporary Type 4 crossings will be utilized along the L-1200F road at stations 49+39 and 56+41.

3) Estimate the amount of fill and dredge material that would be placed in or removed from surface water or wetlands and indicate the area of the site that would be affected. Indicate the source of fill material.

There will be approximately 236 cubic yards of fill material placed for the crossing(s). The source will be native material and/or rock from the existing L-1211A Pit. These crossing(s) and fill material will be removed upon completion of harvest activities and abandonment of these fill(s).

There will be approximately 236 cubic yards of fill material removed from the crossing(s). Removed fill will be placed in accordance with the Road Prism Waste Detail. Fill material will be removed once temporary crossing(s) have been removed.

4) Will the proposal require surface water withdrawals or diversions? Give general description, purpose, and approximate quantities if known. (Include diversions for passage culvert installation.)					
	□ No ⊠ Yes, description:				
	Temporary diversion may be necessary for culvert installation and removal in Type 4 streams along the L-1200F road at stations 49+39 and 56+41. This activity will include creating a check dam and diverting the water around the work area to prevent sediment delivery to typed water. Water will be returned to the original stream channel at the best possible location.				
5)	Does the proposal lie within a 100-year floodplain? If so, note location on the site plan.				
	□ No ⊠ Yes, describe activity and location:				
	Yes, Unit 6 and 7-ROW along the L-1200F Rd. The new construction will be parallel the stream from +/- 100 feet (at the C1 and C2 crossing) and will cut into the 100-foot RMZ. The area of encroachment will be approximately 0.8 acres.				
6)	Does the proposal involve any discharges of waste materials to surface waters? If so, describe the type of waste and anticipated volume of discharge.				
	No.				
7)	Is there a potential for eroded material to enter surface water as a result of the proposal considering the protection measures incorporated into the proposal's design?				
	□ No ⊠ Yes, describe:				
	Soils and terrain susceptible to surface erosion are generally located on slopes steeper than 70%. The potential for eroded material to enter surface water is minimized due to the erosion control measures and operational procedures outlined in B-1-h.				
8)	What are the approximate road miles per square mile in the associated WAU(s)?				
	ROCK CREEK = 4.5 (mi./sq. mi.)				

9)	Are there forest roads or ditches within the associated WAU(s) that deliver surface water to streams, rather than back to the forest floor?				
	□ No	⊠ Yes, describe:			
	and delive	ole some roads or road ditches within the WAU intercept sub-surface flow r surface water to streams, however current road work standards will be at address this issue by installing cross-drains to deliver ditch water to st floors.			
10,	(accelerate	dence of changes to channels associated with peak flows in the proposal area and aggradations, surface erosion, mass wasting, decrease in large organic D), change in channel dimensions)?			
	□ No				
	result of neevents. Chechannels a	vidence of changes to channels across the WAU(s). These changes are a atural events such as spring runoff from snowmelt and significant storm annel migration, scouring, and deposition of material can be seen in cross the WAU(s); this indicates those channels historically experience ter levels and peak flows			
11,		any anticipated contributions to peak flows resulting from this proposal's which could impact areas downstream or downslope of the proposal area.			
	flows, include the road not riparian b	osal utilizes mitigation measures designed to minimize changes in peak uding limiting harvest size and proximity to recent harvests, minimizing etwork, road drainage that is disconnected from streams, and wide uffers. Due to these mitigation measures, no significant changes to peak expected due to this proposal.			
12,		vater resource (public, domestic, agricultural, hatchery, etc.), or area of slope downstream or downslope of the proposed activity?			
	⊠ No	☐ Yes, describe the water resource(s):			
	There are proposal.	no known downstream or downslope resources within one mile of the			
		ly a water resource or an area of slope instability listed in B-3-12 (above) will by changes in amounts, quality or movements of surface water as a result of al?			
	⊠ No	☐ Yes, describe possible impacts:			
13)	Describe a	ny protection measures, in addition to those required by other existing plans			

and programs (i.e. the HCP, DNR landscape plans) and current forest practice rules

included in this proposal that mitigate potential negative effects on water quality and peak flow impacts.

None, beyond what is required by Forest Practices and the HCP.

See B-1-h for additional protection in place for this proposal.

b. Ground Water:

1) Will groundwater be withdrawn from a well for drinking water or other purposes? If so, give a general description of the well, proposed uses and approximate quantities withdrawn from the well. Will water be discharged to groundwater? Give general description, purpose, and approximate quantities if known.

No water will be withdrawn or discharged.

2) Describe waste material that will be discharged into the ground from septic tanks or other sources, if any (for example: Domestic sewage; industrial, containing the following chemicals: agricultural; etc.). Describe the general size of the system, the number of such systems, the number of houses to be served (if applicable), or the number of animals or humans the system(s) are expected to serve.

None.

3)	Is there a water resource use (public, domestic, agricultural, hatchery, etc.), or area of slope instability, <u>downstream or downslope</u> of the proposed activity?				
	⊠ No	☐ Yes, describe:			
	There are no known downstream or downslope resources within one mile of the proposal.				
	a. Is it likely a water resource or an area of slope instability listed in B-3-b-3 (above) could be affected by changes in amounts, timing, or movements of groundwater as a result this proposal?				
	⊠ No	☐ Yes, describe possible impacts:			
Note protection measures, if any:					

- c. Water runoff (including stormwater):
 - 1) Describe the source of runoff (including storm water) and method of collection and disposal, if any (include quantities, if known). Where will this water flow? Will this water flow into other waters? If so, describe.

Water runoff, including storm water, from road surfaces will be collected by roadside ditches and diverted onto the forest floor via ditch-outs and cross drain

		culverts.
	2	Could waste materials enter ground or surface waters? If so, generally describe.
		□ No ⊠ Yes, describe:
		Waste materials, such as sediment or slash, may enter surface water.
		Note protection measures, if any:
		No additional protection measures will be necessary to protect these resources beyond those described in B-1-d-2, B-1-h, B-3-a-2, and B-3-a-13.
	3	Does the proposal alter or otherwise affect drainage patterns in the vicinity of the site? If so, describe.
		No significant changes to drainage patterns are expected.
		osed measures to reduce or control surface, ground, and runoff water, and drainage pattern ets, if any:
		surface water, ground water, and water runoff sections above, questions B-3-a-1-c, B-3-6, B-3-b-3, and B-3-c-2.
4.	Plants	
	a. Chec	k the types of vegetation found on the site:
	⊠ De	ciduous tree:
		Alder Aspen Birch Cottonwood Maple Western Larch
	\boxtimes	Other: bitter cherry
	⊠ Eve	ergreen tree:
,	$\boxtimes I$	Douglas-Fir \square Engelmann Spruce \square Grand Fir \square Lodgepole Pine
	\square Λ	Mountain Hemlock 🛭 Noble Fir 🖾 Pacific Silver Fir 🗀 Ponderosa Pine
		Sitka Spruce 🛮 Western Hemlock 🖾 Western Redcedar 🗆 Yellow Cedar
		Other:
	⊠ Shr	ubs:
	\boxtimes	Huckleberry \square Rhododendron \boxtimes Salmonberry \boxtimes Salal
	\boxtimes	Other: hazelnut, Oregon grape, ninebark
	⊠ Fer	ns
	⊠ Gra	nss ———————————————————————————————————
	☐ Pas	ture
	☐ Cro	p or Grain
		Orchards 🗆 Vineyard 🗆 Other Permanent Crops
	⊠ We	t Soil Plants:

 \boxtimes

 \square Bullrush \square Buttercup \square Cattail \boxtimes Devil's Club \boxtimes Skunk Cabbage

□ Other:

Water plants:
□ Eelgrass □ Milfoil □ Water Lily
□ Other: water parsley
□ Other types of vegetation:
□ Plant communities of concern:
□ Plant communities of concern:

b. What kind and amount of vegetation will be removed or altered? (Also see answers to questions A-11-a, A-11-b and B-3-a-2).

All conifer and hardwood trees will be removed as part of this proposal, except for wildlife leave trees, green recruitment trees and the vegetation within RMZs/WMZs. Understory vegetation will be disturbed and/or reduced within the proposed harvest area as a result of timber felling, bucking, yarding and site preparation activities.

1) Describe the species, age, and structural diversity of the timber types immediately adjacent to the removal area. (See "WAU Map(s)" and "Timber Harvest Unit Adjacency Map(s)" on the DNR website: http://www.dnr.wa.gov/sepa. Click on the DNR region of this proposal under the Topic "Current SEPA Project Actions - Timber Sales." Proposal documents also available for review at the DNR Region Office.)

Unit 1:

North is a 17-year-old and a 43-year-old conifer stand on private property South and East are a 69-year-old conifer stand

West is a 39-year-old and a 55-year-old conifer stand on private property

West is a 39-year-old and a 55-year-old conifer stand on private property Unit 2:

North is a 37-year-old and a 49-year-old conifer stand on private property

South is a 35-year-old and a 52-year-old conifer stand

East is a 23-year-old and a 54-year-old conifer stand

West is a 35-year-old and a 59-year-old conifer stand

Unit 3:

North is a 43-year-old conifer stand

South is a 36-year-old conifer stand

East is a 54-year-old conifer stand

West is a 19-year-old and a 52-year-old conifer stand on private property

North is a 40-year-old and a 60-year-old conifer stand

South is a 39-year-old and a 60-year-old conifer stand

East is a 34-year-old and a 49-year-old conifer stand on private property

West is a 64-year-old conifer stand

Unit 5:

North is a 60-year-old conifer stand

South is a 38-year-old and a 57-year-old conifer stand

East is a 40-year-old and 50-year-old conifer stand on private property

West is a 63-year-old conifer stand

Unit 8 ROW:

North is a 43-year-old conifer stand

South, East, and West are a 21-year-old conifer stand L-1211A Rock Pit:

North is a 19-year-old conifer stand South is a 1-year-old conifer stand East is a 22-year-old conifer stand West is a 19-year-old conifer stand

c. List threatened and endangered plant species known to be on or near the site.

TSU Number	Common Name	Federal Listing Status	State Listing Status
SILVER VISTA U5	Clackamas corydalis	None	Threatened
Retention tree of selected for their seed source for native species we protect snag, later the seed source snag, later the seed snag, later the	e site, if any: clumps are identified across r species diversity of native native overstory and under ill occur on site after harve rge down logs, and potentia en tops, dominant crowns, le	the harvest area. Some clum flora. These clumps will prostory species. Some natural st. Wildlife trees were left in lly unstable slopes. Trees wi arge diameters and large lim	nps were ovide a local regeneration of areas to th defects such

e. List all noxious weeds and invasive species known to be on or near the site.

Himalayan blackberry has been found on the site.

5. Animals

a.

<u>List</u> any birds and <u>other</u> animals or unique habitats which have the site or are known to be on or near the site. Examples including	
birds:	- Cilla Garles are with
\square eagle \boxtimes hawk \square heron \square owls \boxtimes songbirds	- Golden Eagles are within the Vicinity. Jet
⊠ other: Raven	the VicinityJET
mammals:	·
☑ other: Mountain beaver and hare	
fish:	
□ bass □ herring □ salmon □ shellfish □ trout	
□ other:	
amphibians/reptiles:	
\square frog \square lizard \square salamander \square snake \square turtle	
\Box other:	
unique habitats:	
□ balds □ caves ⋈ cliffs □ mineral springs □ oak woodle	ands 🛮 talus slopes
□ other:	•
Li odici.	

b. List any threatened and endangered species known to be on or near the site (include federal- and state-listed species).

-FPRAM Cluck Confirms No conflict with T+E Animal Species. -Jet

None found in corporate database

c. Is the site part of a migration route? If so, explain.

 $igtriangleq Pacific flyway \qquad \Box Other migration route:$ Explain:

All of Washington State is considered part of the Pacific Flyway. No significant impacts are anticipated as a result of this proposal.

d. Proposed measures to preserve or enhance wildlife, if any:

This sale has been designed to comply with the Department's State Lands HCP and provides for the protection of wildlife and their habitats. Scattered and clumped leave trees provide nesting, roosting and foraging areas for avian species. Well engineered and constructed roads reduce the potential water quality impacts for downstream fish populations. Revegetating exposed soils aids water quality and provides forage for ungulates. Large diameter leave trees, and leave trees with unique structure will remain post-harvest to enhance the wildlife habitat value of the future stand.

1) Note existing or proposed protection measures, if any, for the complete proposal described in question A-11.

Species /Habitat: Upland Protection Measures:

- A minimum of eight leave trees per acre were left clumped and scattered.
- Older large woody debris will be left on site.
- Snags will be left where operationally feasible.

Species /Habitat: Riparian

Protection Measures:

- No harvest Type 3 RMZ's
- No harvest Type 4 RMZ's with the exception of Unit 6 ROW and Unit 7 ROW
- e. List any invasive animal species known to be on or near the site.

None were observed on the site.

6. Energy and natural resources

a. What kinds of energy (electric, natural gas, oil, wood stove, solar) will be used to meet the completed project's energy needs? Describe whether it will be used for heating, manufacturing, etc. Petroleum fuel (diesel or gasoline) will be used for heavy equipment during active road building, timber harvest operations, and for transportation. No energy sources will be needed following project completion.

b. Would your project affect the potential use of solar energy by adjacent properties? If so, generally describe.

No.

c. What kinds of energy conservation features are included in the plans of this proposal? List other proposed measures to reduce or control energy impacts, if any:

None.

7. Environmental health

a. Are there any environmental health hazards, including exposure to toxic chemicals, risk of fire and explosion, spill, or hazardous waste that could occur as a result of this proposal?

If so, describe.

- Any Hazardous or toxic spill that occurs or contamination that is Discovered will be reported

Minimal hazards incidental to operation of heavy machinery. These include the risk of fire or small amounts of oil and other lubricants being accidentally discharged.

Slash accumulation from harvest operations will temporarily increase risk of ground fire in dried slash. Fire hazard will be mitigated through implementation of WAC-332-24. Overall risk of fire will decrease within 2-3 years of harvest completion.

1) Describe any known or possible contamination at the site from present or past uses.

None known.

2) Describe existing hazardous chemicals/conditions that might affect project development and design. This includes underground hazardous liquid and gas transmission pipelines located within the project area and in the vicinity.

None known.

 Describe any toxic or hazardous chemicals that might be stored, used, or produced during the project's development or construction, or at any time during the operating life of the project.

Petroleum-based fuel and lubricants may be used and stored on site during the operating life of this project.

4) Describe special emergency services that might be required.

The Department of Natural Resources, private, and fire protection district suppression crews may be needed in case of wildfire. In the event of personal

injuries, emergency medical services may be required. Hazardous material spills may require Department of Ecology and/or county assistance.

5) Proposed measures to reduce or control environmental health hazards, if any:

No petroleum-based products will be disposed of on site. If a spill occurs, containment and cleanup will be required. Spill kits are required to be onsite during all heavy equipment operations.

The cessation of operations may occur during periods of increased fire risk. Fire tools and equipment, including pump trucks and/or pump trailers, as per WAC-332-24, Forest Protection requirements, will be required on site during fire season.

NOTE: If contamination of the environment is suspected, the proponent must contact the Department of Ecology.

b. Noise

1) What types of noise exist in the area which may affect your project (for example: traffic, equipment, operation, other)?

None.

2) What types and levels of noise would be created by or associated with the project on a short-term or a long-term basis (for example: traffic, construction, operation, other)? Indicate what hours noise would come from the site.

There will be short term, low level and high level noise created by the use of harvesting equipment and hauling operations within the proposal area. This type of noise has been historically present in this geographical area.

3) Proposed measures to reduce or control noise impacts, if any:

None.

8. Land and shoreline use

a. What is the current use of the site and adjacent properties? Will the proposal affect current land uses on nearby or adjacent properties? If so, describe. (Site includes the complete proposal, e.g. rock pits and access roads.)

Current use of site and adjacent land types:

Most land surrounding all units are managed for timber production by the DNR. The private property adjacent to Units 1, 2, and 3 are managed for timber production. Federal forest lands are adjacent to Units 4 and 5.

This proposal will not change the use of or affect the current/long term land use of areas associated with this sale.

b. Has the project site been used as working farmlands or working forest lands? If so, describe. How much agricultural or forest land of long-term commercial significance will be converted to other uses as a result of the proposal, if any? If resource lands have not been designated, how many acres in farmland or forest land tax status will be converted to nonfarm or nonforest use?

This proposal site has been used as working forest lands. This proposal will retain the site in working forest lands.

1) Will the proposal affect or be affected by surrounding working farm or forest land normal business operations, such as oversize equipment access, the application of pesticides, tilling, and harvesting? If so, how:

No.

c. Describe any structures on the site.

None.

d. Will any structures be demolished? If so, what?

No.

e. What is the current zoning classification of the site?

All units are zoned as commercial forest.

- f. What is the current comprehensive plan designation of the site?

 The comprehensive plan designation is resource lands, forest for long term significance.
- g. If applicable, what is the current shoreline master program designation of the site?

Not applicable.

h. Has any part of the site been classified as a critical area by the city or county? If so, specify.

No.

- i. Approximately how many people would reside or work in the completed project? None.
- j. Approximately how many people would the completed project displace?

None.

k. Proposed measures to avoid or reduce displacement impacts, if any:

Does not apply.

1. Proposed measures to ensure the proposal is compatible with existing and projected land uses and plans, if any:

This project is consistent with current comprehensive plans and zoning classifications.

m. Proposed measures to ensure the proposal is compatible with nearby agricultural and forest lands of long-term commercial significance, if any:

None.

9. Housing

a. Approximately how many units would be provided, if any? Indicate whether high, middle, or low-income housing.

Does not apply.

b. Approximately how many units, if any, would be eliminated? Indicate whether high, middle, or low-income housing.

Does not apply.

c. Proposed measures to reduce or control housing impacts, if any:

None.

10. Aesthetics

a. What is the tallest height of any proposed structure(s), not including antennas; what is the principal exterior building material(s) proposed?

Does not apply.

b. What views in the immediate vicinity would be altered or obstructed?

This proposal will resemble previous timber harvest in the area. Views will change from a stand of mature timber to that of a recent harvest. Standing timber in leave tree areas, scattered and single leave tree clumps, RMZs and WMZs will create a visual mosaic against the harvested areas. With planted units and passing time, forest cover will gradually increase.

1) Is this proposal visible from a residential area, town, city, recreation site, major transportation route or designated scenic corridor (e.g., county road, state or interstate highway, US route, river or Columbia Gorge SMA)?

	\square No \boxtimes Yes, name of the location, transportation route or scenic corridor:	
	Units will be visible from the Tarbell Trail and the Grouse Vista Trail.	
	2) How will this proposal affect any views described above?	
	Since the majority of the landscape in this area is used for timber production (public and private), this proposal will generally blend in with the surrounding landscape. In addition, the HCP retention tree plan will aid in mitigating the visual effects of the regeneration harvest. There will be no harvest RMZ's.	ıg
c.	Proposed measures to reduce or control aesthetic impacts, if any:	
	Eight leave trees per acre were clumped and scattered throughout the stand to maintain structural diversity.	
11. Li	ght and glare	
a.	What type of light or glare will the proposal produce? What time of day would it mainl occur?	у
	None.	
b.	Could light or glare from the finished project be a safety hazard or interfere with views	?
	No.	
c.	What existing off-site sources of light or glare may affect your proposal?	
	None.	

d. Proposed measures to reduce or control light and glare impacts, if any:

None.

12. Recreation

a. What designated and informal recreational opportunities are in the immediate vicinity?

The Tarbell Trail and Grouse Vista Trail are located within the immediate vicinity of this proposed activity. Several other dispersed outdoor recreation activities take place in the area, such as: hunting, hiking, mountain biking, horseback riding, berry and mushroom picking.

b. Would the proposed project displace any existing recreational uses? If so, describe.

There may be some disruptions to recreational use during periods of road building, harvesting, and hauling.

c. Proposed measures to reduce or control impacts on recreation, including recreation opportunities to be provided by the project or applicant, if any:

The affected portions of the Tarbell trail will be posted with signs to inform trail users of the activity. Portions of the trail that are affected will be closed. The trail will reopen once it has been cleared of debris and any restoration work has been completed. The Region Recreation Manager was notified of the future activity and will be kept informed on start dates for this proposal when in proximity to the affected Tarbell Trail.

Special Conditions Applying to the Tarbell Trail:

- Warning signs will be required and posted where yarding activity takes place within 200 feet of designated trails.
- The trail will be repaired to pre-harvest conditions within 15 days of completion of harvest activities.
- No tops, limbs or other slash shall be left within 25 feet of either side of the
- No operations shall occur on weekends or State recognized holidays.

a. Are there any buildings, structures, or sites, located on or near the site that are over 45

13. Historic and cultural preservation

a.	years old listed in or eligible for listing in national, state, or local preservation registers? If
	years old listed in or eligible for listing in national, state, or local preservation registers? If so, specifically describe. - PRAM, USGS Historical was Confirm No Conflict with Historical sites or
	Yes. Site CL01560 No conflict per DAHP Email Resources JCT Daked 8/01/2024JCT
	Are there any landmarks, features, or other evidence of Indian or historic use or occupation? This may include human burials or old cemeteries. Are there any material evidence, artifacts, or areas of cultural importance on or near the site? Please list any professional studies conducted at the site to identify such resources. The AM, US65 H. sforical maps, and ELO maps check confirm No
	professional studies conducted at the site to identify such resources. Yes. A site eligible for listing in state and national registers was identified and or Cultural Sites or Resources. The August Sites or Resources.
C	Describe the methods used to assess the potential impacts to cultural and historic resources

on or near the project site. Examples include consultation with tribes and the department of archeology and historic preservation, archaeological surveys, historic maps, GIS data, etc.

The area was accessed by a DNR Cultural Resource Technician and State Lands Archeologist, reviewing historic maps and recorded cultural resources. Timber Sale layout was conducted by a forester trained in Cultural Resource Identification.

A field survey was conducted by a Department archaeologist and a new site was documented (B.13.a.). The site was excluded from the sale area and protected within a leave tree clump. Tribal outreach was conducted to alert associated tribes of the project.

d. Proposed measures to avoid, minimize, or compensate for loss, changes to, and disturbance to resources. Please include plans for the above and any permits that may be required.

The site discussed in B.13.a. was bound out of the proposed harvest area and will not be disturbed.

If presently-unknown skeletal remains, cultural resources, or both become known during project operations, DNR will comply with the Discovery of Skeletal Remains or Cultural Resources procedure.

14. Transportation

a. Identify public streets and highways serving the site or affected geographic area and describe proposed access to the existing street system. Show on site plans, if any.

State route 503 to Rock Creek Rd, to Lucia Falls Rd, to Sunset Falls Rd, to 312th Ave, to Dole Valley Rd, to the L-1000, to the L-1200 which provides access to the harvest units from the north.

State Route 14 to Washougal River Rd, to Hughes Rd, the Skamania Mines Rd, to the L-1200 which provides access to the harvest units from the south.

b. Is the site or affected geographic area currently served by public transit? If so, generally describe. If not, what is the approximate distance to the nearest transit stop?

No. Nearest transit spot is approximately 24 miles away.

c. Will the proposal require any new or improvements to existing roads, streets, pedestrian, bicycle or state transportation facilities, not including driveways? If so, generally describe (indicate whether public or private).

-FPA # 294 2 709 indicates 5852 feet of Forest Road Construction, 1322 feet of

Yes, see A-11-c.

1) How does this proposal impact the overall transportation system/circulation in the surrounding area and any existing safety problem(s), if at all?

This project will have minimal to no additional impacts on the overall transportation system in the area.

Abandon went and Z Non fish Temporary

Culvert installations. - Jet

d. Will the project or proposal use (or occur in the immediate vicinity of) water, rail, or air transportation? If so, generally describe.

		No.				
	e.	How many vehicular trips per day would be generated by the completed project or proposal? If known, indicate when peak volumes would occur and what percentage of the volume would be trucks (such as commercial and non-passenger vehicles). What data or transportation models were used to make these estimates?				
		Approximately 10 to 15 truck trips per day while the operation is active. Peak volumes would occur during the yarding and loading activities between 4:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. of the operating period. The completed project will generate less than one vehicular trip per day. Estimates are based on the observed harvest traffic of past projects.				
	f.	Will the proposal interfere with, affect or be affected by the movement of agricultural and forest products on roads or streets in the area? If so, generally describe.				
		No.				
	g.	Proposed measures to reduce or control transportation impacts, if any:				
		None.				
15.	P	Public services				
	a.	Would the project result in an increased need for public services (for example: fire protection, police protection, public transit, health care, schools, other)? If so, generally describe.				
		No.				
	b.	Proposed measures to reduce or control direct impacts on public services, if any.				
		None.				
16.	U	tilities				
		Check utilities currently available at the site: electricity □ natural gas □ water □ refuse service □ telephone □ sanitary sewer septic system □ other:				
	No	one.				
	b.	Describe the utilities that are proposed for the project, the utility providing the service, and the general construction activities on the site or in the immediate vicinity which might				

be needed.

None.

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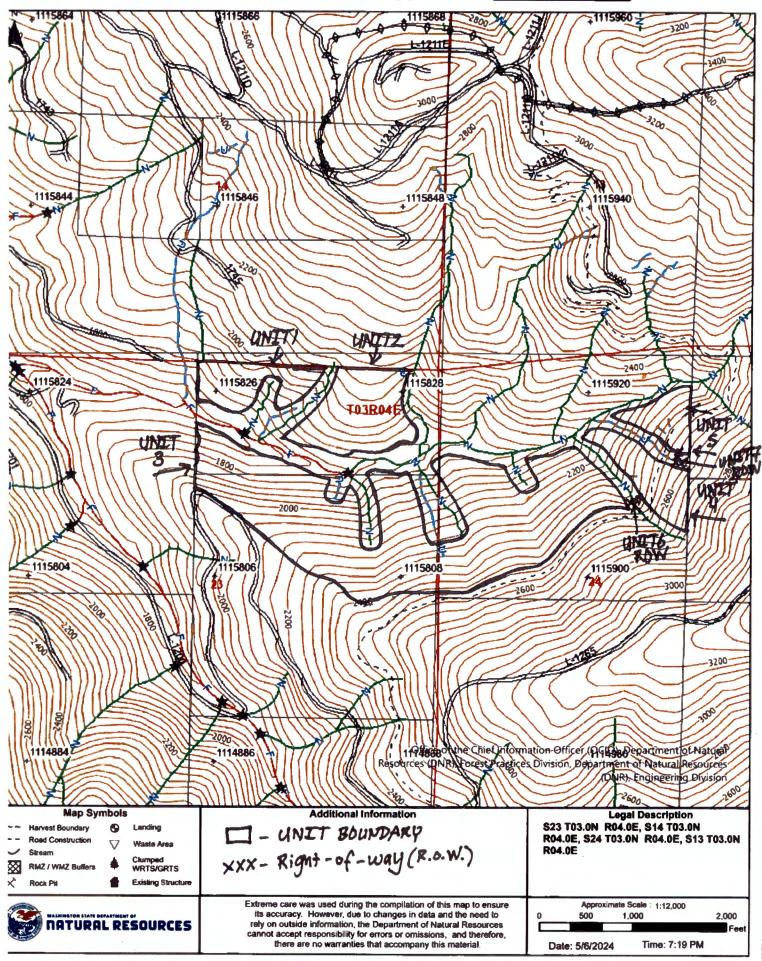
The above answers are true and complete to the best of my knowledge. I understand that the lead agency is relying on them to make its decision.

Becky Von Dracek for Signature:

Name of signee: Kayla Swerin

Position and Agency/Organization: State Lands Forester, Washington DNR

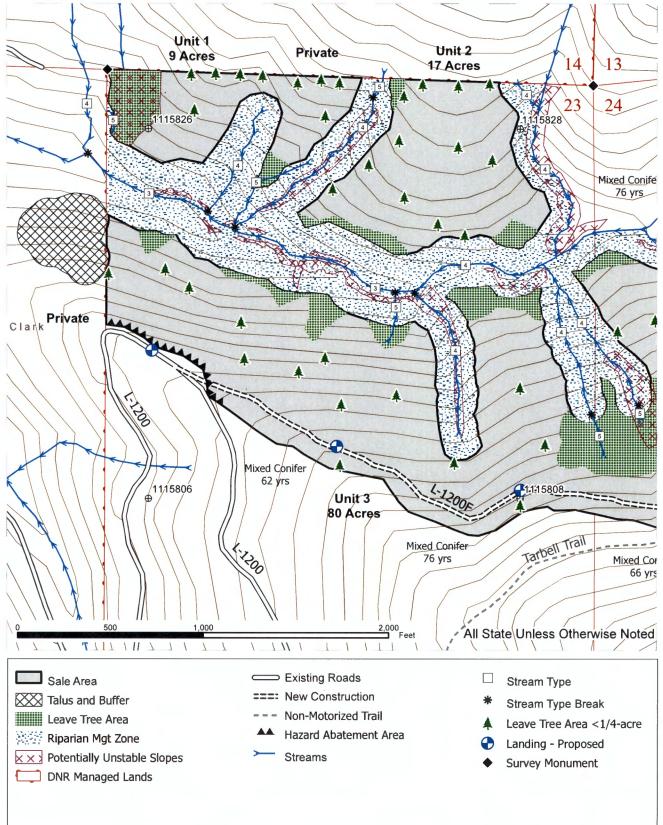
Reviewed By: John Tapley - DAR Forest Practices / John Tapley / JET Dake: 8/01/2024



FOREST PRACTICES ACTIVITY MAP

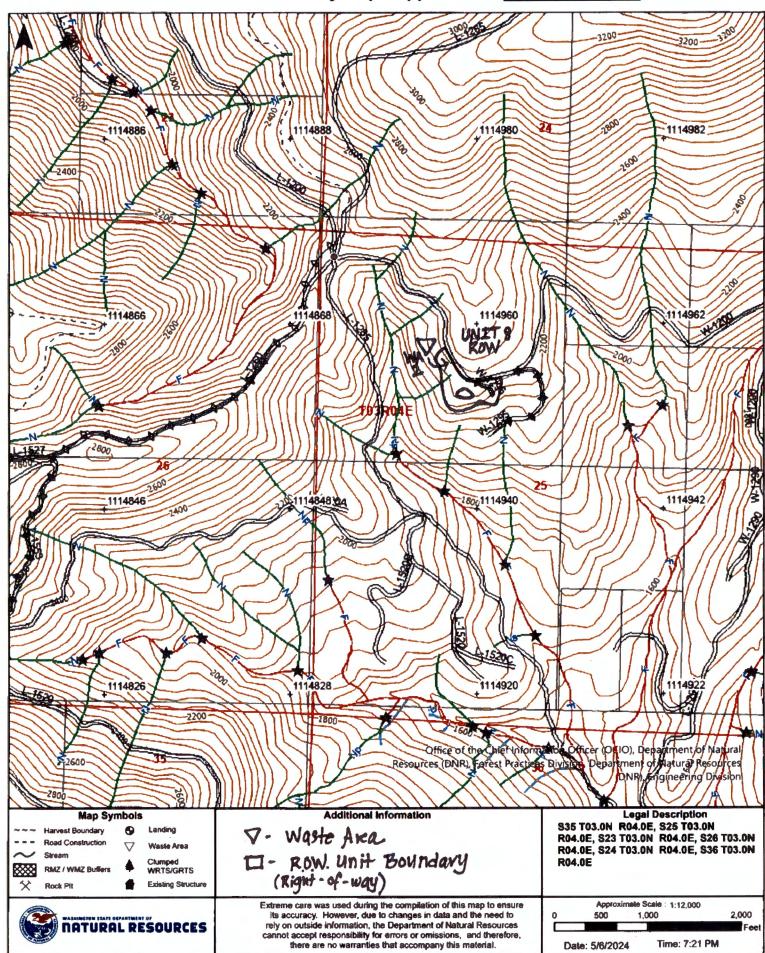
SALE NAME: SILVER VISTA VRH
APPLICATION #: TBD by FP Staff

COUNTY(S): Clark TOWNSHIP(S):T3R4E



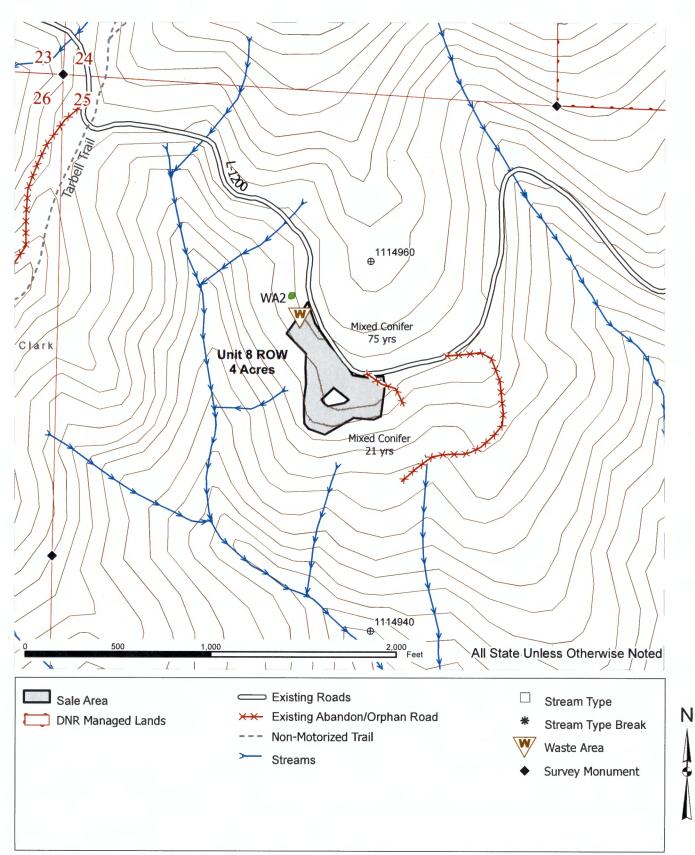
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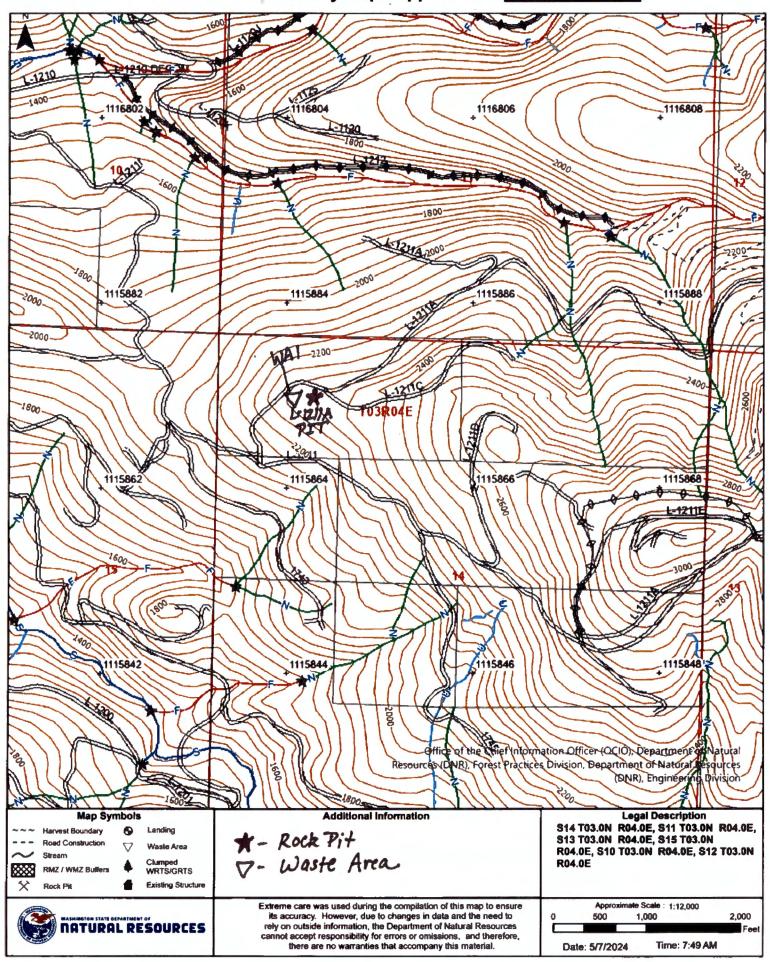


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COUNTY(S): Clark TOWNSHIP(S):T3R4E



Forest Practices Activity Map - Application



FOREST PRACTICES ACTIVITY MAP

SILVER VISTA VRH COUNTY(S): Clark TOWNSHIP(S):T3R4E SALE NAME: APPLICATION #: TBD by FP Staff __1115884. ⊕ 1115882 10 15 14 Mixed Conifer 79 yrs Private -1211A Pit WA1• Mixed Conifer 3 yrs Clar Private 1115864 2,000 Feet 1,000 All State Unless Otherwise Noted **DNR Managed Lands** Existing Roads Stream Type --- Non-Motorized Trail Stream Type Break Streams R Rock Pit Waste Area Survey Monument

N