

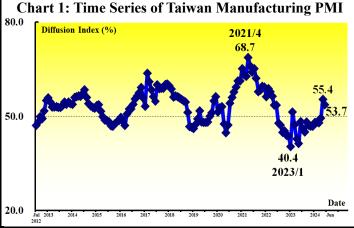


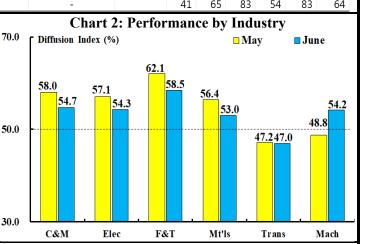


June 2024 Taiwan Manufacturing PMI PMI at 53.7%

New Orders Growing; Production Growing; Employment Growing Supplier Deliveries Slowing; Inventories Contracting

inventories contracting													
MANUFACTURING AT A GLANCE June 2024													
													Unit: %
Index	Series Index Jun	Series Index May	Percentage Point Change	Direction	Rate of Change	Trend (Months)	C&M	Elec	F&T	Mt'ls	Trans	Mach	
Taiwan Manufacturing PMI	53.7	55.4	-1.7	Growing	Slower	2	54.7	54.3	58.5	53.0	47.0	54.2	
New Orders	59.2	63.8	-4.6	Growing	Slower	3	50.0	61.3	57.7	53.3	50.0	58.3	
Production	56.4	61.0	-4.6	Growing	Slower	3	53.9	59.9	59.6	56.5	50.0	61.1	
Employment	51.2	50.3	+0.9	Growing	Faster	2	55.3	52.4	59.6	54.3	45.0	47.2	
Supplier Deliveries	52.5	52.5	+0.0	Slowing	Same	3	61.8	51.4	59.6	48.9	45.0	52.8	
Inventories	49.4	49.2	+0.2	Contracting	Slower	16	52.6	46.7	55.8	52.2	45.0	51.4	
Customers' Inventories	43.1	42.1	+1.0	Too Low	Slower	20	38.2	40.6	44.2	53.3	32.5	45.8	
Prices	60.5	66.1	-5.6	Increasing	Slower	7	61.8	59.9	53.8	63.0	52.5	66.7	
Backlog of Orders	46.5	52.0	-5.5	Contracting	From Growing	1	51.3	46.7	46.2	46.7	37.5	43.1	
New Export Orders	53.7	58.1	-4.4	Growing	Slower	4	56.6	56.6	57.7	48.9	42.5	45.8	
Imports	52.6	54.7	-2.1	Growing	Slower	4	57.9	51.9	61.5	52.2	42.5	48.6	
Future Outlooks	59.2	60.1	-0.9	Growing	Slower	5	59.2	63.2	51.9	54.3	52.5	55.6	
Production Materials	40	40		-	-		40	42	47	42	29	30	
MRO Supplies	34	35			-		36	33	39	39	29	30	
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Summary

- The Taiwan manufacturing sector grew for two consecutive months but decelerated as the seasonally adjusted Taiwan Manufacturing PMI registered 53.7 percent, decreasing 1.7 percentage points from the fastest growth rate of 55.4 percent since May 2022.
- The seasonally adjusted New Orders Index grew for the third consecutive month while the index decreased 4.6 percentage points to 59.2 percent from the fastest growth rate (63.8 percent) since August 2021.
- > The Production Index went down 4.6 percentage points to 56.4 percent, growing for the third consecutive month.
- Manufacturers' employment grew for two consecutive months as the seasonally adjusted Employment Index increased 0.9 percentage point to 51.2 and grew at the fastest rate since August 2022.
- The Supplier Deliveries Index represented slower deliveries for three consecutive months and registered 52.5 percent.
- Manufacturing Inventories contracted for sixteen consecutive months while the Inventories Index slightly increased 0.2 percentage point to 49.4 percent and contracted at the slowest rate since April 2023.
- Manufacturers reported their customers had insufficient inventories on hand for twenty consecutive months as the Customers' Inventories Index went up 1.0 percentage point to 43.1 percent.
- Manufacturers experienced higher purchasing prices for the seventh consecutive month as the Prices Index decreased 5.6 percentage points to 60.5 percent from the highest reading of 66.1 percent since June 2022.
- The Backlog of Orders Index turned to contraction following two months of growth and registered 46.5 percent.
- The New Export Orders and Imports Indexes grew for four consecutive months but decelerated and went down 4.4 and 2.1 percentage points to 53.7 and 52.6 percent, respectively.
- The Future Outlooks Index remained in growing but slightly decreased 0.9 percentage point to 59.2, down form the highest reading of 60.1 percent since April 2022.
- Five among six manufacturing industries categories reported growth in the following order: Foods & Textiles (58.5%), Chemical, Biological & Medical (54.7%), Electronic & Optical (54.3%), Electrical & Machinery Equipment (54.2%) and Basic Materials (53.0%). Only Transportation Equipment (47.0%) reported contraction in June.

About this Report

This report is jointly issued by the National Development Council (NDC) – a cabinet-level ministry, the Chung-Hua Institution for Economic Research (CIER), and the Supply Management Institute, Taiwan (SMIT). CIER makes no representation, other than that stated within this release, regarding the individual company data collection procedures.

Data and Method of Presentation

The Survey is based on data compiled from monthly replies to questionnaires sent to manufacturing purchasing and supply executives in about 300 manufacturing companies. The panel has been carefully selected to accurately replicate the actual structure of the manufacturing economy, based on each industry's contribution to gross domestic product (GDP). The diffusion index includes the percent of positive responses plus one-half of those responding the same (considered positive). A PMI reading above 50 percent indicates that the manufacturing economy is generally expanding; below 50 percent indicates that it is generally decline. Responses to Buying Policy reflect the percent reporting the current month's lead time, the approximate weighted number of days ahead for which commitments are made for Production Materials; Capital Expenditures; and Maintenance, Repair and Operating (MRO) Supplies, expressed as hand-to-mouth (five days), 30 days, 60 days, 90 days, six months (180 days), a year or more (360 days), and the weighted average number of days.

We re-categorize the manufacturing subsectors listed in the Standard Industrial Classification System of the Republic of China (Rev.9, 2011) into six broad categories. The Chemical, Biological & Medical industry (C&M) which includes Manufacture of Chemical Material, Manufacture of Chemical Products, Manufacture of Pharmaceuticals and Medicinal Chemical Products and Manufacture of Medical Instruments and Supplies. The Electronic & Optical industry (Elec) which comprises Manufacture of Electronic Parts and Components and Manufacture of Computers Electronic and Optical Products. The Foods & Textiles industry (F&T) which comprises Manufacture of Food Products, Manufacture of Beverages, Manufacture of Tobacco Products, Manufacture of Textiles, Manufacture of Wearing Apparel and Clothing Accessories, Manufacture of Leather, Fur and Related Products. The Basic Materials industry (Mt'ls) which includes Manufacture of Wood and of Products of Wood and Bamboo, Manufacture of Pulp, Paper and Paperboard, Printing and Service Activities Related to Printing, Manufacture of Rubber Products, Manufacture of Plastics Products, Manufacture of Other Non-metallic Mineral Products, Manufacture of Basic Metals and Manufacture of Fabricated Metal Products. The Transportation Equipment industry (Trans) which comprises Manufacture of Motor Vehicles and Parts and Manufacture of Other Transport Equipment and Parts. The last category is Electrical & Machinery Equipment industry (Mach) which includes Manufacture of Electrical Equipment and Manufacture of Machinery and Equipment.

Starting from each release of the Month of April 2018, the index numbers for Manufacturing PMI, New Orders, Production and Employment are seasonally adjusted to remove those seasonal components and calendar effects such as trading day, leap year and other moving holiday effects. Averaging the seasonally adjusted component series (the New Orders, Production, and Employment indexes) and the seasonally unadjusted components (Supplier Delivers and Inventories indexes) will give rise to the indirect seasonally adjusted Manufacturing PMI. As the direct seasonally adjusted PMI is more stable than the indirect seasonally adjusted PMI, CIER assumes the difference between these two indexes to three seasonally adjusted component series using the variance of each irregular component as weights. Therefore, the equality of seasonally adjusted PMI and its component series is maintained. The diffusion indexes other than the PMI component series and the industrial data are raw data and not seasonally adjusted.

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