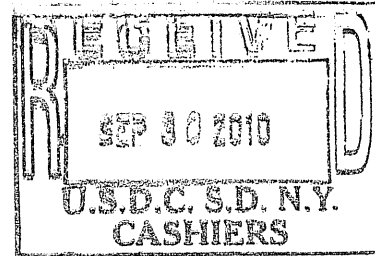


JUDGE BERMAN

10 CIV 7495

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

- against -

L&M 93RD STREET LLC and COSTAS  
KONDYLIS & PARTNERS, LLP,

Defendants.

ECF CASE

COMPLAINT

10 Civ. \_\_\_\_\_

Plaintiff United States of America (the "United States") alleges as follows:

1. This action is brought by the United States to enforce the Fair Housing Act, Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968, as amended by the Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988 (the "Fair Housing Act" or the "Act"), 42 U.S.C. §§ 3601-3619. As set forth in full below, the United States alleges that the Defendants, the developer and architect of The Melar, a residential apartment complex in Manhattan, have unlawfully discriminated against persons with disabilities under the Fair Housing Act by failing to design and construct The Melar so as to be accessible to persons with disabilities.

### **Jurisdiction and Venue**

2. This Court has jurisdiction over this action under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1345 and 42 U.S.C. § 3614(a).

3. Venue is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and (c) because the claims alleged in this action arose in the Southern District of New York, and concern or otherwise relate to real property located in this District.

### **The Property**

4. The Melar is a residential apartment building located at 250 West 93rd Street in New York City. The complex consists of a 22-story tower with elevator access, and contains 143 rental dwelling units, as well as public and common use areas, including a health club and a landscaped roof terrace.

5. The rental units at The Melar are “dwellings” within the meaning of 42 U.S.C. § 3602(b) and “dwelling units” within the meaning of 24 C.F.R. § 100.21.

6. The Melar was designed and constructed for first occupancy after March 13, 1991. All of the residential units are “covered multifamily dwellings” within the meaning of 42 U.S.C. § 3604(f)(7) and 24 C.F.R. § 100.21. The complex is subject to the accessibility requirements of 42 U.S.C. § 3604(f)(3)(C) and 24 C.F.R. § 100.205(a), (c).

### **The Defendants**

7. L&M 93rd Street LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, is the builder and developer of The Melar, and, in those capacities, designed and constructed the complex.

8. Costas Kondylis and Partners, LLP, is a New York limited liability partnership that drew the architectural plans for The Melar and, in that capacity, designed and constructed the complex.

**Inaccessible Features of The Melar**

9. The Melar, which Defendants designed and constructed, is inaccessible to persons with disabilities.

10. For instance, Defendants designed and constructed:

- a. Excessively high thresholds, interfering with accessible routes for persons in wheelchairs;
- b. Terraces inaccessible to persons in wheelchairs;
- c. Insufficient clear floor space within bathrooms for maneuvering by persons in wheelchairs;
- d. Bathroom fixtures precluding installation of bathroom grab bars;
- e. Kitchen entries too narrow to accommodate persons in wheelchairs;
- f. Kitchen ranges not usable by persons in wheelchairs;
- g. Kitchen electrical outlets inaccessible to persons in wheelchairs;
- h. Walk-in closets inaccessible to persons in wheelchairs;
- i. Common area doors requiring excessive force for persons with certain disabilities;
- j. Common area doors closing too quickly for disabled persons to pass through;
- k. Common area bathrooms not usable by persons in wheelchairs;

- l. Mailboxes inaccessible to persons in wheelchairs;
- m. Protruding objects in common areas, not detectable by canes of visually impaired persons;
- n. Features within the fitness room inaccessible to persons in wheelchairs;
- o. Features within the laundry room inaccessible to persons in wheelchairs; and
- p. Insufficient clear floor space within basement storage room for maneuvering by persons in wheelchairs.

11. In designing and constructing The Melar in this manner, Defendants failed to comply with all applicable State and local design and construction provisions, including New York City Local Law 58.

**Other Properties**

12. Upon information and belief, some or all of the Defendants have designed and constructed other multifamily housing complexes for first occupancy after March 13, 1991, which are also subject to the Fair Housing Act's accessibility requirements, and which also may not comply with those requirements.

### Fair Housing Act Claims

13. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1-12 above.

14. Defendants violated 42 U.S.C. § 3604(f)(3)(C) and 24 C.F.R. § 100.205(c), by failing to design and construct The Melar in such a manner that:

- a. the public use and common use portions of the dwellings are readily accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities; and
- b. all premises within such dwellings contain the following features of adaptive design:
  - i) an accessible route into and through the dwelling;
  - ii) light switches, electrical outlets, thermostats, and other environmental controls in accessible locations; and
  - iii) usable kitchens and bathrooms, such that an individual using a wheelchair can maneuver about the space.

15. Defendants, through the actions and conduct referred to in the preceding paragraph, have:

- a. Discriminated in the sale or rental of, or otherwise made unavailable or denied, dwellings to buyers or renters because of a disability, in violation of 42 U.S.C. § 3604(f)(1) and 24 C.F.R. § 100.202(a);
- b. Discriminated against persons in the terms, conditions, or privileges of the sale or rental of a dwelling, or in the provision of services or

facilities in connection with a dwelling, because of a disability, in violation of 42 U.S.C. § 3604(f)(2) and 24 C.F.R. § 100.202(b); and

- c. Failed to design and construct dwellings in compliance with the accessibility and adaptability features mandated by 42 U.S.C. § 3604(f)(3)(C) and 24 C.F.R. § 100.205.

16. The conduct of Defendants described above constitutes:

- a. A pattern or practice of resistance to the full enjoyment of rights granted by the Fair Housing Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 3601-3619; and/or
- b. A denial to a group of persons of rights granted by the Fair Housing Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 3601-3619, which denial raises an issue of general public importance.

17. Persons who may have been the victims of Defendants' discriminatory housing practices are aggrieved persons under 42 U.S.C. § 3602(i), and may have suffered injuries as a result of Defendants' conduct described above.

18. Defendants' discriminatory actions and conduct described above were intentional, willful, and taken in disregard for the rights of others.

#### **Prayer for Relief**

WHEREFORE, the United States prays that the Court enter an order that:

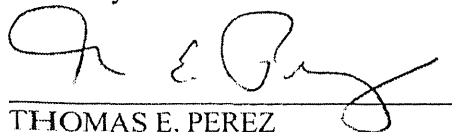
- 1. Declares that the policies and practices of Defendants, as alleged herein, violate the Fair Housing Act;
- 2. Enjoins Defendants, their officers, employees, agents, successors, and all other persons in active concert or participation with any of them, from:

- a. Failing or refusing to bring the dwelling units and public use and common use areas at The Melar into compliance with 42 U.S.C. § 3604(f)(3)(C), and 24 C.F.R. § 100.205;
  - b. Failing or refusing to take such affirmative steps as may be necessary to restore, as nearly as practicable, persons harmed by Defendants' unlawful practices to the position they would have been in but for the discriminatory conduct; and
  - c. Designing and/or constructing any covered multifamily dwellings in the future that do not contain the accessibility and adaptability features required by 42 U.S.C. § 3604(f)(3)(C), and 24 C.F.R. § 100.205;
  - d. Failing or refusing to retrofit the dwelling units and public and common use areas in these and other covered multifamily dwellings designed and constructed by the Defendants to bring them into compliance with the requirements of 42 U.S.C. § 3604(f)(3)(C); and
  - e. Failing or refusing to conduct a compliance survey at all covered multifamily dwellings designed and constructed by the Defendants to determine whether the retrofits ordered in paragraph 2(a) and 2(d) were made properly;
3. Awards appropriate monetary damages, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 3614(c)(1) and § 3614(d)(1)(B), to each person harmed by Defendants' discriminatory conduct and practices; and

4. Assesses a civil penalty against each Defendant in the maximum amount authorized by 42 U.S.C. § 3614(d)(1)(C) to vindicate the public interest.


The United States further prays for such additional relief as the interests of justice may require.

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