1 2	CHAPTER 813. SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING						
3	EMILOTMENT AND TRAINING						
4	ADOPTED RULES WITH PREAMBLE TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE TEXAS						
5	REGISTER. THIS DOCUMENT WILL HAVE NO SUBSTANTIVE CHANGES BUT IS						
6	SUBJECT TO FORMATTING CHANGES AS REQUIRED BY THE TEXAS REGISTER.						
7	SUBJECT TO TOKEMITTING CHARGES AS REQUIRED BY THE TEXAS REGISTER.						
8	ON JULY 31, 2018, THE TEXAS WORKFORCE COMMISSION ADOPTED THE RULES						
9	BELOW WITH PREAMBLE TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE TEXAS REGISTER.						
0							
1	Estimated date of publication in the <i>Texas Register</i> : August 17, 2018						
2	The rules will take effect: August 21, 2018						
3							
4	The Texas Workforce Commission (TWC) adopts amendments to the following section of						
5	Chapter 813, relating to Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Employment and Training						
6	(SNAP E&T), with changes, as published in the May 4, 2018, issue of the <i>Texas Register</i> (43						
7	TexReg 2719):						
8							
9	Subchapter B. Access to Employment and Training Activities and Support Services, §813.13						
20							
21	PART I. PURPOSE, BACKGROUND, AND AUTHORITY						
22 23	PART II. EXPLANATION OF INDIVIDUAL PROVISIONS WITH COMMENTS AND RESPONSES						
24	PART I. PURPOSE, BACKGROUND, AND AUTHORITY						
25	The purpose of the adopted Chapter 813 rule change is to amend the rule to clarify the respective						
26	roles of TWC and the Texas Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC) in the good cause						
27	determination process.						
28	The LIC Demands of Assistance England Newskin Committee (ENC) and describe CNIADE 0 T						
29	The US Department of Agriculture Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) conducted a SNAP E&T						
30 31	Management Evaluation (ME) review in June 2015 to evaluate TWC's operation and compliance with established policies, regulatory requirements, and quality standards. FNS determined that						
32	TWC's process with respect to good cause determination did not fully comply with federal law						
33	and regulations requiring that only merit staff be permitted to conduct SNAP certifications, and						
34	prohibiting SNAP E&T funds from being used for certification activities. FNS emphasized that						
35	HHSC must be the agency responsible for determining good cause, with TWC's input limited to						
36	forwarding all claims for good cause to HHSC for determination.						
37	Torwarding an elamis for good eduse to misse for determination.						
38	Section 813.13 of TWC's current SNAP E&T rules sets out the criteria for good cause						
39	determinations, specifying that Local Workforce Development Boards (Boards) make good						
10	cause determinations for mandatory work registrants and for exempt recipients who participate						
11	voluntarily in SNAP E&T services. However, based on the finding by FNS during the ME						
12	review, TWC must amend the rule to reflect that HHSC is the agency responsible for						
13	determining good cause, limiting TWC's input to Board staff forwarding all claims for good						
14	cause to HHSC for determination and to reflect that good cause does not apply to exempt						
15	recipients who participate voluntarily in SNAP E&T services.						

1 PART II. EXPLANATION OF INDIVIDUAL PROVISIONS 2 (Note: Minor editorial changes are made that do not change the meaning of the rules and, 3 therefore, are not discussed in the Explanation of Individual Provisions.) 4 5 SUBCHAPTER B. ACCESS TO EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ACTIVITIES AND 6 **SUPPORT SERVICES** 7 TWC adopts the following amendments to Subchapter B: 8 9 §813.13. Good Cause for Mandatory Work Registrants Who Participate in SNAP E&T 10 Services 11 12 Section 813.13 is renamed "Good Cause for Mandatory Work Registrants Who Participate in 13 SNAP E&T Services," because good cause does not apply to exempt recipients who voluntary 14 participate in SNAP E&T services. 15 16 Section 813.13(a): 17 --adds language to clarify that good cause applies only to work registrants who are required to 18 participate in SNAP E&T services; 19 --deletes "exempt recipients who voluntarily participate in SNAP E&T service"; and 20 --clarifies that all claims for good cause are forwarded to HHSC for determination. 21 22 Section 813.13(b) is deleted because Boards do not make good cause determinations. 23 24 Section 813.13(c): 25 --deletes "reasons constitutes good cause" and adds "legitimate reasons for failing to participate 26 in SNAP E&T activities" for clarity; 27 --deletes "exempt recipient who voluntarily"; --changes "Texas Workforce Center" to "Workforce Solutions Office"; and 28 29 --is relettered as subsection (b). 30 31 Section 813.13(d) is relettered as subsection (c) and amended to clarify that Boards will monitor good cause monthly and share results with HHSC if there is a change in the circumstances 32 33 surrounding the good cause exception. Paragraph (2) is deleted because Boards cannot extend 34 good cause. 35 36 No comments were received. However, TWC amended subsection (a) to remove unintended 37 ambiguity regarding the final authority over approval of good cause claims by more clearly 38 explaining that a Board shall ensure that all good cause claims are forwarded to HHSC for 39 determination. 40 41 TWC hereby certifies that the adoption has been reviewed by legal counsel and found to be 42 within TWC's legal authority to adopt.

The rule is adopted under Texas Labor Code §301.0015 and §302.002(d), which provide TWC with the authority to adopt, amend, or repeal such a rule as it deems necessary for the effective

administration of TWC services and activities.

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 2 The adopted rule affects Texas Labor Code, Title 4, particularly Chapters 301 and 302, as well as
- 3 Texas Government Code, Chapter 2308.

1 2	CHA	APTE	R 813. SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING				
3 4 5	SUBCHAPTER B. ACCESS TO EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING ACTIVITIES AND SUPPORT SERVICES						
6 7	§813.1	3. God	od Cause for Mandatory Work Registrants Who Participate in SNAP E&T				
8	302012		Services.				
9							
10 11 12	(a)	partic are fo	I cause applies only to mandatory work registrants who are required to cipate in SNAP E&T services. A Board shall ensure that all good cause claims brwarded to HHSC for determination before SNAP benefits are denied when				
13		mand	latory work registrants state that they have a legitimate reason for:				
14 15		(1)	failing to respond to the outreach notification; and				
16		(2)	failing to monticinate in CNADE OF activities				
17 18		(2)	failing to participate in SNAPE&T activities.				
19							
20	(b)	Forn	ourposes of this chapter, the following are legitimate reasons for failing to				
21 22	(0)		and to outreach notifications or failing to participate in SNAP E&T activities:				
23 24		(1)	temporary illness or incapacitation;				
25 26		(2)	court appearance;				
27 28 29		(3)	caring for a physically or mentally disabled household member who requires the recipient's presence in the home;				
30 31 32		(4)	no available transportation and the distance prohibits walking; or no available job within reasonable commuting distance, as defined by the Board;				
33 34 35 36		(5)	distance from the home of the mandatory work registrant who participates in SNAP E&T services, to the Workforce Solutions Office, or employment service provider requires commuting time of more than two hours a day (not including taking a child to and from a child care facility), the distance prohibits				
37 38			walking, and there is no available transportation;				
39		(6)	farmworkers who are away from their permanent residence or home base, who				
40		(0)	travel to work in an agriculture or related industry during part of the year, and				
41			are under contract or similar agreement with an employer to begin work within				
42			30 days of the date that the individual notified the Board of his or her seasonal				
43			farmwork assignment;				
44			<i>5</i>				
45		(7)	an inability to obtain needed child care, as defined by the Board and based on				
46		` /	the following reasons:				

1					
2			(A)	informal child care by a relative or child care provided under other	
3				arrangements is unavailable or unsuitable, and based on, where	
4				applicable, Board policy regarding child care. Informal child care may	
5				also be determined unsuitable by the parent;	
6			(D)		
7			(B)	eligible formal child care providers, as defined in Chapter 809 of this title	
8				(relating to Child Care Services), are unavailable;	
9			(a)		
10 11			(C)	affordable formal child care arrangements within maximum rates established by the Board are unavailable; and	
12					
13			(D)	formal or informal child care within a reasonable distance from home or	
14				the work site is unavailable;	
15					
16		(8)	an ab	osence of other support services necessary for participation;	
17					
18		(9)		pt of a job referral that results in an offer below the federal minimum	
19			wage	e, except when a lower wage is permissible under federal minimum wage	
20			law;		
21 22 23 24					
22		(10)		dividual or family crisis or a family circumstance that may preclude	
23			-	cipation, including substance abuse and mental health and disability-	
24				ed issues, provided that the mandatory work registrant who participates in	
25 26 27				P E&T services engages in problem resolution through appropriate	
26			refer	rals for counseling and support services; or	
28		(11)	an in	dividual is a victim of family violence.	
29					
30	(c)	A Board shall ensure that good cause is monitored at least on a monthly basis and			
31		results are shared with HHSC if there is a change in the circumstances surrounding			
32		the good cause exception.			