increased laboratory capacity to identify and perform susceptibility testing for dermatophytes to address this emerging public health concern.

Healthcare professionals can find information about recognizing, diagnosing, treating, and reporting emerging dermatophyte infections online (https://www.aad.org/member/clinical-quality/clinical-care/emerging-diseases/dermatophytes), including information about laboratories that can perform testing (https://www.aad.org/member/clinical-quality/clinical-care/emerging-diseases/dermatophytes/recognizing-trichophyton-indotineae#testing). Those websites were developed as a collaboration between the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the American Academy of Dermatology's Emerging Diseases Task Force.

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Corrections

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The name of author Glenn Patriquin was misspelled in Case Series of Jamestown Canyon Virus Infections with Neurologic Outcomes, Canada, 2011–2016 (V. Meier-Stephenson et al.). The article has been corrected online (https://wwwnc.cdc.gov/eid/article/30/5/22-1258_article).

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The name of author Carlos E. Sanz-Rodriguez was misspelled in Outbreak of Intermediate Species *Leptospira venezuelensis* Spread by Rodents to Cows and Humans in *L. interrogans*–Endemic Region, Venezuela (L. Caraballo et al.). The article has been corrected online (https://wwwnc.cdc.gov/eid/article/30/8/23-1562_article).