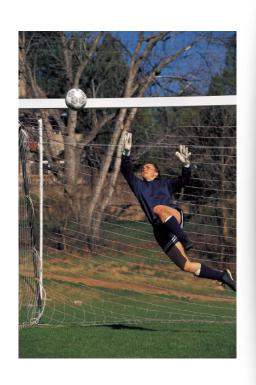


ICANN Policy Update Webinar



Introduction David Olive

Goals for this session



- Update you on current Policy work and encourage you to participate
- Review issues to be discussed at the ICANN Meeting in Toronto
- Inform you of upcoming initiatives and opportunities to provide input
- Answer any questions you might have

ICANN Meeting in Toronto



• Highlights include:

- Newcomers Track Day
- RAA Amendments
- Ongoing Implementation of New gTLD Program
- Regional Outreach/RALO 5 Year Anniversary
- Further information

http://toronto45.icann.org/ and http://toronto45.icann.org/fullschedule to see different tracks

Policy Developed at ICANN by:



ICANN Supporting Organizations

- GNSO Generic Names Supporting Organization
- ccNSO Country-code Names Supporting Organization
- ASO Address Supporting Organization

Advice provided by Advisory Committee

- ALAC At-Large Advisory Committee
- SSAC Security & Stability Advisory Committee
- RSSAC Root Server System Advisory Committee
- GAC Governmental Advisory Committee

Topics covered in this session

Generic Names Supporting Organization (GNSO)

- Status of completed, current and possible impending PDPs (Marika Konings)
- Registrar Accreditation Agreement (RAA) (Margie Milam)
- WHOIS Update (Barbara Roseman, Berry Cobb, Steve Sheng)
- Consumer Choice, Competition and Trust (Berry Cobb)
- Protection of IOC, Red Cross and IGO names (Brian Peck)

Topics covered in this session

Country Code Supporting Organization (ccNSO)

At-Large Advisory Committee (ALAC)

Address Supporting Organization (ASO)

- Update on Membership (Bart Boswinkel)
- Overview of Main Activities
- Joint Working Groups (DSSA)

- ALAC Policy Issues (Heidi Ulrich)
- ALAC Process Issues

Recovered IPv4 Post Exhaustion (Barbara Roseman)

One World One Internet

GNSO Policy Issues

Current issues being discussed in GNSO

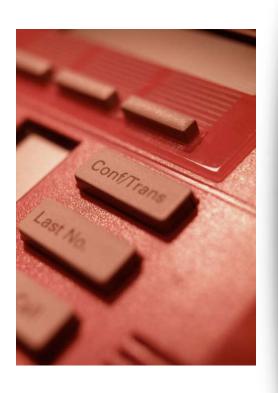
- Inter-Registrar Transfer Policy (IRTP)
- Locking of Domain Names Subject to UDRP Proceedings
- Fake Renewal Notices
- Uniformity of Contracts
- Registrar Accreditation Agreement (RAA)
- WHOIS
- Consumer Choice, Competition and Trust
- Cross Community Working Groups
- Protection of IOC, Red Cross, IGO names for new gTLDs
- Others currently there are over 20 projects underway



Inter-Registrar Transfer Policy (IRTP)

Marika Konings

Why is it important?



- Inter-Registrar Transfer Policy (IRTP)
- Straightforward process for registrants to transfer domain names between registrars
- Currently under review to ensure improvements and clarification - nr 1. area of consumer complaints according to data from ICANN Compliance

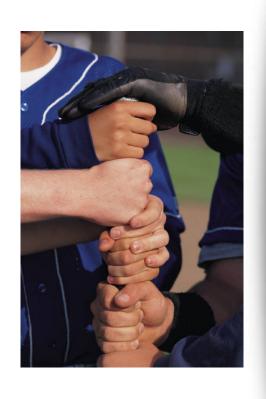
IRTP Part C PDP Working Group

- IRTP Part C to address three issues:
 - a) "Change of Control" function
 - b) Should Form Of Authorization (FOA)s be time-limited
 - c) Should registries be required to use IANA IDs for registrars rather than proprietary IDs.
- Initial Report was published on 4 June, in conjunction with public comment forum
- WG in the process of finalizing its report expected to be submitted to GNSO Council by Toronto

Preview of the Recommendations

- Recommendation #1 Creation of change of registrant consensus policy, which outlines the rules and requirements for a change of registrant of a domain name registration
- Recommendation #2 Time-limit FOAs for 60 days, with possibility to opt-into automatic renewal
- Recommendation #3 All gTLD Registry Operators be required to publish the Registrar of Record's IANA ID in the TLD's WHOIS

Next Steps



- Following submission of Final Report, GNSO Council will consider recommendations for adoption
- IRTP Part C Workshop in Toronto on Wednesday from 8.30 - 10.00 to present Final Report

Background Information



- IRTP Part C Initial Report http://gnso.icann.org/issues/transfers/ir
 tp-c-initial-report-04jun12-en.pdf
- Inter-Registrar Transfer Policy http://www.icann.org/en/transfers/



Locking of a Domain Name Subject to UDRP Proceedings PDP

Marika Konings

Why is it important?



- The GNSO Council initiated a PDP limited to the subject of locking of a domain name subject to UDRP Proceedings
- Currently there is no requirement to lock names in period between filing complaint and commencement of proceedings and no definition of 'status quo' which has resulted in different interpretations and confusion

Charter Questions

- Whether the creation of an outline of a proposed procedure, which a complainant must follow in order for a registrar to place a domain name on registrar lock, would be desirable.
- Whether the creation of an outline of the steps of the process that a registrar can reasonably expect to take place during a UDRP dispute would be desirable.
- Whether the time frame by which a registrar must lock a domain after a UDRP has been filed should be standardized.
- Whether what constitutes a "locked" domain name should be defined.
- Whether, once a domain name is 'locked' pursuant to a UDRP proceeding, the registrant information for that domain name may be changed or modified.
- Whether additional safeguards should be created for the protection of registrants in cases where the domain name is locked subject to a UDRP proceeding.

Recent Developments & Next Steps

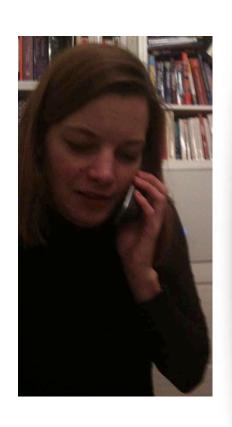


- WG conducted a survey amongst registrars and UDRP Providers to understand current practices and issues
- Public comment forum opened to obtain community input and outreach to GNSO SG/C & ICANN SO/ACs to help inform the deliberations
- WG has started its deliberations on the charter questions and is planning to publish its Initial Report by December

How to get involved?



- UDRP Domain Name Lock Open WG Meeting - Thursday 18 October from 9.00 - 10.30
- https://community.icann.org/display/g nsolockdomainnamedt/Home



'Thick' Whois Policy Development Process

Marika Konings

Why is it important?

- ICANN specifies Whois requirements through the registry and registrar agreements
- Registries use different services to satisfy their obligations:
 - 'thin' Whois: A thin registry only stores and manages the information associated with the domain name
 - 'thick' Whois: Thick registries maintain and provide both sets of data (domain name and registrant) via Whois.
- 'Thick' Whois has certain advantages e.g. IRTP, but there may be negative consequences that should be explored in order to determine whether 'thick' Whois should be required

Recent Developments & Next Steps



- GNSO Council initiated a PDP on this topic in March 2012
- A drafting team has been formed to develop a charter for a WG which will define the scope of the PDP
- Charter expected to be submitted for consideration by the GNSO Council by Toronto
- Following adoption of charter, call for volunteers to form PDP WG

Further Information



- 'Thick' Whois Final Issue Report http://gnso.icann.org/issues/whois/
 final-report-thick-whois-02feb12en.pdf
- DT Workspace - <u>https://community.icann.org/displa</u> <u>y/PDP/Home</u>

Uniformity of Contracts to Address Registration Abuse

Why is it important?



- "Registration" and "Use" Abuse Exists (at least 11 different forms of use and registration abuse)
- Registration abuse impacts the security and stability of the Internet
- Some individual anti-abuse efforts have been successful
- Study is needed to see if there are consistent and uniform ways to battle abuse
- GNSO Council agrees with Working Group recommendation to consider "minimum baseline" for addressing registration abuse

Expert Findings - RAPWG (2010)

- Developed a definition of abuse generally
- Identified and defined 11 types of specific abuses
- Made 14 specific recommendations for action involving, e.g.,
 WHOis access issues, fake renewal notices, UDRP review, etc.)
- Key recommendation for this topic:

Evaluate whether a minimum baseline of registration abuse provisions should be created for all in-scope ICANN agreements And if created;

Evaluate how such language should be structured to address the most common forms of registration abuse

What the Issue Report Says

- Describes recent history of inquiries on abuse
- Reviews Existing Forms of Industry Agreements
- Analyzes specific agreements
- Abuse is "within scope" of GNSO policy work
- Staff recommendation:

There may be benefits to a consistent framework of abuse preventions, thus:

- Initiate a formal PDP and
- Form WG to study specific registration abuses, identify specific antiabuse practices and determine if uniform provisions would work. If so, set benchmarks and define reporting requirements.
- Consider asking staff to do some initial research (internal or vendor)
- OR, instead of PDP, ask staff to draft potential uniform provisions for direct community review and comment

Next Steps



- GNSO Council will discuss Final Issue Report recommendations in Toronto
- May make PDP decision in Toronto



RAA Update

Margie Milam

Two Projects- Parallel Tracks

Bilateral Negotiations

Issue Report Request

Currently Underway

- Community Wiki provides latest updates
- Consultations with GAC and LE to bridge differences on key issues
- Focus on Privacy/Proxy Accreditation Program Development
- Board Requested GNSO PDP on "Remaining Issues"
- Final Issue Report Published
- Commencement of PDP to take place after Negotiations conclude

ICANN Documents Posted For Toronto

- RAA Negotiations Summary
- Summary Chart of LE and other key recommendations
- No new draft RAA or Specifications posted
- Refer to documents posted on Community Wiki in advance of Prague for:
 - ICANN proposed Draft RAA (not agreed to)
 - ICANN proposed Specifications (not agreed to)
 - Registrar generated documents

Focused Negotiations on key issues:

WHOIS verification

- Data points to be verified: (email AND Phone) vs. (email OR phone)
- Timing of verification: before/after resolution & events-based re-verification obligations

Data Retention

- Bifurcated Retention Schedule (6 months vs. 2 years)
- Types of data to be maintained
- Exceptions Process for Local laws
 - Modify WHOIS Conflicts of Law Policy

Progress in Key Areas

- Abuse Point of Contact- for both LE and public
- Creation of a Proxy Accreditation Program
- Extensive Additional Registrar Information to be provided to ICANN
- Enhanced Compliance Remedies
- Streamlined Process for updating RAA in the future
- Prohibition against Cybersquatting
- Streamlined Arbitration Language
- Additional Technical Specs (DNSSEC and IPv6)

Areas under exploration

Continued discussions with regard to:

- Other WHOIS obligations
 - SLA on WHOIS Availability
 - IDNs
 - Transition to Restful WHOIS
- Revocation in a Changed Marketplace
- Revision of Consensus Policy language
- Universal Adoption of the RAA
- Other issues highlighted in Prague

For more information:



RAA Status Announcement:

http://www.icann.org/en/news/announcements/announcement-5-24sep12-en.htm

RAA Negotiations Wiki:

https://community.icann.org/display/RAA/Negotiations+Between+ICAN N+and+Registrars+to+Amend+the+Registrar+Accreditation+Agreement

GNSO RAA Final Issue Report:

https://community.icann.org/download/attachments/30344497/Flnal+lsue+Report-

RAA+FINAL+3+6+12.pdf?version=1&modificationDate=1331143682000

Toronto RAA Update Session:

http://toronto45.icann.org/node/34197

Toronto Proxy/Privacy Accreditation

Session: http://toronto45.icann.org/node/34187



WHOIS Studies Update Barbara Roseman

WHOIS Topics

- WHOIS Studies 4 studies:
 - "Misuse" of public data
 - Registrant Identification
 - Proxy/Privacy "Abuse"
 - Proxy/Privacy Relay and Reveal
- WHOIS Service Requirements Report upcoming survey
- Other WHOIS activities

Goals of gTLD WHOIS studies



- WHOIS policy debated for many years
- GNSO Council decided in October 2007 that study data was needed to provide objective, factual basis for future policy making
- Identified several WHOIS study areas that reflect key policy concerns
- Asked staff to determine costs and feasibility of conducting those studies
- Staff used an RFP approach to do so
- Studies are approved and are now (mostly) underway

WHOIS Study Updates

- Study 3, The WHOIS Privacy and Proxy Services Abuse study being conducted by NPL examines the extent to which gTLD domain names used to conduct alleged illegal or harmful Internet activities are registered via Privacy or Proxy services
 - No results until Phase 2 is completed later in 2012
 - Relevant to WHOIS RT, P/P Accreditation, Validation
- Study 4, The WHOIS Privacy and Proxy Relay and Reveal study, originally envisioned as an in-depth study into communication Relay and identity Reveal requests sent for gTLD domain names registered using Proxy and Privacy services. Initial problems led to adjusting study to determine the feasibility of conducting a Full Study
 - Study is completed and posted, webinar held in August
 - Result indicates full study would be worthwhile, awaiting GNSO decision



SSAC comment on the WHOIS Review Team Final Report Steve Sheng

Background

- The ICANN Board asked each supporting organization and advisory committees to submit comments on Whois review team final report
- The SSAC published SAC055 in response to the Board request

Key Findings

- The cornerstone problem facing all "WHOIS" discussions is understanding the purpose of domain name registration data
 - Why are the data collected?
 - What purpose will the data serve?
 - Who collects the data?
 - Where is the data stored?
 - Where is the data escrowed?
 - Who needs the data and why?
 - Who needs access to logs of access to the data and why?

Key Recommendations

The SSAC recommends the ICANN Board

- clearly state that the development of a registration data policy asserting the purpose of domain name registration data is a critical priority
- direct the CEO to create a registration data policy committee that includes the highest levels of executive engagement to develop the registration data policy that asserts the purpose of domain name registration data

Further Information



- SAC055: SSAC Comment on Whois Review Team Final Report
- http://www.icann.org/en/groups/ss ac/documents/sac-055-en.pdf



WHOIS Service Requirements Report -survey by WSWG

Berry Cobb

Survey Background

- May 2009 -- The GNSO Council asked Policy Staff to compile a comprehensive set of potential <u>technical</u> "requirements" for WHOIS service that reflect not only known deficiencies in the current service but also technical requirements that may be needed to support various <u>policy</u> initiatives that have been suggested in the past.
- Final Report released 29 July 2010
- In 2011 the GNSO Council convened a Working Group to develop a survey to try to estimate the level of agreement with various "requirements" among the GNSO community.

Why is the survey important?



- Will help estimate the level of agreement with various "requirements" among the GNSO community
- Offers the community a voice as to technical features of a future WHOIS system
- Analysis & Report may be useful for IETF protocol efforts
- The survey is a technical inventory and does not define or suggest the policies or operational rules that should apply

Recent Developments



- WG reviewed the public comments from about the draft survey and readied the final version for publication
- Survey migrated to ICANN web environment
- Survey released to community on 13 September 2012
 - 15 sections around 11 technical requirements
 - Resume Later functionality
 - Technical skills of WHOIS are required

Survey sections include:

- Survey Respondent Profile
- R1 Provision of a publicly accessible and machine parsable list of domain names
- R2 Definition of a Standard Query Structure
- R3 Definition of a standard data structure for WHOIS responses
- R4 Definition of a set of standardized error messages and standard handling of error conditions
- R5 Submitting WHOIS queries for domain names
- R6a Adoption of a structured data model for WHOIS data
- R6b Extending the currently defined set of registration data elements
- R7 Internationalized Registration Data Requirements
- R8.1 Defining an authentication framework for WHOIS
- R8.2 Implementing an authorization framework
- R8.3 Defining a framework and baseline set of metrics
- R9 New TLDs operating a thick WHOIS
- R10 Definition of a standard data structure for WHOWAS responses
- R11 Registrars and Registries



Next steps



- Survey availability window closes 31
 October 2012
- WG will analyze results and publish Final Report targeting December 2012

More information:



- Link to announcement:

 http://gnso.icann.org/en/announcements/announcement-13sep12-en.htm
- Working Group activity page: <u>http://gnso.icann.org/en/group-activities/whois-requirements-wq.htm</u>



Consumer Metrics Berry Cobb

Why are consumer metrics important?



- In December 2010 the ICANN Board requested advice from the ALAC, GAC, GNSO and ccNSO on establishing the definition, measures, and three year targets for those measures, for competition, consumer trust and consumer choice in the context of the domain name system.
- If adopted by the future Affirmation of Commitments review team the advice will be critical to measuring the success of the new gTLD program

Recent Developments



- The Consumer Metrics Working Group submitted its final version of the Advice Letter to the GNSO Council on 17 August 2012
- An initial briefing on the advice was presented at the 13 September 2012 GNSO Council meeting

Advice Letter - Proposed Definitions

- Consumer: actual and potential Internet users and registrants.
- Consumer Trust: the confidence Consumers have in the domain name system. This includes (i) trust in the consistency of name resolution (ii) confidence that a TLD registry operator is fulfilling the Registry's stated purpose and is complying with ICANN policies and applicable national laws and (iii) confidence in ICANN's compliance function.
- Consumer Choice: is the range of options available to Consumers for domain scripts and languages, and for TLDs that offer meaningful choices as to the proposed purpose and integrity of their domain name registrants.
- Competition: the quantity, diversity, and the potential for and actual market rivalry of TLDs, TLD registry operators, and registrars.

Advice Letter - Proposed Metrics

Each proposed metric should always be reviewed alongside its respective definition as it is meant to compliment the context of the metric itself. The three classes of metrics can be summarized as follows:

- •Consumer Trust Metrics encompass the confidence in registrations and resolution of the TLD/DNS and that TLD Operators are fulfilling their stated promise and complying with applicable national laws.
- •Consumer Choice Metrics are meant to measure the range of options available to consumers by clear and transparent ways so that users can make meaningful distinctions when choosing TLDs. Potential indicators for defensive registrations are also defined.
- Competition Metrics scope is limited to only measure the actual market rivalry of TLDs, TLD Operators, Service Providers, and Registrars.

Next Steps



- Members of the Consumer Metrics WG will brief the GNSO Council on Consumer Metrics at the weekend session in Toronto
- The GNSO Council will deliberate the acceptance of the Advice Letter and delivery to the ICANN Board at its Toronto public session on Wednesday

Further Information



- Consumer Metrics Project Page: <u>http://gnso.icann.org/en/group-activities/consumer-trust-wg.htm</u>
- Consumer Metrics Wiki: <u>https://community.icann.org/display/CMG/Home</u>



Protection of Red Cross IOC and IGO Names

Brian Peck

Protection of Red Cross and IOC Names

Status of New GTLD Committee Review

- Determined that Board should leave these issues in hands of ICANN's policy-making bodies
- Resolved that GNSO advise the ICANN Board prior to 31
 January 2013 about any global public interest or security
 and stability concerns with 2nd level protections for the
 IOC/RCRC names
 - In the absence of any such advice Board will be prepared to adopt GAC recommendations for 2nd level protection

Protection of Red Cross, IOC & IGO Names

Status of GNSO Work

- <u>Issue Report</u>: Special protections for international organization names, including IGOs
 - Final Issue Report published
- <u>IOC/RC-DT Work</u>: 2nd level protection of RC/IOC names
 - Opened Public Comment Forum on proposal to protect RC/IOC names at the 2nd level in new gTLDs for first round - Reply period closes on 9 November
 - Recommends expedited PDP as necessary process to determine the appropriate protections for the IOC/RCRC names
 - Recommends temporary reservation of RC/IOC 2nd level domain names in interim of a PDP outcome or an ICANN Board resolution

Next Steps

- Final Issue Report includes the following Staff recommendations:
 - GNSO Council should initiate an expedited PDP
 - Representatives of IGOs, RCRC and IOC should be formally invited to participate in the PDP WG
 - Consider expanding any new gTLD protections to existing gTLDs
- GNSO Council expected to vote on PDP in Toronto

Further Information



Final Issue Report

http://gnso.icann.org/en/issues/prote ction-igo-names-final-issue-report-01oct12-en.pdf

Public Comment Forum on IOC/RC Drafting Team Recommendations -

https://www.icann.org/en/news/publi c-comment/ioc-rcrc-recommendations-28sep12-en.htm

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ccNSO Policy Issues

ccNSO Update



Bart Boswinkel

The ccNSO



- What does the ccNSO do?
- Membership
- Council

What does the ccNSO do?

- Platform for:
 - Exchange of Information (ccNSO meeting: WG's)
 - Networking (ccNSO meeting, ccNSO dinner)
- Represent ccTLD community interests in ICANN (Example: SOP WG)
- Policy Development (very limited, IDN ccTLD PDP)
- Policy related work (Fol Wg)

What do members do?

- ccNSO Council Elections
- Selection of two ICANN Board Members
- Final vote ccNSO Policy (related)
 Recommendations
- (If needed:) Final vote on Council Resolutions
- Participate in Working Groups & Provide input into ccNSO and ICANN processes
- Suggest topics and set meeting Agenda

ccNSO Membership

- To date 133 Members.
 - 1 Application
- New members since Prague meeting:
 - .BH (Bahrain)

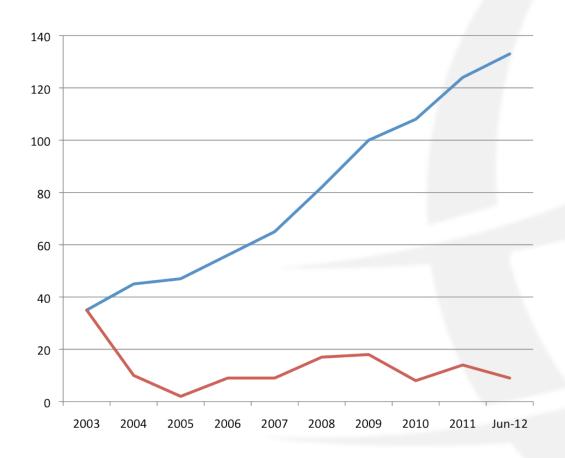
ccNSO Membership (according to ICANN regions)

•133 members (October 2012)



Observers: AfTLD, APTLD, CENTR, LACTLD

ccNSO Membership Growth



Total Number of ccNSO members

Total number of applications

What does the ccNSO Council do?

Administrative role

- Bylaws and Rules of the ccNSO
- Maintain Work plan of the ccNSO

Representational Role

- Joint meetings with GAC, GNSO
- Interaction with Board

ccNSO Council

18 Councillors

- 3 ccTLD's from all 5 ICANN Regions + 3 NomCom appointed
- 4 Observers Regional ccTLD Organisations
- 2 Liaisons (ALAC and GNSO)
- Newly appointed NomCom Councillor: Mary Wong
- Extraordinary Council Election (European Region)
 - Stepping down of Juhani Juselius (end of term Marc 2015)
 - Two candidates nominated and seconded -> Election
 - Candidate takes seat as soon as elected
- Ordinary Council Elections
 - 5 ccNSO members (one each region) stepping down (end of term)
 - 4 Regions (AF, EU, LAC, and NA) one candidate
 - AP Region, 2 candidates -> Election
 - Candidates take seat at the end of Beijing meeting

ccNSO Policy (related) activities



- IDN ccPDP
- Study Group on Use of country names
- Framework of Interpretation WG

Draft Policy Selection IDN ccTLD strings

- Draft Final Report public comment
- Proposed policy builds on Fast Track methodology
- Major changes:
 - Confusingly similarity issue addressed
 - Placeholder IDN variant management
 - Update and clarification of processes

For Delegation and redelegation current ccTLD policy applies.

Next steps Policy Selection IDN ccTLD strings

- Finalization of draft policy selection of IDN ccTLD strings
- Interim report (combining overall policy and inclusion of IDN ccTLD in ccNSO) for public comment
- Final Report to be submitted to ccNSO Council for adoption (Beijing meeting)
- ccNSO Members vote

Country Names Study Group Purpose and scope of activities



- Overview of current and proposed policies for delegation of territory names
- Understand categories of names of country and territory names
 - Examples: .IDNccTLDs, .Angleterre,
 .Holland, .Norway in Greek,
- Identify issues arising of applying the proposed policies to categories of names
- If appropriate, advise on next steps
 - Example of next steps: Launch ccPDP, WG to look into feasibility to reserve territory names under IDN ccPDP

Country Names Study Group Current Status



UNESCO Survey

- Survey based on typology of Study Group
- 39 countries (selected by UNESCO)
- Response slowly getting in
- Discussion preliminary results in Toronto
- Preparing Final report

Framework of Interpretation Purpose and scope

- No new Policy, but interpretation of existing policy (basic policy document RFC 1591, 1994)
- No ccPDP -> ccNSO WG structure
- ccNSO and GAC need to support recommendations
- Topics:
 - obtaining and documenting consent
 - obtaining and documenting support from Significantly Interested Parties (Local Internet Community or LIC)
 - revocation and un-consented re-delegations
 - IANA reporting on delegation and re-delegation.
 - Glossary of Terms

Progress Fol WG since Prague



- Chapter by chapter approach replaced by full set of recommendations
- WG focus on issues around revocation/un-consented redelegations
- Fol WG input from GAC on SIP, preparing response to GAC
- Finalizing recommendations on SIP

Other Activities



ccNSO WG

- Finance WG: review financial contributions
 - Explore alternative, value based approach for financial contribution
 - Develop model for fair and equitable contribution
- Strategic and Operational Planning WG
 - Prepare input on ICANN's strategic plan 2013-2015
 - Public comment closes 15 November
- ccNSO Council capacity study group
 - Propose methods to balance ccNSO workload and (volunteers) capacity

DSSA WG Update

- Phase 1 Report public comment open until 21 October
- Mapping overlap and Gaps in DNS Security roles and responsibilities
- Interact with ICANN Board DNS Risk Framework process

ccNSO Toronto meeting Highlights

- Two day Tech Working Sessions (together with DNS OARC (Sunday and Monday)
- Follow-up WCIT discussion(Wednesday 17 October 9.00-10.20)
- DNSSEC marketing strategies (Tuesday 16 October 16.00-17.30)
- Panel discussion: Principles for guiding ccTLD decisions (Wednesday 14.00- 15.30)

ccNSO Information

General Information:

http://ccnso.icann.org/

Toronto ccTLD community meetings:

http://ccnso.icann.org/meetings/toronto

Working groups and Council meetings:

http://ccnso.icann.org/calendar

ALAC Policy Issues

Heidi Ullrich

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One World
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Highlights of Policy Issues being Discussed within the ALAC



- The ALAC produced 37 statements in response to Open Public Comments between January and mid-September 2012
- Four Policy Issues the ALAC would like to highlight are:
 - Whois
 - IDN VIP
 - Compliance-related issues
 - R3 White Paper Making ICANN Relevant, Responsive and Respected
- More Information
 - All ALAC Statements are available on the At-Large Correspondence page at:

http://www.atlarge.icann.org/correspondence

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ALAC Process Issues

Highlights of ALAC Process Activities



- ALAC Rules of Procedure Revisions
 - Four Drafting Teams working on various sections
 - Aiming to complete ROP revisions in Toronto
- At-Large Objections Process for the New gTLDs
 - Review Group evaluating comments by At-Large on new gTLD applications for possible submission of objections
 - Activity is first operational responsibility of the ALAC

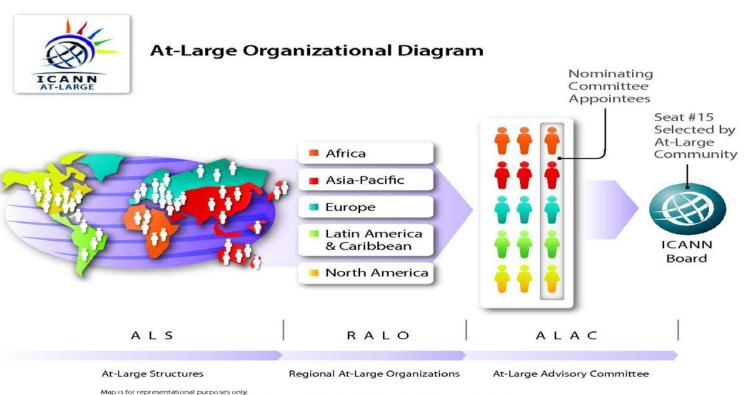
NARALO Outreach Events



- Series of NARALO Capacity Building Sessions
- NARALO General Assembly
- NARALO Outreach Activities
- And...

RALO 5 Year Anniversary 2007-2012

Invitation to Participate in the NARALO Outreach Event
"An Evening with At-Large: Honoring the RALOs"
15 October 19:00 - 20:30
Welcome Address by Fadi Chehade, ICANN President and CEO



Map is for representational purposes only.

For more detailed information see the Google Map of the RALOs and ALSes at: http://www.atlarge.icann.org/maps/
Full country to region list http://www.icann.org/en/meetings/montreal/geo-regions-topic.htm



ASO Policy Issues Barbara Roseman



Background: RIRs, NRO and the ASO















- What is an RIR?
 - Regional Internet Registry. There are five RIRs; AfriNIC, APNIC, ARIN, LACNIC and RIPE and they cooperate thru the NRO, the Number Resource Organization.
- What is the ASO?
 - The Address Supporting
 Organization, set up through an MoU between ICANN and the NRO.
 - One major task of the ASO is to handle Global Policy Proposals.

Background: Global Policies



- What is a "Global Policy"?
 - The RIRs develop many regional addressing policies.
 - Only very few policies affect IANA and only those are called "Global Policies".
- Global Policy Proposal recently approved:
 - Recovered IPv4 Address Space, "Post Exhaustion"

How do I get involved?



- For all addressing policies: participate in the bottom-up policy development in an RIR of your choice.
- All RIRs conduct open meetings where policy proposals are discussed and all have open mailing lists for such matters.
- Get an overview in Toronto- at the ASO AC Workshop, Monday 15 October, 5:00 PM local time!



Participation and Engagement

Filiz Yilmaz

Continuing the New Meeting Structure and Program

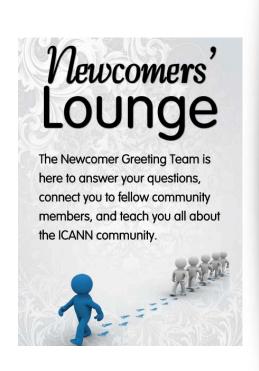


ICANN 45 Toronto Schedule: http://toronto45.icann.org/full-schedule

Meeting closing on Thursday

More specific common-interest sessions on Monday, Wednesday and Thursday on various issues

Newcomers' Activities: Newcomers' Lounge



Newcomer badges for 1st time participants

Lounge in service from Sat-Wed

1 ICANN Staff + 1 Community Member Fellowship Alumni volunteers

Providing various information:
ICANN Factsheets
ICANN Groups' info sheets/brochures

Newcomers' Activities: Newcomers' Sunday Tracks



Open to ALL, not only to Newcomers Sunday 14 October (10:30-17:30)

Sessions on
ICANN Multi-Stakeholder Model
Policy Development at ICANN
Ombudsman
ICANN 45: Week Ahead
ICANN Engagement Tools
Introduction to Registries and Registrars
Recent Developments in Domain Name Space
Contractual Compliance

Interaction with Board PPC



Public consultation meeting with the community
Thursday 18 October 9:1510:15

Future ICANN meetings Consolidated Meetings Strategy

Public Forum



Thursday 18 October 14:00-18:30

Board Report followed by Community-requested agenda points

Input collected from Community leaders

Agenda bashing with Steve Crocker

Remote Participation Services



All public meetings broadcasted All sessions have chat rooms

Monitored by 25-30 Staff members: RP Managers helping participation Being the voice of remote participants

Post meeting survey

See you in Toronto in person or virtually!

Thank you

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Thank you Questions?

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