MediaTek Inc. Code: 2454



Handbook for the 2022 Annual Meeting of Shareholders

(TRANSLATION)

Meeting Date: May 31, 2022

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MediaTek Inc. Procedure for the 2022 Annual Meeting of Shareholders

- 1. Call the Meeting to Order
- 2. Chairman Remarks
- 3. Report Items
- 4. Acknowledgements
- 5. Proposed Resolutions
- 6. Extemporary Motions
- 7. Meeting Adjourned

MediaTek Inc. Year 2022 Agenda of Annual Meeting of Shareholders

Time: 9:00 a.m., May 31, 2022 (Tuesday)

Venue: MediaTek Inc., No. 1, Dusing 1st Road, Hsinchu Science Park, Hsinchu City, Taiwan

R.O.C.

Held by means of: Physical shareholders' meeting

Agenda:

- 1. Call the meeting to order
- 2. Chairman remarks
- 3. Report Items
 - (1). 2021 business report
 - (2). Audit Committee's review report
 - (3). Report on 2021 employees' compensation and remuneration to directors
 - (4). Report on the completion of short-form merger with Hsu-Si Investment Corp.
- 4. Acknowledgements
 - (1). Adoption of the 2021 business report and financial statements
 - (2). Adoption of the proposal for distribution of 2021 profits
- 5. Proposed Resolutions
 - (1). Discussion on cash distribution from capital reserve
 - (2). Amendment to the Company's "Article of Incorporation"
 - (3). Amendments to the Company's "Procedures Governing the Acquisition or Disposition of Assets"
 - (4). Amendments to the Company's "Operating Procedures of Endorsement/Guarantee"
 - (5). Amendments to the Company's "Operating Procedures of Outward Loans to Others"
- 6. Extemporary Motions
- 7. Meeting Adjourned

Report Items

Report item (1)

Proposed by the Board of Directors
Subject: 2021 business report.

Descriptions: 2021 business report is attached on page 9-10, Attachment 1.

Report item (2)

Proposed by the Board of Directors

Subject: Audit Committee's review report.

Descriptions: 2021 Audit Committee's review report is attached on page 11, Attachment 2.

Report item (3)

Proposed by the Board of Directors

Subject: Report on 2021 employees' compensation and remuneration to directors.

Descriptions:

- (1). According to Article 24 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, if there is any profit for a specific fiscal year, the Company shall allocate no less than 1% of the profit as employees' compensation and shall allocate at a maximum of 0.5% of the profit as remuneration to Directors, provided that the Company's accumulated losses shall have been covered in advance.
- (2). The Board has adopted a proposal for distribution of 2021 profit as follows: employees' compensation is NT\$1,513,219,443 and the remuneration to directors is NT\$153,213,469; both shall be paid in cash.

Report item (4)

Proposed by the Board of Directors

Subject: Report on the completion of short-form merger with Hsu-Si Investment Corp. Descriptions:

- (1). According to Article 7, paragraph 2 of the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Law, if a resolution of the merger/consolidation and acquisition is adopted by the Board under Article 19, paragraph 1, and is excluded from a resolution by the general meeting and deemed unnecessary to be notified to shareholders, the Board of Directors shall submit reports for matters of the merger/consolidation and acquisition at the next closest general meeting.
- (2). In order to simplify the shareholding structure in AIROHA TECHNOLOGY CORP., the Board of the Company, on July 27th, 2021, agreed to a proposal to merge with Hsu-Si Investment Corp. (hereinafter "Hsu-Si Investment"), which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, under Article 19, paragraph 1 of the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Law. MediaTek is the surviving Entity while Hsu-Si Investment is the merged entity. The name of the surviving entity is still MediaTek, Inc. The merger is a reorganization and does not involve any share swap or payment of cash or other assets.
- (3). The above-mentioned merger has been executed in accordance with the resolution of the Board, and the merger record date is December 31st, 2021. The Company and Hsu-Si Investment completed the registration modification on January 13th, 2022.

Acknowledgements

Acknowledgement (1)

Proposed by the Board of Directors

Subject: Adoption of the 2021 business report and financial statements.

Descriptions:

- (1). 2021 financial statements, including the balance sheets, statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity, and statements of cash flows, were audited by independent auditors Shao-Pin Kuo and Wen-Fun Fuh of Ernst & Young.
- (2). For the 2021 business report, independent auditors' report and the aforementioned financial statements, please refer to page 9-10, Attachment 1, page 12-21, Attachment 3, and page 22-31, Attachment 4.

Resolution:

Acknowledgement (2)

Proposed by the Board of Directors

Subject: Adoption of the proposal for distribution of 2021 profits.

Descriptions:

(1). The proposal for distribution of 2021 profits has been approved by the Board of Directors in the 8th Board Meeting of the 9th session.

(2). Please refer to the 2021 profit distribution table below:

Descriptions	Amount (NTD)	Remarks
Unappropriated retained earnings of previous years	134,019,725,167	
Plus: Net income of 2021	111,421,062,393	
Plus: Proceeds from disposal of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	6,957,315,162	
Plus: Actual gain on defined benefit plans	51,650,211	
Less: Adjustment for restricted stocks awards	(17,251,500)	
Earnings available for distribution	252,432,501,433	•
Distribution items:		
Legal reserve	(11,841,277,627)	Cash dividend of NT\$57.00 per share; No stock dividend.
Dividend to common shareholders	(91,147,046,031)	
Unappropriated retained earnings	149,444,177,775	•

Note

- 1. Cash dividend distributions are calculated based on MediaTek's outstanding shares of 1,599,070,983 shares as of March 15, 2022.
- 2. The cash dividends will be distributed to each shareholder based on shareholding percentages, and be rounded down to the nearest dollar. The amounts under one dollar due to the rounding off are summed and recognized as the Company's other income.
- 3. According to the Board resolution on March 16, 2022, the Chairman is authorized to determine the cash dividend record date and payment date upon the approval of the profit distribution proposal at the Annual Meeting of Shareholders. In the event the number of outstanding shares is affected by the Company's subsequent shares buyback, transfer or cancellation of treasury stocks, issuance of new shares because of the exercise of employee stock options, issuance or withdrawal of employee restricted stocks awards or other causes, the Chairman is authorized to adjust the distribution percentage per share based on the actual number of the outstanding shares on the cash dividend record date and other related matters.

Chairman: Ming-Kai Tsai Chief Executive Officer: Rick Tsai Chief Financial Officer: David Ku

Resolution:

Proposed Resolutions

Proposal (1)

Proposed by the Board of Directors

Subject: Discussion of cash distribution from capital reserve. Approval is respectfully

requested.

Descriptions:

(1). Pursuant to subparagraph 1, paragraph 1 of Article 241 of the Company Act, the Company plans to distribute cash of NT\$25,585,135,728 from the capital reserve from paid-in capital in excess of par value, to the shareholder listed on the register of shareholders on the record date and the expected cash per share is NT\$16. Cash payment shall be rounded down to the nearest dollar. The amounts under one dollar due to the rounding off are summed and recognized as the Company's other income.

(2). According to the Board resolution on March 16, 2022, the Chairman is authorized to determine the record date and payment date upon the approval of cash distribution from capital reserve at the Annual Meeting of Shareholders. In the event the number of outstanding shares is affected by the Company's subsequent shares buyback, transfer or cancellation of treasury stocks, issuance of new shares because of the exercise of employee stock options, issuance or withdrawal of employee restricted stocks awards or other causes, the Chairman is authorized to adjust the distribution amount per share based on the actual number of the outstanding shares on the record date and other related matters.

Resolution:

Proposal (2)

Proposed by the Board of Directors

Subject: Amendment to the Company's "Article of Incorporation". Approval is respectfully

requested.

Descriptions:

- (1) In accordance with Article 240 and Article 241 of the Company Act, which simplified the procedure of distributing cash dividends, and the amendment to Article 172-2 of the Company Act, the Company plans to amend the Company's "Article of Incorporation".
- (2) The comparison table illustrating the original and amended texts of the "Article of Incorporation" is available on page 32-34, Attachment 5.

Proposal (3)

Proposed by the Board of Directors

Subject: Amendment to the

Amendment to the Company's "Procedures Governing the Acquisition or Disposition of Assets". Approval is respectfully requested.

Descriptions:

- (1) In response to the amendment to "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies" issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission and the growth of the Company's operating scale, the Company plans to amend the Company's "Procedures Governing the Acquisition or Disposition of Assets".
- (2) The comparison table illustrating the original and amended texts of the "Procedures Governing the Acquisition or Disposition of Assets" is available on page 35-40, Attachment 6.

Resolution:

Proposal (4)

Proposed by the Board of Directors

Subject: Amendment to the Company's "Operating Procedures of Endorsement/Guarantee". Approval is respectfully requested.

Descriptions:

- (1) In response to the growth of the Company's operating scale, the Company plans to amend the Company's "Operating Procedures of Endorsement/Guarantee".
- (2) The comparison table illustrating the original and amended texts of the "Operating Procedures of Endorsement/Guarantee" is available on page 41-42, Attachment 7.

Resolution:

Proposal (5)

Proposed by the Board of Directors

Subject: Amendment to

Amendment to the Company's "Operating Procedures of Outward Loans to Others". Approval is respectfully requested.

Descriptions:

- (1) In response to the growth of the Company's operating scale, the Company plans to amend the Company's "Operating Procedures of Outward Loans to Others".
- (2) The comparison table illustrating the original and amended texts of the "Operating Procedures of Outward Loans to Others" is available on page 43-45, Attachment 8.

Resolution:

Extemporary Motions

Meeting Adjourned

Attachment

Attachment 1

MediaTek Inc. 2021 Business Report

Dear Shareholders:

2021 was a year full of both opportunities and challenges for global semiconductor industry. The acceleration of digital transformation has driven strong demand in various markets, leading to supply pressures in the global semiconductor supply chain. With the joint efforts from all MediaTek employees around the world, we have reached a new milestone in 2021 with record high consolidated revenue and EPS. Our consolidated revenue reached NT\$493.1 billion, with EPS more than doubled to NT\$70.56. MediaTek is the 4th largest IC design company and the 7th largest semiconductor company globally, according to market research firms - Topology Research Institute and Gartner Research. Besides, MediaTek's gross margin and operating margin increased for the 4th consecutive year, with gross margin rising over 11 percentage points from 35.6% in 2017 to 46.9% in 2021, and operating margin expanding over 17 percentage points from 4.1% in 2017 to 21.9% in 2021.

MediaTek continues balanced development in various products, including smartphones, smart edge platforms and power management ICs with strong growth across the board in 2021. We believe our positive developments in financial and businesses were resulting from the successful execution of the strategy to invest early in 5G and WiFi 6, allowing us to participate in the full product cycle. And with excellent technology competitiveness, we were able to expand our markets and provided more value to the customers.

In terms of smartphone, MediaTek is ranked 1st in 2021 in global smartphone SoC market share, according to Counterpoint, a market research firm. We capture the 5G upgrade opportunity through our complete product portfolio, with exciting expansion into the flagship market. Our first 5G flagship SoC, Dimensity 9000, was highly recognized by the market with its powerful CPU and leading power consumption performance, according to major benchmark indicators, and has had design-ins with multiple brands.

As for smart edge platforms, WiFi 6, WiFi 6E, 5G and Bluetooth 5.0 are still in the beginning of technology migration. With consumers' rising demand for multimedia, MediaTek has driven technology upgrades in smart TV, router, broadband application, tablet, laptop and IoT devices, and will continue to expand markets and gain market share through our strong product portfolio, with multiple years of growth opportunities ahead. In terms of power IC, the structural demand growth driven by accelerating technology upgrades should be able to sustain. MediaTek provides power management IC solutions across computing, communication, consumer, automotive and industrial fields, with automotive and industrial together accounting for nearly 10% of power IC revenue, demonstrating rapid growth.

Looking forward, MediaTek plays a crucial and complementary role under the cloud computing trend, with enabling over 2 billion smart edge devices every year to enrich users' cloud connection experiences. MediaTek possesses key technologies and development capabilities for smart edge platforms, such as high-performance and low-power-consumption CPU, GPU and APU, as well as complete and leading-edge long/short range wireless and wired product portfolio, including 5G, WiFi 6/7, Bluetooth and GPON. Moreover, the camera, image, audio IPs developed with MediaTek's exceptional edge AI technologies have provided highly differentiated values to our customers.

Power IC's broad-based applications not only create values for MediaTek's various products but bring solid revenue momentum.

We continue to relentlessly invest in the technologies that drive our future growth, extending our core development capabilities to the higher-end computing, high-performance/low-power-consumption graphic IPs, 5G modems that provide low-latency and for broader applications, and next generation WiFi. We have integrated them into the leading-edge system architecture by different platforms and ecosystems. We also work with foundry partners on advanced process nodes as well as 3D chiplets technology to support our product development.

With strong business fundamentals, we are confident in sustaining a strong cash flow going forward. Last April, we raised our cash dividend payout ratio to 80% to 85% on regular basis and launched a 4-year special cash dividend program of NT\$16 per share per year, to share our performances with shareholders.

Furthermore, MediaTek promotes sustainability developments in various aspects to fulfill stakeholders' expectation as a sustainable company. We started with "global reach, local presence" and for many years has propelled talent cultivation programs in schools, promoted society innovation, held "Genius for Home - MediaTek Digital Social Innovation Campaign", and devoted to the dissemination of technology education and innovation. MediaTek also responds to the carbon reduction target of the Government and COP26, with devotion to promote green innovation with front-end technology development, to conform to the power saving, carbon reduction and environmental protection trend. Furthermore, we hold Supplier Forums every year to execute various greenhouse gas reduction campaigns to exercise our influence at the top of the supply chain.

MediaTek is well recognized in the role of corporate citizen to fulfill corporate social responsibilities and was awarded Excellence in Corporate Social Responsibility - Corporate Citizen Award and the Most Prestigious Sustainability Awards - Top Ten Domestic Corporates, the best performance we had achieved. We were selected for the 7th consecutive year as part of "Taiwan Top 10 Global Brands" and was the only Taiwanese semiconductor company selected. Also, for the 18th consecutive year, we were the only Taiwanese company with papers selected and published by ISSCC, the Olympic of IC design industry.

To conclude, MediaTek will continue to invest in key technologies and thrive to become a trustworthy as well as reliable partners to our customers as we become more relevant in the industry. MediaTek will uphold the strong execution as always, continue to create product value and recruit global talent. We will also deeply collaborate with global semiconductor supply chain and customers in all products, grow with our customers and eventually to enhance shareholder value. Finally, we would like to extend our sincere appreciation to all of our shareholders for your long-term trust and continuous support.

Chairman: Ming-Kai Tsai Chief Executive Officer: Rick Tsai Chief Financial Officer: David Ku

Attachment 2

Audit Committee's Review Report

The Board of Directors has prepared the Company's 2021 business report, financial statements, and proposal for allocation of profits. The CPA firm of Ernst & Young was retained to audit MediaTek's financial statements and has issued an audit report relating to the financial statements. The business report, financial statements, and profit allocation proposal have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and no irregularities were found. We hereby report as above according to Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act. Please kindly approve.

To MediaTek Inc. 2022 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting

MediaTek Inc.

Chairman of the Audit Committee: Chung-Yu Wu

March 16, 2022



安永聯合會計師事務所

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English Translation of a Report Originally Issued in Chinese

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of MediaTek Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of MediaTek Inc. and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies (together "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of MediaTek Inc. and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and their consolidated financial performance and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, in conformity with the requirements of the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, Interpretations developed by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee or the former Standing Interpretations Committee as endorsed and became effective by Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of MediaTek Inc. and its subsidiaries in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China (the "Norm"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Norm. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of 2021 consolidated financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Revenue recognition

MediaTek Inc. and its subsidiaries recognized NT\$493,414,582 thousand as net sales, which includes sale of goods in the amount of NT\$488,900,520 thousand and services and other operating revenues in the amount of NT\$4,514,062 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2021. Main source of revenue comes from sales of chips. Due to the fact that the product portfolio and the pricing methods are varied and sales discounts are usually directly included or indirectly implied in purchase orders or in practice, it is necessary for the Company to judge and determine the performance obligation of a contract, the timing of its satisfaction, and the estimate of the variable considerations. As a result, we determined the matter to be a key audit matter.

Our audit procedures include (but are not limited to) assessing the appropriateness of the accounting policy for revenue recognition; evaluating and testing the effectiveness of internal control which is related to the timing of revenue recognition; performing test of details on samples selected from details of sales, reviewing the significant terms of sales agreements, testing five steps of revenue recognition and tracing to relevant documentation of transactions; performing test for contract modification, test for contract consolidation and test for principal and agent; adopting audit sampling on trade receivables and performing confirmation procedures on final balance and key terms of sales agreements; and reviewing transactions for certain period before and after the reporting date, analyzing the reasonableness of fluctuations and selecting samples to perform cutoff procedures, tracing to relevant documentation to verify that revenue has been recorded in the correct accounting period. Besides, we also reviewed if there are any significant revenue reversals in subsequent periods.

We also considered the appropriateness of the disclosures of sales. Please refer to Note 4, Note 5 and Note 6 in notes to consolidated financial statements.



Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, Interpretations developed by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee or the former Standing Interpretations Committee as endorsed by Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the ability to continue as a going concern of MediaTek Inc. and its subsidiaries, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate MediaTek Inc. and its subsidiaries or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of MediaTek Inc. and its subsidiaries.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:



- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control of MediaTek Inc. and its subsidiaries.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability to continue as a going concern of MediaTek Inc. and its subsidiaries. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause MediaTek Inc. and its subsidiaries to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the accompanying notes, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within MediaTek Inc. and its subsidiaries to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of 2021 consolidated financial statements and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Others

We have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion on the parent company only financial statements of MediaTek Inc. as of and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Kuo, Shao-Pin

Fuh, Wen-Fun

Ernst & Young, Taiwan

February 25, 2022

Notice to Readers

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice. As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, Ernst & Young cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS As of December 31, 2021 and 2020 (Amounts in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

ASSETS	Notes	December 31, 2021	%	December 31, 2020		%
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	4, 6(1)	\$ 183,704,594	28	\$ 196,	196,579,745	37
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	4, 5, 6(2)	10,695,832	2	&	8,504,707	2
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-current	4, 5, 6(3)	6,705,920	_	4	4,373,488	_
Financial assets measured at amortized cost-current	4, 5, 6(4)	3,657,229			655,356	,
Notes receivables, net	6(22)	2,811	٠		43,437	,
Trade receivables, net	4, 5, 6(5), 6(22)	58,577,900	6	33,	33,088,653	9
Trade receivables from related parties, net	4, 5, 6(5), 6(22), 7	79,236	•		630	,
Other receivables	(9)9	6,931,246	-	7,	7,645,652	2
Current tax assets	4, 5, 6(30)	140,950	•		807,990	•
Inventories, net	4, 5, 6(7)	73,270,606	11	37,	37,677,370	7
Prepayments	(8)	1,809,392	•	1,	1,449,401	'
Other current assets		1,289,010	•	1,	1,035,864	,
Total current assets		346,864,726	53	291,	291,862,293	55
Non-current assets						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-noncurrent	4, 5, 6(2)	4,458,892	_	4	4,611,586	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-noncurrent	4, 5, 6(3)	52,196,718	∞	49,	49,872,898	6
Financial assets measured at amortized cost-noncurrent	4, 5, 6(4), 8	11,180,498	2	11,	11,614,536	2
Investments accounted for using the equity method	4, 6(9)	60,287,258	6	50,	50,667,839	10
Property, plant and equipment	4, 6(10)	49,111,180	7	38,	38,971,343	7
Right-of-use assets	4, 6(23)	3,478,527	П	, 7	2,934,762	-
Investment property, net	4, 6(11)	1,605,354		1,	1,011,956	,
Intangible assets	4, 6(12), 6(13)	73,525,649	11	76,	76,271,667	14
Deferred tax assets	4, 5, 6(30)	8,412,894	-	5,	5,676,629	-
Refundable deposits	6	9,334,669	1		280,089	1
Long-term financing lease receivable, net	4, 6(22), 6(23)	1,455,784	•		130,729	•
Other non-current assets-others	6	38,964,599	9		1	1
Total non-current assets		314,012,022	47	242,	242,044,034	45
Total assets		\$ 660,876,748	100	\$ 533,	533,906,327	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer: David Ku

President: Lih-Shyng Tsai Chairman: Ming-Kai Tsai

English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS As of December 31, 2021 and 2020 (Amounts in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	1000	December 31, 2021	%	December 31, 2020	%
Current liabilities					
Short-term borrowings	6(14)	\$ 51,267,307	∞	\$ 21,470,853	4
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss-current	4, 5, 6(2)	4,252	ı	10,329	ı
Contract liabilities-current	4, 5, 6(21)	6,368,483	1	11,692,917	2
Trade payables		41,327,057	9	32,808,713	9
Trade payables to related parties	7	2,176,635	1	1,661,473	'
Other payables	6(15)	53,126,366	8	38,992,839	7
Other payables to related parties	7	117,547	1	47,940	1
Current tax liabilities	4, 5, 6(30)	11,532,644	2	4,773,718	1
Lease liabilities-current	4, 6(23)	501,153	1	483,089	ı
Other current liabilities	6(16)	40,991,045	9	28,363,069	9
Current portion of long-term liabilities	6(17)	3,693,791	1	3,493,485	1
Total current liabilities		211,106,280	32	143,798,425	27
Non-current liabilities					
Long-term borrowings	6(17)	827,660	,	1	'
Long-term payables		662,179		3,619,618	1
Long-term payables to related parties	7	193,718	1		1
Net defined benefit liabilities-noncurrent	4, 6(18)	856,412	i	910,118	ı
Deposits received	7	227,570	i	430,736	1
Deferred tax liabilities	4, 5, 6(30)	8,323,476	-	5,974,416	1
Lease liabilities-noncurrent	4, 6(23)	2,989,923	1	2,362,280	1
Other non-current liabilities-others		2,041,636	1	1,726,283	1
Total non-current liabilities		16,122,574	2	15,023,451	3
Total liabilities		227,228,854	34	158,821,876	30
Equity attributable to owners of the parent					
Share capital	6(19)				
Common stock		15,988,420	3	15,900,622	3
Capital collected in advance		483	1	2,133	ı
Capital surplus	6(19), 6(20), 6(33)	59,776,045	6	76,745,750	14
Retained earnings	6(19)				
Legal reserve		50,217,220	∞	44,583,025	∞
Undistributed earnings		252,432,501	38	173,052,205	32
Other equity	6(20)	53,656,597	∞	61,606,056	12
Treasury shares	4, 6(19)	(55,970)	i	(55,970)	1
Equity attributable to owners of the parent		432,015,296	99	371,833,821	69
Non-controlling interests	4, 6(19), 6(33)	1,632,598	1	3,250,630	1
Total equity	•	433,647,894	99	375,084,451	70
Total liabilities and equity		\$ 660.876.748	100	\$ 533.906.327	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer: David Ku

President: Lih-Shyng Tsai Chairman: Ming-Kai Tsai

$\underline{\textbf{English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese}}$

MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

(Amounts in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except for earnings per share)

Description	Notes	2021	%	2020	%
Net sales	4, 5, 6(21), 7	\$ 493,414,582	100	\$ 322,145,988	100
Operating costs	4, 5, 6(7), 6(24), 7	(261,809,987)	(53)	(180,610,472)	(56)
Gross profit		231,604,595	47	141,535,516	44
Operating expenses	6(22), 6(23), 6(24), 7				
Selling expenses		(17,195,853)	(4)	(13,639,249)	(4)
Administrative expenses		(10,287,281)	(2)	(7,344,108)	(2)
Research and development expenses		(96,080,761)	(19)	(77,324,828)	(24)
Expected credit losses		(466)		(8,092)	-
Total operating expenses		(123,564,361)	(25)	(98,316,277)	(30)
Operating income		108,040,234	22	43,219,239	14
Non-operating income and expenses					
Interest income	4, 6(25)	1,650,698	-	2,482,199	1
Other income	4, 6(26), 7	6,579,633	2	1,760,567	-
Other gains and losses	4, 6(27)	9,795,607	2	364,621	-
Finance costs	6(28)	(192,601)	-	(594,988)	-
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	4, 6(9)	978,482	-	351,048	-
Total non-operating income and expenses		18,811,819	4	4,363,447	1
Net income before income tax		126,852,053	26	47,582,686	15
Income tax expense	4, 5, 6(30)	(14,979,520)	(3)	(6,144,113)	(2)
Net income		111,872,533	23	41,438,573	13
Other community is in com-	4 6(0) 6(20) 6(20)				
Other comprehensive income Items that may not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	4, 6(9), 6(29), 6(30)				
Remeasurements of defined benefit plan		62,281	_	(71,905)	_
Unrealized gains (losses) from equity instrument investments measured at fair value through other		5,686,940	1	1,137,121	_
comprehensive income		3,080,940	1	1,137,121	-
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method		2,797,189	1	35,114,051	11
Income tax relating to those items not to be reclassified to profit or loss		40,096	-	(310,392)	-
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
Exchange differences resulting from translating the financial statements of foreign operations		(6,043,055)	(1)	(7,074,601)	(2)
Unrealized gains (losses) from debt instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		(2,084)	-	22,857	-
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using		1,262,834	-	2,323,677	1
the equity method Other comprehensive income, net of tax		3,804,201	1	31,140,808	10
~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Total comprehensive income		\$ 115,676,734	24	\$ 72,579,381	23
Net income for the periods attributable to :					
Owners of the parent	6(31)	\$ 111,421,062		\$ 40,916,800	
Non-controlling interests	6(19)	451,471		521,773	
		\$ 111,872,533		\$ 41,438,573	
Total comprehensive income for the periods attributable to :					
Owners of the parent		\$ 115,241,937		\$ 72,047,329	
Non-controlling interests		434,797		532,052	
		\$ 115,676,734		\$ 72,579,381	
Basic Earnings Per Share (in New Taiwan Dollars)	6(31)	\$ 70.56		\$ 26.01	
Diluted Earnings Per Share (in New Taiwan Dollars)	6(31)	\$ 70.22		\$ 25.84	
	•				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Chairman : Ming-Kai Tsai President : Lih-Shyng Tsai Chief Financial Officer : David Ku

Chief Financial Officer: David Ku

English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020

Dollars)
Taiwan
of New
thousands
Ξ.
(Amounts

					Equity attribu	Equity attributable to owners of the parent	±					
	Share	Share capital		Retained earnings	arnings		Other equity					
Description	Common stock	Capital collected in advance	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Undistributed earnings	Exchange differences resulting from translating the financial statements of foreign operations	Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Others	Treasury	Equity attributable to owners of the parent	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
Balance as of January 1, 2020	\$ 15,896,473	\$ 3,780	\$ 82,392,203	\$ 41,507,689	\$ 127,729,843	\$ (3,949,641)	\$ 50,322,680	\$ (1,096,713)	\$ (55,970)	\$ 312,750,344	\$ 1,649,194	\$ 314,399,538
Appropriation and distribution of 2019 earlings: Legal reserve	-	,	1	3.075.336	(3.075.336)	,	,	1	1	1		1
Cash dividends					(7,944,252)	•				(7,944,252)		(7,944,252)
Total				3,075,336	(11,019,588)					(7,944,252)		(7,944,252)
Cash dividends distributed from capital surplus			(8,738,677)	,	,				,	(8,738,677)	,	(8,738,677)
D. G. C												
Front for the year ended December 31, 2020 Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2020	1 1		1 1		40,916,800	(4,761,203)	35,949,040			31,130,529	521,773	31,140,808
Total comprehensive income	1	1		1	40,859,492	(4,761,203)	35,949,040		1	72,047,329	532,052	72,579,381
Share-based payment transactions	18,866	(1,647)	603,448	1	1		,	1	1	620,667	253,978	874,645
Treasury stock acquired	'	•	1	1	1	•	1	1	(53,600)	(53,600)	1	(53,600)
Treasury stock retired Adjustments due to dividends that subsidiaries received from parent community	(1,300)	1	(5,657)	1	(46,643)		1	1	53,600	. 20	1	1 0 0
Changes in associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method			(9,810)		(99,498)					(109,308)		(109,308)
The differences between the fair value of the consideration paid or received from acounting or disnosine subsidiaries and the carrying amounts of the subsidiaries			1 001 352							1 001 352	231 621	1 233 173
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries			1,185,977							1,185,977	583,585	1,769,562
Issuance of restricted stock for employees	(13,417)	1	284,705	,	3,352	,		767,140	1	1,041,780	1	1,041,780
Changes in other capital surplus	1	•	(49,636)	ı	1	•	1	1	i	(49,636)	ı	(49,636)
Proceeds from disposal of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	1	,	ı	ı	15,625,247	•	(15,625,247)	1	1	1	1	1
Balance as of December 31, 2020	15,900,622	2,133	76,745,750	44,583,025	173,052,205	(8,710,844)	70,646,473	(329,573)	(55,970)	371,833,821	3,250,630	375,084,451
Appropriation and distribution of 2020 earnings: Legal reserve	,	,	,	5,634,195	(5,634,195)	,	1	1	,	,	,	1
Cash dividends	,	1		,	(33,398,284)		,	1		(33,398,284)	-	(33,398,284)
Total				5,634,195	(39,032,479)			,		(33,398,284)	•	(33,398,284)
Cash dividends distributed from capital surplus	1	,	(25,446,312)	ı	ı	,	,	'	ı	(25,446,312)	'	(25,446,312)
Profit for the year ended December 31, 2021	1		•		111,421,062	,	1		,	111,421,062	451,471	111,872,533
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2021	'	'		1	51,650	(4,763,993)	8,533,218	1	1	3,820,875	(16,674)	3,804,201
Total comprehensive income					111,472,712	(4,763,993)	8,533,218		1	115,241,937	434,797	115,676,734
Share-based payment transactions	5,244	(1,650)	191,090	,	,	,	1	,	,	194,684	9,585	204,269
Adjustments due to dividends that subsidiaries received from parent company	1	1	288,382	1	1	1	1	1	1	288,382	1	288,382
Changes in associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method		•	1,223,848			•		•	•	1,223,848	•	1,223,848
The unreferences between the fair value of the construction part of received from acquiring or disposing subsidiaries and the carrying amounts of the subsidiaries	1	1	(162,502)	1	1	,	1	1	ı	(162,502)	(14,310)	(176,812)
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries		•	609,264	1	•	•	•	1	1	609,264	(430,508)	178,756
Issuance of restricted stock for employees	82,554	•	6,376,784	1	(17,252)	•	•	(4,761,369)	1	1,680,717	1	1,680,717
Changes in other capital surplus Proceeds from discovery of southy instruments measured at fair value through other	1	•	(50,259)	1	1	•	•	1	1	(50,259)	1	(50,259)
comprehensive income		,	1	1	6,957,315	•	(6,957,315)	1	1	1	,	,
Non-controlling interests						•					(1,617,596)	
Balance as of December 31, 2021	\$ 15,988,420	\$ 483	\$ 59,776,045	\$ 50,217,220	\$ 252,432,501	\$ (13,474,837)	\$ 72,222,376	\$ (5,090,942)	\$ (55,970)	\$ 432,015,296	\$ 1,632,598	\$ 433,647,894

President: Lih-Shyng Tsai

Chairman: Ming-Kai Tsai

English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese MEDIATEK INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 $\,$

(Amounts in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Cash flows from operating activities : Profit before tax from continuing operations S 126,852,053 S	
Adjustments for: The profit of bas items which did not affect cash flows: Depreciation Amortization Expected credit bases Losses (gains) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Losses (gains) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Losses (gains) on financial assets measured at amortized cost Losses (gains) on financial assets measured at amortized cost Losses (and secongation of financial assets measured at amortized cost Losses on disposal or fromerty, plant and equipment Dividend income Share-based payment expenses Share-based payment expenses Losses on disposal of growering, plant and equipment Property, plant and equipment transferred to expenses Losses on disposal of investments assets Cains on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method Others Cains on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method Others Cains on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method Others Cains on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method Others Cains on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method Others Cains on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method Others Cains on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method Others Cains on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method Others Cains on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method Others Cains on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method Others Cains on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method Others Cains on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method Others Cains on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method Cains on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method Cains on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method Cains on disposal of investments accounted to using the equity method Cains on disposal of investments accounted to using the equi	
The profit or loss items which did not affect each flows: Depreciation	47,582,686
Depreciation	
Amortization	
Expected credit losses 466 Losses (gains) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 192,601 Gains on derecognition of financial assets measured at amortized cost 10,404 Interest income (1,650,698 Dividend income (3,781,848 Share-based payment expenses 1,757,079 Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method (978,482 Losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment 4,649 Property, plant and equipment transferred to expenses 1,065 Losses on disposal of interprety, plant and equipment transferred to expenses 1,065 Losses on disposal of interprety, plant and equipment transferred to expenses 1,065 Losses on disposal of interprety, plant and equipment transferred to expenses 1,065 Losses on disposal of investments (3,429,982 Gains on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method (938,753 Other contains assets and liabilities: (4,018 Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (4,018 Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss (2,529,497 Notes receivables (2,5345,561 Trade receivables from related parties (78,606 Other receivables (3,6957,513 Prepayments (470,229 Other current assets (2,531,46 Other non-current assets others (3,6957,513 Prepayments (470,229 Other non-current assets others (3,697,513 Trade payables to related parties (3,611,69 Other payables to related parties (3,611,69 Other payables to related parties (3,611,69 Charles payables to related parties (3,611,69 Other p	4,567,806
Loses (gains) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss 192,601 Interest receptors 192,601 Interest income (1,650,698) Dividend income (1,650,698) Dividend income (1,650,698) Share-based payment expenses (1,757,079 Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method (978,482) Loses on disposal of property, plant and equipment 4,649 Property, plant and equipment transferred to expenses 1,065 Loses on disposal of investments (8,29,982) Gains on disposal of investments (8,29,982) Gains on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method (938,753) Others (4,018) Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (4,018) Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (4,018) Trade receivables (4,018) Trade receivables (4,018) Trade receivables (2,0345,561) Trade receivables (7,806) Other receivables (7,806) Other receivables (7,806) Other receivables (7,806) Other receivables (7,807,05) Inventories (36,937,513) Prepayments (470,229) Other current assets (2,531,46) Other non-current assets others (3,537),168 Trade payables to related parties (3,537),168 Trade payable	5,333,277
Interest expenses 192,601 Gains on derecognition of financial assets measured at amortized cost (10,404) Interest income (1,650,698) Dividend income (1,650,698) Dividend income (1,650,698) Share-based payment expenses 1,757,079 Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method (978,482) Loses on disposal of invertigency, plant and equipment ransferred to expenses 1,065 Loses on disposal of investments (8,429,982) Gains	8,092
Cains on derecognition of financial assets measured at amortized cost (10,404) Interest income (1,650,698) Dividend income (1,650,698) Share-based payment expenses (1,757,079) Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method (978,482) Losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment 4,649 Property, plant and equipment transferred to expenses 1,065 Losses on disposal of intangible assets 9 Gains on disposal of intangible assets 9 Gains on disposal of interestments accounted for using the equity method (938,753) Others (4,018) Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss (2,529,497) Notes receivables (26,345,561) Trade receivables (26,345,561) Trade receivables (78,066) Other current assets (253,146) Other non-current assets others (253,146) Other non-current assets others (253,146) Other payables to related parties (253,146) Other payables to related parties (38,945,99) Contract liabilities (5,257,168) Trade payables to related parties (38,912) Other current fiabilities (38,912) Other current fiabilities (38,912) Other current liabilities (38,912) Other current liabilities (38,912) Other current liabilities (39,9736) Cash generated from operating activities: (40,129) Interest received (7,227,944 Interest paid (191,293) Income tax paid (191,293	(141,167)
Interest income	594,988
Dividend income (5,781.84s)	(5,303)
Share-based payment expenses 1,757,079	(2,482,199)
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method Losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment Property, plant and equipment transferred to expenses Losses on disposal of intangible assets Gains on disposal of intestments Gains on disposal of investments Gains on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method Others Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss Financial assets and tabilities Financial assets and tabilities Financial assets and tabilities Financial assets and tabilities Gasparation Financial assets and tabilities Gas	(1,422,408) 1,283,437
Losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(351,048)
Property, plant and equipment transferred to expenses	11,297
Losses on disposal of intrangible assets	29
Gains on disposal of investments (8,429,982) Gains on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method (938,753) Others (4,018) Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (2,529,497) Notes receivables in crecivables (2,529,497) Trade receivables from related parties (78,606) Other receivables from related parties (1,780,705) Inventories (36,957,513) Prepayments (470,229) Other current assets (253,146) Other non-current assets-others (38,964,599) Contract liabilities (5,227,168) Trade payables to related parties (5,227,168) Other payables to related parties (38,112) Other pon-current liabilities 8,575 Other pon-current liabilities 8,575 Other on-current liabilities others (399,736) Cash generated from operating activities: 46,432,544 Interest received	67
Gains on disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method (938,753) Others (4,018) Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (4,018) Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss (2,529,497) Notes receivables (26,345,561) Trade receivables from related parties (78,606) Other receivables from related parties (1,780,705) Inventories (36,957,513) Prepayments (470,229) Other current assets of the current assets of the current assets of (25,146) (25,146) Other non-current assets-others (38,964,599) Contract liabilities (5,227,168) Trade payables to related parties (5,227,168) Trade payables to related parties (38,112) Other current liabilities (38,112) Other ourrent liabilities (39,736) Cash generated from operating activities:	(131,091)
Others (4,018) Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (2,529,497) Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss (2,529,497) Notes receivables (26,344,561) Trade receivables (78,606) Other receivables from related parties (1,780,705) Inventories (36,957,513) Prepayments (470,229) Other current assets (253,146) Other non-current assets-others (38,964,599) Contract liabilities (5,257,168) Trade payables to related parties 9,160,159 Trade payables to related parties (38,112) Other payables to related parties (38,112) Other payables to related parties (38,112) Other current liabilities (38,112) Other non-current liabilities 8,575 Other non-current liabilities others (399,736) Cash generated from operating activities: 46,432,544 Interest received 7,227,944 Interest received 7,227,944 Interest paid (191,293) Income ta	(41,269)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss 40,626 Trade receivables 40,626 Trade receivables (26,345,561) Trade receivables from related parties (78,606) Other receivables (1,780,705) Inventories (36,957,513) Prepayments (470,229) Other current assets (233,146) Other non-current assets-others (38,964,599) Contract liabilities (3,257,168) Trade payables (3,257,168) Trade payables to related parties (3,212,160,159) Other non-current liabilities (3,31,12) Other current liabilities (3,31,12) Other onon-current liabilities (3,31,12) Other onon-current liabilities (3,257,168) Trade payables (3,257,168) Other non-current liabilities (3,277,279,168) Other non-current liabilities (3,277,279,179,179,179,179,179,179,179,179,179,1	1,277
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss	
Trade receivables (26,345,561) Trade receivables from related parties (78,606) Other receivables (1,780,705) Inventories (36,997,513) Prepayments (470,229) Other current assets (253,146) Other non-current assets-others (38,964,599) Contract liabilities (5,257,168) Trade payables Trade payables to related parties (5,257,168) Trade payables to related parties (38,216) Other payables to related parties (38,112) Other payables to related parties (38,112) Other current liabilities (38,112) Other current liabilities (38,112) Other current liabilities (38,172) Other payables to related parties (38,112) Other current liabilities (39,736) Other non-current liabilities (39,736) Cash generated from operating activities: (46,432,544) Interest received (19,293) Income tax paid (191,293) Income tax paid (7,866,589) Net cash provided by operating activities (47,094,744) Cash flows from investing activities (6,331,739) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (5,991,715) Proceeds from capital return of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (647,146)	385,851
Trade receivables from related parties (78,606) Other receivables (1,780,705) Inventories (36,957,513) Prepayments (470,229) Other current assets (253,146) Other non-current assets-others (38,964,599) Contract liabilities (5,257,168) Trade payables 9,160,159 Trade payables to related parties 532,216 Other payables to related parties (38,112) Other current liabilities 13,313,793 Net defined benefit liabilities 8,575 Other non-current liabilities others (399,736) Cash generated from operating activities: 46,432,544 Interest received 1,492,138 Dividend received 7,227,944 Interest paid (191,293) Income tax paid (7,866,589) Net cash provided by operating activities 47,094,744 Cash flows from investing activities: 47,094,744 Cash flows from injecting activities activities: 6,331,739) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 5,991,715 <td>(40,626)</td>	(40,626)
Other receivables (1,780,705) Inventories (36,957,513) Prepayments (470,229) Other current assets (253,146) Other non-current assets-others (38,964,599) Contract liabilities (5,257,168) Trade payables 9,160,159 Trade payables to related parties 532,216 Other payables to related parties (38,112) Other payables to related parties (38,112) Other current liabilities 13,313,793 Net defined benefit liabilities 8,575 Other non-current liabilities-others (399,736) Cash generated from operating activities: 46,432,544 Interest received 1,492,138 Dividend received 1,227,944 Interest paid (191,293) Income tax paid (7,866,589) Net cash provided by operating activities 47,094,744 Cash flows from investing activities: (6,331,739) Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 5,991,715 Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income <td>(9,629,237)</td>	(9,629,237)
Inventories	4,370
Prepayments	(231,567)
Other current assets (253,146) Other non-current assets-others (38,964,599) Contract liabilities (5,257,168) Trade payables 9,160,159 Trade payables to related parties 532,216 Other payables to related parties (38,112) Other payables to related parties (38,112) Other payables to related parties (38,112) Other current liabilities 8,575 Other current liabilities 8,575 Other non-current liabilities-others (399,736) Cash generated from operating activities: 46,432,544 Interest received 1,492,138 Dividend received 7,227,944 Interest paid (191,293) Income tax paid (7,866,589) Net cash provided by operating activities 47,094,744 Cash flows from investing activities: Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 5,991,715 Proceeds from capital return of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 647,146	(12,383,737)
Other non-current assets-others (38,964,599) Contract liabilities (5,257,168) Trade payables 9,160,159 Trade payables to related parties 532,216 Other payables 14,542,537 Other payables to related parties (38,112) Other current liabilities 13,313,793 Net defined benefit liabilities 8,575 Other non-current liabilities-others (399,736) Cash generated from operating activities: 46,432,544 Interest received 1,492,138 Dividend received 7,227,944 Interest paid (191,293) Income tax paid (7,866,589) Net cash provided by operating activities 47,094,744 Cash flows from investing activities: (6,331,739) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 5,991,715 Proceeds from capital return of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 647,146	(151,795)
Contract liabilities	(378,594)
Trade payables 9,160,159 Trade payables to related parties 532,216 Other payables 14,542,537 Other payables to related parties (38,112) Other current liabilities 13,313,793 Net defined benefit liabilities 8,575 Other non-current liabilities-others (399,736) Cash generated from operating activities: 46,432,544 Interest received 1,492,138 Dividend received 7,227,944 Interest paid (191,293) Income tax paid (7,866,589) Net cash provided by operating activities 47,094,744 Cash flows from investing activities: (6,331,739) Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 5,991,715 Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 647,146	-
Trade payables to related parties 532,216 Other payables 14,542,537 Other payables to related parties (38,112) Other current liabilities 13,313,793 Net defined benefit liabilities 8,575 Other non-current liabilities-others (399,736) Cash generated from operating activities: 46,432,544 Interest received 1,492,138 Dividend received (191,293) Income tax paid (191,293) Net cash provided by operating activities 47,094,744 Cash flows from investing activities: (6,331,739) Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 5,991,715 Proceeds from capital return of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 647,146	9,195,339
Other payables 14,542,537 Other payables to related parties (38,112) Other current liabilities 13,313,793 Net defined benefit liabilities 8,575 Other non-current liabilities-others (399,736) Cash generated from operating activities: 46,432,544 Interest received 1,492,138 Dividend received 7,227,944 Interest paid (191,293) Income tax paid (7,866,589) Net cash provided by operating activities 47,094,744 Cash flows from investing activities: (6,331,739) Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 5,991,715 Proceeds from capital return of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 647,146	12,514,906
Other payables to related parties (38,112) Other current liabilities 13,313,793 Net defined benefit liabilities 8,575 Other non-current liabilities-others (399,736) Cash generated from operating activities: 46,432,544 Interest received 1,492,138 Dividend received 7,227,944 Interest paid (191,293) Income tax paid (7,866,589) Net cash provided by operating activities 47,094,744 Cash flows from investing activities: (6,331,739) Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 5,991,715 Proceeds from capital return of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 647,146	755,249
Other current liabilities 13,313,793 Net defined benefit liabilities 8,575 Other non-current liabilities-others (399,736) Cash generated from operating activities: 46,432,544 Interest received 1,492,138 Dividend received 7,227,944 Interest paid (191,293) Income tax paid (7,866,589) Net cash provided by operating activities 47,094,744 Cash flows from investing activities: 47,094,744 Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (6,331,739) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 5,991,715 Proceeds from capital return of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 647,146	13,654,636
Net defined benefit liabilities 8,575 Other non-current liabilities-others (399,736) Cash generated from operating activities: 46,432,544 Interest received 1,492,138 Dividend received 7,227,944 Interest paid (191,293) Income tax paid (7,866,589) Net cash provided by operating activities 47,094,744 Cash flows from investing activities: (6,331,739) Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 5,991,715 Proceeds from capital return of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 647,146	30,159
Other non-current liabilities-others (399,736) Cash generated from operating activities: 46,432,544 Interest received 1,492,138 Dividend received 7,227,944 Interest paid (191,293) Income tax paid (7,866,589) Net cash provided by operating activities 47,094,744 Cash flows from investing activities: (6,331,739) Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 5,991,715 Proceeds from capital return of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 647,146	10,716,034
Cash generated from operating activities:	(8,230)
Interest received	(481,957)
Dividend received 7,227,944 Interest paid (191,293) Income tax paid (7,866,589) Net cash provided by operating activities 47,094,744 Cash flows from investing activities: Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (6,331,739) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 5,991,715 Proceeds from capital return of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 647,146	78,759,272
Interest paid (191,293) Income tax paid (7,866,589) Net cash provided by operating activities 47,094,744 Cash flows from investing activities: Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Proceeds from capital return of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Froceeds from capital return of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 647,146	3,515,255
Income tax paid Net cash provided by operating activities Cash flows from investing activities: Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Proceeds from capital return of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Froceeds from capital return of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 647,146	1,417,518 (636,929)
Net cash provided by operating activities Cash flows from investing activities: Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Proceeds from capital return of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 647,146	(3,496,970)
Cash flows from investing activities: Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 5,991,715 Proceeds from capital return of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 647,146	79,558,146
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (6,331,739) Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 5,991,715 Proceeds from capital return of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 647,146	79,336,140
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 5,991,715 Proceeds from capital return of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 647,146	(5,137,477)
Proceeds from capital return of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 647,146	16,840,081
,	1,915,712
	(9,793,821)
Proceeds from redemption of financial assets measured at amortized cost 1,330,972	381,968
Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity method (900,366)	(1,139,532)
Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method 1,125,782	87,381
Proceeds from capital return of investments accounted for using the equity method 230,165	-
Disposal of a subsidiary 4,102,707	535,028
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment (16,985,369)	(4,999,665)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment 13,242	4,141
Increase in refundable deposits (9,123,750)	(221,454)
Acquisition of right-of-use assets	(2,600)
Acquisition of intangible assets (4,998,345)	(5,240,576)
Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets 237	1,746
Net cash used in investing activities (28,924,484)	(6,769,068)
Cash flows from financing activities :	
Increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings 29,948,992	(35,513,495)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings 1,385,720	-
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(36,850)
Decrease in deposits received (203,166)	(133,346)
Cash payment for the principal portion of the lease liabilities (608,068)	(486,318)
Proceeds from exercise of employee stock options 107,936	569,619
Treasury stocks acquired	(53,600)
Cash dividends (58,584,650) Acquisition of comparish interests in subsidiaries (175,288)	(16,588,763)
Acquisition of ownership interests in subsidiaries (175,288) Discount of ownership interests in subsidiaries (190,000)	(862)
Disposal of ownership interests in subsidiaries (without losing control) 1,801	1,238,201
Change in non-controlling interests 175,431 Net cash used in financing activities (27,951,292)	1,784,460 (49,220,954)
Net cash used in financing activities (27,951,292) Effect of changes in exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents (3,094,119)	(4,533,293)
Perfect of changes in exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents (3,094,119) Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents (12,875,151)	19,034,831
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year 196,579,745	177,544,914
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year \$ 183,704,594 \$	196,579,745
	3,517,115

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Chairman : Ming-Kai Tsai President : Lih-Shyng Tsai Chief Financial Officer: David Ku



安永聯合會計師事務所

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English Translation of a Report Originally Issued in Chinese

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of MediaTek Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying parent company only balance sheets of MediaTek Inc. as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related parent company only statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, and notes to the parent company only financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies (together "the parent company only financial statements").

In our opinion, the parent company only financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the parent company only financial position of MediaTek Inc. as of December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the parent company only financial performance and the parent company only cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, in conformity with the requirements of the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of MediaTek Inc. in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China (the "Norm"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Norm. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of 2021 parent company only financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the parent company only financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Revenue recognition

MediaTek Inc. recognized NT\$305,571,342 thousand as net sales, which includes sale of goods in the amount of NT\$298,550,832 thousand and services and other operating revenues in the amount of NT\$7,020,510 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2021. Main source of revenue comes from sales of chips. Due to the fact that the product portfolio and the pricing methods are varied and sales discounts are usually directly included or indirectly implied in purchase orders or in practice, it is necessary for the Company to judge and determine the performance obligation of a contract, the timing of its satisfaction, and the estimate of the variable considerations. As a result, we determined the matter to be a key audit matter.

Our audit procedures include (but are not limited to) assessing the appropriateness of the accounting policy for revenue recognition; evaluating and testing the effectiveness of internal control which is related to the timing of revenue recognition; performing test of details on samples selected from details of sales, reviewing the significant terms of sales agreements, testing five steps of revenue recognition and tracing to relevant documentation of transactions; performing test for contract modification, test for contract consolidation and test for principal and agent; adopting audit sampling on trade receivables and performing confirmation procedures on final balance and key terms of sales agreements; and reviewing transactions for certain period before and after the reporting date, analyzing the reasonableness of fluctuations and selecting samples to perform cutoff procedures, tracing to relevant documentation to verify that revenue has been recorded in the correct accounting period. Besides, we also reviewed if there are any significant revenue reversals in subsequent periods.

We also considered the appropriateness of the disclosures of sales. Please refer to Note 4, Note 5 and Note 6 in notes to the parent company only financial statements.



Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company only financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of parent company only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the ability to continue as a going concern of MediaTek Inc., disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate MediaTek Inc. or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of MediaTek Inc.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent company only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent company only financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:



- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control of MediaTek Inc.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability to continue as a going concern of MediaTek Inc. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the parent company only financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause MediaTek Inc. to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent company only financial statements, including the accompanying notes, and whether the parent company only financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within MediaTek Inc. and its subsidiaries to express an opinion on the parent company only financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of 2021 parent company only financial statements and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Kuo, Shao-Pin

Fuh, Wen-Fun

Ernst & Young, Taiwan

February 25, 2022

Notice to Readers

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice. As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, Ernst & Young cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese

MEDIATEK INC. PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS As of December 31, 2021 and 2020 (Amounts in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

District to 1	,		ì		, 0
ASSETS	Notes	December 31, 2021	%	December 31, 2020	%
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	4, 6(1)	\$ 71,349,370	12	\$ 96,917,833	21
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-current	4, 5, 6(2)	1,712,245	1	1,127,766	1
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-current	4, 5, 6(3)	ı	1	16,279	1
Financial assets measured at amortized cost-current	4, 6(4)	84,211	•	ı	1
Trade receivables, net	4, 6(5), 6(21)	32,683,641	9	17,849,058	4
Trade receivables from related parties, net	4, 6(5), 6(21), 7	612,535	1	638,850	1
Other receivables	(9)9	5,150,696	1	4,059,124	П
Other receivables from related parties	7	275,373	1	283,583	1
Current tax assets	4, 5, 6(29)	82	1	423,416	1
Inventories, net	4, 5, 6(7)	40,813,724	7	20,902,891	4
Prepayments	6(8)	666,330	1	475,997	1
Other current assets		1,214,719	1	926,274	•
Total current assets		154,562,926	26	143,621,071	30
Non-current assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss-noncurrent	4 5 6(2)	797 350	1	284 351	1
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-noncurrent	4. 5. 6(3)	6.517.755	_	3.897.723	
Financial assets measured at amortized cost-noncurrent	4, 6(4), 8	1,516,539	1	1,307,879	1
Investments accounted for using the equity method	4, 6(9)	307,861,947	52	239,201,616	51
Property, plant and equipment	4, 6(10)	29,877,083	5	20,388,079	4
Right-of-use assets	4, 6(22)	1,733,789	1	1,660,954	1
Intangible assets	4, 6(11), 6(12)	57,272,022	10	58,505,350	13
Deferred tax assets	4, 5, 6(29)	6,780,908	1	4,274,948	-
Refundable deposits	6	8,670,550	2	73,162	1
Long-term financing lease receivable, net	4, 6(21), 6(22)	1,455,784	1	130,729	•
Other non-current assets-others	6	19,230,579	3		1
Total non-current assets		441,714,306	74	329,724,791	70
Total assets		\$ 596,277,232	100	\$ 473,345,862	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

Chief Financial Officer: David Ku

President: Lih-Shyng Tsai Chairman: Ming-Kai Tsai

English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese

MEDIATEK INC. PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS As of December 31, 2021 and 2020 (Amounts in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

			ě		
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	Notes	December 31, 2021	%	December 31, 2020	%
Current liabilities					
Short-term borrowings	6(13)	45,327,350	∞	16,251,740	3
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss-current	4, 5, 6(2)	4,252	•	520	1
Contract liabilities-current	4, 5, 6(20)	3,409,104	1	7,852,229	2
Trade payables		24,456,912	4	20,290,430	4
Trade payables to related parties	7	1,553,675	1	2,655,984	1
Other payables	6(14), 7	37,182,973	9	26,017,253	5
Current tax liabilities	4, 5, 6(29)	7,102,836	1	1,852,008	1
Lease liabilities-current	4, 6(22)	155,571	1	101,898	1
Other current liabilities	4, 6(15), 7	24,628,819	4	15,954,662	3
Current portion of long-term liabilities	6(16)	2,562,795	1	2,103,031	1
Total current liabilities		146,384,287	25	93,079,755	19
Non-current liabilities					
Long-term borrowings	6(16)	827,660	1	ı	1
Long-term payables		490,525	1	2,336,031	1
Long-term payables to related parties	7	8,618,791	2	1	1
Net defined benefit liabilities-noncurrent	4, 6(17)	672,027	1	729,888	ı
Deposits received	7	106,299	1	313,681	ı
Deferred tax liabilities	4, 5, 6(29)	4,966,610	1	2,938,088	1
Lease liabilities-noncurrent	4, 6(22)	1,587,347	1	1,572,046	1
Non-current liabilities-others		608,390	1	542,552	1
Total non-current liabilities		17,877,649	3	8,432,286	2
Total liabilities		164,261,936	28	101,512,041	21
Equity					
Share capital	6(18)				
Common stock		15,988,420	3	15,900,622	3
Capital collected in advance		483	1	2,133	1
Capital surplus	6(18), 6(19)	59,776,045	10	76,745,750	16
Retained earnings	6(18)				
Legal reserve		50,217,220	∞	44,583,025	10
Undistributed earnings		252,432,501	42	173,052,205	37
Other equity	6(19)	53,656,597	6	61,606,056	13
Treasury shares	4, 6(18)	(55,970)	1	(55,970)	1
Total equity		432,015,296	72	371,833,821	79
Total liabilities and equity					
		\$ 596,277,232	100	\$ 473,345,862	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

President: Lih-Shyng Tsai

Chief Financial Officer: David Ku

Chairman: Ming-Kai Tsai

English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese

MEDIATEK INC.

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the years ended December 31,2021 and 2020

(Amounts in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, except for earnings per share)

Description	Notes	2021	%	2020	%
Net sales	4, 5, 6(20), 7	\$ 305,571,342	100	\$ 168,337,908	100
Operating costs	4, 5, 6(7), 6(23), 7	(174,236,062)	(57)	(94,346,514)	(56)
Gross profit		131,335,280	43	73,991,394	44
Unrealized gross profit on sales		(566,377)	-	(41,711)	-
Realized gross profit on sales		163,622	-	115,258	-
Gross profit, net		130,932,525	43	74,064,941	44
Operating expenses	6(21), 6(23), 7				
Selling expenses		(9,600,509)	(3)	(7,132,681)	(5)
Administrative expenses		(6,371,111)	(2)	(3,591,677)	(2)
Research and development expenses		(63,298,834)	(21)	(47,367,434)	(28)
Expected credit gains (losses)		15,007		(16,001)	-
Total operating expenses		(79,255,447)	(26)	(58,107,793)	(35)
Operating income		51,677,078	17	15,957,148	9
Non energting income and expenses					
Non-operating income and expenses Interest income	4, 6(24)	595,264	_	1,234,586	1
Other income	4, 6(25), 7	621,613		178,150	
Other gains and losses	4, 6(26), 7	546,510	_	194,053	
Finance costs	6(27), 7	(113,342)	_	(446,341)	_
Share of profit of subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures	4		22		16
accounted for using the equity method	4	67,577,219		26,517,121	16
Total non-operating income and expenses		69,227,264	22	27,677,569	17
Net income before income tax		120,904,342	39	43,634,717	26
Income tax expense	4, 5, 6(29)	(9,483,280)	(3)	(2,717,917)	(2)
Net income		111,421,062	36	40,916,800	24
Other comprehensive income	4, 6(9), 6(17), 6(28), 6(29)				
Items that may not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
Remeasurements of the defined benefit plan		47,672	-	(69,862)	-
Unrealized gains (losses) from equity instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income		(57,688)	-	334,081	-
Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method which may		8,606,502	3	35,590,684	21
not be reclassified to profit or loss		(0.524)		12.073	
Income tax relating to those items not to be reclassified to profit or loss Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		(9,534)	-	13,972	-
Exchange differences resulting from translating the financial statements of foreign operations		(4,763,993)	(1)	(4,761,203)	(2)
Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method which may be reclassified to profit or loss		(2,084)	-	22,857	-
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		3,820,875	2	31,130,529	19
Total comprehensive income		\$ 115,241,937	38	\$ 72,047,329	43
Basic Earnings Per Share (in New Taiwan Dollars)	6(30)	\$ 70.56		\$ 26.01	
Diluted Earnings Per Share (in New Taiwan Dollars)	6(30)	\$ 70.22		\$ 25.84	
The accompanying notes are an integ		only financial statemen			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

Chairman : Ming-Kai Tsai President : Lih-Shyng Tsai Chief Financial Officer : David Ku

Chief Financial Officer: David Ku

English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese MEDIATIEK INC. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 (Amounts in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Share capital	apital		Retained earnings	earnings		Other equity			
Description	Common stock	Capital collected in advance	Capital	Legal	Undistributed earnings	Exchange differences resulting from translating the financial statements of foreign operations	Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Others	Treasury	Equity attributable to owners of the parent
Balance as of January 1, 2020	\$ 15,896,473	\$ 3,780	\$ 82,392,203	\$ 41,507,689	\$ 127,729,843	\$ (3,949,641)	\$ 50,322,680	\$ (1,096,713)	(55,970)	\$ 312,750,344
Appropriation and distribution of 2019 earnings: Legal reserve	1	1	1	3,075,336	(3,075,336)	1	1	1		1
Cash dividends		,	•		(7,944,252)					(7,944,252)
Total				3,075,336	(11,019,588)					(7,944,252)
Cash dividends distributed from capital surplus	ı	ı	(8,738,677)	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	(8,738,677)
Profit for the year ended December 31, 2020	1		,	1	40,916,800	1	,	,		40,916,800
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2020	1		1		(57,308)	(4,761,203)	35,949,040			31,130,529
I otal comprenensive income					40,839,492	(4,701,203)	33,949,040			12,041,329
Share-based payment transactions	18,866	(1,647)	603,448	1	1	1		1	1	620,667
Treasury stock acquired	1 60	•	1 1	•	1 6	•	•	1	(53,600)	(53,600)
Treasury stock retired Adjustments due to dividends that subsidiaries received from narent commany	(005,1)		(7,657)		(40,043)				000,55	. 81848
Changes in associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method			(9,810)		(99,498)					(109,308)
The differences between the fair value of the consideration paid or received from acquiring or disposing subsidiaries and the carrying amounts of the										
subsidiaries Chonose in comerchie intereste in conheidioriae			1,001,352							1,001,352
Cranges in ownersing interests in substituties Issuance of restricted stock for employees	(13.417)		1,183,977		3,352			767,140		1,185,977
Changes in other capital surplus		•	(49,636)		,		•			(49,636)
Proceeds from disposal of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	,	,	,		15.625.247		(15.625.247)	,	,	
Balance as of December 31, 2020	15,900,622	2,133	76,745,750	44,583,025	173,052,205	(8,710,844)	70,646,473	(329,573)	(55,970)	371,833,821
Appropriation and distribution of 2020 earnings: Legal reserve	1	,	,	5.634.195	(5.634.195)	1	1	ı	,	1
Cash dividends		,			(33,398,284)	,	,	•	,	(33,398,284)
Total				5,634,195	(39,032,479)	,				(33,398,284)
Cash dividends distributed from capital surplus	•	•	(25,446,312)		1	,	,		1	(25,446,312)
Profit for the year ended December 31, 2021	1	,	1	,	111,421,062	1	,	,	,	111,421,062
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2021					51,650	(4,763,993)	8,533,218	•	•	3,820,875
Total comprehensive income	•	1			111,472,712	(4,763,993)	8,533,218		,	115,241,937
Share-based payment transactions	5,244	(1,650)	191,090	,	•	1	,	,		194,684
Adjustments due to dividends that subsidiaries received from parent company			288,382	•		•	•	•	1	288,382
Changes in associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	1	,	1,223,848		•	•	,	•	1	1,223,848
The differences between the fair value of the consideration paid or received from acquiring or disposing subsidiaries and the carrying amounts of the enhvistrative.		,	(20)5 291)	,		,	,		,	(0)\$ (91)
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries		•	609,264	,		,	,		,	609,264
Issuance of restricted stock for employees	82,554	,	6,376,784	,	(17,252)	,	,	(4,761,369)	i	1,680,717
Changes in other capital surplus		,	(50,259)		•	•	,	•	1	(50,259)
Proceeds from disposal of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	,	,	,	,	6,957,315	,	(6,957,315)	,	,	,
Balance as of December 31, 2021	\$ 15,988,420	\$ 483	\$ 59,776,045	\$ 50,217,220	\$ 252,432,501	\$ (13,474,837)	\$ 72,222,376	\$ (5,090,942)	(55,970)	\$ 432,015,296
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President: Lih-Shyng Tsai

Chairman : Ming-Kai Tsai

English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese MEDIATEK INC. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 $\,$

(Amounts in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Description		2021		2020
Cash flows from operating activities :				
Profit before tax from continuing operations	\$	120,904,342	\$	43,634,717
Adjustments for:				
The profit or loss items which did not affect cash flows:		2 211 072		2 467 665
Depreciation Amortization		3,311,072 2,928,106		2,467,665 3,014,896
Expected (gains) credit		(15,007)		16,001
Gains on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(117,813)		(86,654)
Interest expenses		113,342		446,341
Interest income		(595,264)		(1,234,586)
Dividend income		(40,116)		=
Share-based payment expenses		1,545,455		1,029,459
Share of profit of subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method		(67,577,219)		(26,517,121)
Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(972)		(2,956)
Unrealized gains on sales		80		-
Realized gains on sales		(163,622)		(115,258)
Others		(204)		(28)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss		(976,587)		(349,774)
Trade receivables		(14,819,576)		(4,682,444)
Trade receivables from related parties		26,315		35,105
Other receivables		(1,147,936)		(537,042)
Other receivables from related parties		8,210		404,086
Inventories		(19,910,833)		(7,986,874)
Prepayments		(190,333)		194,678
Other current assets		(288,445)		(372,026)
Other non-current assets-others		(19,230,579)		- 0.00 005
Contract liabilities		(4,443,125)		6,069,085
Trade payables Trade payables to related parties		4,166,482		9,250,117
		(1,102,309) 10,934,832		1,284,114 8,148,889
Other payables Other current liabilities		8,674,157		5,749,574
Long-term payables		0,074,137		(35,619)
Long-term payables to related parties		8,618,791		(55,017)
Net defined benefit liabilities		(10,189)		2,183
Non-current liabilities-others		(278,285)		(265,121)
Cash generated from operating activities:		30,322,770		39,561,407
Interest received		656,620		1,918,104
Dividend received		22,242,681		12,000,530
Interest paid		(114,386)		(485,895)
Income tax paid		(4,327,866)	l	(1,529,625)
Net cash provided by operating activities		48,779,819		51,464,521
Cash flows from investing activities :				
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		(1,997,691)		(581,285)
Acquisition of financial assets measured at amortized cost		(120,703)		(828,475)
Proceeds from redemption of financial assets measured at amortized cost		113,559		83,840
Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity method Proceeds from disposal of investments accounted for using the equity method		(19,501,530) 10,466		(258,564) 855,101
Proceeds from capital return of investments accounted for using the equity method		1,382,800		630,000
Cash received through merger		63,799		030,000
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(13,722,045)		(2,897,907)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		8,032		3,508
Increase in refundable deposits		(8,597,388)		(1,010)
Acquisition of intangible assets		(3,294,683)		(3,516,943)
Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets		226		-
Net cash used in investing activities		(45,655,158)	1 —	(6,511,735)
Cash flows from financing activities:		,,		(-,,)
Increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings		29,075,610		(35,349,944)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings		1,385,720		-
Decrease in deposits received		(207,382)		(111,963)
Cash payment for the principal portion of the lease liabilities		(181,976)		(97,745)
Proceeds from exercise of employee stock options		107,936		569,619
Treasury stock acquired		-		(53,600)
Cash dividends	l	(58,873,032)	l	(16,670,608)
Net cash used in investing activities		(28,693,124)		(51,714,241)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(25,568,463)		(6,761,455)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	l	96,917,833		103,679,288
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	\$	71,349,370	\$	96,917,833

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

Chairman : Ming-Kai Tsai President : Lih-Shyng Tsai Chief Financial Officer : David Ku

Attachment 5

Comparison Table Illustrating the Original and Amended Text of the "Article of Incorporation"

Adopted by the 8th meeting of the 9th board

Amended Article	Original Article	Explanation
Article 8-1	(Newly added)	1. This article is
Shareholders' meetings of the	(companies)	newly added.
Company can be held by means		2. In response to the
of visual communication		amendment of
network or other methods		Article 172-2 of the
promulgated by the central		Company Act
competent authority.		published on
competent authority.		December 29,
		2021, which
		allowed public
		companies to hold the shareholders'
		meetings by
		means of visual
		communication
		network, this
		Article 8-1 is added
		in accordance with
		the first paragraph
		of Article 172-2 of
		the Company Act,
		which provides
		that a company
		may explicitly
		stipulate in its
		Articles of
		Incorporation that
		its shareholders'
		meeting can be
		held by means of
		visual
		communication
		network or other
		methods
		promulgated by
		the central
		competent
		authority.
Article 24-1	Article 24-1	In accordance with
If there is any profit in an	If there is any profit in an	Article 240 and Article
annual general financial	annual general financial	241 of the Company
statement of the Company,	statement of the Company,	Act, which simplified the
such profit shall be distributed	such profit shall be distributed	procedure of distributing
in the following orders:	in the following orders:	cash dividends, this
1. Reserve for tax payments.	1. Reserve for tax payments.	Article is proposed to
2. Offset accumulated losses in	2. Offset accumulated losses in	authorize the Board of
previous years, if any.	previous years, if any.	Directors to distribute
3. Legal reserve, which is 10%	3. Legal reserve, which is 10%	cash dividends by a
of leftover profits. However,	of leftover profits. However,	special resolution and
this restriction does not apply	this restriction does not apply	report the same to the
in the event that the amount of	in the event that the amount of	shareholders' meeting.

		·
Amended Article	Original Article	Explanation
the accumulated legal reserve	the accumulated legal reserve	
equals or exceeds the	equals or exceeds the	
Company's total capital stock. 4. Allocation or reverse of	Company's total capital stock. 4. Allocation or reverse of	
special reserves as required by	special reserves as required by	
law or government authorities.	law or government authorities.	
5. The remaining net profits	5. The remaining net profits	
and the retained earnings from	and the retained earnings from	
previous years will be allocated	previous years will be allocated	
as shareholders' dividend. The	as shareholders' dividend. The	
Board of Directors will prepare	Board of Directors will prepare	
a distribution proposal per laws	a distribution proposal and	
and regulations and the	submit the same to the	
procedures and principles	shareholders' meeting for	
specified in the Articles of	review and approval by a	
Incorporation and report such	resolution.	
distribution to the shareholders'		
meeting or submit the same to		
the shareholders' meeting for		
review and approval by a		
resolution.		
In accordance with Article 240		
and Article 241 of the Company		
Act, the Company authorizes		
the Board of Directors to		
distribute the cash dividends (may include dividends		
distributed from profits and the		
legal reserve and the capital		
reserve, in whole or in part,		
pursuant to Article 241 of the		
Company Act) by a majority		
vote in a meeting attended by		
over two-thirds of the Directors		
and report such distribution to		
the shareholders' meeting.		
Since the Company is in an	Since the Company is in an	
industry in a growth phase, the	industry in a growth phase, the	
dividend policy shall take into	dividend policy shall take into	
consideration factors such as	consideration factors such as	
the Company's current and	the Company's current and	
future investment environment,	future investment environment,	
needs for capital, domestic and	needs for capital, domestic and	
overseas competition, capital budgeting plans, etc., to come	overseas competition, capital budgeting plans, etc., to come	
out with a proposal that strike a	out with a proposal that strike a	
balance among shareholders'	balance among shareholders'	
benefits and the Company's	benefits and the Company's	
long-term financial plans. Each	long-term financial plans. Each	
year the Board of Directors	year the Board of Directors	
shall prepare a profit	shall prepare a profit	
distribution proposal and report	distribution proposal and report	
the distribution of cash	it at the shareholders' meeting.	
dividends to the shareholders'	After considering financial,	
meeting or submit the	business and operational	
distribution of stock dividends	factors, the Company may	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

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Amended Article	Original Article	Explanation
to the shareholders' meeting	distribute the whole of	
for review and approval by a	distributable profits for the	
<u>resolution.</u> After considering	year; dividends to shareholders	
financial, business and	may be distributed in cash or in	
operational factors, the	stock, and the cash dividends	
Company may distribute the	shall not be lower than 10% of	
whole of distributable profits for	total dividends to shareholders.	
the year; dividends to		
shareholders may be		
distributed in cash or in stock,		
and the cash dividends shall		
not be lower than 10% of total		
dividends to shareholders.		
Article 27	Article 27	Proposed revisions to
These Articles of Incorporation	These Articles of Incorporation	reflect the amendment
were resolved on May 21,	were resolved on May 21,	date of these Articles.
1997. The first amendment was	1997. The first amendment was	
made on September 1, 1997,	made on September 1, 1997,	
the second amendment was	the second amendment was	
made on July 3, 1998, the third	made on July 3, 1998, the third	
amendment was made on June	amendment was made on June	
21, 1999, the fourth	21, 1999, the fourth	
amendment was made on June	amendment was made on June	
9, 2000, the fifth amendment	9, 2000, the fifth amendment	
was made on September 28,	was made on September 28,	
2000, the sixth amendment	2000, the sixth amendment	
was made on June 8, 2001, the	was made on June 8, 2001, the	
seventh amendment was made	seventh amendment was made	
on June 3, 2002, the eighth	on June 3, 2002, the eighth	
amendment was made on May	amendment was made on May	
16, 2003, the ninth amendment	16, 2003, the ninth amendment	
was made on June 9, 2004, the	was made on June 9, 2004, the	
tenth amendment was made on	tenth amendment was made on	
June 13, 2005, the eleventh	June 13, 2005, the eleventh	
amendment was made on June	amendment was made on June	
21, 2006, the twelfth	21, 2006, the twelfth	
amendment o was made n June	amendment o was made n June	
11, 2007, the thirteenth	11, 2007, the thirteenth	
amendment was made on June	amendment was made on June	
15, 2010, the fourteenth	15, 2010, the fourteenth	
amendment was made on June	amendment was made on June	
15, 2011, the fifteenth	15, 2011, the fifteenth	
amendment was made on June	amendment was made on June	
13, 2012, the sixteenth	13, 2012, the sixteenth	
amendment was made on June	amendment was made on June	
12, 2015 the seventeenth	12, 2015 the seventeenth	
amendment was made on June	amendment was made on June	
24, 2 016 the eighteenth	24, 2 016 the eighteenth	
amendment was made on June	amendment was made on June	
15, 2017, the nineteenth	15, 2017, and the nineteenth	
amendment was made on June	amendment was made on June	
14, 2019, and the twentieth	14, 2019.	
amendment was made on May		
<u>31, 2022.</u>		

Attachment 6

Comparison Table Illustrating the Original and Amended Text of the "Procedures Governing the Acquisition or Disposition of Assets"

Adopted b	y the 8 ^t	h meeting	of the	9 th	board
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Amended Article	Original Article	Explanation
Article III:	Article III:	The revisions to this
Appraisal Procedures	Appraisal Procedures	Article are proposed in
I. (Omitted).	I. (Omitted).	accordance with the
II. Basis for reference of pricing	II. Basis for reference of pricing	amendment to
(I). Long-and short-term	(I). Long-and short-term	"Regulations Governing
securities	securities	the Acquisition and
To acquire or dispose	To acquire or dispose	Disposal of Assets by
securities, the Company shall,	securities, the Company shall,	Public Companies" by
prior to the date of occurrence	prior to the date of occurrence	the ruling letter Jin-
of the event, obtain financial	of the event, obtain financial	Guan-Zheng-Fa-Zi No.
statements of the target	statements of the target	1110380465 dated
company for the most recent	company for the most recent	January 28, 2022,
period that was certified or	period that was certified or	issued by the Financial
reviewed by a certified public	reviewed by a certified public	Supervisory
accountant as a reference in	accountant as a reference in	Commission.
appraising the transaction	appraising the transaction	
price. If the dollar amount of	price. If the dollar amount of	
the transaction reaches 20% of	the transaction reaches 20% of	
the Company's paid in capital	the Company's paid in capital	
or exceeds NT\$300 million or	or exceeds NT\$300 million or	
more, the Company shall	more, the Company shall	
engage a CPA prior to the date of occurrence of the event to	engage a CPA prior to the date of occurrence of the event to	
provide an opinion regarding the reasonableness of the	provide an opinion regarding the reasonableness of the	
transaction price. This	transaction price. If the CPA	
requirement does not apply,	needs to use a report of an	
however, to publicly quoted	expert as evidence, the CPA	
prices of securities that have an	shall do so in accordance with	
active market, or where	the provisions of Statement of	
otherwise provided by	Auditing Standards No.20	
regulations of the government	published by the ROC	
authorities.	Accounting Research and	
	Development Foundation	
	("ARDF"). This requirement	
	does not apply, however, to	
	publicly quoted prices of	
	securities that have an active	
	market, or where otherwise	
	provided by regulations of the	
(II) Deel mane i	government authorities.	
(II). Real property, equipment	(II). Real property, equipment	
or right of use assets	or right of use assets	
In acquiring or disposing of real	In acquiring or disposing of real	
property, equipment or right of use assets where the	property, equipment or right of use assets where the	
transaction amount reaches	transaction amount reaches	
20% of the Company's paid in	20% of the Company's paid in	
capital or NT\$300 million or	capital or NT\$300 million or	
more, the Company, except for	more, the Company, except for	

Amended Article	Original Article	Explanation
transacting with a local	transacting with a local	Ехріанаціон
government agency, engaging	government agency, engaging	
others to build on Company's	others to build on Company's	
own land, engaging others to	own land, engaging others to	
build on rented land, or	build on rented land, or	
acquiring or disposing of	acquiring or disposing of	
equipment or right-of-use	equipment or right-of-use	
assets for business use, shall	assets for business use, shall	
obtain an appraisal report prior	obtain an appraisal report prior	
to the date of occurrence of the	to the date of occurrence of the	
event from a professional	event from a professional	
appraiser and shall further	appraiser and shall further	
comply with the following	comply with the following	
provisions:	provisions:	
1. Where due to special	1. Where due to special	
circumstances it is necessary to	circumstances it is necessary to	
give a limited price, specified	give a limited price, specified	
price, or special price as a	price, or special price as a	
reference basis for the	reference basis for the	
transaction price, the	transaction price, the	
transaction shall be submitted	transaction shall be submitted	
for approval in advance by the	for approval in advance by the	
Board of Directors, and the	Board of Directors, and the	
same procedure shall be	same procedure shall be	
followed for any future changes	followed for any future changes	
to the terms and conditions of the transaction.	to the terms and conditions of	
2. Where the transaction	the transaction. 2. Where the transaction	
amount is NT\$1 billion or more,	amount is NT\$1 billion or more,	
appraisals from two or more	appraisals from two or more	
professional appraisers shall be	professional appraisers shall be	
obtained.	obtained.	
3. Where any one of the	3. Where any one of the	
following circumstances applies	following circumstances applies	
with respect to the professional	with respect to the professional	
appraiser's appraisal results,	appraiser's appraisal results,	
unless the appraisal results for	unless the appraisal results for	
the assets to be acquired are	the assets to be acquired are	
higher than the transaction	higher than the transaction	
amount, or the appraisal results	amount, or the appraisal results	
for the assets to be disposed of	for the assets to be disposed of	
are lower than the transaction	are lower than the transaction	
amount, a certified public	amount, a certified public	
accountant shall be engaged to	accountant shall be engaged to	
render a specific opinion	perform the appraisal in	
regarding the reason for the	accordance with the provisions	
discrepancy and the	of Statement of Auditing	
appropriateness of the	Standards No. 20 published by	
transaction price:	the ARDF and render a specific	
(1) The discrepancy between	opinion regarding the reason	
the appraisal result and the	for the discrepancy and the	
transaction amount is 20	appropriateness of the	
percent or more of the	transaction price:	
transaction amount.	(1) The discrepancy between	
(2) The discrepancy between the appraisal results of two or	the appraisal result and the transaction amount is 20	
more professional appraisers is	percent or more of the	
10 percent or more of the	transaction amount.	
10 percent of more of the	dansaction amount.	

Amended Article	Original Article	Explanation
transaction amount.	(2) The discrepancy between	
	the appraisal results of two or	
	more professional appraisers is	
	10 percent or more of the	
	transaction amount.	
4. No more than three months	4. No more than three months	
may elapse between the date	may elapse between the date	
of the appraisal report issued	of the appraisal report issued	
by a professional appraiser and	by a professional appraiser and	
the contract execution date;	the contract execution date;	
provided however, that where	provided however, that where	
the publicly announced current	the publicly announced current	
value of the real property for	value of the real property for	
the same period is used and	the same period is used and	
not more than six months have	not more than six months have	
elapsed, an opinion may still be	elapsed, an opinion may still be	
issued by the original	issued by the original	
professional appraiser.	professional appraiser.	
5. The term "professional	5. The term "professional	
appraiser" as set forth in the	appraiser" as set forth in the	
Procedures denotes a real	Procedures denotes a real	
property appraiser or other	property appraiser or other	
person duly authorized by laws	person duly authorized by laws	
to engage in the value	to engage in the value	
appraisal of real property or	appraisal of real property or	
equipment.	equipment.	
(III). (Omitted).	(III). (Omitted).	
(IV). (Omitted).	(IV). (Omitted).	
(V). (Omitted).	(V). (Omitted).	
(VI). (Omitted).	(VI). (Omitted).	
III. (Omitted).	III. (Omitted).	
IV. (Omitted).	IV. (Omitted).	

Amended Article Original Article Explanation Article IV: Operating Article IV: Operating In response to the Procedures Procedures growth of the I. Limits and levels of I. Limits and levels of Company's operating authorization authorization scale and considering The acquisition or disposal of The acquisition or disposal of the best practices in the Company's assets shall be the Company's assets shall be other industries, the handled in accordance with the handled in accordance with the threshold amount that following limits and procedures. following limits and procedures. needs to be adopted by (I). The acquisition or disposal (I). The acquisition or disposal the Audit Committee of the Company's assets set of the Company's assets set and the Board of forth in Paragraph 1, Article 2 forth in Paragraph 1, Article 2 Directors is adjusted to shall be subject to approval by shall be subject to approval by improve the Company's the Chairman if it is long-term the Chairman if it is long-term operating efficiency. shareholding investment for shareholding investment for Other revisions are business purpose, and shall be business purpose, and shall be proposed to clarify the further subject to an approval further subject to an approval wording of this Article. by the Audit Committee and the by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors beforehand Board of Directors beforehand if the case exceeds NT\$1 billion if the case exceeds NT\$300 in price. Investment in longmillion in price. Investment in and short-term securities other long- and short-term securities than aforementioned shall other than aforementioned abide by the following shall abide by the following operating procedures and limit: operating procedures and limit: 1. The cumulative amount of 1. The cumulative amount of the same underlying the same underlying investment that is NT\$300 investment that is NT\$300 million or less within the same million or less within the same fiscal year shall be assessed fiscal year shall be assessed and proceeded by the executive and proceeded by the executive unit. unit. 2. The cumulative amount of 2. The cumulative amount of the same underlying the same underlying investment that exceeds investment that exceeds NT\$300 million but less than NT\$300 million but less than NT\$1 billion within the same NT\$1 billion within the same fiscal year shall be assessed by fiscal year shall be assessed by the executive unit and the executive unit and proceeded after the Chairman's proceeded after the Chairman's approval. approval. 3. The cumulative amount of 3. The cumulative amount of the same underlying the same underlying investment that is NT\$1 billion investment that is NT\$1 billion or more or is 50% or more of or more or is 50% or more of sum of cash and cash sum of cash and cash equivalents, financial assets, equivalents, financial assets, and funds and investments and funds and investments within the same fiscal year shall within the same fiscal year shall be assessed by the executive be assessed by the executive unit and proceeded after unit and proceeded after the Board of Directors' approval. obtaining both the Audit Committee's and the Board of Directors' approvals. (II). The acquisition or disposal (II). The acquisition or disposal of the Company's real property, of the Company's real property, equipment or right of use equipment or right of use assets shall be proceeded by assets shall be proceeded by the executive unit in the executive unit in

Amended Article	Original Article	Explanation
accordance with relevant	accordance with relevant	Explanation
internal regulations of the	internal regulations of the	
	_	
Company, and shall be further	Company, and shall be further	
subject to approval by the Audit	subject to <u>an</u> approval by the	
Committee and the Board of	Board of Directors beforehand	
Directors beforehand if the	if the case is NT\$300 million or	
transaction amount reaches	more in price. But the Board of	
10% or more of the Company's	Directors may authorize the	
paid-in capital. But the Audit	Chairman to approve it and	
Committee and the Board of	then ask for ratification from	
Directors may authorize the	the Board afterwards. The	
Chairman to approve it and	above restriction shall not apply	
then ask for ratification from	to the capital expenditure	
the Audit Committee and the	which is budgeted in annual	
Board afterwards. The above	budget plan and approved by	
restriction shall not apply to the	Board of Directors.	
capital expenditure which is		
budgeted in annual budget plan		
and approved by the Audit		
Committee and Board of		
Directors.	(III). Intangible assets, right of	
(III). Intangible assets, right of	use assets or memberships	
use assets or memberships	shall be acquired and disposed	
shall be acquired and disposed	in accordance with the manner	
in accordance with the manner	set forth in the preceding	
set forth in the preceding	subparagraph.	
subparagraph.	(IV). (Omitted).	
(IV). (Omitted).	(V). (Omitted).	
(V). (Omitted).	II. (Omitted).	
II. (Omitted).	III. (Omitted).	
III. (Omitted).	IV. (Omitted).	
IV. (Omitted).	V. (Omitted).	
V. (Omitted).	VI. (Omitted).	
VI. (Omitted).	VII. (Omitted).	
VII. (Omitted).	VIII. (Omitted).	
VIII. (Omitted).		
Article V: Public Announcement	Article V: Public Announcement	The revisions to this
and Declaration	and Declaration	Article are proposed in
I. Procedures	I. Procedures	accordance with the
Under any of the following	Under any of the following	amendment to
circumstances, the Company	circumstances, the Company	"Regulations Governing
acquired or disposed of assets	acquired or disposed of assets	the Acquisition and
shall publicly announce and	shall publicly announce and	Disposal of Assets by
report in accordance with	report in accordance with	Public Companies" by
relevant regulations in the	relevant regulations in the	the ruling letter Jin-
appropriate format as	appropriate format as	Guan-Zheng-Fa-Zi No.
prescribed by the regulations	prescribed by the regulations	1110380465 dated
within two days from the date	within two days from the date	January 28, 2022,
of occurrence of the event.	of occurrence of the event.	issued by the Financial
(I). (Omitted).	(I). (Omitted).	Supervisory
(II). (Omitted).	(II). (Omitted).	Commission.
(III). (Omitted).	(III). (Omitted).	
(IV). (Omitted).	(IV). (Omitted).	
(V). (Omitted).	(V). (Omitted).	
(VI). Where an asset	(VI). Where an asset	
transaction other than any of	transaction other than any of	
those referred to in the	those referred to in the	
preceding five Subparagraphs	preceding five Subparagraphs	
p. cocanig iii c oabparagrapiio	p. cocanig iii c cabparagrapiis	<u>.</u>

Amended Article	Original Article	Explanation
or investment in the mainland	or investment in the mainland	
China area reach 20% of the	China area reach 20% of the	
paid-in capital of the Company	paid-in capital of the Company	
or NT\$300 million or more;	or NT\$300 million or more;	
provided however, that this	provided however, that this	
shall not apply to the following	shall not apply to the following	
circumstances:	circumstances:	
1. Trading of local government	1. Trading of local government	
bonds <u>or foreign government</u>	bonds.	
bonds whose credit rating is at	2. Trading of bonds under	
or above the sovereign credit	repurchase/resale agreements,	
rating of our local government.	or subscription or repurchase of	
2. Trading of bonds under	money market funds issued by	
repurchase/resale agreements,	domestic securities investment	
or subscription or repurchase of	trust enterprises.	
money market funds issued by		
domestic securities investment		
trust enterprises.		
II. (Omitted).	II. (Omitted).	
III. (Omitted).	III. (Omitted).	
IV. (Omitted).	IV. (Omitted).	
V. (Omitted).	V. (Omitted).	
VI. (Omitted).	VI. (Omitted).	
VII. (Omitted).	VII. (Omitted).	
VIII. (Omitted).	VIII. (Omitted).	

Attachment 7

Comparison Table Illustrating the Original and Amended Text of the "Operating Procedures of Endorsement/Guarantee"

Adopted by the 8th meeting of the 9th board

Amended Article	Original Article	Explanation
Article II	Article II	In response to the growth
The party to whom the	The party to whom the	of the Company's
Company may provide	Company may provide	operating scale and
endorsement/guarantee	endorsement/guarantee	considering the best
includes the following:	includes the following:	practices in other
I. Any company having	I. Any company having	industries, this Article is
business transactions with the	business transactions with the	amended to allow a
Company.	Company.	subsidiary of the
II. Any subsidiary of the	II. Any subsidiary of the	Company to provide
Company.	Company.	endorsement/guarantee
III. Where all capital	III. Where all capital	to the Company. In the
contributing shareholders	contributing shareholders	event that a subsidiary of
make endorsements/	make endorsements/	the Company is a public
guarantees for their jointly	guarantees for their jointly	company, its
invested company in	invested company in	endorsement/guarantee
proportion to their	proportion to their	activities shall be
shareholding percentages,	shareholding percentages,	governed by "Regulations
such	such	Governing Loaning of
endorsements/guarantees may	endorsements/guarantees may	Funds and Making of
be made free of the restriction	be made free of the restriction	Endorsements/Guarantees
set forth in preceding two	set forth in preceding two	by Public Companies" and
paragraphs. The term	paragraphs. The term	therefore shall not be
"capital contributing" as used	"capital contributing" as used	limited in these
in the preceding sentence shall	in the preceding sentence shall	Procedures.
refer to capital contributions	refer to capital contributions	
made directly by the Company,	made directly by the Company,	
or through a company of	or through a company of	
which the Company owns	which the Company owns	
100% of the voting shares.	100% of the voting shares.	
Any subsidiaries of the	No subsidiary of the Company	
Company that are not public	<u>shall</u> provide any	
<u>companies</u> shall <u>not</u> provide	endorsement/guarantee to	
any endorsement/guarantee to	others, provided, however,	
others except for the Company	that the companies in which	
itself, provided, however, that	the Company holds 90% or	
the companies in which the	more of the voting shares may	
Company holds 90% or more	make an	
of the voting shares may make	endorsement/guarantee in	
an endorsement/guarantee in	accordance with section 3 of	
accordance with section 3 of Article 4 of these Procedures,	Article 4 of these Procedures,	
and the amount shall not	and the amount shall not	
exceed 10% of the Company's	exceed 10% of the Company's net worth. An	
net worth. An	endorsement/guarantee made	
endorsement/guarantee made	between the companies in	
between the companies in	which the Company owns	
which the Company owns	100% of the voting shares	
100% of the voting shares	directly or indirectly shall not	
directly or indirectly shall not	be subject to the	
be subject to the	aforementioned restrictions.	

Amended Article	Original Article	Explanation
aforementioned restrictions. The term "subsidiary" as used in these Procedures shall have the meaning prescribed to it in the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers. The term "public company" as used in these Procedures shall refer to any company that has its share certificates publicly issued in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act.	The term "subsidiary" as used in these Procedures shall have the meaning prescribed to it in the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.	
Article XII The Procedures were passed in the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated June 21, 1999. First update was made in Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated May 16, 2003. Second update was made in Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated June 10, 2009. Third update was made in Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated June 15, 2011. Fourth update was made in Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated June 21, 2013. Fifth update was made in Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated June 12, 2015. The sixth update was made at the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated June 15, 2018. The seventh update was made at the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated June 14, 2019. The eighth update was made at the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated May 31, 2022.	Article XII The Procedures were passed in the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated June 21, 1999. First update was made in Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated May 16, 2003. Second update was made in Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated June 10, 2009. Third update was made in Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated June 15, 2011. Fourth update was made in Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated June 21, 2013. Fifth update was made in Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated June 12, 2015. The sixth update was made at the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated June 15, 2018. The seventh update was made at the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated June 14, 2019.	Proposed revisions to reflect the amendment date of these Procedures.

Attachment 8

Comparison Table Illustrating the Original and Amended Text of the "Operating Procedures of Outward Loans to Others"

Adopted b	y the 8 th	meeting	of the	9 th bo	ard
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Avec a vale of Avitiel a		by the 8 th meeting of the 9 th board
Amended Article	Original Article	Explanation
Article II	Article II	In response to the
The party to whom the	The party to whom the	growth of the
Company may lend its funds	Company may lend its funds	Company's operating
shall be limited to:	shall be limited to:	scale and considering
I. Companies that have	I. Companies that have	the best practices in
business transaction with the	business transaction with the	other industries, it is
Company and that listed as top	Company and that listed as top	proposed to adjust the
ten vendors or customers in	ten vendors or customers in	scope of subsidiaries of
terms of transactional amount	terms of transactional amount	the Company that can
in the past twelve months	in the past twelve months	be loaned with short-
before lending of funds.	before lending of funds.	term financing facility to
II. Companies that have need	II. Companies that have need	improve the fund
for short-term financing facility.	for short-term financing facility.	utilization efficiency
The "short-term" used herein	The "short-term" used herein	within the group
shall mean the period of one	shall mean the period of one	companies. However,
year.	year.	before lending the
year.	year.	Company's funds to
Lending to companies that have	Lending to companies that have	others, all cases shall be
business transaction with the	business transaction with the	reviewed and approved
		• •
Company shall be limited to the	Company shall be limited to the	by the Board of
situation where the companies	situation where the companies	Directors on a case-by-
need those funds for	need those funds for	case basis.
operational purpose. Lending	operational purpose. Lending	
to companies that have need	to companies that have need	
for short-term financing facility	for short-term financing facility	
shall be limited to subsidiaries	shall be limited to subsidiaries	
of the Company which the	of the Company which the	
Company directly or indirectly	Company directly or indirectly	
holds more than <u>fifty</u> percent of	holds more than <u>ninety</u> percent	
the voting stock.	of the voting stock.	
Article III	Article III	In response to the
The total amount for lending	The total amount for lending	growth of the
and the maximum amount	and the maximum amount	Company's operating
available to each company:	available to each company:	scale and considering
I. The total amount for lending	I. The total amount for lending	the best practices in
shall not exceed 40% of the	shall not exceed 20% of the	other industries, this
Company's net worth.	Company's net worth.	Article is amended to
	_	improve the fund
II. The total amount for the	II. The total amount for lending	utilization efficiency
Company to lend to companies	to companies having business	within the group
having business transaction	transaction with the Company	companies.
with the Company shall not	shall not exceed 20% of the	Other revisions are
exceed 20% of the Company's	Company's net worth; the	proposed to clarify the
net worth; the maximum	maximum amount lendable to a	wording of this Article.
amount lendable to a single	single company is the	
company is the transaction	transaction amount (refers to	
amount (refers to sales,	sales, procurement, or service	
procurement, or service fees	fees between the parties,	
between the parties, whichever	whichever is higher) between	
is higher) between the parties	the parties during the period of	

Amended Article	Original Article	Explanation
during the period of twelve	twelve months prior to the time	Ехріанаціон
months prior to the time of	of lending, 10% of the	
lending or 10% of the	Company's net worth or 30% of	
Company's net worth or 30% of	the borrower's net worth,	
the borrower's net worth,	whichever is lower.	
whichever is lower.		
III. The total amount for the	III. The total amount for	
Company to lend to companies	lending to companies that have	
that have need for short-term	need for short-term financing	
financing facility shall not	facility shall not exceed 20% of	
exceed 40% of the Company's	the Company's net worth; the	
net worth; the maximum	maximum amount lendable to a	
amount lendable to a single	single company is 10% of the	
company is 10% of the	Company's net worth or 30% of	
Company's net worth.	the borrower's net worth,	
	whichever is lower.	
1		
(1) Fund lending between	(1) Fund lending between	
foreign subsidiaries held	foreign subsidiaries held	
directly or indirectly by the	directly or indirectly by the	
Company with 100% of the	Company with 100% of the	
voting stocks; or (2) fund	voting stocks; or (2) fund	
lending by foreign companies	lending by foreign companies	
held directly or indirectly by the	held directly or indirectly by the	
Company with 100% of the	Company with 100% of the	
voting stocks to the Company,	voting stocks to the Company,	
shall be excluded from the	shall be excluded from the	
above limitations. However, these subsidiaries shall still set	above limitations. However, these subsidiaries shall still set	
forth limitations on amount and	forth limitations on amount and	
tenor of fund lending in its	tenor of fund lending in its	
internal rules in accordance	internal rules in accordance	
with the relevant competent	with the relevant competent	
authorities' rules and	authorities' rules and	
regulations.	regulations.	
Article IV	Article IV	In response to the
Financing duration and interest	Financing duration and interest	growth of the
calculation:	calculation:	Company's operating
		scale and considering
Financing duration: The term of	Financing duration: The term of	the best practices in
each loan shall not exceed one	each loan shall not exceed one	other industries, this
year. The interest rate shall not	year. The interest rate shall not	Article is amended to
be lower than the short-term	be lower than the short-term	improve the fund
borrowing rate quoted by	borrowing rate quoted by	utilization efficiency
financial institutions. The	financial institutions. The	within the group
interests shall be calculated on	interests shall be calculated on	companies.
a monthly basis.	a monthly basis.	
(1) Franchis P. 1	(1) Found for P. 1.1	
(1) Fund lending between	(1) Fund lending between	
foreign subsidiaries held	foreign subsidiaries held	
directly or indirectly by the	directly or indirectly by the	
Company with 100% of the	Company with 100% of the	
voting stocks; or (2) fund lending by foreign companies	voting stocks; or (2) fund lending by foreign companies	
held directly or indirectly by the	held directly or indirectly by the	
Company with 100% of the	Company with 100% of the	
voting stocks to the Company,	voting stocks to the Company,	
voing stocks to the Company,	voing stocks to the company,	<u> </u>

	T	T
Amended Article	Original Article	Explanation
shall be excluded from the	shall be excluded from the	
limitations set forth above.	limitations on financing	
	duration set forth above. The	
	interest rate shall not be lower	
	than the short-term borrowing	
	rate quoted by financial	
	institutions. The interests shall	
	be calculated on a monthly	
	basis.	
Article VI	Article VI	In response to the
When the borrower (excluding	When the borrower (excluding	growth of the
subsidiaries that the Company	subsidiaries that the Company	Company's operating
directly or indirectly holds 50%	directly or indirectly holds 90%	scale and considering
or more of voting stocks)	or more of voting stocks)	the best practices in
requests a loan according to	requests a loan according to	other industries, this
the regulations above, they	the regulations above, they	Article is amended to
shall provide an equal amount	shall provide an equal amount	improve the fund
of promissory note, collateral	of promissory note, collateral	utilization efficiency
and/or other guarantees as	and/or other guarantees as	within the group
requested by the Company.	requested by the Company.	companies.
When collateral is provided, the	When collateral is provided, the	•
owner shall grant pledges	owner shall grant pledges	
and/or mortgages to the	and/or mortgages to the	
Company, for the purpose of	Company, for the purpose of	
securitizing its obligations.	securitizing its obligations.	

MediaTek Inc. Articles of Incorporation

Date: June 14, 2019

Approved by the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting 2019

Section One – General Provisions

Article 1

The Company shall be incorporated as a company limited by shares under the Company Act of the Republic of China, and its name shall be MediaTek Inc. (in the English language).

Article 2

The scope of business of the Corporation shall be as follows:

- CC01080: Electronic parts and components manufacture.
- F401030: Manufacture and export business.
- I301010: Information & software services.
- I501010: Product design.
- F401021: Restrained Telecom Radio Frequency Equipments and Materials Import.
- F601010: Intellectual Property
- 1. Researching, developing, producing, manufacturing, and sales the following products:
 - (1). Multimedia integrated circuits (ICs);
 - (2). PC peripheral ICs;
 - (3). High-end consumer electronic ICs;
 - (4). Other Application-Specific ICs;
 - (5). Patents or IC layout copyright licensing related to the abovementioned ICs.
- 2. Providing hardware and software design, development, testing, maintenance and technology consulting services for the abovementioned products.
- 3. Conducting import and export trade for the abovementioned products.

Article 2-1

When the Company becomes a shareholder of limited liability of another company, the total amount of the Company's investment will not be subject to the restriction of not more than 40% of the Company's paid-in capital as provided in Article 13 of the Company Act.

Article 3

The Company is headquartered in the Hsinchu Science-Based Industrial Park in Taiwan, Republic of China, and shall be free, upon approval of the Board of Directors and government authorities in charge, to set up representative or branch offices at various locations within or outside the territory of the Republic of China, whenever the Company deems it necessary.

Article 4

Public announcements of the Company shall be made in accordance with Article 28 of the Company Act.

Article 4-1

The Company may provide endorsement and guarantee to other companies. The process shall be handled in accordance with the Company's Operating Procedures of Endorsement/Guarantee.

Section Two – Capital Stock

Article 5

The total capital stock of the Company shall be in the amount of 20 Billion New Taiwan Dollars, divided into 2 billion shares at NT\$10 par value each share, and may be paid-up in installments. Among which Two Hundred Million New Taiwan Dollars of the total capital stock (divided into 20 million shares at NT\$10 par value each share) will be reserved for issuing stock options, and may be issued in installments in accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors.

Article 6

The share certificates of the Company shall all be name-bearing share certificates, and shall be signed by or affixed with seals of Director(s) representing the Company, and authenticated by the competent authorities of the government or the certification organization approved by the competent authorities. The Company may be exempted from printing share certificates if the shares are registered with a domestic securities depository enterprise.

Article 7

Registration for transfer of shares shall be suspended 60 days immediately before the date of annual general shareholders' meeting, and 30 days immediately before the date of any special shareholders' meeting, or within 5 days before the day on which dividend, bonus, or any other benefit is scheduled to be paid by the Company.

Article 7-1

Where the Company issues any employee stock options, the employees who are qualified to subscribe to such employee stock options shall include employees of subordinate companies that meet certain qualification(s).

Where the Company issues any new shares, the employees who are qualified to subscribe to such shares shall include employees of subordinate companies that meet certain qualification(s).

Where the Company issues any employee restricted shares, the employees who are qualified to subscribe to such shares shall include employees of subordinate companies that meet certain qualification(s).

Where the Company proposes to transfer any treasury shares purchased in accordance with the laws, the transferees shall include the employees of subordinate companies that meet certain qualification(s).

Section Three - Shareholders' Meeting

Article 8

Shareholders' meetings of the Company are of two types, namely: (1) Annual General Shareholders' Meetings – which shall be convened by the Board of Directors within 6 months after the end of each fiscal year, and (2) Special Shareholders' Meetings – which shall be convened whenever necessary in accordance with the relevant laws, rules and regulations of the Republic of China.

Article 9

The shareholders' meeting shall be presided by the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company. In case the Chairman is on leave or otherwise cannot exercise his duty and authority for any reason, the vice chairman shall act on his behalf. In case there is no vice chairman or the vice chairman is also on leave or otherwise cannot exercise his duty, the Chairman shall appoint a director to act as his deputy; otherwise, the directors shall elect from among themselves a chairman to preside over the shareholders' meeting. If a shareholders' meeting is convened by a person other than the Board of Directors, the shareholders' meeting shall be chaired by that

convener. If there are two or more conveners for a shareholders' meeting, one of them shall be elected to chair the meeting.

Article 10

Notices shall be sent to all shareholders for the convening of annual general shareholders' meetings – at least 30 days in advance for annual general shareholders' meetings and at least 15 days in advance for special shareholders' meetings. The meeting date, venue and the purpose(s) for convening such shareholders' meeting shall be clearly stated in the meeting notices.

Article 11

If a shareholder is unable to attend a shareholders' meeting, he/she may appoint a representative to attend it, with a Shareholder Proxy Form issued by the Company, in accordance with the Company Act of the Republic of China, and the Rules Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholder Meetings of Public Companies.

Article 12

Except as otherwise provided by other laws or regulations, each share is entitled to one voting right.

Article 13

Except as otherwise provided by other laws or regulations, shareholders' meetings may be held if attended by shareholders in person or by proxy representing more than 50% of the total issued and outstanding capital stock of the Company, and resolutions shall be adopted at the meeting with the concurrence of a majority of the votes held by shareholders present at the meeting. Shareholders of the Company can vote through the electronic voting system, the details of which shall be handled in accordance with relevant laws and regulations.

Article 13-1

The resolutions of the shareholders' meeting shall be recorded in the minutes, and such minutes shall be signed by or sealed with the chop of the Chairman of the meeting. Shareholders shall be notified of the minutes within 20 days after the meeting. The minutes specified above shall be distributed in accordance with the provisions of the Company Act.

Section Four - Directors and Audit Committee

Article 14

The Company shall have five to nine Directors, with the actual number to be determined by the Board. There shall be at least three Independent Directors in the Board. The election of Directors and Independent Directors shall be conducted in accordance with Article 192-1 of the Company Act, where the system of nomination of candidates shall be adopted. The relevant professional qualifications, restrictions on shareholdings and concurrent positions held, assessment of independence, method of nomination, and other matters for compliance with respect to Independent Directors shall be governed by the relevant provisions of the Company Act and Securities and Exchange Act. The independent and non-Independent Directors shall be elected at the same time, and the number of elected directors shall be calculated separately.

The term of Directors is three years, and shall be elected in the shareholders' meetings. Their term of office shall be three years, and shall be eligible for re-election. After the company went public, the total number of shares that all Directors shall hold should be in accordance with the requirements of the competent authorities. The Board of Directors is authorized to determine the compensation for the Directors, taking into account the standards of the industry. The Company may, in accordance with applicable laws and regulations or rules issued by competent authorities,

purchase Directors and Officers Liability Insurance with respect to liabilities resulting from exercising directors' duties during their terms of office.

Article 14-1

If the Director(s) also serve(s) other position(s) in the Company, his/her compensation for such duties shall be set forth by the competent authority in charge of securities.

Article 14-2

The following relationship shall not be permitted for more than a majority of the Company's Director:

- 1. Spouse
- 2. Relative within the Second Degree of relationship.

Article 15

The Board of Directors shall be formed by elected Directors and shall have the following responsibilities:

- 1. Preparing business report.
- 2. Proposing allocation plans of earnings or proposals to make up loss.
- 3. Proposing plans for increasing or decreasing capital.
- 4. Drafting important rules and contracts.
- 5. Appointing or discharging the Company's managers.
- 6. Setting up or dissolving branches.
- 7. Compiling Budget Reports and Final Reports.
- 8. Performing other duties authorized by the Company Act or shareholders' meeting.

Article 16

The Directors shall elect from among themselves a Chairman of the Board of Directors, and a Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors based on business need, by a majority vote in a meeting attended by over two-thirds of the Directors. The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall be the chairman of shareholders' meetings, and shall have the authority to represent the Company.

Article 17

Meetings of the Board of Directors shall be convened by the Chairman of the Board of Directors, unless otherwise regulated by the Company Act. Directors may be notified of the Board of Directors meeting via written notices, as E-mail or fax. Except as otherwise provided in the Company Act of the Republic of China, a meeting of the Board of Directors may be held if attended by a majority or more of total Directors and resolutions shall be adopted with the concurrence of the majority or more of the Directors present at the meeting.

Article 18

Meetings of the Board of Directors shall be presided over by the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company. In case the Chairman is on leave or otherwise cannot exercise his duty, the vice chairman shall act on his behalf. In case there is no vice chairman or the vice chairman is also on leave or otherwise cannot exercise his duty, the Chairman shall appoint a director to act as his deputy; otherwise the directors shall elect from among themselves a chairman to preside over the Meeting of the Board of Directors. Directors shall attend the Meeting of the Board of Directors. When a Director is unable to attend any Meeting of the Board of Directors, he may appoint another Director to attend on his behalf, but no Director may act as proxy for more than one Director.

Article 19

The Company shall form an Audit Committee, which is composed of all Independent Directors. Details including number of members, terms, responsibilities and rule of meeting shall be

stipulated separately in the Organization Rules of Audit Committee in accordance with the rules in the "Regulations Governing the Exercise of Powers by Audit Committees of Public Companies".

Section Five – Management of the Company

Article 20

The Company may, by resolution of the Board of Directors, appoint one or more managers.

Article 21

The scope of duties and power of managers of the Company may, in addition to what are specified in the Articles of Incorporation, also be defined in the contract.

Section Six – Financial Reports

Article 22

The Company's fiscal year shall be from January 1st of each year to December 31st of the same year. After the end of each fiscal year, the Company shall prepare final accounts for that year.

Article 23

After the end of each fiscal year, in accordance with Article 228 of the Company Act, the following reports shall be prepared by the Board of Directors, and be submitted to the shareholders' meeting for acceptance.

- 1. Business Report.
- 2. Financial Statements.
- 3. Proposal Concerning Appropriation of Profits or Covering of Losses.

Article 24

If there is any profit for a specific fiscal year, the Company shall allocate no less than 1% of the profit as employees' compensation and shall allocate at a maximum of 0.5% of the profit as remuneration to Directors, provided that the Company's accumulated losses shall have been covered in advance. Employee's compensation may be distributed in the form of shares or in cash, and employees qualified to receive such compensation may include employees from affiliates companies who meet certain qualification. The Board of Directors is authorized to determine the qualification of such employees. The remuneration to Directors shall be paid in cash.

Article 24-1

If there is any profit in an annual general financial statement of the Company, such profit shall be distributed in the following orders:

- 1. Reserve for tax payments.
- 2. Offset accumulated losses in previous years, if any.
- 3. Legal reserve, which is 10% of leftover profits. However, this restriction does not apply in the event that the amount of the accumulated legal reserve equals or exceeds the Company's total capital stock.
- 4. Allocation or reverse of special reserves as required by law or government authorities.
- 5. The remaining net profits and the retained earnings from previous years will be allocated as shareholders' dividend. The Board of Directors will prepare a distribution proposal and submit the same to the shareholders' meeting for review and approval by a resolution.

Since the Company is in an industry in a growth phase, the dividend policy shall take into consideration factors such as the Company's current and future investment environment, needs for capital, domestic and overseas competition, capital budgeting plans, etc., to come out with a proposal that strike a balance among shareholders' benefits and the Company's long-term

financial plans. Each year the Board of Directors shall prepare a profit distribution proposal and report it at the shareholders' meeting. After considering financial, business and operational factors, the Company may distribute the whole of distributable profits for the year; dividends to shareholders may be distributed in cash or in stock, and the cash dividends shall not be lower than 10% of total dividends to shareholders.

Section Seven – Supplementary Provisions

Article 25

The organization of the Company shall be defined in separate internal regulations.

Article 26

For matters not provided for in the Articles of Incorporation, it shall be handled in accordance with the Company Act of the Republic of China.

Article 27

These Articles of Incorporation were resolved on May 21, 1997. The first amendment was made on September 1, 1997, the second amendment was made on July 3, 1998, the third amendment was made on June 21, 1999, the fourth amendment was made on June 9, 2000, the fifth amendment was made on September 28, 2000, the sixth amendment was made on June 8, 2001, the seventh amendment was made on June 3, 2002, the eighth amendment was made on May 16, 2003, the ninth amendment was made on June 9, 2004, the tenth amendment was made on June 13, 2005, the eleventh amendment was made on June 21, 2006, the twelfth amendment o was made on June 11, 2007, the thirteenth amendment was made on June 15, 2010, the fourteenth amendment was made on June 15, 2011, the fifteenth amendment was made on June 13, 2012, the sixteenth amendment was made on June 12, 2015, the seventeenth amendment was made on June 14, 2019.

MediaTek Inc. Rules and Procedures of Shareholders' Meeting

Effective after approval at the 2010 shareholder's meeting

Article 1

Shareholders' Meeting of the Company (the "Meeting") shall be conducted in accordance with these Rules and Procedures.

Article 2

Shareholders attending the Meeting in person or through a proxy shall wear the attendee badge, and submit the attendance card for the purpose of signing in. The number of shares represented by shareholders attending the Meeting shall be calculated in accordance with the attendance cards submitted by the shareholders.

Article 3

When the number of shares represented by the shareholders present at the Meeting has constituted 50% or more of the total outstanding shares, the chairman shall call the Meeting to order at the time scheduled for the Meeting.

Article 4

The agenda of the Meeting shall be set by the Board of Directors. The Meeting shall proceed in accordance with the agenda.

Article 5

Proposals not in the Meeting's agenda will not be discussed or put to vote. The Chairman may announce to end a discussion of any resolution if the Chairman deems it appropriate.

Article 6

The Chairman may put a resolution to vote at the end of a discussion.

Article 7

Except otherwise specified in the Company Law of the Republic of China, a resolution shall be adopted by a majority of the votes represented by the shareholders present at the Meeting. The resolution shall be deemed adopted and shall have the same effect as if it was voted for by casting ballots if no objection is voiced after solicitation by the Chairman.

Article 8

When a shareholder present at the Meeting wishes to speak, a Speech Note should be filled out with the shareholder's Attendance Card number, the shareholder's name, and the number of shares held. The sequence of speeches by shareholders should be decided by the Chairman.

Article 9

Unless otherwise permitted by the Chairman, each shareholder shall not, for each discussion item, speak more than two times, with each time not exceeding three minutes.

Article 10

In case the speech of any shareholder violates the abovementioned provision or exceeds the scope of the discussion item, the Chairman may stop the speech of such shareholder. In case a shareholder does not obey the Chairman's instruction or does not maintain order at the Meeting place, the Chairman may stop such shareholder from attending the Meeting.

Article 11

During the Meeting, the Chairman may set a time for intermission.

Article 12

In cases of force majeure, the Meeting shall be discontinued. The Meeting shall be resumed an hour after the incident is over.

Article 13

Any matter not provided in these Rules and Procedures shall be handled in accordance with relevant laws and regulations.

Article 14

The Rules and Procedures shall be effective from the date it is resolved by the Board of Directors and approved by the Shareholders' Meeting. The same applies in case of revision.

MediaTek Inc. Procedures Governing the Acquisition or Disposition of Assets

Approved by the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting 2019

Section One - Acquisition or Disposal of Assets

Article I

The Company shall handle the acquisition or disposal of assets in accordance with the Procedures specified herein.

Article II: The Scope of Assets

- Investment in long- and short-term securities (including stocks, government bonds, corporate bonds, financial bonds, securities representing interest in a fund, depository receipts, call (put) warrants, beneficiary securities, and asset-backed securities).
- II. Real property and equipment.
- III. Memberships.
- IV. Intangible assets (including patents, copyrights, trademarks, and franchise rights).
- V. Right-of-use assets.
- VI. Derivatives.
- VII. Assets acquired or disposed in connection with mergers, spin off, acquisitions, or transfer of shares in accordance with laws.
- VIII. Other major assets.

Article III: Appraisal Procedures

- I. The means of price determination
 - (I). The securities obtained or disposed through the Centralized Trading Market or GreTai Securities Market ("GTSM") of the Republic of China shall be priced based on the trading price at that time.
 - (II). For the securities not obtained or disposed through the Centralized Trading Market or GTSM, the prices shall be determined after taking into account the net worth per share, profitability, potential of future development and with reference to the trading prices at that time; or to be determined after taking account the interest rate prevalent in the market, interest rate on face of the bonds as well as the debtors' creditability.
 - (III). The prices of real property acquired or disposed shall be determined based on the current official land prices, the values appraised and the trading prices of nearby real property.
 - (IV). The prices of equipment acquired or disposed shall be determined through any manner among price competition under restricted tendering, price negotiation under single tendering or open tendering.

- (V). The prices of memberships acquired or disposed shall be determined through either manner of price competition under restricted tendering or price negotiation under single tendering.
- (VI). The prices of intangible assets acquired or disposed shall be determined in accordance with the related laws and regulations and contract(s).
- (VII). The price of right-of-use assets shall be determined in accordance with the related laws and regulations and relevant contract(s).
- (VIII). The prices of derivatives acquired or disposed shall be determined through the manner as set forth in Section Three under the Procedures.
- (IX). The prices of assets acquired or disposed through mergers, spin off, acquisitions, or transfer of shares shall be determined through the manner as set forth in Section Four under the Procedures.

II. Basis for reference of pricing

(I). Long-and short-term securities

To acquire or dispose securities, the Company shall, prior to the date of occurrence of the event, obtain financial statements of the target company for the most recent period that was certified or reviewed by a certified public accountant as a reference in appraising the transaction price. If the dollar amount of the transaction reaches 20% of the Company's paid-in capital or exceeds NT\$300 million or more, the Company shall engage a CPA prior to the date of occurrence of the event to provide an opinion regarding the reasonableness of the transaction price. If the CPA needs to use a report of an expert as evidence, the CPA shall do so in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 published by the ROC Accounting Research and Development Foundation ("ARDF"). This requirement does not apply, however, to publicly quoted prices of securities that have an active market, or where otherwise provided by regulations of the government authorities.

- (II). Real property, equipment or right-of-use assets
 - In acquiring or disposing of real property, equipment or right-of-use assets where the transaction amount reaches 20% of the Company's paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, the Company, except for transacting with a local government agency, engaging others to build on Company's own land, engaging others to build on rented land, or acquiring or disposing of equipment or right-of-use assets for business use, shall obtain an appraisal report prior to the date of occurrence of the event from a professional appraiser and shall further comply with the following provisions:
 - 1. Where due to special circumstances it is necessary to give a limited price, specified price, or special price as a reference basis for the transaction price, the transaction shall be submitted for approval in advance by the Board of Directors, and the same procedure shall be followed for any future changes to the terms and conditions of the transaction.
 - 2. Where the transaction amount is NT\$1 billion or more, appraisals from two or more professional appraisers shall be obtained.
 - 3. Where any one of the following circumstances applies with respect to the professional appraiser's appraisal results, unless the appraisal results for the assets to be acquired are higher than the transaction amount, or the appraisal results for the assets to be disposed of are lower than the transaction amount, a certified public accountant shall be engaged to perform the appraisal in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 published by the ARDF and render a specific opinion regarding the reason for the discrepancy and the appropriateness of the transaction price:

- (1) The discrepancy between the appraisal result and the transaction amount is 20 percent or more of the transaction amount.
- (2) The discrepancy between the appraisal results of two or more professional appraisers is 10 percent or more of the transaction amount.
- 4. No more than three months may elapse between the date of the appraisal report issued by a professional appraiser and the contract execution date; provided however, that where the publicly announced current value of the real property for the same period is used and not more than six months have elapsed, an opinion may still be issued by the original professional appraiser.
- 5. The term "professional appraiser" as set forth in the Procedures denotes a real property appraiser or other person duly authorized by laws to engage in the value appraisal of real property or equipment.
- (III). Intangible assets, right-of-use assets or memberships
 In acquiring or disposing of intangible assets, right-of-use assets or memberships where the transaction amount reaches 20% of the Company's paid-in capital or NT\$300 million or more, except in transactions with a local government agency, the Company shall engage a certified public accountant prior to the date of occurrence of the event to render an opinion on the reasonableness of the transaction price; the CPA shall comply with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 published
- (IV). The calculation of the transaction amounts referred to in the preceding three paragraphs shall be done in accordance with Paragraph 2, Article 5 herein, and "within the preceding year" as used herein refers to the year preceding the date of occurrence of the current transaction. Items for which an appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion has been obtained need not be counted toward the transaction amount.
- (V). Derivatives: To be duly handled in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section Three.
- (VI). The prices of assets acquired or disposed through mergers, spin off, acquisitions, or transfer of shares shall be handled in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section Four.
- III. Professional appraisers and their officers, certified public accounts, attorneys, and securities underwriters who provide appraisal reports, certified public accountant's opinions, attorney's opinions, or underwriter's opinions shall meet the qualifications and requirements set forth in the Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies and related laws and regulations. The appraisal reports and opinions issued by the abovementioned professionals shall be prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies as well.
- IV. Where the Company acquires or disposes assets through the court auction procedures, the evidentiary documentation issued by the court may be used to substitute appraisal report or CPA opinion.

Article IV: Operating Procedures

by the ARDF.

- Limits and levels of authorization
 The acquisition or disposal of the Company's assets shall be handled in accordance with the following limits and procedures.
 - (I). The acquisition or disposal of the Company's assets set forth in Paragraph 1, Article 2 shall be subject to approval by the Chairman if it is long-term shareholding investment for business purpose, and shall be further subject to an approval by the Audit

Committee and the Board of Directors beforehand if the case exceeds NT\$300 million in price. Investment in long-and short-term securities other than aforementioned shall abide by the following operating procedures and limit:

- The cumulative amount of the same underlying investment that is NT\$300 million or less within the same fiscal year shall be assessed and proceeded by the executive unit.
- The cumulative amount of the same underlying investment that exceeds NT\$300
 million but less than NT\$1 billion within the same fiscal year shall be assessed by
 the executive unit and proceeded after the Chairman's approval.
- 3. The cumulative amount of the same underlying investment that is NT\$1 billion or more or is 50% or more of sum of cash and cash equivalents, financial assets, and funds and investments within the same fiscal year shall be assessed by the executive unit and proceeded after the Board of Directors' approval.
- (II). The acquisition or disposal of the Company's real property, equipment or right-of-use assets shall be proceeded by the executive unit in accordance with relevant internal regulations of the Company, and shall be further subject to an approval by the Board of Directors beforehand if the case is NT\$300 million or more in price. But the Board of Directors may authorize the Chairman to approve it and then ask for ratification from the Board afterwards. The above restriction shall not apply to the capital expenditure which is budgeted in annual budget plan and approved by Board of Directors.
- (III). Intangible assets, right-of-use assets or memberships shall be acquired and disposed in accordance with the manner set forth in the preceding subparagraph.
- (IV). Derivatives shall be duly handled in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section Three.
- (V). The acquisition or disposal of assets through mergers, spin off, acquisitions, or transfer of shares shall be handled in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section Four.
- II. With respect to the Company's acquisition or disposal of assets that is subject to the approval of the Board of Directors under the Procedures or other laws or regulations, if any director expresses dissent and it is recorded in the minutes or a written statement, the Company shall submit the director's dissenting opinion to each member of the Audit Committee.
- III. When a transaction involving the acquisition or disposal of assets is submitted for discussion by the Board of Directors pursuant to the preceding Paragraph, the Board of Directors shall take into full consideration each independent director's opinions. If any independent director objects to or expresses reservations opinion about any matter, it shall be recorded in the minutes of the Board of Directors meeting.
- IV. Any transaction involving major assets or derivatives shall be approved by more than half of all Audit Committee members and submitted to the Board of Directors for a resolution.
- V. If approval of more than half of all Audit Committee members as required in the Paragraph 4 above is not obtained, the transaction shall be approved by more than two-thirds of all directors, and the resolution of the Audit Committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the Board of Directors meeting.
- VI. The terms "all Audit Committee members" in Paragraph 4 and "all directors" in the preceding paragraph shall be counted as the actual number of persons currently holding those positions.

VII. Executive units

- (I). The Company's investment in the long and short-term securities shall be executed by the Finance Department.
- (II). Investment in real property, equipment or right-of-use assets shall be executed by the user department and related responsible department.
- (III). The acquisition or disposal of memberships, intangible assets or right-of-use assets:

 To be executed in the manner the same as that for real property and equipment.
- (IV). The acquisition or disposal of derivatives: To be assessed and executed by the Financial Department.
- (V). The assets acquired or disposed through merger, spin off, acquisition, or transfer of shares according to law and other major assets: The responsible person appointed by the Chairman or the Task Force established shall take the responsibility for assessment and execution.

VIII. Storage of data

For assets acquired or disposed by the Company, the relevant contracts, minutes, memorandum book, appraisal reports, expert opinions issued by the CPA, the attorney or security underwriters shall be kept in the Company for a minimum of five years, unless otherwise provided for in other laws and regulations concerned.

Article V: Public Announcement and Declaration

Procedures

Under any of the following circumstances, the Company acquired or disposed of assets shall publicly announce and report in accordance with relevant regulations in the appropriate format as prescribed by the regulations within two days from the date of occurrence of the event.

- (I). Acquisition or disposal of real property or right-of-use assets from or to a related party, or acquisition or disposal of assets other than real property or right-of-use assets from or to a related party where the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of the Company's total assets, or NT\$300 million or more; provided however, that this shall not apply to trading of local government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or repurchase of money market funds issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises.
- (II). Merger, spin off, acquisition, or transfer of shares.
- (III). Losses from derivative trading reaching the limits on aggregate losses or losses on individual contracts set forth in the Procedures adopted by the Company.
- (IV). The acquisition or disposal of any equipment or right-of-use assets for the Company's own operational use where the trading partner is not a related party and the transaction amount reaches NT\$ 1 billion or more.
- (V). Where land is acquired under an arrangement on engaging others to build on the Company's own land, engaging others to build on rented land, joint construction and allocation of housing units, joint construction and allocation of ownership percentages, or joint construction and separate sale and where the counterparty is not a related party and the amount the Company expects to invest in the transaction reaches NT\$500 million or more.
- (VI). Where an asset transaction other than any of those referred to in the preceding five Subparagraphs or investment in the mainland China area reach 20% of the paid-in capital of the Company or NT\$300 million or more; provided however, that this shall not apply to the following circumstances:

- 1. Trading of local government bonds.
- Trading of bonds under repurchase/resale agreements, or subscription or repurchase of money market funds issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises.
- II. The amount of transactions in the above Subsection shall be calculated as follows:
 - (I). The amount of any individual transaction
 - (II). The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions and disposals of the same type of underlying asset with the same trading counterparty within the preceding year.
 - (III). The cumulative transaction amount of real property or right-of-use assets acquisitions and disposals (cumulative acquisitions and disposals, respectively) within the same development project within the preceding year.
 - (IV). The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions and disposals (cumulative acquisitions and disposals, respectively) of the same security within the preceding year.
- III. The term "date of occurrence" as set forth in the Procedures refers to the date of contract signing, date of payment, date of consignment trade, date of transfer, dates of Boards of Directors resolutions, or other date that can confirm the counterpart and monetary amount of the transaction, whichever date is earlier; provided however, that for investment for which approval of the competent authority is required, the earlier of the above date or the date of receipt of approval by the competent authority shall apply.
- IV. The term "Investment in the mainland China area" as set forth in the Procedures denotes the investment in Mainland China approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs or conducted in accordance with the provisions of Regulations Governing Permission for Investment or Technological Cooperation in the Mainland Area.
- V. "Within the preceding year" as used in Paragraph 1 of this Article refers to the year preceding the date of occurrence of the current transaction. Items duly announced in accordance with the Regulations need not be counted toward the transaction amount.
- VI. Contents of public announcement and declaration

 Where the Company conducts public announcement and declaration in accordance with

 Article V, the contents of such of public announcement and declaration shall follow the
 requirements set forth by the securities regulatory authority.
- VII. Update of public announcement and declaration
 In the event that the public announcement made by the Company in accordance with Article
 V is found defective or erroneous which calls for correction, the Company shall conduct the
 entire public announcement and declaration afresh within two days from the date of
 knowing such defects or errors.
- VIII. Where any of the following circumstances occurs with respect to a transaction that the Company has already publicly announced and declared in accordance with Article V, another public announcement and declaration of relevant information shall be made on the information reporting website designated by the securities regulatory authority within two days from the date of occurrence of the event.
 - (I). Change, termination, or rescission of a contract signed with regard to the original transaction.
 - (II). The merger, spin off, acquisition, or transfer of shares is not completed by the scheduled date set forth in the contract.

(III). Change to the originally publicly announced and declared information.

Article VI: Procedures to Control over Acquisition or Disposal of Assets by Subsidiaries

- I. The Company' subsidiaries shall conduct the acquisition or disposal of assets in accordance with these Procedures, provided, however, that this requirement is not applicable where the Company's subsidiary has adopted its own procedures governing the acquisition and disposal of assets in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies.
- II. The adoption of and any revisions to the procedures governing the acquisition and disposal of assets by the Company's subsidiary in accordance with the preceding paragraph shall be approved by the board of directors of such subsidiary.
- III. In the event that a subsidiary of the Company is not a domestic public company and is required to make public announcement and declaration as required under Article V for the assets acquired or disposed, the Company shall conduct public announcement and declaration on its behalf.
- IV. Where a subsidiary is required to make public announcement and declaration in accordance with Article 5 of the Procedures, the paid-in capital or total assets used in Article 5 of the Procedures shall refer to the Company's paid-in capital or total assets.
- V. The term "subsidiary" used in the Procedures is defined in the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Article VII

The Company and its subsidiaries may further invest in purchase of real property or securities not for business operation needs within the following amounts and limits:

- Total amount of investment in real property not for business operation purposes: Not exceed 25% of the Company's shareholders equity as audited and certified by certified public accountant.
- II. Total amount of investment in securities: Not exceed the total of the Company's shareholders equity and long-term liabilities as audited and certified by certified public accountant.
- III. Total amount of investment in individual securities: Not exceed 60% of the Company's shareholders equity as audited and certified by certified public accountant.

Section Two -Related Party Transactions

Article VIII: Scope

- I. The term "related party" used in the Procedures is defined in the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.
- II. When judging whether a trading counterparty is a related party, in addition to legal formalities, the substance of the relationship shall also be considered.

Article IX

When the Company engages in any acquisition or disposal of assets from or to a related party, the Company shall conduct in compliance with preceding Section and the "Regulations Governing the Acquisitions and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies" promulgated by the competent authorities.

Section Three - Engaging in Derivatives Trading

Article X

The Company shall, when engaging in derivatives trading, comply with Sections One and Three by conducting the relevant procedures and assessing reasonableness of the terms of transaction.

Article XI: Trading Principles and Strategies

I. Categories of transaction

The term "derivatives" as used herein include forward contracts, options contracts, future contracts, leverage contracts, and swap contracts, and compound contracts combining the above products, whose value is derived from specific interest rates, prices of financial tools, prices or commodities, foreign exchange rates, price or fee rate indexes, credit ratings or credit indexes or other variables, a combination of the above-mentioned contracts, or a combination of contracts or structured products that were embedded with derivative products. The forward contracts do not include insurance policies, performance contracts, after-sale service agreements, long-term lease agreement and long-term purchase (sale) agreements. The Company may engage in derivatives trading for financial purpose and hedging purpose. The former refers to a transaction for establishing position comprising assets, liabilities or investment portfolio in the hope to gain profit from a market fluctuation. The latter refers to a transaction intended to exempt or minimize the financial risk from foreign exchange or interest rates fluctuations without aiming at making profit.

II. Operating and hedging strategies

Hedging purpose should be the primary objective when the Company engages in the trading of derivatives. The strategy of hedging purpose shall in principle be based on natural hedges, and the operation shall be made based on the net position offset in terms of amount and type of currency between receivables and payables denominated in foreign currencies or between asset and liabilities.

III. Segregation of duties

- (I). Financial personnel: Function as the core of derivative transaction management and is in charge of the derivatives trading, forecasting and control of position, collecting relevant information by contacting the Sales Department. Familiarization in collecting market information, determining trends and risk, and the deep understanding in financial commodities, rules and regulations as well as operational skills are all required to support themselves and other relevant departments. For those personnel who operate derivatives, those who take charge of trading, confirmation and settlement shall operate independently. The appointment and discharge of personnel in charge of trading and confirmation shall be informed to the banks in order to safeguard the Company's rights and interests.
- (II). Accounting personnel: The accountant shall prepare accounting records based on relevant transaction vouchers.
- (III). Auditors: Periodically evaluate whether derivatives trading performance is consistent with established operational strategy and whether the risk undertaken is within the Company's permitted scope of tolerance.
- IV. Limits of trading amounts and authorization: An authorized trader may not conduct a transaction of an amount in excess of US\$10 million.
- V. Total amount of derivatives contracts

- (I). The amount of total unsettled trading contracts for financial purpose shall not exceed 20% of the Company's net worth.
- (II). The amount of total unsettled trading contracts for hedging purpose shall not exceed the actual business needs.
- VI. The maximum loss limit: The maximum loss limit for unsettled trading contracts is 10% of the contract amount, which is applicable to aggregate losses on total contracts or losses on individual contract. If the maximum limit is exceeded, the Chief Financial Officer must be notified to determine the measures for reducing loss.

VII. Performance evaluation

- (I). Position and profit and loss statement: Personnel in charge of trading shall assess the profit or loss with respect to the foreign currency position held and submits weekly evaluation to the Head of Finance Department.
- (II). General report: Personnel in charge of trading shall analyze the position held and the profit or loss, produce monthly reports and submit them to the Chief Financial Officer.

Article XII: Operating Procedures

- I. Any major derivatives transaction shall be approved by more than half of all Audit Committee members and submitted to the Board of Directors, and shall be subject to mutatis mutandis application of Paragraphs 5 and 6 of Article 4. The Board of Directors shall authorize the Chairman of the Board to enter into contracts for derivatives trading with financial institutions.
- II. The authorized personnel shall place order with the bank within the limits of its authorized amount and shall submit the trading tickets, stating the title of trading, amount bought/sold, duration, trading expenses, trading counterparts, with remark of hedging or financial purpose, to the Head of Finance Department.
- III. Upon receipt of the trading vouchers from the bank, the personnel in charge of confirmation shall immediately check and confirm the contents and shall clarify with the personnel in charge of trading immediately if there is any discrepancy or error.
- IV. After the confirming personnel complete the confirmation process, the settlement personnel shall carry out settlement based on the trading details confirmed.
- V. The accountant shall work out accounting ledgers based on the settlement vouchers and trading vouchers.

Article XIII: Measures of Risk Management

- I. The scope of risk management:
 - (I). Credit risk: The trading counterparts shall be confined to internationally renowned, creditable banks.
 - (II). Market risk: Primarily those derivatives popularly traded in the international community, and avoid the use of the specifically designed products.
 - (III). Liquidity risk: Primarily those banks with huge trading volume and with the ability to provide competitive quotation.
 - (IV). Cash flow risk: When carrying out a transaction, it is necessary to take into consideration the impact on the Company's cash flows.
 - (V). Operational risk: Strictly comply with the transaction operation procedure to avert operational risks.

- (VI). Legal risk: The documents signed with trading counterparts shall be confined to the contracts popularly used in the market. Any unique contracts shall not be put into use until viewed and recommended by the Legal Department or an Attorney-at-Law.
- II. Personnel engaged in derivatives trading may not serve concurrently in other operations such as confirmation and settlement.
- III. Risk measurement, monitoring, and control personnel shall be assigned to different department, and the personnel mentioned-above shall report to the Board of Directors or senior management personnel who is not in charge of trading or position decision-making.
- IV. Derivatives trading positions held shall be evaluated at least once per week and the evaluation reports shall be submitted to the Head of Finance Department.
- V. The confirming personnel shall have the trading vouchers or contracts registered and checked and verified with the correspondent banks on a periodic basis to make sure whether the amount of trading has been compliant with the limit imposed on the transaction amount.

Article XIV: Internal Audit Systems

The internal audit personnel shall periodically make a determination of the suitability of internal controls on derivatives and conduct a monthly audit of how faithfully derivatives trading by the trading department adheres to the procedures of engaging in derivatives trading, and prepare a report accordingly. The audit report shall be, in conjunction with the annual internal audit performance report, submitted and declared to the securities regulatory authority in the prescribed format through the Internet no later than the last day of February of the ensuing year. The performance of corrective action in response to the irregularities shall also be submitted and declared to the securities regulatory authority no later than last day of May of the ensuing year. If any material violation is discovered, all members of the Audit Committee shall be notified in writing.

Article XV: Methods of Regular Evaluation and Handling of Irregular Circumstances

- I. The senior management personnel designated by the Board of Directors shall pay continuous attention to monitoring and controlling derivatives trading risk and periodically evaluate whether derivatives trading performance is consistent with established operational strategy and whether the risk undertaken is within the Company's permitted scope of tolerance.
- II. the senior management personnel designated by the Board of Directors shall periodically evaluate whether the risk management measures currently employed are appropriate and whether such measures are faithfully conducted in accordance with the Procedures.
- III. When irregular circumstances are found in the course of supervising trading and profit-loss circumstances, the manager in Finance Department shall take appropriate measures and shall immediately report to the Board of Directors. Independent director(s) shall be present at the Board Meeting and express his/her opinion.
- IV. If, in accordance with the Procedures, the Company authorizes related personnel to engage in derivative trading, such trading shall be reported to the next meeting of the Board of Directors afterwards.

Article XVI: Memorandum Book

- I. The Company engaging in derivatives trading shall establish a memorandum book in which details of the types and amounts of derivatives trading engaged in, Board of Directors' approval dates, and the matters required to be carefully evaluated under Paragraph 4 of Article XIII and Paragraphs 1-2 of Article XV shall be recorded in detail in the memorandum book.
- II. The Company shall compile monthly reports on the status of derivatives trading engaged in up to the end of the preceding month by itself and by any subsidiaries that are not domestic public companies and enter such information using prescribed format into the information reporting website designated by the competent authority in charge of securities by the 10th day of each month.

Section Four -Mergers, Split off, Acquisitions, and Transfer of Shares

Article XVII: Terms and Definitions

The term "Assets acquired or disposed through mergers, spin off, acquisitions or transfer of shares in accordance with laws" as set forth herein denotes the assets acquired or disposed through mergers, spin off, or acquisitions conducted under the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act, Financial Holding Company Act, Financial Institution Merger Act and other acts, or to acquire shares from another company through issuance of new shares of its own as its consideration under Article 156-3 of the Company Act.

Article XVIII

Assets acquired or disposed through mergers, spin off, acquisitions, or transfer of shares shall be made in accordance with Section One of the Procedures and the "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies" promulgated by competent authorities.

Section Five –Miscellaneous

Article XIX

10 percent of total assets used in the Procedures shall refer to the amount of total assets stated in the most recent financial report or individual financial report prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

In the case of a company whose shares have no par value or a par value other than NT\$10, the calculation of transaction amounts of 20 percent of paid-in capital under the Procedures shall be substituted by 10 percent of owner's equity attributable to parent company.

Article XX

In case of a breach of the fore-mentioned Guidelines or Procedures, the Company's personnel in execution unit will be subject to penalty in accordance with the Company's Performance Rating Regulations and Disciplines.

Article XXI

The Procedures shall be put into effect after being approved by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors and resolved by the Shareholders' Meeting. The same shall be applicable in case of amendment. If any director expresses dissent and it is recorded in the minutes of Board of Directors meeting or in a written statement, the Company shall submit the director's dissenting opinion to each member of the Audit Committee.

Article XXII

When submitting the Procedures to the Board of Directors for discussion in accordance with the requirements of the preceding Article, the Board of Directors shall take into full consideration each independent director's opinions. Any objection or reservation expressed by an independent director should be recorded in the minutes of the Board of Directors meeting.

When the Procedures are adopted or amended they shall be approved by more than half of all Audit Committee members and submitted to the Board of Directors for a resolution.

If approval of more than half of all Audit Committee members as required in the Paragraph 2 of this Article is not obtained, the Procedures may be implemented if approved by more than two-thirds of all directors, and the resolution of the Audit Committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the Board of Directors meeting.

The terms "all Audit Committee members" in paragraph 2 and "all directors" in paragraph 3 shall be counted as the actual number of people currently holding those positions.

Article XXIII

For matters not provided for herein, it shall be handled in accordance with relevant laws and regulations.

MediaTek Inc. Operating Procedures of Endorsement/Guarantee

Approved by the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting 2019

Article I:

These Procedures were amended in accordance with Article 36-1 of the Securities and Exchange Act, the relevant rulings promulgated by the competent authorities and related laws and regulations.

Article II:

The party to whom the Company may provide endorsement/guarantee includes the following:

- I. Any company having business transactions with the Company.
- II. Any subsidiary of the Company.
- III. Where all capital contributing shareholders make endorsements/ guarantees for their jointly invested company in proportion to their shareholding percentages, such endorsements/guarantees may be made free of the restriction set forth in preceding two paragraphs. The term "capital contributing" as used in the preceding sentence shall refer to capital contributions made directly by the Company, or through a company of which the Company owns 100% of the voting shares.

No subsidiary of the Company shall provide any endorsement/guarantee to others, provided, however, that the companies in which the Company holds 90% or more of the voting shares may make an endorsement/guarantee in accordance with section 3 of Article 4 of these Procedures, and the amount shall not exceed 10% of the Company's net worth. An endorsement/guarantee made between the companies in which the Company owns 100% of the voting shares directly or indirectly shall not be subject to the aforementioned restrictions.

The term "subsidiary" as used in these Procedures shall have the meaning prescribed to it in the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Article III : The scope of endorsement/guarantee defined as following:

- I. Financing endorsement/guarantee:
 - (I) Endorsement/guarantee to customers' notes for cash financing with a discount.
 - (II) Endorsement or guarantee for other companies for their financing needs.
 - (III) Endorsement or guarantee to the notes issued by the Company to non-financial institutions for the Company's own financing needs.
- II. Tariff endorsement/guarantee: Endorsement or guarantee of customs duties due made for the Company or other companies.
- III. Other endorsement or guarantee: The endorsement/guarantee which cannot be attributed to the previous two paragraphs.

The lien or mortgage provided by the Company against its assets and properties for guaranteeing another company's loan should also follow the procedures set forth herein.

Article IV : Limitation and authority of endorsement/guarantee:

I. The amount of any endorsement/guarantee rendered by the Company and the subsidiaries in the aggregate is subject to the following limitation:

- (I) The total amount of external endorsement/guarantee shall not exceed 50% of the net worth as stated in the latest financial statements of the Company.
- (II) The amount of endorsement/guarantee rendered to any single company shall not exceed 20% of the net worth as stated in the latest financial statements of the Company.
- II. In the event that an endorsement/guarantee is made due to needs arising out of businesses, the amount of any single endorsement/guarantee shall not exceed the amount of the business transaction between the parties. The phrase "amount of the business transaction" shall mean the amount of purchases or sales between the parties in the most recent year, whichever is higher, and shall not exceed the limitations provided in the preceding paragraph.
- III. The Company shall not render endorsement/guarantee until the matter is approved and resolved by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors may delegate the Chairman to facilitate execution within the pre-NT\$300,000,000. determined limited credit of Such endorsement/guarantee shall be ratified by the Board of Directors afterward. When rendering an endorsement/guarantee, the Company shall take into full consideration the opinion of each independent director. Independent directors' opinions specifically expressing assent or dissent and the reasons for dissent shall be recorded in the meeting minutes of the Board of Directors' meeting. When, in accordance with relevant rules and regulations, endorsement/guarantee transaction is required to submit to the Board of Directors for resolution, such case shall be approved by half or more of all Audit Committee members before submitting to the Board of Directors for a resolution. If approval of half or more of all Audit Committee members is not obtained, the procedures may be implemented if approved by twothirds or more of all directors, and the resolution of the Audit Committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the Board of Directors meeting.
- IV. In the event that the above limits have to be exceeded to accommodate business needs, and subject to the terms and conditions provided in these Procedures, the Company must obtain consent from the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors, and, in addition, half or more of all directors must jointly endorse the potential loss that may be brought about by such an excess of limits. The Board of Directors shall also revise the limitation of quota mentioned above and have it ratified at the shareholders' meeting. If the revised limitation is not ratified at the shareholders' meeting, the Board of Directors shall furnish a plan containing a timetable to withdraw or eliminate the excess portion. In the course of discussion of this matter in the board of directors' meeting, independent directors' opinions specifically expressing assent or dissent and the reasons for dissent shall be recorded in the meeting minutes of the Board of Directors' meeting.
- V. In the event that, due to changes of circumstances, the party to whom the Company provided endorsement/guarantee no longer satisfies the criteria set forth in Article II herein, or the amount of endorsement/guarantee exceeds the limits due to changes of basis on which the amounts of limits are calculated, the Company shall draw up rectification plans to modify the total amount or the amount over the limitation of endorsement/guarantee, and withdraw these portions within the duration of contract or within the specific period. The proposed rectification plans shall be submitted to all

Audit Committee members and be implemented in accordance with the timeframe set.

- VI. "The Company's net worth" referred herein shall mean the balance sheet equity attributable to the owners of the parent company under the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers."
- VII. For circumstances in which an entity for which the Company makes any endorsement/guarantee is a subsidiary whose net worth is lower than half of its paid-in capital, the financial department shall track the financial conditions of the endorsee/guarantee at least once each season. In the event of any material change, the financial department shall promptly report such material change to the Chairman of the Company and shall take appropriate action(s) per the Chairman's instruction(s). In the case of a subsidiary shares having no par value or a par value other than NT\$10, the paid-in capital referred to in the preceding sentence shall be the sum of share capital plus paid-in capital in excess of par.

Article V:

- I. The in-charged department shall assess risk and submit a report, stating the company for which the endorsement/guarantee is made, categories, reasons and amount, and shall provide reviewing procedures in detail, including:
 - (I) The necessity of and rationality of the endorsement/guarantee.
 - (II) The credibility and risk assessment of the company for which the endorsement/ guarantee is made.
 - (III) The impact on the company's business operations risk, financial condition, and shareholders' equity.
 - (IV) The necessity to acquire collateral and appraisal of collateral.
- II. If the company for which the endorsement/guarantee is made repays the loans, the related repayment information and documents shall be informed to the Company so that the endorsement/guarantee responsibility of the Company may be released.

Article VI:

The Financial Department shall prepare a memorandum book for its endorsement/guarantee activities and record in detail the following information for the record: the content of endorsement/guarantee, name of the company for which the endorsement/guarantee is made, the amount of endorsement/guarantee, the date of resolution by the Board of Directors or of authorization by the Chairman, the date when endorsement/guarantee is made, and the matters to be carefully evaluated under paragraph 1 of the preceding article.

Article VII: Procedures for controlling and managing endorsements/guarantees to others by subsidiaries

- I. Where the subsidiaries of the Company propose to make endorsements/guarantees to others, the Company shall procure its subsidiaries to adopt procedures for making endorsements/guarantees that are in accordance with the Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds to Others and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies. Such procedures will be effective after being approved by the audit committee, the board of directors and/or the shareholders' meeting, and the Company shall procure its subsidiaries to comply with such procedures.
- II. Where the subsidiaries make any endorsement/guarantee, such subsidiaries shall periodically provide the relevant information to the

Company for recordation.

Article VIII: Procedures for public announcement and declaration:

- I. The Company shall announce and report the endorsements/guarantees balance of previous month of the Company and its subsidiaries by the 10th day of each month.
- II. In addition to public announcement which shall be made on a monthly basis, the Company whose balance of endorsements/guarantees reaches any one of the following categories shall announce and report such event within two days commencing immediately from the date of occurrence:
 - (I) The aggregate balance of endorsements/guarantees of the Company and its subsidiaries reaches 50 percent or more of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.
 - (II) The balance of endorsements/guarantees of the Company and its subsidiaries for a single company reaches 20 percent of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.
 - (III) The balance of endorsements/guarantees reaches NT\$10 million or more, and the aggregate amount of all endorsements/guarantees of the Company and its subsidiaries, the book value of the investment calculated by equity method, and balance of loans to, a single company reaches 30 percent of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.
 - (IV) The amount of new endorsements/guarantees made by the Company or its subsidiaries reaches NT\$30 million or more, and 5 percent of the Company's net worth as stated in its latest financial statement.
- III. "Date of occurrence" referred herein shall mean the date of contract signing, date of payment, dates of Boards of Directors resolutions, or other date that can confirm the counterparty for the endorsements/guarantees and monetary amount, whichever date is earlier.

Article IX : Custody of the specimen seals:

The Company shall use the corporate chop registered with the Ministry of Economic Affairs as the dedicated chop for endorsements/guarantees. Chairman, authorized by the Board of Directors, shall keep the chop in the custody of a designated person according to the Company's management rule regarding chop usage, and the chop may be used to seal or issue negotiable instruments only in accordance with prescribed procedures. In the event that making a guarantee for a foreign company, the Company shall have the Guarantee Agreement signed by a person authorized by the Board of Directors.

Article X: The Company shall evaluate or record the contingent loss for endorsements/guarantees. The Financial Department shall take the initiative to trace and make sure whether or not the endorsement/guarantee cases which have expired have been annulled. The entire databases of the endorsement/guarantee shall be provided to the CPA, and shall be disclosed in the financial statements as appropriate.

Article XI: Other matters and concerns:

I. The Company's internal auditors shall audit the operating procedures of endorsements/guarantees for others and the implementation thereof no less frequently than quarterly and prepare written records accordingly. They shall promptly notify all Audit Committee members in writing of any material violation found.

- II. In the event that the Company's executive officers or related personnel violate the Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Endorsements/ Guarantees by Public Companies, and therefore jeopardizes the Company's interest, the Company shall impose penalty or adjust their positions in accordance with the Company's internal rules.
- III. These Operating Procedures shall, after being approved by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors, be submitted to the shareholders' meeting for approval. The same shall be applicable in case of amendment. The applicable laws and regulations shall govern where these Operating Procedures do not specified.

Article XII:

The Procedures were passed in the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated June 21, 1999. First update was made in Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated May 16, 2003. Second update was made in Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated June 10, 2009. Third update was made in Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated June 15, 2011. Fourth update was made in Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated June 21, 2013. Fifth update was made in Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated June 12, 2015. The sixth update was made at the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated June 15, 2018. The seventh update was made at the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting dated June 14, 2019.

MediaTek Inc. Operating Procedures of Outward Loans to Others

Approved by the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting 2019

Article I

The Company may lend its funds to others and shall follow the Operating Procedures specified herein.

When the Company uses IFRSs in preparing financial report, "the Company's net worth" referred herein shall mean the balance sheet equity attributable to the owners of the parent company under the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers."

Article II

The party to whom the Company may lend its funds shall be limited to:

- Companies that have business transaction with the Company and that listed as top ten vendors or customers in terms of transactional amount in the past twelve months before lending of funds.
- II. Companies that have need for short-term financing facility. The "short-term" used herein shall mean the period of one year.

Lending to companies that have business transaction with the Company shall be limited to the situation where the companies need those funds for operational purpose. Lending to companies that have need for short-term financing facility shall be limited to subsidiaries of the Company which the Company directly or indirectly holds more than ninety percent of the voting stock.

Article III

The total amount for lending and the maximum amount available to each company:

- I. The total amount for lending shall not exceed 20% of the Company's net worth.
- II. The total amount for lending to companies having business transaction with the Company shall not exceed 20% of the Company's net worth; the maximum amount lendable to a single company is the transaction amount (refers to sales, procurement, or service fees between the parties, whichever is higher) between the parties during the period of twelve months prior to the time of lending, 10% of the Company's net worth or 30% of the borrower's net worth, whichever is lower.
- III. The total amount for lending to companies that have need for short-term financing facility shall not exceed 20% of the Company's net worth; the maximum amount lendable to a single company is 10% of the Company's net worth or 30% of the borrower's net worth, whichever is lower.
- (1) Fund lending between foreign subsidiaries held directly or indirectly by the Company with 100% of the voting stocks; or (2) fund lending by foreign companies held directly or indirectly by the Company with 100% of the voting stocks to the Company, shall be excluded from the above limitations. However, these subsidiaries shall still set forth limitations on amount and tenor of fund lending in its internal rules in accordance with the relevant competent authorities' rules and regulations.

Article IV

Financing duration and interest calculation:

Financing duration: The term of each loan shall not exceed one year. The interest rate shall not be lower than the short-term borrowing rate quoted by financial institutions. The interests shall be calculated on a monthly basis.

(1) Fund lending between foreign subsidiaries held directly or indirectly by the Company with 100% of the voting stocks; or (2) fund lending by foreign companies held directly or indirectly by the Company with 100% of the voting stocks to the Company, shall be excluded from the limitations on financing duration set forth above. The interest rate shall not be lower than the short-term borrowing rate quoted by financial institutions. The interests shall be calculated on a monthly basis.

Article V

The borrower shall fill out an application letter when applying loans from the Company, clearly stating the amount of the loan, the terms, purpose, provide collateral, and shall provide basic information and financial information to the Company for the purpose of credit evaluation.

Based on the provided information, the financial department shall evaluate the necessity and rationality of the loan application, the credibility and risk assessment of the borrowers, impact on the Company's business operations, financial conditions, and shareholder's equity, and the necessity to acquire collateral and appraisal of collateral shall be assessed in detail.

Article VI

When the borrower (excluding subsidiaries that the Company directly or indirectly holds 90% or more of voting stocks) requests a loan according to the regulations above, they shall provide an equal amount of promissory note, collateral and/or other guarantees as requested by the Company. When collateral is provided, the owner shall grant pledges and/or mortgages to the Company, for the purpose of securitizing its obligations.

Article VII

After the loan is appropriated, the financial department shall periodically evaluate the borrower's and the guarantor's (if any) financial condition and credit standing. If the debt is overdue and still irretrievable after communications, the financial department shall immediately notify the legal department to take further actions so as to ensure the Company's interest is well protected.

Article VIII

Before the lending, it shall be assessed deliberatively whether it meets the requirement of relevant competent authorities' regulations and the Operation Procedures, and shall submit the result of examination made in accordance with of Article V and Article VI above to the Board of Directors for its approval. No delegation of authority shall be made to any other person in this regard. The proposal of any lending of the Company's funds shall be approved by half or more of all Audit Committee members before submitting to the Board of Directors for a resolution. If approval of half or more of all Audit Committee members is not obtained, the Operating Procedures may be implemented if approved by two-thirds or more of all directors, and the resolution of the Audit Committee shall be recorded in the minutes of the Board of Directors meeting.

Fund lending between the Company and its subsidiaries shall be approved by the Board of Directors of the Company as stipulated in the preceding paragraph, and the Board may authorize its Chairman to lend funds to a specific subsidiary within a certain monetary limit resolved by the Board, within a period not exceeding one year, in installments or to make a revolving credit line.

Article IX

For those related to fund lending that are required to be reported to government authorities or make public announcement, the Company shall follow such rules. If the subsidiaries of the Company is not domestic listed company, the relevant report or public announcement that needs to be made by the subsidiaries in accordance with relevant rules will be made by the Company on behalf of the subsidiaries.

Article X

When fund lending to other parties is contemplated by the Company's subsidiary, the Company

shall instruct the subsidiary to promulgate the operating procedures of fund lending, and submitted such to the Audit Committee/the Board of Directors and/or the shareholders' meeting of the subsidiary for approval, and shall instruct the subsidiary to follow the approved operation procedures.

When fund lending to other parties is contemplated by the Company's subsidiary, the subsidiary shall fill out a credit report and opinion and set forth the terms of lending, and then submit such to the Audit Committee/the Board of Directors and/or the shareholders' meeting of the subsidiary for its approval.

If the Company's subsidiary lends fund to others, the subsidiary shall disclose relevant information to the Company periodically for review by the Company.

Article XI

The Company shall prepare a memorandum book for its fund lending activities and record the relevant matters according to the relevant rules and regulations.

Article XII

The Company's internal auditors shall audit the Operating Procedures and its execution situations every quarter and prepare written records accordingly. They shall promptly notify all the members of the Audit Committee in writing of any material violation found.

Article XIII

If the borrower's qualification no longer meet the requirement of laws or the Operating Procedures or the balance of lending is exceeded due to changes of circumstances, the Company shall draw up rectification plans, submit these plans to all the members of the Audit Committee, and implement these plans in accordance with the time frames set.

Article XIV

In the event that the Company's executive officers and relevant personnel violate the rules or regulation set by competent authority and the Operating Procedures, the Company will impose penalty or adjust their positions in accordance with the Company's internal rules.

Article XV

The Operating Procedures shall, after being resolved by half or more of all Audit Committee members and the Board of Directors, be submitted to the shareholders' meeting for approval. The same shall be applicable in case of amendment. For matters not provided for herein, it shall be handled in accordance with relevant laws and regulations.

MediaTek Inc. Shareholdings of Directors

1. The shareholdings of the Company's Directors of the 9th session and percentage of shareholdings required by law are listed below:

The Company's total outstanding shares: 1,599,088,292
Total shareholdings of all Directors required by law: 38,378,119
As of April 2, 2022, total shareholdings of all Directors 42,567,318
(except Independent Directors)

2. As of April 2, 2022, the shareholder registration record date for 2022 Annual Shareholders' Meeting, the individual Directors and their aggregate shareholdings are listed below:

Title	Name	Date Elected	Shares	%
Chairman	Ming-Kai Tsai	July 5, 2021	41,468,498	2.59%
Vice Chairman	Lih-Shyng Tsai	July 5, 2021	543,200	0.03%
Director	Joe Chen	July 5, 2021	526,376	0.03%
Director	Cheng-Yaw Sun	July 5, 2021	29,244	0.00%
Director	Kenneth Kin	July 5, 2021	-	-
Independent Director	Chung-Yu Wu	July 5, 2021	236,000	0.01%
Independent Director	Peng-Heng Chang	July 5, 2021	-	-
Independent Director	Ming-Tze Tang	July 5, 2021	-	-
Holding of all	directors		42,803,318	2.68%