



A Recovery plan for Europe:

The Recovery and Resilience Facility

LITHUANIA



Overview of the Lithuanian RRP



7 components



30 measures, covering reforms and investments



191 milestones and targets

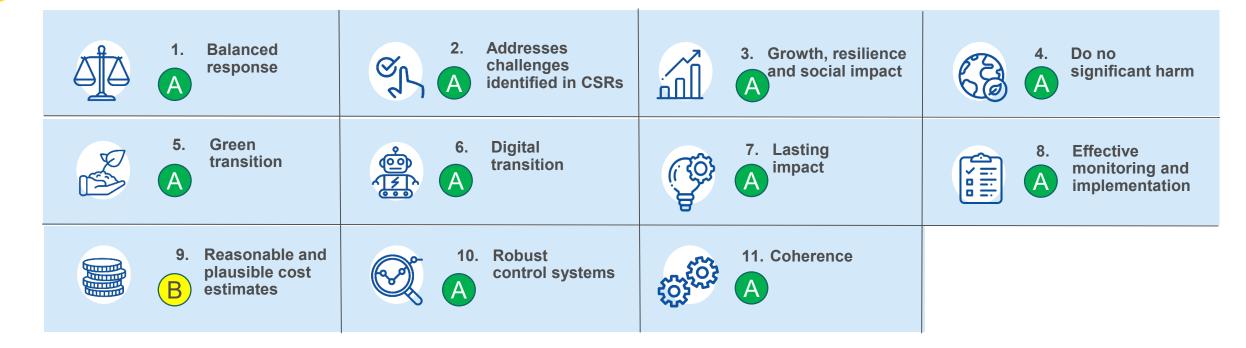


€ 2.22 bn in grants





Assessment summary







Green transition

37.8% of plan allocated to **climate** objectives



- More sustainable electricity produced in the country
- Moving without polluting the environment
- Accelerating renovation of buildings and a sustainable urban environment
- Towards a circular economy



DNSH: No measure in the plan harms environmental objectives

Key investments

- Increasing GHG absorption capacity
- Construction of onshore RES plants
- Purchase of clean vehicles by the public sector and business





Digital transition

 31.5% of plan allocated to digital objectives 31.5%



Key reforms

- Transformation of public information technology governance
- Ensuring the effectiveness of data management and open data
- E-government

Key investments

- Digital connectivity and innovation
- Promotion of advanced digital technologies in the private sector

Sectors specific actions

- Public sector
- Connectivity
- Innovation

Cross-border projects

 Contributing to cross-border projects (5G in the transport corridors Via Baltica and Rail Baltica)





Resilience

Social protection

- Training and entrepreneurship support scheme
- Increasing coverage of unemployment insurance scheme
- Minimum income reform

Public sector

- Improving tax compliance and broadening the tax base
- Enhancing the budgetary framework
- Improving business environment
- Improving HR management and development in the public sector









Health system

- **Improving** quality, accessibility and efficiency of healthcare system
- Promoting innovation and long-term care services

Education and research

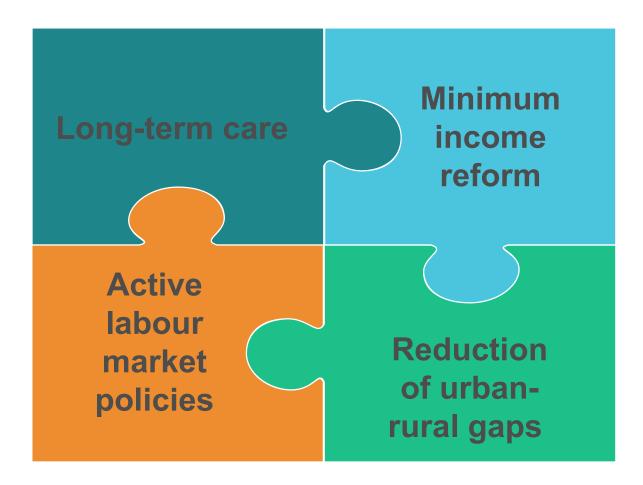
- Improving the school network, the quality of education, vocational training and adult learning
- Improving R&I promotion and quality and efficiency of higher education sector





Social impact and equality screening







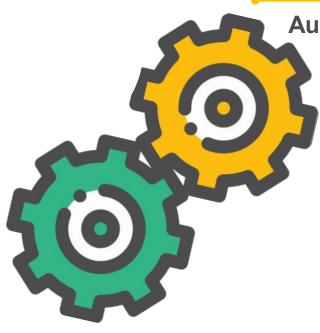




Audit and control – Protection of the EU's financial interests

Procedures to protect against serious irregularities in the use of funds:

- Fraud
- Corruption
- Double funding



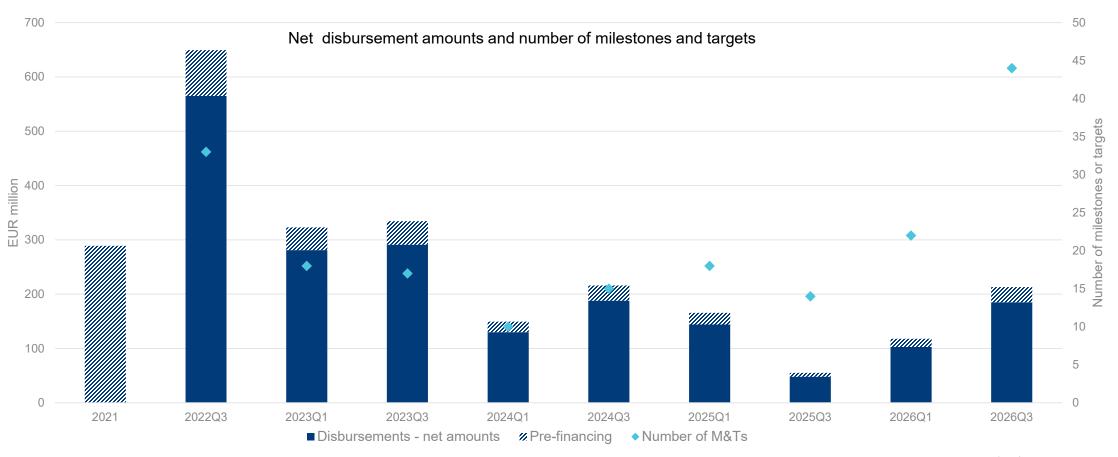
Audit and control systems:

- Sufficient and robust
- Largely based on ESIF arrangements and national strategic management system
- The Ministry of Finance performs the functions of Managing Authority and together with the Central Project Management Agency (CPMA) is responsible for the implementation
- The Audit Authority comprises two departments of the Ministry of Finance and is independent from other departments





Milestones & targets and instalments







Thank you





Background slides





Costing

- The plan includes individual cost estimates for all measures
- Cost breakdown is generally detailed and well substantiated
- The costs are to a medium extent well justified, reasonable and plausible
- Costs are for the most part commensurate, and in line with the principle of cost-efficiency
- A mechanism is in place to ensure no double funding from other EU programmes

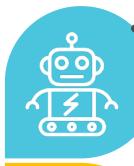




Investing in people

Digital upskilling

- 21600 18-65 year old attend training within the LLL framework in order to improve their digital skills
- Reskill 500 pedagogical staff with IT competences



General education and VET

 Improving the school network, the quality of education, vocational training and adult learning

Skills for adults

- Introduce individual learning accounts and enterprise- and sector -based skills funds
- Train 19 350 adults



Higher education

 Improving R&I promotion and quality and efficiency of higher education sector

