
Natural Resources Fund

Fiscal Year 2016 Annual Report

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Introduction

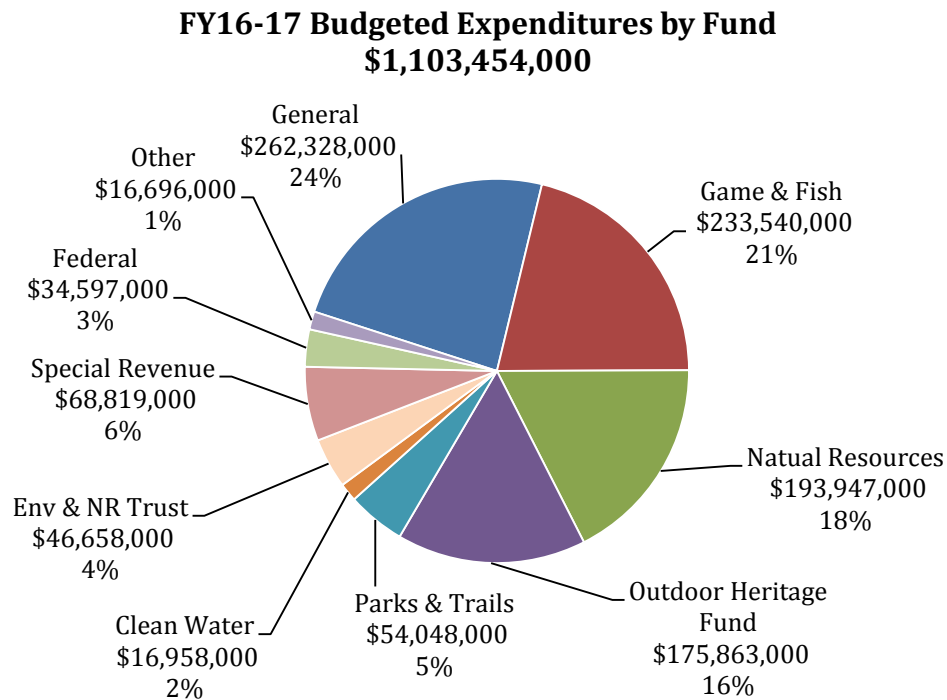
This report outlines general information about the natural resource fund including its history, funding structure, and overview of revenues and expenditures. It concludes with detailed information about each of the accounts including quick facts, sources and uses of the funds, account forecast analysis, FY2016 accomplishments, and links to additional resources.

Creation and Purpose of the Fund

The Legislature created the Natural Resources Fund (NR) in the state treasury in 1989 as a Special Revenue Fund for deposit of certain receipts from fees and services associated with natural resource management by the state. (M.S. 16A.53, subd. 2) Special revenue funds are dedicated to a variety of purposes specified in the legislation. The Department of Natural Resources (DNR) is the primary user of the fund. In general, fees collected for certain activities are used for operations of our programs, maintenance and development of our statewide natural resources and recreations systems. Revenues also support the enforcement of the state's natural resource laws related to the activities funded through the NR fund.

Natural Resources Fund within the DNR's Funding Structure

For FY2016-2017, the Natural Resources Fund will comprise 18 percent (\$193.9 million) of the total DNR budgeted expenditures.



Accounts in the Natural Resources Fund

The Natural Resources Fund is made up of accounts dedicated for a specific purpose. These accounts are broken down separately in this report and also briefly described on the next two pages along with other activities or programs that are supported by multiple accounts within the fund (Electronic Licensing System and Conservation Corps Minnesota):

Sources and Uses of the Natural Resources Fund Accounts

Account Name	Sources and Uses of the Account Funding
All-Terrain Vehicle Account (ATV)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Revenues include fees from registration of all-terrain vehicles, non-resident state trail passes, unrefunded gasoline taxes, and ATV safety training fees. Funds pay for acquisition, maintenance, and development of ATV trails and enforcement activities. (M.S. 84.927).
Off-Highway Motorcycle Account (OHM)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Revenues include fees for registration of off-highway motorcycles and unrefunded gasoline tax attributable to off-highway motorcycle use. Funds pay for administration, enforcement, and acquisition, maintenance and development of off-highway motorcycle trails. (M.S. 84.794).
Off-Road Vehicle Account (ORV)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Revenues include fees for the registration of off-road vehicles, non-resident state trail passes and the unrefunded gasoline tax attributable to off-road vehicles use. Funds pay for administration, enforcement, and acquisition, maintenance and development of off-road vehicle trails. (M.S. 84.803).
Cross-Country Ski Account	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Revenues include fees from cross-country ski passes. Funds pay for grants-in-aid for cross-country ski trails sponsored by local units of government and special park districts. (M.S. 85.43)
Forest Management Investment Account (FMIA)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Revenues include timber sales from consolidated conservation area lands and state forest lands. Funds pay for reforestation and timber stand improvement including forest pest management, timber sales administration and costs, and state forest road maintenance. (M.S. 89.039, 89.035)
Invasive Species Account	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Revenues include surcharges on watercraft licenses, non-resident fishing licenses, and civil penalties for violations, and service provider permits. Funds pay for management of invasive species programs including control, public awareness, law enforcement, assessment, monitoring, management planning, and research. (M.S. 84D.15)
Land Acquisition Account	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Revenues include easements on DNR lands, sale of land, sale of standing timber, leases on wild rice farming and interest. Account is used for the acquisition of natural resource lands within the outdoor recreation system. (M.S. 94.165)
Lottery in Lieu (Local Trails Grants Account)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Revenues include lottery payments in lieu of sales tax on lottery tickets. Funds are used for local trail grants. (M.S. 297A.65, 297A.94 (e)(4))
Lottery in Lieu (Metro Parks and Trails Account)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Revenues include lottery payments in lieu of sales tax on lottery tickets. Funds are used for metropolitan park and trail grants. (M.S. 297A.65, 297A.94(e)(3))
Lottery in Lieu (State Parks and Trails Account)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Revenues include lottery payments in lieu of sales tax on lottery tickets. Funds are used for state parks and trails. (M. S. 297A.65, 297A.94 (e) (2))

Account Name	Sources and Uses of the Account Funding
Lottery in Lieu (Zoos Account)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Revenues include lottery payments in lieu of sales tax on lottery tickets. • Funds are used by the Minnesota Zoological Garden, Como Zoo and Conservatory, and Duluth Zoo. (M.S. 297A.65, 297A.94 (e) (5))
Minerals Management Account	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Revenues include mineral lease income related to management of the state's mineral assets. • Funds are spent for mineral resource management and projects to enhance future mineral income and promote new mineral resource opportunities. (M.S. 93.2236, 93.22)
Mining Administration Account	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Revenues consist of mining administrative fees charged to owners, operators, or managers of mines. • Funds pay for costs of providing and monitoring permits to mine. (M.S. 93.481, subd 7)
Natural Resources Misc. Statutory Account (Dedicated Receipts Account)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Account includes various dedicated revenues within the Natural Resource Fund for which the appropriations are statutory – burning permits account, forest bough account, forest resource assessment products and services account, and land management account. • Sources and uses of the funds are specified in the individual statutes for the component accounts. (M.S. 88.17, 88.6435, 89.421, 92.685, 103G.301)
Nongame Wildlife Management Account	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Revenues are from the check-off on income tax and property tax refund claim forms. • Funds pay for non-game wildlife programs. (M. S. 290.431)
Snowmobile Trails and Enforcement Account	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Revenues include fees for registration of snowmobiles, issuance of snowmobile state trail stickers, unrefunded gasoline tax, and training fees. • Funds pay for snowmobile programs and acquisition, maintenance and development of trails, training, and enforcement. (M. S. 84.83)
State Land and Water Conservation (LAWCON) Account	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Federal grant reimbursement funds that are received under the Land and Water Conservation Fund Act. • Half is distributed for projects of local units of government and half is distributed to the state for land acquisition and development of the state outdoor recreation system and for administrative expenses necessary to maintain the state's eligibility for the program. (M. S. 84.0264)
State Parks Account	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Revenues include fees for camping, state park permits, and facility rentals. • Funds pay for operation and maintenance of the state park system. (M. S. 85.055)
Water Recreation Account	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Revenues include fees for titling and licensing watercraft, mooring, and sale of marine gas at state-operated small craft harbors and mooring facilities, unrefunded gasoline tax attributable to boating, fees for permits to control or harvest aquatic plants. • Funds pay for water recreation programs such as acquisition, development and maintenance of public water access and boating facilities on public waters, lake and river improvements; maintenance, operation, replacement, and expansion of small craft harbors and mooring facilities, water safety programs, management of aquatic invasive species and aquatic plants. (M.S. 86B.706)
Water Management Account	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Revenues include fees from permit application fees, water use fees, field inspection fees, penalties, and other receipts according to sections 103G.271 and 103G.301. • Funds in the water management account may be spent only for the costs associated with administering (M.S. 103G.27).

Electronic Licensing System (ELS)

The DNR Division of Fish & Wildlife maintains the Electronic Licensing System (ELS). Issuing fees charged on the sales of licenses, permits, and registrations are used to support licensing activities and maintain the system.

The money collected is deposited in the account within the Natural Resources Fund that issues the license, permit, or registration. The accounts using ELS and collecting issuing fees include: Water Recreation, Snowmobile, All-Terrain Vehicle (ATV), Off-Highway Motorcycle (OHM), Off-Road Vehicle (ORV), State Parks, Cross Country Ski, and Natural Resource Misc Statutory. The total ELS expenditures for FY2016 from the Natural Resources Fund account were \$934,016 and the total revenues were \$953,893.

Conservation Corps Minnesota

The DNR has worked with Conservation Corps Minnesota (formerly Minnesota Conservation Corps) for over 25 years to preserve and improve the natural resources of the State of Minnesota. This organization, which began in 1981, restores natural resources, conserves energy, responds to emergencies, and offers programs for youth and young adults.

In FY2016, Conservation Corps Minnesota received \$490,000 in funds from various Natural Resources Fund accounts to support the following DNR activities and engaged 550 youth and young adults in natural resource and energy conservation projects across Minnesota by:

- Water Recreation Account, \$50,000 - 2,218 hours developing and maintaining public access and boating facilities on public waters, lake and river improvements, watercraft safety, and exotic species inspections and control;
- ATV Account, \$50,000 - 1,940 hours developing, constructing and maintaining state trail, education and technical skills training;
- State Parks Account, \$150,000 - 7,828 hours developing water access sites within state parks, exotic and invasive species management, and non-motorized trail improvement and maintenance;
- Snowmobile Account, \$75,000 - 3,404 hours designing, constructing, maintaining, training and grooming state trails
- State Park/Trails Lottery In Lieu Account, \$25,000 – 1,427 hours maintaining and operating state parks and trails.
- Aquatic Invasive Species Account, \$25,000 - 1,072 hours for the management of invasive species
- FMIA Account, \$50,000 - 2,309 hours in forest management activities
- OHM Account, \$10,000 - 150 hours spent on acquisition, maintenance and development of off highway motorcycle trails and use areas.
- ORV Account, \$30,000 - 478 hours spent on acquisition, maintenance and development of off-road vehicle trails and use areas.

- Cross Country Ski Account, \$15,000 - 420 hours spent on development and maintenance of state cross-country ski trails.
- Parks and Trails Horse Trails (Natural Resources Misc. Statutory Account), \$10,000 – 340 hours spent on acquisition, maintenance and development of horse trails and use areas.

Unrefunded Gas Tax Revenue

With the broader goal that the unrefunded gasoline proceeds should support programs related to non-highway gasoline use, the DNR receives a portion of the unrefunded gasoline tax. Since 1961, these proceeds have supported the state’s recreational motorized vehicle activities and forest roads. Note: Forest roads funding is not in the NR fund.

The Minnesota Department of Transportation (MnDOT) transfers to the DNR, twice annually, the estimated portion of the unrefunded gasoline tax that was used by boaters, snowmobiles, and all-terrain vehicles. The amounts are transferred to several accounts in the Natural Resources Fund based on a formula written in statute (296A.18). As the table shows, approximately 3.1515 percent of unrefunded gasoline tax revenues – the portion attributed to use by boaters, snowmobile, and ATVs – are transferred into natural resources accounts and are appropriated annually for the purposes described in law.

Distribution of Unrefunded Gas Tax Revenues

Account	Portion of unrefunded gasoline tax transferred to the account	To be used for
Water Recreation	1.50%	Acquisition, development, maintenance, and rehabilitation of sites for public access and boating facilities on public waters; lake and river improvement; and boat and water safety
Snowmobile	1.00%	To fund snowmobile programs and the maintenance and development of snowmobile trails
All-Terrain Vehicle	0.27%	Maintenance and development of ATV trails
Off-Highway Motorcycle	0.046%	Maintenance and development of OHM trails
Off-Road Vehicle	0.164%	Maintenance and development of ORV trails
Special Fund	0.116%	Maintenance of state forest roads
	Including 0.0555%	Maintenance of county forest roads (transfer to counties)
Total of Unrefunded Gas Tax Revenues	3.1515%	

Police State Aid Revenue

The DNR receives police state aid to apply to the employer's contribution to law enforcement (conservation officers) pensions. Tax receipts from a surcharge on auto insurance gross premiums determine the amount of the aid.

In FY2016, the Natural Resource Fund received \$298,347. This amount was apportioned to the Water Recreation, Snowmobile, All-Terrain Vehicle, Off-Highway Motorcycle, and Off-Road Vehicle accounts based on the amount of Conservation Officers' salaries paid from each account.

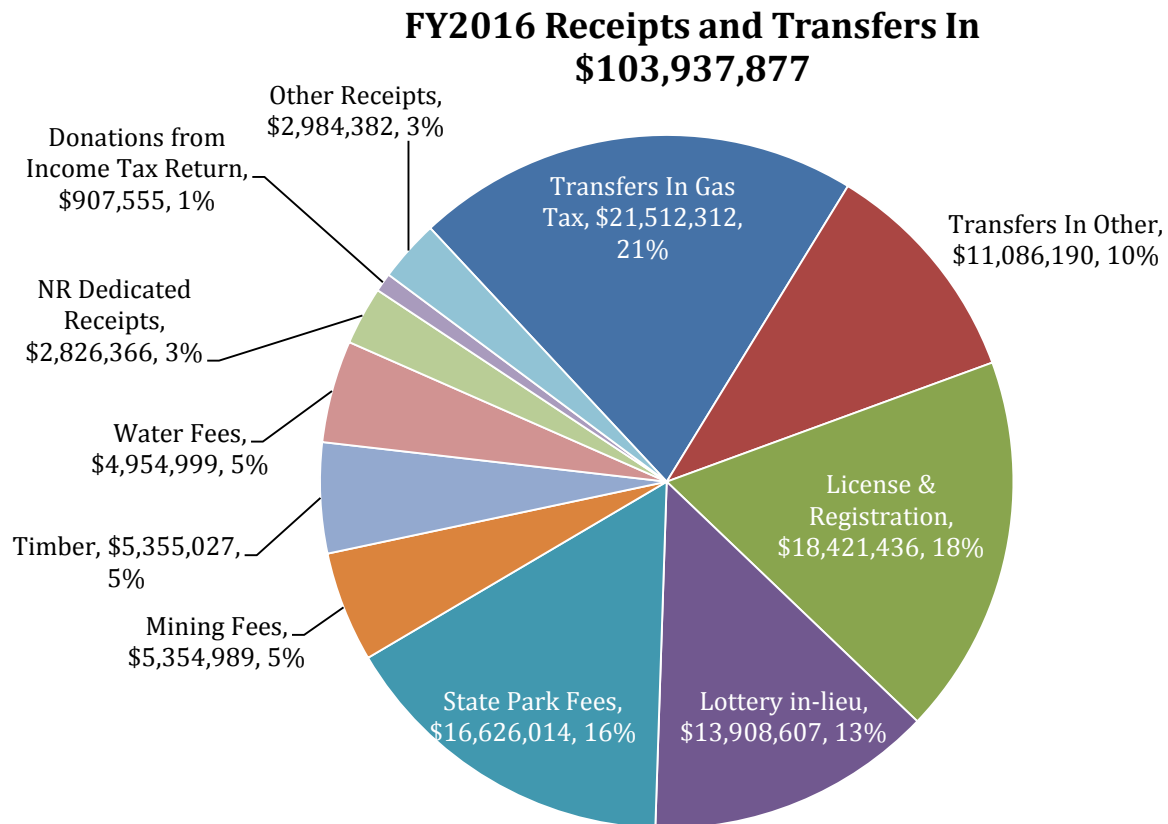
Interest Earnings (M.S. 16A.72)

Minnesota statutes allow interest earnings to be earned on balances in several DNR funds and accounts. Interest is credited to the fund or account and available for appropriation for the purpose for which it was received. The Natural Resources Fund earns interest on donations, gifts, snowmobile receipts, and receipts deposited in the minerals management account, mining administration account, and forest management investment account. The interest earned for 2016 was \$98,344.

Revenues for Fiscal Year 2016

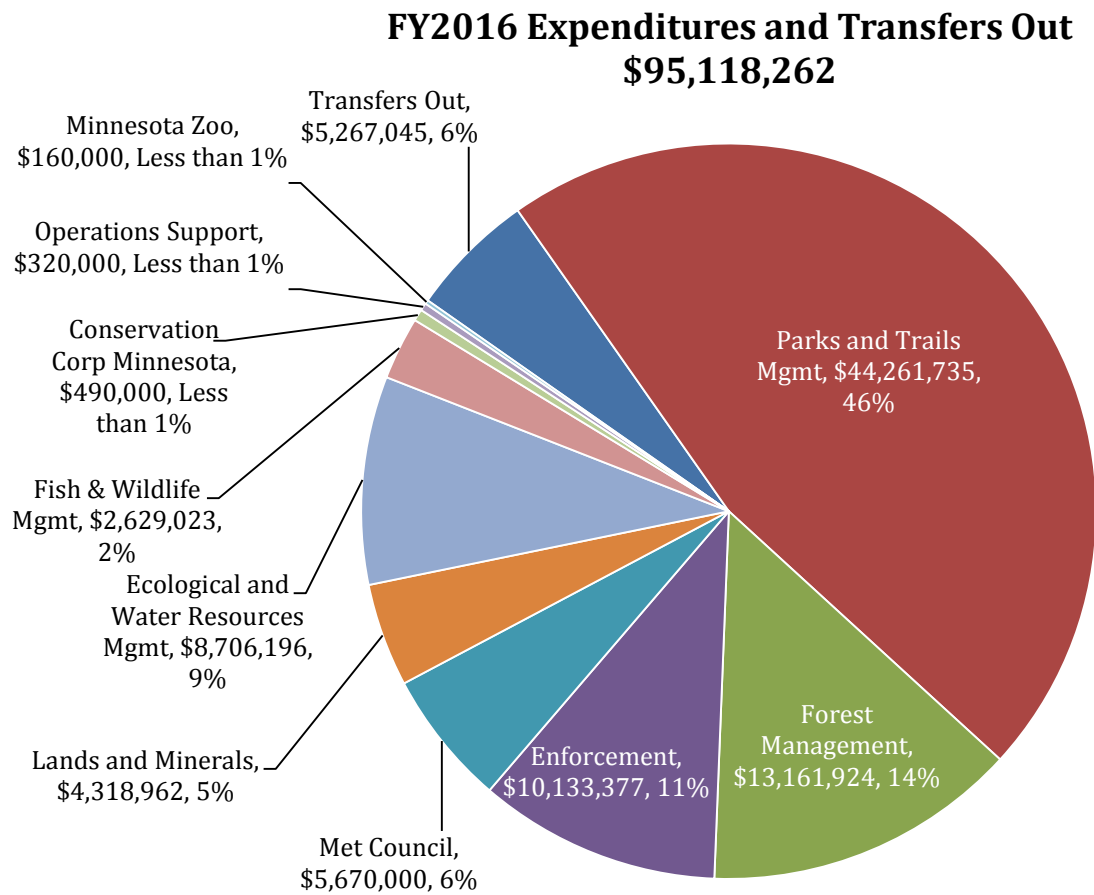
In FY2016, the DNR collected \$103,937,877 in total revenue.

The largest sources of revenues are gas and lottery taxes, licenses and registrations, state park fees, mining fees, and timber sales. Unrefunded gasoline tax revenues attributable to certain types of vehicles used in recreation activities comprise the largest amount of Other Receipts (transfers in). For details, see individual funds.



Expenditures for Fiscal Year 2016

In FY2016, the DNR spent \$95,118,262 in total expenditures and transfers out. The Division of Parks and Trails spent the majority of these funds.



Contacts

For additional information about the Natural Resources Fund, contact the DNR:

[Email the DNR](#)

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Location:

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St. Paul, MN 55155-4040

All-Terrain Vehicle Account (ATV)

Quick Facts

- Governing statutes: M.S. 84.773 to 84.781
- Year established: 1984
- Primary divisions: Enforcement, Parks and Trails

Sources and Uses of Funds

Fees from the registration of all-terrain vehicles and non-resident state trails passes, the un-refunded gasoline tax attributable to ATV use, and the net proceeds from the sale of ATVs forfeited for certain violations of statutes under M.S.84.927 and M.S. 169A.63 are the main sources of funding in the ATV account. Funds in the ATV Account may be used, within guidelines of the Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan, only for:

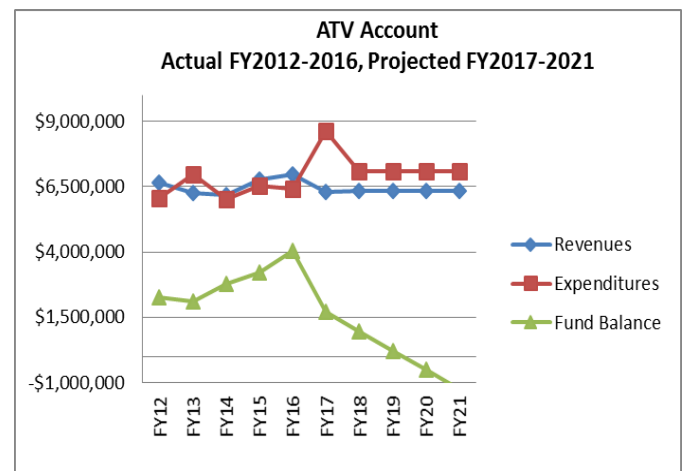
- Acquisition, maintenance, and development of trails and use areas;
- Administration, enforcement, and implementation of applicable statutes;
- Grant-in-aid programs to counties and municipalities to construct and maintain ATV trails and use areas, and Grants to local safety programs;
- Education and training program;
- Enforcement and public education grants to local law enforcement agencies; and
- Maintenance of certain forest roads and county forest roads that are part of a designated trail system.

Financial Summary

Financial Review	
FY2016 Beginning fund balance	\$3,211,619
Prior year adjustments	\$281,727
Revenues	
ATV Registration	\$4,633,761
Misc Receipts	289,231
Unrefunded gasoline tax & police state aid	<u>2,037,950</u>
Total Revenues	\$6,960,942
Expenditures	
Parks and Trails	\$3,115,923
Enforcement	2,966,068
Fish and Wildlife	293,918
Conservations Corps Minnesota	<u>50,000</u>
Total Expenditures	\$6,425,909
FY2016 Ending fund balance	<u>\$4,028,379</u>
Net change for FY2016	\$816,760

Forecast

ATV registrations account for 67 percent of the revenues in the ATV Account. Un-refunded gasoline taxes on ATV's were 28 percent of the revenues. The fund balance has been managed by reductions in spending and this practice will continue through FY2021. Revenues are expected to remain steady.



Expenditure projections are based on spending authorized in law for the current biennium and carried out through 2021. The department will manage levels of spending to ensure the account does not go negative as shown above.

FY2016 Accomplishments

- The Division of Enforcement provided approximately 18,127 hours of enforcement, education and safety training activities around the state.
- The Safety Training Section recruited and trained additional volunteers for the ATV Safety and Trail Ambassador programs, bringing the total number of ATV Instructors to 1,013 and Trail Ambassadors remain at 209. The ATV Safety training program certified 4,471 students. There were 168 new ATV Instructors in FY2016.
- The Division of Parks and Trails developed, monitored and maintained approximately 1,212 miles of ATV/OHM trails in state forests, other state trails and the Iron Range OHV State Recreation Area.
- The DNR completed trail improvements on forest trails in Aitkin, Cass, Cook, Pine, and Lake Counties.
- Grants-in-aid were awarded to 72 trail projects through 35 local government sponsors. These grants support local clubs for maintenance, development, and acquisition of approximately 1,000 miles of public, locally controlled ATV trails.

- Administration, enforcement, and implementation of OHM sections of statutes (M.S. 84.787 to 84.795);
- Acquisition, maintenance, and development of OHM trails and use areas; and
- Grants-in-aid to counties and municipalities to construct and maintain OHM trails and use areas. Grants must be guided by the Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan.

Financial Summary

Financial Review	
FY2016 Beginning fund balance	\$528,431
Prior year adjustments	\$31,275
Revenues	
OHM Registration	\$136,646
Misc Receipts	15,164
Unrefunded gasoline tax & police state aid	<u>335,349</u>
Total Revenues	\$487,159
Expenditures	
Parks and Trails	\$292,112
Enforcement	123,233
Fish and Wildlife	7,296
Conservations Corps Minnesota	<u>10,000</u>
Total Expenditures	\$432,641
FY2016 Ending fund balance	<u>\$614,224</u>
Net change for FY2016	\$85,793

Additional Resources

[Grants Outcomes website](#)

[ATV Safety Training](#)

Off-Highway Motorcycle Account (OHM)

Quick Facts

- Governing statute: M.S. 84.773 to 84.781
- Year established: 1993
- Primary divisions: Enforcement, Parks and Trails

Sources and Uses of Funds

The sources of funding for the account include registration fees for OHMs and the un-refunded gasoline taxes attributable to OHM use. Money in the account may only be spent for:

Forecast

OHM registrations account for 28 percent of the revenues in this account. Un-refunded gasoline tax revenue on off highway motorcycles were 68 percent of the revenues. The fund balance has been declining and will be managed by reducing expenditures. The fund balance is expected to continue to decline due to expenditures exceeding revenue.

Off-Road Vehicle Account (ORV)

Quick Facts

- Governing statute: M.S. 84.773 to 84.781
- Year established: 1993
- Primary divisions: Enforcement, Parks and Trails

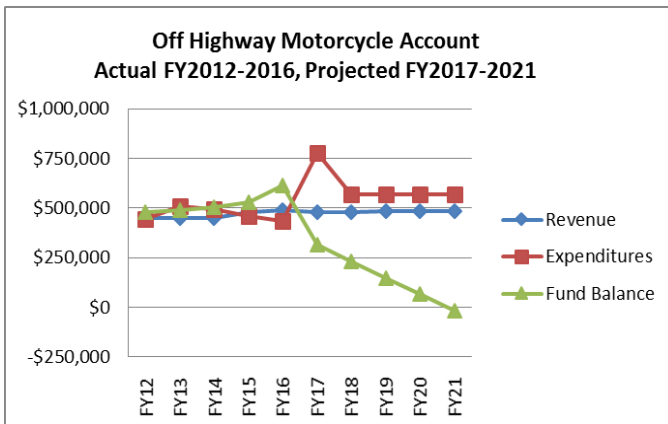
Sources and Uses of Funds

Fees from the registration of off-road vehicles and revenues from unrefunded gasoline tax attributable to off-road vehicle use are the principal revenue sources. Money in the ORV Account may only be spent for:

- Administration, enforcement, and implementation of M.S. 84.773 to 84.805;
- Acquisition, maintenance, and development of off-road vehicle trails and use areas;
- Grant-in-aid programs to counties and municipalities to construct and maintain off-road vehicle trails and use areas;
- Grants-in-aid to local safety programs; and
- Enforcement and public education grants to local law enforcement agencies.

Financial Summary

Financial Review	
FY2016 Beginning fund balance	\$2,654,786
Prior year adjustments	\$24,650
Revenues	
ORV Registration	\$39,570
Misc Receipts	15,659
Unrefunded gasoline tax & police state aid	<u>1,216,291</u>
Total Revenues	\$1,271,520
Expenditures	
Parks and Trails	\$597,811
Enforcement	249,904
Fish and Wildlife	8,749
Conservations Corps Minnesota	<u>30,000</u>
Total Expenditures	\$886,464
FY2016 Ending fund balance	<u>\$3,064,492</u>
Net change for FY2016	\$409,706



Expenditure projections are based on spending authorized in law for the current biennium and carried out through 2021. The department will manage levels of spending to ensure the account does not go negative as shown above.

FY2016 Accomplishments

- Developed, monitored, and maintained OHM trails that were open to the public including the Iron Range OHV Recreation Area. More than 858 motorized miles of ATV/OHM trails and 143 single-track OHM miles are open for public use on state forest lands.
- Monitor trail systems each season and address maintenance needs as they arise. Seven grants to counties, cities, and townships, working with local clubs for the maintenance, development, and acquisition on approximately 200 miles of public, locally controlled OHM trails.
- Provided OHM law enforcement; safety training, trail monitoring and grants (52 combined grants) were issued to local law enforcement agencies to provide for enforcement and education activities relating to OHM use around the state.
- Approximately 1,282 hours were utilized by division staff relation to OHM law enforcement and safety training activities.

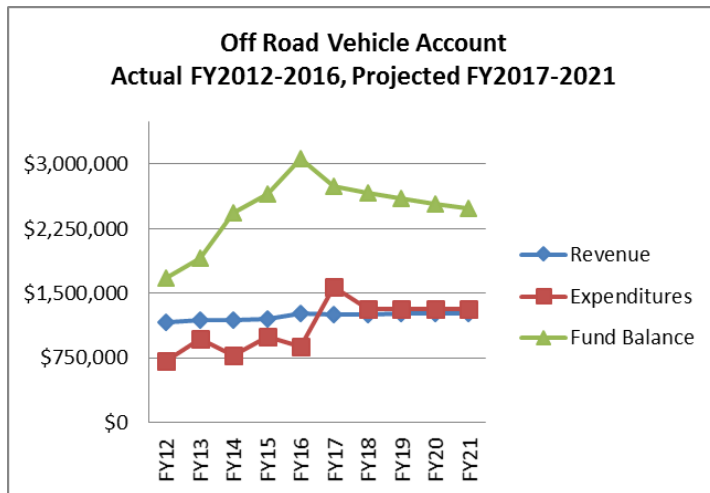
Additional Resources

[OHM safety training](#)

[OHM grants-in-aid](#)

Forecast

ORV registrations account for 3 percent of the revenue in this account. Revenues from unrefunded gasoline taxes attributable to off road vehicle use account for 96 percent.



Expenditure projections are based on spending authorized in law for the current biennium and carried out through 2021.

FY2016 Accomplishments

- Provided ORV law enforcement, safety training, trail monitoring and grants (52 combined grants) were issued to local law enforcement agencies to provide law enforcement and education activities relating to ORV use around the state.
- Approximately 1,349 hours were utilized by division staff relating to ORV law enforcement and safety training activities.
- Developed, monitored, administered and maintained 47 miles of ORV recreational trails and 36 miles at the Iron Range OHV Recreation Area. In process of planning an adventure touring route from border to border across the northern half of the state for highway licensed high clearance vehicles capable of being ORV registered.
- Provided \$13,700 in grants to counties and cities, for the maintenance, development, and acquisition of public, locally controlled ORV trails and areas.
- Regional Parks and Trails Acquisition and Development staff continued to work on new projects with the clubs and local government sponsors.

Additional Resources

[Grants Outcomes](#)

[ORV safety training](#)

[ORV grants-in-aid](#)

Cross-Country Ski Account

Quick Facts

- Governing statute: M.S. 85.43
- Year established: 2004 (program established in 1983)
- Primary division: Parks and Trails

Sources and Uses of the Funds

Receipts from cross-country ski trail passes are deposited into this account and used for maintenance and grooming of cross country ski trails. Changes during the 2010 legislative session now allow some of these funds to be used for administration of the program and maintenance of the state cross-country ski systems. Any funds for administration must be appropriated by the legislature.

Money deposited in the Cross-Country Ski Account is to be used for grants-in-aid (GIA) for cross-country ski trails sponsored by local units of government and special park districts.

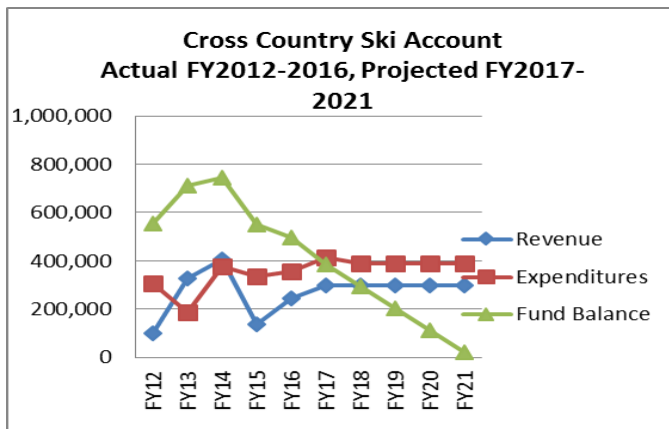
The DNR administers 1,400 miles of state-operated and grant-in-aid cross-country ski trails statewide. By purchasing a ski pass, cross-country skiers support the maintenance and grooming of these cross-country ski trails. Most grant-in-aid cross-country ski trails are maintained by local ski club volunteers.

Financial Summary

Financial Review	
FY2016 Beginning fund balance	\$548,960
Prior year adjustments	\$60,699
Revenues	
Cross Country Ski Permit	\$225,345
Misc Receipts	<u>17,674</u>
Total Revenues	\$243,019
Expenditures	
Parks and Trails	\$326,746
Fish and Wildlife	12,679
Conservations Corps Minnesota	<u>15,000</u>
Total Expenditures	\$354,425
FY2016 Ending fund balance	<u>\$498,253</u>
Net change for FY2016	(\$50,707)

Forecast

Revenues & expenditures vary considerably from year to year due to snow fall. Revenues increased by 47 percent this year. Revenues are forecasted over a three year average. The fund balance is showing a decline due to projected expenditures exceeding projected revenues.



Expenditure projections are based on spending authorized in law for the current biennium and carried out through 2021. The department will manage levels of spending to ensure the account does not go negative as shown above

FY2016 Accomplishments

- Awarded 40 Cross-Country Ski Grants-in-aid (GIA) to local units of government, many partnering with local ski clubs. The grants helped provide 735 miles of GIA ski trails statewide.

- The department allocated \$75,000 toward the grooming of 378 miles of cross-country ski trails maintained by the DNR in state parks, state forests, and on state trails.

Additional Resources

[Minnesota DNR Cross-Country Ski](#)

[Purchase a cross-country ski pass online](#)

[Cross Country Ski Trail Grants-in-Aid \(GIA\)](#)

Forest Management Investment Account

Quick Facts

- Governing statute: M.S. 89.039
- Year established: 2004
- Primary division: Forestry

Sources and Uses of Funds

The Forest Management Investment Account (FMIA) was established to create a direct connection between state timber program revenues and expenditures. Primary sources of funding to the FMIA are revenues earned from state land timber sales and related activities. Approximately 800,000 cord equivalents “new” volume are offered for sale annually with forest management objectives focused on maintaining and improving forest health and productivity. On average, 30,000 acres of timberland are regeneration harvested and 10,000 acres are thinned or selectively harvested each year supplying the state’s forest industry with quality wood fiber used for the manufacture of paper, lumber, structural panels, and specialty products.

FMIA dollars can be spent, subject to appropriation by the Legislature, in accordance with the forest management policy and plan, for these purposes:

- State timber sales planning, layout, and administration, contract marking of commercial

thinning sales, forest inventory, and cultural resource reviews; and

- State land reforestation and timber stand improvement, including forest pest management.

equivalents (cords and thousand board feet units only).

- Sold 882,540 timber cord equivalents.
- Harvested 727,197 timber cord equivalents.
- Prepared 3,970 acres for reforestation, planted 5,508 acres, direct-seeded 3,766 acres, and released 469 acres from competition.
- Completed regeneration surveys on 20,775 acres.
- Protected 6,438 acres from animal browse damage by bud capping or repellents.
- Graded approximately 1,450 miles of state forest system roads at least one time.
- Completed right-of-way maintenance on 719 miles and graveled another 16 miles.
- Updated forest inventory on 75,828 acres.

Financial Summary

Financial Review	
FY2016 Beginning fund balance	\$3,700,950
Prior year adjustments	\$5,967
Revenues	
Timber sales, interest & penalty	\$5,334,822
Misc Receipts	31,220
Con Con, Univ, School Trust, etc	<u>9,692,708</u>
Total Revenues	\$15,058,750
Expenditures	
Forest Management	\$11,313,372
Lands and Minerals	344,000
Conservations Corps Minnesota	<u>50,000</u>
Total Expenditures	\$11,707,372
FY2016 Ending fund balance	<u>\$7,058,295</u>
Net change for FY2016	\$3,357,345

Additional Resources

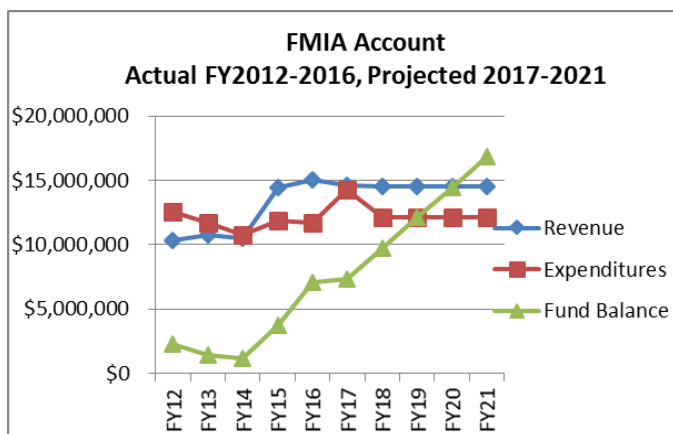
[DNR M.S. 16A.125 Trust Cost Certification Report – Legislative Reports by Fiscal Year](#)

[DNR Biennial Operating Budget – Current and Archive](#)

[Division of Forestry Website](#)

Forecast

The FMIA forecast is healthy with projected revenues exceeding budgeted expenditures.



Expenditure projections are based on spending authorized in law for the current biennium and carried out through 2021.

FY2016 Accomplishments

- Offered for sale a total of 1,140,776 cord equivalents, including 892,768 "new" cord

Invasive Species Account

Quick Facts

- Governing statute: M.S. 84D.15
- Year established: 2007 (program established in 1991)
- Primary Division: Ecological and Water Resources

Sources and Uses of the Funds

A surcharge on watercraft licenses under M.S. 86B.415, subd. 7, and civil penalties for violations of the law related to prohibited invasive species under M.S. 84D.13 are deposited into the account. Receipts from an annual \$5 surcharge on nonresident fishing licenses under M.S. 97A.475, subd. 7 are transferred each year from the Game & Fish Fund to the Invasive Species Account. The watercraft surcharge accounts for 43 percent of total revenues while the non-resident fishing surcharge accounts for 33 percent.

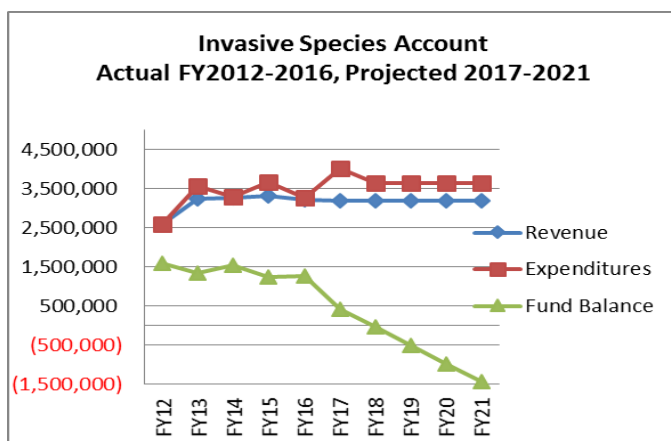
Funds from the Invasive Species Account are used for management of invasive species and implementation of Chapter 84D. Major activities include control of invasive species, watercraft inspection, public awareness, law enforcement, assessment and monitoring, management planning, and research.

Financial Summary

Financial Review	
FY2016 Beginning fund balance	\$1,237,264
Prior year adjustments	\$66,163
Revenues	
Watercraft Surcharge	\$1,370,845
Misc Receipts	26,109
Non Res Fishing Lic Surcharge, Water Rec Account	<u>1,825,703</u>
Total Revenues	\$3,222,657
Expenditures	
Ecological and Water Resources	\$2,876,094
Enforcement	359,996
Conservations Corps Minnesota	<u>25,000</u>
Total Expenditures	\$3,261,090
FY2016 Ending fund balance	<u>\$1,264,994</u>
Net change for FY2016	\$27,730

Forecast

The fund balance has been declining for many years. Each year, we ensure the account maintains a positive balances by reducing our expenditures.



Expenditure projections are based on spending authorized in law for the current biennium and carried out through 2021. The department will manage levels of spending to ensure the account does not go negative as shown above

FY2016 Accomplishments

- Implemented a second zebra mussel pilot project in Lake Minnewashta in Carver County.
- Implemented rapid response efforts to new starry stonewort infestations in 2016 (Turtle, Cass, Red, West Sylvania, Rice), which included surveying, delineations and new treatments including diver assisted suction harvesting and suction dredging.
- Held a series of five regional Aquatic Invasive Species (AIS) prevention workshops that brought together 93 local government staff from 58 counties to actively share and learn from one another's collective experiences, initiate regional and statewide collaborative efforts, gain knowledge on AIS topics of concern, and build stronger inter-county relationships.
- Trained over 850 local government units on watercraft inspections.
- Launched mandatory AIS training for people convicted of violating AIS laws during the 2016 boating season.

Additional Resources

[Invasive species program](#)

[Aquatic invasive species grants and partnerships](#)

[Invasive Species of Aquatic Plants and Wild Animals in Minnesota, Annual Report 2010](#)

[Summary Report](#)

Land Acquisition Account

Quick Facts

- Governing statute: M.S. 94.16 and 94.165
- Year established: 1984
- Primary divisions: Forestry, Fish and Wildlife, Parks and Trails

Sources and Uses of the Funds

Receipts from the sale of acquired state natural resource land administered by the DNR are credited to the Land Acquisition Account to provide funding to acquire additional state natural resource land in the

Outdoor Recreation System and to cover the costs of sale of surplus state land. These funds help the DNR reach the following goals:

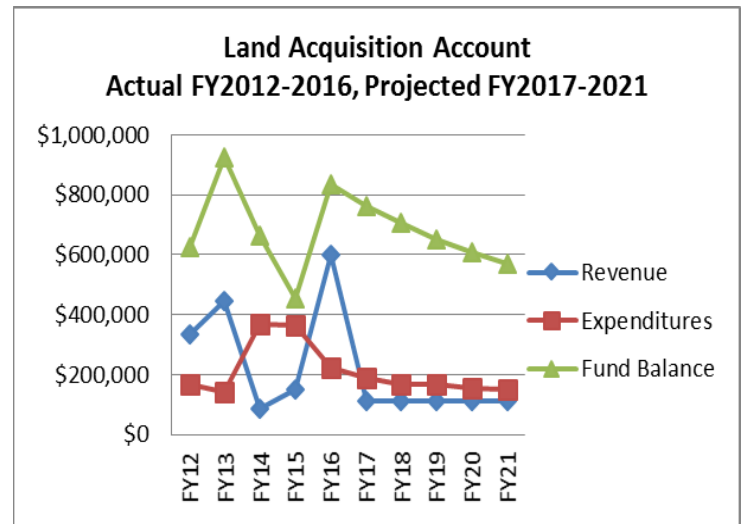
- Consolidating state forest land into large contiguous blocks to increase forest management efficiencies and protect critical forest habitat;
- Acquiring privately-owned “in-holdings” within state parks; and
- Acquiring recreation access; and lands with significant natural resource characteristics.

Financial Summary

Financial Review	
FY2016 Beginning fund balance	\$453,800
Prior year adjustments	\$7,805
Revenues	
Sale of Land	\$508,702
Misc Receipts	<u>90,290</u>
Total Revenues	\$598,992
Expenditures	
Lands and Minerals	\$49
Ecological and Water Resources	\$991
Forest Management	\$140,195
Parks and Trails	15,644
Fish and Wildlife	<u>68,634</u>
Total Expenditures	\$225,513
FY2016 Ending fund balance	<u>\$835,084</u>
Net change for FY2016	\$381,284

Forecast

The balance of the fund had dropped in FY2014 due to increased land acquisition costs. While the amount of the fund balance decreased again in FY2015, an increase in lands sold in FY2015 and FY2016 helped to stem that decline, and expenditures remained relatively unchanged from the previous cycle.



Expenditure projections are based on spending authorized in law for the current biennium and base appropriations carried out through 2021.

FY2016 Accomplishments

- Division of Forestry supported 120 acre sale of trust land to Department of Administration for the next state veterans’ cemetery. Funds were reimbursed by Department of Administration.
- Division of Parks and Trails conducted a public land sale for 2 acres (7 lots) of land located within Lake Bronson State Park. Completed a 4 acre land sale on Paul Bunyan State Trail to the city of Bemidji and completed 2 Transfer of Custodial Control (TCC) from the DNR to MnDOT on Paul Bunyan and Gateway State Trails. Acquired 22 acres on Blue Earth River to access a newly designated Water Trail.
- Division of Fish and Wildlife completed acquisition of Allen’s Point AMA on Leech Lake and supported a number of sale, exchange and acquisition projects with this funding.

Additional Resources

[Division of Lands and Minerals](#)

State Land & Water Conservation (LAWCON) Account

Quick Facts

- Governing statute: M.S. 84.0264 (previously 116P.14)
- Year established: 2001
- Primary Division: Parks and Trails

Sources and Uses of the Funds

From 1965 to 2015, Minnesota has received over \$74 million from the federal Land & Water Conservation Fund. M.S. 84.0624 distributes 50 percent of each annual apportionment to projects developed, acquired, or maintained by local units of government. The State distributes these funds through the Outdoor Recreation, Regional Park, and Natural and Scenic Areas grant programs. The other 50 percent is allocated to state acquisition and development projects of the state outdoor recreation system as defined in M.S. 86A, and for administrative expenses necessary to maintain the state’s eligibility for the federal Land & Water Conservation Fund grant program.

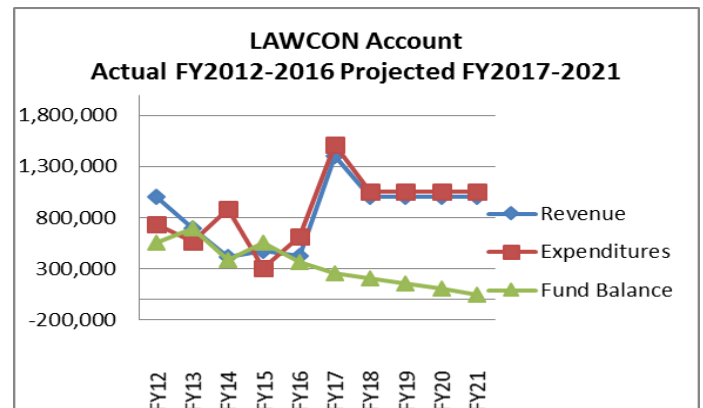
Each year, the State identifies the specific acquisition and development projects to which its annual federal LAWCON apportionment will be obligated. As the projects are completed, the federal LAWCON funds are reimbursed to the State. All money received by the State for local units of government is appropriated annually and reimbursed to the project sponsor. All money received for state agency projects is deposited in the State LAWCON Account.

Financial Summary

Financial Review	
FY2016 Beginning fund balance	\$548,960
Prior year adjustments	\$0
Revenues	
Federal Reimbursement	\$55,000
LAWCON Local Reimbursement	<u>365,568</u>
Total Revenues	\$420,568
Expenditures	
Parks and Trails	\$615,083
FY2016 Ending fund balance	<u>\$354,445</u>
Net change for FY2016	(\$194,515)

Forecast

This account is a reimbursement program and can fluctuate depending upon the timing of the expenditures and when revenues are collected.



Expenditure projections are based on spending authorized in law for the current biennium and carried out through 2021.

FY2016 Accomplishments

- Completed road improvements in Minneopa State Park for public access within the Bison Range.
- Completed grants the cities of Adrian and Rockford to expand close to home recreation opportunities.
- Administered the grant program to continue the State’s eligibility to receive future LAWCON apportionments from the National Park Service.

Additional Resources

[Land and Water Conservation Fund \(LAWCON\)](#)

[National Park Service, Land & Water Conservation Fund](#)

[Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan 2014-2018 \(SCORP\)](#)

[Parks and Natural Areas Funded by the Land & Water Conservation Fund \(LAWCON\)](#)

Lottery in Lieu Accounts: State Parks & Trails Account

Quick Facts

- Governing statute: M.S. 297A.94
- Year established: 2000
- Primary division: Parks and Trails

Sources and Uses of the Funds

Legislation provided that the sales of state lottery tickets would be exempt from sales tax, and the lottery would make payments to the state treasury in lieu of the sales tax equal in amount to what the sales tax would have been on the gross proceeds of lottery ticket sales.

Under M.S. 297A.94 (e), 50 percent of the “lottery in lieu” receipts are credited to these four accounts. State Parks & Trails Account receives 22.5 percent; Metro Parks & Trails Account receives 22.5 percent; Local Trails Grants Account receives 3 percent; and the Zoos Account receives 2 percent. The funds must be used for specified purposes:

- State Parks and Trails Account (LIL) – money is spent only for state parks and trails

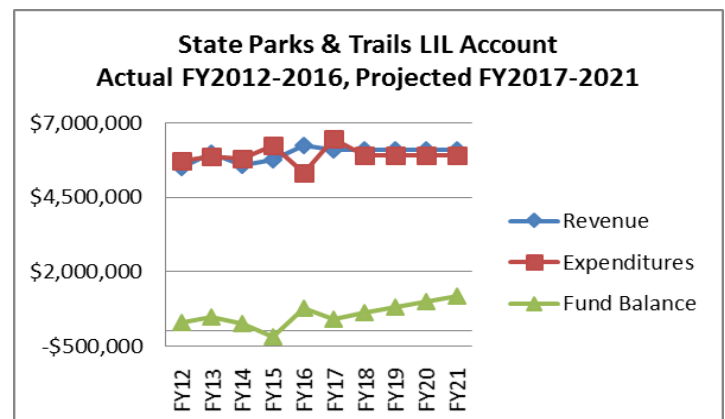
The State Parks & Trails LIL account provides funds to maintain and operate state parks and trails.

Financial Summary

Financial Review	
FY2016 Beginning fund balance	(\$183,493)
Prior year adjustments	\$29,384
Revenues	
State Parks and Trails - Lottery in lieu	\$6,258,873
Misc Receipts	599
Total Revenues	\$6,259,472
Expenditures	
Parks and Trails Mgmt	\$5,236,686
Enforcement	70,998
Conservations Corps Minnesota	25,000
Total Expenditures	\$5,332,684
FY2016 Ending fund balance	\$772,679
Net change for FY2016	\$956,172

Forecast

The department will manage levels of spending to ensure the account does not go negative as shown.



Expenditure projections are based on spending authorized in law for the current biennium and carried out through 2021

FY2016 Accomplishments

Total expenditures of about \$5.3million from this account are used to manage state parks and trails by:

- Maintaining the buildings and grounds for day and overnight use;
- Maintaining state non-motorized trails;
- Paying labor costs and purchasing supplies for these activities;

- Providing a safe environment for visitors, orientation, and visitor services; and
- Providing environmental education, resource management, interpretive services, and emergency maintenance when needed (i.e., broken water and sewer lines, power failures, downed trees, etc.).

Additional Resources

[State Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan](#)

[DNR reports](#)

[Strategic Conservation Agenda 2009-2013](#)

[Minnesota State Parks Strategic Plan 2006-2011](#)

[Long range conservation plans and strategies](#)

[DNR publications](#)

[Recreation Grants](#)

[Parks & Trails](#)

Lottery in Lieu Accounts: Local Trails Grants Account

Quick Facts

- Governing statute: M.S. 297A.94
- Year established: 2000
- Primary division: Parks and Trails

Sources and Uses of the Funds

Legislation provided that the sales of state lottery tickets would be exempt from sales tax, and the lottery would make payments to the state treasury in lieu of the sales tax equal in amount to what the sales tax would have been on the gross proceeds of lottery ticket sales.

Under M.S. 297A.94 (e), 50 percent of the “lottery in lieu” receipts are credited to these four accounts. State Parks & Trails Account receives 22.5 percent; Metro Parks & Trails Account receives 22.5 percent; Local Trails Grants Account receives 3 percent; and

the Zoos Account receives 2 percent. The funds must be used for specified purposes:

- Local Trails Grants Account (LIL) – money is spent only for local trail grants and

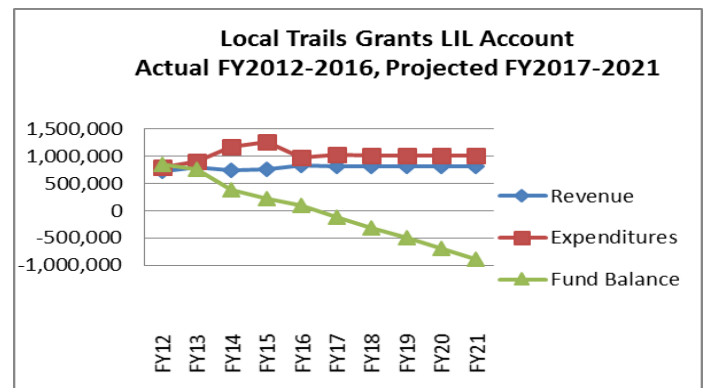
This LIL grant funding is made through the Local Trail Connections Program and the Regional Trail Grant Program, established in MN Statutes 85.019. Funded grant projects include acquisition and betterment of public land and improvements needed for trails. Counties, cities, and towns are eligible for the grants.

Financial Summary

Financial Review	
FY2016 Beginning fund balance	\$226,206
Prior year adjustments	\$19,554
Revenues	
Local Trails Grants- Lottery in lieu	\$834,516
Expenditures	
Parks and Trails Mgmt	\$982,250
FY2016 Ending fund balance	\$98,026
Net change for FY2016	(\$128,180)

Forecast

Revenues remain steady through FY21. The fund balance is projected to decrease due to expenditures exceeding revenues through FY2021.



Expenditure projections are based on spending authorized in law for the current biennium and carried out through 2021. The department will manage levels of spending to ensure the account does not go negative as shown above.

FY2016 Accomplishments

There were five grants funded to local communities in FY2016 for Local Trail Connections and Regional Trails. These five statewide recipients include four cities and one county. These grants help to develop both relatively short trail connections as well as longer regional trails, and often connect schools, residential areas, and parks via trails, providing close to home recreational and alternative transportation opportunities.

Additional Resources

[Local Grants and Pass Through Appropriations](#)

Lottery in Lieu Accounts: Metro Parks & Trails Grants Account

Quick Facts

- Governing statute: M.S. 297A.94
- Year established: 2000
- Primary entity: Metropolitan Council

Sources and Uses of the Funds

Legislation provided that the sales of state lottery tickets would be exempt from sales tax, and the lottery would make payments to the state treasury in lieu of the sales tax equal in amount to what the sales tax would have been on the gross proceeds of lottery ticket sales.

Under M.S. 297A.94 (e), 50 percent of the “lottery in lieu” receipts are credited to these four accounts. State Parks & Trails Account receives 22.5 percent; Metro Parks & Trails Account receives 22.5 percent; Local Trails Grants Account receives 3 percent; and the Zoos Account receives 2 percent. The funds must be used for specified purposes:

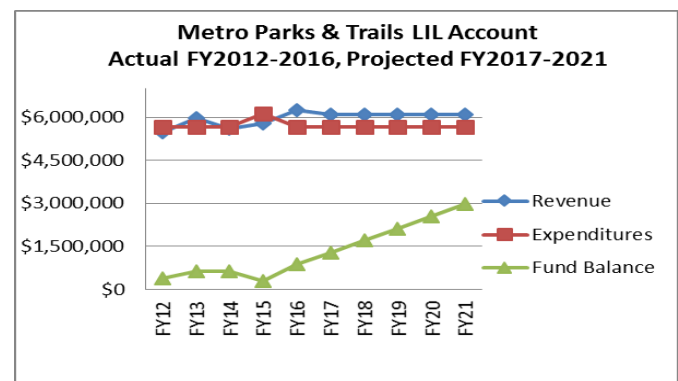
- Metropolitan Parks and Trails Account (LIL) – money is spent only for metro park and trails grants

Financial Summary

Financial Review	
FY2016 Beginning fund balance	\$276,468
Prior year adjustments	\$0
Revenues	
Metro Parks and Trails - Lottery in lieu	\$6,258,873
Expenditures	
Metropolitan Council	\$5,670,000
FY2016 Ending fund balance	<u>\$865,341</u>
Net change for FY2016	\$588,873

Forecast

The Metropolitan Council allocates the Metro Parks & Trails funds to the metro region park boards. Recipients include the counties of Anoka, Washington, Ramsey, Scott, Carver, and Dakota; cities of St. Paul and Bloomington; the Minneapolis Park and Recreation Board; and the Three Rivers Park District.



FY2016 Accomplishments

The Metro Parks and Trails LIL funds are used by the Metropolitan Council to support the seven-county regional park system. This parks system includes 52 parks and park reserves and 8 special recreation features totaling over 54,000 acres open for public use. The system also has 40 regional trails totaling 343 miles. The funding pays for operational and maintenance costs on a cost reimbursement basis.

Additional Resources

[Metropolitan Council](#)

Lottery in Lieu Accounts: Zoos Account

Quick Facts

- Governing statute: M.S. 297A.94
- Year established: 2000
- Primary entities: Minnesota Zoo, Como Zoo & Duluth Zoo

Sources and Uses of the Funds

Legislation provided that the sales of state lottery tickets would be exempt from sales tax, and the lottery would make payments to the state treasury in lieu of the sales tax equal in amount to what the sales tax would have been on the gross proceeds of lottery ticket sales.

Under statute 50 percent of the “lottery in lieu” receipts are credited to these four accounts. State Parks & Trails Account receives 22.5 percent; Metro Parks & Trails Account receives 22.5 percent; Local Trails Grants Account receives 3 percent; and the Zoos Account receives 2 percent. The funds must be used for specified purposes:

- Zoos Account (LIL) – money is spent only by: the Minnesota Zoological Garden, the Como Zoo and Conservatory, and the Duluth Zoo. The lottery money funds a portion of the operations.

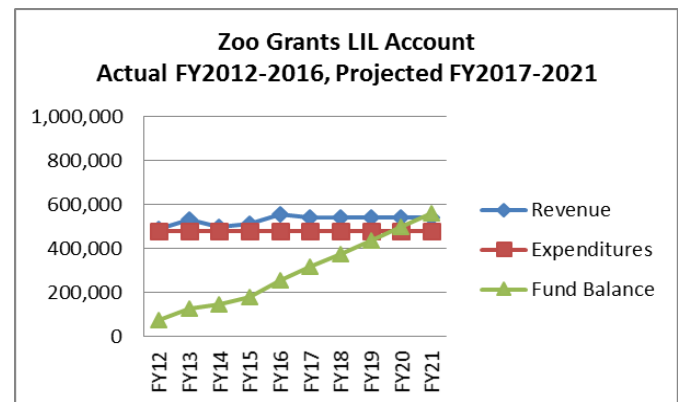
Financial Summary

Financial Review	
FY2016 Beginning fund balance	\$178,111
Prior year adjustments	\$0
Revenues	
Minnesota Zoos - Lottery in lieu	\$556,344
Expenditures	
Operations Support-Como & Duluth Zoos	\$320,000
Minnesota Zoo	160,000
Total Expenditures	\$480,000
FY2016 Ending fund balance	<u>\$254,455</u>
Net change for FY2016	\$76,344

Forecast

The three zoos named in the legislation receive pass-through appropriations to support operations and activities of the zoos. The Minnesota Zoo, the Como Zoo and the Duluth Zoo each receive \$160,000. The three zoos use these grant funds to help support their general operations.

Revenues and expenditures remain steady through FY2021.



Additional Resources

[Minnesota Zoo](#)

Minerals Management Account

Quick Facts

- Governing statute: M.S. 93.2236
- Year established: 2005
- Primary division: Lands and Minerals

Sources and Uses of Funds

Mineral management responsibilities include state mineral evaluation and promotion, issuing leases for exploration and mining, negotiating royalty rates and rentals, and managing revenue transactions related to mining and exploration. The program also provides technical assistance to local governments on mineral resources and mining issues.

Revenues from state mineral leases are collected from mining companies and distributed in accordance with state law to benefit the schools, the university, and the local taxing districts. The Minerals Management program objective is to maximize mineral lease revenues for the Permanent School Fund, the Permanent University Fund, and local units of government.

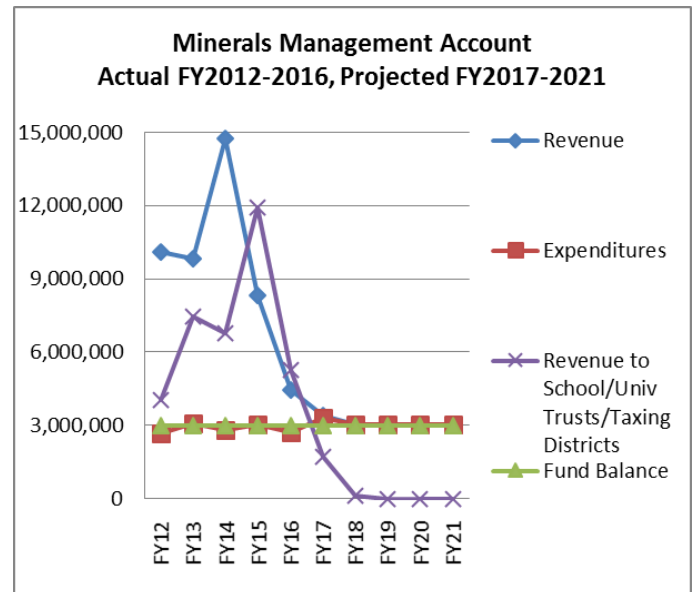
The funds and accounts that directly benefit from mineral income pay for a portion of the costs of state minerals lease and ownership activities. Twenty percent of the payments made under all state mineral leases are credited to this account to pay the costs associated with the administration and management of the state’s mineral resources. Money in the account is appropriated by the legislature to the commissioner for mineral resource management and projects to enhance future mineral income and promote new mineral resource opportunities.

Financial Summary

Financial Review	
FY2016 Beginning fund balance	\$8,267,047
Prior year adjustments	\$960
Revenues	
Iron Ore Rents & Royalties	\$3,475,755
Misc Receipts	<u>967,642</u>
Total Revenues	\$4,443,397
Expenditures	
Lands and Minerals	\$2,719,875
Univ., School Trust, Taxing Districts	<u>5,267,045</u>
Total Expenditures	\$7,986,920
FY2016 Ending fund balance	<u>\$4,724,484</u>
Net change for FY2016	(\$3,542,563)

Forecast

Revenues are dropping due to falling iron ore prices.



Note – At the beginning of each fiscal year, the amount of the beginning balance in excess of \$3 million is distributed to the School, University and Taxing Districts according to the proportions of revenue sourced from those lands.

FY2016 Accomplishments

- Completed a Metallic Mineral Lease Sale. Three exploration companies signed leases covering a total of 43 state parcels. The company leasing the largest area is an international gold producer that is new to the state.

- Negotiated a temporary reduction in royalty payments with US Steel, Cliffs and ArcelorMittal that helped the companies during difficult economic times while preserving long term revenue potential.
- Worked with Congressman Nolan's office and Senators Klobuchar's and Franken's office on steel industry and iron ore information to encourage federal action to stop illegal imports of subsidized steel that impacted Minnesota iron ore production.
- Negotiated an encumbrance fee and a plan for dealing with rock excavations with acid drainage potential with the Minnesota Department of Transportation for the relocation of Highway 169 in eastern St Louis County.

The funds are used for mineland reclamation activities that control adverse environmental impacts of mining, preserve natural resources, and encourage future land utilization planning. These activities also promote the orderly development of mining, encourage good mining practices, and recognize the beneficial aspects of mining. Supported activities within mineland reclamation include:

- mine permitting & site inspections;
- wetland impact avoidance, minimization, and mitigation;
- annual report and operating plan review;
- research toward reclamation practice improvement; and environmental review.

Additional Resources

[Lands and Minerals Publications](#)

Mining Administration Account

Quick Facts

- Governing statute: M.S. 93.481
- Year established: 2008
- Primary division: Lands and Minerals

Sources and Uses of the Funds

The 2008 law provided that ferrous mining (taconite and iron ore) administrative fees would be charged to owners, operators, or managers of mines and the revenues deposited to the new account. The revenues were appropriated to the DNR to cover the costs of administering and monitoring permits to mine ferrous metals.

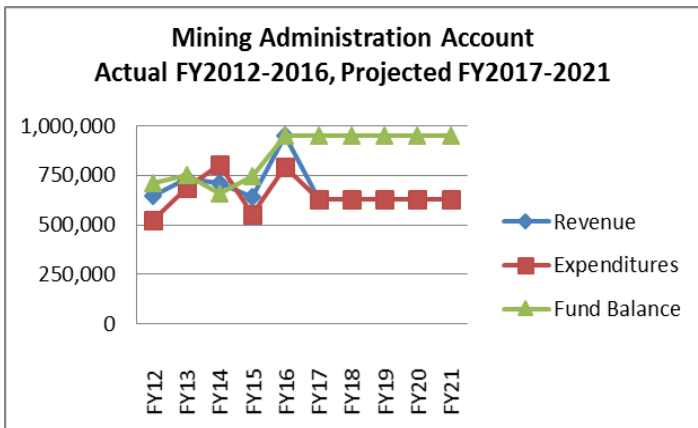
In the last months of FY2009, the law was amended to provide that deposits to the account would include all fees charged to owners, operators, or managers of mines under M.S. 93.481 and a new section, M.S. 93.482 (Reclamation Fees). The mining administrative fee was extended to include ferrous, nonferrous, peat, and scam mining.

Financial Summary

Financial Review	
FY2016 Beginning fund balance	\$746,389
Prior year adjustments	\$41,666
Revenues	
Mineland Reclamation Fees	\$948,062
Misc Receipts	<u>3,978</u>
Total Revenues	\$952,040
Expenditures	
Lands and Minerals	\$792,517
FY2016 Ending fund balance	<u>\$947,578</u>
Net change for FY2016	\$201,189

Forecast

The fee revenues due at the end of FY2016 were collected in advance of July 1, 2016 (as required by law) and deposited in FY2016 for use in FY2017. Each year, the annual permits to mine fees are collected based on the number of companies holding permits in the previous calendar year, whether or not there was production at the facilities.



- M.S. 89.421 (2007), Forest Resource Assessment Products
- M.S. 85.46 (2007), Horse Pass Account
- M.S. 89.21 (2012), Forest Campgrounds
- Primary divisions: Forestry, Parks and Trails

Sources and Uses of Funds

The Natural Resources Dedicated Receipts Account is the repository for the statutorily-appropriated dedicated accounts in the Natural Resources Fund.

Money deposited in the Natural Resources Misc. Statutory Account comes from these sources:

- Sales of forest resource assessment products and services; and
- Horse pass and forest campground fees.

Money in the Natural Resources Misc. Statutory Account can be used for these purposes:

- Maintain staff and facilities producing the aerial photography, forest inventory, remote sensing, and satellite imagery products and services;
- For trail acquisition, trail and facility development, and maintenance, enforcement, and rehabilitation of horse trails or trails authorized for horse use; and
- Costs associated with the use of forest campgrounds.

FY2016 Accomplishments

Administered, monitored, and amended:

- Seven active taconite permits;
- Two closure status taconite permits;
- Seven active scam mining permits
- Ten peat mining permits;
- Working with two facilities to develop innovative reclamation projects, including ensuring the facility's compliance with existing rules and approval requirements, and monitoring installation.

Additional Resources

[Mining and Mineral Resources of Minnesota](#)

[Lands and Mineral publications](#)

[Establishment of a Permit to Mine Administration and Application Fee Schedule \(report to legislative committees, published Jan. 2009\)](#)

[Reclamation section publications](#)

[Reclamation: Minnesota DNR](#)

Natural Resources Misc. Statutory Account (Dedicated Receipts Account)

Quick Facts

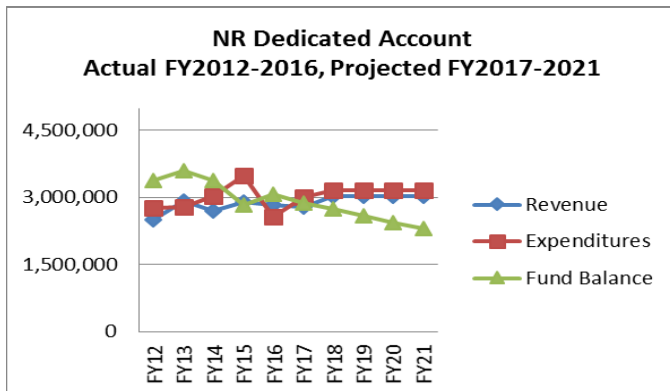
- Governing statute (year established):

Financial Summary

Financial Review	
FY2016 Beginning fund balance	\$2,836,579
Prior year adjustments	(\$39,143)
Revenues	
Easement, water & land crossing licenses, water fees	\$209,770
Water fees, inspection & gas storage fees	229,980
Fire burn & Decorative bough permits, misc. forestry fees	2,081,534
Horse Trail Pass, Forest Campground Fees, misc park fees	307,819
Misc Receipts	10,910
Total Revenues	\$2,840,013
Expenditures	
Forest Management	\$1,842,908
Lands and Minerals	429,521
Parks and Trails	183,469
Ecological and Water Resources	98,256
Fish and Wildlife	2,286
Total Expenditures	\$2,556,440
FY2016 Ending fund balance	\$3,081,009
Net change for FY2016	\$244,430

Forecast

Approximately 73 percent of the total receipts in the Dedicated Receipts Account were from the Forestry Resource Assessment Products and Services Account. Horse Trail pass and forest campgrounds contributed 11 percent of the revenue. The fund balance increased by 9 percent this year.



Expenditure projections are based on spending authorized in law for the current biennium and carried out through 2021.

FY2016 Accomplishments

National Wetland Inventory: Completed remote sensing work in NE MN including assessment of

quality on 500 quarter quads and began remote sensing work in Central MN.

- 1.2 million acres of wetland monitoring
- 380,000 acres of invasive species detection
- 23 million acres of aerial forest health survey
- 250 gravel pits surveyed for Terrestrial Invasive Species.
- 5000 miles of roads surveyed for Terrestrial Invasive Species
- 5000 acres photographed for regeneration surveys
- 750,000 acres aerial photography for Hubbard Co.
- Scanned 5000 historical photos
- Created urban tree inventory maps for 5 municipalities

Parks and Trails manages:

- 1,100 campsites in 47 state forest campgrounds
- 1,000 miles of horse trails and 500 horse campsites

Additional Resources

[Horseback Riding.](#)

[Frequently asked questions about the horse trail pass](#)

[Horse Trail Pass at Work \(list of funded projects\)](#)

[State Forest Horse Campgrounds and Trails](#)

[Purchase horse trail passes \(electronic licensing center\)](#)

Nongame Wildlife Management Account

Quick Facts

- Governing statute: M.S. 290.431
- Year established: 1980 (program established in 1977)
- Primary division: Ecological and Water Resources

Sources and Uses of Funds

The principal objectives are the conservation of nongame wildlife species and management and conservation of their habitats.

The program works to protect over 800 species of nongame wildlife.

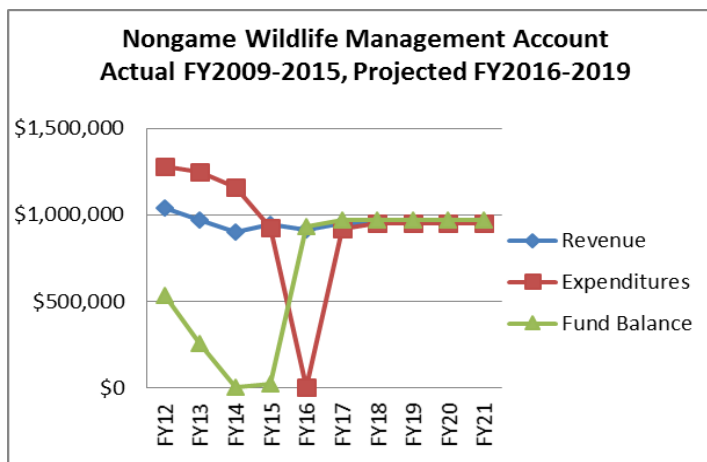
The principal source of funding for this program is contributions by taxpayers on their state income tax and property tax forms, sometimes referred to as the “Chickadee Checkoff.” Individuals who file a state income tax return (M-1) or property tax refund claim (M1-PR) may donate to the Nongame Wildlife Program.

Financial Summary

Financial Review	
FY2016 Beginning fund balance	\$24,971
Prior year adjustments	\$0
Revenues	
Donations from income tax return	\$907,555
Misc Receipts	<u>2,378</u>
Total Revenues	\$909,933
Expenditures	
Ecological and Water Resources	\$635
FY2016 Ending fund balance	<u>\$934,269</u>
Net change for FY2016	\$909,298

Forecast

The number of contributors to the tax checkoff peaked and is now slightly declining. Projected revenues remain steady. Expenditures were reduced to address the decline in the fund balance.



Expenditure projections are based on spending authorized in law for the current biennium and carried out through 2021.

FY2016 Accomplishments

- Collaboration continues with AudubonMN for monitoring the migration of golden eagles, and with the Guanacaste Dry Forest Conservation Fund to solicit donations from Minnesotans for support of Costa Rican students who are assisting with protection and educational efforts about neotropical migrant birds. They have initiated a new DNA study on the food habits of wintering wood thrushes.
- LCCMR research on loons and white pelicans has been completed and the results have been submitted to the US Fish and Wildlife Service to initiate payment of NRDAR damage payments to the State of Minnesota for loon and pelican conservation remediation actions.
- Coordination continues with bird banders, Nongame Wildlife Program field staff and tern researchers to monitor the status and management needs for the falcons, swans, and common terns.
- Project WILD held 18 workshops and trained a total of 437 educators and youth leaders. Project WET held 23 workshops and trained 539 educators.
- The Bald Eagle webcam has been a huge success and has generated a lot of support for protection of bald eagles and for the DNR Nongame Wildlife Program. Similarly, the peregrine falcon webcam is very popular and is a constructive way to celebrate the recovery of the peregrine falcon in Minnesota.

Additional Resources

[Nongame Wildlife Program](#)

[Statewide Nongame Projects](#)

[Habitat projects](#)

[Research reports](#)

[Wildlife rehabilitation home page, organizations](#)

[Tomorrow’s Habitat for the Wild and Rare: Action Plan](#)

[License plates](#)

[Online donation to Nongame Wildlife program](#)

Snowmobile Trails and Enforcement Account

Quick Facts

- Governing statute: M.S. 84.83
- Year established: 1982
- Primary divisions: Enforcement, Parks and Trails

Sources and Uses of the Funds

Fees from the registration of snowmobiles, trail pass, and one percent of the unrefunded gasoline taxes attributable to snowmobile use are the main sources of funding in the Snowmobile Account. The account funds may be spent only as appropriated by law, for:

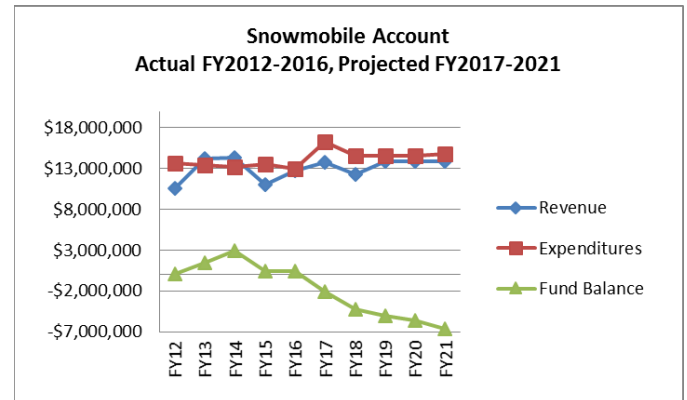
- A grant-in-aid program to local units of government for construction and maintenance of snowmobile trails;
- Acquisition, development, and maintenance of state recreational snowmobile trails;
- Snowmobile safety programs; and
- Administration and enforcement of the laws concerning snowmobiles in M.S. 84.81 to 84.91, and grants to local law enforcement agencies.

Financial Summary

Financial Review	
FY2016 Beginning fund balance	\$417,761
Prior year adjustments	\$155,428
Revenues	
Snowmobile Registration	\$5,140,852
Misc Receipts	351,351
Unrefunded gasoline tax & police state aid	<u>7,273,106</u>
Total Revenues	\$12,765,309
Expenditures	
Parks and Trails	\$10,681,901
Enforcement	1,864,451
Fish and Wildlife	288,791
Lands and Minerals	13,000
Conservations Corps Minnesota	<u>75,000</u>
Total Expenditures	\$12,923,143
FY2016 Ending fund balance	<u>\$415,355</u>
Net change for FY2016	(\$2,406)

Forecast

Revenue from registrations and trail permits are correlated with the weather's impact on snowmobiling. An on-going structural imbalance between spending and receipts is being managed on an annual basis.



Expenditure projections are based on spending authorized in law for the current biennium and carried out through FY2021. The department will manage levels of spending to ensure the account does not go negative as shown above.

FY2016 Accomplishments

- 10,900 hours on enforcement, education and safety training activities.
- Sixty two grants issued to counties and local government for law enforcement and education and trail maintenance.
- Employees and volunteer instructors trained 6856 youth and adults through the snowmobile safety education program.
- Developed, managed, and maintained more than 900 miles of recreational snowmobile trails that were open to the public.
- Administered grants-in-aid that were available to local units of government to create and maintain locally initiated trails totaling 21,317 miles, through 178 grants.

Additional Resource Links

[Snowmobiling home page](#)

State Parks Account

Quick Facts

- Governing statute: M.S. 85.052, subd. 4.
- Year established: 2000
- Primary Division: Parks and Trails

Sources and Uses of the Funds

We manage 66 state parks, 9 state recreation areas, 8 state waysides, and 62 state forest campgrounds/day use areas.

Fees paid by visitors who purchase products and services within a state park, state recreation area or wayside, and for special state park uses, are credited to the State Parks Account.

Money in the State Parks Account is available to operate and maintain the state park system, under M.S. 85.055, subd. 2, when appropriated by the legislature. Costs of the DNR electronic licensing system attributable to state park permits also comes out of this account.

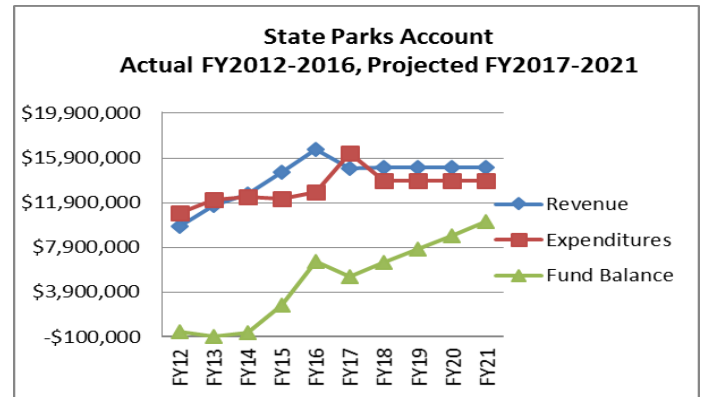
Financial Summary

Financial Review	
FY2016 Beginning fund balance	\$2,703,916
Prior year adjustments	\$117,712
Revenues	
Camping Fees	\$8,113,881
Park Permits	5,211,010
Park facilities rentals & concessions	2,024,401
Misc Receipts	1,297,416
Unredeemed gift cards	19,432
Total Revenues	\$16,666,140
Expenditures	
Parks and Trails	\$12,647,460
Enforcement	66,744
Fish and Wildlife	702
Conservations Corps Minnesota	150,000
Total Expenditures	\$12,864,906
FY2016 Ending fund balance	\$6,622,862
Net change for FY2016	\$3,918,946

Forecast

Camping fees accounted for 49 percent of revenues, park permits were 32 percent, and park facility rentals and concessions were 13 percent. Revenues increased by 13 percent.

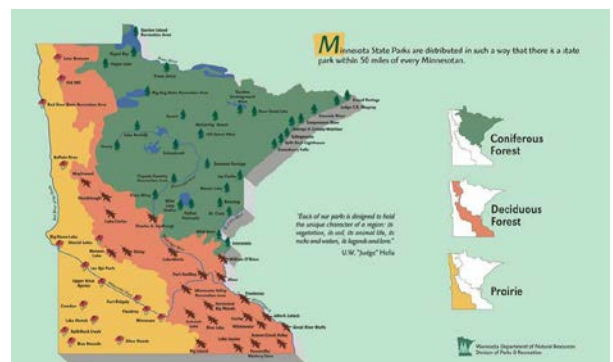
The State Parks Account is 11 percent of Parks and Trails total division budget.



Revenues and expenditures in the State Parks Account continue to grow at a steady pace. Current estimates show that the fund is structurally balanced through 2021.

FY2016 Accomplishments

- The DNR saw record attendance and camping use at the parks. The Fall Color Campaign, excellent staff work, and great weather helped spur the high attendance.
- Accomplished resource management activities such as native plant community restoration, prescribed burning and invasive control on approx. 431 acres of division lands. Conducted Wild & Scenic River easement monitoring and reviewed/administered easement authorization requests.



Additional Resources

[Minnesota State Parks](#)

[A Strategic Conservation Agenda](#)

[State Parks Permits](#)

[Reservations](#)

[State Park Studies](#)

Water Management Account

Quick Facts

- Governing statute: M.S. 103G.27
- Year established: 2011
- Primary Division: Ecological and Water Resources

Sources and Uses of the Funds

Money deposited in the Water Management Account comes from these sources:

- Water Use fees (about 83% of revenue comes from this source);
- Fees from Field Inspections;
- Penalties;
- Application fees for water use and public waters work permits;
- Other receipts according to section 103G.271 and 103G.301; and
- Interest earned on money in the account accrues to the account.

In accordance with M.S. 103G.27, money from this account may only be spent on costs associated with administering Chapter 103G. Currently, Water Management Account funds are used only by staff in the Ecological and Water Resources Division (EWR). EWR uses the money in the Water Management Account for these purposes:

- Staff time to process permit applications for water use and for work in public waters;
- Staff time to process water use reports and verify fees;
- Field inspections of proposed public water alteration proposals;

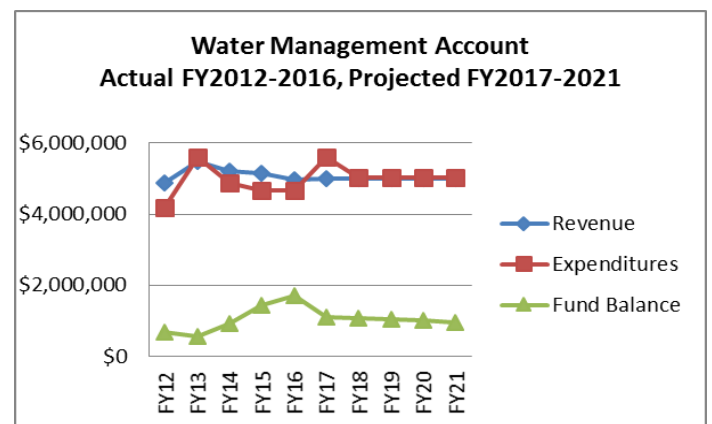
- Dam safety inspections and permit processing cost;
- Public water inventory mapping;
- Calcareous fen protection;
- Surveys of lake outlets and ordinary high water elevations;
- Stream, lake and groundwater gaging work (when related to permit requirements);
- Great Lakes Compact-related work;
- Drought;
- Water conservation;
- Obtaining field survey data for technical analyses; and
- Preparing topographic maps and profiles.

Financial Summary

Financial Review	
FY2016 Beginning fund balance	\$1,420,950
Prior year adjustments	\$2,544
Revenues	
Water Fees	\$4,954,999
Misc receipts	<u>21,361</u>
Total Revenues	<u>\$4,976,360</u>
Expenditures	
Ecological and Water Resources	\$4,679,699
FY2016 Ending fund balance	<u>\$1,720,155</u>
Net change for FY2016	\$299,205

Forecast

Revenues are projected to remain steady through FY2021. Expenditures are forecasted to slightly exceed revenues causing the fund balance to decline.



Expenditure projections are based on spending authorized in law for the current biennium and carried out through 2021.

FY2016 Accomplishments

- Completed permit reviews and made decisions on 1,530 water appropriation and 946 public waters permit applications and change requests to existing permits. 198 well construction preliminary assessments were completed.
- Processed 9,344 water use reports and verified correct water use fee payments. 89% of water use reports are completed online and 11% are submitted on paper.
- Issued 22 dam safety permits and permit amendments.
- Inspected 276 dams, including 24 Class 1 high-hazard dams and 19 Class 2 significant-hazard dams.
- Collected water use information from 146 permit holders in the Lake Superior watershed. This information is used to compile an annual summary report for the Great Lakes Regional Water Use Database.

- Acquisition, development, maintenance, and rehabilitation of public water access and boating facilities on public waters, lake and river improvements, and boat and water safety;
- Maintenance, operation, replacement, and expansion of state-operated or state-assisted small craft harbors and mooring facilities, and the debt service on state bonds sold to finance these facilities;
- Administration and enforcement of Chapter 86B as it pertains to watercraft titling and licensing and the use and safe operation of watercraft;
- Grants for county-sponsored and administered boat and water safety programs;
- State boat and water safety efforts; and
- Management of aquatic invasive species.

Water Recreation Account

Quick Facts

- Governing statute: M.S. 86B.706
- Year established: 1985
- Primary divisions: Parks and Trails, Enforcement, Fish and Wildlife, Ecological and Water Resources

Sources and Uses of the Funds

Money deposited in the fund is used for water recreation programs such as public water access, boating facilities, small craft harbors, and water safety.

The majority of money deposited in the Water Recreation Account comes from these sources:

- Fees from registration and titling of watercraft; and
- Unrefunded gasoline tax attributable to watercraft use.

Money in the Water Recreation Account can be used for these purposes:

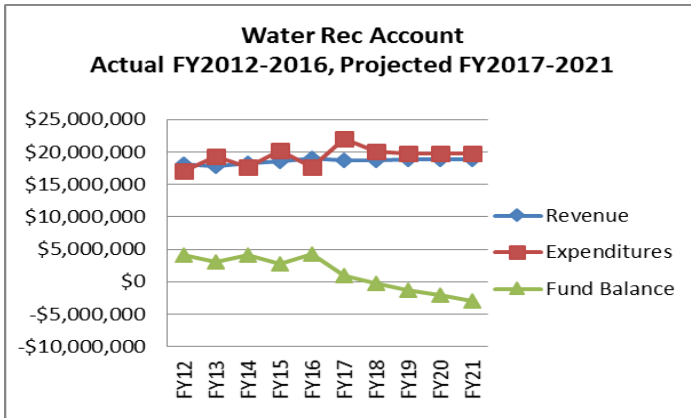
Financial Summary

Financial Review	
FY2016 Beginning fund balance	\$2,801,537
Prior year adjustments	\$131,529
Revenues	
Watercraft Registration	\$6,611,532
Misc Receipts	1,402,381
Unrefunded gasoline tax & police state aid	<u>10,947,962</u>
Total Revenues	\$18,961,875
Expenditures	
Parks and Trails	\$9,442,095
Enforcement	4,431,986
Fish and Wildlife	1,945,968
Ecological and Water Resources	1,050,521
Lands and Minerals	20,000
Conservations Corps Minnesota	50,000
Invasive Species Account	<u>750,000</u>
Total Expenditures	\$17,690,570
FY2016 Ending fund balance	<u>\$4,204,371</u>
Net change for FY2016	\$1,402,834

Forecast

Fees for watercraft registration, license issuance and watercraft titling are 35 percent of the revenue for this account. Unrefunded gasoline taxes on watercraft (transfers into the account) made up 57 percent of the revenue. Revenues and expenditures have been fairly steady. The fund balance is projected

to decline due to expenditures exceeding revenues through FY2021.



Expenditure projections are based on spending authorized in law for the current biennium and carried out through 2021. The department will manage levels of spending to ensure the account does not go negative as shown above.

FY2016 Accomplishments

- The Division of Parks & Trails manages: more than 1,650 public water access sites; over 4,500 miles of State Water Trails for canoeing, kayaking, boating and camping on 34 rivers and Lake Superior; and 10 small craft harbors/protected accesses on Lake Superior, including 2 state owned marinas.
- Water Recreation funds, often matched with federal boating access funds, support major improvements to the quality of public water access through development projects. These projects incorporate best management practices for accessibility, storm water runoff, shoreline erosion, and controlling the spread of aquatic invasive species. Water Access Site renewal projects included: Minnesota River - Wegdahl (Chippewa County), Lake Bemidji - Nymore Park (Beltrami County), Pelican Lake - West (Otter Tail County), Lake Vermilion - Moccasin Point design only (St. Louis County), Detroit Lake - North (Becker County).
- The Division of Enforcement trained 6995 youth and adults in boating safety.
- Conservation Officers provided 19,339 hours of boating safety work on our lakes and rivers. This work includes safety checks, addressing illegal operation and search and rescue.
- Provided nearly 5,000 permits enabling lakeshore owners to manage aquatic plants and improve

recreational lake access while protecting Fish and Wildlife habitat.

- The License Center issues all watercraft registrations and titles through a Web based ELS available from 175 registration agents (deputy registrars). In 2016, 818,275 boats were registered statewide.
- Surveyed 85 counties to assess shoreland administrative activities financed through Natural Resource Block Grants, and prepared a summary report to share the results.
- Provided assistance, training, and oversight to local governments in administering zoning ordinances and reviewing development requests to protect shorelands and state-protected riverway. Provided 8 workshops dealing with variances, shoreland ordinance administration and higher shoreland standards.

Additional Resources

[Strategic Conservation Agenda 2009-2013](#)

[Welcome to the Grants Outcomes website](#)

[State Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan](#)

[Minnesota State Parks Strategic Plan 2006-2011](#)

[Long range conservation plans and strategies](#)