INSTITUTE FOR SERVICE RESEARCH

Florida Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan

Participation Study 2016-2017

FINAL REPORT

Prepared by: Vincent P. Magnini Ph.D.
Executive Director
E-mail: vince@isrteam.com

Chuck Wyatt, M.U.R.P.
Senior Researcher
E-mail: chuck@isrteam.com

Information Use:

This document is purposefully delivered by the Institute for Service Research (ISR) to the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) in Microsoft Word format. The Florida DEP is invited to use any of this report's contents in its upcoming Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan (SCORP).

Table of Contents

Executive Summary

Section 1: Introduction and Purpose

Section 2: Research Methods

- 2.1. Survey Design
- 2.2. Sampling Strategy
- 2.3. Data Analysis

Section 3: Results

- 3.1. Florida Outdoor Recreation Push Factors*
  - 3.1.1. Importance of Outdoor Recreation
  - 3.1.2. Motivations for Outdoor Recreation Participation
  - 3.1.3. Reasons for Outdoor Recreation Participation
- 3.2. Florida Outdoor Recreation Pull Factors
  - 3.2.1. State-Level Participation Results*
    - 3.2.1.1. Florida Resident Statewide Outdoor Recreation Participation
    - 3.2.1.2. Florida Resident Statewide Outdoor Recreation Participation Trends
    - 3.2.1.3. Florida Tourist Statewide Outdoor Recreation Participation
    - 3.2.1.4. Total Florida Statewide Outdoor Recreation Participation: Combined Resident and Tourist Participation
    - 3.2.1.5 Activity Participation According to Number of Days
    - 3.2.1.6. Activity Demand Index
    - 3.2.1.7. Statisitically Significant Gender Differences Regarding Participation
  - 3.2.2. Regional-Level Participation Results*
    - 3.2.2.1. Florida Resident Regional-Level Outdoor Recreation Participation Tabulated According to Location of Residence
    - 3.2.2.2. Florida Resident Regional-Level Outdoor Recreation Participation Tabulated According to Location of Participation

3.2.2.3. Florida Tourist Regional-Level Outdoor Recreation Participation Tabulated According to Location of Participation

3.2.2.4. Follow-Up Survey Questions Related to Bicycling and Fishing (Freshwater and Saltwater)

3.2.3. County-Level Participation Results*

3.2.3.1. Florida Resident County-Level Outdoor Recreation Participation Tabulated According to County of Participation

3.2.3.2. Florida Tourist County-Level Outdoor Recreation Participation Tabulated According to County of Participation

3.2.4. Development Suggestions*

3.2.4.1. Development Suggestions Provided by Residents

3.2.4.2. Development Suggestions Provided By Tourists

3.3. Florida Outdoor Recreation Participant Sentiment

3.3.1. Satisfaction with Outdoor Recreation in Florida*

3.3.1.1. Statewide Satisfaction

3.3.1.2. Satisfaction by Region

3.3.1.3. Tourists' Intent to Return

3.3.1.4. Statistically Significant Demographic Influences on Satisfaction

3.3.2. Level of Support for Current Outdoor Recreation Services*

3.3.2.1. Statewide Support

3.3.2.2. Support by Region

3.3.3. Rating of Florida Outdoor Recreation Facilities*

3.3.3.1. Statewide Facilties Ratings

3.3.3.2. Facilities Rating by Region

3.3.4. Florida Resident Opinions / Issues*

3.3.4.1. Membership in Outdoor Recreation-Related Groups / Associations

3.3.4.2. Health and Quality of Life

3.3.4.3. Public Access to Coastlines and Waterways

3.3.4.4. Public Access to Trails

3.3.4.5. Barriers to Participation

3.3.4.6. Public Funding

3.3.4.7. Economic Health

3.3.4.8. Travel Costs

3.3.4.9. Information Sources during Planning

3.3.4.10. Ranking of Issues

3.3.4.11. Dominant Themes in Comments / Suggestions Offered by Residents

Section 4: Discussion

Investigator Bios

References

Appendices

Appendix A: Resident Survey

Appendix B: Tourist Survey

Appendix C: Profile of Florida Resident Respondents

Appendix D: Profile of Florida Tourist Respondents

Appendix E: Comments / Suggestions Typed by Florida Residents

Note: In the Table of Contents, an asterisk denotes a place in the report where key takeaways are listed. Key takeaways offer interpretation of the primary findings of this study.

List of Tables

Table 1: Geographic Stratification of Resident Survey Respondents

Table 2: States of Origin of Tourist Survey Respondents

Table 3: In general, how important is outdoor recreation to you personally? (Resident Survey)

Table 4: In general, how important is outdoor recreation to you personally? (Tourist Survey)

Table 5: Regional: In general, how important is outdoor recreation in Florida to you personally? (Resident Survey)

Table 6: Spending time with family and friends (Your motivations for outdoor recreation in Florida) (Resident Survey)

Table 7: Regional: Spending time with family and friends (Your motivations for outdoor recreation in Florida) (Resident Survey)

Table 8: Being active or healthy (Your motivations for outdoor recreation in Florida) (Resident Survey)

Table 9: Regional: Being active or healthy (Your motivations for outdoor recreation in Florida) (Resident Survey)

Table 10: Being close to nature (Your motivations for outdoor recreation in Florida) (Resident Survey)

Table 11: Regional: Being close to nature (Your motivations for outdoor recreation in Florida) (Resident Survey)

Table 12: Spending time with family and friends (Your motivations for outdoor recreation in Florida) (Tourist Survey)

Table 13: Being active or healthy (Your motivations for outdoor recreation in Florida) (Tourist Survey)

Table 14: Being close to nature (Your motivations for outdoor recreation in Florida) (Tourist Survey)

Table 15: What are the most important reasons you participate in outdoor recreation activities in Florida? (Resident Survey)

Table 16: Resident Reasons for Participation: Central Region in Comparison to State Average

Table 17: Resident Reasons for Participation: Central East Region in Comparison to State Average

Table 18: Resident Reasons for Participation: Central West Region in Comparison to State Average

Table 19: Resident Reasons for Participation: North Central Region in Comparison to State Average

Table 20: Resident Reasons for Participation: Northeast Region in Comparison to State Average

Table 21: Resident Reasons for Participation: Northwest Region in Comparison to State Average

Table 22: Resident Reasons for Participation: Southeast Region in Comparison to State Average

Table 23: Resident Reasons for Participation: Southwest Region in Comparison to State Average

Table 24: What are the most important reasons you participate in outdoor recreation activities in Florida? (Tourist Survey)

Table 25: What are the main reasons you visited Florida in the past 12 months (Tourist Survey)

Table 26: Statewide: Household Participation in Recreational Activities in Florida in the Past 12 months (Resident Survey)

Table 27: Statewide: Household Participation in Recreational Activities in Florida in the Past 12 months (Resident Survey: Ethnically-Weighted Data)

Table 28: Recreational Activity Participation through Time (Resident survey) (Resource-based)

Table 29: Recreational Activity Participation through Time (Resident survey) (User-oriented)

Table 30: Recreational Activity Participation through Time (Resident survey) (Listed Alphabetically)

Table 31: Recreational Activity Participation through Time (Resident survey) (Ranked According to Magnitude of Change Since 2011)

Table 32: Statewide: Household Participation in Recreational Activities in Florida in the Past 12 months (Tourist Survey)

Table 33: Statewide: Overall Activity Participation: Resident and Tourist Results Combined

Table 34: Days of Participation, Resident Households

Table 35: Days of Participation, Tourist Households

Table 36: Mean (Average) Days of Participation, Residents and Tourists

Table 37: Median Days of Participation, Residents and Tourists

Table 38: Mean (Average) Days of Participation, High Frequency Activities, Residents and Tourists

Table 39: Demand Index for Participation, Residents and Tourists

Table 40: Statistically Significant Gender Differences Regarding Activity Participation (Combined Resident and Tourist Participation)

Table 41: Central Region: Household Participation in Recreational Activities in Florida in the Past 12 months (Resident Survey)

Table 42: Central East Region: Household Participation in Recreational Activities in Florida in the Past 12 months (Resident Survey)

Table 43: Central West Region: Household Participation in Recreational Activities in Florida in the Past 12 months (Resident Survey)

Table 44: North Central Region: Household Participation in Recreational Activities in Florida in the Past 12 months (Resident Survey)

Table 45: Northeast Region: Household Participation in Recreational Activities in Florida in the Past 12 months (Resident Survey)

Table 46: Northwest Region: Household Participation in Recreational Activities in Florida in the Past 12 months (Resident Survey)

Table 47: Southeast Region: Household Participation in Recreational Activities in Florida in the Past 12 months (Resident Survey)

Table 48: Southwest Region: Household Participation in Recreational Activities in Florida in the Past 12 months (Resident Survey)

Table 49: Baseball, Softball by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 50: Basketball (outdoor) by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 51: Bicycling by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 52: Canoeing, Kayaking, Stand Up Paddleboarding by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 53: Fitness Walking, Jogging, Running by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 54: Football by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 55: Freshwater Beach Activities (not incl. fishing) by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 56: Freshwater Boat Ramp Use by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 57: Freshwater Fishing by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 58: Geocaching by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 59: Golf by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 60: Hiking by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 61: Horse Camping by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 62: Horseback Riding by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 63: Hunting by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 64: Nature Study by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 65: Off-Road Vehicle Driving by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 66: Picnicking by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 67: RV or Trailer Camping by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 68: Saltwater Beach Activities (not incl. fishing) by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 69: Saltwater Boat Ramp Use by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 70: Saltwater Fishing by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 71: Soccer by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 72: Sport Shooting by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 73: Swimming (outdoor pool) by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 74: Tennis by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 75: Tent Camping by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 76: Visiting Historical and Archaeological Sites by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 77: Water Skiing, Wakeboarding by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 78: Wildlife Viewing by Region of Participation: Residents

Table 79: Baseball, Softball by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 80: Basketball (outdoor) by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 81: Bicycling by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 82: Canoeing, Kayaking, Stand Up Paddleboarding by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 83: Fitness Walking, Jogging, Running by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 84: Football by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 85: Freshwater Beach Activities (not incl. fishing) by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 86: Freshwater Boat Ramp Use by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 87: Freshwater Fishing by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 88: Geocaching by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 89: Golf by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 90: Hiking by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 91: Horse Camping by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 92: Horseback Riding by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 93: Hunting by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 94: Nature Study by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 95: Off-Road Vehicle Driving by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 96: Picnicking by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 97: RV or Trailer Camping by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 98: Saltwater Beach Activities (not incl. fishing) by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 99: Saltwater Boat Ramp Use by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 100: Saltwater Fishing by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 101: Soccer by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 102: Sport Shooting by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 103: Swimming (outdoor pool) by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 104: Tennis by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 105: Tent Camping by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 106: Visiting Historical and Archaeological Sites by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 107: Water Skiing, Wakeboarding by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 108: Wildlife Viewing by Region of Participation: Tourists

Table 109: Where Saltwater Fishing Occurs, Statewide % Responses, Residents

Table 110: Where Saltwater Fishing Occurs, Statewide % Responses, Tourists

Table 111: Where Saltwater Fishing Occurs, % Responses by Region, Residents

Table 112: Where Freshwater Fishing Occurs, Statewide % Responses, Residents

Table 113: Where Freshwater Fishing Occurs, Statewide % Responses, Tourists

Table 114: Where Freshwater Fishing Occurs, % Responses by Region, Residents

Table 115: Where Bicycling Occurs, Statewide % of Responses, Residents

Table 116: Where Bicycling Occurs, Statewide % Responses, Tourists

Table 117: Where Bicycling Occurs, % Responses by Region, Residents

Table 118: County of Resident Participation: Baseball, Softball

Table 119: County of Resident Participation: Basketball

Table 120: County of Resident Participation: Bicycling

Table 121: County of Resident Participation: Canoeing, Kayaking, Stand Up Paddleboarding

Table 122: County of Resident Participation: Fitness Walking, Jogging, Running

Table 123: County of Resident Participation: Football

Table 124: County of Resident Participation: Freshwater Beach Activities (not incl. fishing)

Table 125: County of Resident Participation: Freshwater Boat Ramp Use

Table 126: County of Resident Participation: Freshwater Fishing

Table 127: County of Resident Participation: Geocaching

Table 128: County of Resident Participation: Golf

Table 129: County of Resident Participation: Hiking

Table 130: County of Resident Participation: Horse camping

Table 131: County of Resident Participation: Horseback Riding

Table 132: County of Resident Participation: Hunting

Table 133: County of Resident Participation: Nature Study

Table 134: County of Resident Participation: Off-Road Vehicle Driving

Table 135: County of Resident Participation: Picnicking

Table 136: County of Resident Participation: RV or Trailer Camping

Table 137: County of Resident Participation: Saltwater Beach Activities (not incl. fishing)

Table 138: County of Resident Participation: Saltwater Boat Ramp Use

Table 139: County of Resident Participation: Saltwater Fishing

Table 140: County of Resident Participation: Soccer

Table 141: County of Resident Participation: Sport Shooting

Table 142: County of Resident Participation: Swimming (outdoor pool)

Table 143: County of Resident Participation: Tennis

Table 144: County of Resident Participation: Tent Camping

Table 145: County of Resident Participation: Visiting Historical and Archaeological Sites

Table 146: County of Resident Participation: Water Skiing, Wakeboarding

Table 147: County of Resident Participation: Wildlife Viewing

Table 148: County of Tourist Participation: Baseball, Softball

Table 149: County of Tourist Participation: Basketball

Table 150: County of Tourist Participation: Bicycling

Table 151: County of Tourist Participation: Canoeing, Kayaking, Stand Up Paddleboarding

Table 152: County of Tourist Participation: Fitness Walking, Jogging, Running

Table 153: County of Tourist Participation: Football

Table 154: County of Tourist Participation: Freshwater Beach Activities (not incl. fishing)

Table 155: County of Tourist Participation: Freshwater Boat Ramp Use

Table 156: County of Tourist Participation: Freshwater Fishing

Table 157: County of Tourist Participation: Geocaching

Table 158: County of Tourist Participation: Golf

Table 159: County of Tourist Participation: Hiking

Table 160: County of Tourist Participation: Horse camping

Table 161: County of Tourist Participation: Horseback Riding

Table 162: County of Tourist Participation: Hunting

Table 163: County of Tourist Participation: Nature Study

Table 164: County of Tourist Participation: Off-Road Vehicle Driving

Table 165: County of Tourist Participation: Picnicking

Table 166: County of Tourist Participation: RV or Trailer Camping

Table 167: County of Tourist Participation: Saltwater Beach Activities (not incl. fishing)

Table 168: County of Tourist Participation: Saltwater Boat Ramp Use

Table 169: County of Tourist Participation: Saltwater Fishing

Table 170: County of Tourist Participation: Soccer

Table 171: County of Tourist Participation: Sport Shooting

Table 172: County of Tourist Participation: Swimming (outdoor pool)

Table 173: County of Tourist Participation: Tennis

Table 174: County of Tourist Participation: Tent Camping

Table 175: County of Tourist Participation: Visiting Historical and Archaeological Sites

Table 176: County of Tourist Participation: Water Skiing, Wakeboarding

Table 177: County of Tourist Participation: Wildlife Viewing

Table 178: Statewide Residents: What would you like to see built or provided in your county? (Top Ten Most Frequent Responses)

Table 179: Central Region Residents: What would you like to see built or provided in your county? (Top Ten Most Frequent Responses)

Table 180: Central East Region Residents: What would you like to see built or provided in your county? (Top Ten Most Frequent Responses)

Table 181: Central West Region Residents: What would you like to see built or provided in your county? (Top Ten Most Frequent Responses)

Table 182: North Central Region Residents: What would you like to see built or provided in your county? (Top Ten Most Frequent Responses)

Table 183: Northeast Region Residents: What would you like to see built or provided in your county? (Top Ten Most Frequent Responses)

Table 184: Northwest Region Residents: What would you like to see built or provided in your county? (Top Ten Most Frequent Responses)

Table 185: Southeast Region Residents: What would you like to see built or provided in your county? (Top Ten Most Frequent Responses)

Table 186: Southwest Region Residents: What would you like to see built or provided in your county? (Top Ten Most Frequent Responses)

Table 187: What would you like to see built or provided in the areas of Florida you visited? (Top Ten Most Frequent Responses)

Table 188: Statewide: How satisfied are you with recreational opportunities in your county (Resident survey)? Or, county where visited (Tourist survey)?

Table 189: Central Region: How satisfied are you with recreational opportunities in your county (Resident survey)?

Table 190: Central East Region: How satisfied are you with recreational opportunities in your county (Resident survey)?

Table 191: Central West Region: How satisfied are you with recreational opportunities in your county (Resident survey)?

Table 192: North Central Region: How satisfied are you with recreational opportunities in your county (Resident survey)?

Table 193: Northeast Region: How satisfied are you with recreational opportunities in your county (Resident survey)?

Table 194: Northwest Region: How satisfied are you with recreational opportunities in your county (Resident survey)?

Table 195: Southeast Region: How satisfied are you with recreational opportunities in your county (Resident survey)?

Table 196: Southwest Region: How satisfied are you with recreational opportunities in your county (Resident survey)?

Table 197: How likely are you to visit Florida in the next 12 months?

Table 198: The Influence of Household Income on Florida Residents' Satisfaction with Outdoor Recreation in Florida

Table 199: The Influence of Area Setting on Florida Residents' Satisfaction with Outdoor Recreation in Florida

Table 200: The Influence of Parental Status on Florida Tourists' Satisfaction with Outdoor Recreation in Florida

Table 201: Statewide: Do you support or oppose maintaining the current levels of outdoor recreation services and opportunities in Florida?

Table 202: Central Region: Do you support or oppose maintaining the current levels of outdoor recreation services and opportunities in Florida?

Table 203: Central East Region: Do you support or oppose maintaining the current levels of outdoor recreation services and opportunities in Florida?

Table 204: Central West Region: Do you support or oppose maintaining the current levels of outdoor recreation services and opportunities in Florida?

Table 205: North Central Region: Do you support or oppose maintaining the current levels of outdoor recreation services and opportunities in Florida?

Table 206: Northeast Region: Do you support or oppose maintaining the current levels of outdoor recreation services and opportunities in Florida?

Table 207: Northwest Region: Do you support or oppose maintaining the current levels of outdoor recreation services and opportunities in Florida?

Table 208: Southeast Region: Do you support or oppose maintaining the current levels of outdoor recreation services and opportunities in Florida?

Table 209: Southwest Region: Do you support or oppose maintaining the current levels of outdoor recreation services and opportunities in Florida?

Table 210: Regarding the previous 12 months, how would you rate the QUALITY of facilities (in your county for residents; county where you visited for tourists)

Table 211: Regarding the previous 12 months, how would you rate the QUANTITY of facilities (in your county for residents; county where you visited for tourists)

Table 212: Regional: Regarding the previous 12 months, how would you rate the QUALITY of facilities in your county of residence?

Table 213: Regional: Regarding the previous 12 months, how would you rate the QUANTITY of facilities in your county of residence?

Table 214: What Recreational Activity is this Group / Association Affiliated with? (Top 12 ranked response categories)

Table 215: I think that outdoor recreation is essential to my health and quality of life (Resident survey; opinions / issues section):

Table 216: How would you describe public access to Florida's coastlines and waterways (Resident survey; opinions / issues section)?

Table 217: How would you describe public access to recreational trails in your community (Resident survey; opinions / issues section)?

Table 218: Which of the following may hinder your ability or desire to participate in outdoor recreation (Select all that apply) (Resident survey; opinions / issues section)?

Table 219: Which of the following may hinder your ability or desire to participate in outdoor recreation (Select all that apply) (Resident survey; opinions / issues section: Ethnically-Weighted Data)?

Table 220: I think that there is adequate funding for public recreation in Florida (Resident survey; opinions / issues section):

Table 221: I think that outdoor recreation is essential to the economic health of my community (Resident survey; opinions / issues section):

Table 222: What effect do travel costs have in determining where you recreate? (Resident survey; opinions / issues section)?

Table 223: What are your primary sources of information when planning outdoor recreation activities? (Resident survey; opinions / issues section)?

Table 224: Please rank these outdoor recreation-related issues in terms of their importance to you (Resident survey; opinions / issues section):

List of Figures

Figure 1: Map of Florida Regions

Figure 2: Resident Solicitation Postcards (front and back)

Figure 3: Word Cloud of Dominant Themes in Resident Comments / Suggestions

Executive Summary

The primary purpose of this study was to measure consumers' demand for and perceptions surrounding Florida's outdoor recreation offerings. To achieve this purpose, just over 4,000 completed surveys were collected from Florida residents representing each of the state's 67 counties. In addition, just over 3,000 completed surveys were collected from tourists who recreated in Florida within 12 months of the data collection timeframe. These tourists derived from every state (excluding Florida), but representative concentrations were gathered from Florida's largest source markets: Georgia and New York.

The results of this study span the length of this report and will be used by Florida's Department of Environmental Protection's Division of Recreation and Parks as inputs into the upcoming Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan (SCORP).

Regarding outdoor recreation *push factors* [characteristics, attitudes, or beliefs that a person might possess that would make him/her more prone to participate in outdoor recreation], 61 percent of Florida residents deem outdoor recreation to be very important to them personally. In addition, 61 percent of tourist respondents in this study indicate that outdoor recreation is very important to them personally. The top motivation for outdoor recreation participation for residents is to be active and healthy; whereas, the top motivation for tourist respondents is to spend time with family and friends.

In terms of outdoor recreation *pull factors* [characteristics in an area that might make a person more prone to recreate in that area], the activities most highly utilized by Florida residents are: 1) fitness walking; 2) bicycling; 3) wildlife viewing; 4) saltwater beach activities [not including fishing]; 5) swimming [outdoor pool]; and 6) hiking. While ordered differently, these same six activities are also the ones most highly utilized by tourists to Florida. In order to enhance the usefulness of these results to recreation planners, this report presents results at the statewide-level, by resident region of residence, by resident region of recreation participation, and by tourist region of recreation participation.

Both residents and tourists generally rate favorably the *quantity* and *quality* of the state's outdoor recreation facilities. Specifically, 77 percent of Florida residents consider the *quality* of facilities within their counties to be either excellent or good. Moreover, 65 percent of residents consider the *quantity* of facilities within their counties to be either excellent or good. Even more favorable, 94 percent of tourist respondents perceive the *quality* of facilities as either good or excellent. Furthermore, 91 percent of tourist respondents rate the *quantity* of facilities as good or excellent.

With regard to outdoor recreation development recommendations, for residents, the #1 suggestion for development is more hiking and walking trails. This item emerged as the top suggestion in both the statewide aggregate results and as the top suggestion in each of the eight regions. The top three requested items by residents on a statewide-level all relate to having more trails: hiking / walking trails; biking paths / trails; nature / interpretive trails. More hiking and

walking trails are also demanded by tourists as this item is the #2 requested development item among tourists. The top development recommendation offered by tourists is more beach access / parking.

While this executive summary highlights some of the key findings of this participation study, much more detailed information evidently lies within the coming pages. Furthermore, outdoor participation studies such as this serve as a reference for planners over the years. As operating environments and opportunities change through time, new questions will emerge that can be addressed with the findings of this study.

Section 1: Introduction and Purpose

The Florida Department of Environmental Protection (Department and/or DEP) Division of Recreation and Parks (DRP) commissioned this study to assess Florida residents' and tourists' outdoor recreation participation and opinions regarding recreation-related issues. This research is a necessary component of Florida's upcoming 2018 Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan (SCORP). Section 375.021, Florida Statutes (F.S.), provides the Department with the authority to develop and execute the multipurpose outdoor recreation plan (Plan). The main purpose of the Plan is to document recreational demand and estimate the need for additional recreation opportunities. The Plan is intended to be a broad statewide and regional appraisal of the outdoor recreation needs of Florida and a guide for the development of a diverse, balanced statewide outdoor recreation system.[1]

In accord with the above project description, this study identifies what activities Florida residents have participated in during the last 12 months and where they participated [within their home region or outside of their home region] (see Figure 1 for region map). In addition, this research examines what activities visitors to Florida have participated in during the last 12 months, along with the region they participated in. The research also analyzes frequency of participation and calculates resident and tourist demand indices for activities which simultaneously account for both volume and frequency of demand. Moreover, this research seeks to identify any significant correlations between demographic / socioeconomic factors and satisfaction with Florida's outdoor recreation opportunities. Finally, this study also assesses the opinions of Florida residents regarding a variety of recreation-related issues. In summary, this study explores Florida residents' and tourists' outdoor recreation participation habits, patterns, perceptions, and needs.

To achieve these stated objectives, the surveys queried the following topics:

The Florida resident survey examined a responding household's:

- Perceived importance of outdoor recreation
- Satisfaction with outdoor recreation opportunities within home county
- Types of outdoor recreation activities utilized
- Frequency or activity participation
- Location(s) of activity participation
- Anticipated future household outdoor recreation patterns
- Motivations for outdoor recreation participation
- Perceptions of outdoor recreation facilities within home county
- Perceived need / priorities for outdoor recreation development in home county
- Demographic profile of respondent and responding household

[1] Much of the information in the first two paragraphs of this report is paraphrased directly from Florida's Department of Environmental Protection's project background document (received by ISR from the Office of Park Planning on July 1, 2016).

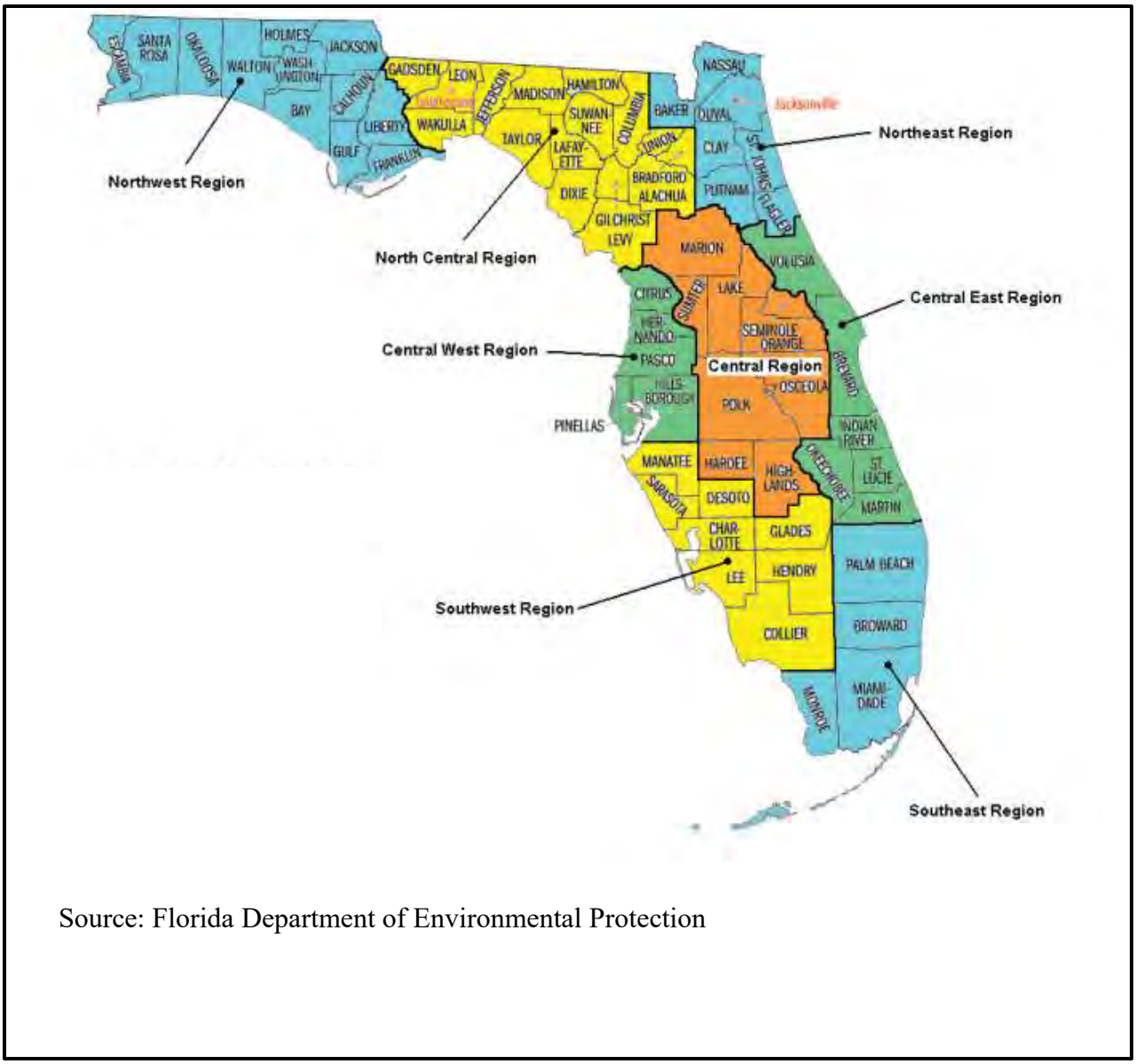
The Florida tourist survey examined a respondent's:

- Motivation for visiting Florida
- Frequency / length of visits to Florida within the past 12 months
- Location where outdoor participation occurred
- Propensity to visit Florida in the next 12 months
- Perceived importance of outdoor recreation
- Satisfaction with outdoor recreation opportunities in Florida
- Types of outdoor recreation activities utilized while in Florida
- Reasons / motivations for participating in outdoor recreation while in Florida
- Perceptions of outdoor recreation facilities in Florida
- Perceived need / priorities for outdoor recreation development in Florida
- Demographic profile of respondent and responding household

The remainder of this report is organized as follows. First, the study's research methods are outlined (e.g. survey design, sampling plan, and data analysis). Second, the study's findings are detailed. In an effort to organize the findings into meaningful categories that can be used in the upcoming SCORP, they are compartmentalized according to push and pull sections of the report. In outdoor recreation, a push factor is a characteristic, attitude, or belief that a person might have that would make him/her more prone to engage in outdoor recreation. Simply stated, a push factor *pushes* a person out of home or work to recreate. Conversely, pull factors are characteristics of the outdoor recreational offerings of an area that enhance the likelihood that one might recreate. Simply stated, a pull factor *pulls* a person toward an outdoor recreation offering or area.

Regarding the findings in this report, it is also important to note that each section of results begins with a series of key takeaway points that explicitly identify some of the main findings that would likely be most useful in developing the 2018 SCORP. The report concludes with a brief discussion section which describes some of the limitations of this research project as well as some of the useful features that are new to this 2016-2017 study.

Figure 1: Map of Florida Regions



Source: Florida Department of Environmental Protection

{End of Introduction and Purpose Section}

Section 2: Research Methods

2.1. Survey Design

Regarding survey design, both the resident and tourist surveys were programmed to mirror the surveys utilized for Florida's 2011 SCORP participation study (Responsive Management, 2011). This consistency is needed to ensure data comparability in trend analyses.

The only notable differences between the surveys used in the current study compared to the surveys used in the 2011 SCORP participation study are as follows:

- The surveys in 2011 were administered telephonically, whereas the current study employed an online format. Therefore, the conversational wording in/between some questions were edited slightly to accommodate this change. Telephone surveys are no longer accurate in pinpointing individuals in particular geographic areas due to reduced use of landlines and due to the portability of mobile telephone numbers.

- The 2011 resident and tourist surveys only captured the recreational participation of the single informant (as opposed to the informant's household).[2] A household-wide approach is most appropriate for SCORP participation studies so that outdoor recreational activities with high youth and/or adolescent participation (e.g. soccer) do not go under-reported. Nevertheless, an advantage of capturing activity participation information of the single informant is the ability to identify potential correlations between respondent demographics and activity participation. For these reasons, in the current study, activity participation was captured for the individual respondent and the respondent's household (See Appendices A and B). According to a review of recent SCORPs from other states in the Society of Outdoor Recreation's SCORP library (https://www.recpro.org/scorp-library), collecting both individual respondent and household outdoor recreation participation data meets or exceeds the comprehensiveness of the approaches currently practiced around the U.S. in SCORP participation studies.

- In the current study, the recreation issues questions were presented to respondents as an optional section at the end of the resident survey. Key questions in this section probed perceptions of public access, barriers to outdoor recreation participation, funding levels, impacts of outdoor recreation on quality of life, and information sources employed when planning outdoor recreation activities.

Lastly, regarding survey design, it is prudent to note that both the resident and tourist surveys were pretested in *beta* mode by ISR and the Office of Park Planning before they went live for data collection.

[2] The surveys used in 2011 can be found in Appendices E and F of Florida's 2013 SCORP Report (Florida Department of Environmental Protection, 2013).

2.2. Sampling Strategy

Regarding the Florida resident survey, ISR sent 5.5" x 8.5" glossy postcards to a stratified sampling of residential postal addresses throughout Florida (see Figure 2). The stratification of households is illustrated in Table 1 of this report. Through four waves, ISR sent postcard drops each spaced about one month apart and increased the size of drops progressively as needed to achieve the desired sample size. Through all four mail drops combined, a total of 90,000 postcards were sent to Florida residents.

{Image of postcard on next page: Figure 2}

Figure 2: Resident Solicitation Postcards (front and back)

Source: Florida Department of Environmental Protection

As seen in Figure 2, the resident survey was available in both English and Spanish.[3] Also seen in Figure 2, individuals could call ISR's 1-888 telephone number to request a paper survey if the household did not have Internet capability. The requested paper version was mailed to the requestor's household along with a pre-paid return envelope. As data collection unfolded, efforts in various areas with low response rates were augmented through the use of online respondent panels.

The survey link printed on the postcards took respondents to the survey hosted on the Qualtrics platform which is widely regarded as the most robust hosting platform in the world. Qualtrics has many user-friendly features such as the ability for a respondent to pause a survey and continue later. All Qualtrics survey templates are mobile optimized, but this is not a feature that was actively promoted in this study due to the length of the survey.

Regarding the Florida tourist survey, respondents were located through Internet panels throughout the U.S. to identify individuals who have visited Florida during the past 12 months. Once a qualified respondent agreed to participate, s/he was sent the survey URL also hosted on the Qualtrics platform. Several statistical techniques were used to inspect the quality of the data. Any cases suspected to have sub-par data structures were not included in the final purified data set.

In sum, a total of 4,017 and 3,018 usable resident and tourist surveys were collected, respectively.[4] Moreover, 2,384 of the Florida resident respondents also agreed to complete an optional issues / opinions section at the end of their survey. These sample sizes are consistent with Florida's previous SCORP; are in concert with SCORPs conducted in other states; and, are sufficient for producing adequate reliability and validity of results in the current study. As seen in Table 1, geographic survey stratification mirrors the geographic stratification of Florida's regional populations (http://edr.state.fl.us/Content/population-demographics/data/PopulationEstimates2016.pdf). This stratification was achieved primarily by adjusting subsequent mail drop stratifications based upon the results of previous drops. Moreover, it is prudent to note that completed surveys were gathered from residents in each of Florida's 67 counties. Next, with regard to the tourist survey, as seen in Table 2, responses were generated from all 49 states (excluding Florida). The two largest pools of surveys derived from Georgia and New York which are Florida's two largest tourist source markets.

Table 1: Geographic Stratification of Resident Survey Respondents

Central	2016 Population	% of Population	Responses	% of total Responses
Hardee	27,637	0.14%	4	0.10%
Highlands	101,531	0.50%	32	0.80%
Lake	323,985	1.61%	78	1.94%

[3] Of the resident respondents, 3.7 percent (149 individuals) completed the Spanish language version of the survey.

[4] Demographic profiles of respondents / responding households are contained in Appendices C and D.

Marion	345,749	1.72%	84	2.09%
Orange	1,280,387	6.35%	248	6.18%
Osceola	322,862	1.60%	73	1.81%
Polk	646,989	3.21%	146	3.64%
Seminole	449,124	2.23%	89	2.22%
Sumter	118,577	0.59%	19	0.47%
Central East	**Population**	**% of Population**	**Responses**	**% of total Responses**
Brevard	568,919	2.82%	141	3.51%
Indian River	146,410	0.73%	25	0.62%
Martin	150,870	0.75%	27	0.67%
Okeechobee	40,806	0.20%	15	0.37%
St. Lucie	292,826	1.45%	60	1.49%
Volusia	517,411	2.57%	139	3.46%
Central West	**Population**	**% of Population**	**Responses**	**% of total Responses**
Citrus	143,054	0.71%	42	1.05%
Hernando	179,503	0.89%	65	1.62%
Hillsborough	1,352,797	6.71%	254	6.33%
Pasco	495,868	2.46%	129	3.21%
Pinellas	954,569	4.74%	237	5.90%
North Central	**Population**	**% of Population**	**Responses**	**% of total Responses**
Alachua	257,062	1.28%	58	1.44%
Bradford	27,440	0.14%	6	0.15%
Columbia	68,566	0.34%	15	0.37%
Dixie	16,773	0.08%	4	0.10%
Gadsden	48,486	0.24%	6	0.15%
Gilchrist	16,848	0.08%	3	0.07%
Hamilton	14,665	0.07%	3	0.07%
Jefferson	14,498	0.07%	8	0.20%
Lafayette	8,621	0.04%	1	0.02%
Leon	287,671	1.43%	81	2.02%
Levy	40,553	0.20%	9	0.22%
Madison	19,238	0.10%	2	0.05%
Suwannee	44,349	0.22%	8	0.20%
Taylor	22,478	0.11%	3	0.07%
Union	15,887	0.08%	4	0.10%
Wakulla	31,599	0.16%	16	0.40%
Northeast	**Population**	**% of Population**	**Responses**	**% of total Responses**
Baker	26,965	0.13%	6	0.15%
Clay	205,321	1.02%	52	1.30%
Duval	923,647	4.85%	173	4.30%
Flagler	103,095	0.51%	36	0.90%

Nassau	77,841	0.39%	11	0.27%
Putnam	72,972	0.36%	21	0.52%
St. Johns	220,257	1.09%	26	0.65%
Northwest	**Population**	**% of Population**	**Responses**	**% of total Responses**
Bay	176,016	0.87%	52	1.30%
Calhoun	14,580	0.07%	4	0.10%
Escambia	309,986	1.54%	61	1.51%
Franklin	11,916	0.06%	2	0.05%
Gulf	16,628	0.08%	5	0.12%
Holmes	20,003	0.10%	5	0.12%
Jackson	50,345	0.25%	12	0.30%
Liberty	8,736	0.04%	4	0.10%
Okaloosa	192,925	0.96%	50	1.24%
Santa Rosa	167,009	0.83%	49	1.22%
Walton	62,943	0.31%	23	0.57%
Washington	24,888	0.12%	11	0.27%
Southeast	**Population**	**% of Population**	**Responses**	**% of total Responses**
Broward	1,854,513	9.20%	300	7.47%
Miami-Dade	2,700,794	13.40%	340	8.47%
Monroe	76,047	0.38%	20	0.50%
Palm Beach	1,391,741	6.91%	246	6.13%
Southwest	**Population**	**% of Population**	**Responses**	**% of total Responses**
Charlotte	170,450	0.85%	50	1.25%
Collier	350,202	1.74%	40	1.00%
De Soto	35,141	0.17%	3	0.07%
Glades	13,047	0.06%	2	0.05%
Hendry	38,370	0.19%	8	0.20%
Lee	680,539	3.38%	115	2.86%
Manatee	357,591	1.77%	60	1.50%
Sarasota	399,538	1.98%	80	1.99%

Table 2: States of Origin of Tourist Survey Respondents			
Georgia	299	Arizona	42
New York	264	Mississippi	31
Pennsylvania	194	Arkansas	28
Texas	153	Iowa	25
California	148	Maine	25
Illinois	134	Kansas	20
North Carolina	129	Oregon	18

Ohio	127	Utah	18
Michigan	114	Nevada	17
Virginia	110	West Virginia	17
Massachusetts	93	Oklahoma	16
New Jersey	92	District of Columbia	15
Indiana	91	Rhode Island	15
Alabama	88	Delaware	12
Tennessee	88	New Hampshire	12
Missouri	66	Hawaii	11
Maryland	58	New Mexico	10
South Carolina	55	Nebraska	8
Kentucky	53	Vermont	8
Wisconsin	52	Alaska	7
Colorado	50	Idaho	6
Connecticut	50	North Dakota	6
Louisiana	48	Montana	5
Minnesota	43	Wyoming	3
Washington	43	South Dakota	1

2.3. Data Analysis

ISR, specifically Vince Magnini and Chuck Wyatt (see investigator bios at end of report), analyzed the two datasets using a combination of software platforms. For the resident sample, basic queries such as mean distributions and cross-tabs were performed within the Qualtrics surveying dashboard. Further, both the resident and tourist datasets were also be exported into Microsoft Excel where many of the statistical analyses were conducted. In addition, ISR migrated the Excel files into a software program more suitable for advanced modeling and analyses known as the Statistical Package for the Social Sciences (SPSS). Advanced queries requiring statistical correlational or multivariate analysis were performed in SPSS.

Before any of the research findings of this study can be meaningfully interpreted, readers of this report must understand the parameters of the measured concepts. Therefore, this research methods section concludes with a list of the outdoor recreation activities and the parameters with which they were presented to respondents on the surveys [these parameters are underlined in the below list and are consistent with Florida's previous SCORP]:

- Baseball or softball (as a participant, not as a spectator)
- Basketball (outdoor; as a participant, not as a spectator)
- Bicycling
- Canoeing, kayaking, stand up paddleboarding
- Fitness walking/Jogging

- Football (as a participant, not as a spectator)
- Freshwater beach activities, not including fishing
- Freshwater fishing
- Geocaching
- Golf (as a participant, not as a spectator)
- Hiking
- Horseback camping (designated horse campground or access to primitive area by horse)
- Horseback riding
- Hunting
- Launching from a freshwater boat ramp
- Launching from a saltwater boat ramp
- Nature study
- Off-road vehicle driving such as an ATV, dune buggy, dirt bike, or other off-highway vehicle
- Picnicking
- RV or trailer camping (not including horseback camping)
- Saltwater beach activities not including fishing
- Saltwater fishing
- Soccer (as a participant, not as a spectator)
- Sport shooting
- Swimming in public outdoor pools
- Tennis (outdoor; as a participant, not as a spectator)
- Tent camping (not including horseback camping)
- Visiting historical or archaeological sites
- Water skiing/wakeboarding
- Wildlife viewing (at least 1 mile from home)

{End of Research Methods Section}

Section 3: Results

3.1. Florida Outdoor Recreation Push Factors

Key Takeaways from Section 3.1.1. Through Section 3.1.3.:

- Outdoor recreation is very important to most Floridians. Specifically, 61 percent of Floridians consider outdoor recreation to be very important (see Table 3). Similarly, 61 percent of tourists to Florida deem outdoor recreation important to them personally (see Table 4).[5]

- As seen in Table 5, the importance of outdoor recreation is weighted relatively equally by residents across Florida's regions with the exception of the North Central Region where it is rated higher.

- For Florida residents, the top motivation to participate in outdoor recreation is the desire to be active and healthy (see Table 8). The second strongest motivation is the desire to spend time with friends and family (see Table 12). The third ranked motivation is the desire to be close to nature (see Table 10).

- With regard to Florida tourists, the top motivation to participate in outdoor recreation is the desire to spend time with friends and family (see Table 12). The second strongest motivation is the desire to be active and healthy (see Table 13). The third ranked motivation among tourists is the desire to be close to nature (see Table 14).

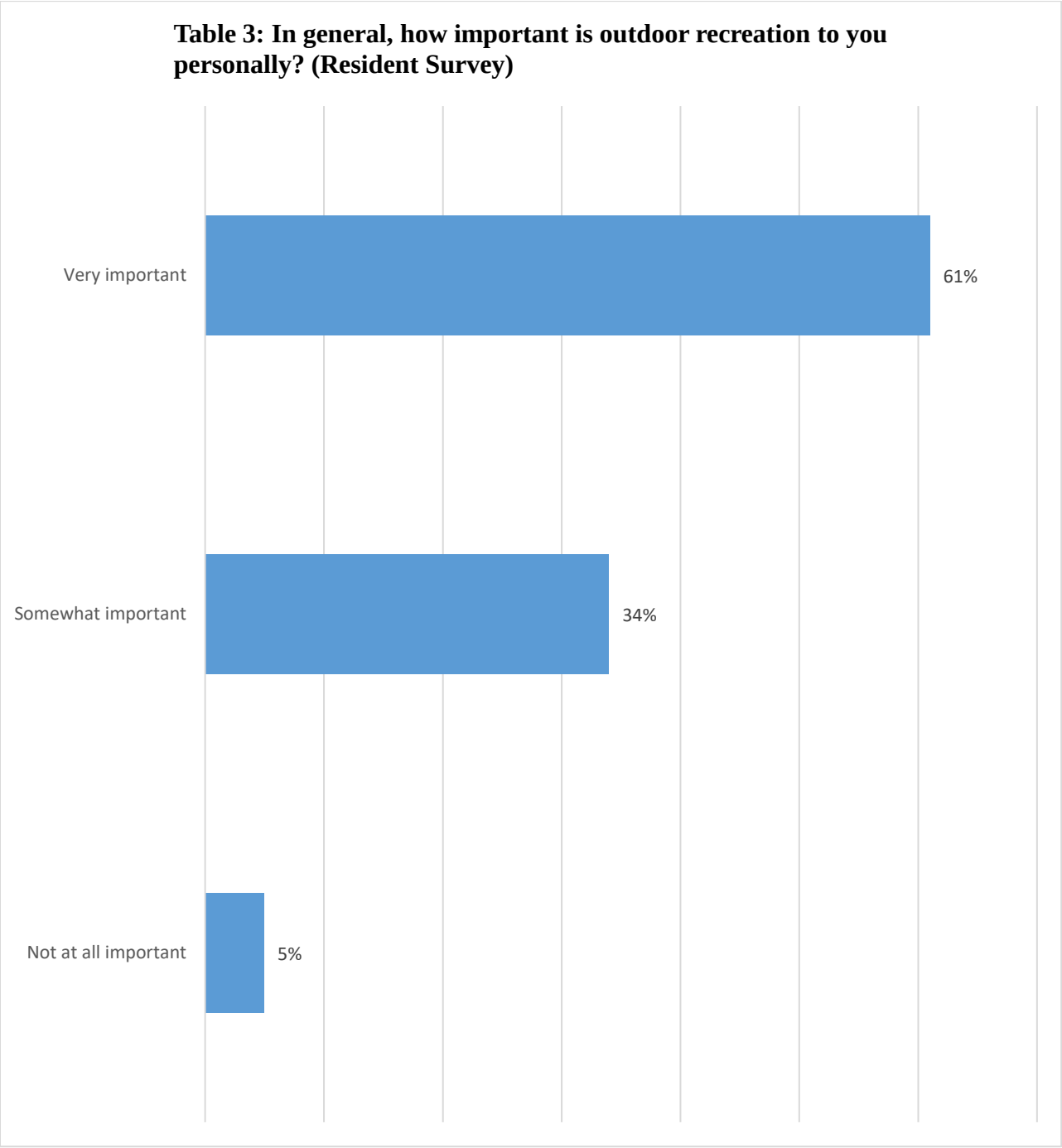
- In addition to motivations, more specific reasons for participating in outdoor recreation are also provided in section 3.1.3. Interestingly, the #1 reason for participation provided by both residents and tourists is relaxation. Agencies such as VisitFlorida charged with statewide marketing efforts can refer to the outdoor recreation reasons provided by tourists (Table 24) when marketing Florida as a destination. Marketing messaging incorporating these top reasons for outdoor recreation participation can be creatively designed and tweaked as ad impressions are monitored. For example, a recent Hispanic outreach media campaign termed "Vamos a Pescar" orchestrated by the Recreational Boating and Fishing Foundation yielded 89 million impressions and 33,000 social media followers (Travel and Tourism Research Association, 2017).

[5] It is prudent to note when interpreting this result that respondents to the tourist survey were pre-screened to have had participated in outdoor recreation during their visits to Florida.

- Regional outdoor recreation planners and marketers can use the region-specific reasons for participating detailed in section 3.1.3. when designing their marketing communications. Such regional marketing initiatives will achieve a higher return on marketing investment if they contain messaging guided by the findings of this study which identifies push and pull factors for each region (the pull factors are offered later in this report).

3.1.1. Importance of Outdoor Recreation

Table 3: In general, how important is outdoor recreation to you personally? (Resident Survey)



6

[6] Results in this report (such as in this Table) that have a higher likelihood of being printed in media outlets (due to potential interest by the general public) are reported as whole numbers to aid consistency as the numbers disseminate across media outlets. In other Tables, results are either rounded to one or two decimal places depending upon the subtlety of the differences between figures in a particular analysis.

Table 4: In general, how important is outdoor recreation to you personally? (Tourist Survey)

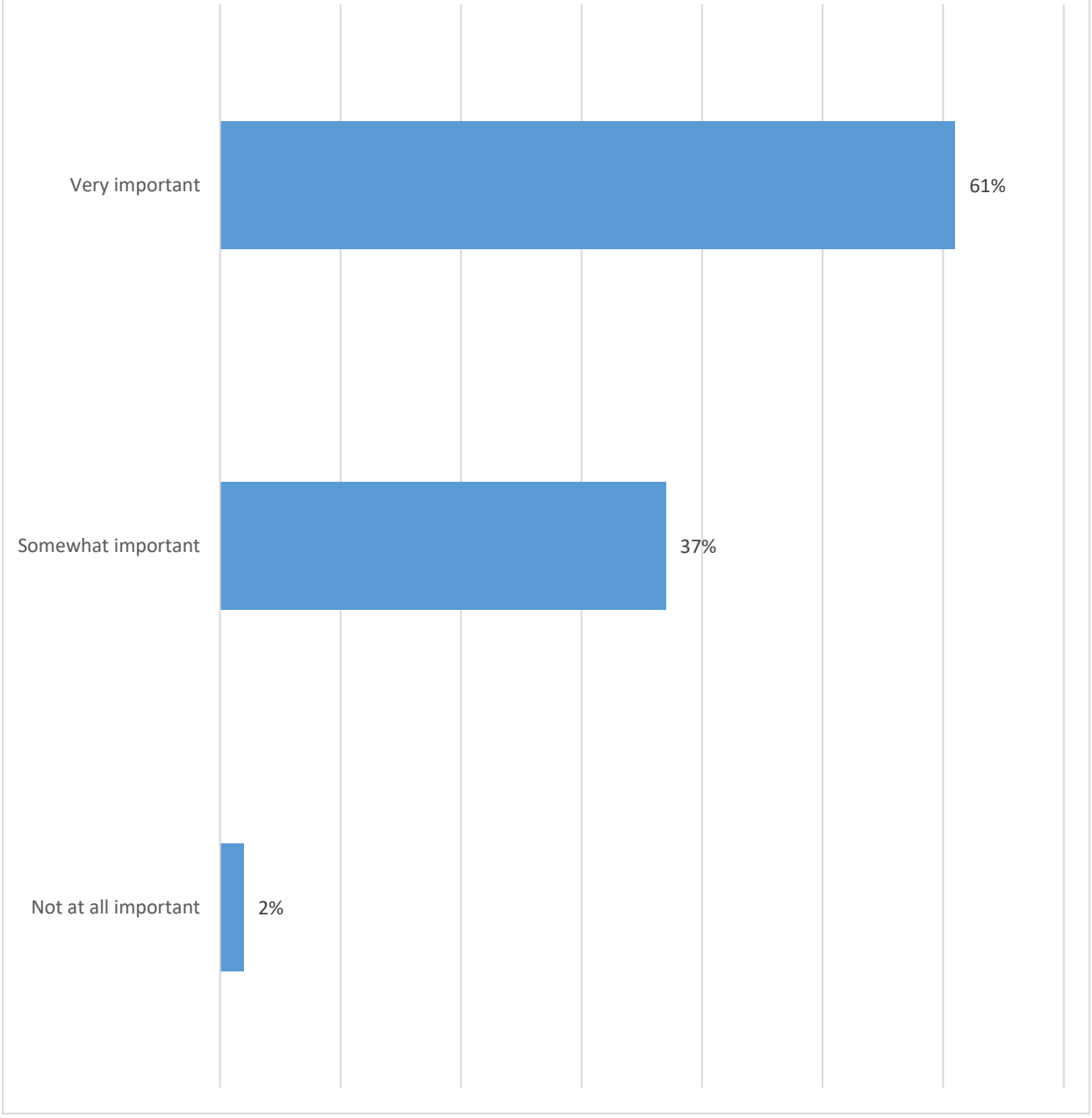
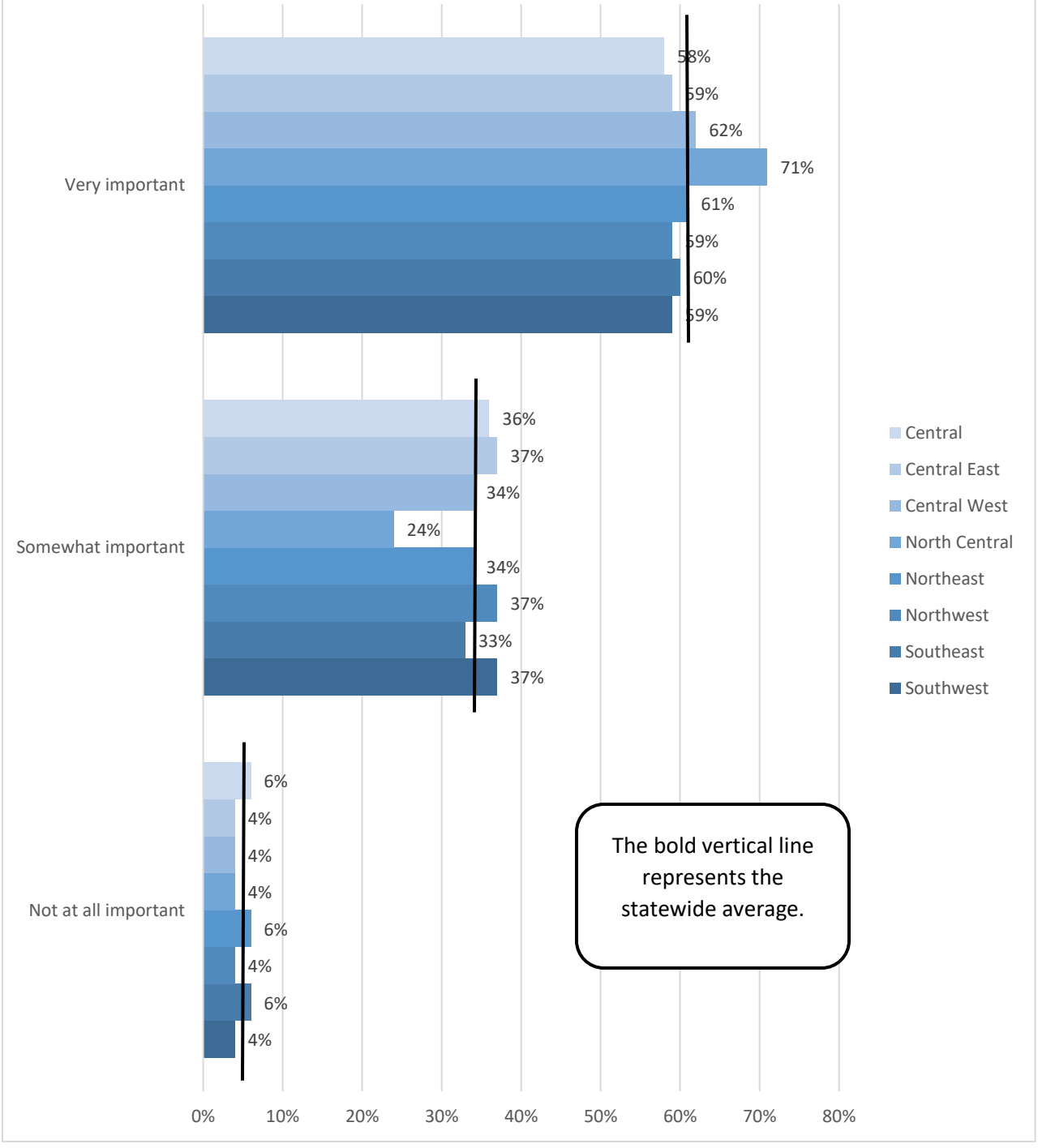


Table 5: Regional: In general, how important is outdoor recreation in Florida to you personally? (Resident Survey)



[7]

[7] In this report, values are displayed on the horizontal axis of Tables when the given Table(s) include the interpretation of vertical hash marks or lines.

3.1.2. Motivations for Outdoor Recreation Participation

Table 6: Spending time with family and friends (Your motivations for outdoor recreation in Florida) (Resident Survey)

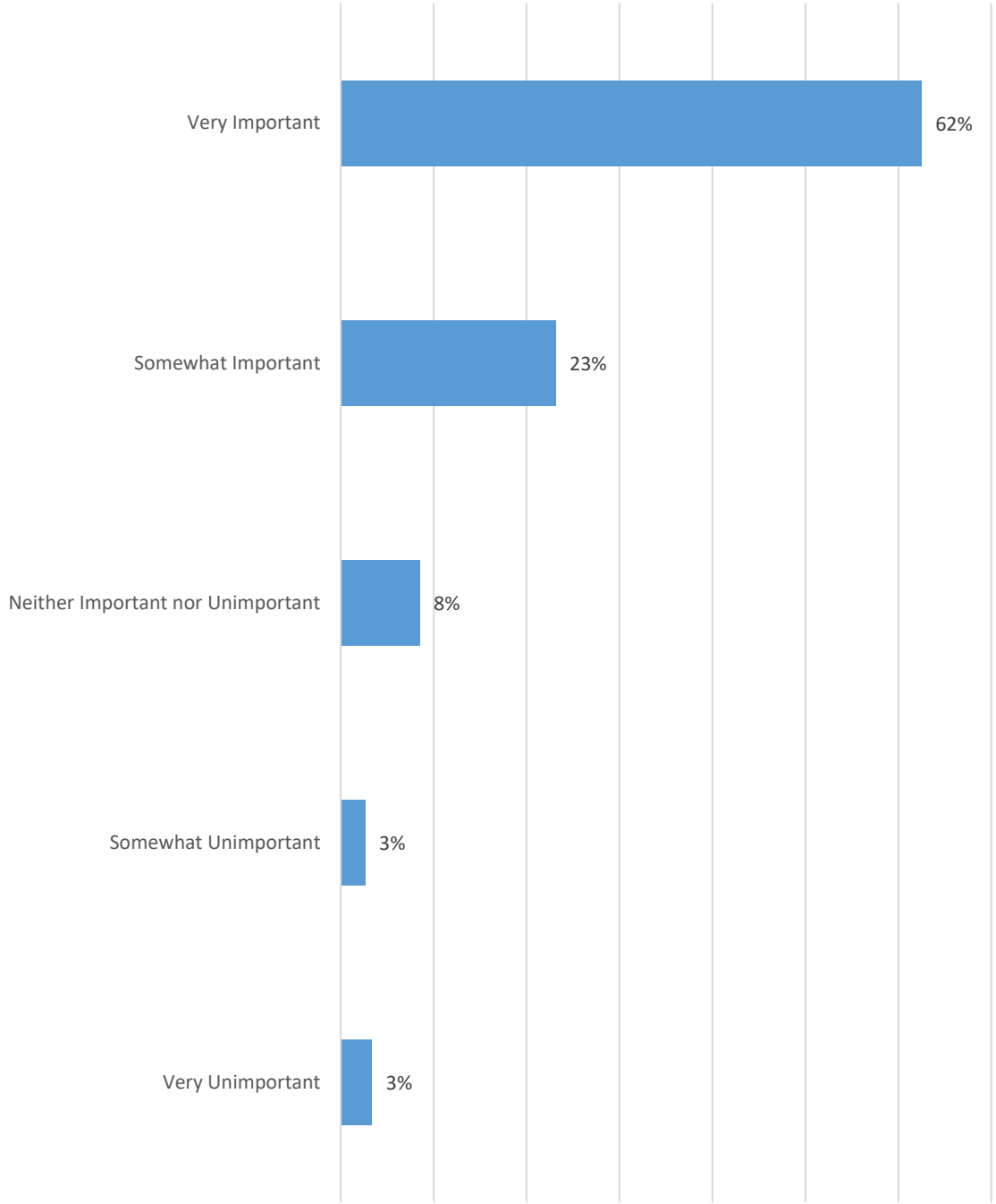


Table 7: Regional: Spending time with family and friends (Your motivations for outdoor recreation in Florida) (Resident Survey)

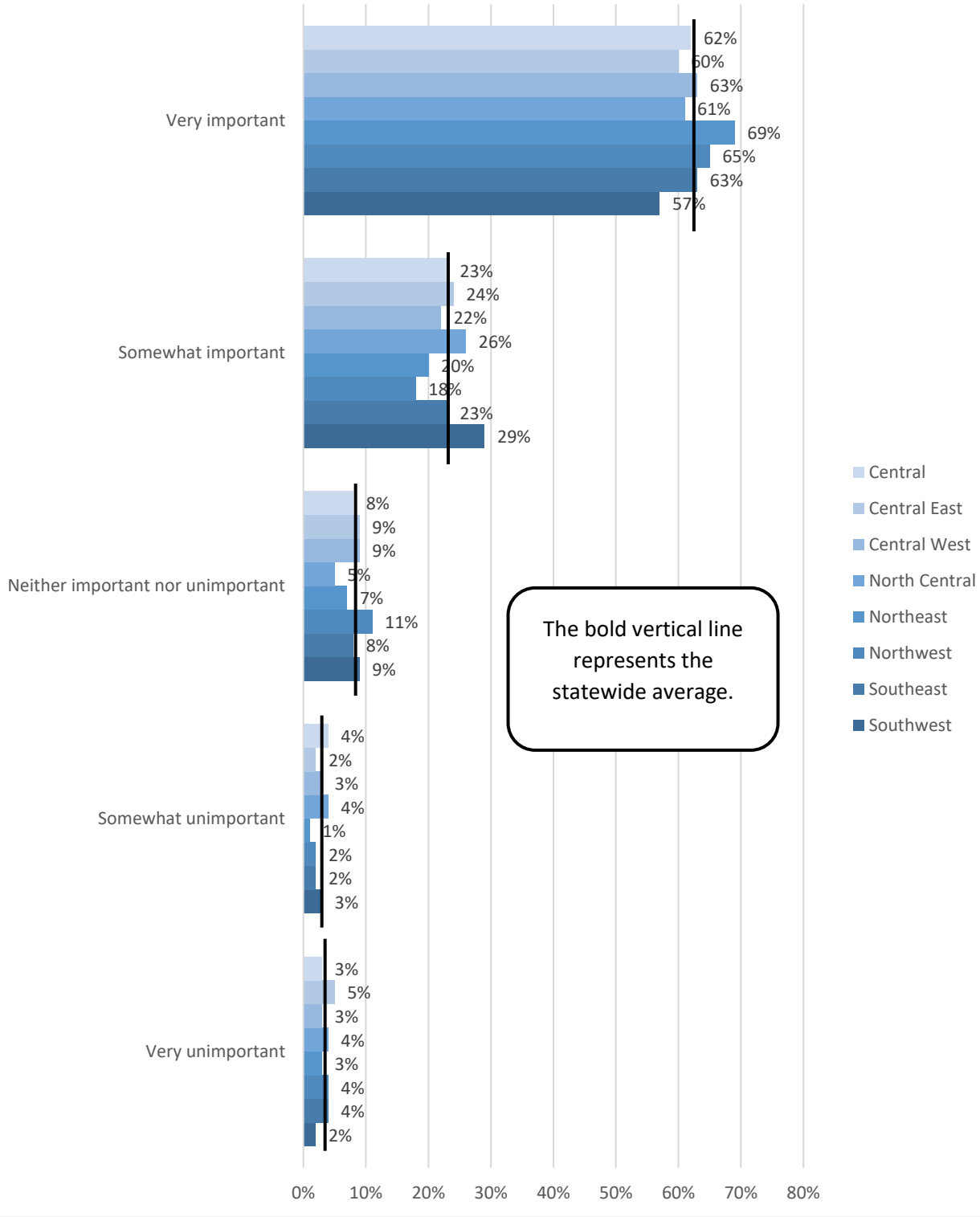


Table 8: Being active or healthy (Your motivations for outdoor recreation in Florida) (Resident Survey)

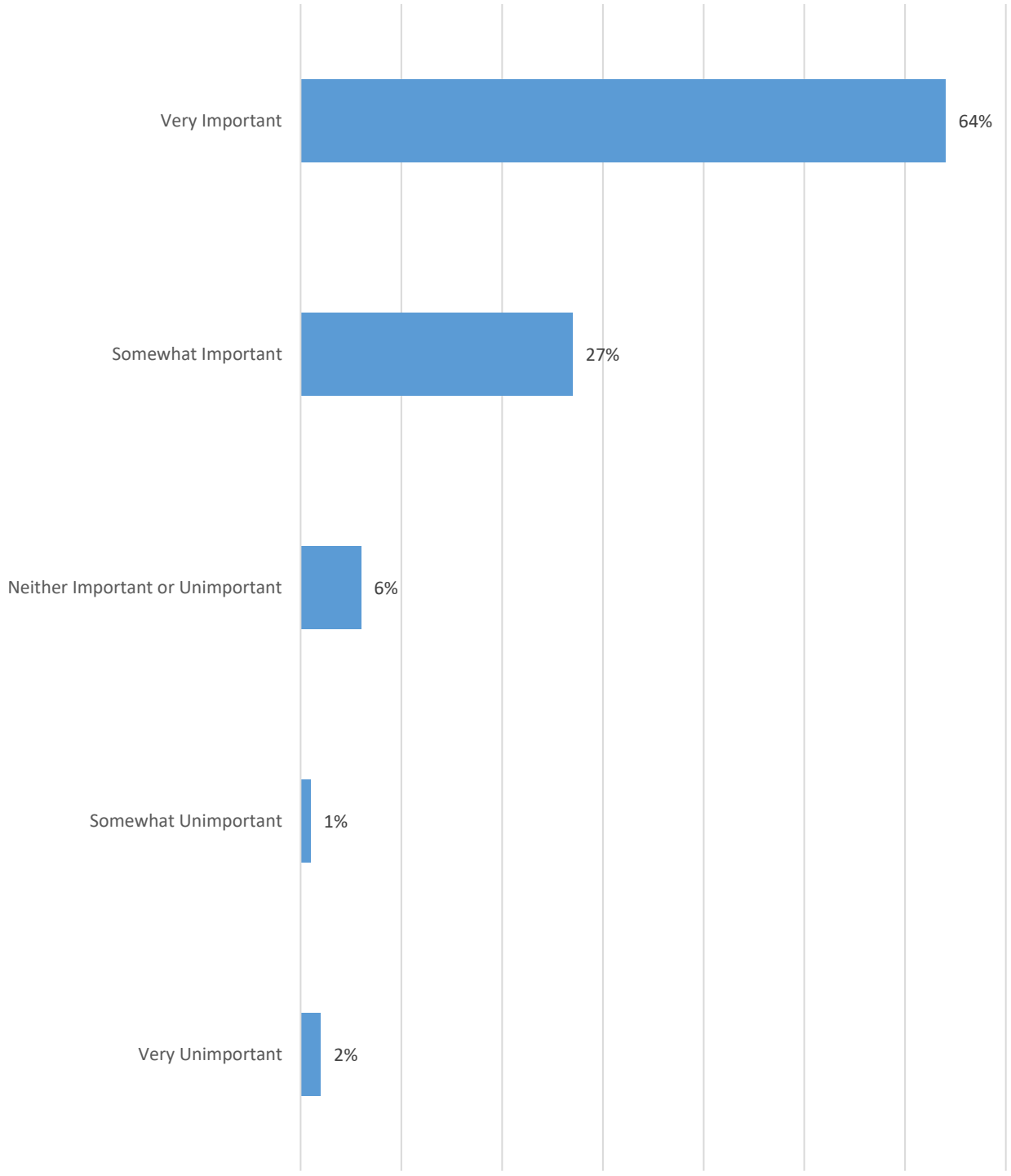


Table 9: Regional: Being active or healthy (Your motivations for outdoor recreation in Florida) (Resident Survey)

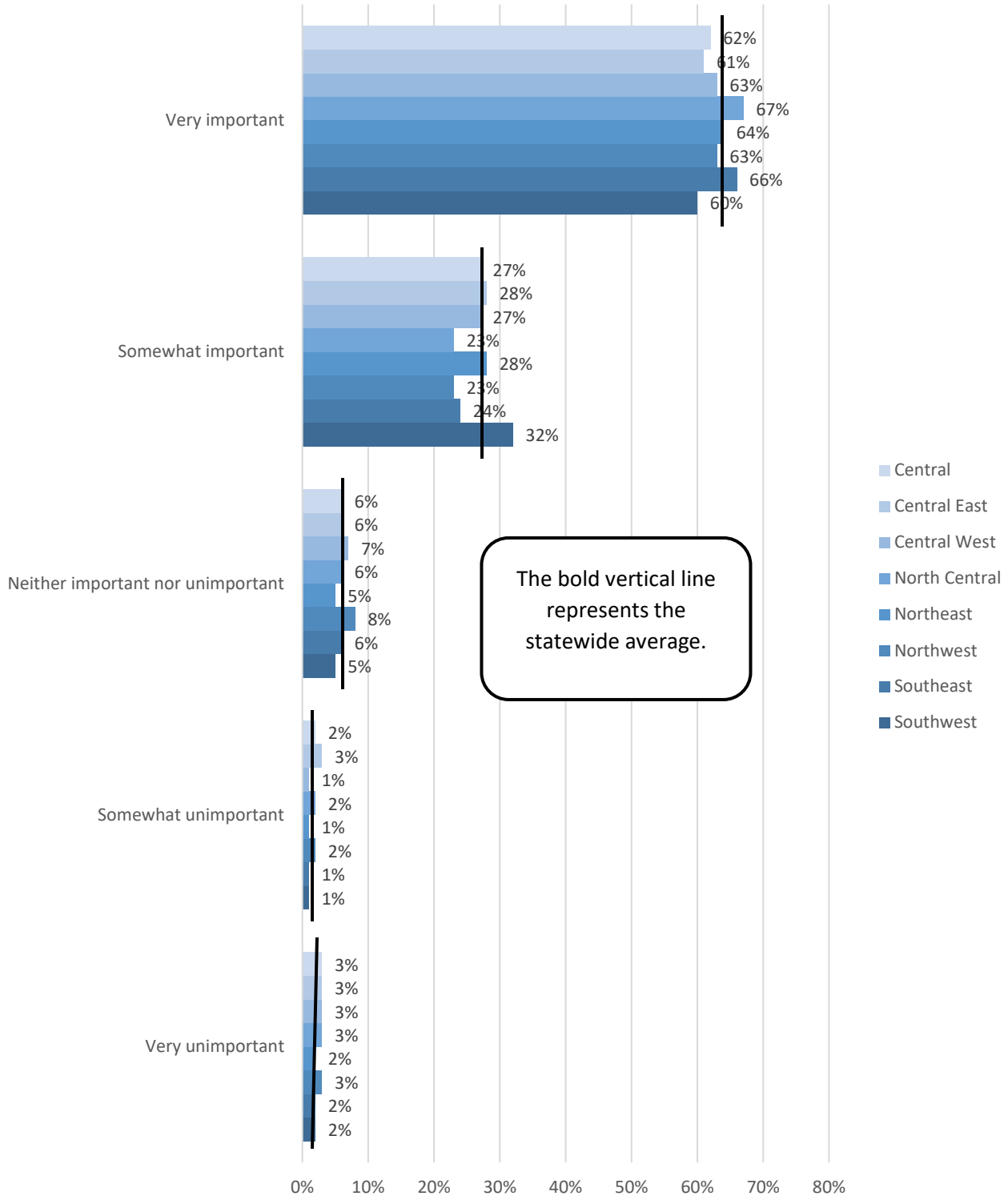


Table 10: Being close to nature (Your motivations for outdoor recreation in Florida) (Resident Survey)

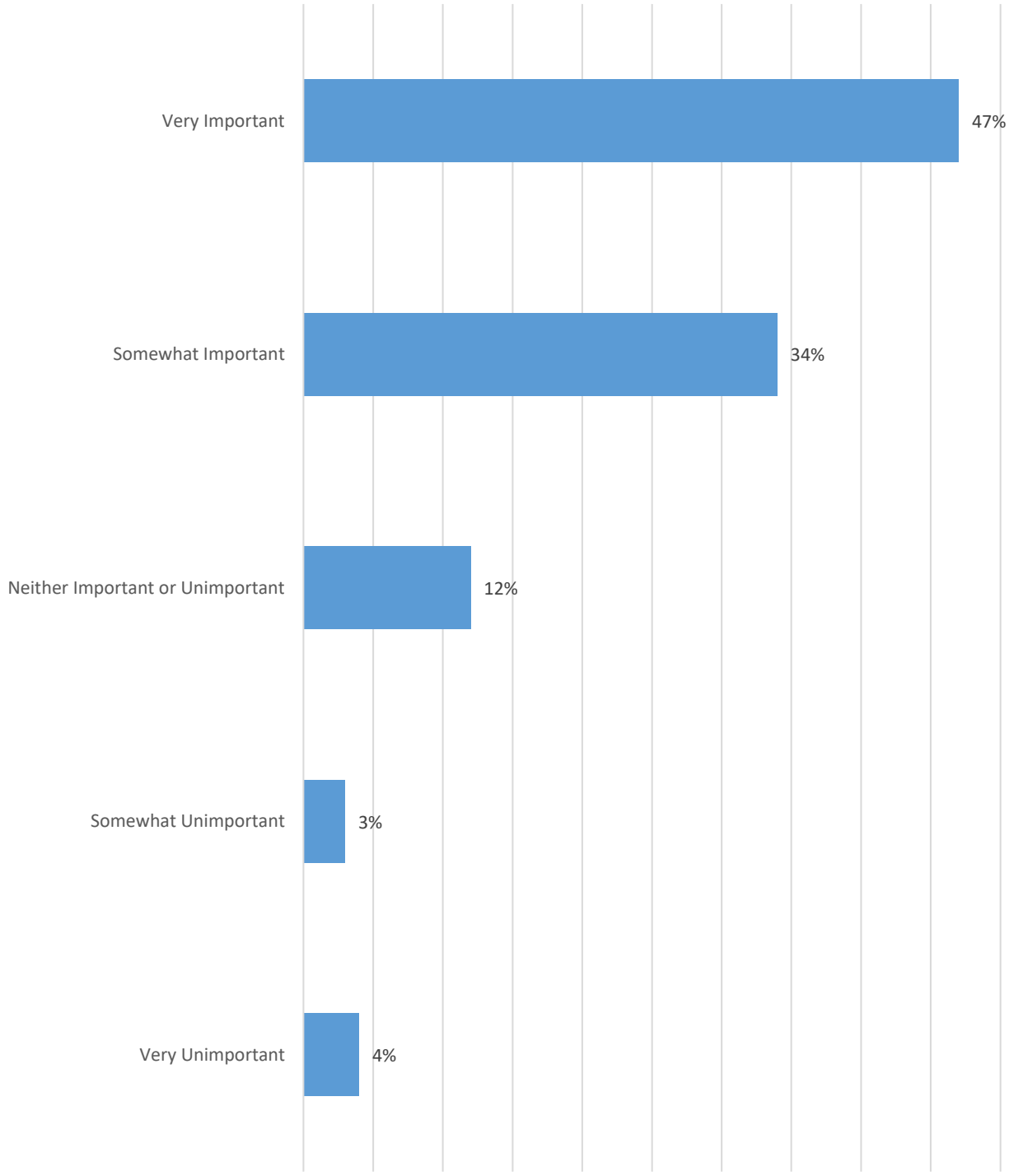


Table 11: Regional: Being close to nature (Your motivations for outdoor recreation in Florida) (Resident Survey)

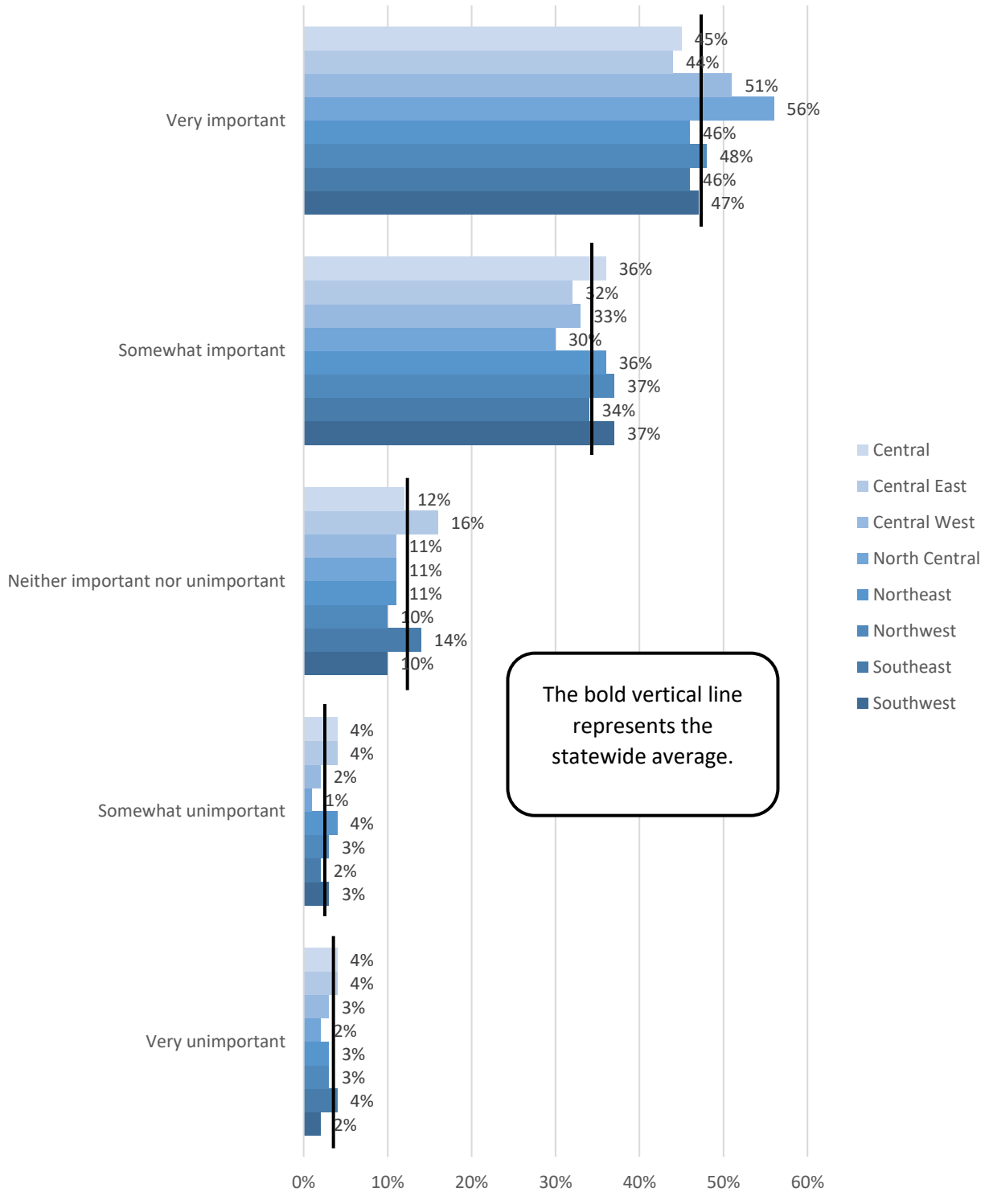


Table 12: Spending time with family and friends (Your motivations for outdoor recreation in Florida) (Tourist Survey)

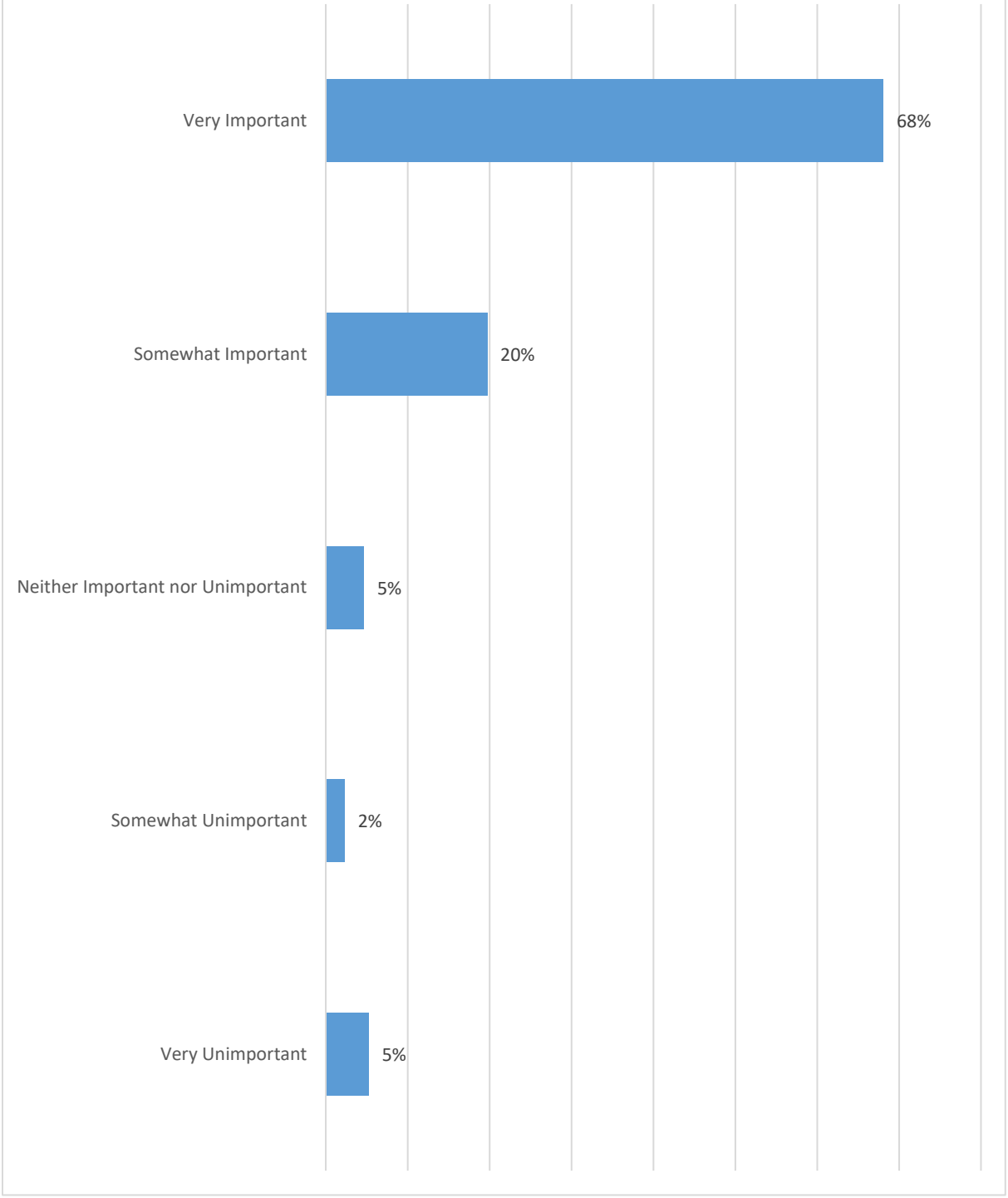


Table 13: Being active or healthy (Your motivations for outdoor recreation in Florida) (Tourist Survey)

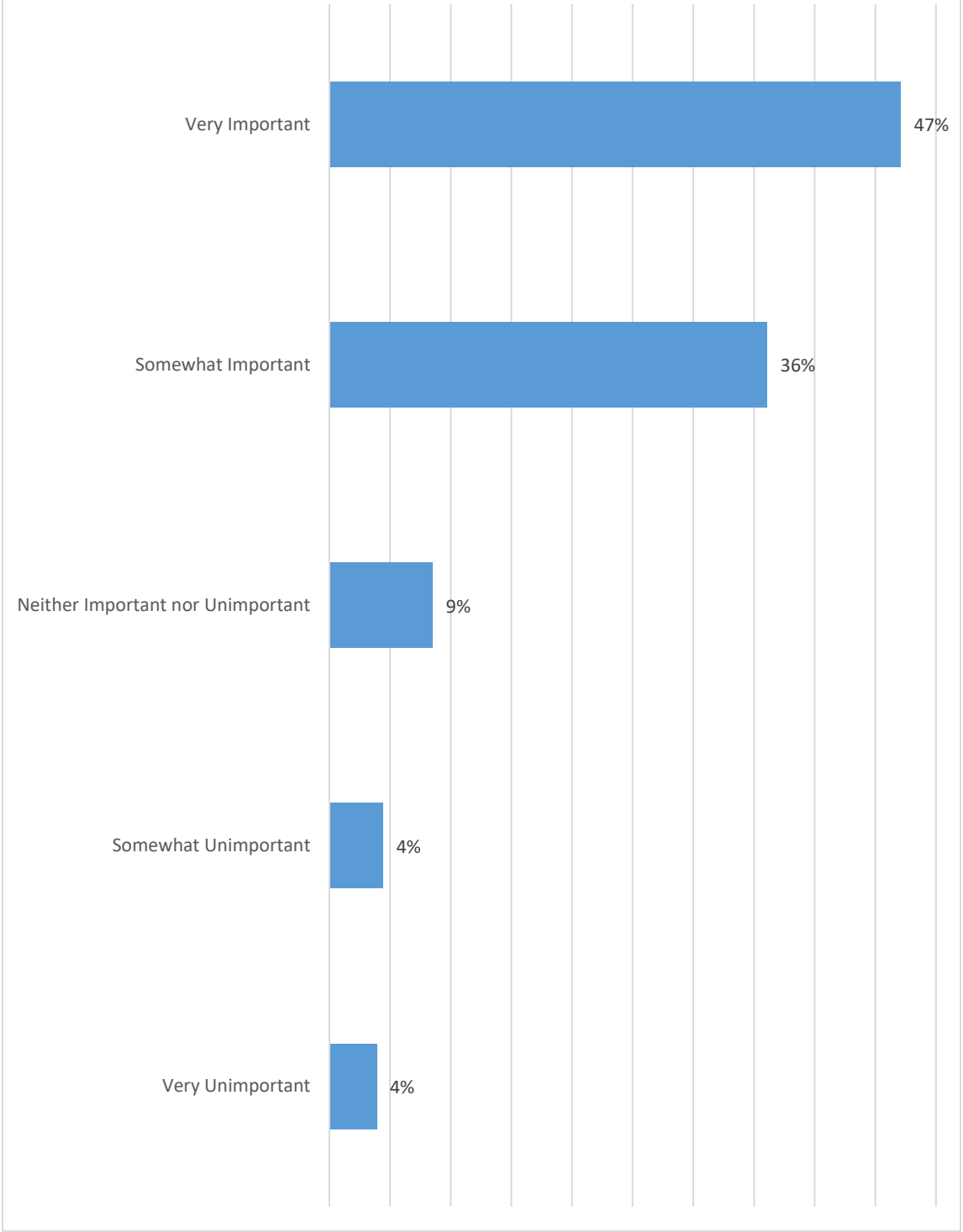
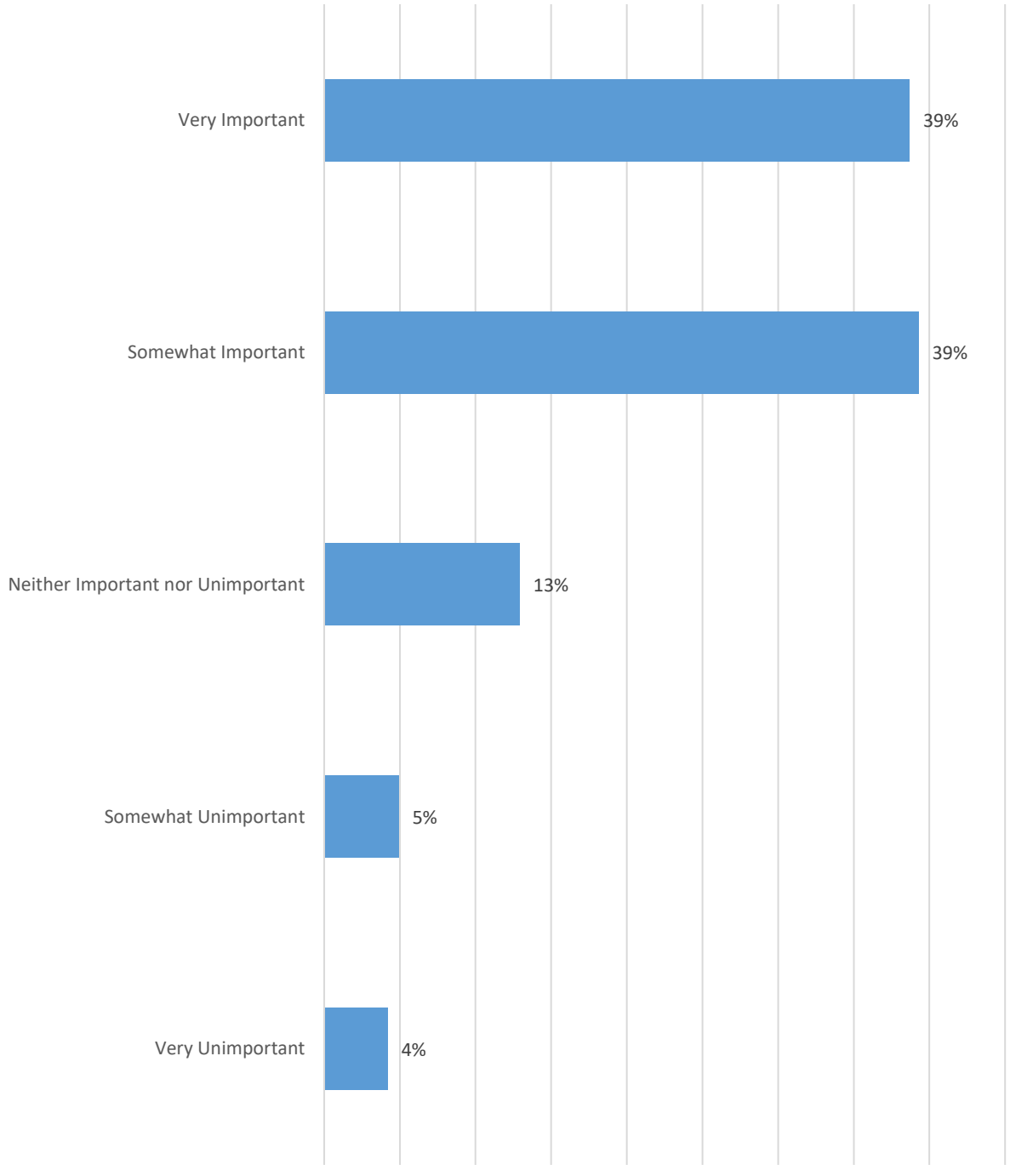


Table 14: Being close to nature (Your motivations for outdoor recreation in Florida) (Tourist Survey)



3.1.3. Reasons for Outdoor Recreation Participation

Table 15: What are the most important reasons you participate in outdoor recreation activities in Florida? (Resident Survey)

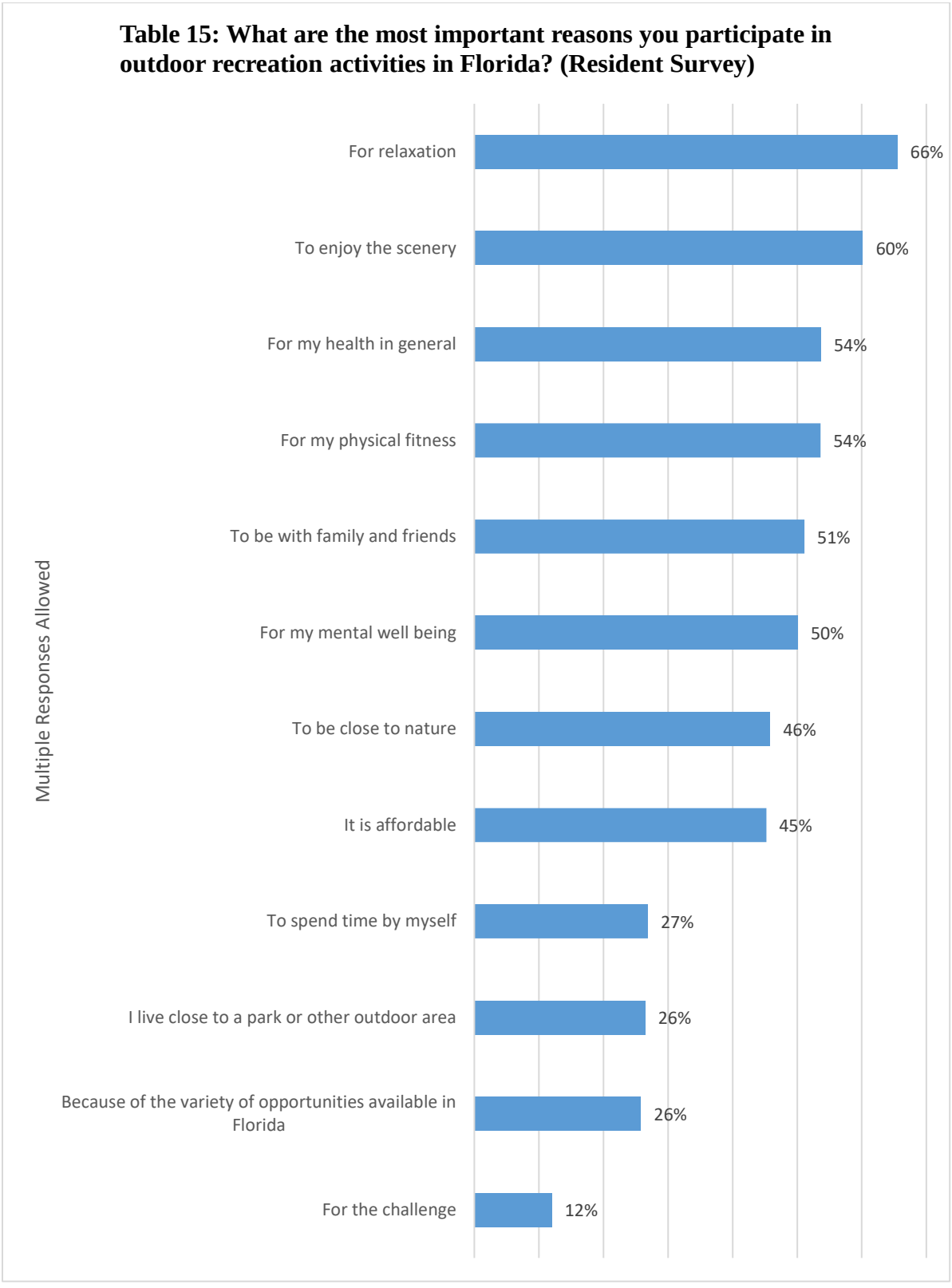
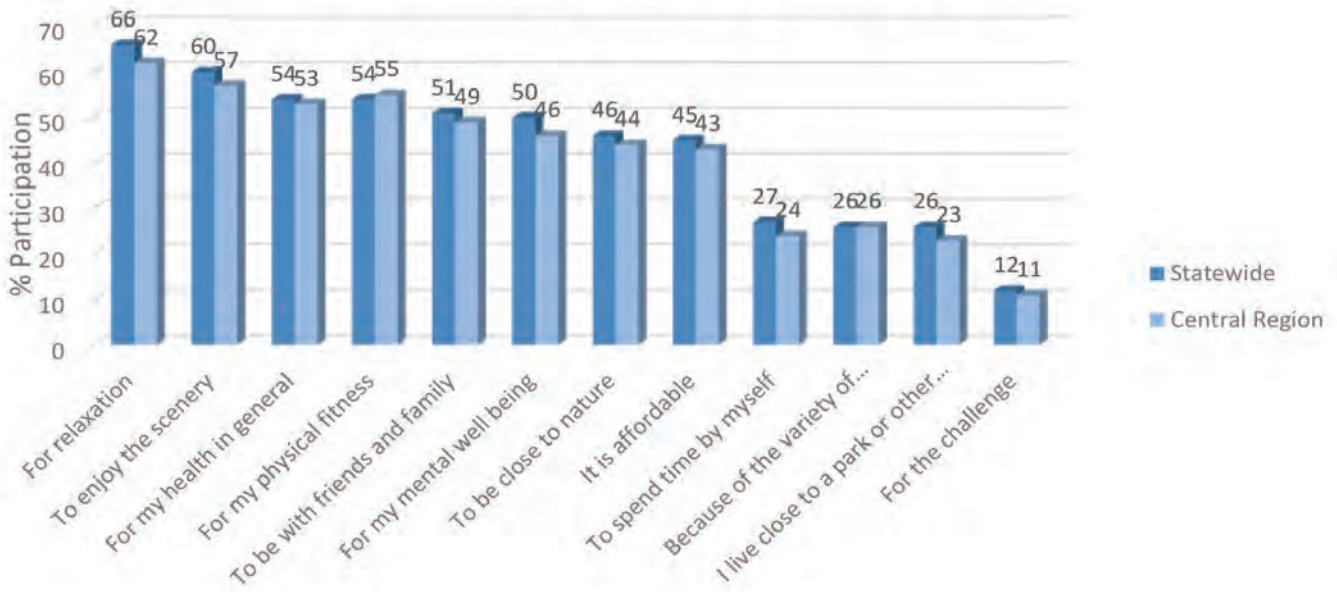
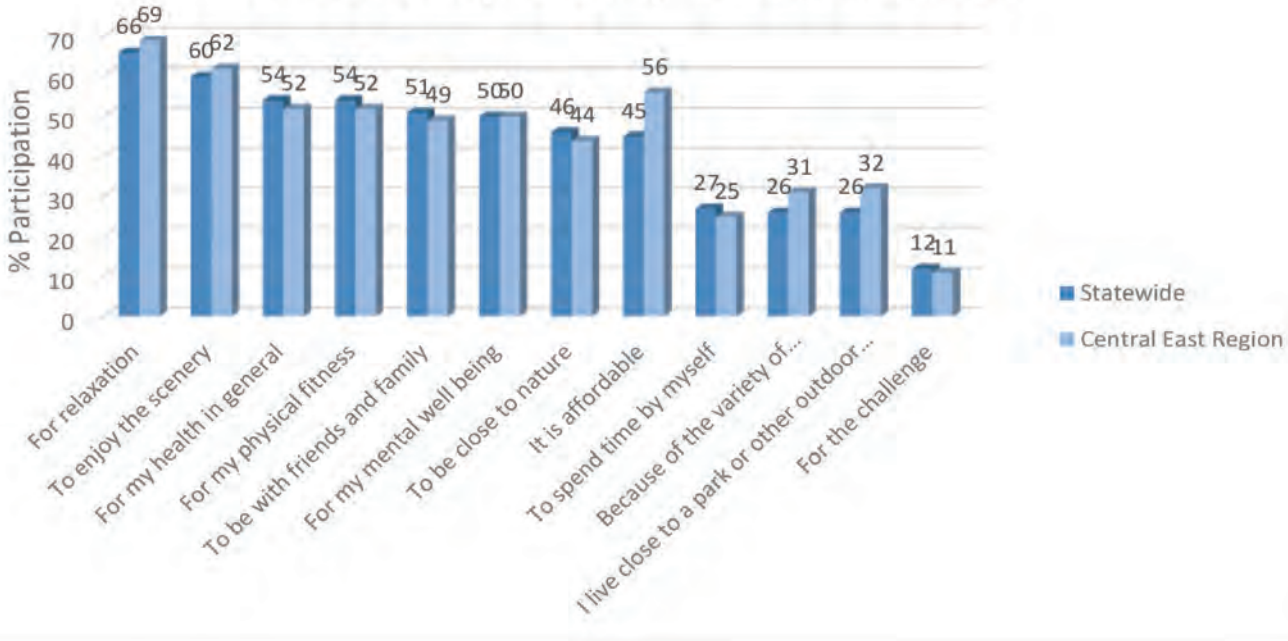


Table 16: Resident Reasons for Participation: Central Region in Comparison to State Average



8

Table 17: Resident Reasons for Participation: Central East Region in Comparison to State Average



[8] The numbers in this Table represent percentages; the % symbol is omitted because the symbol overlaps with neighboring numbers deeming them difficult to read.

Table 18: Resident Reasons for Participation: Central West Region in Comparison to State Average

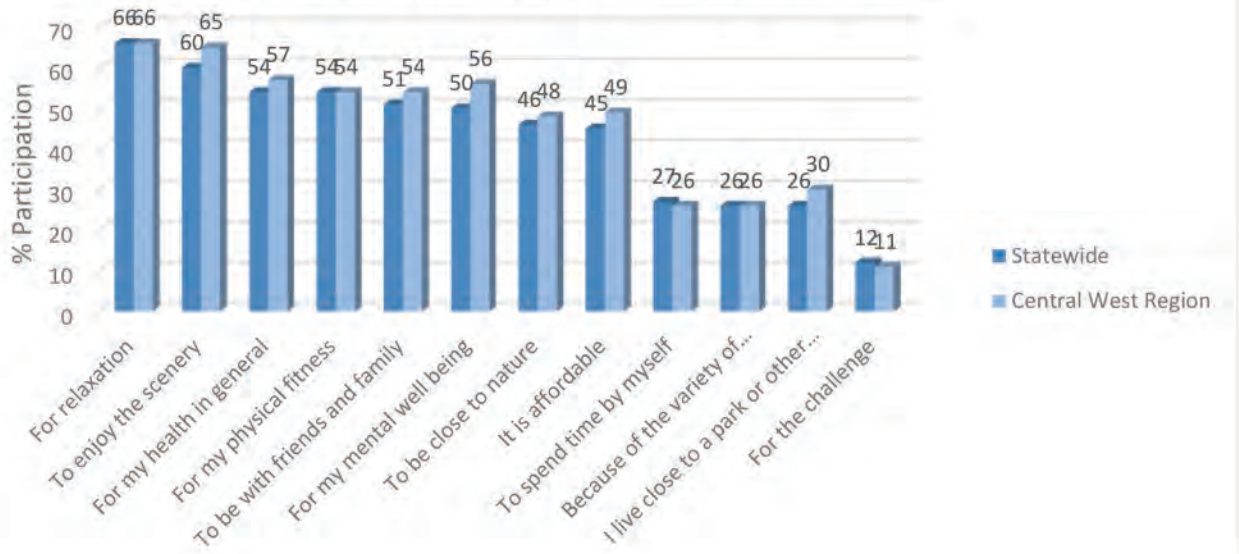


Table 19: Resident Reasons for Participation: North Central Region in Comparison to State Average

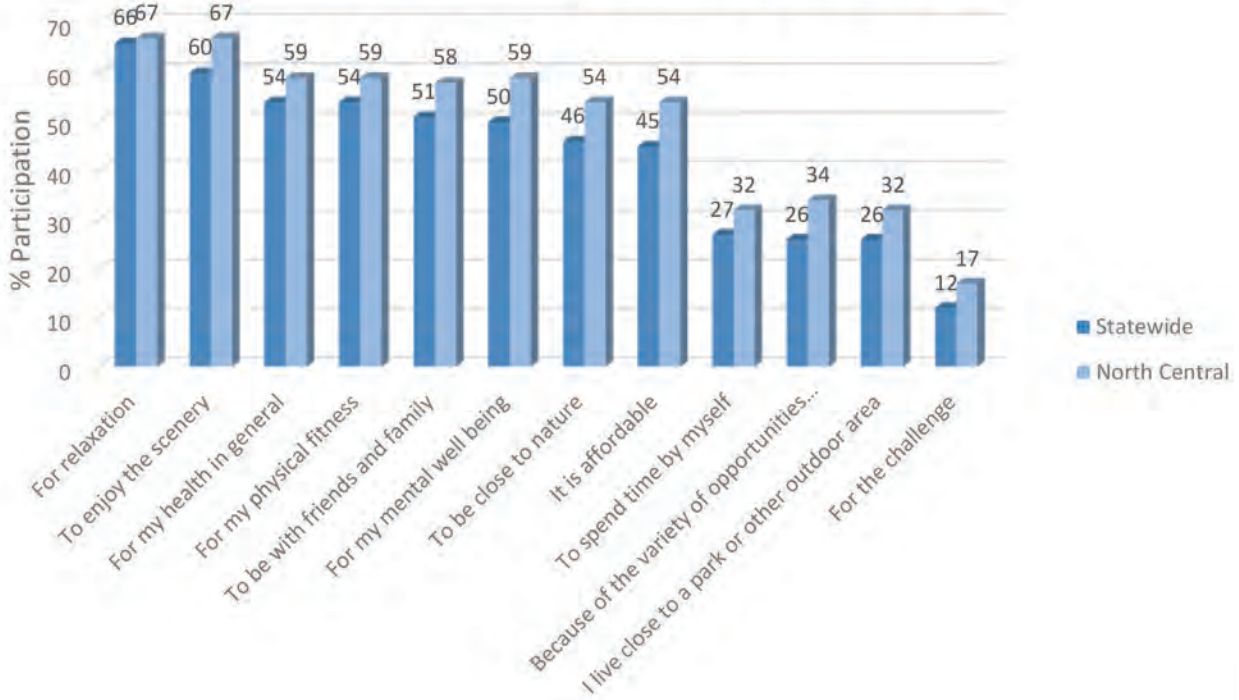


Table 20: Resident Reasons for Participation: Northeast Region in Comparison to State Average

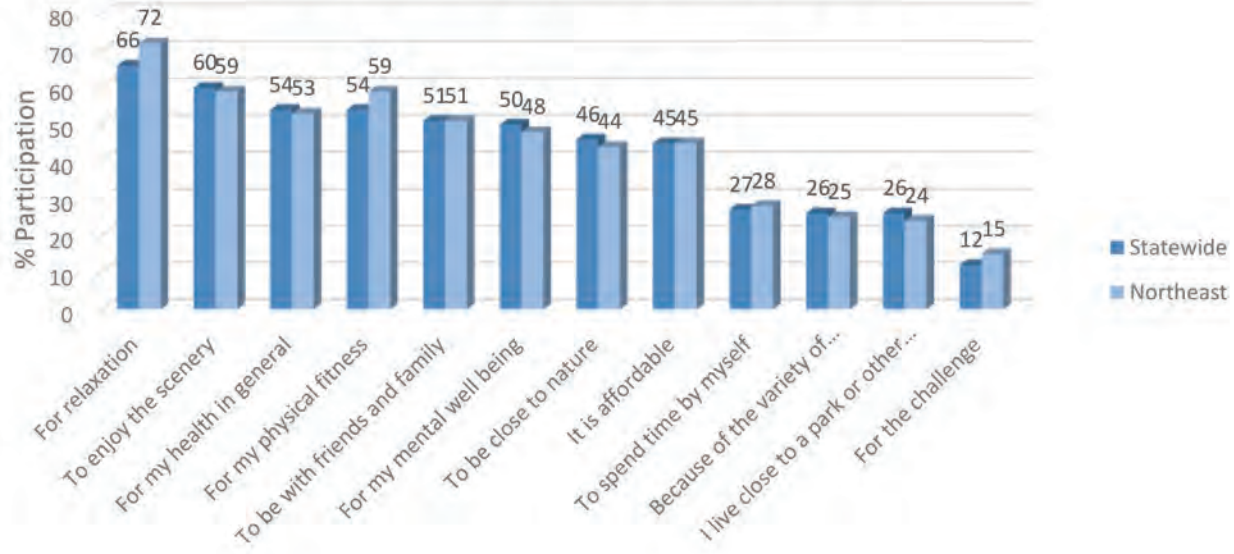


Table 21: Resident Reasons for Participation: Northwest Region in Comparison to State Average

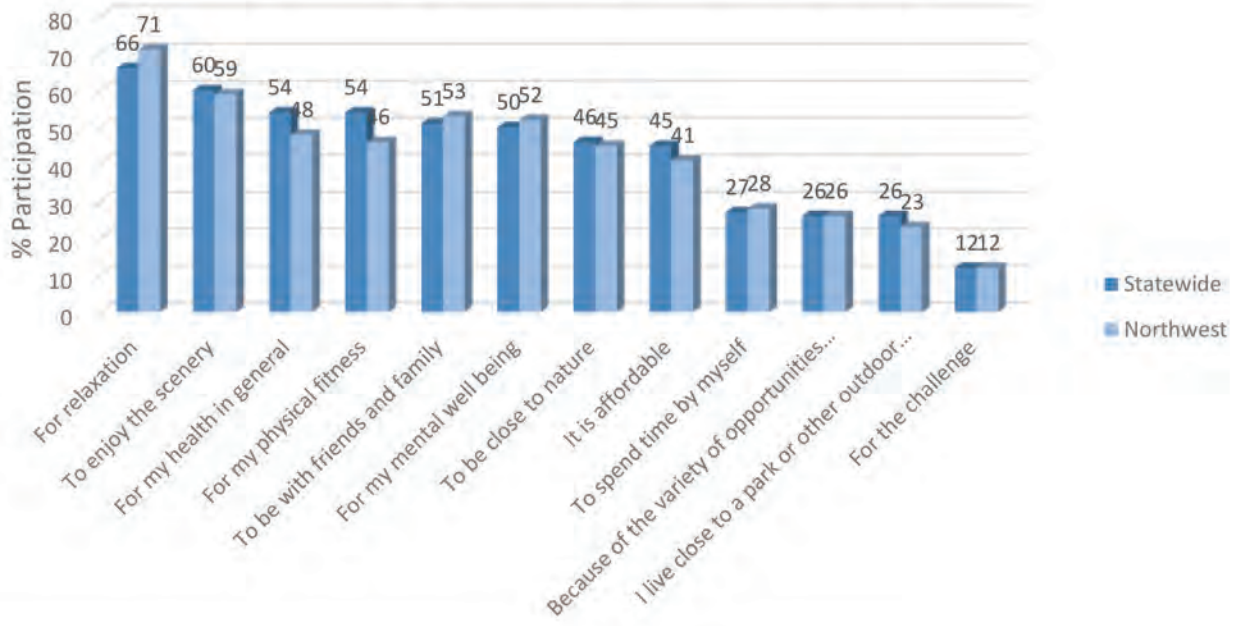


Table 22: Resident Reasons for Participation: Southeast Region in Comparison to State Average

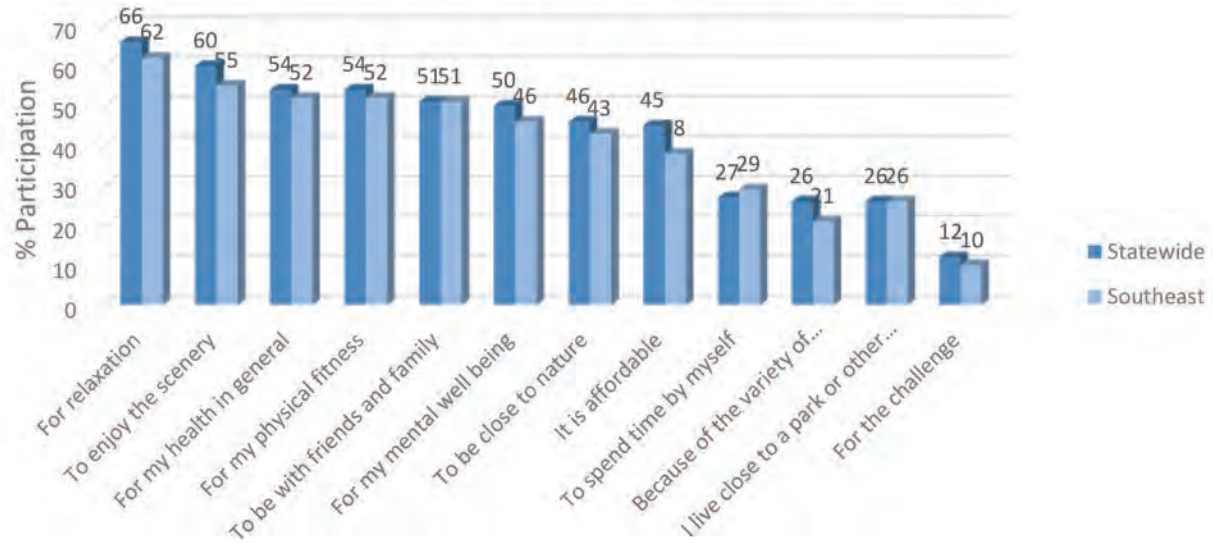


Table 23: Resident Reasons for Participation: Southwest Region in Comparison to State Average

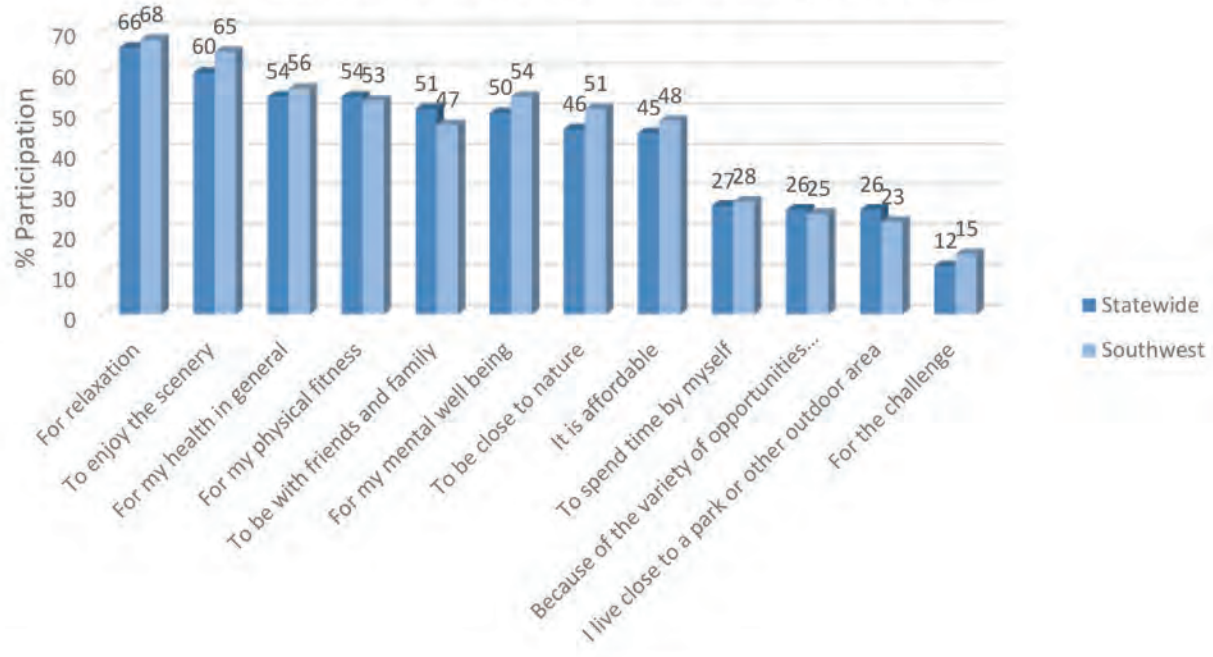


Table 24: What are the most important reasons you participate in outdoor recreation activities in Florida? (Tourist Survey)

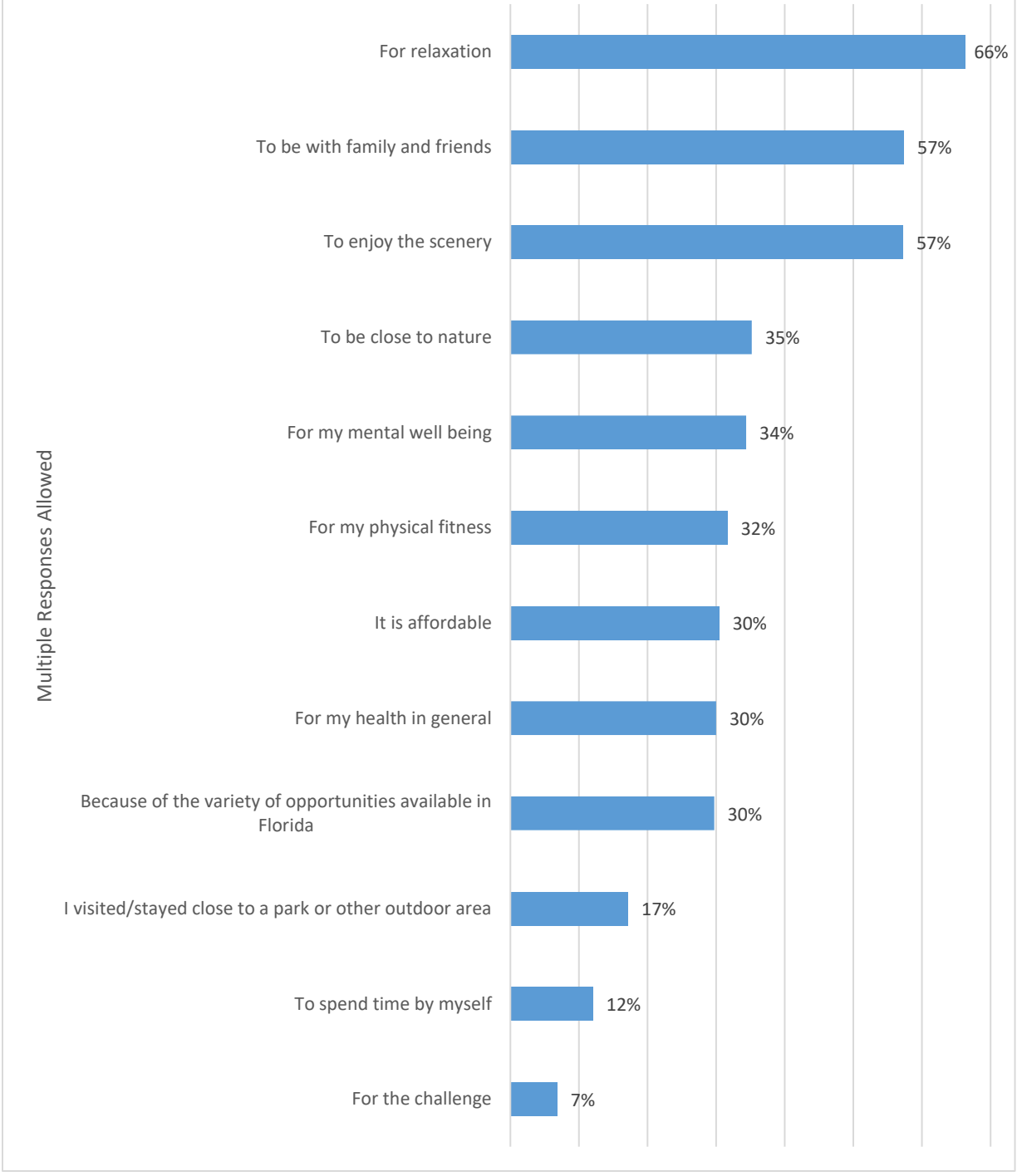
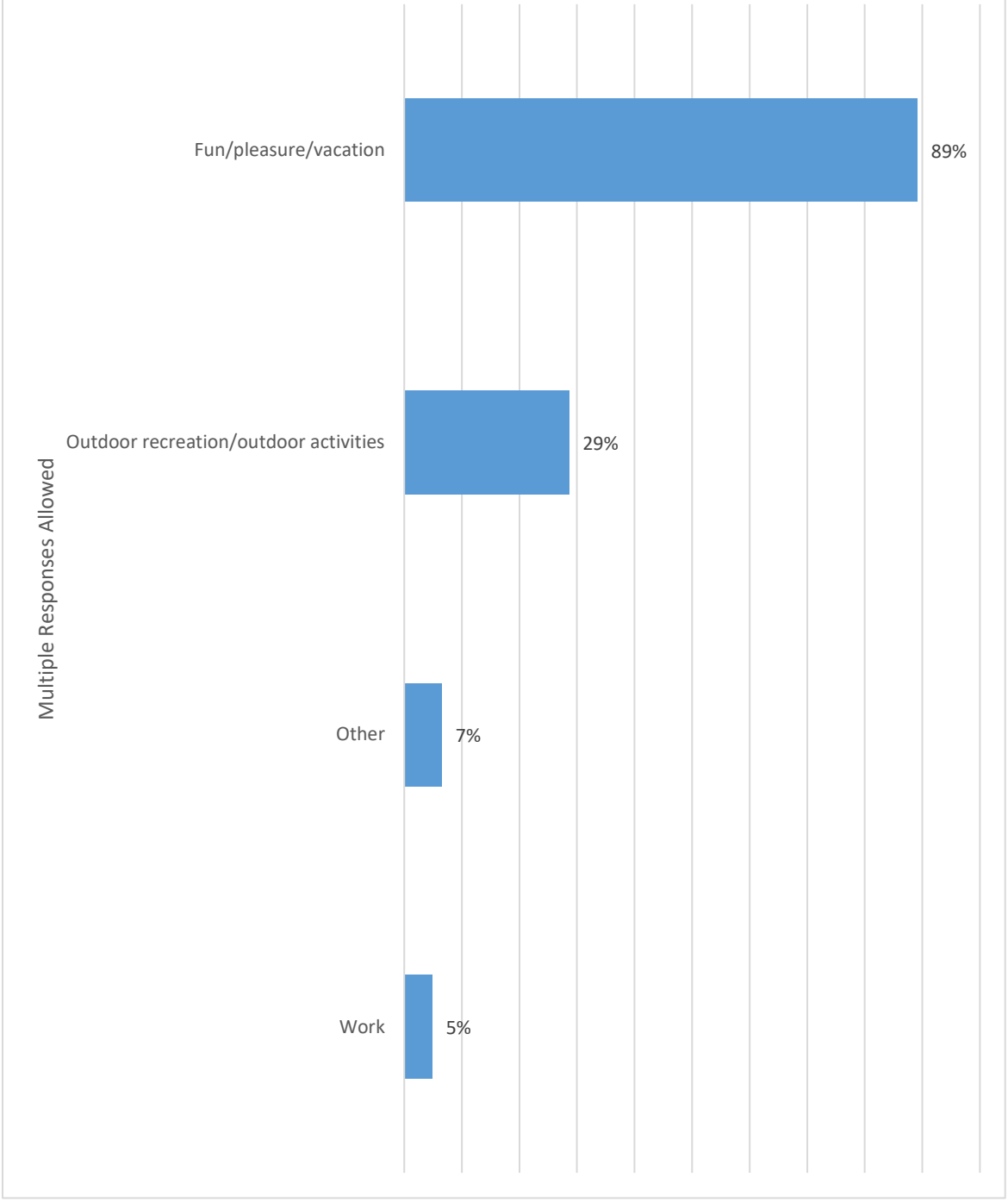


Table 25: What are the main reasons you visited Florida in the past 12 months (Tourist Survey)



3.2 Florida Outdoor Recreation Pull Factors

3.2.1. State-Level Participation Results

Key Takeaways from Section 3.2.1.1. Through Section 3.2.1.7.:

- This portion of the report offers Outdoor Recreation Planners the ability to view the percentage of activity participation (residents, tourists, and combined) as well as the number of days of participation. Nevertheless, the demand index presented in section 3.2.1.6. is particularly useful to Florida Outdoor Recreation Planners because the index combines these variables into a single metric. That is, the demand index accounts for both household participation (percent household participation) as well as frequency of participation (number of days):

Demand Index = Household Participation Rate x Average Days of Participation

- Fitness walking / jogging, which was not included in Florida's 2011 Participation Study, emerges as the top activity with regard to demand by both residents and tourists. In fact, the demand for fitness walking / jogging more than doubles the demand for any other activity for both residents and tourists according to the demand index presented in section 3.2.1.6.

- When comparing the current survey results to previous ones, some consideration may be given to the change in methodology from telephone interviews to the current online method and to the fact that the 2016 survey used language repeatedly to remind the respondent to report for the entire household. Online surveys give respondents more time to reflect and improve the accuracy of their reporting (Evans and Mathur, 2005).

- As seen in the demand index detailed in section 3.2.1.6, while ranked differently, the same top six activities appear for both resident and tourist:

    - Fitness walking / jogging (#1 for both residents and tourists)
    - Bicycling (#2 for residents / #5 for tourists)
    - Wildlife viewing (#3 for residents / #6 for tourists)

- Saltwater beach activities [not including fishing] (#4 for residents / #2 for tourists)
- Swimming [outdoor pool] (#5 for residents / #3 for tourists)
- Hiking (#6 for both residents and tourist)

- Regarding statistical associations between participation in various activities, for both residents and tourists, ALL activities show statistically significant correlations between one another ($p \leq 0.01$ using Pearson's correlation analysis). The fact that each of the activities are correlated with one another is not surprising because the overarching determinant of participation is an active lifestyle. People who have highly active lifestyles tend to engage in more activities; conversely, people who have less active lifestyles tend to participate in fewer activities. This driving force of activeness underpins a statistically significant positive correlation among the activities. With that said, the activities that show the highest positive correlations with each other are as follows:
  - Hiking / Wildlife viewing
  - Horseback riding / Geocaching
  - Horseback riding / Horse camping
  - Picnicking / Saltwater beach activities
  - Picnicking / Wildlife viewing
  - Visiting historical and archeological sites / Wildlife viewing

- Because some of the ethnic groups represented in the resident data set do not match the ethnic composition of Florida's population (http://edr.state.fl.us/Content/population-demographics/data/PopulationEstimates2016.pdf), ethnically-weighted analyses were conducted to test whether the participation patterns of the resident data set still hold when the data is weighted ethnically. As seen in Table 27, the patterns of participation of the ethnically weighted data set mirror the patterns of participation of the non-weighted data set, thus aiding in confirming the adequacy of the study data.

- As one might expect, there are statistically significant gender-based participation differences that are consistent among both residents and tourists. As depicted in section 3.2.1.7. males are statistically more likely to participate in 18 activities; whereas, females are more prone to participate in three activities [fitness walking / jogging; picnicking; swimming in outdoor pools]. The gender differences identified in this study are consistent with the differences also found in other studies. For example, a U.S. Bicycling Participation Benchmarking Study Report released in 2015 also found that males partake in bicycling more than females do in the U.S. [although this gender difference is not as pronounced when considering bicycling for recreation as opposed to bicycling for transportation purposes] (Breakaway Research Group, 2015).

- While use of freshwater boat ramps ranked 20 out of 30 activities in the demand index (Table 39) and saltwater boat ramps ranked 23 out of 30, it is prudent to note that a 2017 report prepared by the Travel and Tourism Research Association (TTRA) states that domestic boat sales between 2011 and 2015 increased by 5 to 6 percent. The same report indicates that saltwater boat purchases grew by 9.4 percent during that same time period (Travel and Tourism Research Association, 2017).

3.2.1.1. Florida Resident Statewide Outdoor Recreation Participation

Table 26: Statewide: Household Participation in Recreational Activities in Florida in the Past 12 months (Resident Survey)

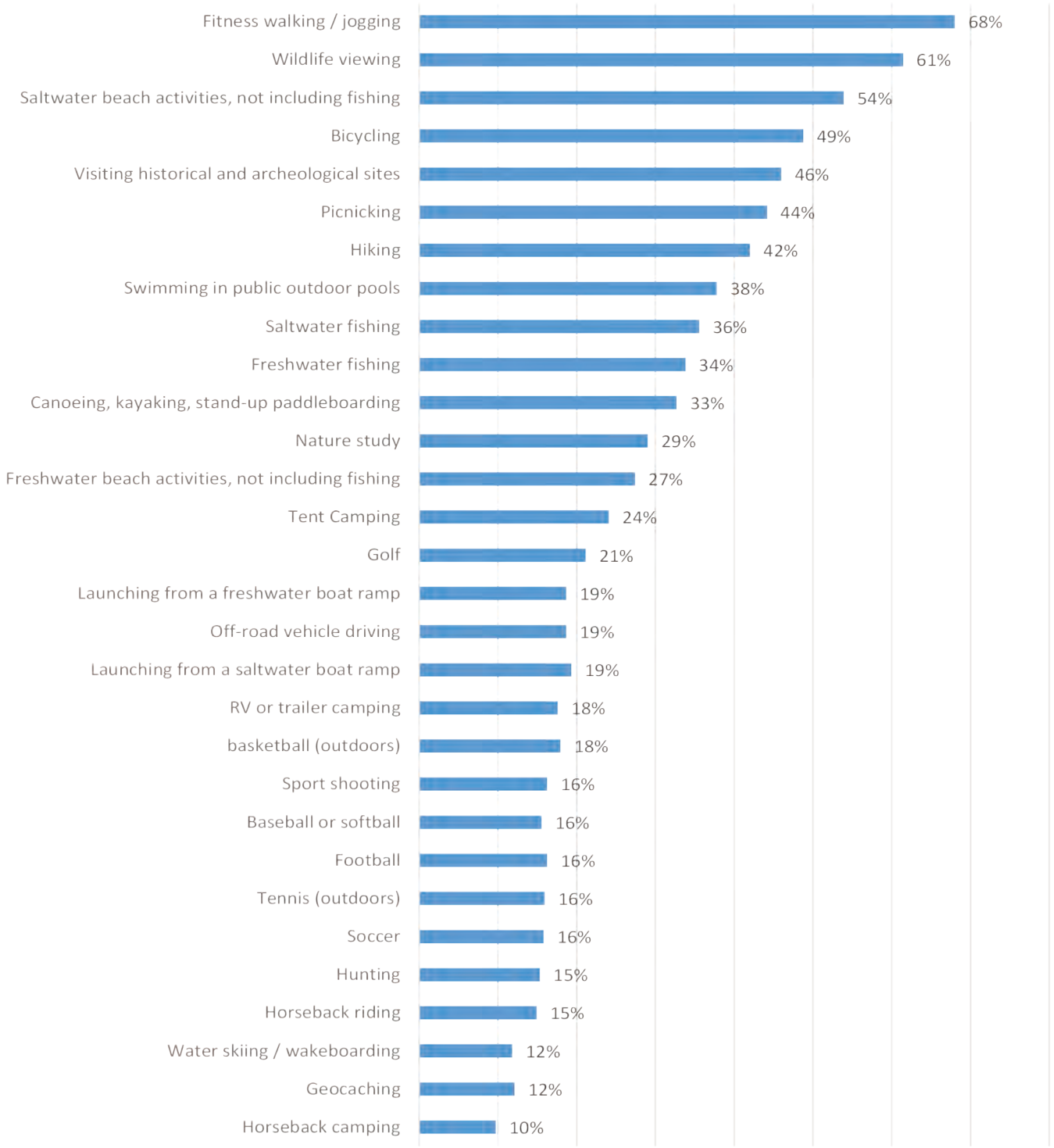
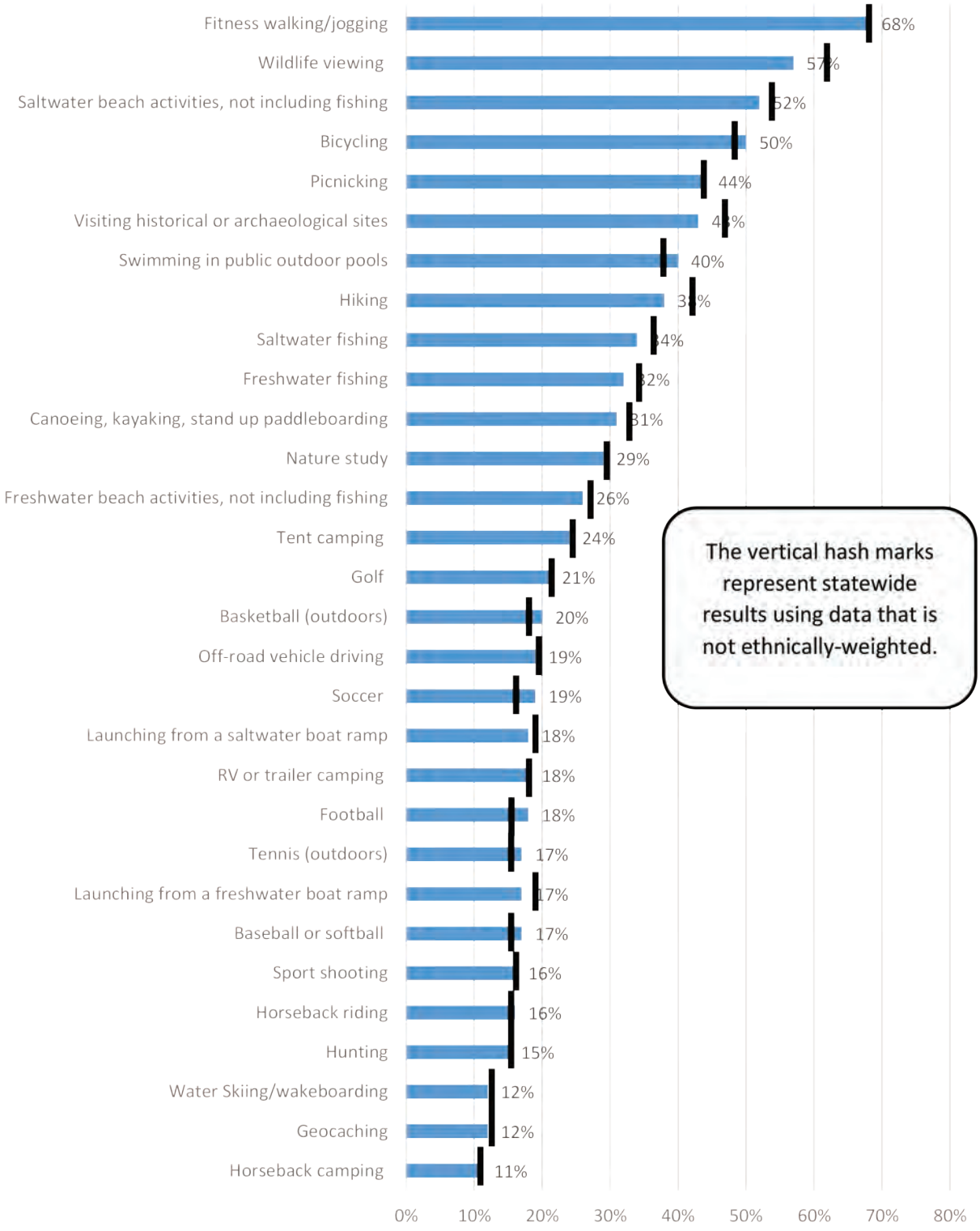


Table 27: Statewide: Household Participation in Recreational Activities in Florida in the Past 12 months (Resident Survey: Ethnically-Weighted Data)



3.2.1.2. Florida Resident Statewide Outdoor Recreation Participation Trends

Table 28: Recreational Activity Participation through Time: Resource-based (Resident survey) (Listed Alphabetically)[9]					
	1985 %	1992 %	2002 %	2011 %	2016 %
Bicycling	35%	24%	46%	44%	49%
Bicycling (paved road/trail)	NM	NM	44%	40%	42%
Bicycling (unpaved road/trail)	NM	NM	22%	16%	14%
Canoeing, kayaking, stand up paddleboarding	10%	3%	14%	27%	33%
Freshwater beach activities, not including fishing	20%	10%	27%	22%	27%
Freshwater fishing	NM	NM	29%	28%	34%
Freshwater fishing (boat)	17%	8%	22%	16%	17%
Freshwater fishing (non-boat)	14%	6%	20%	21%	31%
Geocaching	NM	NM	NM	3%	12%
Hiking	10%	6%	23%	26%	42%
Horseback camping	NM	NM	NM	1%	10%
Horseback riding	8%	3%	9%	6%	15%
Hunting	11%	2%	12%	11%	15%
Launching from a freshwater boat ramp	12%	5%	20%	19%	19%
Launching from a saltwater boat ramp	10%	5%	18%	25%	19%
Nature study	17%	5%	37%	8%	29%
Picnicking	39%	20%	44%	40%	44%
Off-road vehicle driving	NM	NM	16%	15%	19%
RV or trailer camping	8%	3%	10%	9%	18%
Saltwater beach activities, not including fishing	56%	27%	57%	63%	54%
Saltwater fishing	31%	14%	33%	38%	36%
Saltwater fishing (boat)	16%	8%	26%	27%	22%
Saltwater fishing (non-boat)	15%	6%	21%	30%	31%
Sport shooting	NM	NM	NM	11%	16%
Tent camping	10%	3%	16%	17%	24%
Visiting historical or archaeological sites	26%	10%	49%	49%	46%
Water Skiing/wakeboarding	NM	NM	NM	NM	12%
Wildlife viewing	NM	NM	NM	49%	61%

[9] In Tables 30 and 31, 2011 results represent individual respondent data while 2016 results represent entire household data. In SCORP research, entire household data should be analyzed so that youth recreation activities do not go under-reported. As such, the percent change from 2011 to 2016 is not a clear diagnostic of demand change.

Table 29: Recreational Activity Participation through Time: User-oriented (Resident survey) (Listed Alphabetically)[10]					
	1985 %	1992 %	2002 %	2011 %	2016 %
Baseball or softball	13%	7%	20%	15%	16%
Basketball	9%	10%	17%	15%	18%
Fitness walking/jogging	NM	NM	NM	NM	68%
Football	NM	NM	13%	11%	16%
Football or soccer	11%	4%	NM	NM	NM
Golf	15%	9%	19%	15%	21%
Handball or racquetball	5%	3%	5%	NM	NM
Shuffleboard	3%	2%	3%	NM	NM
Soccer	NM	NM	8%	11%	16%
Swimming in public outdoor pools	39%	23%	51%	29%	38%
Tennis	11%	7%	11%	12%	16%

[10] In Tables 30 and 31, 2011 results represent individual respondent data while 2016 results represent entire household data. In SCORP research, entire household data should be analyzed so that youth recreation activities do not go under-reported. As such, the percent change from 2011 to 2016 is not a clear diagnostic of demand change.

Table 30: Recreational Activity Participation through Time (Resident survey) (Listed Alphabetically)[11]

	2002 %	2011 %	2016 %	% Change since 2011	Significance
Baseball or softball	20%	15%	16%	+1%	NS
Basketball (outdoors)	17%	15%	18%	+3%	NS
Bicycling	46%	44%	49%	+5%	P≤ 0.05
Canoeing, kayaking, stand up paddleboarding	14%	27%	33%	+6%	P≤ 0.05
Fitness walking/jogging	NM	NM	68%		NM
Football	13%	11%	16%	+5%	P≤ 0.05
Freshwater beach activities, not including fishing	27%	22%	27%	+5%	P≤ 0.05
Freshwater fishing	29%	28%	34%	+6%	P≤ 0.05
Geocaching	NM	3%	12%	+9%	P≤ 0.01
Golf	19%	15%	21%	+6%	P≤ 0.05
Hiking	23%	26%	42%	+16%	P≤ 0.01
Horseback camping	NM	1%	10%	+9%	P≤ 0.01
Horseback riding	9%	6%	15%	+9%	P≤ 0.01
Hunting	12%	11%	15%	+4%	P≤ 0.05
Launching from a freshwater boat ramp	20%	19%	19%	0%	NS
Launching from a saltwater boat ramp	18%	25%	19%	-6%	P≤ 0.05
Nature study	37%	8%	29%	+21%	P≤ 0.01
Off-road vehicle driving	16%	15%	19%	+4%	P≤ 0.05
Picnicking	44%	40%	44%	+4%	P≤ 0.05
RV or trailer camping	10%	9%	18%	+9%	P≤ 0.01
Saltwater beach activities, not including fishing	57%	63%	54%	-9%	P≤ 0.01
Saltwater fishing	33%	38%	36%	-2%	NS
Soccer	NM	11%	16%	+5%	P≤ 0.05
Sport shooting	NM	11%	16%	+5%	P≤ 0.05
Swimming in public outdoor pools	NM	29%	38%	+9%	P≤ 0.01
Tennis (outdoors)	11%	12%	16%	+4%	P≤ 0.05
Tent camping	16%	17%	24%	+7%	P≤ 0.01
Visiting historical or archaeological sites	49%	49%	46%	-3%	NS
Water Skiing/wakeboarding	NM	NM	12%		NM
Wildlife viewing	NM	49%	61%	+12%	P≤ 0.01

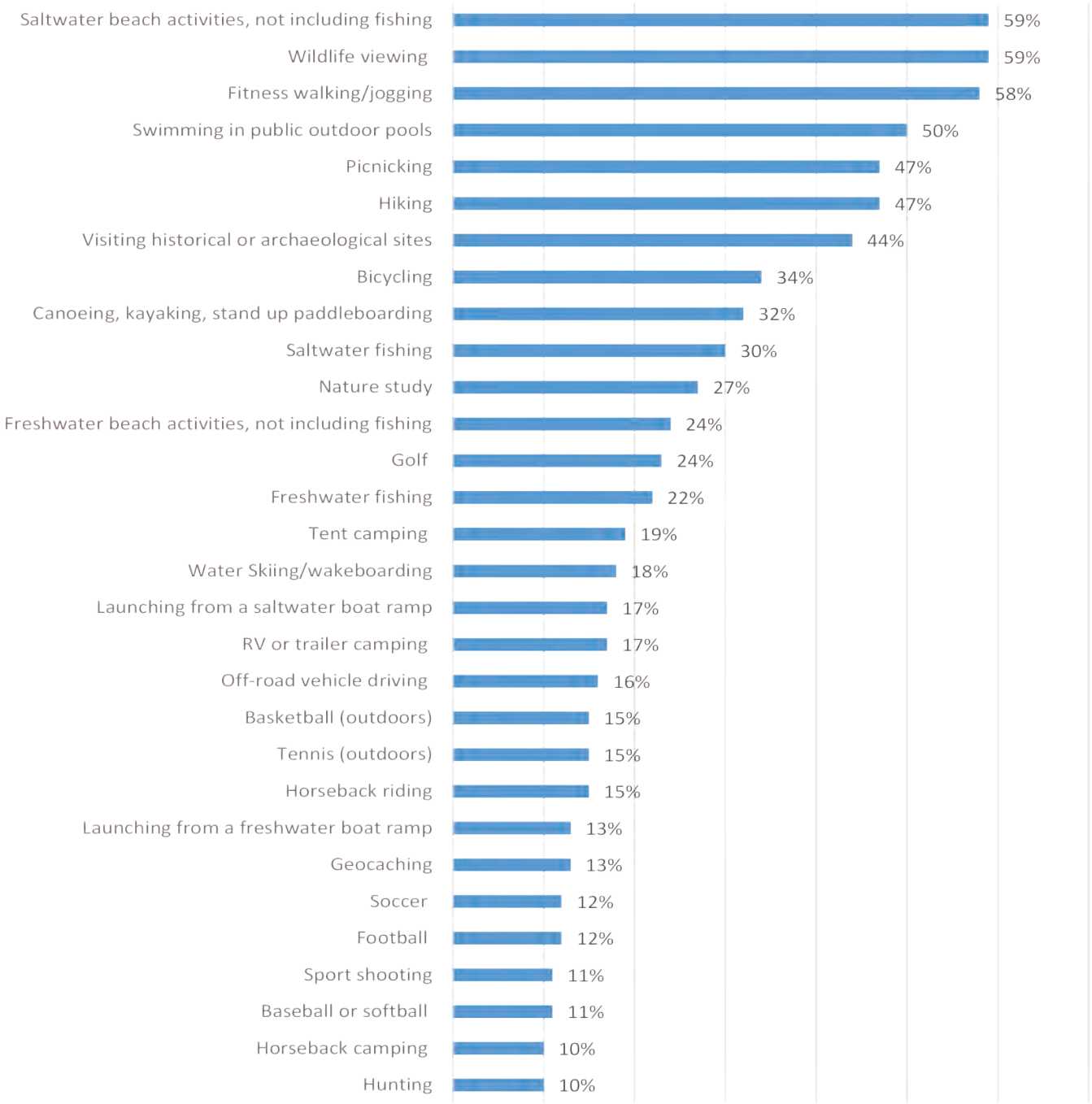
[11] In Tables 30 and 31, 2011 results represent individual respondent data while 2016 results represent entire household data. In SCORP research, entire household data should be analyzed so that youth recreation activities do not go under-reported. As such, the percent change from 2011 to 2016 is not a clear diagnostic of demand change.

Table 31: Recreational Activity Participation through Time (Resident survey) (Ranked According to Magnitude of Change Since 2011)

	2002 %	2011 %	2016 %	% Change Since 2011	Significance
Nature study	37%	8%	29%	+21%	P≤ 0.01
Hiking	23%	26%	42%	+16%	P≤ 0.01
Wildlife viewing	NM	49%	61%	+12%	P≤ 0.01
Geocaching	NM	3%	12%	+9%	P≤ 0.01
Horseback camping	NM	1%	10%	+9%	P≤ 0.01
Horseback riding	9%	6%	15%	+9%	P≤ 0.01
RV or trailer camping	10%	9%	18%	+9%	P≤ 0.01
Swimming in public outdoor pools	NM	29%	38%	+9%	P≤ 0.01
Tent camping	16%	17%	24%	+7%	P≤ 0.01
Canoeing, kayaking, stand up paddleboarding	14%	27%	33%	+6%	P≤ 0.05
Freshwater fishing	29%	28%	34%	+6%	P≤ 0.05
Golf	19%	15%	21%	+6%	P≤ 0.05
Bicycling	46%	44%	49%	+5%	P≤ 0.05
Football	13%	11%	16%	+5%	P≤ 0.05
Freshwater beach activities, not including fishing	27%	22%	27%	+5%	P≤ 0.05
Soccer	NM	11%	16%	+5%	P≤ 0.05
Sport shooting	NM	11%	16%	+5%	P≤ 0.05
Hunting	12%	11%	15%	+4%	P≤ 0.05
Off-road vehicle driving	16%	15%	19%	+4%	P≤ 0.05
Picnicking	44%	40%	44%	+4%	P≤ 0.05
Tennis (outdoors)	11%	12%	16%	+4%	P≤ 0.05
Basketball (outdoors)	17%	15%	18%	+3%	NS
Baseball or softball	20%	15%	16%	+1%	NS
Launching from a freshwater boat ramp	20%	19%	19%	0%	NS
Saltwater fishing	33%	38%	36%	-2%	NS
Visiting historical or archaeological sites	49%	49%	46%	-3%	NS
Launching from a saltwater boat ramp	18%	25%	19%	-6%	P≤ 0.05
Saltwater beach activities, not including fishing	57%	63%	54%	-9%	P≤ 0.01
Fitness walking/jogging	NM	NM	68%	NM	NM
Water skiing/wakeboarding	NM	NM	12%	NM	NM

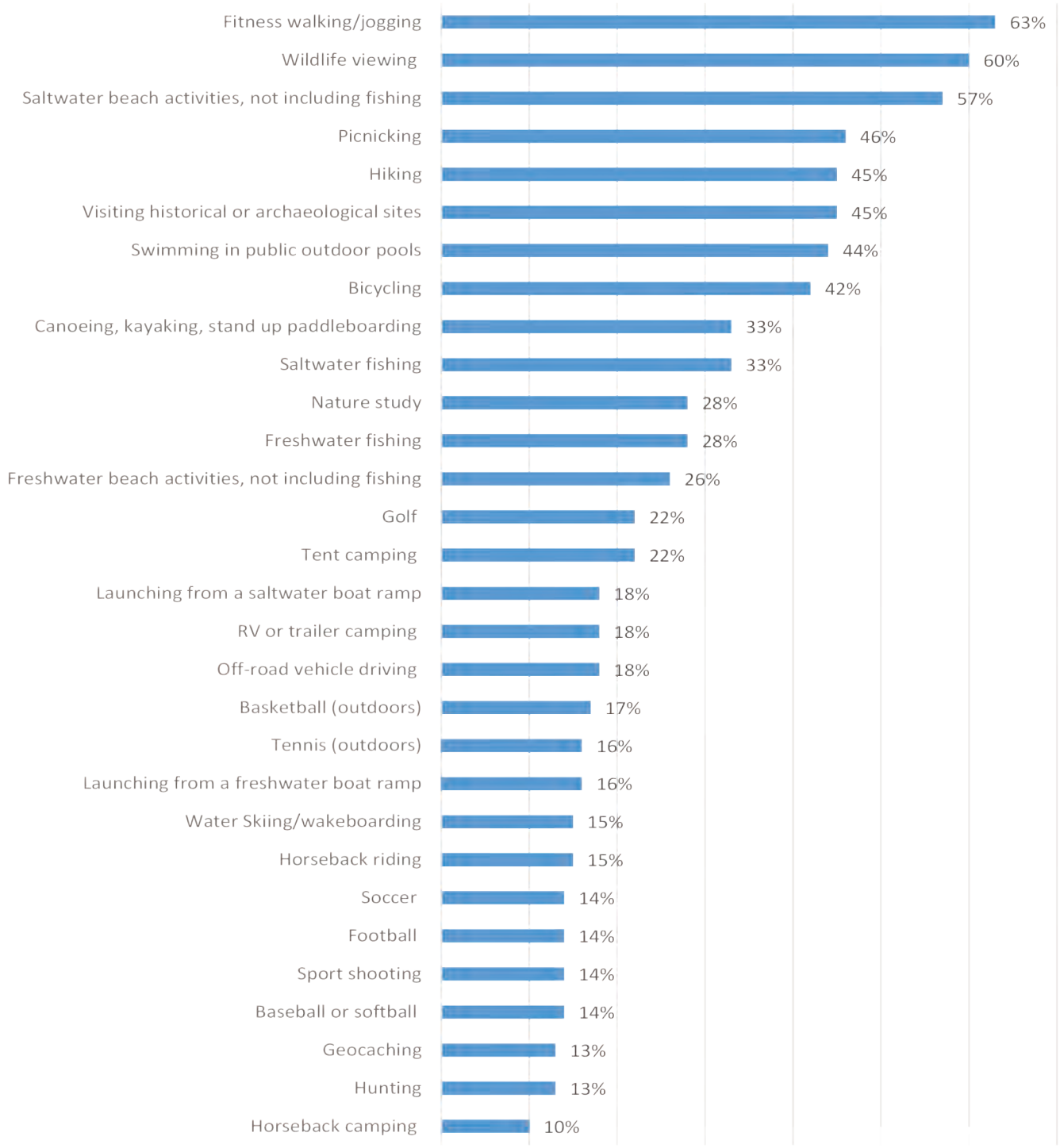
3.2.1.3. Florida Tourist Statewide Outdoor Recreation Participation

Table 32: Statewide: Household Participation in Recreational Activities in Florida in the Past 12 months (Tourist Survey)



3.2.1.4. Total Florida Tourist Statewide Outdoor Recreation Participation: Combined Resident and Tourist Participation

Table 33: Statewide: Overall Activity Participation: Resident and Tourist Results Combined



3.2.1.5 Activity Participation According to Number of Days

Table 34: Days of Participation, Resident Households										
	Mean (average)	Median	Responses	Household Participation Rate	% 1-5 days	% 6-10 days	%11-20 days	% >20 days	% > 50 days*	% >100 days**
Fitness Walking/ Jogging	86.8	40	2440	68%	16%	10%	13%	61%	41%	27%
Bicycling	40.1	12	1727	49%	32%	15%	15%	38%	19%	10%
Wildlife Viewing	22.6	5	2131	61%	53%	16%	11%	19%	8%	5%
Basketball (outdoor)	21.8	6	543	18%	48%	17%	11%	24%	9%	4%
Soccer	21.6	6	480	16%	48%	17%	13%	22%	9%	4%
Swimming (outdoor pool)	20.8	6	1308	38%	47%	17%	14%	22%	8%	4%
Tennis (outdoor)	20.4	5	466	16%	55%	15%	13%	17%	11%	5%
Baseball/Softball	18.8	5	432	16%	51%	14%	14%	21%	9%	3%
Golf	17.9	5	648	21%	54%	15%	11%	20%	8%	3%
Football	16.8	5	448	16%	57%	13%	11%	19%	8%	2%
Saltwater Beach	16.0	6	1842	54%	46%	21%	16%	17%	6%	2%
Hiking	16.0	5	1366	42%	56%	17%	13%	14%	5%	3%
OHV Driving[12]	15.3	4	543	19%	61%	14%	10%	16%	6%	3%
RV or Trailer Camping	14.3	4	505	18%	60%	15%	11%	13%	5%	2%
Freshwater Boat Ramp	14.0	4	501	19%	61%	14%	11%	14%	5%	2%
Nature Study	13.9	3	938	29%	67%	12%	9%	12%	5%	2%
Geocaching	13.4	3	299	12%	66%	13%	8%	12%	5%	3%
Saltwater Fishing	13.4	5	1148	36%	58%	17%	11%	14%	5%	1%
Freshwater Fishing	12.8	5	1050	34%	60%	16%	11%	13%	5%	2%
Saltwater Boat Ramp	12.8	5	550	19%	58%	16%	13%	13%	4%	1%
Freshwater Beach	10.8	4	802	27%	62%	19%	9%	10%	4%	1%
Horseback Riding	10.8	2	428	15%	77%	11%	4%	9%	4%	2%
Waterski/ Wakeboard	9.6	4	310	12%	66%	16%	8%	10%	2%	1%
Canoe/Kayak/SUP[13]	9.3	4	1029	33%	64%	17%	11%	8%	3%	1%
Hunting	9.3	3	385	15%	69%	11%	10%	10%	3%	1%
Sport Shooting	8.4	3	443	16%	67%	16%	7%	9%	2%	0%
Picnicking	7.8	4	1530	44%	70%	15%	8%	7%	2%	1%
Horse Camping	7.2	2	246	10%	78%	9%	6%	7%	2%	1%
Tent Camping	6.9	3	745	24%	70%	17%	8%	5%	2%	0%
Visit Hist. /Arch. Sites	5.7	2	1450	46%	82%	9%	5%	4%	1%	0%
* The greater than 50 and greater than 100 percentages are also included in the greater than 20 percentage.										
** The greater than 100 percentage is also included in the greater than 50 percentage.										

[12] OHV stands for off-highway vehicle; this abbreviation was used in Tables with limited space.
[13] SUP stands for stand up paddle boarding; this abbreviation was used in Tables with limited space.

Table 35: Days of Participation, Tourist Households										
	Mean (average)	Median	Responses	Household Participation Rate	% 1-5 Days	% 6-10 Days	%11-20 Days	% >20 Days	% > 50 Days*	% >100 Days**
Fitness Walking/ Jogging	8.8	4	1679	58%	69%	19%	6%	6%	3%	1%
RV or Trailer Camping	5.1	3	421	17%	72%	18%	8%	2%	1%	0%
Swimming (outdoor pool)	4.8	3	1437	50%	78%	15%	5%	2%	1%	0%
Bicycling	4.6	2	934	34%	87%	8%	2%	4%	1%	0%
Saltwater Beach	4.6	3	1704	59%	78%	15%	5%	2%	0%	0%
Wildlife Viewing	3.6	1	1701	59%	91%	6%	2%	1%	1%	0%
Tent Camping	3.4	2	477	19%	88%	9%	2%	1%	0%	0%
Golf	3.3	1	609	23%	92%	5%	2%	2%	1%	0%
Soccer	3.2	1	264	12%	89%	6%	3%	2%	0%	0%
Tennis (outdoor)	3.1	1	364	15%	92%	5%	1%	2%	1%	0%
Hunting	3.0	1	220	10%	90%	5%	4%	1%	0%	0%
Hiking	3.0	1	1326	47%	92%	5%	2%	1%	0%	0%
Nature Study	2.9	1	733	27%	92%	5%	2%	1%	0%	0%
Geocaching	2.9	1	287	13%	92%	6%	1%	1%	1%	0%
Saltwater Fishing	2.8	1	816	30%	92%	6%	1%	1%	0%	0%
Baseball/Softball	2.8	1	222	11%	88%	8%	2%	1%	0%	0%
Freshwater Beach	2.8	1	618	24%	90%	7%	3%	1%	0%	0%
Freshwater Fishing	2.5	1	581	24%	92%	5%	1%	1%	0%	0%
Saltwater Boat Ramp	2.5	1	415	17%	93%	6%	1%	1%	0%	0%
Basketball (outdoor)	2.5	1	358	15%	92%	6%	1%	1%	0%	0%
Picnicking	2.5	1	1327	47%	93%	5%	1%	1%	0%	0%
Horseback Riding	2.4	1	363	15%	95%	3%	1%	1%	0%	0%
Horse Camping	2.3	1	217	10%	95%	2%	2%	1%	0%	0%
OHV Driving	2.3	1	402	16%	94%	4%	1%	1%	0%	0%
Football	2.3	1	259	12%	91%	7%	1%	0%	0%	0%
Sport Shooting	2.3	1	228	11%	95%	4%	1%	0%	0%	0%
Freshwater Boat Ramp	2.3	1	310	13%	95%	3%	1%	1%	0%	0%
Canoe/Kayak/SUP	2.1	1	863	32%	95%	3%	1%	0%	0%	0%
Waterski/ Wakeboard	2.1	1	432	18%	95%	4%	1%	0%	0%	0%
Visit Hist. /Arch. Sites	2.0	1	1241	44%	96%	3%	1%	0%	0%	0%
* The greater than 50 and greater than 100 percentages are also included in the greater than 20 percentage.										
** The greater than 100 percentage is also included in the greater than 50 percentage.										

Table 36: Mean (Average) Days of Participation, Residents and Tourists						
Rank	Activities	Residents		Rank	Activities	Tourists
1	Fitness Walking/ Jogging	86.8		1	Fitness Walking/ Jogging	8.8
2	Bicycling	40.1		2	RV or Trailer Camping	5.1
3	Wildlife Viewing	22.6		3	Swimming (outdoor pool)	4.8
4	Basketball (outdoor)	21.8		4	Bicycling	4.6
5	Soccer	21.6		5	Saltwater Beach	4.6
6	Swimming (outdoor pool)	20.8		6	Wildlife Viewing	3.6
7	Tennis (outdoor)	20.4		7	Tent Camping	3.4
8	Baseball/Softball	18.8		8	Golf	3.3
9	Golf	17.9		9	Soccer	3.2
10	Football	16.8		10	Tennis (outdoor)	3.1
11	Saltwater Beach	16.0		11	Hunting	3.0
12	Hiking	16.0		12	Hiking	3.0
13	OHV Driving	15.3		13	Nature Study	2.9
14	RV or Trailer Camping	14.3		14	Geocaching	2.9
15	Freshwater Boat Ramp	14.0		15	Saltwater Fishing	2.8
16	Nature Study	13.9		16	Baseball/Softball	2.8
17	Geocaching	13.4		17	Freshwater Beach	2.8
18	Saltwater Fishing	13.4		18	Freshwater Fishing	2.5
19	Freshwater Fishing	12.8		19	Saltwater Boat Ramp	2.5
20	Saltwater Boat Ramp	12.8		20	Basketball (outdoor)	2.5
21	Freshwater Beach	10.8		21	Picnicking	2.5
22	Horseback Riding	10.8		22	Horseback Riding	2.4
23	Waterski/ Wakeboard	9.6		23	Horse Camping	2.3
24	Canoe/Kayak/SUP	9.3		24	OHV Driving	2.3
25	Hunting	9.3		25	Football	2.3
26	Sport Shooting	8.4		26	Sport Shooting	2.3
27	Picnicking	7.8		27	Freshwater Boat Ramp	2.3
28	Horse Camping	7.2		28	Canoe/Kayak/SUP	2.1
29	Tent Camping	6.9		29	Waterski/ Wakeboard	2.1
30	Visit Hist./Arch. Sites	5.7		30	Visit Hist./Arch. Sites	2.0

Table 37: Median Days of Participation, Residents and Tourists						
Rank	Activities	Residents		Rank	Activities	Tourists
1	Fitness Walking/ Jogging	40		1	Fitness Walking/ Jogging	4
2	Bicycling	12		2	RV or Trailer Camping	3
3	Basketball (outdoor)	6		3	Swimming (outdoor pool)	3
4	Soccer	6		4	Saltwater Beach	3
5	Swimming (outdoor pool)	6		5	Bicycling	2
6	Saltwater Beach	6		6	Tent Camping	2
7	Wildlife Viewing	5		7	Wildlife Viewing	1
8	Tennis (outdoor)	5		8	Golf	1
9	Baseball/Softball	5		9	Soccer	1
10	Golf	5		10	Tennis (outdoor)	1
11	Football	5		11	Hunting	1
12	Hiking	5		12	Hiking	1
13	Saltwater Fishing	5		13	Nature Study	1
14	Freshwater Fishing	5		14	Geocaching	1
15	Saltwater Boat Ramp	5		15	Saltwater Fishing	1
16	OHV Driving	4		16	Baseball/Softball	1
17	RV or Trailer Camping	4		17	Freshwater Beach	1
18	Freshwater Boat Ramp	4		18	Freshwater Fishing	1
19	Freshwater Beach	4		19	Saltwater Boat Ramp	1
20	Canoe/Kayak/SUP	4		20	Basketball (outdoor)	1
21	Picnicking	4		21	Picnicking	1
22	Waterski/ Wakeboard	4		22	Horseback Riding	1
23	Nature Study	3		23	Horse Camping	1
24	Geocaching	3		24	OHV Driving	1
25	Hunting	3		25	Football	1
26	Sport Shooting	3		26	Sport Shooting	1
27	Tent Camping	3		27	Freshwater Boat Ramp	1
28	Horseback Riding	2		28	Canoe/Kayak/SUP	1
29	Horse Camping	2		29	Waterski/ Wakeboard	1
30	Visit Hist./Arch. Sites	2		30	Visit Hist./Arch. Sites	1

Table 38: Mean (Average) Days of Participation, High Frequency Activities, Residents and Tourists						
Residents				Tourists		
Rank	Activities	% >20 days		Rank	Activities	% >5 Days
1	Fitness Walking/ Jogging	61%		1	Fitness Walking/ Jogging	31%
2	Bicycling	38%		2	RV or Trailer Camping	28%
3	Basketball (outdoor)	24%		3	Saltwater Beach	22%
4	Swimming (outdoor pool)	22%		4	Swimming (outdoor pool)	22%
5	Soccer	22%		5	Bicycling	13%
6	Baseball/Softball	21%		6	Tent Camping	12%
7	Golf	20%		7	Baseball/Softball	12%
8	Football	19%		8	Soccer	11%
9	Wildlife Viewing	19%		9	Freshwater Beach	10%
10	Tennis (outdoor)	17%		10	Hunting	10%
11	Saltwater Beach	17%		11	Wildlife Viewing	9%
12	OHV Driving	16%		12	Football	9%
13	Freshwater Boat Ramp	14%		13	Golf	8%
14	Hiking	14%		14	Nature Study	8%
15	Saltwater Fishing	14%		15	Hiking	8%
16	Saltwater Boat Ramp	13%		16	Saltwater Fishing	8%
17	Freshwater Fishing	13%		17	Geocaching	8%
18	RV or Trailer Camping	13%		18	Basketball (outdoor)	8%
19	Geocaching	12%		19	Tennis (outdoor)	8%
20	Nature Study	12%		20	Freshwater Fishing	8%
21	Freshwater Beach	10%		21	Saltwater Boat Ramp	7%
22	Hunting	10%		22	Picnicking	7%
23	Waterski/ Wakeboard	10%		23	OHV Driving	6%
24	Horseback Riding	9%		24	Sport Shooting	5%
25	Sport Shooting	9%		25	Freshwater Boat Ramp	5%
26	Canoe/Kayak/SUP	8%		26	Waterski/ Wakeboard	5%
27	Picnicking	7%		27	Horse Camping	5%
28	Horse Camping	7%		28	Horseback Riding	5%
29	Tent Camping	5%		29	Canoe/Kayak/SUP	5%
30	Visit Hist./Arch. Sites	4%		30	Visit Hist./Arch. Sites	4%

3.2.1.6. Activity Demand Index

Table 39: Demand Index* for Participation, Residents and Tourists * Demand Index = Household Participation Rate x Average Days of Participation						
Residents				Tourists		
Rank		Demand Index		Rank		Demand Index
1	Fitness Walking/ Jogging	59.0		1	Fitness Walking/ Jogging	5.1
2	Bicycling	19.6		2	Saltwater Beach	2.7
3	Wildlife Viewing	13.8		3	Swimming (outdoor pool)	2.4
4	Saltwater Beach	8.7		4	Wildlife Viewing	2.1
5	Swimming (outdoor pool)	7.9		5	Bicycling	1.6
6	Hiking	6.7		6	Hiking	1.4
7	Saltwater Fishing	4.8		7	Picnicking	1.2
8	Freshwater Fishing	4.3		8	Visit Hist. /Arch. Sites	0.9
9	Nature Study	4.0		9	RV or Trailer Camping	0.9
10	Basketball (outdoor)	3.9		10	Saltwater Fishing	0.8
11	Golf	3.8		11	Nature Study	0.8
12	Soccer	3.5		12	Golf	0.8
13	Picnicking	3.4		13	Canoe/Kayak/SUP	0.7
14	Tennis (outdoor)	3.3		14	Freshwater Beach	0.7
15	Canoe/Kayak/SUP	3.1		15	Tent Camping	0.6
16	Baseball/Softball	3.0		16	Freshwater Fishing	0.6
17	Freshwater Beach	2.9		17	Tennis (outdoor)	0.5
18	OHV Driving	2.9		18	Saltwater Boat Ramp	0.4
19	Football	2.7		19	Soccer	0.4
20	Freshwater Boat Ramp	2.7		20	Waterski/ Wakeboard	0.4
21	Visit Hist. /Arch. Sites	2.6		21	Basketball (outdoor)	0.4
22	RV or Trailer Camping	2.6		22	OHV Driving	0.4
23	Saltwater Boat Ramp	2.4		23	Geocaching	0.4
24	Tent Camping	1.7		24	Horseback Riding	0.4
25	Horseback Riding	1.6		25	Baseball/Softball	0.3
26	Geocaching	1.6		26	Hunting	0.3
27	Hunting	1.4		27	Freshwater Boat Ramp	0.3
28	Sport Shooting	1.3		28	Football	0.3
29	Waterski/ Wakeboard	1.1		29	Sport Shooting	0.3
30	Horse Camping	0.7		30	Horse Camping	0.2

3.2.1.7. Statistically Significant Gender Differences Regarding Participation

Table 40: Statistically Significant Gender Differences Regarding Activity Participation (Combined Resident and Tourist Participation)	
Activity	**Statistically Significant Difference ($p \leq 0.05$)**
Baseball/Softball	Males prone to participate more
Basketball (outdoor)	Males prone to participate more
Bicycling	Males prone to participate more
Canoe/Kayak/SUP	NS[14]
Fitness Walking/ Jogging	Females prone to participate more
Football	Males prone to participate more
Freshwater Beach	NS
Freshwater Boat Ramp	Males prone to participate more
Freshwater Fishing	Males prone to participate more
Geocaching	NS
Golf	Males prone to participate more
Hiking	Males prone to participate more
Horse Camping	Males prone to participate more
Horseback Riding	NS
Hunting	Males prone to participate more
Nature Study	NS
OHV Driving	Males prone to participate more
Picnicking	Females prone to participate more
RV or Trailer Camping	NS
Saltwater Beach	NS
Saltwater Boat Ramp	Males prone to participate more
Saltwater Fishing	Males prone to participate more
Soccer	Males prone to participate more
Sport Shooting	Males prone to participate more
Swimming (outdoor pool)	Females prone to participate more
Tennis (outdoor)	NS
Tent Camping	Males prone to participate more
Visit Hist. /Arch. Sites	Males prone to participate more
Waterski/ Wakeboard	Males prone to participate more
Wildlife Viewing	NS

[14] NS denotes no significant gender difference with regard to participation.

3.2.2. Regional-Level Participation Results

Key Takeaways from Section 3.2.2.1. Through Section 3.2.2.4.:

- It is recommended by the Society of Outdoor Recreation Professionals (SORP) that local and county outdoor recreation plans tier to the state's SCORP whenever possible (https://www.recpro.org/assets/SORP_Reports/scorp_session_summary_2012_conference.pdf). Therefore, this portion of the report provides Florida residents' activity participation levels according to their region of residence and according to their region of participation:
    - Section 3.2.2.1. offers activities according to location of residence. This section is useful because it is largely these individuals' tax dollars that are being invested in maintaining and improving outdoor recreation opportunities in these localities. Each of the Tables in this section contains a green line that represents statewide results. This green line is present on the Tables to illustrate how given regional results compare to statewide figures. For instance, as seen in Table 44, many of the activities in the North Central Region exceed the statewide average with regard to participation.
    - Section 3.2.2.2. lists activities according to residents' location of participation. The Central West Region, for example, is tied with the Southeast Region with regard to where residents go to canoe, kayak, or stand up paddleboard, but the Southeast Region far exceeds the Central West Region in terms of where residents play soccer.
- This regional portion of this report also details which regions of Florida tourists visit to participate in various activities (section 3.2.2.3). For instance, the Central Region trumps all other regions in terms of tourists' participation in golf; the Northeast Region leads with regard to where tourists visit historical and archaeological sites; and, the Southeast Region is the most popular tourist destination area for saltwater fishing.
- When regions of participation in this report are compared to the findings presented in Florida's 2013 final SCORP Report (Florida Department of Environmental Protection, 2013), many consistencies can be seen. For example: the Central and Southeast Regions record the highest rates of participation for horseback riding, pool swimming, soccer, and tennis in both the 2013 report and in the results presented here.

- Follow-up questions were directed to respondents who reported participation in freshwater and saltwater fishing to further determine the nature of the activity. Fishing respondents were asked if they participated in a boat, from a shore/bank, from a pier/jetty/catwalk, or other location. (Multiple selections were allowed.) For saltwater fishing, both residents and tourists most frequently report boat usage followed by pier/jetty/catwalk. Residents of the North Central Region are substantially more likely to report boat usage and less likely to report pier/jetty/catwalk.

- For the follow-up questions for freshwater fishing, residents report shore/bank as the most common location for this activity with boat second. Tourists reverse this pattern and place fishing from a boat first, followed by shore/bank. Both groups report pier/jetty/catwalk as third at the same frequency level. Some variability among residents appears at the regional level with the Northwest Region showing equal preference for shore/bank fishing and boat fishing. The Northeast, North Central, and Central East Regions report somewhat stronger usage of shore/bank locations.

- Bicyclists were asked a follow up question to identify if they used paved roads/trails or unpaved roads/trails. (Options also included "not listed" and "unsure, don't know"; Multiple selections were allowed.) Reporting for both residents and tourists strongly favor paved roads and trails. At the regional level, residents of the North Central Region indicated much higher usage of unpaved roads and trails.

3.2.2.1. Florida Resident Regional-Level Outdoor Recreation Participation Tabulated According to Location of Residence

Table 41: Central Region: Household Participation in Recreational Activities in Florida in the Past 12 months (Resident Survey)

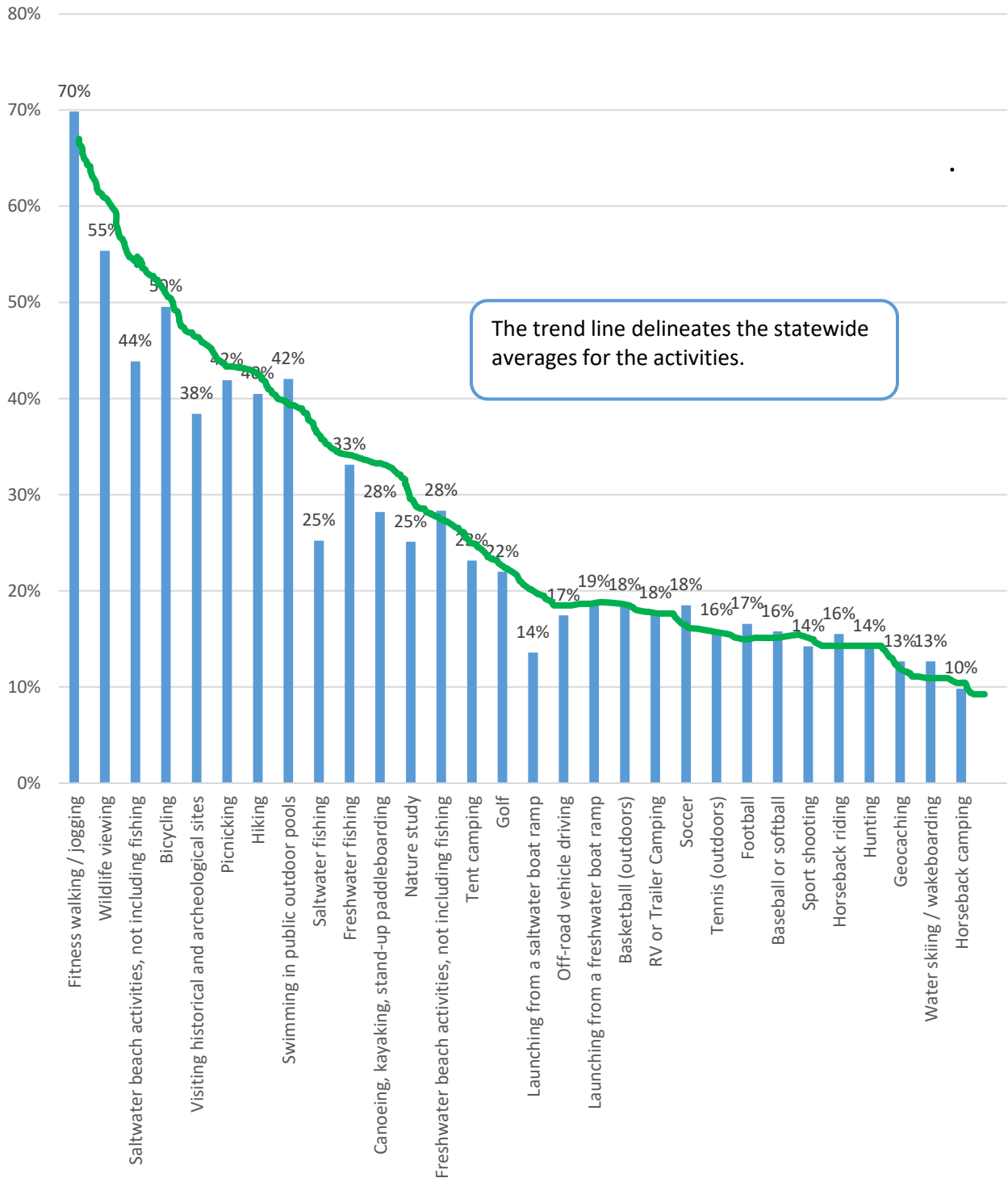


Table 42: Central East Region: Household Participation in Recreational Activities in Florida in the Past 12 months (Resident Survey)

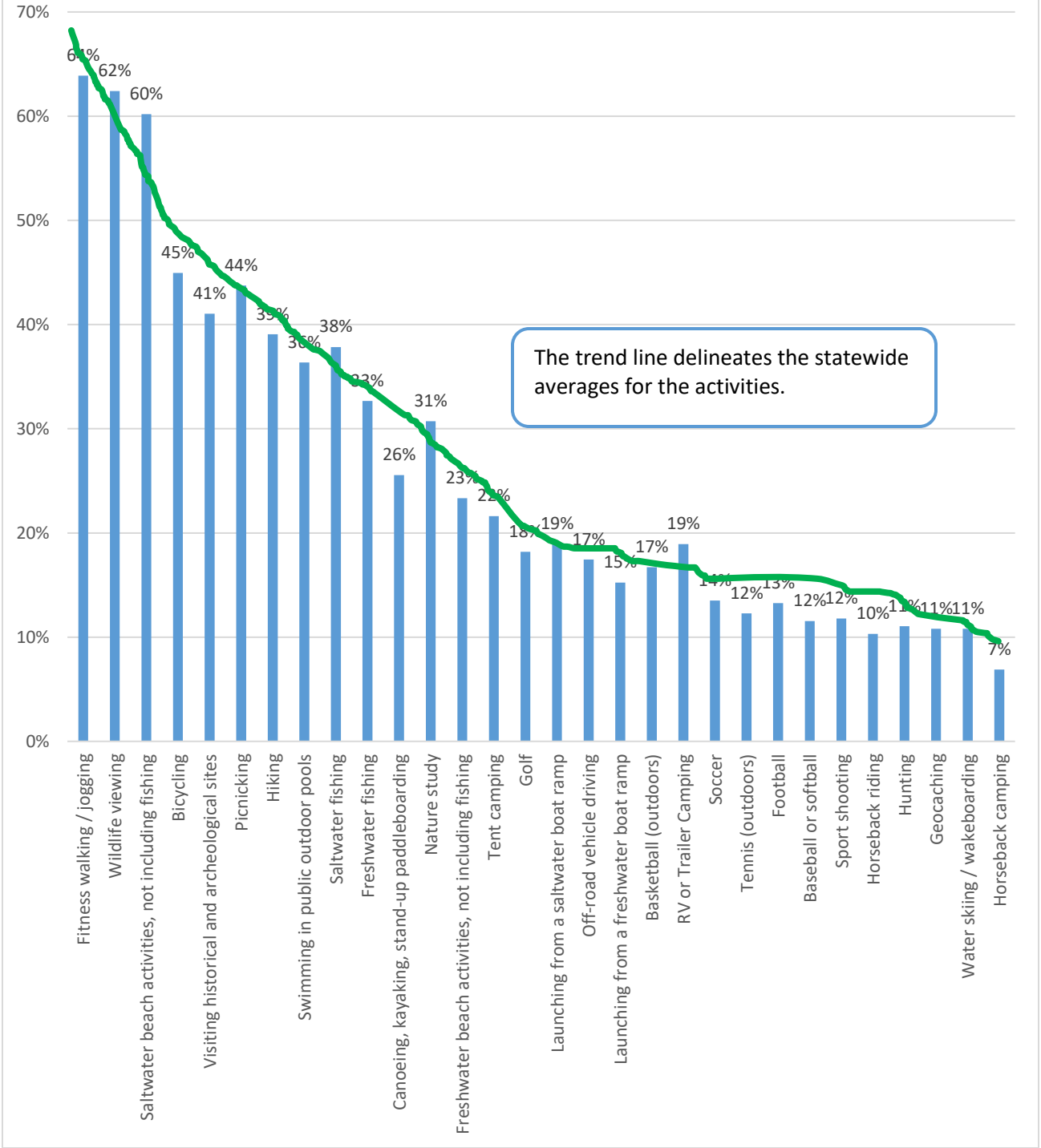


Table 43: Central West Region: Household Participation in Recreational Activities in Florida in the Past 12 months (Resident Survey)

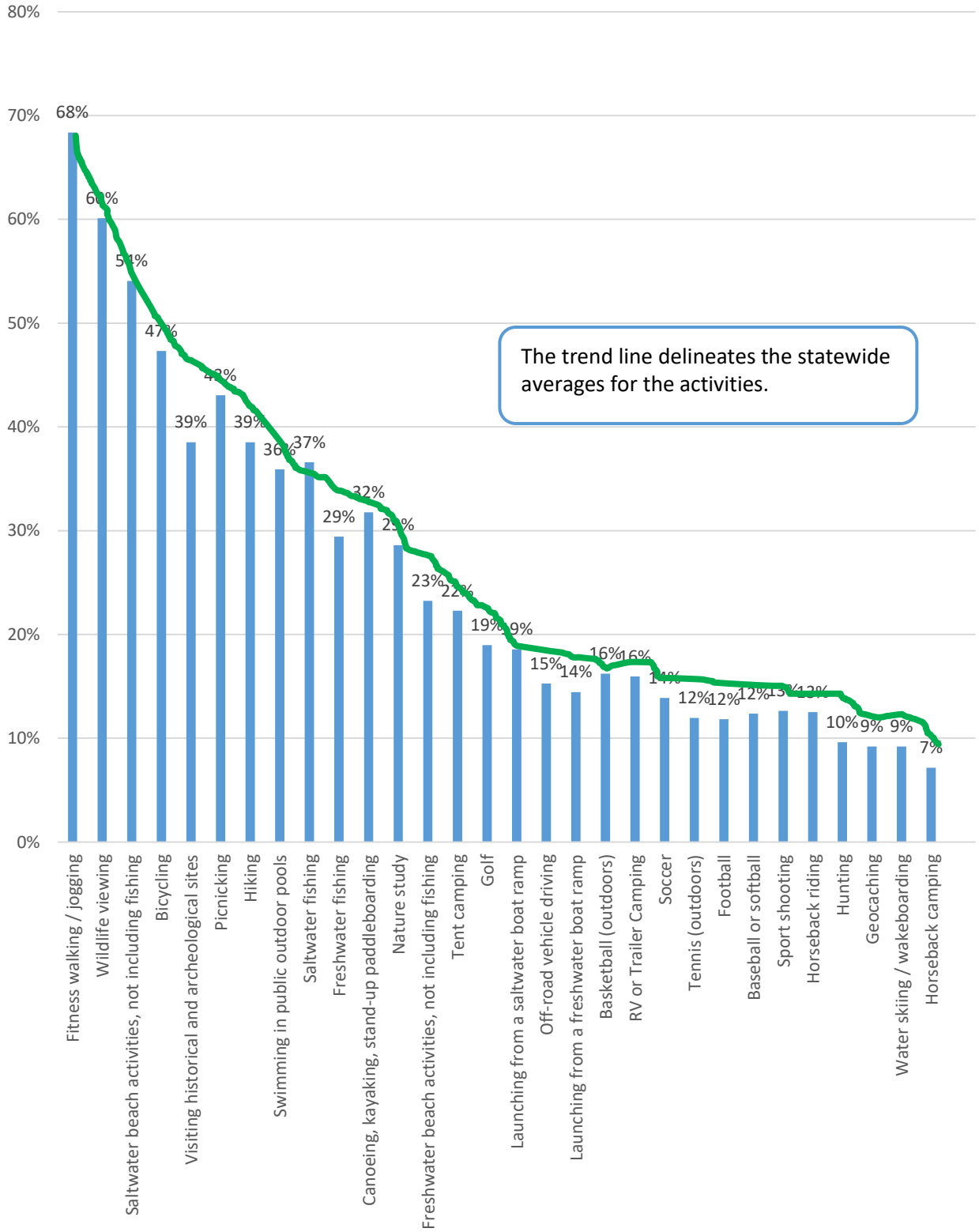


Table 44: North Central Region: Household Participation in Recreational Activities in Florida in the Past 12 months (Resident Survey)

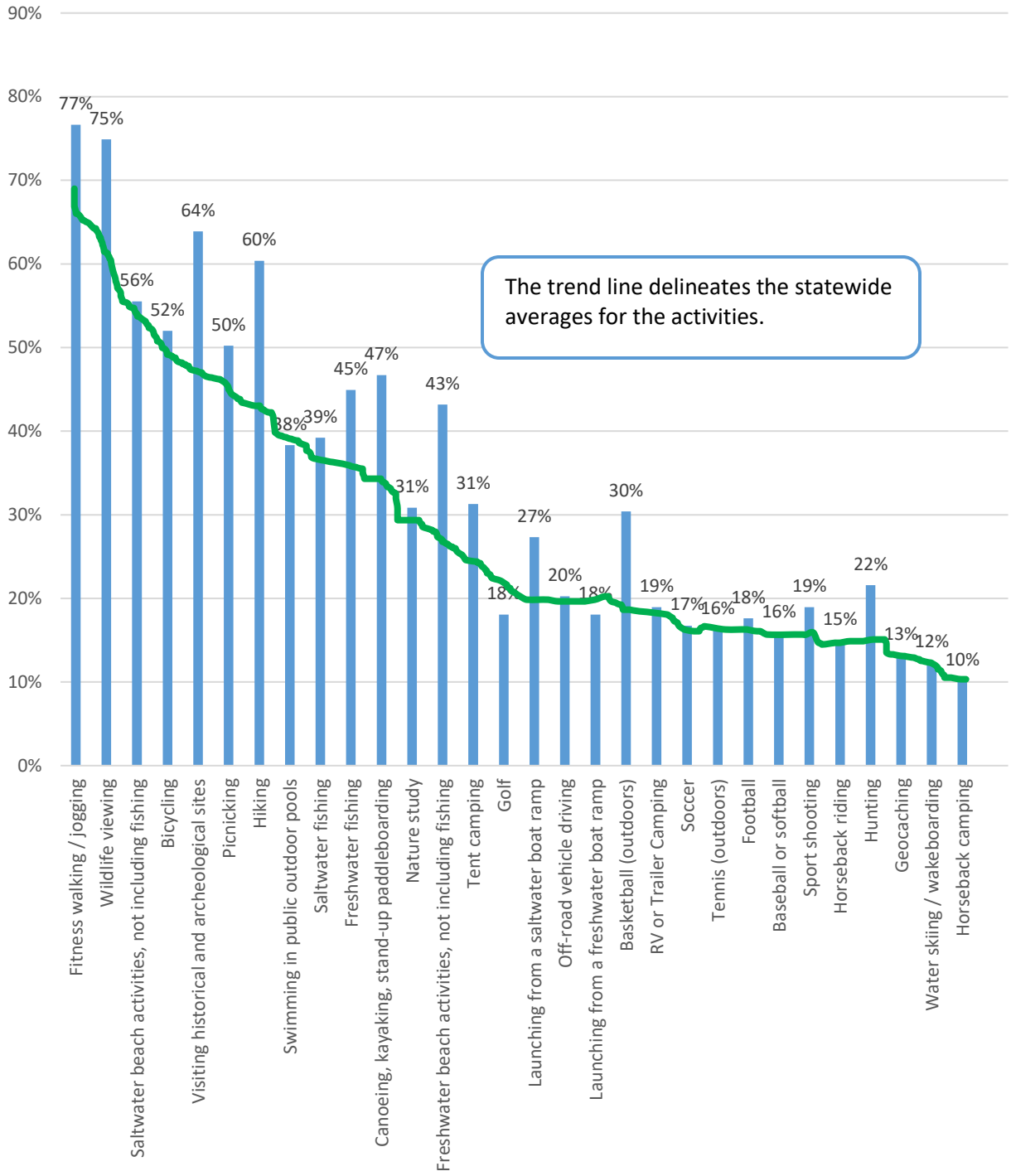


Table 45: Northeast Region: Household Participation in Recreational Activities in Florida in the Past 12 months (Resident Survey)

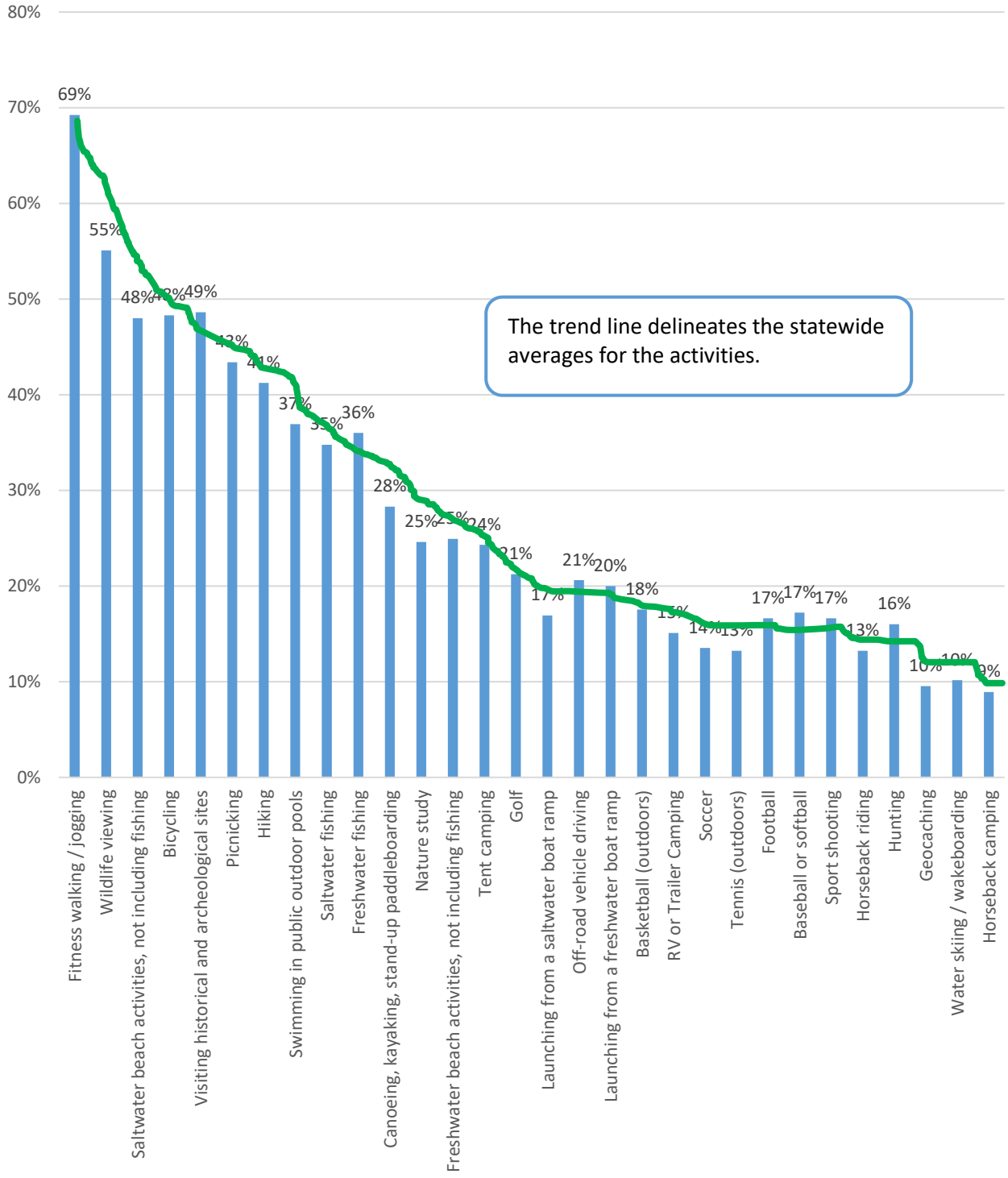


Table 46: Northwest Region: Household Participation in Recreational Activities in Florida in the Past 12 months (Resident Survey)

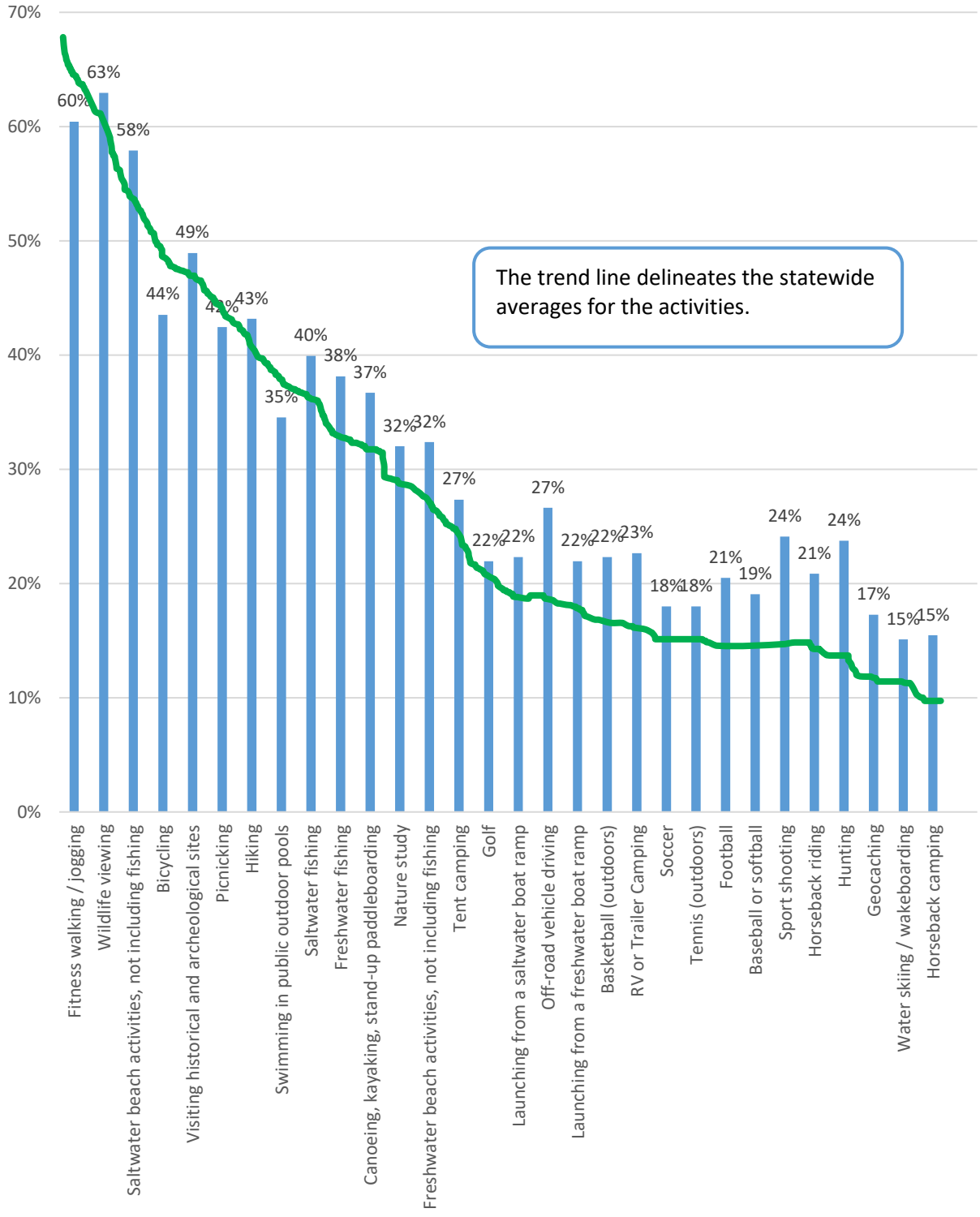


Table 47: Southeast Region: Household Participation in Recreational Activities in Florida in the Past 12 months (Resident Survey)

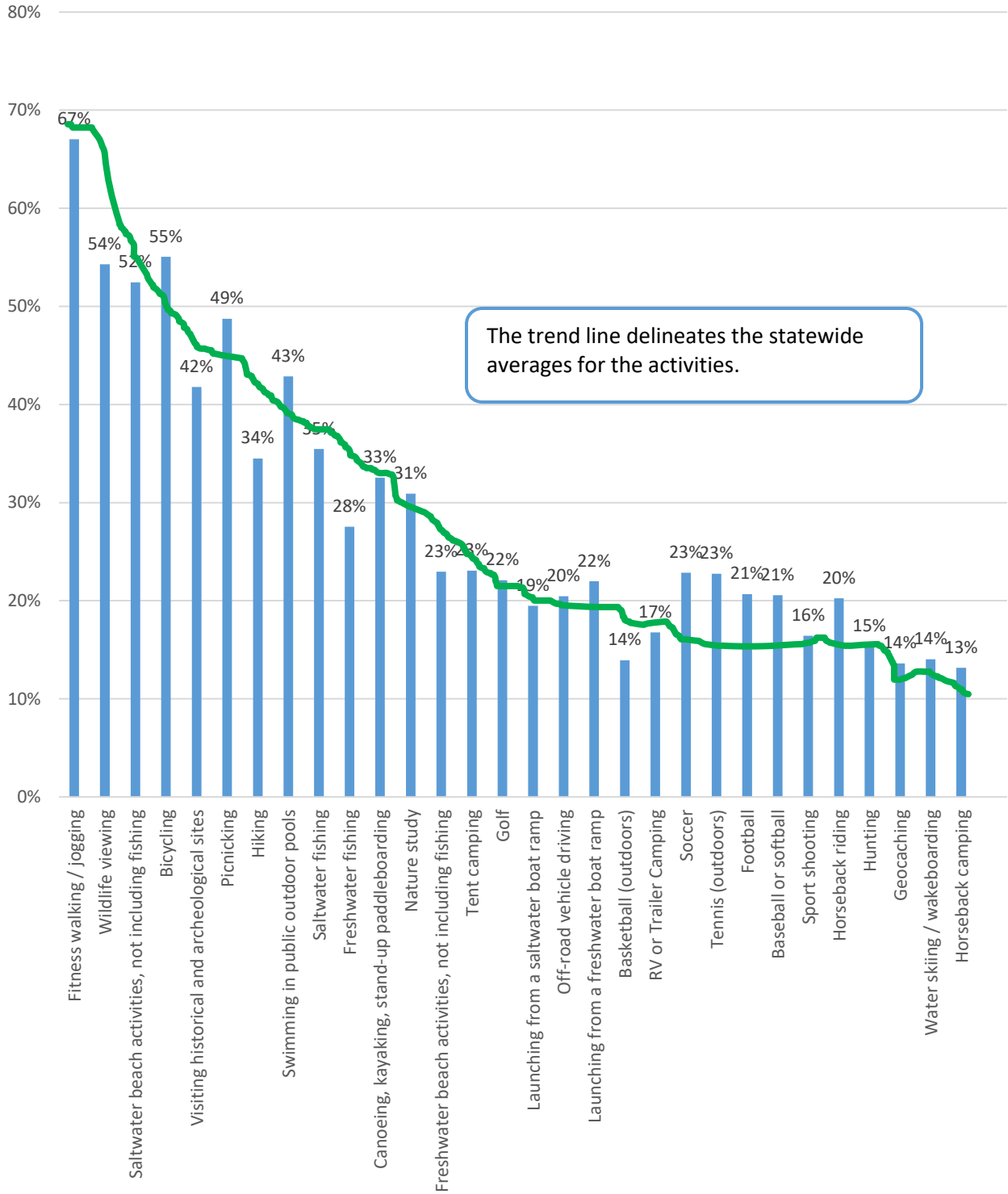
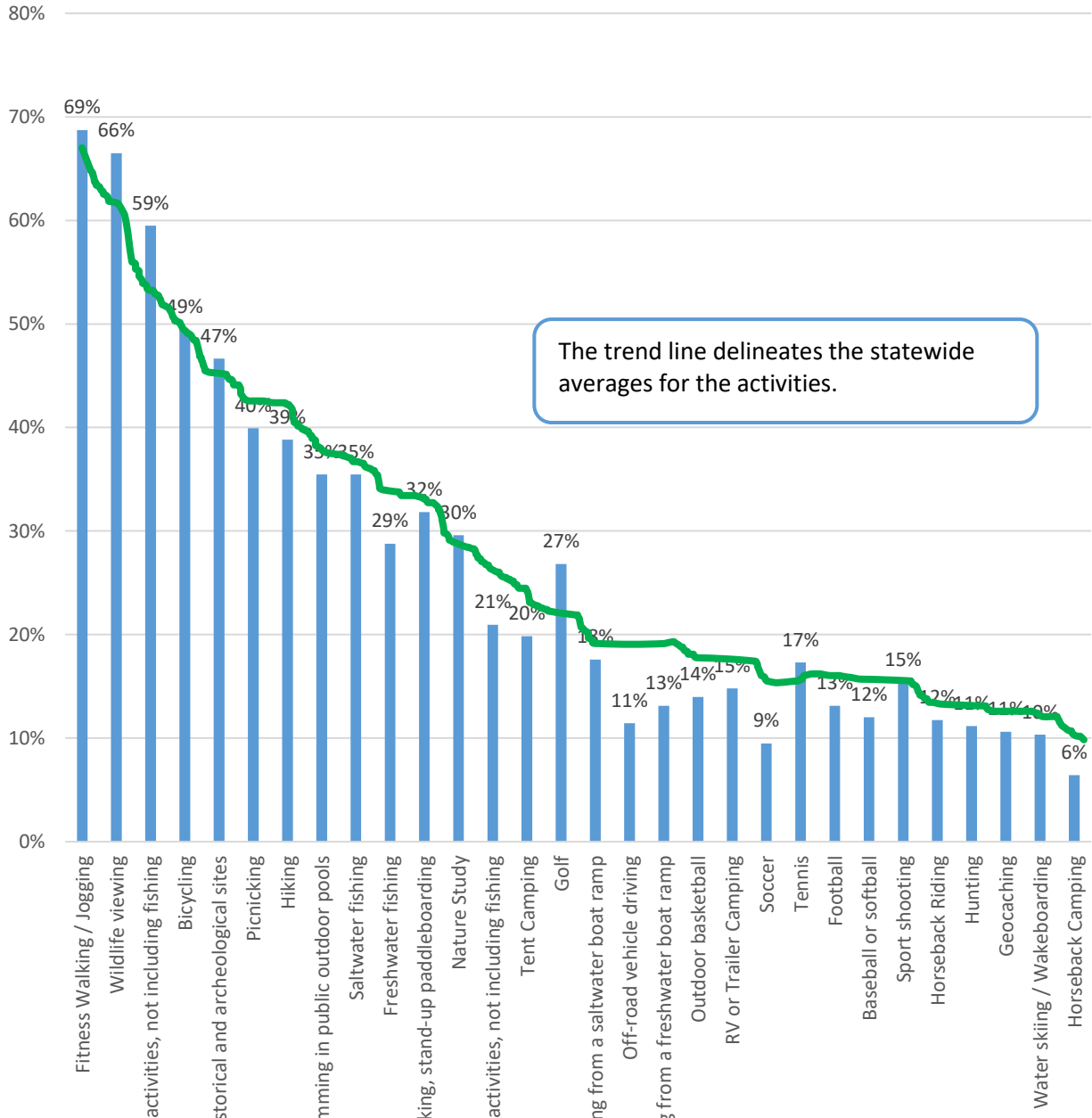


Table 48: Southwest Region: Household Participation in Recreational Activities in Florida in the Past 12 months (Resident Survey)



3.2.2.2. Florida Resident Regional-Level Outdoor Recreation Participation Tabulated According to Location of Participation

Table 49: Baseball, Softball by Region of Participation: Residents

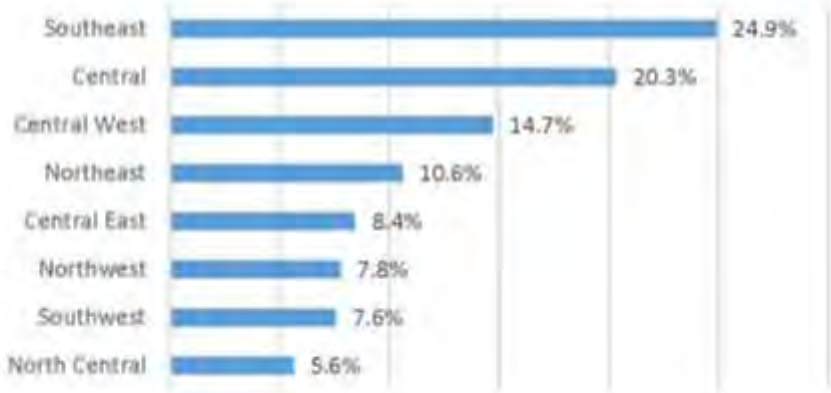


Table 50: Basketball (outdoor) by Region of Participation: Residents

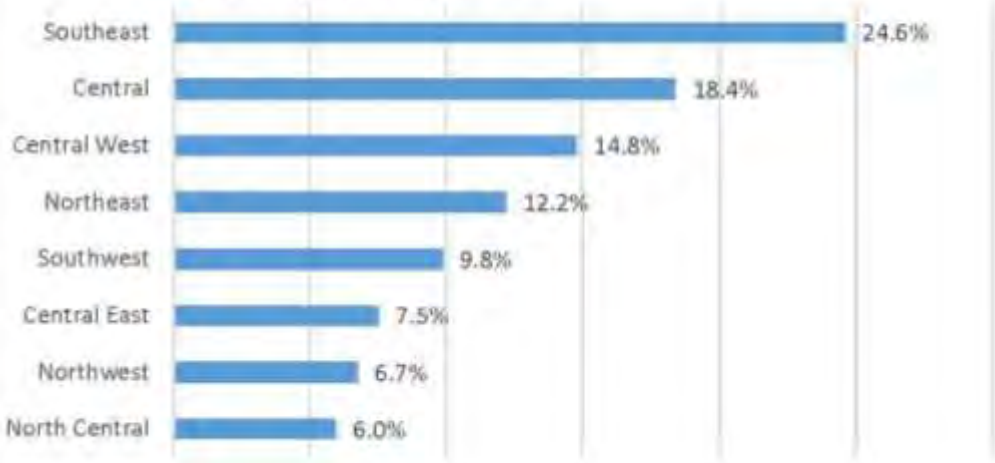


Table 51: Bicycling by Region of Participation: Residents

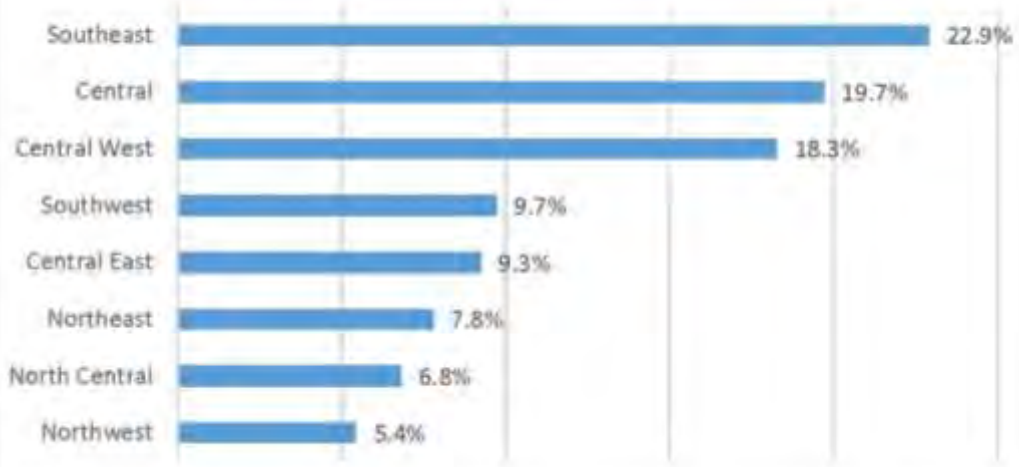


Table 52: Canoeing, Kayaking, Stand Up Paddleboarding by Region of Participation: Residents

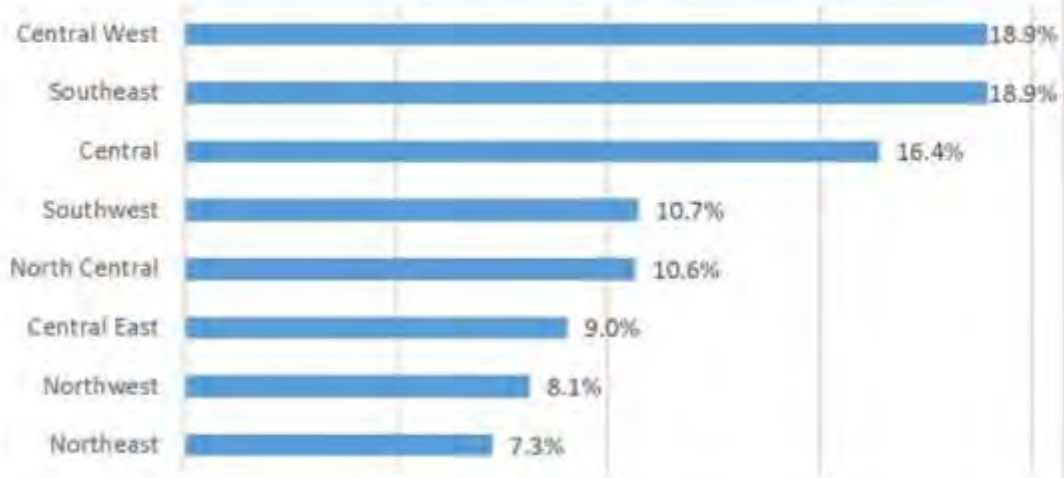


Table 53: Fitness Walking, Jogging, Running by Region of Participation: Residents

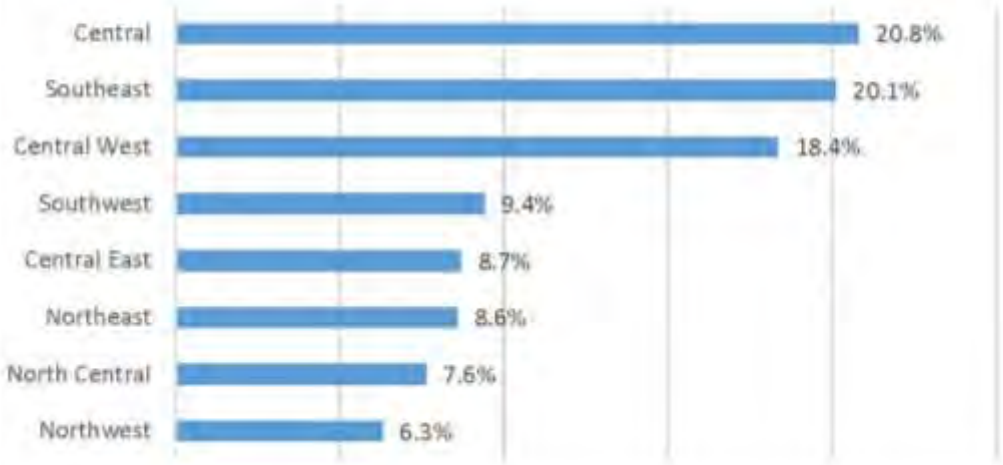


Table 54: Football by Region of Participation: Residents

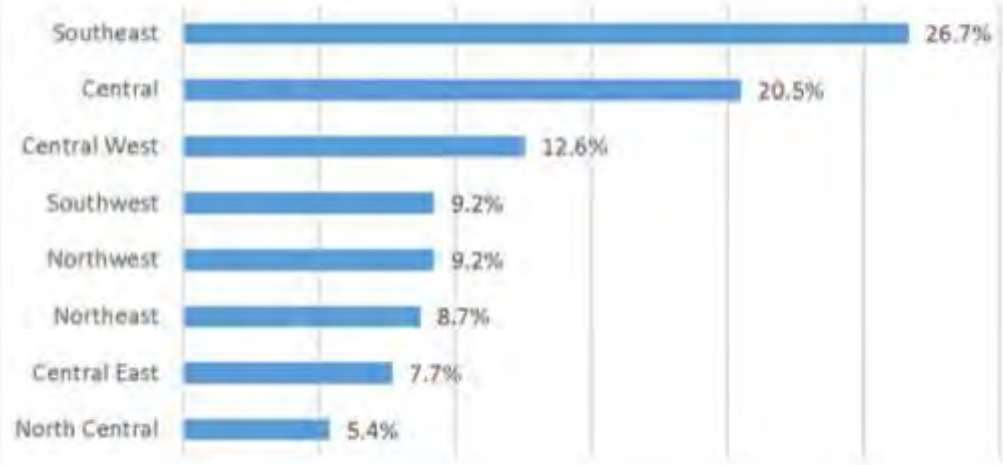


Table 55: Freshwater Beach Activities (not incl. fishing) by Region of Participation: Residents

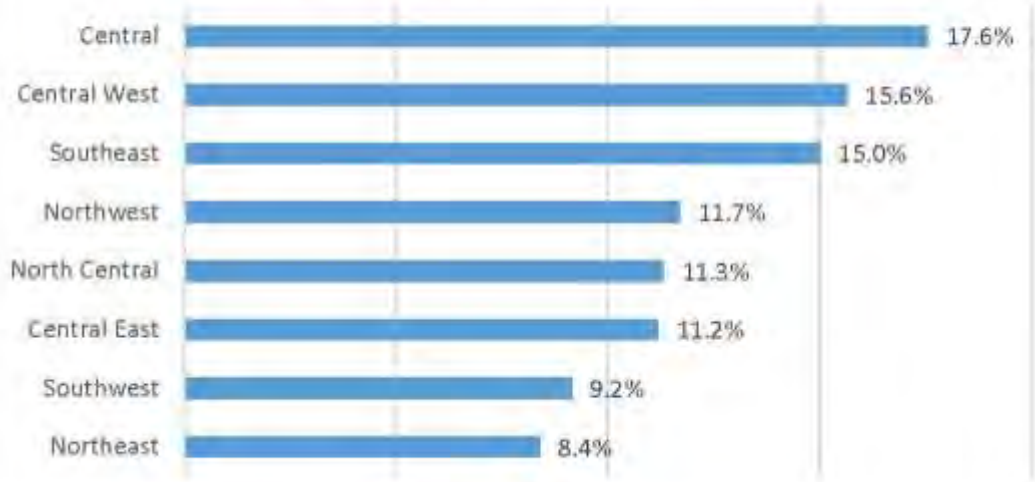


Table 56: Freshwater Boat Ramp Use by Region of Participation: Residents

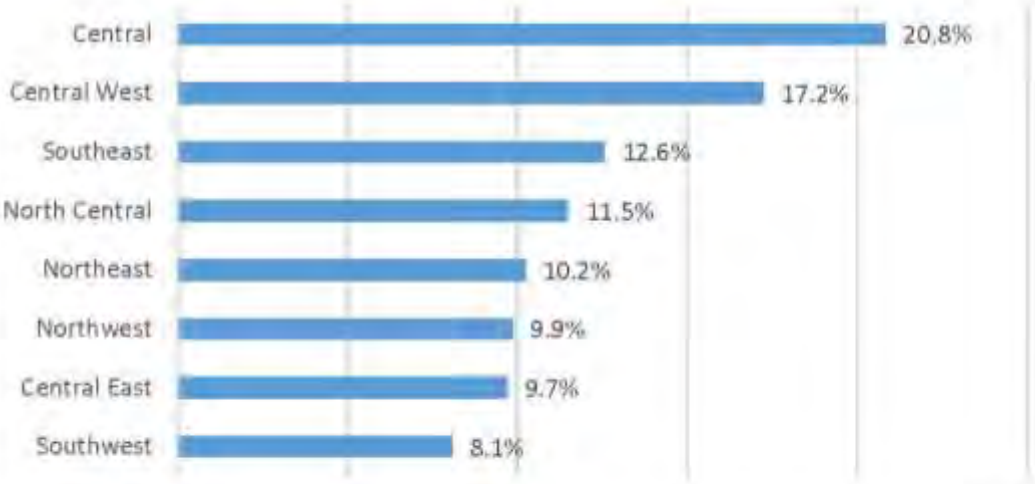


Table 57: Freshwater Fishing by Region of Participation: Residents

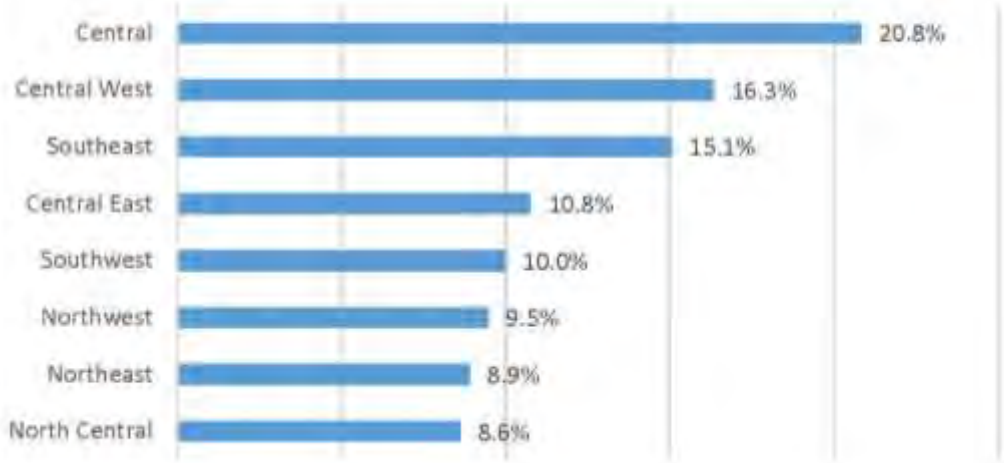


Table 58: Geocaching by Region of Participation: Residents

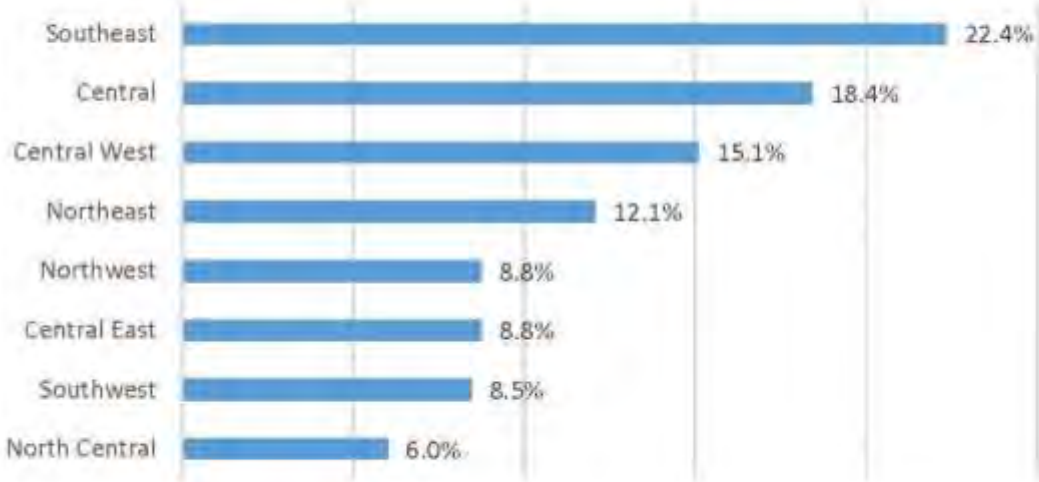


Table 59: Golf by Region of Participation: Residents

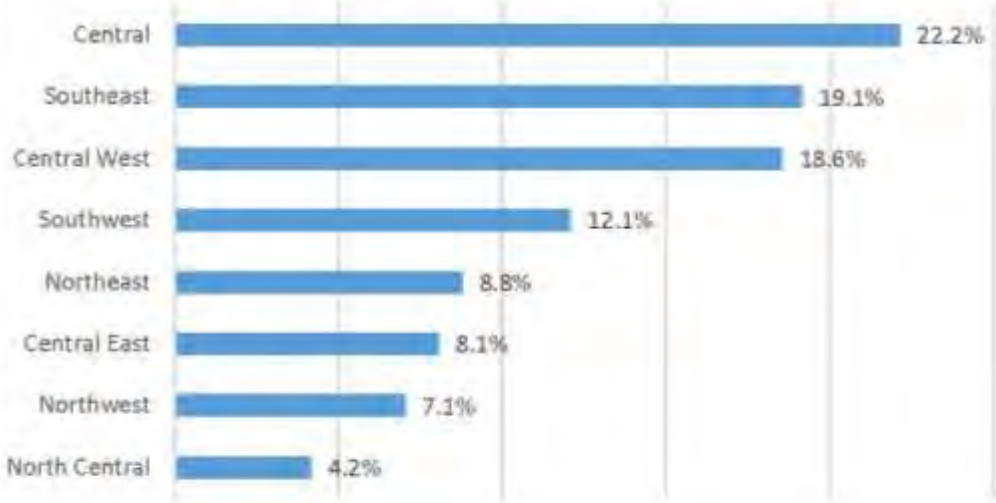


Table 60: Hiking by Region of Participation: Residents

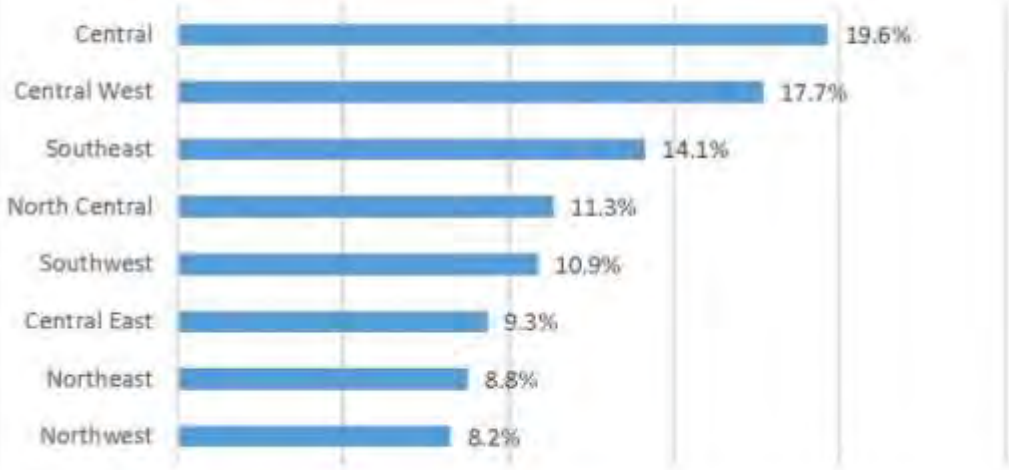


Table 61: Horse Camping by Region of Participation: Residents

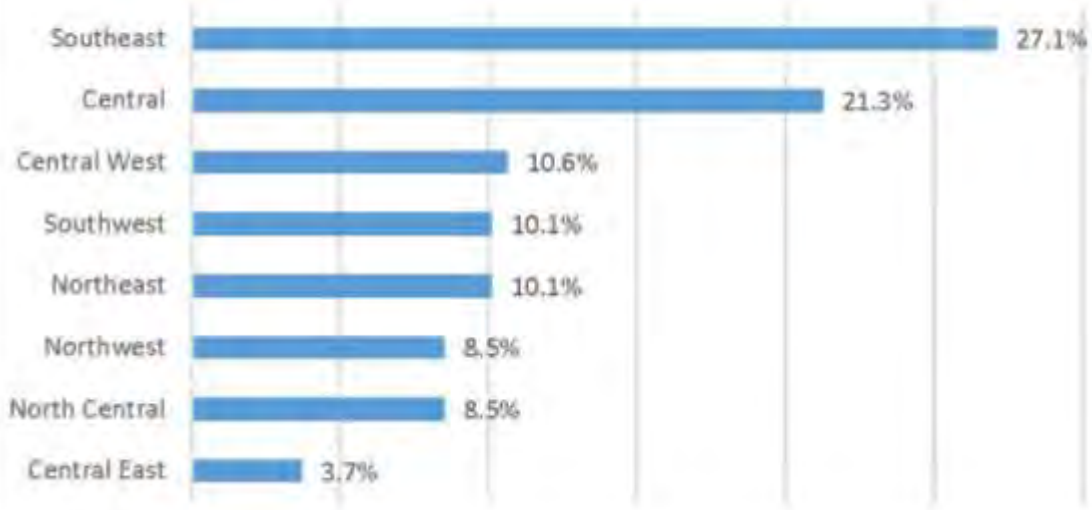


Table 62: Horseback Riding by Region of Participation: Residents

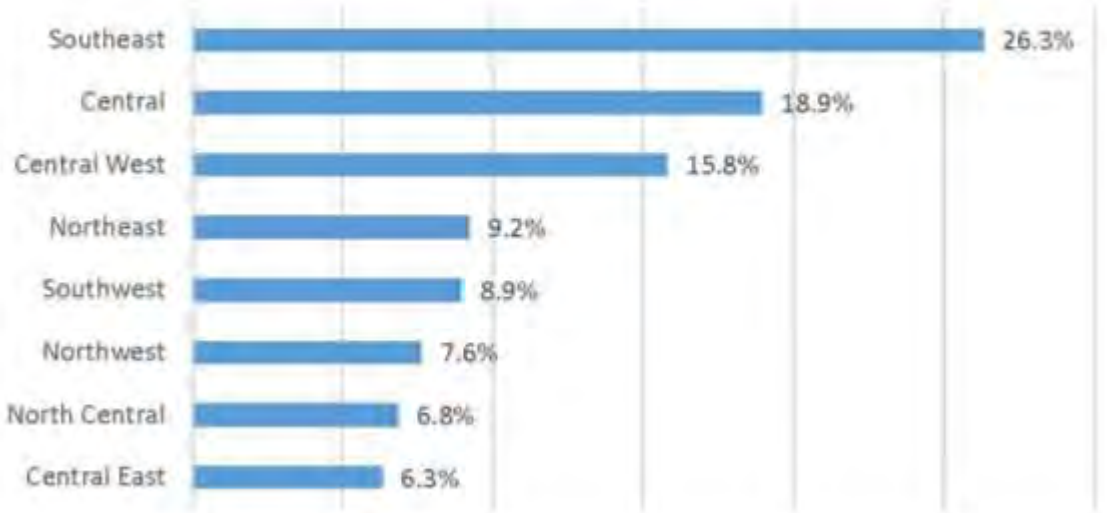


Table 63: Hunting by Region of Participation: Residents

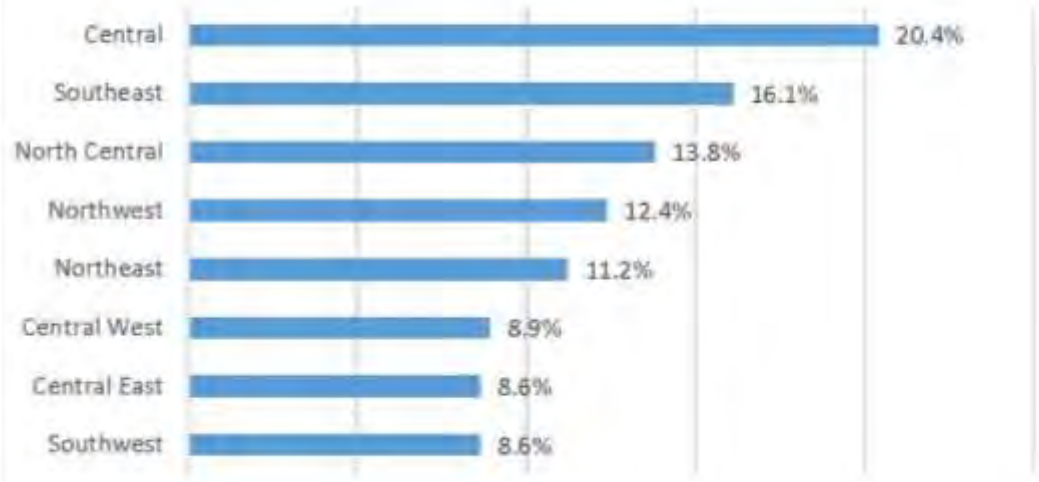


Table 64: Nature Study by Region of Participation: Residents

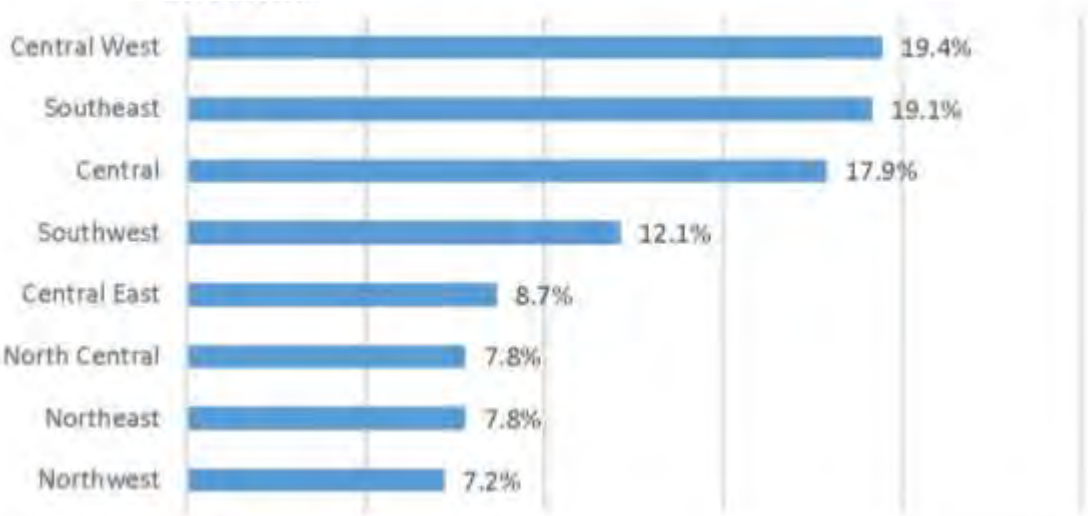


Table 65: Off-Road Vehicle Driving by Region of Participation: Residents

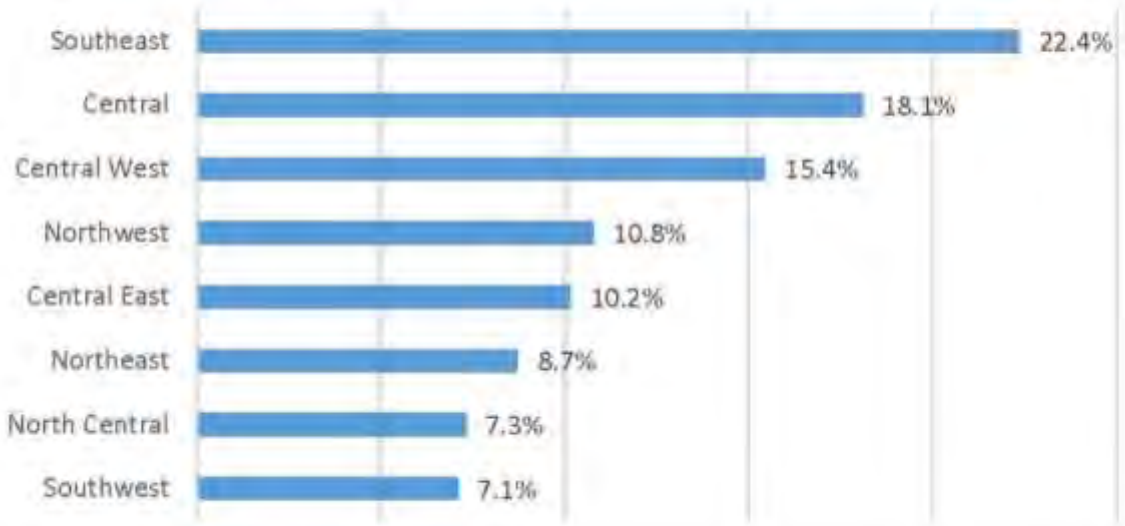


Table 66: Picnicking by Region of Participation: Residents

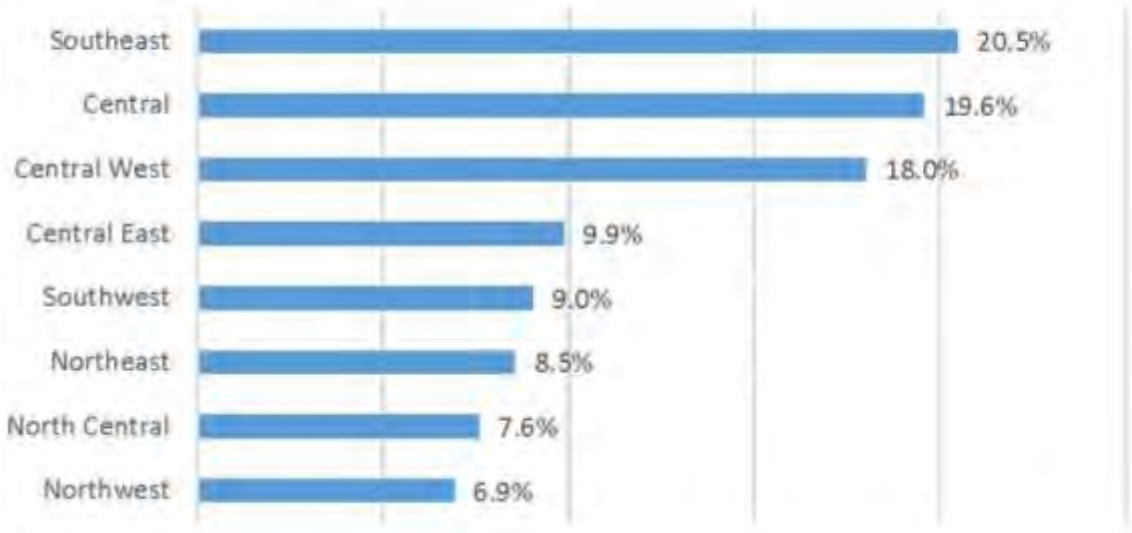


Table 67: RV or Trailer Camping by Region of Participation: Residents

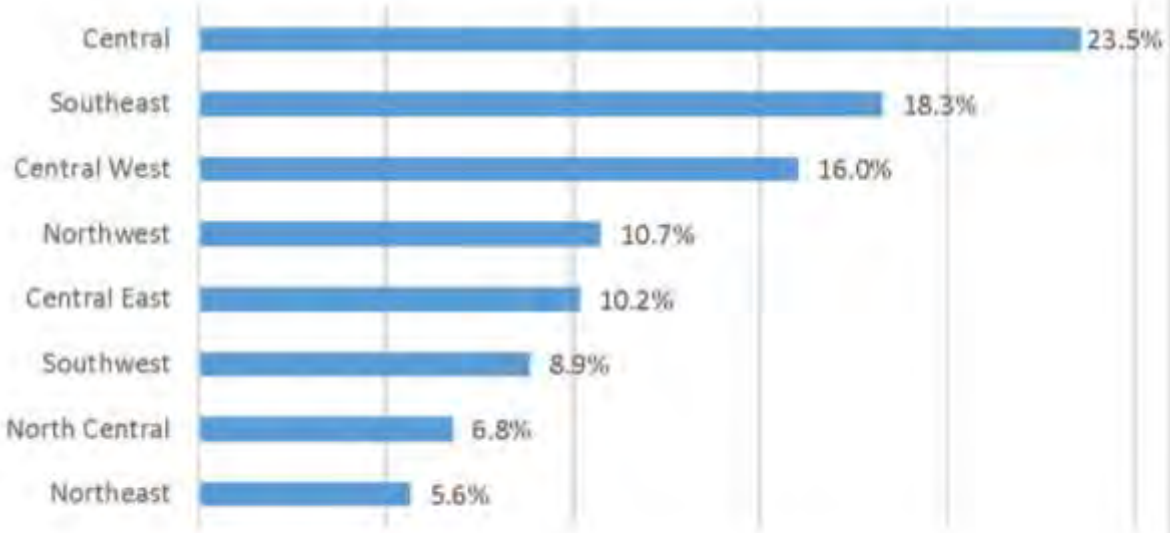


Table 68: Saltwater Beach Activities (not incl. fishing) by Region of Participation: Residents

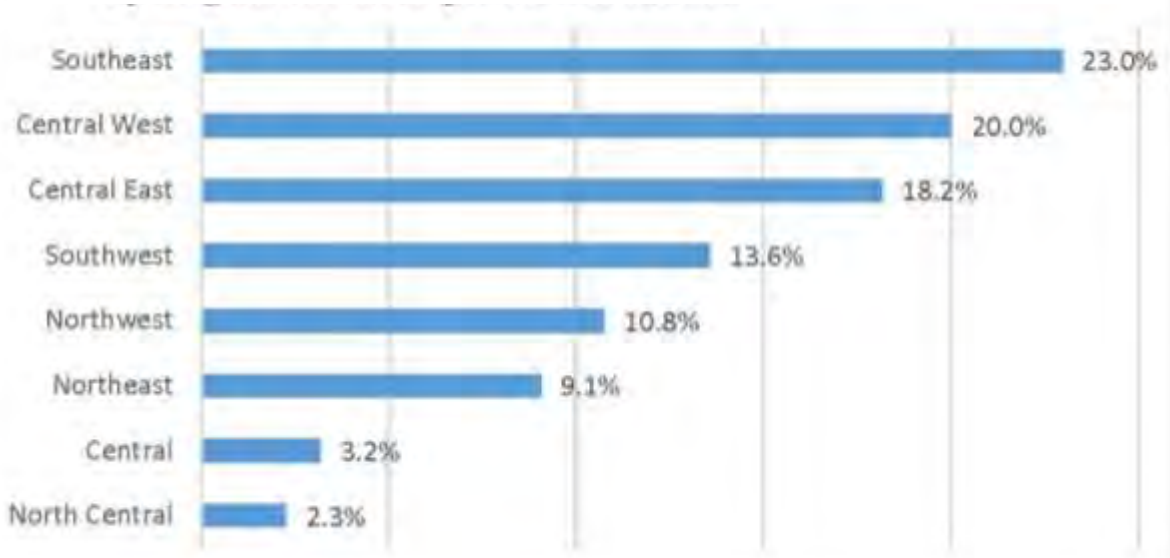


Table 69: Saltwater Boat Ramp Use by Region of Participation: Residents

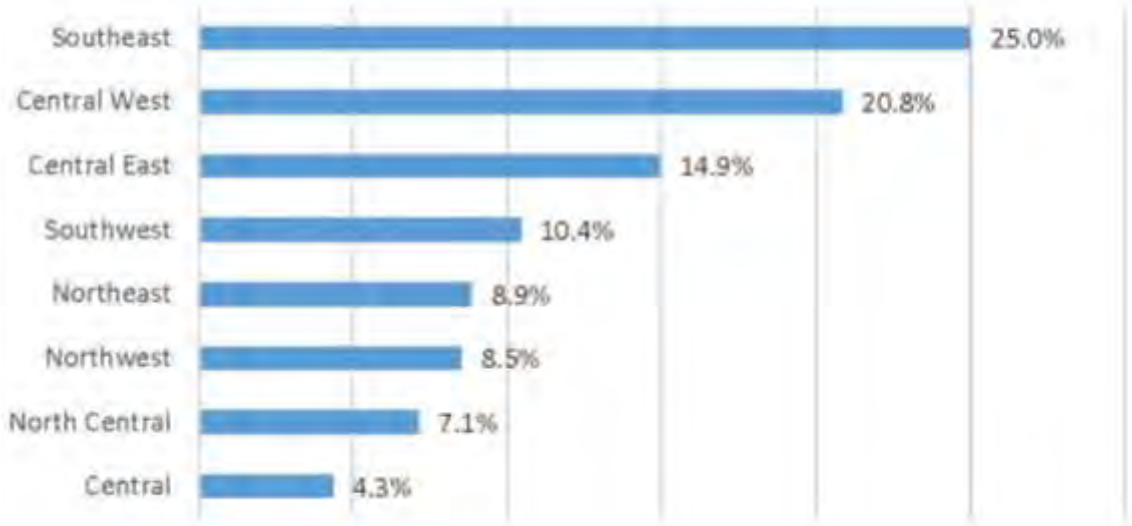


Table 70: Saltwater Fishing by Region of Participation: Residents

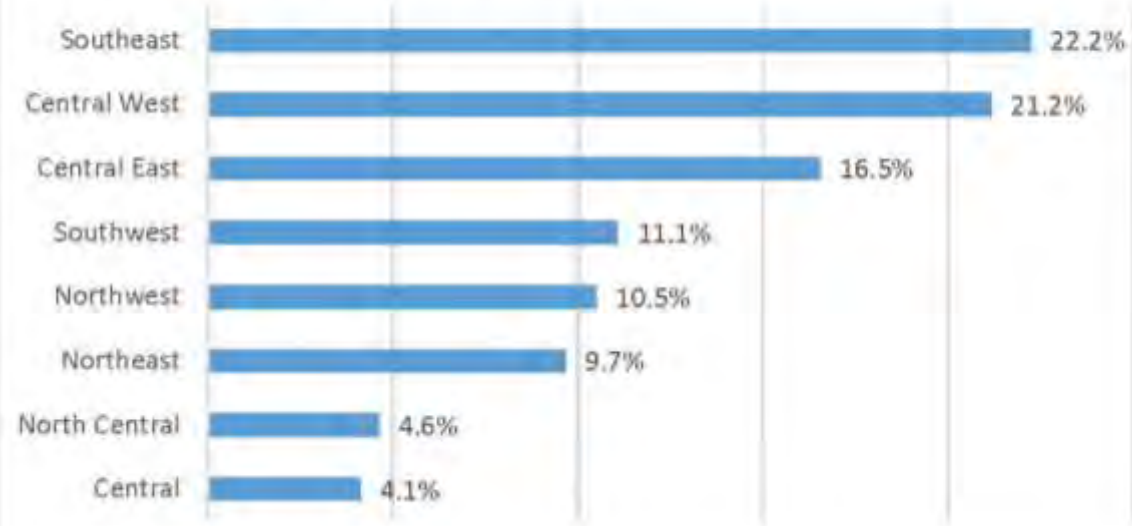


Table 71: Soccer by Region of Participation: Residents

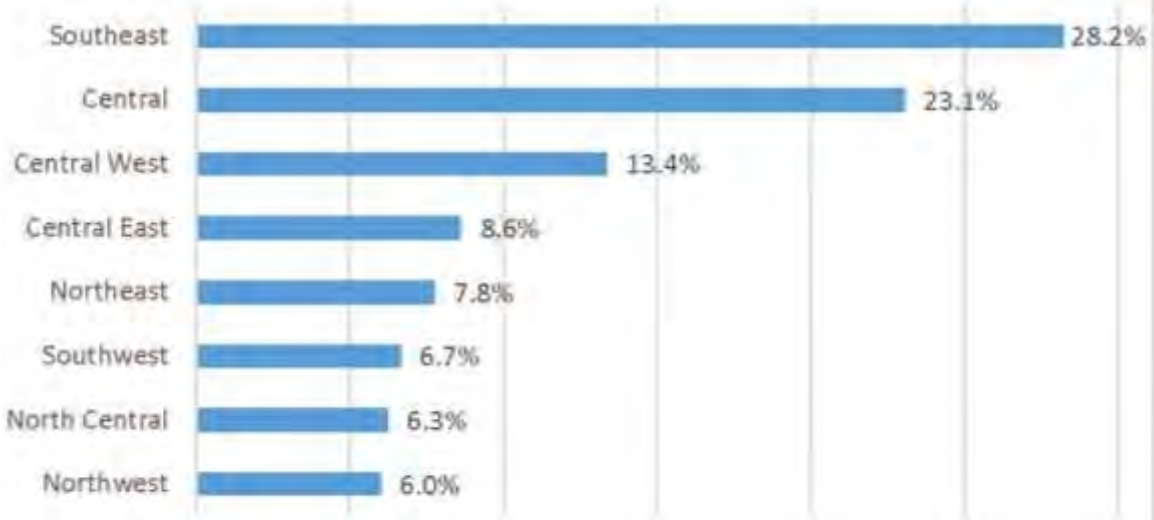


Table 72: Sport Shooting by Region of Participation: Residents

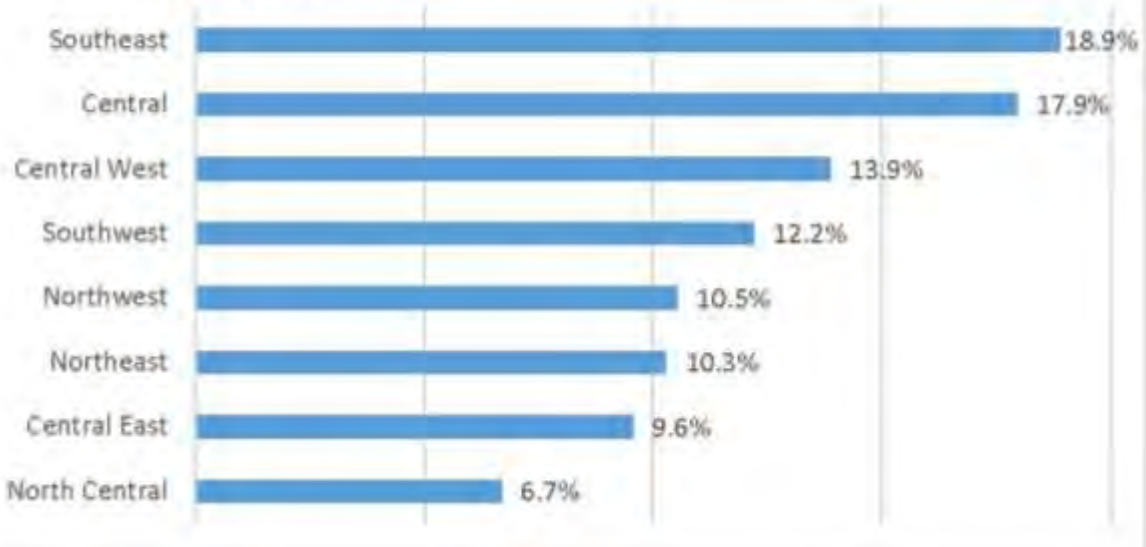


Table 73: Swimming (outdoor pool) by Region of Participation: Residents

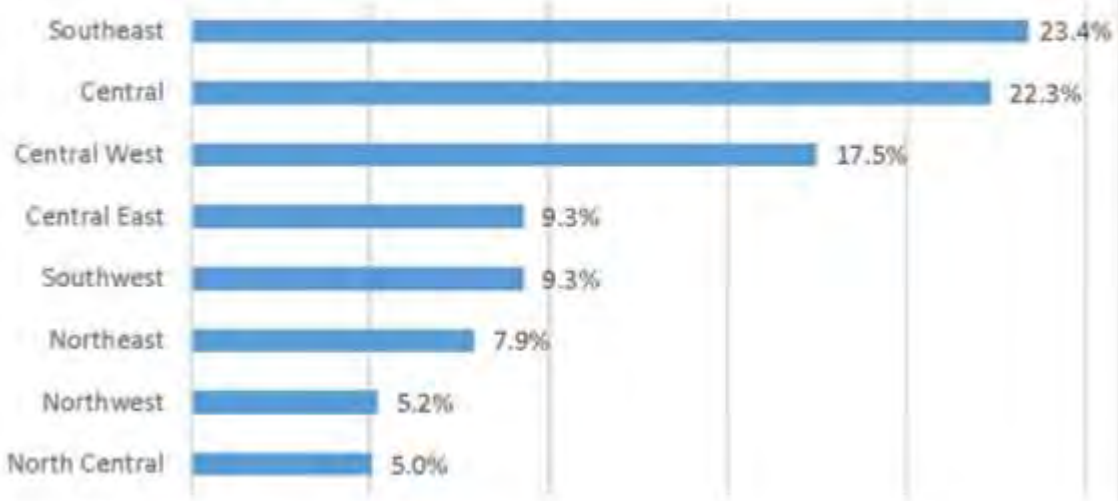


Table 74: Tennis by Region of Participation: Residents

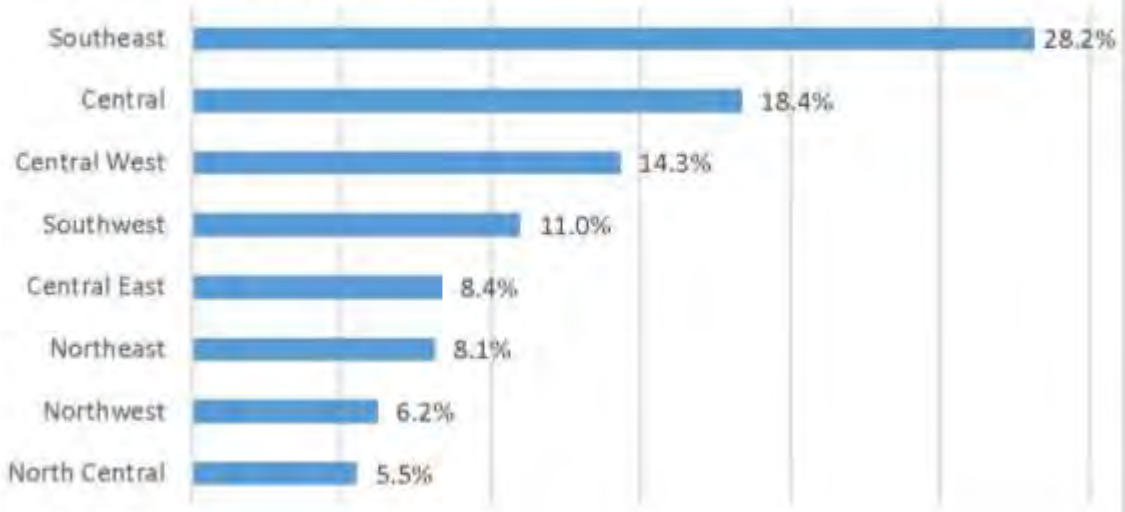


Table 75: Tent Camping by Region of Participation: Residents

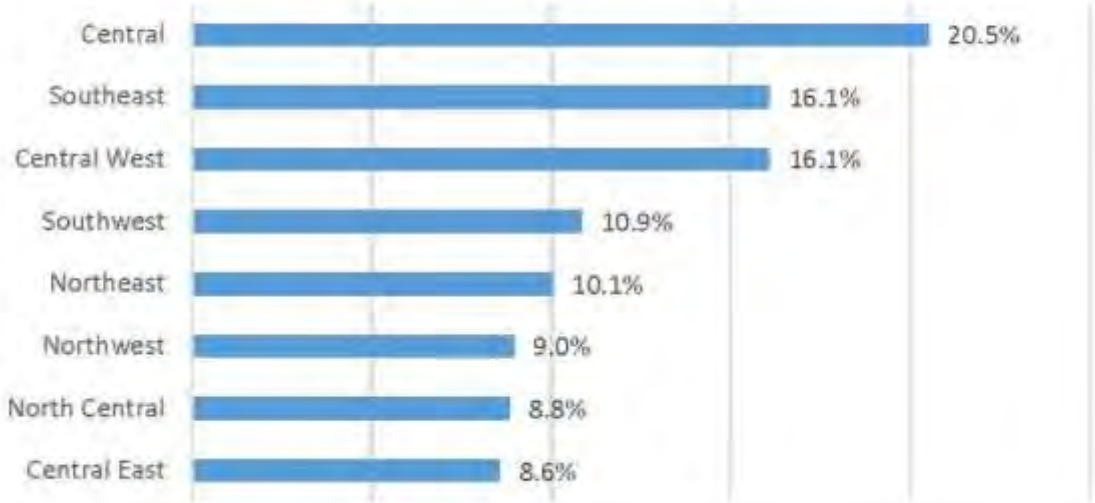


Table 76: Visiting Historical and Archaeological Sites by Region of Participation: Residents

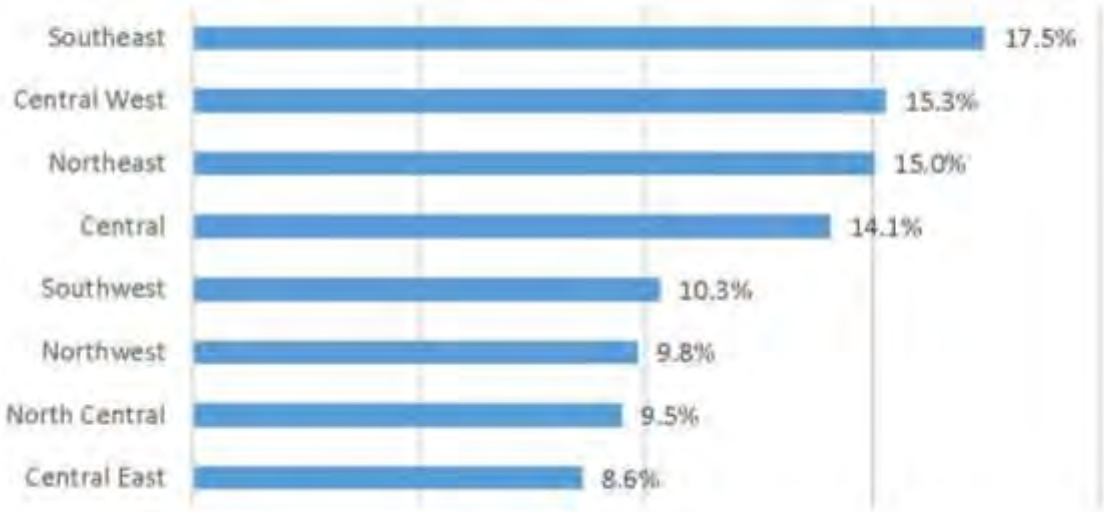


Table 77: Water Skiing, Wakeboarding by Region of Participation: Residents

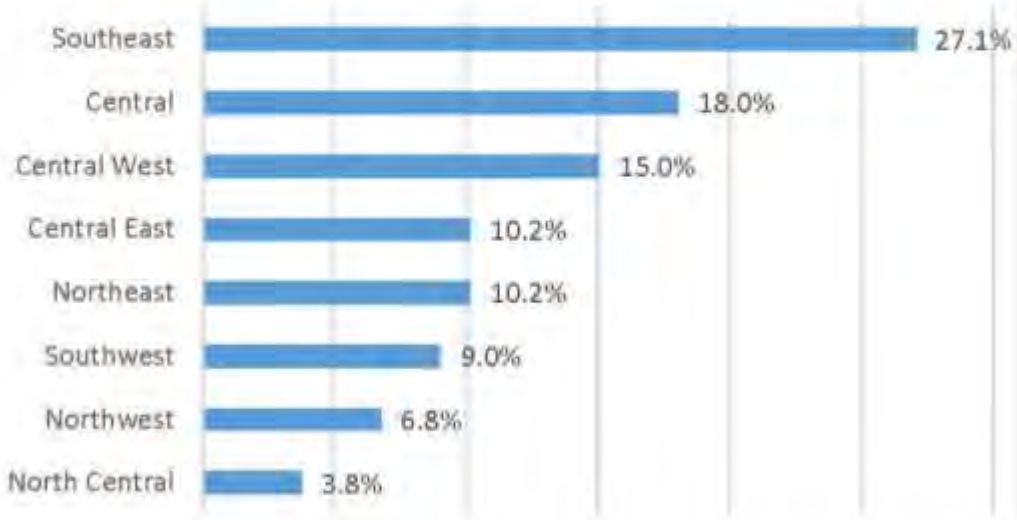
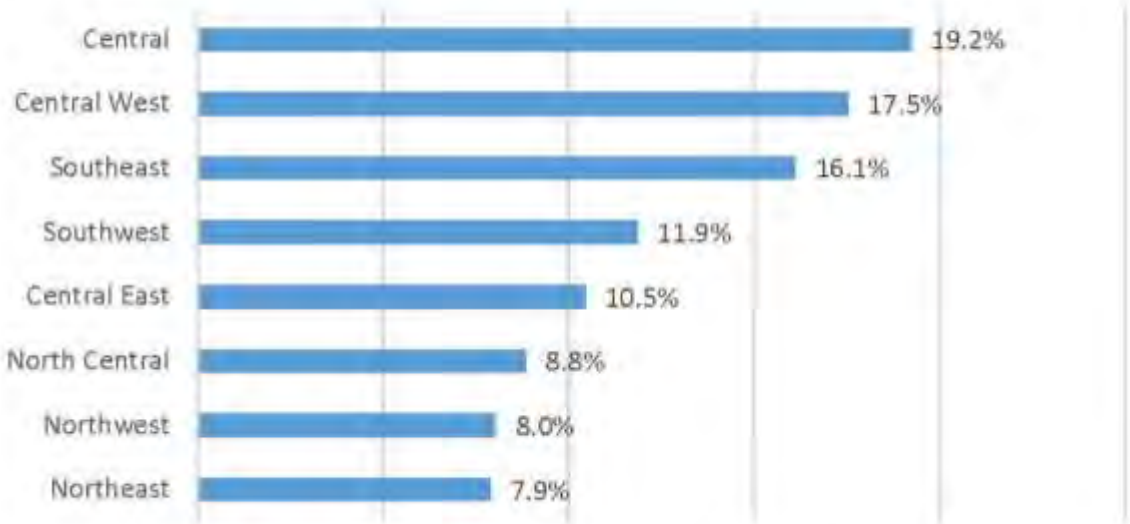


Table 78: Wildlife Viewing by Region of Participation: Residents



3.2.2.3. Florida Tourist Regional-Level Outdoor Recreation Participation Tabulated According to Location of Participation

Table 79: Baseball, Softball by Region of Participation: Tourists

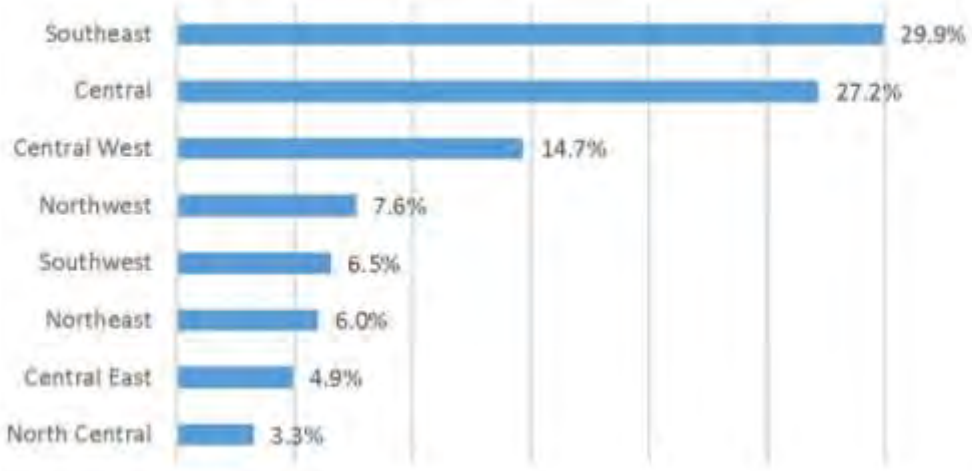


Table 80: Basketball (outdoor) by Region of Participation: Tourists

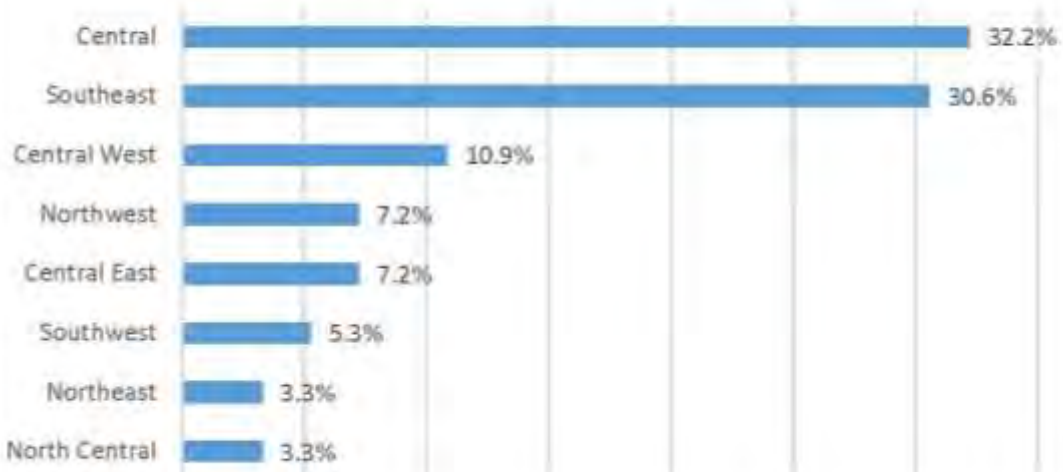


Table 81: Bicycling by Region of Participation: Tourists

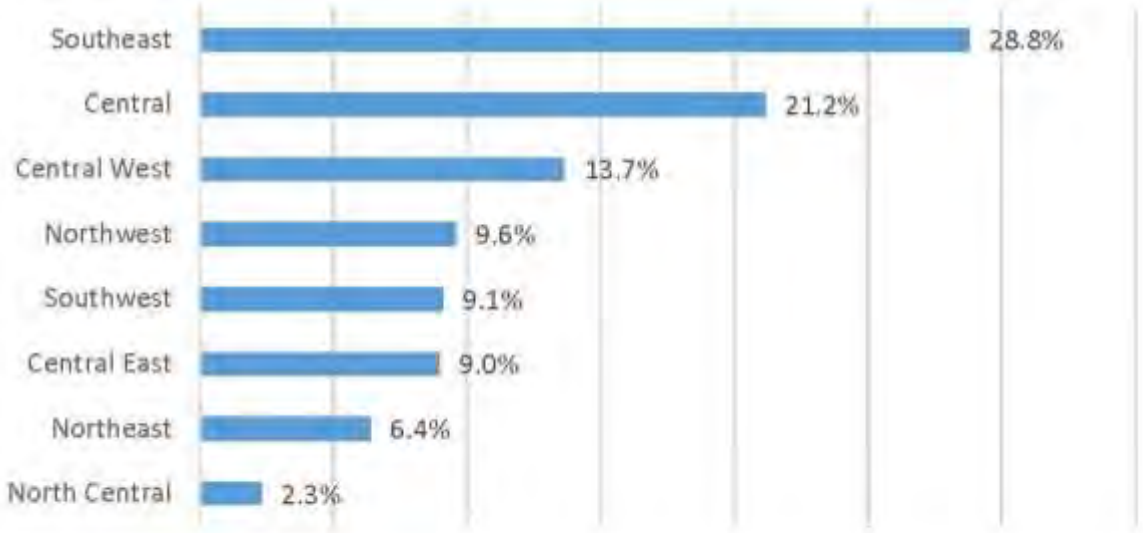


Table 82: Canoeing, Kayaking, Stand Up Paddleboarding by Region of Participation: Tourists

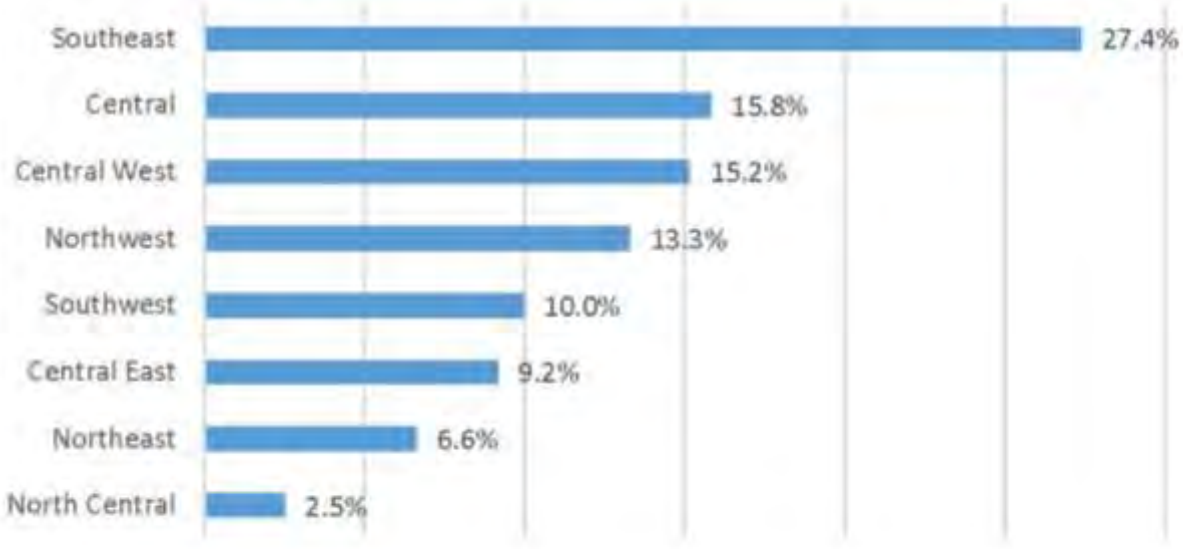


Table 83: Fitness Walking, Jogging, Running by Region of Participation: Tourists

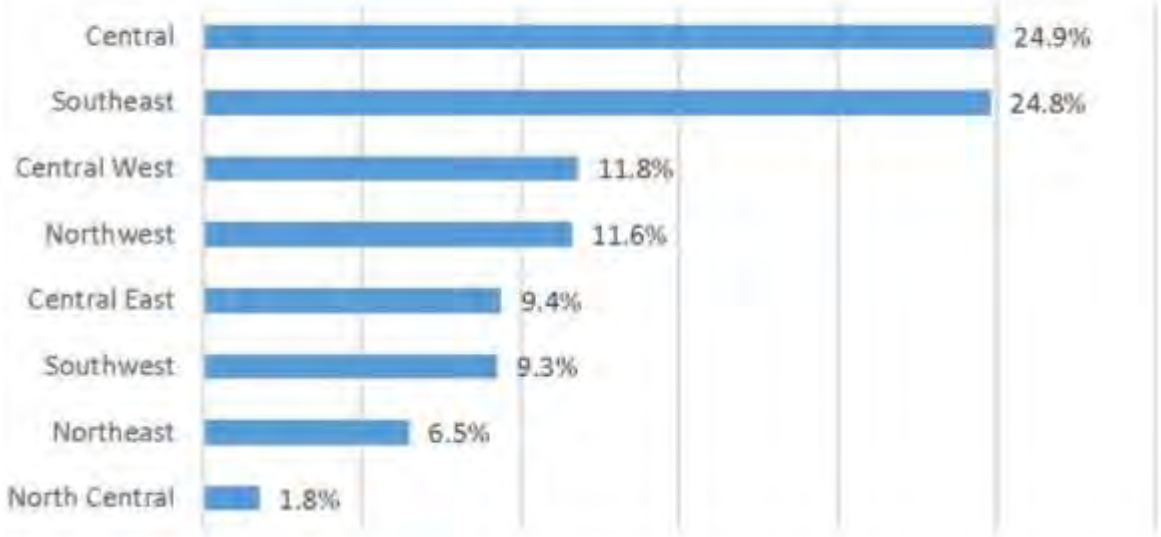


Table 84: Football by Region of Participation: Tourists

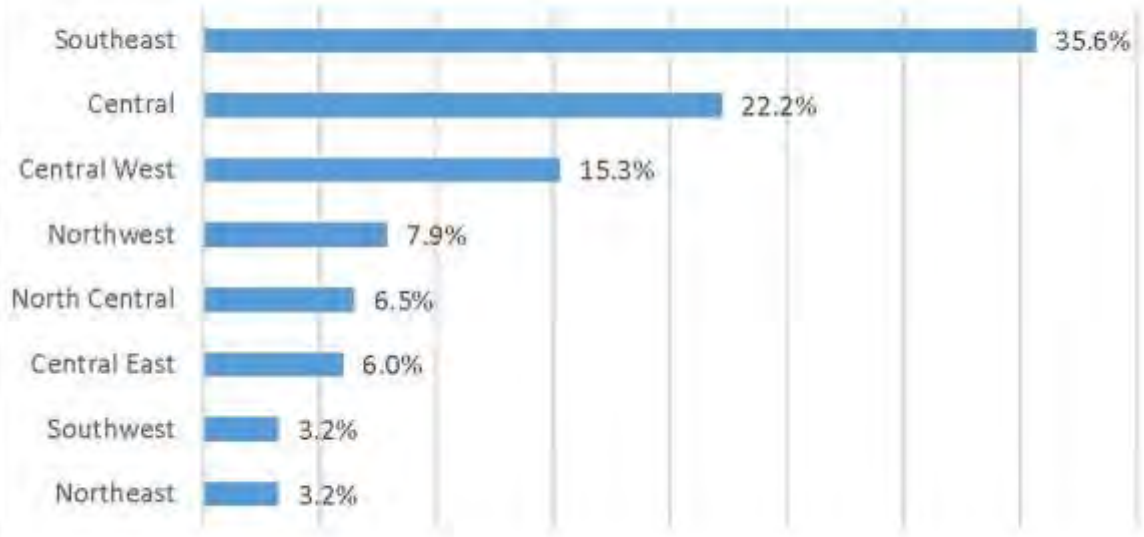


Table 85: Freshwater Beach Activities (not incl. fishing) by Region of Participation: Tourists

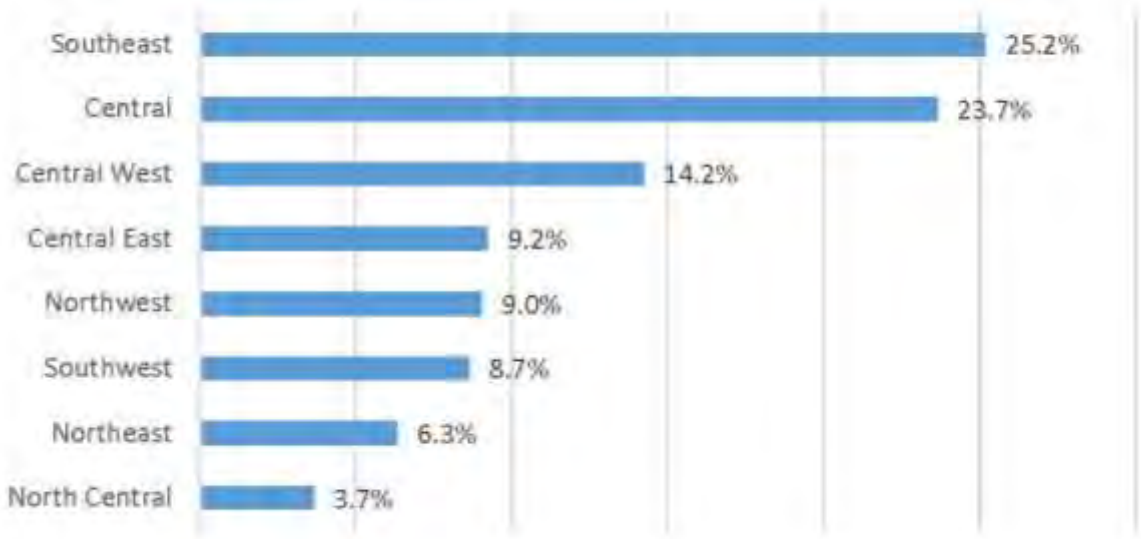


Table 86: Freshwater Boat Ramp Use by Region of Participation: Tourists

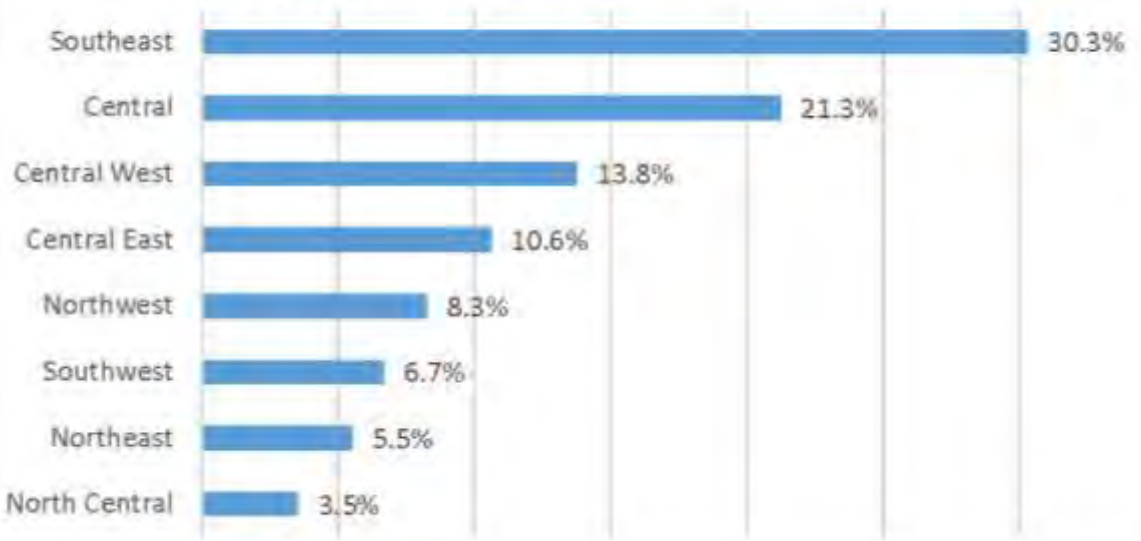


Table 87: Freshwater Fishing by Region of Participation: Tourists

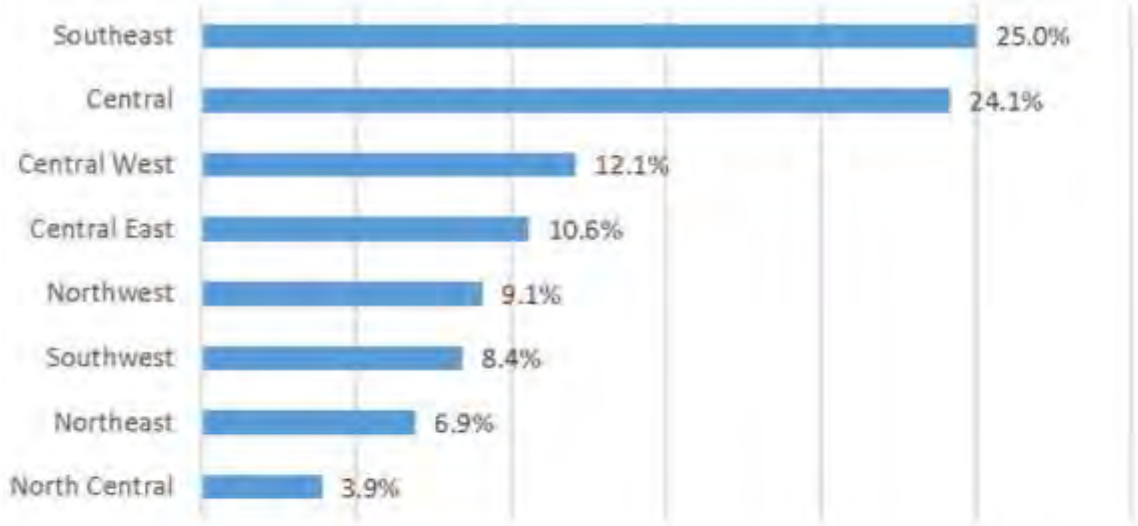


Table 88: Geocaching by Region of Participation: Tourists

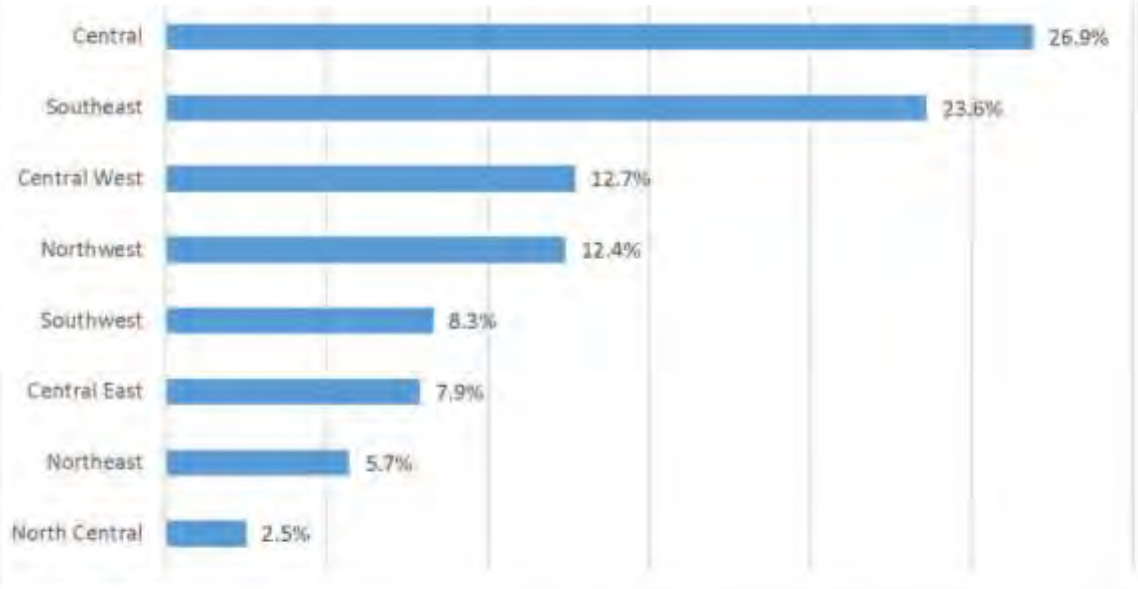


Table 89: Golf by Region of Participation: Tourists

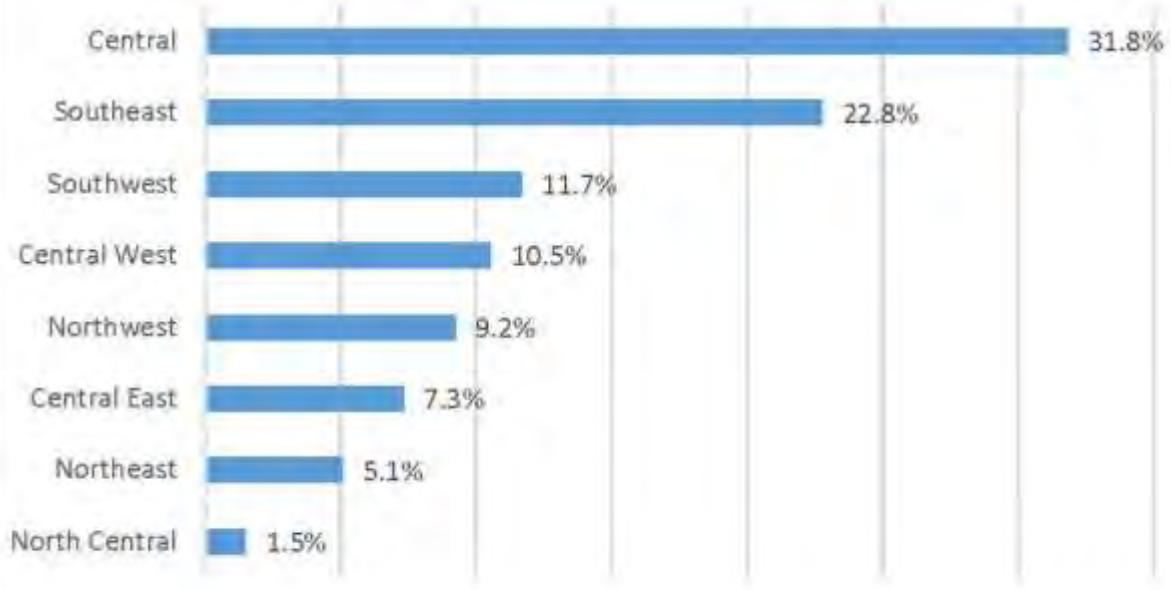


Table 90: Hiking by Region of Participation: Tourists

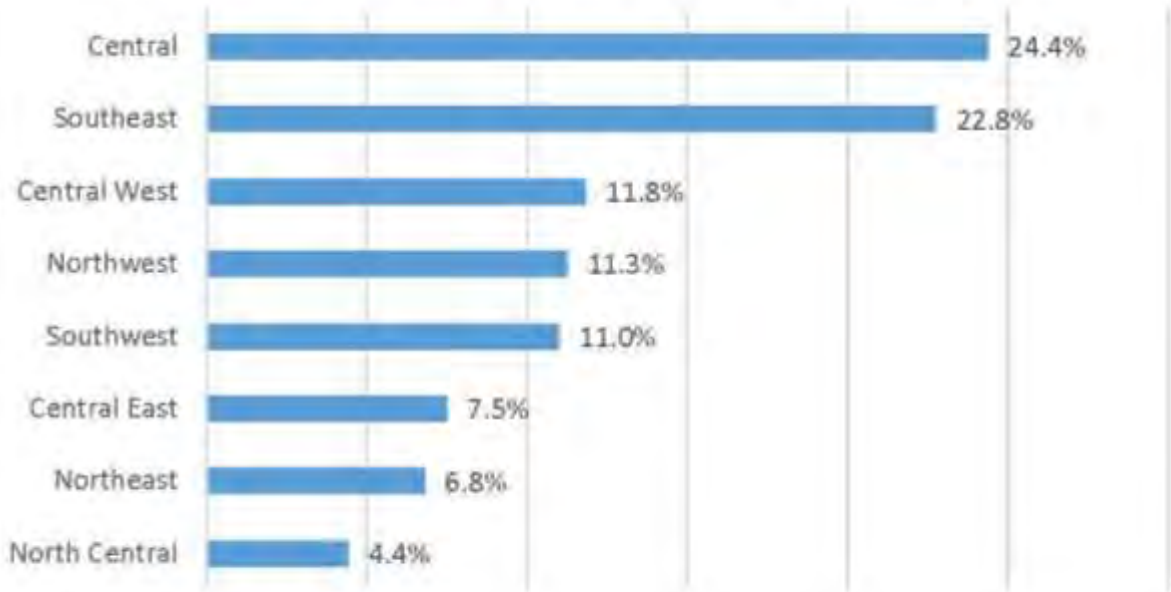


Table 91: Horse Camping by Region of Participation: Tourists

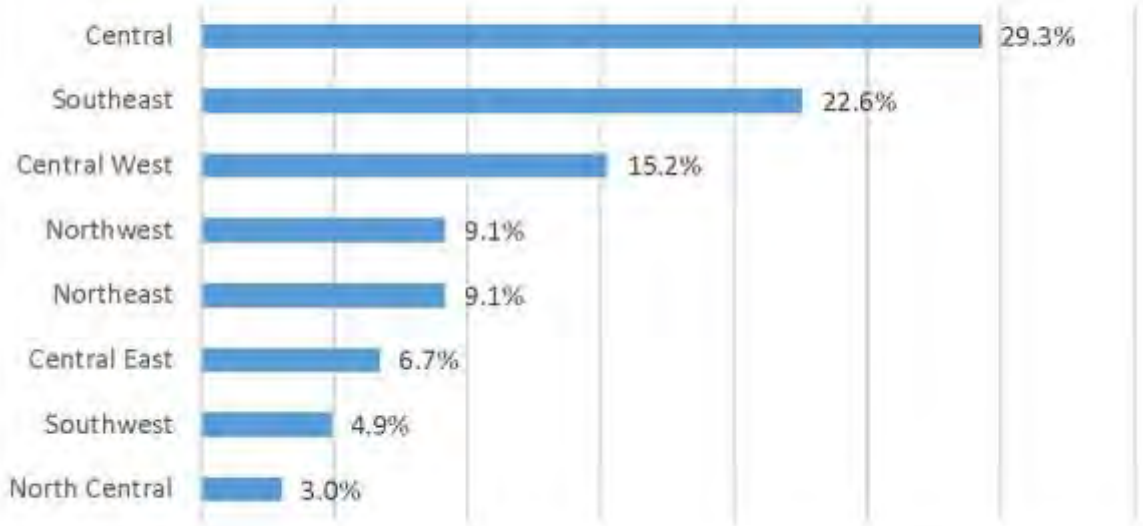


Table 92: Horseback Riding by Region of Participation: Tourists

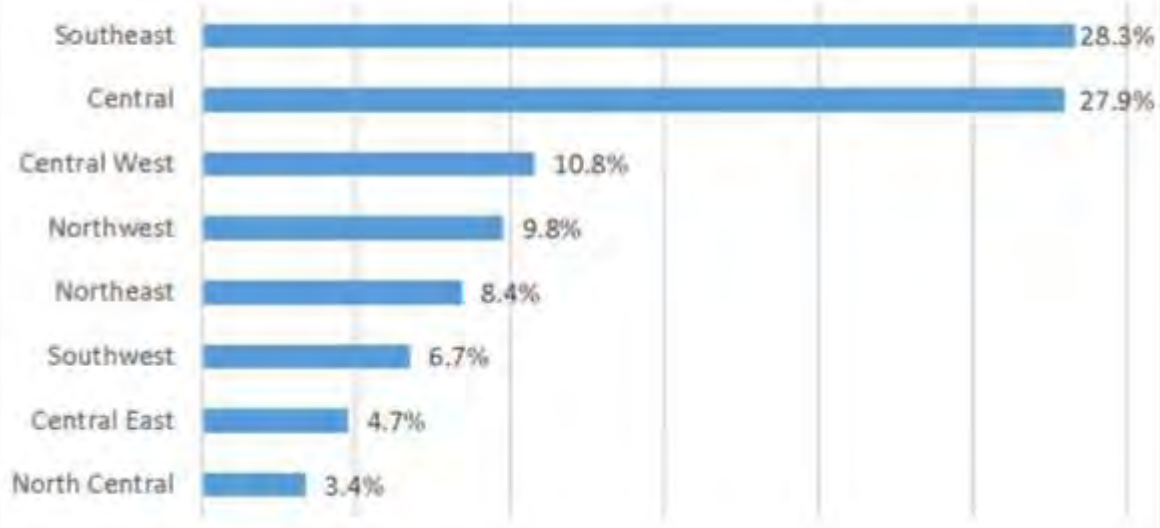


Table 93: Hunting by Region of Participation: Tourists

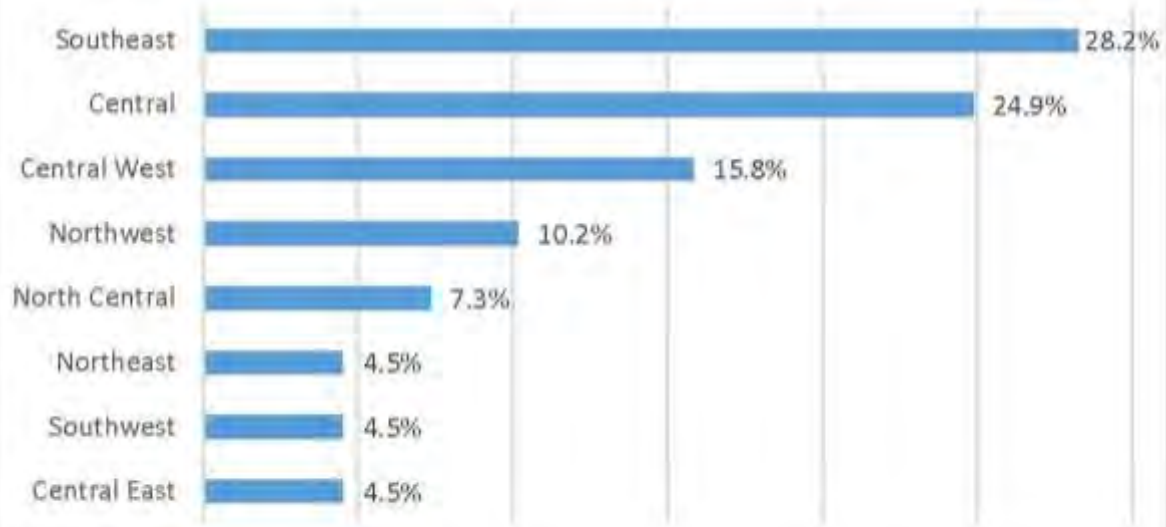


Table 94: Nature Study by Region of Participation: Tourists

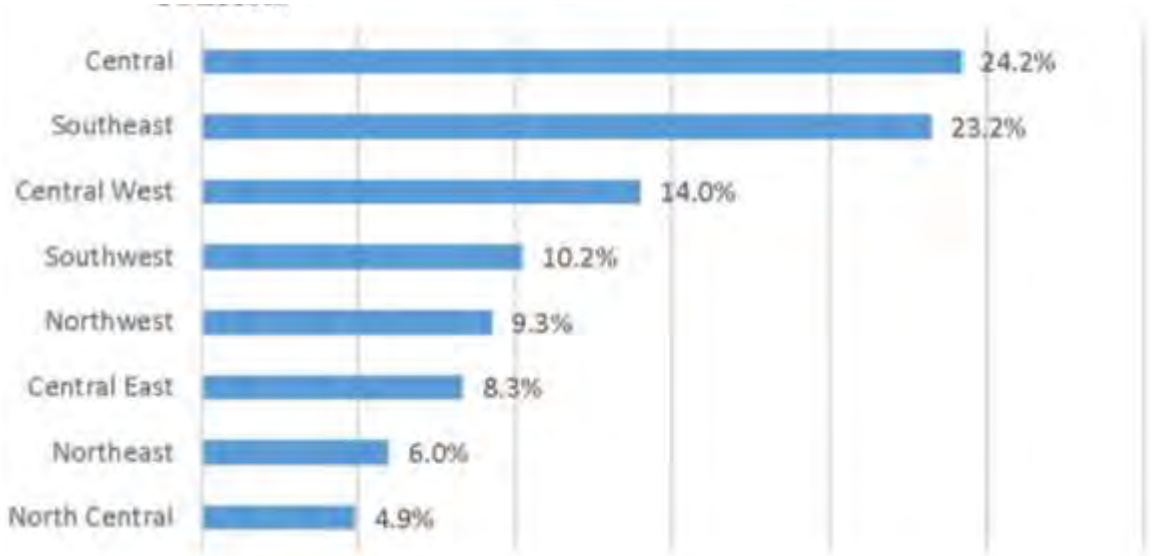


Table 95: Off-Road Vehicle Driving by Region of Participation: Tourists

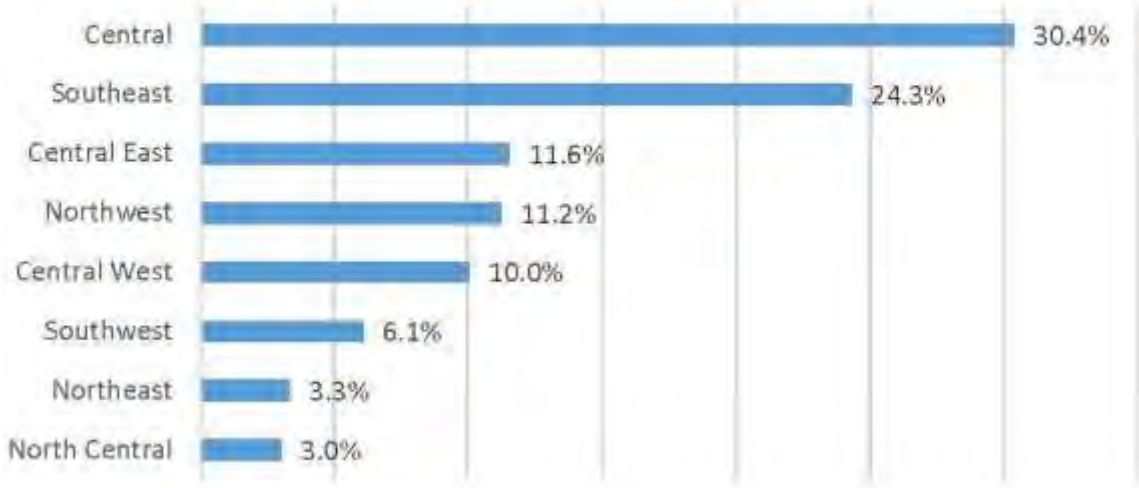


Table 96: Picnicking by Region of Participation: Tourists

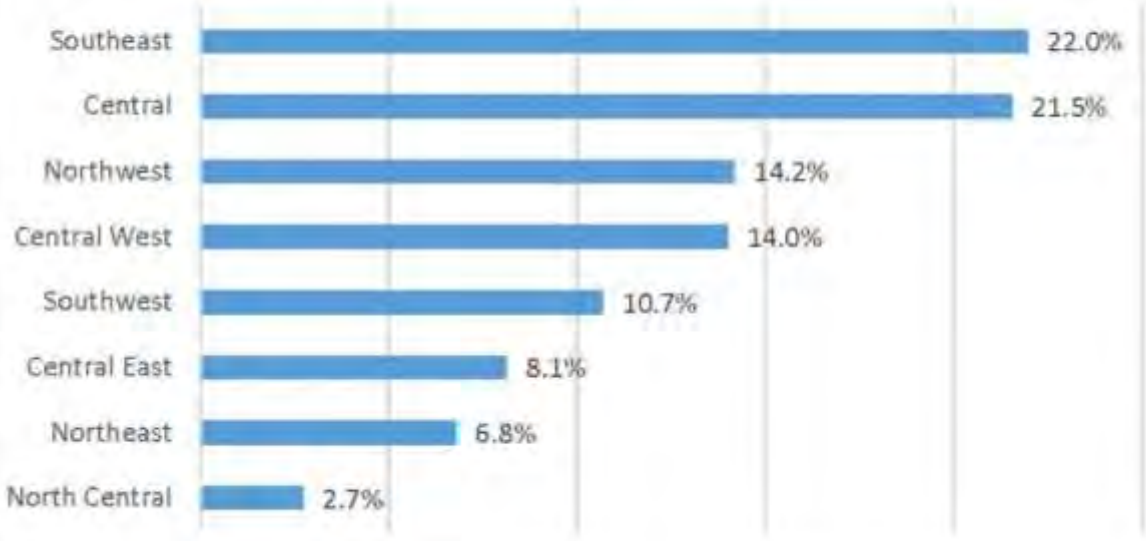


Table 97: RV or Trailer Camping by Region of Participation: Tourists

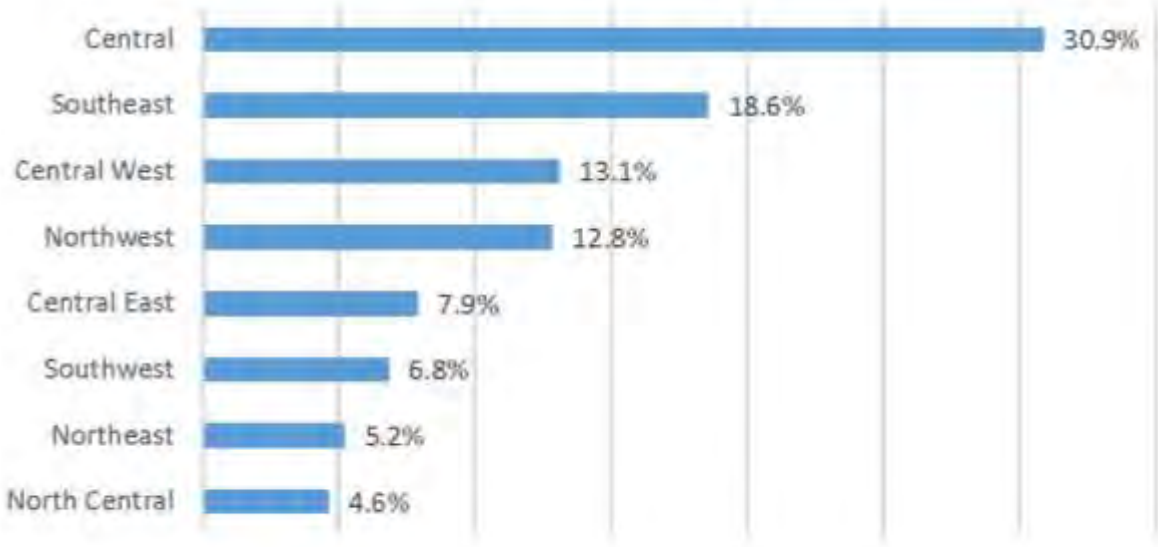


Table 98: Saltwater Beach Activities (not incl. fishing) by Region of Participation: Tourists

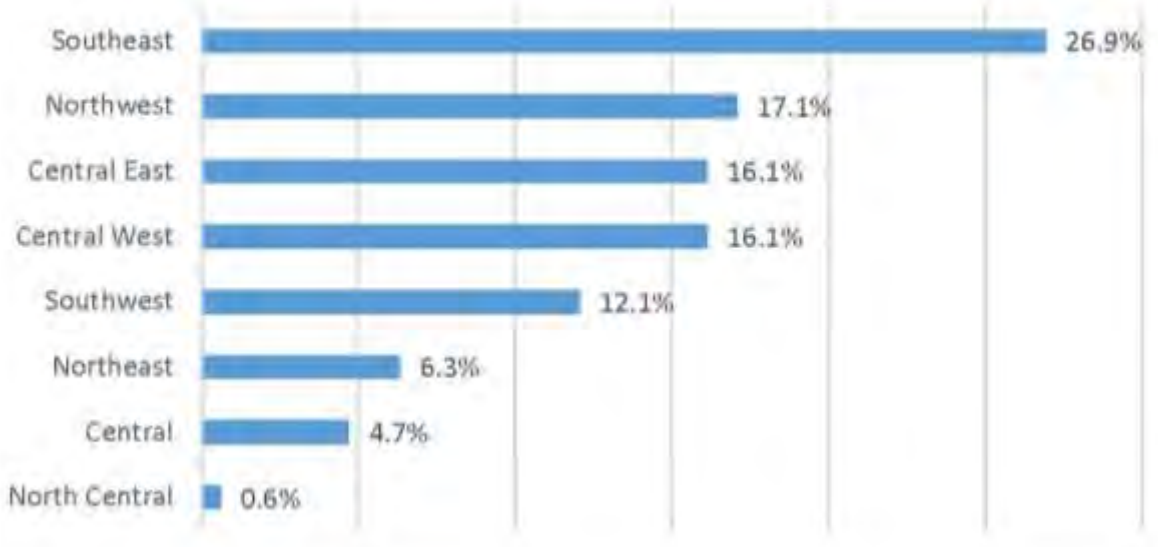


Table 99: Saltwater Boat Ramp Use by Region of Participation: Tourists

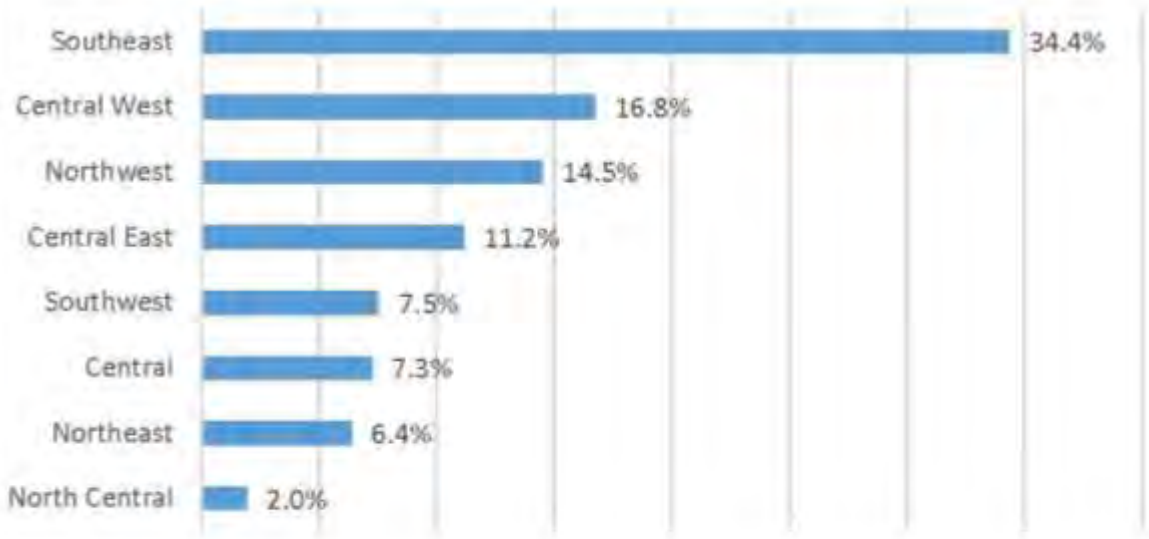


Table 100: Saltwater Fishing by Region of Participation: Tourists

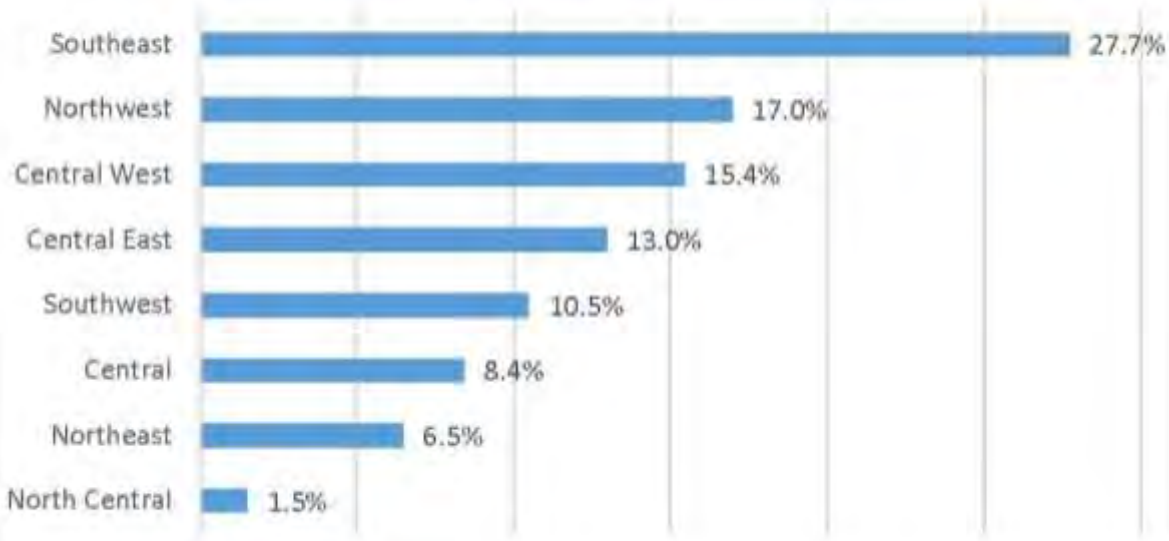


Table 101: Soccer by Region of Participation: Tourists

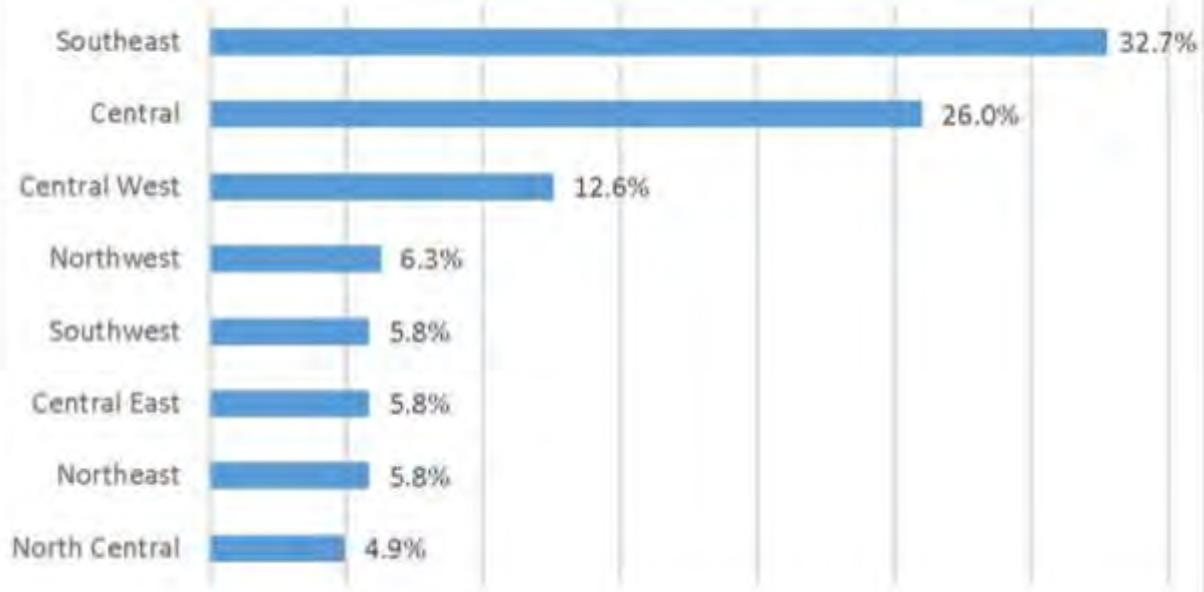


Table 102: Sport Shooting by Region of Participation: Tourists

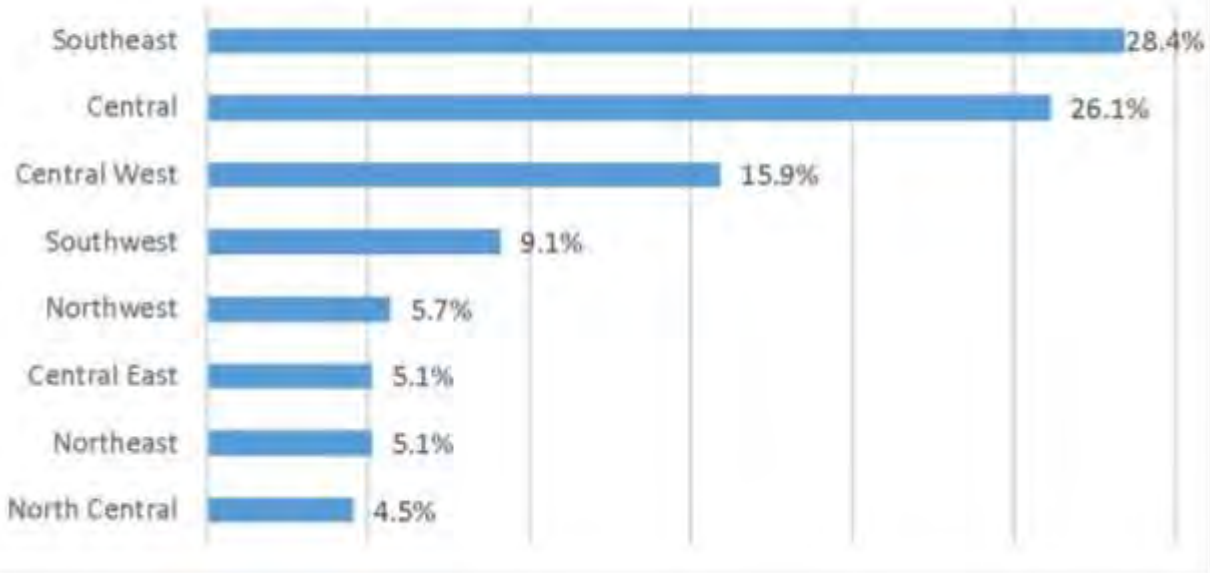


Table 103: Swimming (outdoor pool) by Region of Participation: Tourists

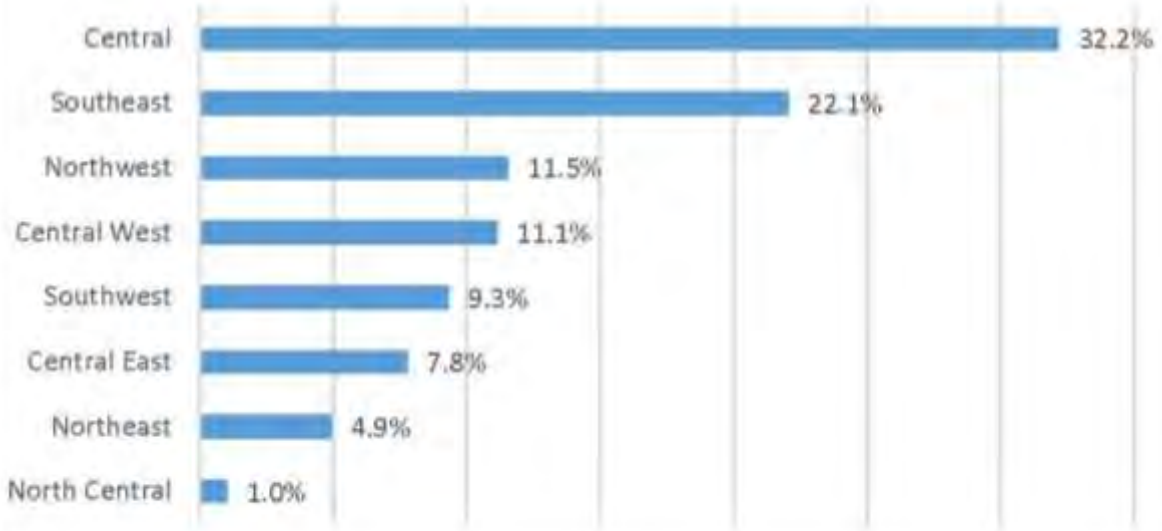


Table 104: Tennis by Region of Participation: Tourists

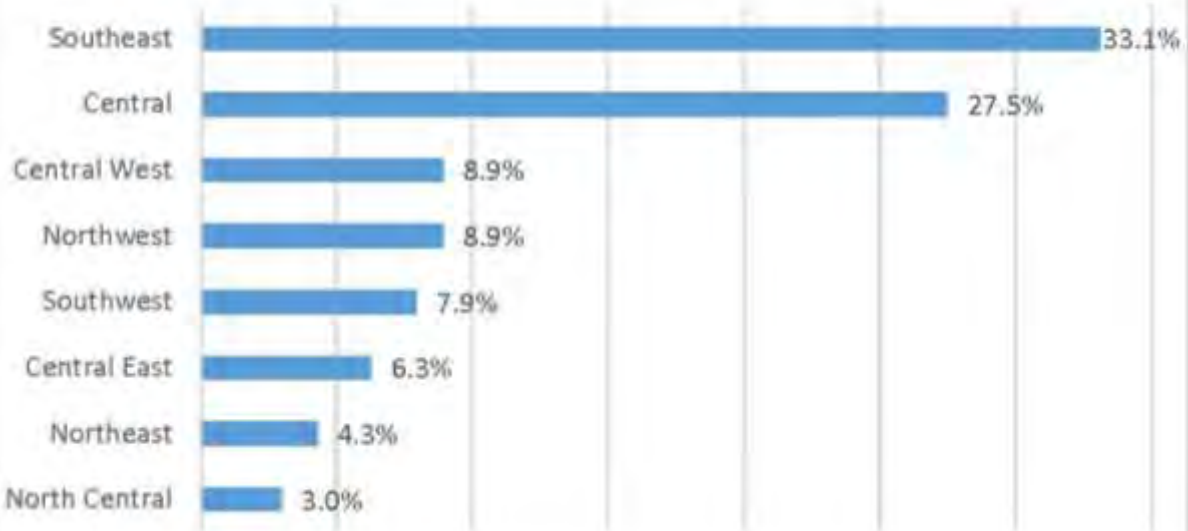


Table 105: Tent Camping by Region of Participation: Tourists

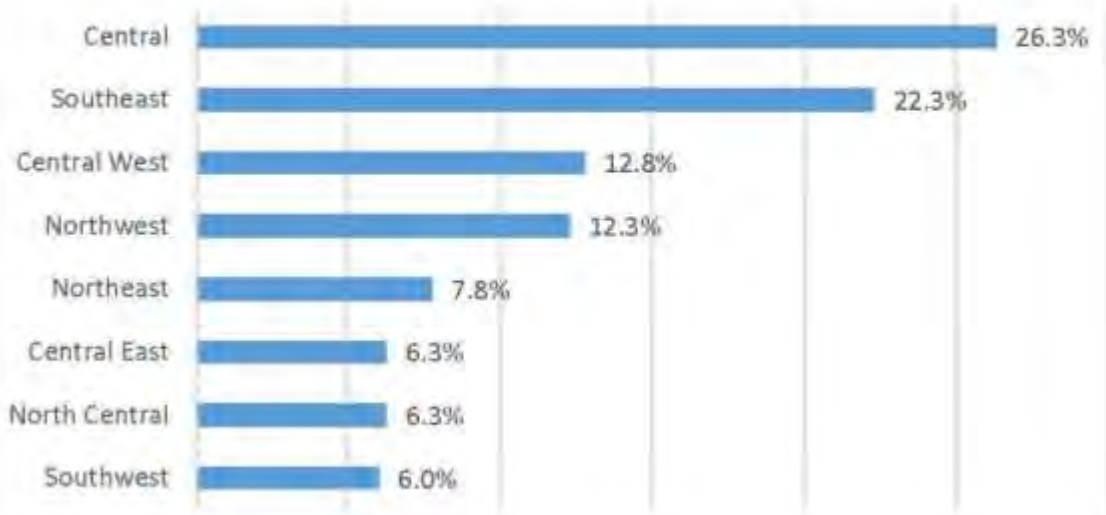


Table 106: Visiting Historical and Archaeological Sites by Region of Participation: Tourists

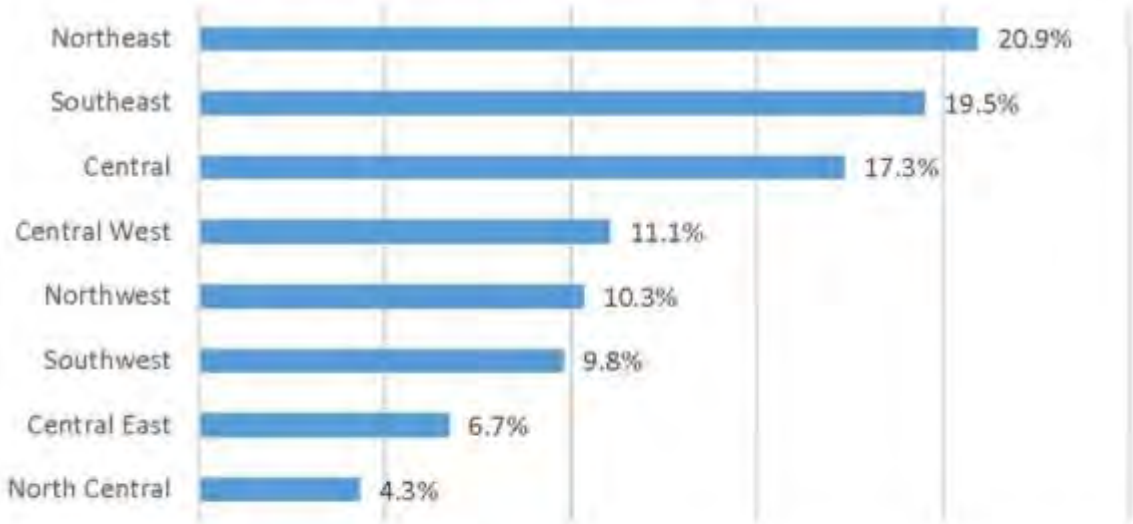


Table 107: Water Skiing, Wakeboarding by Region of Participation: Tourists

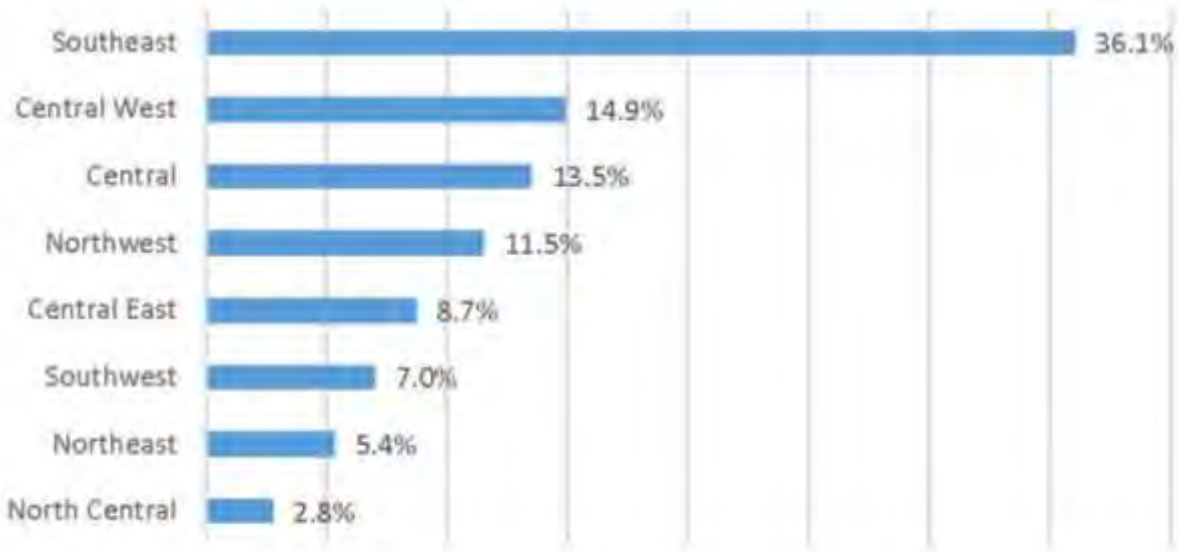
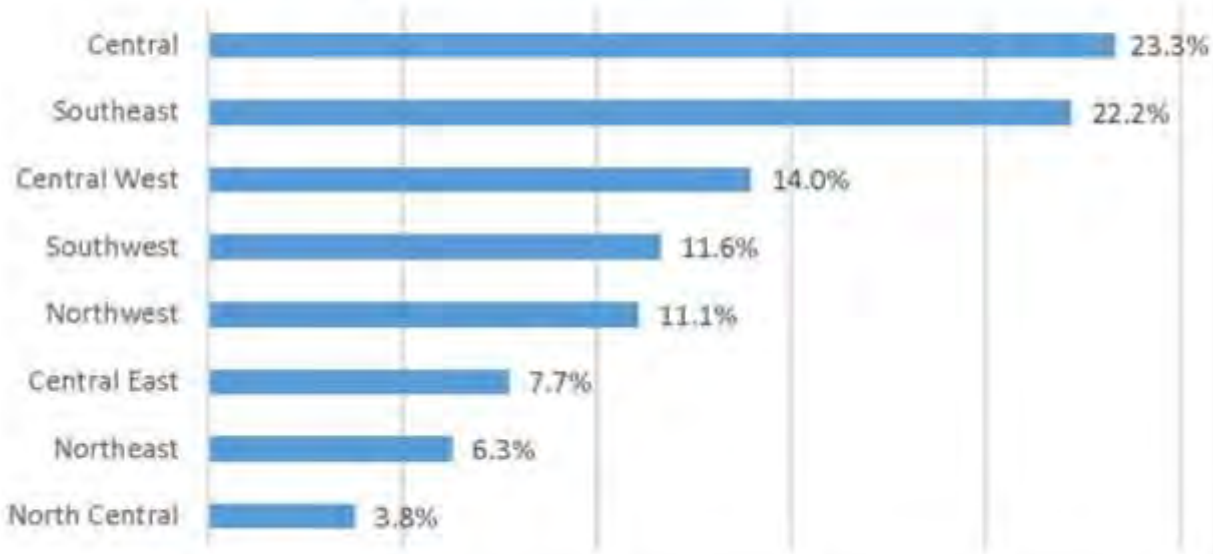


Table 108: Wildlife Viewing by Region of Participation: Tourists



3.2.2.4. Follow-Up Survey Questions Related to Bicycling and Fishing (Freshwater and Saltwater)

Table 109: Where Saltwater Fishing Occurs, Statewide % Responses, Residents

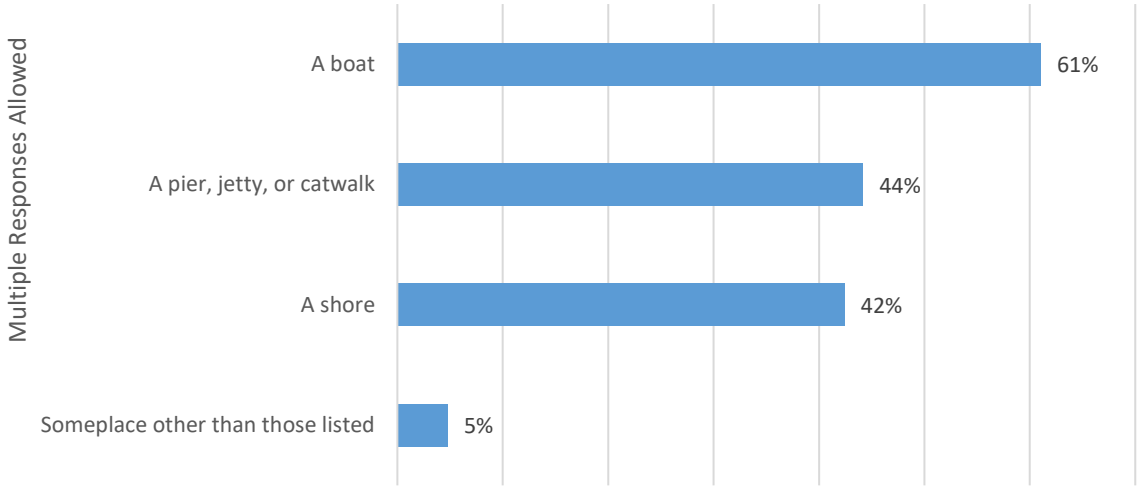


Table 110: Where Saltwater Fishing Occurs, Statewide % Responses, Tourists

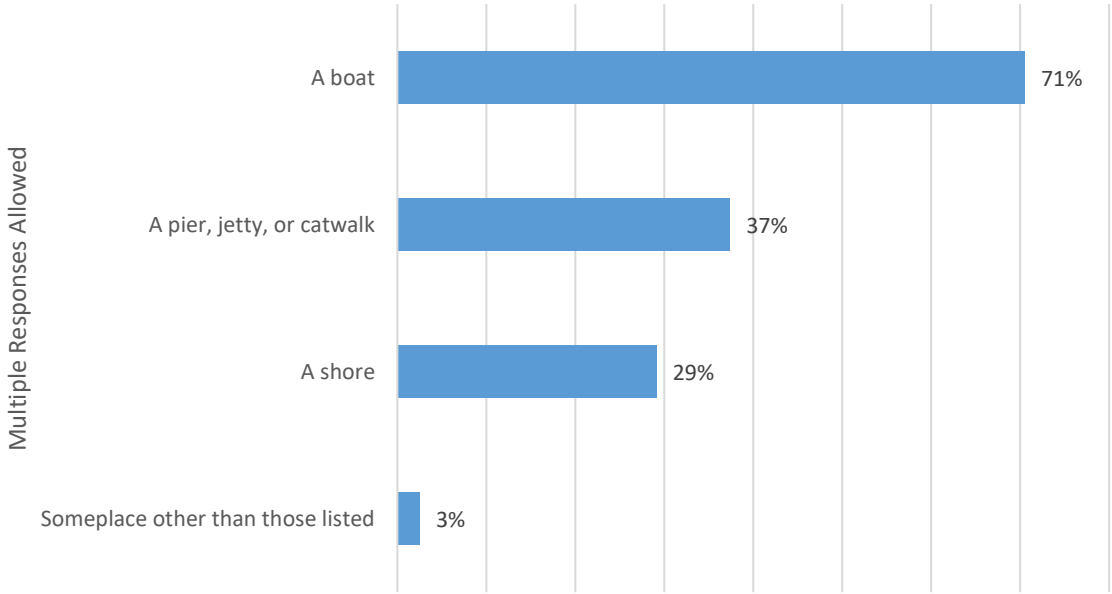


Table 111: Where Saltwater Fishing Occurs, % Responses by Region, Residents

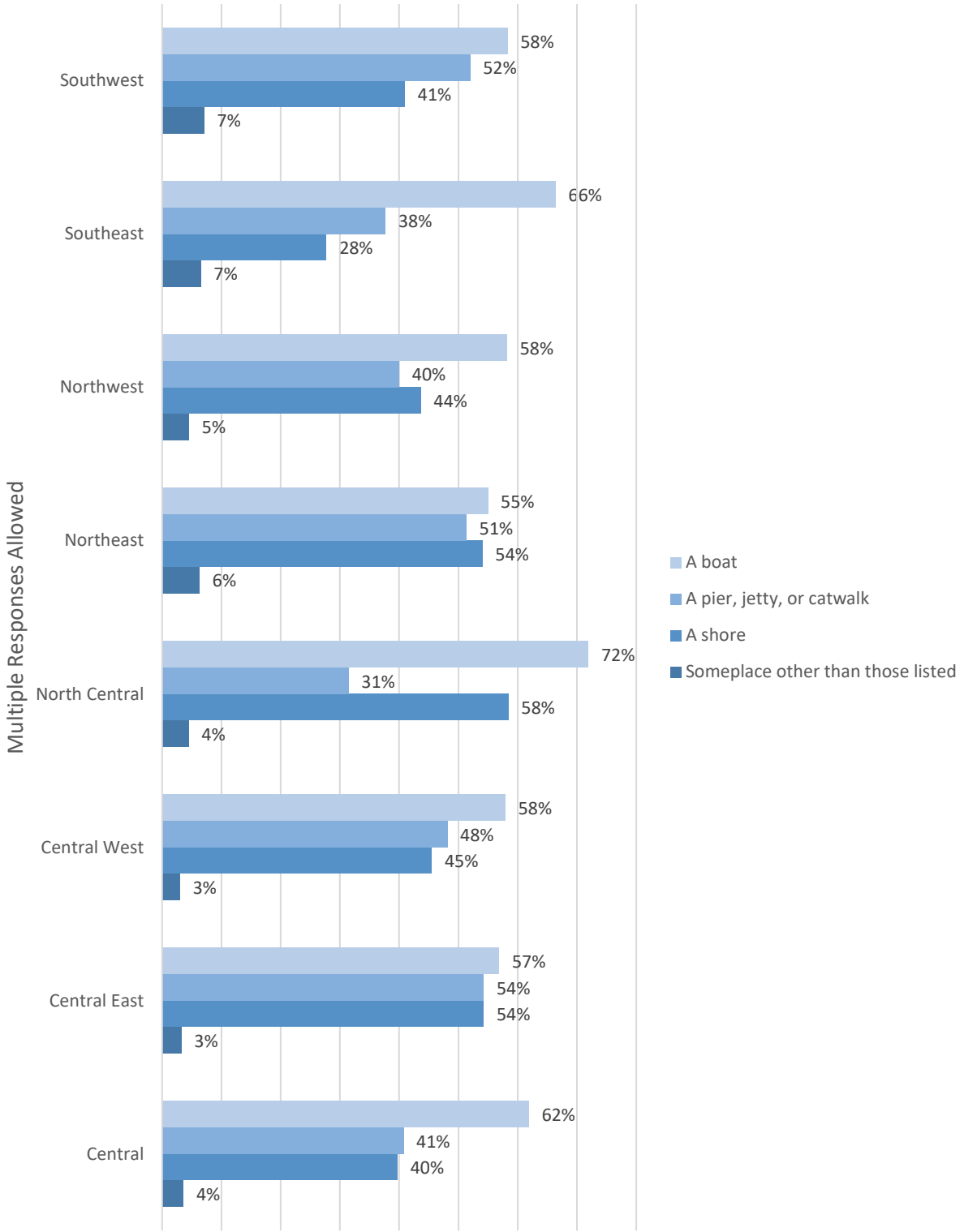


Table 112: Where Freshwater Fishing Occurs, Statewide % Responses, Residents

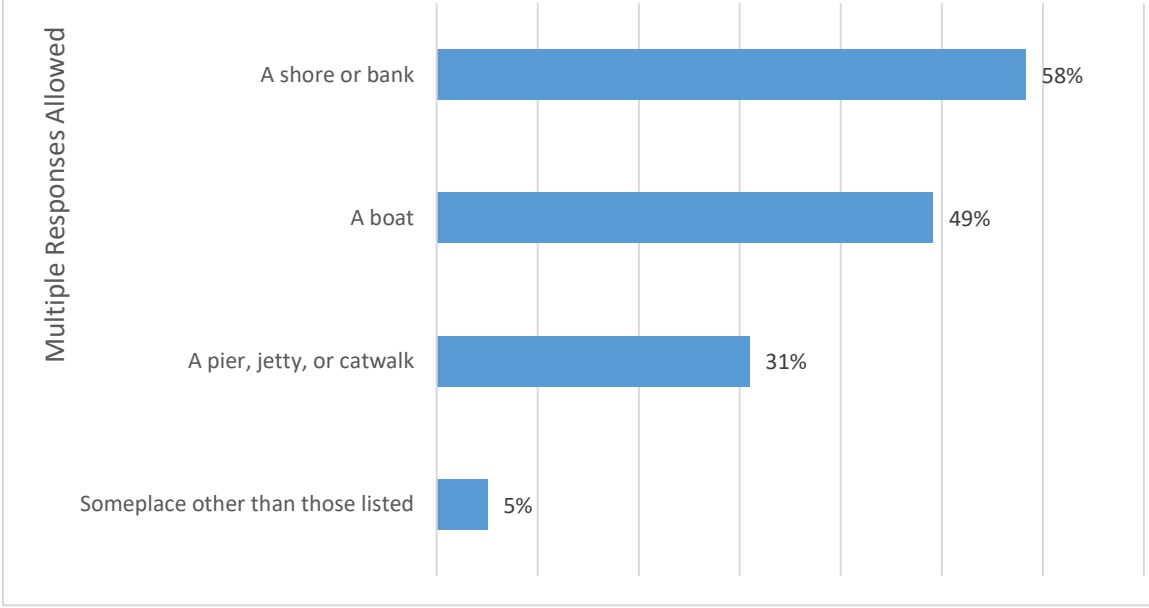


Table 113: Where Freshwater Fishing Occurs, Statewide % Responses, Tourists

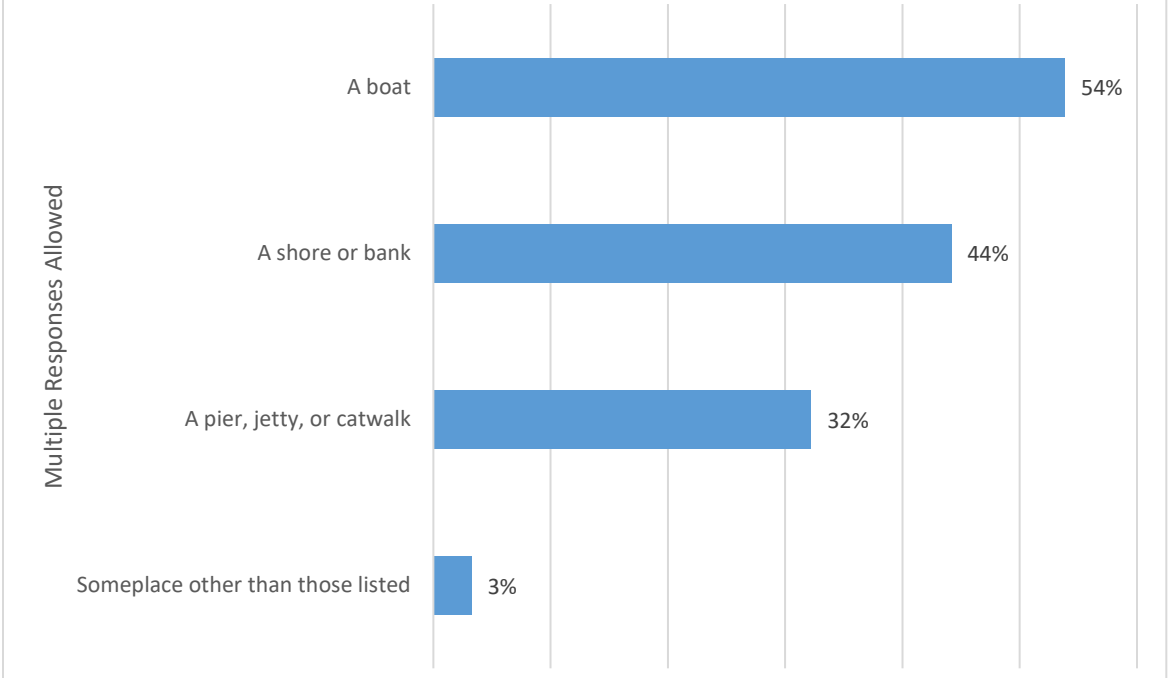


Table 114: Where Freshwater Fishing Occurs, % Responses by Region, Residents

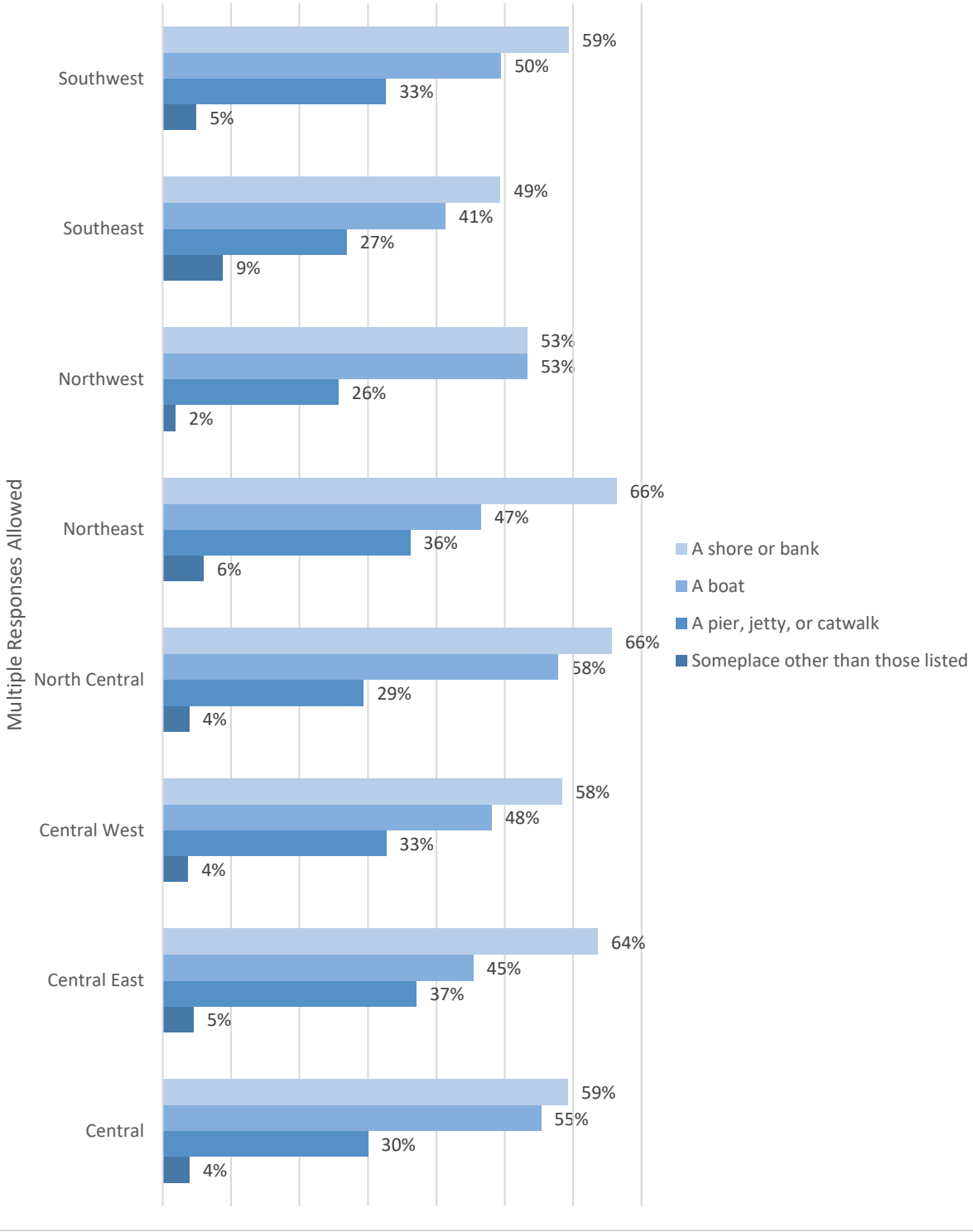


Table 115: Where Bicycling Occurs, Statewide % of Responses, Residents

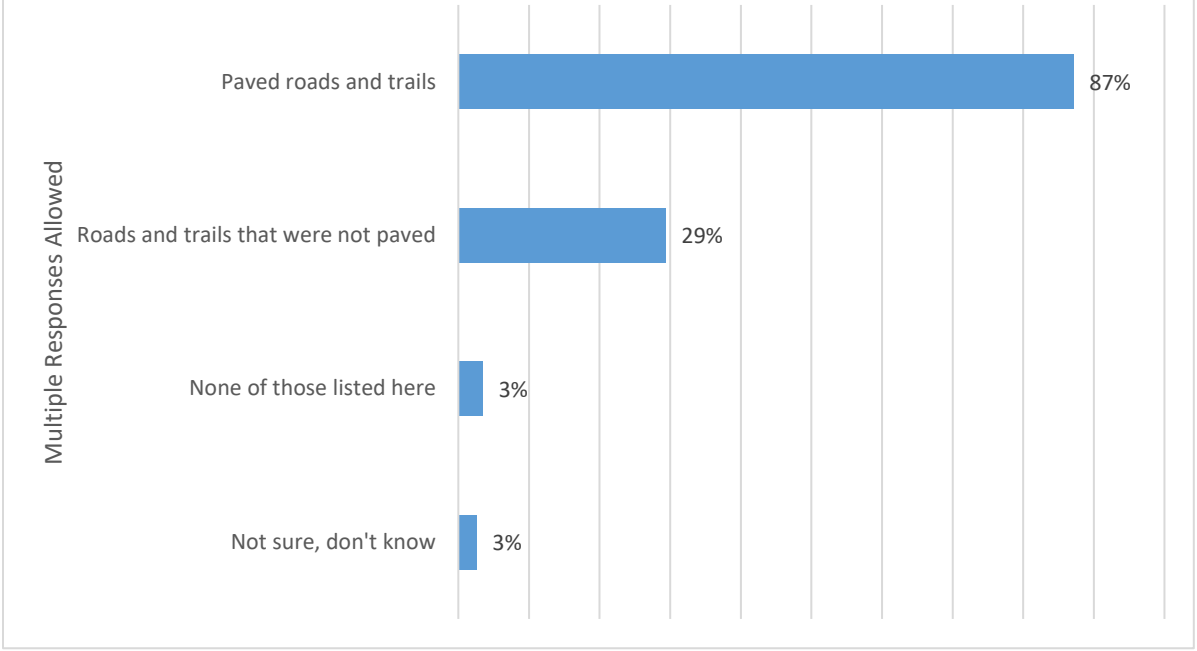


Table 116: Where Bicycling Occurs, Statewide % Responses, Tourists

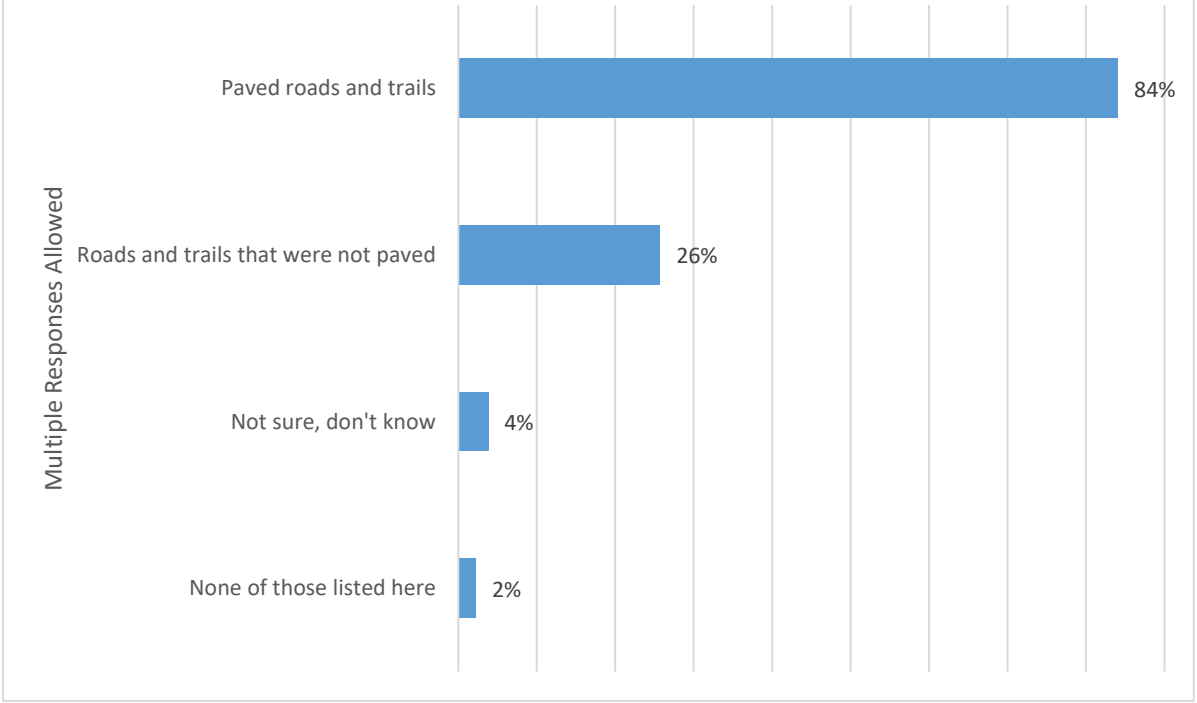
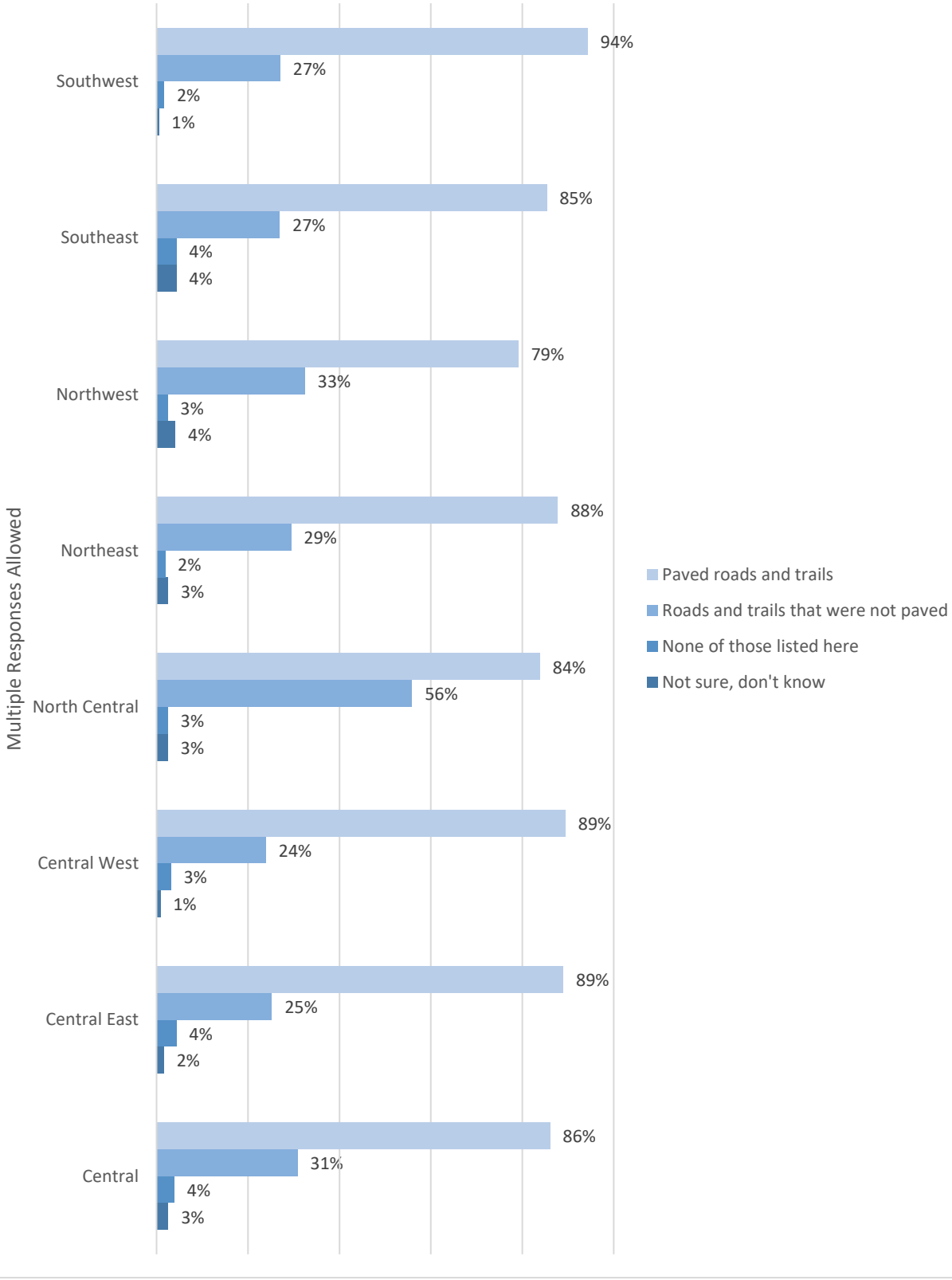


Table 117: Where Bicycling Occurs, % Responses by Region, Residents



3.2.3. County-Level Participation Results

Key Takeaways from Section 3.2.3.1. Through Section 3.2.3.2.:

- Around the U.S., SCORP research projects typically analyze data at a statewide-level and sometimes at the regional-level within a state. County-specific results are not usually offered because county-level sample sizes are often too small to be interpreted with adequate confidence.[15] This rule was applied in this Florida SCORP: county-level data is aggregated to a regional or statewide-level before results are offered. The one exception to that rule lies in this portion of the report. Here, recreational activity participation is broken-out by county. While these results may be cause for additional research, it should be reiterated that regional-level and statewide findings are much more generalizable because of the small sample sizes in various counties.[16] Stated differently, the county-specific results presented in this report are intended to be used to observe general patterns and trends and are **not** statistically valid. As the Florida DEP looks ahead to future SCORP projects, it should be noted that approximately 20,000 resident respondents would be desirable to achieve county-level statistical significance at a 10 percent confidence level.

- Regarding patterns, a clear takeaway on both section 3.2.3.1. and section 3.2.3.2. is the distinct lead of Miami-Dade County in many of the activity categories for both residents and tourists. For example, Miami-Dade County leads in resident participation in hunting (see Table 132). The lead of Miami-Dade in categories is largely driven by the county's relative population size and the draw of inbound tourism to the county.

- In most cases, frequency of demand is closely correlated with counties having large populations which would indicate that users attempt to satisfy demand locally. There are of course exceptions when the resources necessary for the activity are not available locally (such as saltwater fishing) or for a few activities (such as camping) where users prefer to travel some distance from home. It is useful therefore to examine the Tables for instances where a county's ranking for participation is out of line with its population ranking. This may indicate some special draw (or repulsion) for that activity in that county. An example might be the high participation rate for RV camping for Osceola County.

[15] The state of Oregon invested the funds to produce a SCORP plan that was statistically valid at the county-level (Oregon 2011 SCORP): https://www.recpro.org/scorp-library.

[16] The small sample sizes in various counties are not a result of sub-par data collection efforts. As seen in section 2.1. in this report, relative sample sizes in counties needed to reflect the same patterns of relative population sizes in the counties.

- Orange County appears to over perform in several activity areas (relative to its population) in the tourist survey, and often in the resident responses as well. This may relate to the presence of the large resort parks in that area of the state. However, it is also notable that Orange County has a strong draw for soccer and baseball/softball. These are both activities that have high tournament participation.

- The counties bordering Lake Okeechobee may be somewhat under-represented in the reported results, especially relating to freshwater fishing and boating. Some resident and tourist respondents listed "Lake Okeechobee" as the county or city of participation. In these cases the response was not counted because it could not be attributed to one of the several counties that border on the lake.

- Note must also be taken for activities reported as occurring in the Everglades and Everglades National Park. After consulting with DEP, it was decided to attribute these to Miami-Dade County unless more specific information was available, such as the term "Everglades City" (Collier County). This coding may cause some level of under-reporting for related activities in Monroe and Collier Counties, and perhaps to a lesser degree for other surrounding counties.

- Resident participation in canoeing/kayaking/stand up paddleboarding in Pinellas County might be high compared to state population ranking, perhaps relating to available resources for these activities.

3.2.3.1. Florida Resident County-Level Outdoor Recreation Participation Tabulated According to County of Participation[17]

{TABLES BEGIN ON NEXT PAGE}

[17] Data labels are included on the horizontal axis of the county Tables to aid interpretation due to the sheer number of counties per Table.

Table 118: County of Resident Participation: Baseball, Softball

Population Rank	Activity Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	12.69%
2	3	Broward	5.44%
5	2	Orange	5.44%
7	4	Duval	5.18%
3	6	Palm Beach	4.92%
6	5	Pinellas	4.92%
4	7	Hillsborough	4.66%
8	8	Lee	3.89%
19	9	Osceola	3.11%
10	11	Brevard	2.85%
11	10	Volusia	2.85%
17	13	Marion	2.59%
9	12	Polk	2.59%
18	15	Lake	2.33%
15	14	Manatee	2.33%
25	19	Clay	2.07%
27	18	Hernando	2.07%
12	17	Pasco	2.07%
24	16	St. Johns	2.07%
23	22	Alachua	1.81%
14	21	Sarasota	1.81%
13	20	Seminole	1.81%
20	25	Escambia	1.55%
31	24	Martin	1.55%
38	23	Monroe	1.55%
22	26	Leon	1.30%
28	31	Bay	1.04%
33	30	Citrus	1.04%
35	29	Flagler	1.04%
26	28	Okaloosa	1.04%
39	27	Putnam	1.04%
62	33	Calhoun	0.78%
42	32	Jackson	0.78%
29	42	Charlotte	0.52%
40	41	Columbia	0.52%
64	40	Glades	0.52%
47	39	Hendry	0.52%
36	38	Highlands	0.52%
37	37	Nassau	0.52%
30	36	Santa Rosa	0.52%
60	35	Union	0.52%
41	34	Walton	0.52%
52	54	Baker	0.26%
51	53	Bradford	0.26%
16	52	Collier	0.26%
58	51	Dixie	0.26%
65	50	Franklin	0.26%
59	49	Gulf	0.26%
61	48	Hamilton	0.26%
63	47	Jefferson	0.26%
56	46	Madison	0.26%
45	45	Okeechobee	0.26%
44	44	Suwannee	0.26%
54	43	Taylor	0.26%
48	67	De Soto	0.00%
43	66	Gadsden	0.00%
57	65	Gilchrist	0.00%
50	64	Hardee	0.00%
55	63	Holmes	0.00%
32	62	Indian River	0.00%
67	61	Lafayette	0.00%
46	60	Levy	0.00%
66	59	Liberty	0.00%
21	58	St. Lucie	0.00%
34	57	Sumter	0.00%
49	56	Wakulla	0.00%
53	55	Washington	0.00%

Table 119: County of Resident Participation: Basketball

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	12.34%
2	2	Broward	7.14%
3	4	Hillsborough	5.84%
4	5	Orange	5.84%
5	7	Duval	5.63%
6	3	Palm Beach	4.33%
7	6	Pinellas	4.33%
8	19	Osceola	3.68%
9	11	Volusia	3.25%
10	10	Brevard	3.03%
11	8	Lee	2.81%
12	9	Polk	2.81%
13	17	Marion	2.60%
14	12	Pasco	2.38%
15	13	Seminole	2.38%
16	20	Escambia	2.16%
17	18	Lake	2.16%
18	23	Alachua	1.52%
19	25	Clay	1.52%
20	16	Collier	1.52%
21	22	Leon	1.52%
22	28	Bay	1.30%
23	27	Hernando	1.30%
24	24	St. Johns	1.30%
25	38	Monroe	1.08%
26	41	Walton	1.08%
27	62	Calhoun	0.87%
28	29	Charlotte	0.87%
29	33	Citrus	0.87%
30	35	Flagler	0.87%
31	31	Martin	0.87%
32	26	Okaloosa	0.87%
33	14	Sarasota	0.87%
34	40	Columbia	0.65%
35	42	Jackson	0.65%
36	15	Manatee	0.65%
37	37	Nassau	0.65%
38	21	St. Lucie	0.65%
39	64	Glades	0.43%
40	59	Gulf	0.43%
41	61	Hamilton	0.43%
42	47	Hendry	0.43%
43	36	Highlands	0.43%
44	45	Okeechobee	0.43%
45	39	Putnam	0.43%
46	30	Santa Rosa	0.43%
47	54	Taylor	0.43%
48	52	Baker	0.22%
49	51	Bradford	0.22%
50	50	Hardee	0.22%
51	32	Indian River	0.22%
52	63	Jefferson	0.22%
53	46	Levy	0.22%
54	34	Sumter	0.22%
55	60	Union	0.22%
56	49	Wakulla	0.22%
57	48	De Soto	0.00%
58	58	Dixie	0.00%
59	65	Franklin	0.00%
60	43	Gadsden	0.00%
61	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
62	55	Holmes	0.00%
63	67	Lafayette	0.00%
64	66	Liberty	0.00%
65	56	Madison	0.00%
66	44	Suwannee	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 120: County of Resident Participation: Bicycling

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	9.26%
2	2	Broward	7.08%
3	6	Pinellas	7.08%
4	5	Orange	6.29%
5	4	Hillsborough	5.75%
6	3	Palm Beach	5.51%
7	11	Volusia	3.21%
8	9	Polk	3.02%
9	8	Lee	2.96%
10	17	Marion	2.90%
11	10	Brevard	2.72%
12	7	Duval	2.66%
13	12	Pasco	2.66%
14	14	Sarasota	2.42%
15	13	Seminole	2.42%
16	19	Osceola	2.24%
17	22	Leon	2.12%
18	23	Alachua	1.75%
19	25	Clay	1.69%
20	18	Lake	1.63%
21	16	Collier	1.57%
22	21	St. Lucie	1.57%
23	20	Escambia	1.45%
24	33	Citrus	1.39%
25	27	Hernando	1.39%
26	24	St. Johns	1.27%
27	29	Charlotte	1.15%
28	15	Manatee	1.09%
29	38	Monroe	1.09%
30	49	Wakulla	1.09%
31	35	Flagler	0.97%
32	31	Martin	0.91%
33	28	Bay	0.85%
34	26	Okaloosa	0.85%
35	30	Santa Rosa	0.73%
36	37	Nassau	0.67%
37	32	Indian River	0.60%
38	36	Highlands	0.54%
39	65	Franklin	0.48%
40	39	Putnam	0.48%
41	34	Sumter	0.48%
42	41	Walton	0.48%
43	46	Levy	0.42%
44	47	Hendry	0.30%
45	63	Jefferson	0.30%
46	57	Gilchrist	0.24%
47	42	Jackson	0.24%
48	45	Okeechobee	0.24%
49	44	Suwannee	0.24%
50	50	Hardee	0.18%
51	51	Bradford	0.12%
52	62	Calhoun	0.12%
53	40	Columbia	0.12%
54	48	De Soto	0.12%
55	58	Dixie	0.12%
56	43	Gadsden	0.12%
57	64	Glades	0.12%
58	59	Gulf	0.12%
59	52	Baker	0.06%
60	61	Hamilton	0.06%
61	55	Holmes	0.06%
62	56	Madison	0.06%
63	60	Union	0.06%
64	53	Washington	0.06%
65	67	Lafayette	0.00%
66	66	Liberty	0.00%
67	54	Taylor	0.00%

Table 121: County of Resident Participation: Canoeing, Kayaking, Stand Up Paddleboarding

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	6.81%
2	6	Pinellas	6.81%
3	4	Hillsborough	6.02%
4	3	Palm Beach	4.87%
5	2	Broward	4.78%
6	5	Orange	4.07%
7	17	Marion	3.72%
8	8	Lee	3.27%
9	11	Volusia	3.01%
10	10	Brevard	2.83%
11	49	Wakulla	2.57%
12	38	Monroe	2.48%
13	18	Lake	2.39%
14	7	Duval	2.30%
15	12	Pasco	2.12%
16	27	Hernando	2.04%
17	29	Charlotte	1.95%
18	33	Citrus	1.95%
19	14	Sarasota	1.95%
20	9	Polk	1.86%
21	13	Seminole	1.86%
22	16	Collier	1.77%
23	22	Leon	1.77%
24	19	Osceola	1.68%
25	24	St. Johns	1.68%
26	15	Manatee	1.50%
27	31	Martin	1.50%
28	28	Bay	1.42%
29	23	Alachua	1.33%
30	26	Okaloosa	1.33%
31	20	Escambia	1.24%
32	30	Santa Rosa	1.15%
33	25	Clay	1.06%
34	35	Flagler	0.97%
35	44	Suwannee	0.97%
36	40	Columbia	0.88%
37	32	Indian River	0.88%
38	63	Jefferson	0.88%
39	65	Franklin	0.80%
40	46	Levy	0.80%
41	21	St. Lucie	0.80%
42	37	Nassau	0.71%
43	57	Gilchrist	0.62%
44	41	Walton	0.62%
45	42	Jackson	0.53%
46	39	Putnam	0.44%
47	59	Gulf	0.35%
48	36	Highlands	0.35%
49	34	Sumter	0.35%
50	62	Calhoun	0.27%
51	53	Washington	0.27%
52	58	Dixie	0.18%
53	61	Hamilton	0.18%
54	47	Hendry	0.18%
55	55	Holmes	0.18%
56	52	Baker	0.09%
57	51	Bradford	0.09%
58	43	Gadsden	0.09%
59	64	Glades	0.09%
60	50	Hardee	0.09%
61	56	Madison	0.09%
62	54	Taylor	0.09%
63	60	Union	0.09%
64	48	De Soto	0.00%
65	67	Lafayette	0.00%
66	66	Liberty	0.00%
67	45	Okeechobee	0.00%

Table 122: County of Resident Participation: Fitness Walking, Jogging, Running

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	7.48%
2	6	Pinellas	6.74%
3	5	Orange	6.57%
4	2	Broward	6.33%
5	4	Hillsborough	5.71%
6	3	Palm Beach	5.42%
7	7	Duval	3.99%
8	9	Polk	3.33%
9	12	Pasco	3.20%
10	11	Volusia	3.12%
11	10	Brevard	2.92%
12	22	Leon	2.88%
13	13	Seminole	2.88%
14	17	Marion	2.75%
15	8	Lee	2.67%
16	14	Sarasota	2.42%
17	18	Lake	2.18%
18	23	Alachua	1.89%
19	19	Osceola	1.81%
20	15	Manatee	1.60%
21	20	Escambia	1.52%
22	27	Hernando	1.52%
23	25	Clay	1.48%
24	24	St. Johns	1.31%
25	33	Citrus	1.19%
26	16	Collier	1.15%
27	21	St. Lucie	1.11%
28	29	Charlotte	1.03%
29	30	Santa Rosa	0.99%
30	28	Bay	0.94%
31	38	Monroe	0.90%
32	49	Wakulla	0.90%
33	35	Flagler	0.86%
34	31	Martin	0.86%
35	26	Okaloosa	0.86%
36	34	Sumter	0.66%
37	36	Highlands	0.62%
38	41	Walton	0.62%
39	32	Indian River	0.49%
40	37	Nassau	0.45%
41	65	Franklin	0.41%
42	39	Putnam	0.41%
43	63	Jefferson	0.37%
44	40	Columbia	0.33%
45	47	Hendry	0.29%
46	62	Calhoun	0.25%
47	46	Levy	0.25%
48	64	Glades	0.21%
49	42	Jackson	0.21%
50	45	Okeechobee	0.21%
51	59	Gulf	0.16%
52	61	Hamilton	0.16%
53	44	Suwannee	0.16%
54	54	Taylor	0.16%
55	43	Gadsden	0.12%
56	55	Holmes	0.12%
57	66	Liberty	0.12%
58	53	Washington	0.12%
59	52	Baker	0.08%
60	51	Bradford	0.08%
61	58	Dixie	0.08%
62	57	Gilchrist	0.08%
63	56	Madison	0.08%
64	60	Union	0.08%
65	48	De Soto	0.04%
66	50	Hardee	0.04%
67	67	Lafayette	0.00%

Table 123: County of Resident Participation: Football

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	15.38%
2	2	Broward	6.92%
3	5	Orange	5.64%
4	7	Duval	4.10%
5	3	Palm Beach	4.10%
6	4	Hillsborough	3.59%
7	19	Osceola	3.59%
8	9	Polk	3.59%
9	6	Pinellas	3.33%
10	17	Marion	3.08%
11	10	Brevard	2.82%
12	12	Pasco	2.82%
13	11	Volusia	2.82%
14	8	Lee	2.56%
15	13	Seminole	2.31%
16	16	Collier	2.05%
17	28	Bay	1.79%
18	33	Citrus	1.79%
19	20	Escambia	1.79%
20	18	Lake	1.79%
21	22	Leon	1.79%
22	25	Clay	1.54%
23	23	Alachua	1.28%
24	15	Manatee	1.28%
25	31	Martin	1.28%
26	62	Calhoun	1.03%
27	47	Hendry	1.03%
28	27	Hernando	1.03%
29	39	Putnam	1.03%
30	30	Santa Rosa	1.03%
31	14	Sarasota	1.03%
32	24	St. Johns	1.03%
33	64	Glades	0.77%
34	42	Jackson	0.77%
35	26	Okaloosa	0.77%
36	41	Walton	0.77%
37	29	Charlotte	0.51%
38	40	Columbia	0.51%
39	59	Gulf	0.51%
40	37	Nassau	0.51%
41	52	Baker	0.26%
42	58	Dixie	0.26%
43	35	Flagler	0.26%
44	65	Franklin	0.26%
45	61	Hamilton	0.26%
46	36	Highlands	0.26%
47	32	Indian River	0.26%
48	63	Jefferson	0.26%
49	66	Liberty	0.26%
50	56	Madison	0.26%
51	38	Monroe	0.26%
52	45	Okeechobee	0.26%
53	21	St. Lucie	0.26%
54	34	Sumter	0.26%
55	44	Suwannee	0.26%
56	54	Taylor	0.26%
57	60	Union	0.26%
58	53	Washington	0.26%
59	51	Bradford	0.00%
60	48	De Soto	0.00%
61	43	Gadsden	0.00%
62	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
63	50	Hardee	0.00%
64	55	Holmes	0.00%
65	67	Lafayette	0.00%
66	46	Levy	0.00%
67	49	Wakulla	0.00%

Table 124: County of Resident Participation: Freshwater Beach Activities (not incl. fishing)

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	11	Volusia	5.60%
2	1	Miami-Dade	5.34%
3	6	Pinellas	4.83%
4	2	Broward	4.58%
5	4	Hillsborough	4.20%
6	3	Palm Beach	3.94%
7	10	Brevard	3.69%
8	5	Orange	3.56%
9	9	Polk	3.44%
10	17	Marion	3.05%
11	7	Duval	2.93%
12	8	Lee	2.93%
13	12	Pasco	2.93%
14	18	Lake	2.80%
15	28	Bay	2.54%
16	24	St. Johns	2.16%
17	23	Alachua	1.91%
18	33	Citrus	1.91%
19	27	Hernando	1.78%
20	14	Sarasota	1.78%
21	13	Seminole	1.78%
22	49	Wakulla	1.78%
23	19	Osceola	1.65%
24	22	Leon	1.53%
25	15	Manatee	1.53%
26	16	Collier	1.40%
27	39	Putnam	1.40%
28	30	Santa Rosa	1.40%
29	65	Franklin	1.27%
30	26	Okaloosa	1.27%
31	38	Monroe	1.15%
32	20	Escambia	1.02%
33	46	Levy	1.02%
34	59	Gulf	0.89%
35	36	Highlands	0.89%
36	44	Suwannee	0.89%
37	25	Clay	0.76%
38	40	Columbia	0.76%
39	58	Dixie	0.76%
40	35	Flagler	0.76%
41	31	Martin	0.76%
42	41	Walton	0.76%
43	62	Calhoun	0.64%
44	29	Charlotte	0.64%
45	47	Hendry	0.64%
46	42	Jackson	0.64%
47	53	Washington	0.64%
48	57	Gilchrist	0.51%
49	61	Hamilton	0.51%
50	63	Jefferson	0.51%
51	45	Okeechobee	0.51%
52	55	Holmes	0.38%
53	21	St. Lucie	0.38%
54	51	Bradford	0.25%
55	43	Gadsden	0.25%
56	32	Indian River	0.25%
57	66	Liberty	0.25%
58	37	Nassau	0.25%
59	34	Sumter	0.25%
60	54	Taylor	0.25%
61	52	Baker	0.13%
62	48	De Soto	0.13%
63	64	Glades	0.13%
64	50	Hardee	0.13%
65	67	Lafayette	0.13%
66	56	Madison	0.13%
67	60	Union	0.13%

Table 125: County of Resident Participation: Freshwater Boat Ramp Use

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	11	Volusia	4.85%
2	1	Miami-Dade	4.67%
3	5	Orange	4.67%
4	4	Hillsborough	4.49%
5	17	Marion	4.13%
6	33	Citrus	3.95%
7	6	Pinellas	3.95%
8	2	Broward	3.59%
9	18	Lake	3.41%
10	9	Polk	3.41%
11	3	Palm Beach	3.23%
12	12	Pasco	3.23%
13	25	Clay	2.87%
14	10	Brevard	2.69%
15	8	Lee	2.51%
16	22	Leon	2.33%
17	39	Putnam	2.33%
18	13	Seminole	1.97%
19	7	Duval	1.80%
20	23	Alachua	1.62%
21	28	Bay	1.62%
22	27	Hernando	1.62%
23	63	Jefferson	1.62%
24	19	Osceola	1.62%
25	24	St. Johns	1.62%
26	14	Sarasota	1.44%
27	49	Wakulla	1.44%
28	42	Jackson	1.26%
29	44	Suwannee	1.26%
30	20	Escambia	1.08%
31	35	Flagler	1.08%
32	65	Franklin	1.08%
33	36	Highlands	1.08%
34	38	Monroe	1.08%
35	30	Santa Rosa	1.08%
36	16	Collier	0.90%
37	47	Hendry	0.90%
38	15	Manatee	0.90%
39	26	Okaloosa	0.90%
40	45	Okeechobee	0.90%
41	58	Dixie	0.72%
42	64	Glades	0.72%
43	55	Holmes	0.72%
44	46	Levy	0.72%
45	31	Martin	0.72%
46	53	Washington	0.72%
47	29	Charlotte	0.54%
48	34	Sumter	0.54%
49	51	Bradford	0.36%
50	62	Calhoun	0.36%
51	40	Columbia	0.36%
52	59	Gulf	0.36%
53	32	Indian River	0.36%
54	66	Liberty	0.36%
55	56	Madison	0.36%
56	37	Nassau	0.36%
57	41	Walton	0.36%
58	52	Baker	0.18%
59	48	De Soto	0.18%
60	43	Gadsden	0.18%
61	57	Gilchrist	0.18%
62	61	Hamilton	0.18%
63	21	St. Lucie	0.18%
64	60	Union	0.18%
65	50	Hardee	0.00%
66	67	Lafayette	0.00%
67	54	Taylor	0.00%

Table 126: County of Resident Participation: Freshwater Fishing

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	5	Orange	5.48%
2	1	Miami-Dade	5.28%
3	6	Pinellas	5.28%
4	9	Polk	4.70%
5	4	Hillsborough	4.50%
6	3	Palm Beach	4.21%
7	11	Volusia	4.21%
8	2	Broward	4.11%
9	17	Marion	3.42%
10	18	Lake	3.13%
11	10	Brevard	3.03%
12	7	Duval	3.03%
13	33	Citrus	2.74%
14	12	Pasco	2.35%
15	8	Lee	2.15%
16	28	Bay	1.66%
17	20	Escambia	1.66%
18	24	St. Johns	1.66%
19	22	Leon	1.57%
20	15	Manatee	1.57%
21	14	Sarasota	1.57%
22	13	Seminole	1.57%
23	23	Alachua	1.47%
24	27	Hernando	1.47%
25	38	Monroe	1.47%
26	26	Okaloosa	1.47%
27	16	Collier	1.37%
28	25	Clay	1.27%
29	45	Okeechobee	1.27%
30	19	Osceola	1.27%
31	39	Putnam	1.27%
32	29	Charlotte	1.17%
33	47	Hendry	1.17%
34	30	Santa Rosa	1.08%
35	35	Flagler	0.98%
36	32	Indian River	0.88%
37	44	Suwannee	0.78%
38	64	Glades	0.68%
39	59	Gulf	0.68%
40	36	Highlands	0.68%
41	46	Levy	0.68%
42	31	Martin	0.68%
43	21	St. Lucie	0.68%
44	65	Franklin	0.59%
45	42	Jackson	0.59%
46	37	Nassau	0.59%
47	34	Sumter	0.59%
48	41	Walton	0.59%
49	53	Washington	0.59%
50	58	Dixie	0.49%
51	63	Jefferson	0.49%
52	67	Lafayette	0.49%
53	49	Wakulla	0.49%
54	40	Columbia	0.39%
55	43	Gadsden	0.39%
56	61	Hamilton	0.39%
57	62	Calhoun	0.29%
58	48	De Soto	0.29%
59	54	Taylor	0.29%
60	60	Union	0.29%
61	51	Bradford	0.20%
62	55	Holmes	0.20%
63	52	Baker	0.10%
64	57	Gilchrist	0.10%
65	66	Liberty	0.10%
66	56	Madison	0.10%
67	50	Hardee	0.00%

Table 127: County of Resident Participation: Geocaching

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	8.16%
2	3	Palm Beach	6.95%
3	4	Hillsborough	6.34%
4	5	Orange	6.04%
5	2	Broward	5.44%
6	7	Duval	4.23%
7	6	Pinellas	3.93%
8	9	Polk	3.63%
9	11	Volusia	3.32%
10	25	Clay	3.02%
11	18	Lake	3.02%
12	10	Brevard	2.72%
13	17	Marion	2.72%
14	8	Lee	2.42%
15	24	St. Johns	2.42%
16	20	Escambia	2.11%
17	12	Pasco	2.11%
18	33	Citrus	1.81%
19	38	Monroe	1.81%
20	29	Charlotte	1.51%
21	16	Collier	1.51%
22	22	Leon	1.51%
23	31	Martin	1.51%
24	19	Osceola	1.51%
25	23	Alachua	1.21%
26	28	Bay	1.21%
27	42	Jackson	1.21%
28	13	Seminole	1.21%
29	65	Franklin	0.91%
30	59	Gulf	0.91%
31	27	Hernando	0.91%
32	15	Manatee	0.91%
33	37	Nassau	0.91%
34	30	Santa Rosa	0.91%
35	14	Sarasota	0.91%
36	40	Columbia	0.60%
37	35	Flagler	0.60%
38	64	Glades	0.60%
39	61	Hamilton	0.60%
40	32	Indian River	0.60%
41	26	Okaloosa	0.60%
42	39	Putnam	0.60%
43	21	St. Lucie	0.60%
44	54	Taylor	0.60%
45	49	Wakulla	0.60%
46	52	Baker	0.30%
47	62	Calhoun	0.30%
48	48	De Soto	0.30%
49	58	Dixie	0.30%
50	57	Gilchrist	0.30%
51	50	Hardee	0.30%
52	47	Hendry	0.30%
53	63	Jefferson	0.30%
54	66	Liberty	0.30%
55	41	Walton	0.30%
56	51	Bradford	0.00%
57	43	Gadsden	0.00%
58	36	Highlands	0.00%
59	55	Holmes	0.00%
60	67	Lafayette	0.00%
61	46	Levy	0.00%
62	56	Madison	0.00%
63	45	Okeechobee	0.00%
64	34	Sumter	0.00%
65	44	Suwannee	0.00%
66	60	Union	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 128: County of Resident Participation: Golf

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	3	Palm Beach	7.77%
2	4	Hillsborough	7.19%
3	5	Orange	7.19%
4	1	Miami-Dade	5.90%
5	2	Broward	4.89%
6	7	Duval	4.46%
7	6	Pinellas	4.32%
8	8	Lee	3.45%
9	12	Pasco	3.45%
10	17	Marion	3.02%
11	18	Lake	2.88%
12	13	Seminole	2.88%
13	11	Volusia	2.88%
14	9	Polk	2.73%
15	16	Collier	2.30%
16	14	Sarasota	2.30%
17	10	Brevard	2.16%
18	33	Citrus	1.87%
19	15	Manatee	1.87%
20	27	Hernando	1.73%
21	22	Leon	1.73%
22	28	Bay	1.58%
23	19	Osceola	1.58%
24	29	Charlotte	1.44%
25	25	Clay	1.44%
26	31	Martin	1.29%
27	34	Sumter	1.29%
28	26	Okaloosa	1.15%
29	24	St. Johns	1.15%
30	21	St. Lucie	1.15%
31	20	Escambia	1.01%
32	35	Flagler	0.72%
33	42	Jackson	0.72%
34	30	Santa Rosa	0.72%
35	41	Walton	0.72%
36	23	Alachua	0.58%
37	36	Highlands	0.58%
38	38	Monroe	0.58%
39	37	Nassau	0.58%
40	47	Hendry	0.43%
41	32	Indian River	0.43%
42	49	Wakulla	0.43%
43	62	Calhoun	0.29%
44	65	Franklin	0.29%
45	43	Gadsden	0.29%
46	64	Glades	0.29%
47	59	Gulf	0.29%
48	63	Jefferson	0.29%
49	39	Putnam	0.29%
50	52	Baker	0.14%
51	40	Columbia	0.14%
52	58	Dixie	0.14%
53	61	Hamilton	0.14%
54	55	Holmes	0.14%
55	46	Levy	0.14%
56	45	Okeechobee	0.14%
57	54	Taylor	0.14%
58	60	Union	0.14%
59	53	Washington	0.14%
60	51	Bradford	0.00%
61	48	De Soto	0.00%
62	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
63	50	Hardee	0.00%
64	67	Lafayette	0.00%
65	66	Liberty	0.00%
66	56	Madison	0.00%
67	44	Suwannee	0.00%

Table 129: County of Resident Participation: Hiking

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	4	Hillsborough	6.17%
2	5	Orange	5.06%
3	1	Miami-Dade	5.00%
4	6	Pinellas	4.53%
5	2	Broward	4.00%
6	3	Palm Beach	3.94%
7	7	Duval	3.41%
8	10	Brevard	3.35%
9	12	Pasco	3.29%
10	17	Marion	3.23%
11	13	Seminole	3.17%
12	22	Leon	3.06%
13	14	Sarasota	3.06%
14	11	Volusia	3.06%
15	9	Polk	2.76%
16	23	Alachua	2.47%
17	8	Lee	2.29%
18	18	Lake	2.18%
19	33	Citrus	1.94%
20	49	Wakulla	1.88%
21	16	Collier	1.76%
22	27	Hernando	1.76%
23	19	Osceola	1.70%
24	15	Manatee	1.59%
25	30	Santa Rosa	1.41%
26	24	St. Johns	1.41%
27	25	Clay	1.23%
28	20	Escambia	1.23%
29	35	Flagler	1.23%
30	38	Monroe	1.18%
31	29	Charlotte	1.06%
32	21	St. Lucie	1.00%
33	41	Walton	1.00%
34	26	Okaloosa	0.94%
35	32	Indian River	0.88%
36	42	Jackson	0.88%
37	28	Bay	0.82%
38	40	Columbia	0.82%
39	31	Martin	0.82%
40	34	Sumter	0.82%
41	39	Putnam	0.76%
42	65	Franklin	0.71%
43	47	Hendry	0.65%
44	37	Nassau	0.65%
45	44	Suwannee	0.65%
46	36	Highlands	0.59%
47	46	Levy	0.53%
48	63	Jefferson	0.41%
49	66	Liberty	0.41%
50	59	Gulf	0.35%
51	57	Gilchrist	0.29%
52	61	Hamilton	0.29%
53	54	Taylor	0.29%
54	48	De Soto	0.24%
55	43	Gadsden	0.24%
56	64	Glades	0.24%
57	55	Holmes	0.24%
58	45	Okeechobee	0.24%
59	58	Dixie	0.18%
60	62	Calhoun	0.12%
61	50	Hardee	0.12%
62	60	Union	0.12%
63	53	Washington	0.12%
64	52	Baker	0.06%
65	51	Bradford	0.06%
66	56	Madison	0.06%
67	67	Lafayette	0.00%

Table 130: County of Resident Participation: Horse Camping

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	12.23%
2	3	Palm Beach	7.45%
3	2	Broward	6.91%
4	5	Orange	5.32%
5	17	Marion	3.72%
6	4	Hillsborough	3.19%
7	9	Polk	3.19%
8	7	Duval	2.66%
9	19	Osceola	2.66%
10	12	Pasco	2.66%
11	11	Volusia	2.66%
12	40	Columbia	2.13%
13	8	Lee	2.13%
14	15	Manatee	2.13%
15	6	Pinellas	2.13%
16	39	Putnam	2.13%
17	13	Seminole	2.13%
18	24	St. Johns	2.13%
19	33	Citrus	1.60%
20	25	Clay	1.60%
21	64	Glades	1.60%
22	36	Highlands	1.60%
23	42	Jackson	1.60%
24	18	Lake	1.60%
25	30	Santa Rosa	1.60%
26	14	Sarasota	1.60%
27	23	Alachua	1.06%
28	52	Baker	1.06%
29	28	Bay	1.06%
30	16	Collier	1.06%
31	20	Escambia	1.06%
32	59	Gulf	1.06%
33	50	Hardee	1.06%
34	27	Hernando	1.06%
35	55	Holmes	1.06%
36	22	Leon	1.06%
37	44	Suwannee	1.06%
38	10	Brevard	0.53%
39	62	Calhoun	0.53%
40	29	Charlotte	0.53%
41	48	De Soto	0.53%
42	58	Dixie	0.53%
43	65	Franklin	0.53%
44	57	Gilchrist	0.53%
45	61	Hamilton	0.53%
46	47	Hendry	0.53%
47	63	Jefferson	0.53%
48	38	Monroe	0.53%
49	37	Nassau	0.53%
50	45	Okeechobee	0.53%
51	54	Taylor	0.53%
52	60	Union	0.53%
53	51	Bradford	0.00%
54	35	Flagler	0.00%
55	43	Gadsden	0.00%
56	32	Indian River	0.00%
57	67	Lafayette	0.00%
58	46	Levy	0.00%
59	66	Liberty	0.00%
60	56	Madison	0.00%
61	31	Martin	0.00%
62	26	Okaloosa	0.00%
63	21	St. Lucie	0.00%
64	34	Sumter	0.00%
65	49	Wakulla	0.00%
66	41	Walton	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 131: County of Resident Participation: Horseback Riding

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	2	Broward	9.21%
2	1	Miami-Dade	8.68%
3	3	Palm Beach	6.84%
4	4	Hillsborough	6.05%
5	17	Marion	5.00%
6	7	Duval	3.16%
7	5	Orange	3.16%
8	12	Pasco	3.16%
9	13	Seminole	3.16%
10	11	Volusia	2.89%
11	19	Osceola	2.63%
12	6	Pinellas	2.63%
13	9	Polk	2.37%
14	27	Hernando	2.11%
15	33	Citrus	1.84%
16	25	Clay	1.84%
17	8	Lee	1.84%
18	37	Nassau	1.84%
19	18	Lake	1.58%
20	38	Monroe	1.58%
21	23	Alachua	1.32%
22	10	Brevard	1.32%
23	16	Collier	1.32%
24	30	Santa Rosa	1.32%
25	14	Sarasota	1.32%
26	29	Charlotte	1.05%
27	47	Hendry	1.05%
28	15	Manatee	1.05%
29	24	St. Johns	1.05%
30	41	Walton	1.05%
31	28	Bay	0.79%
32	40	Columbia	0.79%
33	20	Escambia	0.79%
34	64	Glades	0.79%
35	59	Gulf	0.79%
36	32	Indian River	0.79%
37	42	Jackson	0.79%
38	22	Leon	0.79%
39	31	Martin	0.79%
40	62	Calhoun	0.53%
41	48	De Soto	0.53%
42	35	Flagler	0.53%
43	65	Franklin	0.53%
44	63	Jefferson	0.53%
45	46	Levy	0.53%
46	26	Okaloosa	0.53%
47	39	Putnam	0.53%
48	21	St. Lucie	0.53%
49	34	Sumter	0.53%
50	44	Suwannee	0.53%
51	49	Wakulla	0.53%
52	52	Baker	0.26%
53	51	Bradford	0.26%
54	58	Dixie	0.26%
55	43	Gadsden	0.26%
56	57	Gilchrist	0.26%
57	61	Hamilton	0.26%
58	50	Hardee	0.26%
59	36	Highlands	0.26%
60	55	Holmes	0.26%
61	54	Taylor	0.26%
62	60	Union	0.26%
63	53	Washington	0.26%
64	67	Lafayette	0.00%
65	66	Liberty	0.00%
66	56	Madison	0.00%
67	45	Okeechobee	0.00%

Table 132: County of Resident Participation: Hunting

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	6.90%
2	17	Marion	4.89%
3	3	Palm Beach	4.60%
4	9	Polk	3.74%
5	10	Brevard	3.16%
6	5	Orange	3.16%
7	11	Volusia	3.16%
8	2	Broward	2.87%
9	25	Clay	2.87%
10	7	Duval	2.87%
11	19	Osceola	2.87%
12	4	Hillsborough	2.59%
13	18	Lake	2.59%
14	23	Alachua	2.30%
15	33	Citrus	2.30%
16	16	Collier	2.30%
17	20	Escambia	2.30%
18	26	Okaloosa	2.30%
19	22	Leon	2.01%
20	39	Putnam	2.01%
21	42	Jackson	1.72%
22	8	Lee	1.72%
23	38	Monroe	1.72%
24	12	Pasco	1.72%
25	58	Dixie	1.44%
26	27	Hernando	1.44%
27	46	Levy	1.44%
28	30	Santa Rosa	1.44%
29	49	Wakulla	1.44%
30	28	Bay	1.15%
31	29	Charlotte	1.15%
32	59	Gulf	1.15%
33	37	Nassau	1.15%
34	24	St. Johns	1.15%
35	53	Washington	1.15%
36	40	Columbia	0.86%
37	47	Hendry	0.86%
38	36	Highlands	0.86%
39	63	Jefferson	0.86%
40	56	Madison	0.86%
41	45	Okeechobee	0.86%
42	6	Pinellas	0.86%
43	14	Sarasota	0.86%
44	13	Seminole	0.86%
45	34	Sumter	0.86%
46	52	Baker	0.57%
47	51	Bradford	0.57%
48	62	Calhoun	0.57%
49	48	De Soto	0.57%
50	35	Flagler	0.57%
51	64	Glades	0.57%
52	61	Hamilton	0.57%
53	50	Hardee	0.57%
54	15	Manatee	0.57%
55	31	Martin	0.57%
56	21	St. Lucie	0.57%
57	44	Suwannee	0.57%
58	65	Franklin	0.29%
59	43	Gadsden	0.29%
60	57	Gilchrist	0.29%
61	32	Indian River	0.29%
62	66	Liberty	0.29%
63	54	Taylor	0.29%
64	55	Holmes	0.00%
65	67	Lafayette	0.00%
66	60	Union	0.00%
67	41	Walton	0.00%

Table 133: County of Resident Participation: Nature Study

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	6.73%
2	6	Pinellas	6.63%
3	2	Broward	5.96%
4	3	Palm Beach	4.71%
5	4	Hillsborough	4.62%
6	5	Orange	4.23%
7	12	Pasco	4.04%
8	11	Volusia	3.27%
9	7	Duval	3.17%
10	9	Polk	2.98%
11	8	Lee	2.88%
12	17	Marion	2.88%
13	33	Citrus	2.60%
14	10	Brevard	2.50%
15	15	Manatee	2.40%
16	14	Sarasota	2.40%
17	13	Seminole	2.40%
18	22	Leon	2.21%
19	18	Lake	2.12%
20	19	Osceola	2.12%
21	16	Collier	1.92%
22	23	Alachua	1.83%
23	38	Monroe	1.73%
24	20	Escambia	1.54%
25	27	Hernando	1.54%
26	24	St. Johns	1.44%
27	49	Wakulla	1.44%
28	25	Clay	1.25%
29	21	St. Lucie	1.15%
30	29	Charlotte	1.06%
31	30	Santa Rosa	1.06%
32	26	Okaloosa	0.96%
33	35	Flagler	0.87%
34	36	Highlands	0.87%
35	42	Jackson	0.77%
36	31	Martin	0.77%
37	28	Bay	0.67%
38	65	Franklin	0.58%
39	64	Glades	0.58%
40	59	Gulf	0.58%
41	47	Hendry	0.58%
42	41	Walton	0.58%
43	32	Indian River	0.48%
44	37	Nassau	0.48%
45	45	Okeechobee	0.48%
46	63	Jefferson	0.38%
47	39	Putnam	0.38%
48	40	Columbia	0.29%
49	48	De Soto	0.29%
50	34	Sumter	0.29%
51	44	Suwannee	0.29%
52	54	Taylor	0.29%
53	52	Baker	0.19%
54	51	Bradford	0.19%
55	62	Calhoun	0.19%
56	57	Gilchrist	0.19%
57	61	Hamilton	0.19%
58	55	Holmes	0.19%
59	56	Madison	0.19%
60	60	Union	0.19%
61	43	Gadsden	0.10%
62	53	Washington	0.10%
63	58	Dixie	0.00%
64	50	Hardee	0.00%
65	67	Lafayette	0.00%
66	46	Levy	0.00%
67	66	Liberty	0.00%

Table 134: County of Resident Participation: Off-Road Vehicle Driving

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	8.54%
2	3	Palm Beach	6.10%
3	2	Broward	5.89%
4	10	Brevard	4.47%
5	4	Hillsborough	4.07%
6	17	Marion	4.07%
7	9	Polk	4.07%
8	12	Pasco	3.66%
9	27	Hernando	3.25%
10	5	Orange	3.05%
11	11	Volusia	3.05%
12	6	Pinellas	2.85%
13	7	Duval	2.64%
14	19	Osceola	2.64%
15	28	Bay	2.24%
16	25	Clay	1.83%
17	18	Lake	1.83%
18	38	Monroe	1.83%
19	33	Citrus	1.63%
20	8	Lee	1.63%
21	39	Putnam	1.63%
22	16	Collier	1.22%
23	20	Escambia	1.22%
24	47	Hendry	1.22%
25	13	Seminole	1.22%
26	24	St. Johns	1.22%
27	62	Calhoun	1.02%
28	59	Gulf	1.02%
29	36	Highlands	1.02%
30	42	Jackson	1.02%
31	26	Okaloosa	1.02%
32	45	Okeechobee	1.02%
33	14	Sarasota	1.02%
34	53	Washington	1.02%
35	23	Alachua	0.81%
36	29	Charlotte	0.81%
37	58	Dixie	0.81%
38	31	Martin	0.81%
39	37	Nassau	0.81%
40	30	Santa Rosa	0.81%
41	51	Bradford	0.61%
42	40	Columbia	0.61%
43	65	Franklin	0.61%
44	61	Hamilton	0.61%
45	22	Leon	0.61%
46	46	Levy	0.61%
47	15	Manatee	0.61%
48	52	Baker	0.41%
49	48	De Soto	0.41%
50	57	Gilchrist	0.41%
51	55	Holmes	0.41%
52	32	Indian River	0.41%
53	63	Jefferson	0.41%
54	67	Lafayette	0.41%
55	56	Madison	0.41%
56	21	St. Lucie	0.41%
57	49	Wakulla	0.41%
58	41	Walton	0.41%
59	35	Flagler	0.20%
60	64	Glades	0.20%
61	34	Sumter	0.20%
62	44	Suwannee	0.20%
63	54	Taylor	0.20%
64	60	Union	0.20%
65	43	Gadsden	0.00%
66	50	Hardee	0.00%
67	66	Liberty	0.00%

Table 135: County of Resident Participation: Picnicking

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	8.37%
2	5	Orange	6.14%
3	6	Pinellas	5.96%
4	2	Broward	5.48%
5	4	Hillsborough	5.42%
6	3	Palm Beach	5.42%
7	11	Volusia	3.67%
8	10	Brevard	3.43%
9	9	Polk	3.31%
10	12	Pasco	3.19%
11	7	Duval	3.13%
12	13	Seminole	2.65%
13	17	Marion	2.59%
14	8	Lee	2.41%
15	14	Sarasota	2.11%
16	18	Lake	1.99%
17	19	Osceola	1.99%
18	22	Leon	1.93%
19	24	St. Johns	1.81%
20	27	Hernando	1.75%
21	33	Citrus	1.69%
22	15	Manatee	1.63%
23	23	Alachua	1.51%
24	16	Collier	1.26%
25	20	Escambia	1.20%
26	38	Monroe	1.20%
27	35	Flagler	1.14%
28	31	Martin	1.14%
29	30	Santa Rosa	1.14%
30	28	Bay	1.08%
31	25	Clay	1.02%
32	29	Charlotte	0.96%
33	41	Walton	0.96%
34	49	Wakulla	0.90%
35	26	Okaloosa	0.72%
36	39	Putnam	0.72%
37	32	Indian River	0.66%
38	21	St. Lucie	0.66%
39	40	Columbia	0.60%
40	46	Levy	0.60%
41	59	Gulf	0.54%
42	42	Jackson	0.54%
43	37	Nassau	0.48%
44	47	Hendry	0.42%
45	36	Highlands	0.42%
46	65	Franklin	0.36%
47	44	Suwannee	0.36%
48	57	Gilchrist	0.30%
49	45	Okeechobee	0.30%
50	34	Sumter	0.30%
51	52	Baker	0.24%
52	58	Dixie	0.24%
53	43	Gadsden	0.24%
54	61	Hamilton	0.24%
55	62	Calhoun	0.18%
56	64	Glades	0.18%
57	50	Hardee	0.18%
58	63	Jefferson	0.18%
59	56	Madison	0.18%
60	54	Taylor	0.18%
61	53	Washington	0.12%
62	48	De Soto	0.06%
63	55	Holmes	0.06%
64	67	Lafayette	0.06%
65	60	Union	0.06%
66	51	Bradford	0.00%
67	66	Liberty	0.00%

Table 136: County of Resident Participation: RV and Trailer Camping

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	6.40%
2	5	Orange	6.03%
3	3	Palm Beach	5.46%
4	4	Hillsborough	5.08%
5	17	Marion	4.33%
6	19	Osceola	4.33%
7	11	Volusia	3.95%
8	2	Broward	3.58%
9	6	Pinellas	3.39%
10	9	Polk	3.39%
11	18	Lake	3.01%
12	33	Citrus	2.82%
13	38	Monroe	2.82%
14	27	Hernando	2.64%
15	10	Brevard	2.45%
16	28	Bay	2.26%
17	8	Lee	2.07%
18	12	Pasco	2.07%
19	7	Duval	1.88%
20	15	Manatee	1.88%
21	14	Sarasota	1.88%
22	20	Escambia	1.69%
23	23	Alachua	1.51%
24	31	Martin	1.32%
25	26	Okaloosa	1.32%
26	24	St. Johns	1.32%
27	16	Collier	1.13%
28	21	St. Lucie	1.13%
29	41	Walton	1.13%
30	36	Highlands	0.94%
31	32	Indian River	0.94%
32	13	Seminole	0.94%
33	40	Columbia	0.75%
34	65	Franklin	0.75%
35	64	Glades	0.75%
36	59	Gulf	0.75%
37	42	Jackson	0.75%
38	44	Suwannee	0.75%
39	53	Washington	0.75%
40	29	Charlotte	0.56%
41	25	Clay	0.56%
42	35	Flagler	0.56%
43	47	Hendry	0.56%
44	22	Leon	0.56%
45	46	Levy	0.56%
46	66	Liberty	0.56%
47	37	Nassau	0.56%
48	39	Putnam	0.56%
49	49	Wakulla	0.56%
50	51	Bradford	0.38%
51	58	Dixie	0.38%
52	55	Holmes	0.38%
53	63	Jefferson	0.38%
54	45	Okeechobee	0.38%
55	34	Sumter	0.38%
56	52	Baker	0.19%
57	62	Calhoun	0.19%
58	43	Gadsden	0.19%
59	57	Gilchrist	0.19%
60	61	Hamilton	0.19%
61	50	Hardee	0.19%
62	67	Lafayette	0.19%
63	30	Santa Rosa	0.19%
64	60	Union	0.19%
65	48	De Soto	0.00%
66	56	Madison	0.00%
67	54	Taylor	0.00%

Table 137: County of Resident Participation: Saltwater Beach Activities (not incl. fishing)

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	6	Pinellas	12.26%
2	11	Volusia	7.41%
3	1	Miami-Dade	7.22%
4	2	Broward	6.49%
5	10	Brevard	6.35%
6	3	Palm Beach	6.35%
7	14	Sarasota	4.26%
8	4	Hillsborough	3.54%
9	8	Lee	3.54%
10	7	Duval	3.25%
11	38	Monroe	2.91%
12	24	St. Johns	2.91%
13	15	Manatee	2.42%
14	28	Bay	2.18%
15	20	Escambia	2.08%
16	16	Collier	1.99%
17	12	Pasco	1.99%
18	35	Flagler	1.89%
19	31	Martin	1.89%
20	65	Franklin	1.79%
21	26	Okaloosa	1.55%
22	21	St. Lucie	1.55%
23	27	Hernando	1.36%
24	41	Walton	1.26%
25	5	Orange	1.21%
26	30	Santa Rosa	1.21%
27	29	Charlotte	1.07%
28	49	Wakulla	1.07%
29	32	Indian River	0.97%
30	33	Citrus	0.87%
31	37	Nassau	0.78%
32	9	Polk	0.58%
33	59	Gulf	0.48%
34	13	Seminole	0.44%
35	46	Levy	0.34%
36	17	Marion	0.34%
37	19	Osceola	0.34%
38	18	Lake	0.29%
39	22	Leon	0.29%
40	23	Alachua	0.15%
41	25	Clay	0.15%
42	64	Glades	0.15%
43	62	Calhoun	0.10%
44	40	Columbia	0.10%
45	47	Hendry	0.10%
46	63	Jefferson	0.10%
47	54	Taylor	0.10%
48	52	Baker	0.05%
49	48	De Soto	0.05%
50	61	Hamilton	0.05%
51	42	Jackson	0.05%
52	39	Putnam	0.05%
53	44	Suwannee	0.05%
54	60	Union	0.05%
55	53	Washington	0.05%
56	51	Bradford	0.00%
57	58	Dixie	0.00%
58	43	Gadsden	0.00%
59	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
60	50	Hardee	0.00%
61	36	Highlands	0.00%
62	55	Holmes	0.00%
63	67	Lafayette	0.00%
64	66	Liberty	0.00%
65	56	Madison	0.00%
66	45	Okeechobee	0.00%
67	34	Sumter	0.00%

Table 138: County of Resident Participation: Saltwater Boat Ramp Use

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	9.20%
2	6	Pinellas	7.99%
3	11	Volusia	6.08%
4	3	Palm Beach	5.73%
5	38	Monroe	5.56%
6	10	Brevard	5.21%
7	4	Hillsborough	4.69%
8	2	Broward	4.51%
9	33	Citrus	3.65%
10	24	St. Johns	3.13%
11	8	Lee	2.95%
12	12	Pasco	2.95%
13	29	Charlotte	2.43%
14	65	Franklin	2.43%
15	14	Sarasota	2.43%
16	7	Duval	2.26%
17	49	Wakulla	2.26%
18	28	Bay	1.74%
19	46	Levy	1.74%
20	31	Martin	1.74%
21	5	Orange	1.74%
22	27	Hernando	1.56%
23	15	Manatee	1.39%
24	20	Escambia	1.22%
25	25	Clay	1.04%
26	16	Collier	1.04%
27	32	Indian River	1.04%
28	37	Nassau	1.04%
29	26	Okaloosa	1.04%
30	35	Flagler	0.87%
31	30	Santa Rosa	0.87%
32	21	St. Lucie	0.87%
33	63	Jefferson	0.69%
34	18	Lake	0.69%
35	17	Marion	0.69%
36	54	Taylor	0.69%
37	59	Gulf	0.52%
38	9	Polk	0.52%
39	58	Dixie	0.35%
40	42	Jackson	0.35%
41	22	Leon	0.35%
42	19	Osceola	0.35%
43	39	Putnam	0.35%
44	13	Seminole	0.35%
45	23	Alachua	0.17%
46	52	Baker	0.17%
47	51	Bradford	0.17%
48	62	Calhoun	0.17%
49	40	Columbia	0.17%
50	57	Gilchrist	0.17%
51	64	Glades	0.17%
52	61	Hamilton	0.17%
53	60	Union	0.17%
54	41	Walton	0.17%
55	48	De Soto	0.00%
56	43	Gadsden	0.00%
57	50	Hardee	0.00%
58	47	Hendry	0.00%
59	36	Highlands	0.00%
60	55	Holmes	0.00%
61	67	Lafayette	0.00%
62	66	Liberty	0.00%
63	56	Madison	0.00%
64	45	Okeechobee	0.00%
65	34	Sumter	0.00%
66	44	Suwannee	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 139: County of Resident Participation: Saltwater Fishing

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	6	Pinellas	10.17%
2	1	Miami-Dade	6.45%
3	11	Volusia	6.04%
4	10	Brevard	5.79%
5	3	Palm Beach	5.71%
6	38	Monroe	5.29%
7	2	Broward	4.80%
8	4	Hillsborough	4.71%
9	7	Duval	3.97%
10	8	Lee	2.98%
11	12	Pasco	2.73%
12	14	Sarasota	2.40%
13	33	Citrus	2.15%
14	24	St. Johns	2.15%
15	31	Martin	2.07%
16	28	Bay	1.99%
17	20	Escambia	1.99%
18	65	Franklin	1.90%
19	15	Manatee	1.90%
20	26	Okaloosa	1.82%
21	49	Wakulla	1.82%
22	29	Charlotte	1.65%
23	35	Flagler	1.65%
24	16	Collier	1.57%
25	27	Hernando	1.41%
26	32	Indian River	1.32%
27	5	Orange	1.24%
28	21	St. Lucie	1.24%
29	30	Santa Rosa	1.16%
30	37	Nassau	1.08%
31	9	Polk	1.08%
32	46	Levy	0.91%
33	41	Walton	0.74%
34	25	Clay	0.58%
35	59	Gulf	0.58%
36	13	Seminole	0.58%
37	19	Osceola	0.50%
38	17	Marion	0.41%
39	23	Alachua	0.33%
40	58	Dixie	0.33%
41	63	Jefferson	0.33%
42	54	Taylor	0.33%
43	48	De Soto	0.25%
44	18	Lake	0.25%
45	62	Calhoun	0.17%
46	64	Glades	0.17%
47	47	Hendry	0.17%
48	42	Jackson	0.17%
49	22	Leon	0.17%
50	39	Putnam	0.17%
51	52	Baker	0.08%
52	51	Bradford	0.08%
53	40	Columbia	0.08%
54	61	Hamilton	0.08%
55	36	Highlands	0.08%
56	45	Okeechobee	0.08%
57	44	Suwannee	0.08%
58	60	Union	0.08%
59	43	Gadsden	0.00%
60	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
61	50	Hardee	0.00%
62	55	Holmes	0.00%
63	67	Lafayette	0.00%
64	66	Liberty	0.00%
65	56	Madison	0.00%
66	34	Sumter	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 140: County of Resident Participation: Soccer

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	13.36%
2	5	Orange	8.62%
3	2	Broward	8.41%
4	3	Palm Beach	6.03%
5	4	Hillsborough	4.74%
6	6	Pinellas	4.53%
7	7	Duval	3.88%
8	10	Brevard	3.45%
9	19	Osceola	3.45%
10	9	Polk	3.23%
11	11	Volusia	3.23%
12	17	Marion	2.80%
13	13	Seminole	2.59%
14	22	Leon	2.37%
15	18	Lake	2.16%
16	23	Alachua	1.94%
17	8	Lee	1.72%
18	12	Pasco	1.72%
19	27	Hernando	1.51%
20	20	Escambia	1.29%
21	30	Santa Rosa	1.29%
22	16	Collier	1.08%
23	35	Flagler	1.08%
24	14	Sarasota	1.08%
25	29	Charlotte	0.86%
26	33	Citrus	0.86%
27	25	Clay	0.86%
28	37	Nassau	0.86%
29	26	Okaloosa	0.86%
30	28	Bay	0.65%
31	64	Glades	0.65%
32	47	Hendry	0.65%
33	15	Manatee	0.65%
34	31	Martin	0.65%
35	24	St. Johns	0.65%
36	21	St. Lucie	0.65%
37	62	Calhoun	0.43%
38	32	Indian River	0.43%
39	42	Jackson	0.43%
40	38	Monroe	0.43%
41	41	Walton	0.43%
42	52	Baker	0.22%
43	40	Columbia	0.22%
44	58	Dixie	0.22%
45	65	Franklin	0.22%
46	43	Gadsden	0.22%
47	59	Gulf	0.22%
48	61	Hamilton	0.22%
49	36	Highlands	0.22%
50	63	Jefferson	0.22%
51	66	Liberty	0.22%
52	56	Madison	0.22%
53	45	Okeechobee	0.22%
54	39	Putnam	0.22%
55	44	Suwannee	0.22%
56	54	Taylor	0.22%
57	60	Union	0.22%
58	51	Bradford	0.00%
59	48	De Soto	0.00%
60	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
61	50	Hardee	0.00%
62	55	Holmes	0.00%
63	67	Lafayette	0.00%
64	46	Levy	0.00%
65	34	Sumter	0.00%
66	49	Wakulla	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 141: County of Resident Participation: Sport Shooting

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	7.66%
2	2	Broward	5.98%
3	4	Hillsborough	4.78%
4	17	Marion	4.78%
5	3	Palm Beach	4.31%
6	7	Duval	3.59%
7	11	Volusia	3.59%
8	5	Orange	3.11%
9	9	Polk	3.11%
10	8	Lee	2.87%
11	6	Pinellas	2.87%
12	16	Collier	2.63%
13	12	Pasco	2.63%
14	19	Osceola	2.39%
15	10	Brevard	2.15%
16	27	Hernando	2.15%
17	18	Lake	2.15%
18	22	Leon	1.91%
19	45	Okeechobee	1.91%
20	28	Bay	1.67%
21	29	Charlotte	1.67%
22	25	Clay	1.67%
23	20	Escambia	1.67%
24	15	Manatee	1.67%
25	26	Okaloosa	1.67%
26	39	Putnam	1.67%
27	13	Seminole	1.67%
28	33	Citrus	1.44%
29	30	Santa Rosa	1.44%
30	35	Flagler	1.20%
31	59	Gulf	1.20%
32	14	Sarasota	1.20%
33	24	St. Johns	1.20%
34	23	Alachua	0.96%
35	47	Hendry	0.96%
36	32	Indian River	0.96%
37	42	Jackson	0.96%
38	38	Monroe	0.96%
39	62	Calhoun	0.72%
40	64	Glades	0.72%
41	36	Highlands	0.72%
42	46	Levy	0.72%
43	37	Nassau	0.72%
44	49	Wakulla	0.72%
45	48	De Soto	0.48%
46	58	Dixie	0.48%
47	61	Hamilton	0.48%
48	31	Martin	0.48%
49	21	St. Lucie	0.48%
50	41	Walton	0.48%
51	53	Washington	0.48%
52	52	Baker	0.24%
53	40	Columbia	0.24%
54	65	Franklin	0.24%
55	57	Gilchrist	0.24%
56	63	Jefferson	0.24%
57	44	Suwannee	0.24%
58	54	Taylor	0.24%
59	60	Union	0.24%
60	51	Bradford	0.00%
61	43	Gadsden	0.00%
62	50	Hardee	0.00%
63	55	Holmes	0.00%
64	67	Lafayette	0.00%
65	66	Liberty	0.00%
66	56	Madison	0.00%
67	34	Sumter	0.00%

Table 142: County of Resident Participation: Swimming (outdoor pool)

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	8.78%
2	5	Orange	7.65%
3	2	Broward	7.48%
4	3	Palm Beach	6.09%
5	6	Pinellas	6.00%
6	4	Hillsborough	5.91%
7	7	Duval	4.17%
8	11	Volusia	3.83%
9	10	Brevard	3.30%
10	9	Polk	3.30%
11	19	Osceola	3.13%
12	13	Seminole	3.04%
13	8	Lee	2.96%
14	12	Pasco	2.70%
15	14	Sarasota	2.52%
16	18	Lake	2.00%
17	17	Marion	2.00%
18	23	Alachua	1.74%
19	22	Leon	1.74%
20	28	Bay	1.48%
21	33	Citrus	1.48%
22	24	St. Johns	1.48%
23	27	Hernando	1.39%
24	16	Collier	1.30%
25	20	Escambia	1.30%
26	15	Manatee	1.13%
27	38	Monroe	1.04%
28	25	Clay	0.96%
29	29	Charlotte	0.87%
30	31	Martin	0.78%
31	34	Sumter	0.78%
32	35	Flagler	0.70%
33	26	Okaloosa	0.70%
34	21	St. Lucie	0.61%
35	32	Indian River	0.52%
36	36	Highlands	0.43%
37	42	Jackson	0.43%
38	59	Gulf	0.35%
39	47	Hendry	0.35%
40	37	Nassau	0.35%
41	30	Santa Rosa	0.35%
42	46	Levy	0.26%
43	45	Okeechobee	0.26%
44	44	Suwannee	0.26%
45	41	Walton	0.26%
46	62	Calhoun	0.17%
47	58	Dixie	0.17%
48	57	Gilchrist	0.17%
49	64	Glades	0.17%
50	61	Hamilton	0.17%
51	55	Holmes	0.17%
52	39	Putnam	0.17%
53	52	Baker	0.09%
54	51	Bradford	0.09%
55	40	Columbia	0.09%
56	43	Gadsden	0.09%
57	63	Jefferson	0.09%
58	54	Taylor	0.09%
59	60	Union	0.09%
60	48	De Soto	0.00%
61	65	Franklin	0.00%
62	50	Hardee	0.00%
63	67	Lafayette	0.00%
64	66	Liberty	0.00%
65	56	Madison	0.00%
66	49	Wakulla	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 143: County of Resident Participation: Tennis

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	11.46%
2	3	Palm Beach	8.59%
3	2	Broward	7.88%
4	5	Orange	5.97%
5	6	Pinellas	5.49%
6	4	Hillsborough	5.01%
7	7	Duval	4.06%
8	11	Volusia	3.34%
9	9	Polk	3.10%
10	10	Brevard	2.63%
11	8	Lee	2.39%
12	14	Sarasota	2.39%
13	13	Seminole	2.39%
14	17	Marion	2.15%
15	12	Pasco	2.15%
16	16	Collier	1.91%
17	18	Lake	1.91%
18	22	Leon	1.91%
19	15	Manatee	1.67%
20	19	Osceola	1.67%
21	23	Alachua	1.43%
22	28	Bay	1.43%
23	25	Clay	1.43%
24	29	Charlotte	1.19%
25	26	Okaloosa	1.19%
26	30	Santa Rosa	1.19%
27	24	St. Johns	1.19%
28	33	Citrus	0.95%
29	31	Martin	0.95%
30	20	Escambia	0.72%
31	64	Glades	0.72%
32	47	Hendry	0.72%
33	27	Hernando	0.72%
34	32	Indian River	0.72%
35	58	Dixie	0.48%
36	35	Flagler	0.48%
37	59	Gulf	0.48%
38	36	Highlands	0.48%
39	37	Nassau	0.48%
40	21	St. Lucie	0.48%
41	34	Sumter	0.48%
42	49	Wakulla	0.48%
43	41	Walton	0.48%
44	52	Baker	0.24%
45	62	Calhoun	0.24%
46	40	Columbia	0.24%
47	65	Franklin	0.24%
48	61	Hamilton	0.24%
49	50	Hardee	0.24%
50	42	Jackson	0.24%
51	63	Jefferson	0.24%
52	38	Monroe	0.24%
53	45	Okeechobee	0.24%
54	39	Putnam	0.24%
55	54	Taylor	0.24%
56	60	Union	0.24%
57	51	Bradford	0.00%
58	48	De Soto	0.00%
59	43	Gadsden	0.00%
60	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
61	55	Holmes	0.00%
62	67	Lafayette	0.00%
63	46	Levy	0.00%
64	66	Liberty	0.00%
65	56	Madison	0.00%
66	44	Suwannee	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 144: County of Resident Participation: Tent Camping

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	6.17%
2	5	Orange	5.36%
3	6	Pinellas	5.23%
4	2	Broward	4.83%
5	17	Marion	4.83%
6	4	Hillsborough	4.16%
7	7	Duval	3.49%
8	11	Volusia	3.49%
9	33	Citrus	3.22%
10	23	Alachua	2.95%
11	3	Palm Beach	2.82%
12	9	Polk	2.82%
13	14	Sarasota	2.82%
14	18	Lake	2.68%
15	10	Brevard	2.55%
16	8	Lee	2.41%
17	12	Pasco	2.41%
18	15	Manatee	2.28%
19	38	Monroe	2.28%
20	19	Osceola	2.28%
21	13	Seminole	2.01%
22	35	Flagler	1.47%
23	24	St. Johns	1.47%
24	25	Clay	1.34%
25	20	Escambia	1.34%
26	22	Leon	1.21%
27	26	Okaloosa	1.21%
28	39	Putnam	1.21%
29	16	Collier	1.07%
30	65	Franklin	1.07%
31	27	Hernando	1.07%
32	31	Martin	1.07%
33	28	Bay	0.94%
34	42	Jackson	0.94%
35	37	Nassau	0.94%
36	29	Charlotte	0.80%
37	32	Indian River	0.80%
38	30	Santa Rosa	0.80%
39	44	Suwannee	0.80%
40	49	Wakulla	0.80%
41	40	Columbia	0.67%
42	57	Gilchrist	0.67%
43	64	Glades	0.67%
44	62	Calhoun	0.54%
45	47	Hendry	0.54%
46	66	Liberty	0.54%
47	45	Okeechobee	0.54%
48	41	Walton	0.54%
49	53	Washington	0.54%
50	36	Highlands	0.40%
51	46	Levy	0.40%
52	48	De Soto	0.27%
53	58	Dixie	0.27%
54	43	Gadsden	0.27%
55	59	Gulf	0.27%
56	61	Hamilton	0.27%
57	55	Holmes	0.27%
58	54	Taylor	0.27%
59	52	Baker	0.13%
60	63	Jefferson	0.13%
61	21	St. Lucie	0.13%
62	34	Sumter	0.13%
63	60	Union	0.13%
64	51	Bradford	0.00%
65	50	Hardee	0.00%
66	67	Lafayette	0.00%
67	56	Madison	0.00%

Table 145: County of Resident Participation: Visiting Historical and Archaeological Sites

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	24	St. Johns	7.76%
2	1	Miami-Dade	6.79%
3	6	Pinellas	5.94%
4	2	Broward	4.36%
5	4	Hillsborough	4.36%
6	11	Volusia	4.12%
7	5	Orange	3.94%
8	3	Palm Beach	3.88%
9	22	Leon	3.21%
10	10	Brevard	2.79%
11	8	Lee	2.79%
12	7	Duval	2.67%
13	14	Sarasota	2.55%
14	20	Escambia	2.48%
15	38	Monroe	2.42%
16	17	Marion	2.24%
17	9	Polk	2.24%
18	23	Alachua	2.06%
19	33	Citrus	2.00%
20	13	Seminole	2.00%
21	15	Manatee	1.88%
22	16	Collier	1.76%
23	35	Flagler	1.70%
24	12	Pasco	1.58%
25	18	Lake	1.52%
26	27	Hernando	1.39%
27	49	Wakulla	1.39%
28	37	Nassau	1.33%
29	30	Santa Rosa	1.33%
30	26	Okaloosa	1.15%
31	25	Clay	1.09%
32	28	Bay	1.03%
33	19	Osceola	0.97%
34	41	Walton	0.91%
35	34	Sumter	0.85%
36	42	Jackson	0.73%
37	21	St. Lucie	0.67%
38	65	Franklin	0.61%
39	46	Levy	0.61%
40	29	Charlotte	0.55%
41	31	Martin	0.48%
42	62	Calhoun	0.42%
43	40	Columbia	0.42%
44	32	Indian River	0.42%
45	39	Putnam	0.42%
46	53	Washington	0.42%
47	61	Hamilton	0.36%
48	63	Jefferson	0.36%
49	44	Suwannee	0.36%
50	64	Glades	0.30%
51	59	Gulf	0.30%
52	55	Holmes	0.30%
53	48	De Soto	0.24%
54	47	Hendry	0.24%
55	43	Gadsden	0.18%
56	36	Highlands	0.18%
57	54	Taylor	0.18%
58	58	Dixie	0.12%
59	50	Hardee	0.12%
60	66	Liberty	0.12%
61	45	Okeechobee	0.12%
62	52	Baker	0.06%
63	57	Gilchrist	0.06%
64	56	Madison	0.06%
65	60	Union	0.06%
66	51	Bradford	0.00%
67	67	Lafayette	0.00%

Table 146: County of Resident Participation: Water Skiing, Wakeboarding

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	10.53%
2	3	Palm Beach	7.52%
3	2	Broward	6.39%
4	5	Orange	5.64%
5	6	Pinellas	4.89%
6	11	Volusia	4.89%
7	7	Duval	4.51%
8	4	Hillsborough	4.51%
9	12	Pasco	3.01%
10	9	Polk	3.01%
11	14	Sarasota	3.01%
12	10	Brevard	2.63%
13	38	Monroe	2.63%
14	18	Lake	2.26%
15	17	Marion	2.26%
16	33	Citrus	1.88%
17	20	Escambia	1.88%
18	8	Lee	1.88%
19	31	Martin	1.88%
20	24	St. Johns	1.88%
21	25	Clay	1.50%
22	16	Collier	1.50%
23	36	Highlands	1.50%
24	19	Osceola	1.50%
25	13	Seminole	1.50%
26	23	Alachua	1.13%
27	29	Charlotte	1.13%
28	15	Manatee	1.13%
29	39	Putnam	1.13%
30	28	Bay	0.75%
31	51	Bradford	0.75%
32	62	Calhoun	0.75%
33	59	Gulf	0.75%
34	27	Hernando	0.75%
35	42	Jackson	0.75%
36	26	Okaloosa	0.75%
37	21	St. Lucie	0.75%
38	52	Baker	0.38%
39	40	Columbia	0.38%
40	35	Flagler	0.38%
41	64	Glades	0.38%
42	61	Hamilton	0.38%
43	50	Hardee	0.38%
44	63	Jefferson	0.38%
45	66	Liberty	0.38%
46	37	Nassau	0.38%
47	30	Santa Rosa	0.38%
48	54	Taylor	0.38%
49	60	Union	0.38%
50	53	Washington	0.38%
51	48	De Soto	0.00%
52	58	Dixie	0.00%
53	65	Franklin	0.00%
54	43	Gadsden	0.00%
55	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
56	47	Hendry	0.00%
57	55	Holmes	0.00%
58	32	Indian River	0.00%
59	67	Lafayette	0.00%
60	22	Leon	0.00%
61	46	Levy	0.00%
62	56	Madison	0.00%
63	45	Okeechobee	0.00%
64	34	Sumter	0.00%
65	44	Suwannee	0.00%
66	49	Wakulla	0.00%
67	41	Walton	0.00%

Table 147: County of Resident Participation: Wildlife Viewing

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	4	Hillsborough	5.31%
2	1	Miami-Dade	5.21%
3	5	Orange	4.89%
4	6	Pinellas	4.89%
5	3	Palm Beach	4.54%
6	2	Broward	4.50%
7	10	Brevard	3.60%
8	12	Pasco	3.51%
9	11	Volusia	3.38%
10	17	Marion	3.02%
11	9	Polk	3.02%
12	8	Lee	2.89%
13	14	Sarasota	2.77%
14	13	Seminole	2.70%
15	7	Duval	2.61%
16	18	Lake	2.25%
17	15	Manatee	2.16%
18	23	Alachua	1.99%
19	33	Citrus	1.99%
20	22	Leon	1.99%
21	38	Monroe	1.87%
22	27	Hernando	1.83%
23	16	Collier	1.80%
24	19	Osceola	1.70%
25	20	Escambia	1.38%
26	49	Wakulla	1.38%
27	24	St. Johns	1.35%
28	30	Santa Rosa	1.32%
29	25	Clay	1.29%
30	26	Okaloosa	1.16%
31	29	Charlotte	1.09%
32	21	St. Lucie	1.09%
33	28	Bay	1.00%
34	32	Indian River	1.00%
35	35	Flagler	0.96%
36	31	Martin	0.96%
37	39	Putnam	0.87%
38	65	Franklin	0.84%
39	36	Highlands	0.77%
40	34	Sumter	0.74%
41	41	Walton	0.74%
42	37	Nassau	0.68%
43	47	Hendry	0.55%
44	46	Levy	0.55%
45	42	Jackson	0.45%
46	45	Okeechobee	0.42%
47	40	Columbia	0.39%
48	63	Jefferson	0.39%
49	64	Glades	0.35%
50	58	Dixie	0.32%
51	43	Gadsden	0.32%
52	54	Taylor	0.32%
53	57	Gilchrist	0.29%
54	44	Suwannee	0.29%
55	53	Washington	0.29%
56	48	De Soto	0.26%
57	59	Gulf	0.26%
58	66	Liberty	0.26%
59	61	Hamilton	0.23%
60	55	Holmes	0.19%
61	52	Baker	0.16%
62	62	Calhoun	0.16%
63	56	Madison	0.16%
64	51	Bradford	0.13%
65	50	Hardee	0.13%
66	60	Union	0.06%
67	67	Lafayette	0.03%

3.2.3.2. Florida Tourist County-Level Outdoor Recreation Participation Tabulated According to County of Participation

{TABLES BEGIN ON NEXT PAGE}

Table 148: County of Tourist Participation: Baseball, Softball

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	22.28%
2	5	Orange	17.93%
3	4	Hillsborough	10.87%
4	7	Duval	5.43%
5	2	Broward	4.89%
6	14	Sarasota	4.35%
7	9	Polk	3.80%
8	28	Bay	2.72%
9	26	Okaloosa	2.72%
10	6	Pinellas	2.72%
11	22	Leon	2.17%
12	3	Palm Beach	2.17%
13	13	Seminole	2.17%
14	11	Volusia	2.17%
15	10	Brevard	1.63%
16	20	Escambia	1.63%
17	17	Marion	1.63%
18	16	Collier	1.09%
19	19	Osceola	1.09%
20	33	Citrus	0.54%
21	18	Lake	0.54%
22	8	Lee	0.54%
23	46	Levy	0.54%
24	15	Manatee	0.54%
25	38	Monroe	0.54%
26	45	Okeechobee	0.54%
27	12	Pasco	0.54%
28	30	Santa Rosa	0.54%
29	24	St. Johns	0.54%
30	21	St. Lucie	0.54%
31	54	Taylor	0.54%
32	23	Alachua	0.00%
33	52	Baker	0.00%
34	51	Bradford	0.00%
35	62	Calhoun	0.00%
36	29	Charlotte	0.00%
37	25	Clay	0.00%
38	40	Columbia	0.00%
39	48	De Soto	0.00%
40	58	Dixie	0.00%
41	35	Flagler	0.00%
42	65	Franklin	0.00%
43	43	Gadsden	0.00%
44	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
45	64	Glades	0.00%
46	59	Gulf	0.00%
47	61	Hamilton	0.00%
48	50	Hardee	0.00%
49	47	Hendry	0.00%
50	27	Hernando	0.00%
51	36	Highlands	0.00%
52	55	Holmes	0.00%
53	32	Indian River	0.00%
54	42	Jackson	0.00%
55	63	Jefferson	0.00%
56	67	Lafayette	0.00%
57	66	Liberty	0.00%
58	56	Madison	0.00%
59	31	Martin	0.00%
60	37	Nassau	0.00%
61	39	Putnam	0.00%
62	34	Sumter	0.00%
63	44	Suwannee	0.00%
64	60	Union	0.00%
65	49	Wakulla	0.00%
66	41	Walton	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 149: County of Tourist Participation: Basketball

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	5	Orange	25.66%
2	1	Miami-Dade	20.39%
3	2	Broward	7.24%
4	4	Hillsborough	7.24%
5	10	Brevard	2.96%
6	19	Osceola	2.96%
7	6	Pinellas	2.96%
8	26	Okaloosa	2.63%
9	3	Palm Beach	2.63%
10	14	Sarasota	2.63%
11	11	Volusia	2.30%
12	28	Bay	1.64%
13	7	Duval	1.64%
14	20	Escambia	1.64%
15	8	Lee	1.64%
16	23	Alachua	1.32%
17	13	Seminole	1.32%
18	35	Flagler	0.99%
19	30	Santa Rosa	0.99%
20	21	St. Lucie	0.99%
21	16	Collier	0.66%
22	32	Indian River	0.66%
23	18	Lake	0.66%
24	22	Leon	0.66%
25	17	Marion	0.66%
26	12	Pasco	0.66%
27	24	St. Johns	0.66%
28	29	Charlotte	0.33%
29	50	Hardee	0.33%
30	67	Lafayette	0.33%
31	46	Levy	0.33%
32	38	Monroe	0.33%
33	45	Okeechobee	0.33%
34	9	Polk	0.33%
35	34	Sumter	0.33%
36	54	Taylor	0.33%
37	49	Wakulla	0.33%
38	41	Walton	0.33%
39	52	Baker	0.00%
40	51	Bradford	0.00%
41	62	Calhoun	0.00%
42	33	Citrus	0.00%
43	25	Clay	0.00%
44	40	Columbia	0.00%
45	48	De Soto	0.00%
46	58	Dixie	0.00%
47	65	Franklin	0.00%
48	43	Gadsden	0.00%
49	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
50	64	Glades	0.00%
51	59	Gulf	0.00%
52	61	Hamilton	0.00%
53	47	Hendry	0.00%
54	27	Hernando	0.00%
55	36	Highlands	0.00%
56	55	Holmes	0.00%
57	42	Jackson	0.00%
58	63	Jefferson	0.00%
59	66	Liberty	0.00%
60	56	Madison	0.00%
61	15	Manatee	0.00%
62	31	Martin	0.00%
63	37	Nassau	0.00%
64	39	Putnam	0.00%
65	44	Suwannee	0.00%
66	60	Union	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 150: County of Tourist Participation: Bicycling

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	16.36%
2	5	Orange	15.99%
3	4	Hillsborough	7.63%
4	2	Broward	4.92%
5	6	Pinellas	4.80%
6	3	Palm Beach	4.31%
7	10	Brevard	3.57%
8	8	Lee	3.44%
9	38	Monroe	3.20%
10	28	Bay	3.08%
11	7	Duval	3.08%
12	11	Volusia	3.08%
13	26	Okaloosa	2.83%
14	16	Collier	2.34%
15	20	Escambia	2.21%
16	14	Sarasota	2.21%
17	24	St. Johns	2.09%
18	9	Polk	1.85%
19	41	Walton	1.35%
20	19	Osceola	1.11%
21	23	Alachua	0.86%
22	17	Marion	0.86%
23	22	Leon	0.74%
24	15	Manatee	0.74%
25	31	Martin	0.74%
26	12	Pasco	0.74%
27	13	Seminole	0.74%
28	21	St. Lucie	0.74%
29	32	Indian River	0.62%
30	35	Flagler	0.49%
31	37	Nassau	0.49%
32	29	Charlotte	0.37%
33	33	Citrus	0.25%
34	25	Clay	0.25%
35	27	Hernando	0.25%
36	36	Highlands	0.25%
37	67	Lafayette	0.25%
38	45	Okeechobee	0.25%
39	40	Columbia	0.12%
40	59	Gulf	0.12%
41	61	Hamilton	0.12%
42	50	Hardee	0.12%
43	18	Lake	0.12%
44	46	Levy	0.12%
45	34	Sumter	0.12%
46	54	Taylor	0.12%
47	52	Baker	0.00%
48	51	Bradford	0.00%
49	62	Calhoun	0.00%
50	48	De Soto	0.00%
51	58	Dixie	0.00%
52	65	Franklin	0.00%
53	43	Gadsden	0.00%
54	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
55	64	Glades	0.00%
56	47	Hendry	0.00%
57	55	Holmes	0.00%
58	42	Jackson	0.00%
59	63	Jefferson	0.00%
60	66	Liberty	0.00%
61	56	Madison	0.00%
62	39	Putnam	0.00%
63	30	Santa Rosa	0.00%
64	44	Suwannee	0.00%
65	60	Union	0.00%
66	49	Wakulla	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 151: County of Tourist Participation: Canoeing, Kayaking, Stand Up Paddleboarding

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	14.36%
2	5	Orange	10.90%
3	6	Pinellas	6.78%
4	4	Hillsborough	6.12%
5	38	Monroe	5.05%
6	2	Broward	4.79%
7	26	Okaloosa	4.39%
8	8	Lee	3.86%
9	20	Escambia	3.72%
10	11	Volusia	3.72%
11	28	Bay	3.46%
12	10	Brevard	3.32%
13	3	Palm Beach	3.19%
14	7	Duval	2.93%
15	14	Sarasota	2.53%
16	16	Collier	2.13%
17	24	St. Johns	2.13%
18	17	Marion	1.73%
19	27	Hernando	1.46%
20	37	Nassau	1.20%
21	19	Osceola	1.06%
22	13	Seminole	1.06%
23	32	Indian River	0.93%
24	30	Santa Rosa	0.93%
25	15	Manatee	0.80%
26	29	Charlotte	0.53%
27	33	Citrus	0.53%
28	22	Leon	0.53%
29	31	Martin	0.53%
30	9	Polk	0.53%
31	46	Levy	0.40%
32	45	Okeechobee	0.40%
33	49	Wakulla	0.40%
34	41	Walton	0.40%
35	40	Columbia	0.27%
36	35	Flagler	0.27%
37	57	Gilchrist	0.27%
38	18	Lake	0.27%
39	12	Pasco	0.27%
40	21	St. Lucie	0.27%
41	44	Suwannee	0.27%
42	54	Taylor	0.27%
43	23	Alachua	0.13%
44	52	Baker	0.13%
45	65	Franklin	0.13%
46	64	Glades	0.13%
47	59	Gulf	0.13%
48	50	Hardee	0.13%
49	36	Highlands	0.13%
50	42	Jackson	0.13%
51	51	Bradford	0.00%
52	62	Calhoun	0.00%
53	25	Clay	0.00%
54	48	De Soto	0.00%
55	58	Dixie	0.00%
56	43	Gadsden	0.00%
57	61	Hamilton	0.00%
58	47	Hendry	0.00%
59	55	Holmes	0.00%
60	63	Jefferson	0.00%
61	67	Lafayette	0.00%
62	66	Liberty	0.00%
63	56	Madison	0.00%
64	39	Putnam	0.00%
65	34	Sumter	0.00%
66	60	Union	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 152: County of Tourist Participation: Fitness Walking, Jogging, Running

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	5	Orange	19.28%
2	1	Miami-Dade	11.86%
3	4	Hillsborough	6.02%
4	2	Broward	5.83%
5	6	Pinellas	4.88%
6	11	Volusia	4.57%
7	3	Palm Beach	4.38%
8	26	Okaloosa	3.93%
9	8	Lee	3.30%
10	28	Bay	3.23%
11	10	Brevard	2.98%
12	7	Duval	2.79%
13	20	Escambia	2.73%
14	38	Monroe	2.73%
15	16	Collier	2.41%
16	24	St. Johns	2.41%
17	19	Osceola	2.16%
18	14	Sarasota	2.03%
19	9	Polk	1.33%
20	15	Manatee	1.01%
21	41	Walton	0.82%
22	32	Indian River	0.76%
23	23	Alachua	0.70%
24	37	Nassau	0.70%
25	17	Marion	0.63%
26	22	Leon	0.57%
27	31	Martin	0.57%
28	13	Seminole	0.51%
29	29	Charlotte	0.44%
30	21	St. Lucie	0.44%
31	35	Flagler	0.38%
32	27	Hernando	0.32%
33	36	Highlands	0.32%
34	18	Lake	0.32%
35	12	Pasco	0.32%
36	30	Santa Rosa	0.32%
37	33	Citrus	0.25%
38	59	Gulf	0.25%
39	34	Sumter	0.25%
40	65	Franklin	0.19%
41	25	Clay	0.13%
42	50	Hardee	0.13%
43	42	Jackson	0.13%
44	67	Lafayette	0.13%
45	44	Suwannee	0.13%
46	40	Columbia	0.06%
47	47	Hendry	0.06%
48	46	Levy	0.06%
49	45	Okeechobee	0.06%
50	39	Putnam	0.06%
51	54	Taylor	0.06%
52	49	Wakulla	0.06%
53	52	Baker	0.00%
54	51	Bradford	0.00%
55	62	Calhoun	0.00%
56	48	De Soto	0.00%
57	58	Dixie	0.00%
58	43	Gadsden	0.00%
59	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
60	64	Glades	0.00%
61	61	Hamilton	0.00%
62	55	Holmes	0.00%
63	63	Jefferson	0.00%
64	66	Liberty	0.00%
65	56	Madison	0.00%
66	60	Union	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 153: County of Tourist Participation: Football

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	26.85%
2	5	Orange	18.52%
3	4	Hillsborough	12.50%
4	2	Broward	4.63%
5	3	Palm Beach	3.24%
6	20	Escambia	2.78%
7	6	Pinellas	2.78%
8	23	Alachua	2.31%
9	28	Bay	2.31%
10	22	Leon	2.31%
11	26	Okaloosa	2.31%
12	11	Volusia	2.31%
13	7	Duval	1.39%
14	8	Lee	1.39%
15	9	Polk	1.39%
16	10	Brevard	0.93%
17	16	Collier	0.93%
18	17	Marion	0.93%
19	38	Monroe	0.93%
20	14	Sarasota	0.93%
21	21	St. Lucie	0.93%
22	21	St. Lucie	0.93%
23	35	Flagler	0.46%
24	43	Gadsden	0.46%
25	36	Highlands	0.46%
26	55	Holmes	0.46%
27	32	Indian River	0.46%
28	67	Lafayette	0.46%
29	18	Lake	0.46%
30	46	Levy	0.46%
31	37	Nassau	0.46%
32	45	Okeechobee	0.46%
33	13	Seminole	0.46%
34	24	St. Johns	0.46%
35	24	St. Johns	0.46%
36	54	Taylor	0.46%
37	52	Baker	0.00%
38	51	Bradford	0.00%
39	62	Calhoun	0.00%
40	29	Charlotte	0.00%
41	33	Citrus	0.00%
42	25	Clay	0.00%
43	40	Columbia	0.00%
44	48	De Soto	0.00%
45	58	Dixie	0.00%
46	65	Franklin	0.00%
47	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
48	64	Glades	0.00%
49	59	Gulf	0.00%
50	61	Hamilton	0.00%
51	50	Hardee	0.00%
52	47	Hendry	0.00%
53	27	Hernando	0.00%
54	66	Liberty	0.00%
55	56	Madison	0.00%
56	15	Manatee	0.00%
57	31	Martin	0.00%
58	19	Osceola	0.00%
59	12	Pasco	0.00%
60	39	Putnam	0.00%
61	30	Santa Rosa	0.00%
62	34	Sumter	0.00%
63	44	Suwannee	0.00%
64	60	Union	0.00%
65	49	Wakulla	0.00%
66	41	Walton	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 154: County of Tourist Participation: Freshwater Beach Activities (not including fishing)

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	5	Orange	18.27%
2	1	Miami-Dade	14.81%
3	6	Pinellas	7.12%
4	4	Hillsborough	5.77%
5	3	Palm Beach	4.62%
6	2	Broward	4.04%
7	11	Volusia	3.85%
8	26	Okaloosa	3.65%
9	7	Duval	3.08%
10	20	Escambia	3.08%
11	10	Brevard	2.69%
12	8	Lee	2.69%
13	16	Collier	2.31%
14	14	Sarasota	2.31%
15	17	Marion	1.73%
16	38	Monroe	1.73%
17	28	Bay	1.54%
18	19	Osceola	1.54%
19	9	Polk	1.54%
20	24	St. Johns	1.54%
21	22	Leon	1.15%
22	35	Flagler	0.96%
23	45	Okeechobee	0.96%
24	29	Charlotte	0.77%
25	33	Citrus	0.77%
26	32	Indian River	0.77%
27	23	Alachua	0.58%
28	15	Manatee	0.58%
29	37	Nassau	0.58%
30	13	Seminole	0.58%
31	21	St. Lucie	0.58%
32	44	Suwannee	0.58%
33	41	Walton	0.58%
34	40	Columbia	0.38%
35	46	Levy	0.38%
36	31	Martin	0.38%
37	12	Pasco	0.38%
38	54	Taylor	0.38%
39	52	Baker	0.19%
40	57	Gilchrist	0.19%
41	27	Hernando	0.19%
42	30	Santa Rosa	0.19%
43	51	Bradford	0.00%
44	62	Calhoun	0.00%
45	25	Clay	0.00%
46	48	De Soto	0.00%
47	58	Dixie	0.00%
48	65	Franklin	0.00%
49	43	Gadsden	0.00%
50	64	Glades	0.00%
51	59	Gulf	0.00%
52	61	Hamilton	0.00%
53	50	Hardee	0.00%
54	47	Hendry	0.00%
55	36	Highlands	0.00%
56	55	Holmes	0.00%
57	42	Jackson	0.00%
58	63	Jefferson	0.00%
59	67	Lafayette	0.00%
60	18	Lake	0.00%
61	66	Liberty	0.00%
62	56	Madison	0.00%
63	39	Putnam	0.00%
64	34	Sumter	0.00%
65	60	Union	0.00%
66	49	Wakulla	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 155: County of Tourist Participation: Freshwater Boat Ramp Use

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	23.62%
2	5	Orange	13.39%
3	4	Hillsborough	7.48%
4	10	Brevard	4.72%
5	6	Pinellas	4.33%
6	7	Duval	3.54%
7	26	Okaloosa	3.15%
8	19	Osceola	3.15%
9	2	Broward	2.36%
10	20	Escambia	2.36%
11	3	Palm Beach	2.36%
12	8	Lee	1.97%
13	38	Monroe	1.97%
14	11	Volusia	1.97%
15	16	Collier	1.57%
16	32	Indian River	1.57%
17	45	Okeechobee	1.57%
18	33	Citrus	1.18%
19	36	Highlands	1.18%
20	22	Leon	1.18%
21	15	Manatee	1.18%
22	9	Polk	1.18%
23	30	Santa Rosa	1.18%
24	14	Sarasota	1.18%
25	28	Bay	0.79%
26	40	Columbia	0.79%
27	18	Lake	0.79%
28	39	Putnam	0.79%
29	34	Sumter	0.79%
30	23	Alachua	0.39%
31	29	Charlotte	0.39%
32	25	Clay	0.39%
33	58	Dixie	0.39%
34	35	Flagler	0.39%
35	59	Gulf	0.39%
36	47	Hendry	0.39%
37	27	Hernando	0.39%
38	17	Marion	0.39%
39	31	Martin	0.39%
40	37	Nassau	0.39%
41	12	Pasco	0.39%
42	13	Seminole	0.39%
43	21	St. Lucie	0.39%
44	44	Suwannee	0.39%
45	54	Taylor	0.39%
46	41	Walton	0.39%
47	52	Baker	0.00%
48	51	Bradford	0.00%
49	62	Calhoun	0.00%
50	48	De Soto	0.00%
51	65	Franklin	0.00%
52	43	Gadsden	0.00%
53	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
54	64	Glades	0.00%
55	61	Hamilton	0.00%
56	50	Hardee	0.00%
57	55	Holmes	0.00%
58	42	Jackson	0.00%
59	63	Jefferson	0.00%
60	67	Lafayette	0.00%
61	46	Levy	0.00%
62	66	Liberty	0.00%
63	56	Madison	0.00%
64	24	St. Johns	0.00%
65	60	Union	0.00%
66	49	Wakulla	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 156: County of Tourist Participation: Freshwater Fishing

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	5	Orange	15.73%
2	1	Miami-Dade	14.87%
3	4	Hillsborough	6.47%
4	3	Palm Beach	4.74%
5	6	Pinellas	4.31%
6	10	Brevard	4.09%
7	7	Duval	4.09%
8	2	Broward	3.66%
9	8	Lee	3.45%
10	20	Escambia	2.80%
11	11	Volusia	2.80%
12	19	Osceola	2.59%
13	26	Okaloosa	2.37%
14	17	Marion	1.94%
15	45	Okeechobee	1.94%
16	9	Polk	1.94%
17	14	Sarasota	1.94%
18	22	Leon	1.72%
19	38	Monroe	1.72%
20	16	Collier	1.51%
21	28	Bay	1.29%
22	30	Santa Rosa	1.29%
23	24	St. Johns	1.29%
24	32	Indian River	1.08%
25	12	Pasco	1.08%
26	13	Seminole	1.08%
27	37	Nassau	0.65%
28	41	Walton	0.65%
29	23	Alachua	0.43%
30	29	Charlotte	0.43%
31	40	Columbia	0.43%
32	50	Hardee	0.43%
33	47	Hendry	0.43%
34	15	Manatee	0.43%
35	39	Putnam	0.43%
36	21	St. Lucie	0.43%
37	54	Taylor	0.43%
38	25	Clay	0.22%
39	35	Flagler	0.22%
40	64	Glades	0.22%
41	59	Gulf	0.22%
42	27	Hernando	0.22%
43	36	Highlands	0.22%
44	55	Holmes	0.22%
45	67	Lafayette	0.22%
46	18	Lake	0.22%
47	46	Levy	0.22%
48	31	Martin	0.22%
49	44	Suwannee	0.22%
50	49	Wakulla	0.22%
51	53	Washington	0.22%
52	52	Baker	0.00%
53	51	Bradford	0.00%
54	62	Calhoun	0.00%
55	33	Citrus	0.00%
56	48	De Soto	0.00%
57	58	Dixie	0.00%
58	65	Franklin	0.00%
59	43	Gadsden	0.00%
60	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
61	61	Hamilton	0.00%
62	42	Jackson	0.00%
63	63	Jefferson	0.00%
64	66	Liberty	0.00%
65	56	Madison	0.00%
66	34	Sumter	0.00%
67	60	Union	0.00%

Table 157: County of Tourist Participation: Geocaching

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	5	Orange	20.66%
2	1	Miami-Dade	17.36%
3	4	Hillsborough	8.26%
4	7	Duval	4.13%
5	20	Escambia	4.13%
6	26	Okaloosa	4.13%
7	8	Lee	3.72%
8	6	Pinellas	3.72%
9	28	Bay	3.31%
10	10	Brevard	3.31%
11	2	Broward	2.48%
12	16	Collier	2.48%
13	3	Palm Beach	2.48%
14	11	Volusia	2.48%
15	9	Polk	1.65%
16	14	Sarasota	1.65%
17	24	St. Johns	1.65%
18	22	Leon	1.24%
19	17	Marion	1.24%
20	38	Monroe	1.24%
21	19	Osceola	1.24%
22	36	Highlands	0.83%
23	31	Martin	0.83%
24	30	Santa Rosa	0.83%
25	13	Seminole	0.83%
26	54	Taylor	0.83%
27	33	Citrus	0.41%
28	32	Indian River	0.41%
29	18	Lake	0.41%
30	46	Levy	0.41%
31	15	Manatee	0.41%
32	45	Okeechobee	0.41%
33	12	Pasco	0.41%
34	21	St. Lucie	0.41%
35	23	Alachua	0.00%
36	52	Baker	0.00%
37	51	Bradford	0.00%
38	62	Calhoun	0.00%
39	29	Charlotte	0.00%
40	25	Clay	0.00%
41	40	Columbia	0.00%
42	48	De Soto	0.00%
43	58	Dixie	0.00%
44	35	Flagler	0.00%
45	65	Franklin	0.00%
46	43	Gadsden	0.00%
47	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
48	64	Glades	0.00%
49	59	Gulf	0.00%
50	61	Hamilton	0.00%
51	50	Hardee	0.00%
52	47	Hendry	0.00%
53	27	Hernando	0.00%
54	55	Holmes	0.00%
55	42	Jackson	0.00%
56	63	Jefferson	0.00%
57	67	Lafayette	0.00%
58	66	Liberty	0.00%
59	56	Madison	0.00%
60	37	Nassau	0.00%
61	39	Putnam	0.00%
62	34	Sumter	0.00%
63	44	Suwannee	0.00%
64	60	Union	0.00%
65	49	Wakulla	0.00%
66	41	Walton	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 158: County of Tourist Participation: Golf

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	5	Orange	26.74%
2	1	Miami-Dade	13.75%
3	4	Hillsborough	6.78%
4	3	Palm Beach	4.33%
5	2	Broward	3.95%
6	8	Lee	3.95%
7	28	Bay	3.58%
8	16	Collier	3.58%
9	14	Sarasota	3.58%
10	6	Pinellas	3.39%
11	11	Volusia	3.39%
12	26	Okaloosa	3.01%
13	7	Duval	2.64%
14	20	Escambia	2.07%
15	24	St. Johns	1.69%
16	10	Brevard	1.51%
17	19	Osceola	1.51%
18	21	St. Lucie	1.13%
19	31	Martin	0.94%
20	9	Polk	0.94%
21	34	Sumter	0.94%
22	23	Alachua	0.75%
23	17	Marion	0.75%
24	38	Monroe	0.75%
25	35	Flagler	0.56%
26	13	Seminole	0.56%
27	18	Lake	0.38%
28	22	Leon	0.38%
29	15	Manatee	0.38%
30	29	Charlotte	0.19%
31	25	Clay	0.19%
32	43	Gadsden	0.19%
33	59	Gulf	0.19%
34	27	Hernando	0.19%
35	32	Indian River	0.19%
36	42	Jackson	0.19%
37	45	Okeechobee	0.19%
38	12	Pasco	0.19%
39	54	Taylor	0.19%
40	41	Walton	0.19%
41	52	Baker	0.00%
42	51	Bradford	0.00%
43	62	Calhoun	0.00%
44	33	Citrus	0.00%
45	40	Columbia	0.00%
46	48	De Soto	0.00%
47	58	Dixie	0.00%
48	65	Franklin	0.00%
49	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
50	64	Glades	0.00%
51	61	Hamilton	0.00%
52	50	Hardee	0.00%
53	47	Hendry	0.00%
54	36	Highlands	0.00%
55	55	Holmes	0.00%
56	63	Jefferson	0.00%
57	67	Lafayette	0.00%
58	46	Levy	0.00%
59	66	Liberty	0.00%
60	56	Madison	0.00%
61	37	Nassau	0.00%
62	39	Putnam	0.00%
63	30	Santa Rosa	0.00%
64	44	Suwannee	0.00%
65	60	Union	0.00%
66	49	Wakulla	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 159: County of Tourist Participation: Hiking

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	5	Orange	16.62%
2	1	Miami-Dade	10.83%
3	4	Hillsborough	5.88%
4	6	Pinellas	4.94%
5	38	Monroe	4.43%
6	8	Lee	4.26%
7	2	Broward	3.84%
8	7	Duval	3.67%
9	20	Escambia	3.67%
10	26	Okaloosa	3.67%
11	3	Palm Beach	3.67%
12	11	Volusia	3.07%
13	14	Sarasota	2.64%
14	17	Marion	2.56%
15	10	Brevard	2.39%
16	28	Bay	2.30%
17	24	St. Johns	2.05%
18	16	Collier	1.96%
19	19	Osceola	1.96%
20	22	Leon	1.53%
21	15	Manatee	1.28%
22	9	Polk	1.19%
23	23	Alachua	1.02%
24	32	Indian River	0.85%
25	13	Seminole	0.77%
26	29	Charlotte	0.68%
27	37	Nassau	0.68%
28	41	Walton	0.68%
29	18	Lake	0.60%
30	31	Martin	0.60%
31	36	Highlands	0.51%
32	33	Citrus	0.43%
33	44	Suwannee	0.43%
34	27	Hernando	0.34%
35	42	Jackson	0.34%
36	21	St. Lucie	0.34%
37	35	Flagler	0.26%
38	61	Hamilton	0.26%
39	46	Levy	0.26%
40	45	Okeechobee	0.26%
41	12	Pasco	0.26%
42	30	Santa Rosa	0.26%
43	54	Taylor	0.26%
44	40	Columbia	0.17%
45	65	Franklin	0.17%
46	50	Hardee	0.17%
47	56	Madison	0.17%
48	49	Wakulla	0.17%
49	25	Clay	0.09%
50	48	De Soto	0.09%
51	57	Gilchrist	0.09%
52	59	Gulf	0.09%
53	47	Hendry	0.09%
54	67	Lafayette	0.09%
55	66	Liberty	0.09%
56	39	Putnam	0.09%
57	52	Baker	0.00%
58	51	Bradford	0.00%
59	62	Calhoun	0.00%
60	58	Dixie	0.00%
61	43	Gadsden	0.00%
62	64	Glades	0.00%
63	55	Holmes	0.00%
64	63	Jefferson	0.00%
65	34	Sumter	0.00%
66	60	Union	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 160: County of Tourist Participation: Horse Camping

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	5	Orange	19.51%
2	1	Miami-Dade	14.63%
3	4	Hillsborough	12.80%
4	7	Duval	6.71%
5	17	Marion	4.88%
6	3	Palm Beach	3.66%
7	10	Brevard	2.44%
8	38	Monroe	2.44%
9	26	Okaloosa	2.44%
10	28	Bay	1.83%
11	2	Broward	1.83%
12	16	Collier	1.83%
13	20	Escambia	1.83%
14	19	Osceola	1.83%
15	30	Santa Rosa	1.83%
16	13	Seminole	1.83%
17	11	Volusia	1.83%
18	40	Columbia	1.22%
19	18	Lake	1.22%
20	22	Leon	1.22%
21	45	Okeechobee	1.22%
22	6	Pinellas	1.22%
23	14	Sarasota	1.22%
24	23	Alachua	0.61%
25	52	Baker	0.61%
26	29	Charlotte	0.61%
27	33	Citrus	0.61%
28	35	Flagler	0.61%
29	65	Franklin	0.61%
30	32	Indian River	0.61%
31	8	Lee	0.61%
32	15	Manatee	0.61%
33	37	Nassau	0.61%
34	12	Pasco	0.61%
35	24	St. Johns	0.61%
36	21	St. Lucie	0.61%
37	53	Washington	0.61%
38	51	Bradford	0.00%
39	62	Calhoun	0.00%
40	25	Clay	0.00%
41	48	De Soto	0.00%
42	58	Dixie	0.00%
43	43	Gadsden	0.00%
44	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
45	64	Glades	0.00%
46	59	Gulf	0.00%
47	61	Hamilton	0.00%
48	50	Hardee	0.00%
49	47	Hendry	0.00%
50	27	Hernando	0.00%
51	36	Highlands	0.00%
52	55	Holmes	0.00%
53	42	Jackson	0.00%
54	63	Jefferson	0.00%
55	67	Lafayette	0.00%
56	46	Levy	0.00%
57	66	Liberty	0.00%
58	56	Madison	0.00%
59	31	Martin	0.00%
60	9	Polk	0.00%
61	39	Putnam	0.00%
62	34	Sumter	0.00%
63	44	Suwannee	0.00%
64	54	Taylor	0.00%
65	60	Union	0.00%
66	49	Wakulla	0.00%
67	41	Walton	0.00%

Table 161: County of Tourist Participation: Horseback Riding

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	18.52%
2	5	Orange	16.84%
3	4	Hillsborough	8.08%
4	7	Duval	5.39%
5	17	Marion	4.71%
6	26	Okaloosa	4.71%
7	2	Broward	3.70%
8	38	Monroe	3.70%
9	19	Osceola	3.37%
10	3	Palm Beach	2.36%
11	20	Escambia	2.02%
12	8	Lee	2.02%
13	37	Nassau	2.02%
14	6	Pinellas	2.02%
15	14	Sarasota	2.02%
16	28	Bay	1.68%
17	10	Brevard	1.68%
18	11	Volusia	1.68%
19	16	Collier	1.35%
20	22	Leon	1.35%
21	9	Polk	1.35%
22	23	Alachua	1.01%
23	45	Okeechobee	1.01%
24	33	Citrus	0.67%
25	40	Columbia	0.67%
26	42	Jackson	0.67%
27	18	Lake	0.67%
28	15	Manatee	0.67%
29	30	Santa Rosa	0.67%
30	13	Seminole	0.67%
31	24	St. Johns	0.67%
32	29	Charlotte	0.34%
33	25	Clay	0.34%
34	47	Hendry	0.34%
35	36	Highlands	0.34%
36	21	St. Lucie	0.34%
37	60	Union	0.34%
38	52	Baker	0.00%
39	51	Bradford	0.00%
40	62	Calhoun	0.00%
41	48	De Soto	0.00%
42	58	Dixie	0.00%
43	35	Flagler	0.00%
44	65	Franklin	0.00%
45	43	Gadsden	0.00%
46	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
47	64	Glades	0.00%
48	59	Gulf	0.00%
49	61	Hamilton	0.00%
50	50	Hardee	0.00%
51	27	Hernando	0.00%
52	55	Holmes	0.00%
53	32	Indian River	0.00%
54	63	Jefferson	0.00%
55	67	Lafayette	0.00%
56	46	Levy	0.00%
57	66	Liberty	0.00%
58	56	Madison	0.00%
59	31	Martin	0.00%
60	12	Pasco	0.00%
61	39	Putnam	0.00%
62	34	Sumter	0.00%
63	44	Suwannee	0.00%
64	54	Taylor	0.00%
65	49	Wakulla	0.00%
66	41	Walton	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 162: County of Tourist Participation: Hunting

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	16.95%
2	5	Orange	15.82%
3	4	Hillsborough	9.60%
4	38	Monroe	5.08%
5	6	Pinellas	4.52%
6	17	Marion	3.95%
7	2	Broward	3.39%
8	28	Bay	2.82%
9	10	Brevard	2.82%
10	16	Collier	2.82%
11	7	Duval	2.82%
12	22	Leon	2.82%
13	3	Palm Beach	2.82%
14	26	Okaloosa	2.26%
15	9	Polk	2.26%
16	20	Escambia	1.69%
17	30	Santa Rosa	1.69%
18	40	Columbia	1.13%
19	8	Lee	1.13%
20	19	Osceola	1.13%
21	12	Pasco	1.13%
22	44	Suwannee	1.13%
23	54	Taylor	1.13%
24	11	Volusia	1.13%
25	52	Baker	0.56%
26	58	Dixie	0.56%
27	27	Hernando	0.56%
28	36	Highlands	0.56%
29	55	Holmes	0.56%
30	42	Jackson	0.56%
31	46	Levy	0.56%
32	66	Liberty	0.56%
33	39	Putnam	0.56%
34	14	Sarasota	0.56%
35	13	Seminole	0.56%
36	24	St. Johns	0.56%
37	21	St. Lucie	0.56%
38	34	Sumter	0.56%
39	23	Alachua	0.00%
40	51	Bradford	0.00%
41	62	Calhoun	0.00%
42	29	Charlotte	0.00%
43	33	Citrus	0.00%
44	25	Clay	0.00%
45	48	De Soto	0.00%
46	35	Flagler	0.00%
47	65	Franklin	0.00%
48	43	Gadsden	0.00%
49	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
50	64	Glades	0.00%
51	59	Gulf	0.00%
52	61	Hamilton	0.00%
53	50	Hardee	0.00%
54	47	Hendry	0.00%
55	32	Indian River	0.00%
56	63	Jefferson	0.00%
57	67	Lafayette	0.00%
58	18	Lake	0.00%
59	56	Madison	0.00%
60	15	Manatee	0.00%
61	31	Martin	0.00%
62	37	Nassau	0.00%
63	45	Okeechobee	0.00%
64	60	Union	0.00%
65	49	Wakulla	0.00%
66	41	Walton	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 163: County of Tourist Participation: Nature Study

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	5	Orange	16.48%
2	1	Miami-Dade	13.50%
3	4	Hillsborough	6.91%
4	6	Pinellas	5.18%
5	8	Lee	4.55%
6	3	Palm Beach	3.92%
7	38	Monroe	3.61%
8	28	Bay	2.98%
9	10	Brevard	2.83%
10	7	Duval	2.67%
11	26	Okaloosa	2.67%
12	11	Volusia	2.67%
13	16	Collier	2.35%
14	2	Broward	2.20%
15	24	St. Johns	2.20%
16	19	Osceola	2.04%
17	14	Sarasota	2.04%
18	23	Alachua	1.88%
19	9	Polk	1.88%
20	20	Escambia	1.73%
21	17	Marion	1.57%
22	32	Indian River	0.94%
23	15	Manatee	0.94%
24	33	Citrus	0.78%
25	18	Lake	0.78%
26	22	Leon	0.78%
27	21	St. Lucie	0.78%
28	65	Franklin	0.63%
29	27	Hernando	0.63%
30	37	Nassau	0.63%
31	45	Okeechobee	0.63%
32	13	Seminole	0.63%
33	36	Highlands	0.47%
34	31	Martin	0.47%
35	12	Pasco	0.47%
36	30	Santa Rosa	0.47%
37	29	Charlotte	0.31%
38	40	Columbia	0.31%
39	35	Flagler	0.31%
40	61	Hamilton	0.31%
41	50	Hardee	0.31%
42	67	Lafayette	0.31%
43	44	Suwannee	0.31%
44	54	Taylor	0.31%
45	49	Wakulla	0.31%
46	41	Walton	0.31%
47	25	Clay	0.16%
48	57	Gilchrist	0.16%
49	59	Gulf	0.16%
50	42	Jackson	0.16%
51	46	Levy	0.16%
52	66	Liberty	0.16%
53	52	Baker	0.00%
54	51	Bradford	0.00%
55	62	Calhoun	0.00%
56	48	De Soto	0.00%
57	58	Dixie	0.00%
58	43	Gadsden	0.00%
59	64	Glades	0.00%
60	47	Hendry	0.00%
61	55	Holmes	0.00%
62	63	Jefferson	0.00%
63	56	Madison	0.00%
64	39	Putnam	0.00%
65	34	Sumter	0.00%
66	60	Union	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 164: County of Tourist Participation: Off-Road Vehicle Driving

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	5	Orange	20.06%
2	1	Miami-Dade	15.50%
3	4	Hillsborough	5.78%
4	17	Marion	4.86%
5	11	Volusia	4.86%
6	2	Broward	4.26%
7	26	Okaloosa	4.26%
8	28	Bay	3.65%
9	10	Brevard	3.34%
10	3	Palm Beach	3.04%
11	6	Pinellas	3.04%
12	20	Escambia	2.74%
13	16	Collier	2.43%
14	19	Osceola	2.13%
15	9	Polk	2.13%
16	7	Duval	1.52%
17	8	Lee	1.52%
18	22	Leon	1.52%
19	38	Monroe	1.52%
20	45	Okeechobee	1.52%
21	14	Sarasota	1.52%
22	32	Indian River	0.91%
23	13	Seminole	0.91%
24	24	St. Johns	0.91%
25	29	Charlotte	0.61%
26	40	Columbia	0.61%
27	35	Flagler	0.61%
28	27	Hernando	0.61%
29	21	St. Lucie	0.61%
30	23	Alachua	0.30%
31	52	Baker	0.30%
32	33	Citrus	0.30%
33	50	Hardee	0.30%
34	55	Holmes	0.30%
35	67	Lafayette	0.30%
36	31	Martin	0.30%
37	12	Pasco	0.30%
38	54	Taylor	0.30%
39	41	Walton	0.30%
40	51	Bradford	0.00%
41	62	Calhoun	0.00%
42	25	Clay	0.00%
43	48	De Soto	0.00%
44	58	Dixie	0.00%
45	65	Franklin	0.00%
46	43	Gadsden	0.00%
47	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
48	64	Glades	0.00%
49	59	Gulf	0.00%
50	61	Hamilton	0.00%
51	47	Hendry	0.00%
52	36	Highlands	0.00%
53	42	Jackson	0.00%
54	63	Jefferson	0.00%
55	18	Lake	0.00%
56	46	Levy	0.00%
57	66	Liberty	0.00%
58	56	Madison	0.00%
59	15	Manatee	0.00%
60	37	Nassau	0.00%
61	39	Putnam	0.00%
62	30	Santa Rosa	0.00%
63	34	Sumter	0.00%
64	44	Suwannee	0.00%
65	60	Union	0.00%
66	49	Wakulla	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 165: County of Tourist Participation: Picnicking

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	5	Orange	16.24%
2	1	Miami-Dade	11.35%
3	6	Pinellas	6.38%
4	4	Hillsborough	6.30%
5	26	Okaloosa	4.39%
6	20	Escambia	4.23%
7	3	Palm Beach	3.89%
8	7	Duval	3.81%
9	8	Lee	3.81%
10	11	Volusia	3.73%
11	28	Bay	3.56%
12	2	Broward	3.40%
13	14	Sarasota	3.40%
14	38	Monroe	3.31%
15	10	Brevard	2.49%
16	24	St. Johns	1.91%
17	16	Collier	1.82%
18	15	Manatee	1.49%
19	19	Osceola	1.49%
20	9	Polk	1.49%
21	22	Leon	1.16%
22	17	Marion	0.83%
23	32	Indian River	0.66%
24	37	Nassau	0.66%
25	30	Santa Rosa	0.66%
26	13	Seminole	0.66%
27	23	Alachua	0.58%
28	45	Okeechobee	0.58%
29	12	Pasco	0.58%
30	21	St. Lucie	0.50%
31	41	Walton	0.50%
32	33	Citrus	0.41%
33	40	Columbia	0.33%
34	27	Hernando	0.33%
35	36	Highlands	0.33%
36	18	Lake	0.33%
37	35	Flagler	0.25%
38	65	Franklin	0.25%
39	59	Gulf	0.25%
40	42	Jackson	0.25%
41	25	Clay	0.17%
42	57	Gilchrist	0.17%
43	31	Martin	0.17%
44	44	Suwannee	0.17%
45	29	Charlotte	0.08%
46	61	Hamilton	0.08%
47	50	Hardee	0.08%
48	47	Hendry	0.08%
49	67	Lafayette	0.08%
50	34	Sumter	0.08%
51	54	Taylor	0.08%
52	49	Wakulla	0.08%
53	53	Washington	0.08%
54	52	Baker	0.00%
55	51	Bradford	0.00%
56	62	Calhoun	0.00%
57	48	De Soto	0.00%
58	58	Dixie	0.00%
59	43	Gadsden	0.00%
60	64	Glades	0.00%
61	55	Holmes	0.00%
62	63	Jefferson	0.00%
63	46	Levy	0.00%
64	66	Liberty	0.00%
65	56	Madison	0.00%
66	39	Putnam	0.00%
67	60	Union	0.00%

Table 166: County of Tourist Participation: RV or Trailer Camping

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	5	Orange	21.04%
2	1	Miami-Dade	12.57%
3	4	Hillsborough	6.83%
4	6	Pinellas	5.19%
5	11	Volusia	4.64%
6	28	Bay	4.37%
7	7	Duval	3.83%
8	26	Okaloosa	3.55%
9	17	Marion	3.01%
10	38	Monroe	3.01%
11	19	Osceola	2.73%
12	20	Escambia	2.19%
13	8	Lee	2.19%
14	22	Leon	1.91%
15	9	Polk	1.91%
16	10	Brevard	1.64%
17	2	Broward	1.64%
18	16	Collier	1.64%
19	30	Santa Rosa	1.64%
20	3	Palm Beach	1.37%
21	14	Sarasota	1.37%
22	45	Okeechobee	1.09%
23	44	Suwannee	1.09%
24	15	Manatee	0.82%
25	13	Seminole	0.82%
26	33	Citrus	0.55%
27	48	De Soto	0.55%
28	35	Flagler	0.55%
29	18	Lake	0.55%
30	46	Levy	0.55%
31	24	St. Johns	0.55%
32	54	Taylor	0.55%
33	23	Alachua	0.27%
34	57	Gilchrist	0.27%
35	59	Gulf	0.27%
36	50	Hardee	0.27%
37	47	Hendry	0.27%
38	27	Hernando	0.27%
39	36	Highlands	0.27%
40	32	Indian River	0.27%
41	42	Jackson	0.27%
42	37	Nassau	0.27%
43	12	Pasco	0.27%
44	21	St. Lucie	0.27%
45	34	Sumter	0.27%
46	41	Walton	0.27%
47	53	Washington	0.27%
48	52	Baker	0.00%
49	51	Bradford	0.00%
50	62	Calhoun	0.00%
51	29	Charlotte	0.00%
52	25	Clay	0.00%
53	40	Columbia	0.00%
54	58	Dixie	0.00%
55	65	Franklin	0.00%
56	43	Gadsden	0.00%
57	64	Glades	0.00%
58	61	Hamilton	0.00%
59	55	Holmes	0.00%
60	63	Jefferson	0.00%
61	67	Lafayette	0.00%
62	66	Liberty	0.00%
63	56	Madison	0.00%
64	31	Martin	0.00%
65	39	Putnam	0.00%
66	60	Union	0.00%
67	49	Wakulla	0.00%

Table 167: County of Tourist Participation: Saltwater Beach Activities

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	13.43%
2	6	Pinellas	10.61%
3	11	Volusia	7.91%
4	10	Brevard	6.03%
5	26	Okaloosa	5.84%
6	2	Broward	5.15%
7	4	Hillsborough	5.02%
8	28	Bay	4.83%
9	8	Lee	4.58%
10	20	Escambia	4.46%
11	5	Orange	4.27%
12	3	Palm Beach	4.21%
13	38	Monroe	4.14%
14	14	Sarasota	3.33%
15	24	St. Johns	2.70%
16	7	Duval	2.51%
17	16	Collier	2.39%
18	15	Manatee	1.51%
19	32	Indian River	1.00%
20	37	Nassau	0.82%
21	41	Walton	0.82%
22	21	St. Lucie	0.75%
23	30	Santa Rosa	0.50%
24	65	Franklin	0.38%
25	31	Martin	0.38%
26	35	Flagler	0.31%
27	29	Charlotte	0.25%
28	33	Citrus	0.25%
29	59	Gulf	0.25%
30	12	Pasco	0.19%
31	22	Leon	0.13%
32	46	Levy	0.13%
33	19	Osceola	0.13%
34	13	Seminole	0.13%
35	40	Columbia	0.06%
36	58	Dixie	0.06%
37	61	Hamilton	0.06%
38	27	Hernando	0.06%
39	18	Lake	0.06%
40	17	Marion	0.06%
41	45	Okeechobee	0.06%
42	9	Polk	0.06%
43	44	Suwannee	0.06%
44	54	Taylor	0.06%
45	49	Wakulla	0.06%
46	23	Alachua	0.00%
47	52	Baker	0.00%
48	51	Bradford	0.00%
49	62	Calhoun	0.00%
50	25	Clay	0.00%
51	48	De Soto	0.00%
52	43	Gadsden	0.00%
53	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
54	64	Glades	0.00%
55	50	Hardee	0.00%
56	47	Hendry	0.00%
57	36	Highlands	0.00%
58	55	Holmes	0.00%
59	42	Jackson	0.00%
60	63	Jefferson	0.00%
61	67	Lafayette	0.00%
62	66	Liberty	0.00%
63	56	Madison	0.00%
64	39	Putnam	0.00%
65	34	Sumter	0.00%
66	60	Union	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 168: County of Tourist Participation: Saltwater Boat Ramp Use

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	18.44%
2	6	Pinellas	8.94%
3	4	Hillsborough	6.70%
4	38	Monroe	6.42%
5	5	Orange	6.42%
6	2	Broward	5.87%
7	26	Okaloosa	5.31%
8	11	Volusia	5.03%
9	10	Brevard	4.19%
10	20	Escambia	4.19%
11	28	Bay	3.91%
12	3	Palm Beach	3.63%
13	8	Lee	2.79%
14	14	Sarasota	2.51%
15	24	St. Johns	2.51%
16	7	Duval	1.96%
17	37	Nassau	1.40%
18	33	Citrus	1.12%
19	16	Collier	1.12%
20	32	Indian River	0.84%
21	22	Leon	0.84%
22	15	Manatee	0.84%
23	35	Flagler	0.56%
24	31	Martin	0.56%
25	21	St. Lucie	0.56%
26	41	Walton	0.56%
27	23	Alachua	0.28%
28	29	Charlotte	0.28%
29	40	Columbia	0.28%
30	65	Franklin	0.28%
31	46	Levy	0.28%
32	17	Marion	0.28%
33	19	Osceola	0.28%
34	9	Polk	0.28%
35	30	Santa Rosa	0.28%
36	54	Taylor	0.28%
37	52	Baker	0.00%
38	51	Bradford	0.00%
39	62	Calhoun	0.00%
40	25	Clay	0.00%
41	48	De Soto	0.00%
42	58	Dixie	0.00%
43	43	Gadsden	0.00%
44	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
45	64	Glades	0.00%
46	59	Gulf	0.00%
47	61	Hamilton	0.00%
48	50	Hardee	0.00%
49	47	Hendry	0.00%
50	27	Hernando	0.00%
51	36	Highlands	0.00%
52	55	Holmes	0.00%
53	42	Jackson	0.00%
54	63	Jefferson	0.00%
55	67	Lafayette	0.00%
56	18	Lake	0.00%
57	66	Liberty	0.00%
58	56	Madison	0.00%
59	45	Okeechobee	0.00%
60	12	Pasco	0.00%
61	39	Putnam	0.00%
62	13	Seminole	0.00%
63	34	Sumter	0.00%
64	44	Suwannee	0.00%
65	60	Union	0.00%
66	49	Wakulla	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 169: County of Tourist Participation: Saltwater Fishing

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	12.69%
2	4	Hillsborough	7.45%
3	5	Orange	7.45%
4	6	Pinellas	7.31%
5	38	Monroe	6.07%
6	11	Volusia	5.93%
7	26	Okaloosa	5.79%
8	28	Bay	5.52%
9	2	Broward	5.10%
10	10	Brevard	4.28%
11	8	Lee	4.28%
12	20	Escambia	4.14%
13	3	Palm Beach	3.86%
14	7	Duval	3.03%
15	14	Sarasota	2.48%
16	16	Collier	2.34%
17	24	St. Johns	2.07%
18	32	Indian River	1.24%
19	37	Nassau	1.10%
20	15	Manatee	0.83%
21	31	Martin	0.83%
22	41	Walton	0.69%
23	29	Charlotte	0.55%
24	22	Leon	0.55%
25	12	Pasco	0.55%
26	21	St. Lucie	0.55%
27	46	Levy	0.41%
28	30	Santa Rosa	0.41%
29	35	Flagler	0.28%
30	59	Gulf	0.28%
31	17	Marion	0.28%
32	19	Osceola	0.28%
33	33	Citrus	0.14%
34	40	Columbia	0.14%
35	65	Franklin	0.14%
36	36	Highlands	0.14%
37	67	Lafayette	0.14%
38	18	Lake	0.14%
39	45	Okeechobee	0.14%
40	9	Polk	0.14%
41	54	Taylor	0.14%
42	49	Wakulla	0.14%
43	23	Alachua	0.00%
44	52	Baker	0.00%
45	51	Bradford	0.00%
46	62	Calhoun	0.00%
47	25	Clay	0.00%
48	48	De Soto	0.00%
49	58	Dixie	0.00%
50	43	Gadsden	0.00%
51	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
52	64	Glades	0.00%
53	61	Hamilton	0.00%
54	50	Hardee	0.00%
55	47	Hendry	0.00%
56	27	Hernando	0.00%
57	55	Holmes	0.00%
58	42	Jackson	0.00%
59	63	Jefferson	0.00%
60	66	Liberty	0.00%
61	56	Madison	0.00%
62	39	Putnam	0.00%
63	13	Seminole	0.00%
64	34	Sumter	0.00%
65	44	Suwannee	0.00%
66	60	Union	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 170: County of Tourist Participation: Soccer

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	22.87%
2	5	Orange	21.08%
3	4	Hillsborough	8.97%
4	2	Broward	5.83%
5	7	Duval	4.04%
6	3	Palm Beach	3.59%
7	28	Bay	2.69%
8	10	Brevard	2.69%
9	20	Escambia	2.24%
10	6	Pinellas	2.24%
11	14	Sarasota	2.24%
12	11	Volusia	2.24%
13	23	Alachua	1.79%
14	16	Collier	1.79%
15	8	Lee	1.79%
16	22	Leon	1.79%
17	18	Lake	1.35%
18	26	Okaloosa	1.35%
19	19	Osceola	1.35%
20	35	Flagler	0.90%
21	12	Pasco	0.90%
22	13	Seminole	0.90%
23	25	Clay	0.45%
24	27	Hernando	0.45%
25	36	Highlands	0.45%
26	67	Lafayette	0.45%
27	17	Marion	0.45%
28	38	Monroe	0.45%
29	45	Okeechobee	0.45%
30	9	Polk	0.45%
31	24	St. Johns	0.45%
32	21	St. Lucie	0.45%
33	54	Taylor	0.45%
34	49	Wakulla	0.45%
35	52	Baker	0.00%
36	51	Bradford	0.00%
37	62	Calhoun	0.00%
38	29	Charlotte	0.00%
39	33	Citrus	0.00%
40	40	Columbia	0.00%
41	48	De Soto	0.00%
42	58	Dixie	0.00%
43	65	Franklin	0.00%
44	43	Gadsden	0.00%
45	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
46	64	Glades	0.00%
47	59	Gulf	0.00%
48	61	Hamilton	0.00%
49	50	Hardee	0.00%
50	47	Hendry	0.00%
51	55	Holmes	0.00%
52	32	Indian River	0.00%
53	42	Jackson	0.00%
54	63	Jefferson	0.00%
55	46	Levy	0.00%
56	66	Liberty	0.00%
57	56	Madison	0.00%
58	15	Manatee	0.00%
59	31	Martin	0.00%
60	37	Nassau	0.00%
61	39	Putnam	0.00%
62	30	Santa Rosa	0.00%
63	34	Sumter	0.00%
64	44	Suwannee	0.00%
65	60	Union	0.00%
66	41	Walton	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 171: County of Tourist Participation: Sport Shooting

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	1	Miami-Dade	20.45%
2	5	Orange	17.61%
3	4	Hillsborough	10.23%
4	2	Broward	3.98%
5	7	Duval	3.98%
6	6	Pinellas	3.98%
7	10	Brevard	3.41%
8	8	Lee	3.41%
9	17	Marion	2.84%
10	3	Palm Beach	2.84%
11	16	Collier	2.27%
12	9	Polk	2.27%
13	22	Leon	1.70%
14	12	Pasco	1.70%
15	14	Sarasota	1.70%
16	20	Escambia	1.14%
17	47	Hendry	1.14%
18	67	Lafayette	1.14%
19	18	Lake	1.14%
20	38	Monroe	1.14%
21	26	Okaloosa	1.14%
22	19	Osceola	1.14%
23	30	Santa Rosa	1.14%
24	11	Volusia	1.14%
25	23	Alachua	0.57%
26	28	Bay	0.57%
27	40	Columbia	0.57%
28	36	Highlands	0.57%
29	55	Holmes	0.57%
30	42	Jackson	0.57%
31	15	Manatee	0.57%
32	39	Putnam	0.57%
33	13	Seminole	0.57%
34	24	St. Johns	0.57%
35	21	St. Lucie	0.57%
36	54	Taylor	0.57%
37	41	Walton	0.57%
38	52	Baker	0.00%
39	51	Bradford	0.00%
40	62	Calhoun	0.00%
41	29	Charlotte	0.00%
42	33	Citrus	0.00%
43	25	Clay	0.00%
44	48	De Soto	0.00%
45	58	Dixie	0.00%
46	35	Flagler	0.00%
47	65	Franklin	0.00%
48	43	Gadsden	0.00%
49	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
50	64	Glades	0.00%
51	59	Gulf	0.00%
52	61	Hamilton	0.00%
53	50	Hardee	0.00%
54	27	Hernando	0.00%
55	32	Indian River	0.00%
56	63	Jefferson	0.00%
57	46	Levy	0.00%
58	66	Liberty	0.00%
59	56	Madison	0.00%
60	31	Martin	0.00%
61	37	Nassau	0.00%
62	45	Okeechobee	0.00%
63	34	Sumter	0.00%
64	44	Suwannee	0.00%
65	60	Union	0.00%
66	49	Wakulla	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 172: County of Tourist Participation: Swimming (outdoor pool)

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	5	Orange	25.75%
2	1	Miami-Dade	11.22%
3	6	Pinellas	5.57%
4	2	Broward	5.18%
5	4	Hillsborough	4.71%
6	26	Okaloosa	4.55%
7	11	Volusia	4.08%
8	8	Lee	3.85%
9	3	Palm Beach	3.85%
10	28	Bay	3.77%
11	19	Osceola	2.51%
12	14	Sarasota	2.35%
13	7	Duval	2.28%
14	10	Brevard	2.04%
15	20	Escambia	2.04%
16	16	Collier	1.88%
17	38	Monroe	1.81%
18	24	St. Johns	1.81%
19	9	Polk	1.02%
20	17	Marion	0.94%
21	15	Manatee	0.78%
22	41	Walton	0.78%
23	18	Lake	0.71%
24	13	Seminole	0.63%
25	32	Indian River	0.55%
26	37	Nassau	0.55%
27	21	St. Lucie	0.55%
28	29	Charlotte	0.47%
29	34	Sumter	0.47%
30	22	Leon	0.39%
31	31	Martin	0.39%
32	23	Alachua	0.31%
33	33	Citrus	0.31%
34	35	Flagler	0.31%
35	12	Pasco	0.31%
36	27	Hernando	0.24%
37	30	Santa Rosa	0.24%
38	58	Dixie	0.16%
39	45	Okeechobee	0.16%
40	40	Columbia	0.08%
41	59	Gulf	0.08%
42	50	Hardee	0.08%
43	36	Highlands	0.08%
44	42	Jackson	0.08%
45	49	Wakulla	0.08%
46	52	Baker	0.00%
47	51	Bradford	0.00%
48	62	Calhoun	0.00%
49	25	Clay	0.00%
50	48	De Soto	0.00%
51	65	Franklin	0.00%
52	43	Gadsden	0.00%
53	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
54	64	Glades	0.00%
55	61	Hamilton	0.00%
56	47	Hendry	0.00%
57	55	Holmes	0.00%
58	63	Jefferson	0.00%
59	67	Lafayette	0.00%
60	46	Levy	0.00%
61	66	Liberty	0.00%
62	56	Madison	0.00%
63	39	Putnam	0.00%
64	44	Suwannee	0.00%
65	54	Taylor	0.00%
66	60	Union	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 173: County of Tourist Participation: Tennis

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	5	Orange	21.52%
2	1	Miami-Dade	18.87%
3	3	Palm Beach	6.95%
4	4	Hillsborough	6.29%
5	2	Broward	5.30%
6	16	Collier	3.31%
7	28	Bay	2.65%
8	26	Okaloosa	2.65%
9	11	Volusia	2.65%
10	20	Escambia	2.32%
11	6	Pinellas	2.32%
12	7	Duval	1.99%
13	8	Lee	1.99%
14	38	Monroe	1.99%
15	14	Sarasota	1.99%
16	10	Brevard	1.66%
17	22	Leon	1.32%
18	19	Osceola	1.32%
19	13	Seminole	1.32%
20	35	Flagler	0.99%
21	32	Indian River	0.99%
22	9	Polk	0.99%
23	24	St. Johns	0.99%
24	23	Alachua	0.66%
25	36	Highlands	0.66%
26	18	Lake	0.66%
27	15	Manatee	0.66%
28	17	Marion	0.66%
29	21	St. Lucie	0.66%
30	41	Walton	0.66%
31	59	Gulf	0.33%
32	67	Lafayette	0.33%
33	31	Martin	0.33%
34	37	Nassau	0.33%
35	12	Pasco	0.33%
36	30	Santa Rosa	0.33%
37	34	Sumter	0.33%
38	44	Suwannee	0.33%
39	54	Taylor	0.33%
40	52	Baker	0.00%
41	51	Bradford	0.00%
42	62	Calhoun	0.00%
43	29	Charlotte	0.00%
44	33	Citrus	0.00%
45	25	Clay	0.00%
46	40	Columbia	0.00%
47	48	De Soto	0.00%
48	58	Dixie	0.00%
49	65	Franklin	0.00%
50	43	Gadsden	0.00%
51	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
52	64	Glades	0.00%
53	61	Hamilton	0.00%
54	50	Hardee	0.00%
55	47	Hendry	0.00%
56	27	Hernando	0.00%
57	55	Holmes	0.00%
58	42	Jackson	0.00%
59	63	Jefferson	0.00%
60	46	Levy	0.00%
61	66	Liberty	0.00%
62	56	Madison	0.00%
63	45	Okeechobee	0.00%
64	39	Putnam	0.00%
65	60	Union	0.00%
66	49	Wakulla	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 174: County of Tourist Participation: Tent Camping

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	5	Orange	18.30%
2	1	Miami-Dade	11.28%
3	4	Hillsborough	6.27%
4	38	Monroe	5.26%
5	6	Pinellas	5.01%
6	7	Duval	4.51%
7	26	Okaloosa	4.01%
8	20	Escambia	3.26%
9	28	Bay	3.01%
10	17	Marion	3.01%
11	3	Palm Beach	3.01%
12	2	Broward	2.76%
13	10	Brevard	2.01%
14	8	Lee	2.01%
15	45	Okeechobee	2.01%
16	19	Osceola	2.01%
17	24	St. Johns	2.01%
18	14	Sarasota	1.75%
19	44	Suwannee	1.75%
20	16	Collier	1.50%
21	13	Seminole	1.50%
22	23	Alachua	1.00%
23	9	Polk	1.00%
24	30	Santa Rosa	1.00%
25	54	Taylor	1.00%
26	11	Volusia	1.00%
27	33	Citrus	0.75%
28	22	Leon	0.75%
29	37	Nassau	0.75%
30	57	Gilchrist	0.50%
31	27	Hernando	0.50%
32	32	Indian River	0.50%
33	15	Manatee	0.50%
34	31	Martin	0.50%
35	29	Charlotte	0.25%
36	25	Clay	0.25%
37	40	Columbia	0.25%
38	35	Flagler	0.25%
39	59	Gulf	0.25%
40	61	Hamilton	0.25%
41	50	Hardee	0.25%
42	36	Highlands	0.25%
43	42	Jackson	0.25%
44	67	Lafayette	0.25%
45	46	Levy	0.25%
46	56	Madison	0.25%
47	12	Pasco	0.25%
48	21	St. Lucie	0.25%
49	41	Walton	0.25%
50	53	Washington	0.25%
51	52	Baker	0.00%
52	51	Bradford	0.00%
53	62	Calhoun	0.00%
54	48	De Soto	0.00%
55	58	Dixie	0.00%
56	65	Franklin	0.00%
57	43	Gadsden	0.00%
58	64	Glades	0.00%
59	47	Hendry	0.00%
60	55	Holmes	0.00%
61	63	Jefferson	0.00%
62	18	Lake	0.00%
63	66	Liberty	0.00%
64	39	Putnam	0.00%
65	34	Sumter	0.00%
66	60	Union	0.00%
67	49	Wakulla	0.00%

Table 175: County of Tourist Participation: Visiting Historical and Archaeological Sites

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	24	St. Johns	16.53%
2	5	Orange	13.75%
3	1	Miami-Dade	10.69%
4	4	Hillsborough	5.93%
5	20	Escambia	4.67%
6	38	Monroe	4.67%
7	6	Pinellas	4.04%
8	8	Lee	3.86%
9	7	Duval	3.05%
10	26	Okaloosa	2.79%
11	11	Volusia	2.79%
12	10	Brevard	2.61%
13	2	Broward	2.61%
14	14	Sarasota	2.52%
15	28	Bay	1.89%
16	16	Collier	1.80%
17	22	Leon	1.62%
18	3	Palm Beach	1.53%
19	23	Alachua	1.35%
20	37	Nassau	1.08%
21	19	Osceola	0.99%
22	9	Polk	0.99%
23	15	Manatee	0.90%
24	33	Citrus	0.54%
25	17	Marion	0.54%
26	13	Seminole	0.45%
27	21	St. Lucie	0.45%
28	29	Charlotte	0.36%
29	46	Levy	0.36%
30	31	Martin	0.36%
31	41	Walton	0.36%
32	35	Flagler	0.27%
33	59	Gulf	0.27%
34	27	Hernando	0.27%
35	36	Highlands	0.27%
36	32	Indian River	0.27%
37	45	Okeechobee	0.27%
38	12	Pasco	0.27%
39	54	Taylor	0.27%
40	49	Wakulla	0.27%
41	48	De Soto	0.18%
42	65	Franklin	0.18%
43	47	Hendry	0.18%
44	18	Lake	0.18%
45	34	Sumter	0.18%
46	40	Columbia	0.09%
47	58	Dixie	0.09%
48	61	Hamilton	0.09%
49	42	Jackson	0.09%
50	63	Jefferson	0.09%
51	56	Madison	0.09%
52	30	Santa Rosa	0.09%
53	52	Baker	0.00%
54	51	Bradford	0.00%
55	62	Calhoun	0.00%
56	25	Clay	0.00%
57	43	Gadsden	0.00%
58	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
59	64	Glades	0.00%
60	50	Hardee	0.00%
61	55	Holmes	0.00%
62	67	Lafayette	0.00%
63	66	Liberty	0.00%
64	39	Putnam	0.00%
65	44	Suwannee	0.00%
66	60	Union	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 176: County of Tourist Participation: Waterskiing, Wakeboarding

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	24	St. Johns	16.53%
2	5	Orange	13.75%
3	1	Miami-Dade	10.69%
4	4	Hillsborough	5.93%
5	20	Escambia	4.67%
6	38	Monroe	4.67%
7	6	Pinellas	4.04%
8	8	Lee	3.86%
9	7	Duval	3.05%
10	26	Okaloosa	2.79%
11	11	Volusia	2.79%
12	10	Brevard	2.61%
13	2	Broward	2.61%
14	14	Sarasota	2.52%
15	28	Bay	1.89%
16	16	Collier	1.80%
17	22	Leon	1.62%
18	3	Palm Beach	1.53%
19	23	Alachua	1.35%
20	37	Nassau	1.08%
21	19	Osceola	0.99%
22	9	Polk	0.99%
23	15	Manatee	0.90%
24	33	Citrus	0.54%
25	17	Marion	0.54%
26	13	Seminole	0.45%
27	21	St. Lucie	0.45%
28	29	Charlotte	0.36%
29	46	Levy	0.36%
30	31	Martin	0.36%
31	41	Walton	0.36%
32	35	Flagler	0.27%
33	59	Gulf	0.27%
34	27	Hernando	0.27%
35	36	Highlands	0.27%
36	32	Indian River	0.27%
37	45	Okeechobee	0.27%
38	12	Pasco	0.27%
39	54	Taylor	0.27%
40	49	Wakulla	0.27%
41	48	De Soto	0.18%
42	65	Franklin	0.18%
43	47	Hendry	0.18%
44	18	Lake	0.18%
45	34	Sumter	0.18%
46	40	Columbia	0.09%
47	58	Dixie	0.09%
48	61	Hamilton	0.09%
49	42	Jackson	0.09%
50	63	Jefferson	0.09%
51	56	Madison	0.09%
52	30	Santa Rosa	0.09%
53	52	Baker	0.00%
54	51	Bradford	0.00%
55	62	Calhoun	0.00%
56	25	Clay	0.00%
57	43	Gadsden	0.00%
58	57	Gilchrist	0.00%
59	64	Glades	0.00%
60	50	Hardee	0.00%
61	55	Holmes	0.00%
62	67	Lafayette	0.00%
63	66	Liberty	0.00%
64	39	Putnam	0.00%
65	44	Suwannee	0.00%
66	60	Union	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

Table 177: County of Tourist Participation: Wildlife Viewing

Activity Rank	Population Rank	County	% Responses
1	5	Orange	16.86%
2	1	Miami-Dade	11.57%
3	4	Hillsborough	6.42%
4	6	Pinellas	5.66%
5	8	Lee	4.72%
6	3	Palm Beach	3.90%
7	10	Brevard	3.58%
8	26	Okaloosa	3.58%
9	38	Monroe	3.52%
10	2	Broward	3.21%
11	20	Escambia	3.02%
12	7	Duval	2.96%
13	28	Bay	2.83%
14	16	Collier	2.58%
15	14	Sarasota	2.58%
16	11	Volusia	2.39%
17	24	St. Johns	2.26%
18	19	Osceola	2.01%
19	9	Polk	1.51%
20	17	Marion	1.38%
21	23	Alachua	1.13%
22	15	Manatee	1.01%
23	33	Citrus	0.88%
24	22	Leon	0.88%
25	37	Nassau	0.75%
26	27	Hernando	0.57%
27	32	Indian River	0.57%
28	18	Lake	0.50%
29	13	Seminole	0.50%
30	29	Charlotte	0.44%
31	46	Levy	0.44%
32	45	Okeechobee	0.44%
33	12	Pasco	0.44%
34	30	Santa Rosa	0.44%
35	21	St. Lucie	0.44%
36	44	Suwannee	0.38%
37	41	Walton	0.38%
38	31	Martin	0.31%
39	65	Franklin	0.25%
40	59	Gulf	0.25%
41	36	Highlands	0.25%
42	42	Jackson	0.25%
43	54	Taylor	0.25%
44	57	Gilchrist	0.19%
45	34	Sumter	0.19%
46	25	Clay	0.13%
47	48	De Soto	0.13%
48	61	Hamilton	0.13%
49	50	Hardee	0.13%
50	47	Hendry	0.13%
51	67	Lafayette	0.13%
52	39	Putnam	0.13%
53	40	Columbia	0.06%
54	35	Flagler	0.06%
55	64	Glades	0.06%
56	63	Jefferson	0.06%
57	66	Liberty	0.06%
58	56	Madison	0.06%
59	49	Wakulla	0.06%
60	52	Baker	0.00%
61	51	Bradford	0.00%
62	62	Calhoun	0.00%
63	58	Dixie	0.00%
64	43	Gadsden	0.00%
65	55	Holmes	0.00%
66	60	Union	0.00%
67	53	Washington	0.00%

3.2.4. Development Suggestions

Key Takeaways from Section 3.2.4.1. Through Section 3.2.4.2.

- For residents, the #1 suggestion for development is more hiking and walking trails. This item emerged as the top suggestion in both the statewide aggregate results and as the top suggestion in each of the eight regional findings.

- The top three requested items by residents on a statewide-level all relate to having more trails: hiking / walking trails; biking paths / trails; nature / interpretive trails.

- More hiking and walking trails are also requested by tourists as this item is the #2 requested development item among tourists (see Table 187).

- The top development recommendation offered by tourists is more beach access / parking.

- Outdoor Recreation Planners in each of Florida's eight regions are advised to refer to Tables 179-186 to see what development priorities are identified by residents in their regions. For example, bike paths are the #2 development recommendation in the Central Region, but the #5 recommendation in the Central East Region.

3.2.4.1. Development Suggestions Provided by Residents

In response to the question: "Are there any outdoor recreation facilities you would like to see built or provided in your county?" 40.6 percent responded "yes." Thus, the top ten ranked responses to the follow question are listed in the following Tables.

Table 178: Statewide Residents: What would you like to see built or provided in your county? (Top Ten Most Frequent Responses)	
#1	Hiking/Walking trails
#2	Biking paths/trails
#3	Nature/Interpretive trails
#4	Community parks
#5	Wildlife viewing areas/overlooks
#6	Paved walkways
#7	Playgrounds for children
#8	Beach access/parking
#9	Off-leash dog areas
#10	Campgrounds

Table 179: Central Region Residents: What would you like to see built or provided in your county? (Top Ten Most Frequent Responses)	
#1	Hiking/Walking trails
#2	Biking paths/trails
#3	Nature/Interpretive trails
#4	Community parks
#5	Wildlife viewing areas/overlooks
#6	Playgrounds for children
#7	Paved walkways
#8	Off-leash dog areas
#9	Campgrounds
#10	Outdoor public swimming pools

Table 180: Central East Region Residents: What would you like to see built or provided in your county? (Top Ten Most Frequent Responses)	
#1	Hiking/Walking trails
#2	Wildlife viewing areas/overlooks
#3	Nature/Interpretive trails
#4	Community parks
#5	Biking paths/trails
#6	Paved walkways
#7	Off-leash dog areas
#8	Campgrounds
#9	Beach access/parking
#10	Playgrounds for children

Table 181: Central West Region Residents: What would you like to see built or provided in your county? (Top Ten Most Frequent Responses)	
#1	Hiking/Walking trails
#2	Nature/Interpretive trails
#3	Biking paths/trails
#4	Wildlife viewing areas/overlooks
#5	Community parks
#6	Paved walkways
#7	Beach access/parking
#8	Playgrounds for children
#9	Off-leash dog areas
#10	Campgrounds

Table 182: North Central Region Residents: What would you like to see built or provided in your county? (Top Ten Most Frequent Responses)	
#1	Hiking/Walking trails
#2	Biking paths/trails
#3	Nature/Interpretive trails
#4	Wildlife viewing areas/overlooks
#5	Community parks
#6	Playgrounds for children
#7	Outdoor public swimming pools
#8	Off-leash dog areas
#9	Paved walkways
#10	Access for canoes and kayaks

Table 183: Northeast Region Residents: What would you like to see built or provided in your county? (Top Ten Most Frequent Responses)	
#1	Hiking/Walking trails
#2	Community parks
#3	Biking paths/trails
#4	Nature/Interpretive trails
#5	Playgrounds for children
#6	Campgrounds
#7	Wildlife viewing areas/overlooks
#8	Paved walkways
#9	Access for canoes and kayaks
#10	Outdoor public swimming pools

Table 184: Northwest Region Residents: What would you like to see built or provided in your county? (Top Ten Most Frequent Responses)	
#1	Hiking/Walking trails
#2	Nature/Interpretive trails
#3	Community parks
#4	Biking paths/trails
#5	Paved walkways
#6	Campgrounds
#7	Playgrounds for children
#8	Outdoor public swimming pools
#9	Beach access/parking
#10	Wildlife viewing areas/overlooks

Table 185: Southeast Region Residents: What would you like to see built or provided in your county? (Top Ten Most Frequent Responses)	
#1	Hiking/Walking trails
#2	Biking paths/trails
#3	Community parks
#4	Beach access/parking
#5	Wildlife viewing areas/overlooks
#6	Nature/Interpretive trails
#7	Playgrounds for children
#8	Paved walkways
#9	Off-leash dog areas
#10	Outdoor public swimming pools

Table 186: Southwest Region Residents: What would you like to see built or provided in your county? (Top Ten Most Frequent Responses)	
#1	Hiking/Walking trails
#2	Biking paths/trails
#3	Community parks
#4	Beach access/parking
#5	Wildlife viewing areas/overlooks
#6	Nature/Interpretive trails
#7	Playgrounds for children
#8	Paved walkways
#9	Off-leash dog areas
#10	Outdoor public swimming pools

3.2.4.2. Development Suggestions Provided By Tourists

Tourists were asked what they would like to see built or provided in the areas of Florida where they visit. The following Table provides the top ten ranked responses. Please note responses cannot be segregated regionally for the results of this tourist question because many tourists visit multiple locations in Florida.

Table 187: What would you like to see built or provided in the areas of Florida you visited? (Top Ten Most Frequent Responses)	
#1	Beach access / parking
#2	Hiking / walking trails
#3	Nature/Interpretive trails
#4	Wildlife viewing areas/overlooks
#5	Biking paths / trails
#6	Community parks
#7	Playgrounds for children
#8	Paved walkways
#9	Campgrounds
#10	Access for canoes or kayaks

3.3. Florida Outdoor Recreation Participant Sentiment

3.3.1. Satisfaction with Outdoor Recreation in Florida

Key Takeaways from Section 3.3.1.1. Through Section 3.3.1.4.:

- As seen in Table 188, 75 percent of tourists report being very satisfied with recreational opportunities in the Florida counties where they visited. On the other hand, 38 percent of residents indicate that they are very satisfied with the recreational opportunities in the county where they reside. This large difference between tourist and resident satisfaction can be attributed to the fact that many tourists would not have visited Florida if they did not already possess favorable sentiment regarding the destination.

- Patterns of regional satisfaction ratings of residents generally follow the statewide results with a few exceptions:

    - The portion of very satisfied residents in the North Central Region (very satisfied = 46 percent) far exceeds the statewide figure (38 percent).
    - The portion of very satisfied residents in the Central Region (very satisfied = 35 percent) is below the statewide figure (38 percent).
    - The portion of very satisfied residents in the Northeast Region (very satisfied = 35 percent) is below the statewide figure (38 percent).

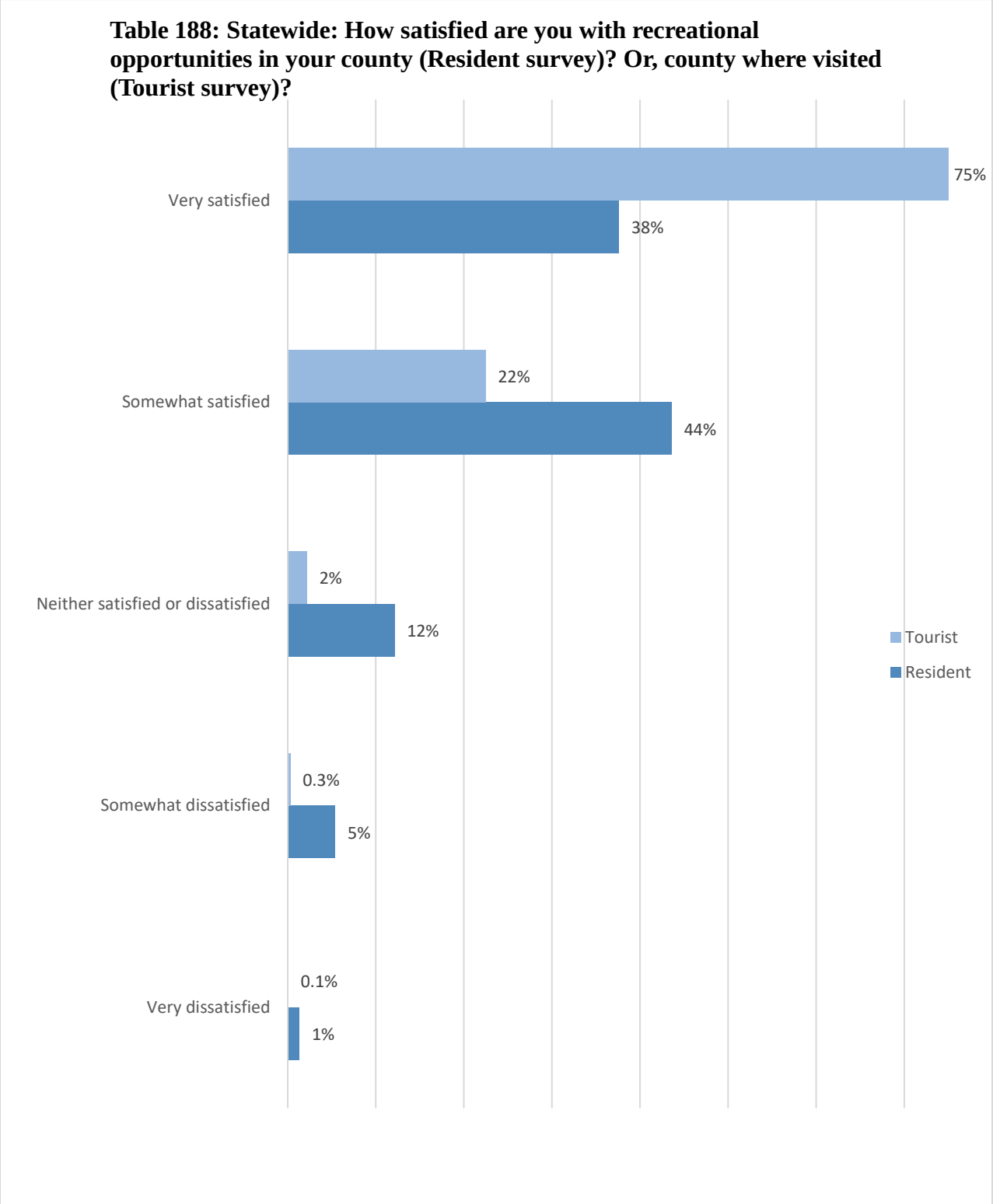
- An additional indicator of tourist satisfaction can be found in section 3.3.1.3.: 70 percent of tourist respondents indicate that they are very likely to visit Florida again in the next 12 months.

- Tourists to Florida who have one or more children under the age of 18 are more satisfied with the state's outdoor recreation opportunities than tourists who do not have children under the age of 18.

- Florida residents who report before tax household incomes at or above $60,000 are more satisfied with the state's outdoor recreation opportunities than residents whose pre-tax household income is below $60,000. Evidently, lower income households have less disposable income to participate in various recreational activities which is corroborated by peer-reviewed research (Chung, Kyle, Petrick, and Absher, 2011; Jin-Hyung, Scott, and Floyd, 2001).

- Florida residents who reside in urban or suburban areas are more satisfied with the state's outdoor recreation opportunities than residents who reside in small cities, towns, or rural settings.

3.3.1.1. Statewide Satisfaction



3.3.1.2. Satisfaction by Region

Table 189: Central Region: How satisfied are you with recreational opportunities in your county (Resident survey)?

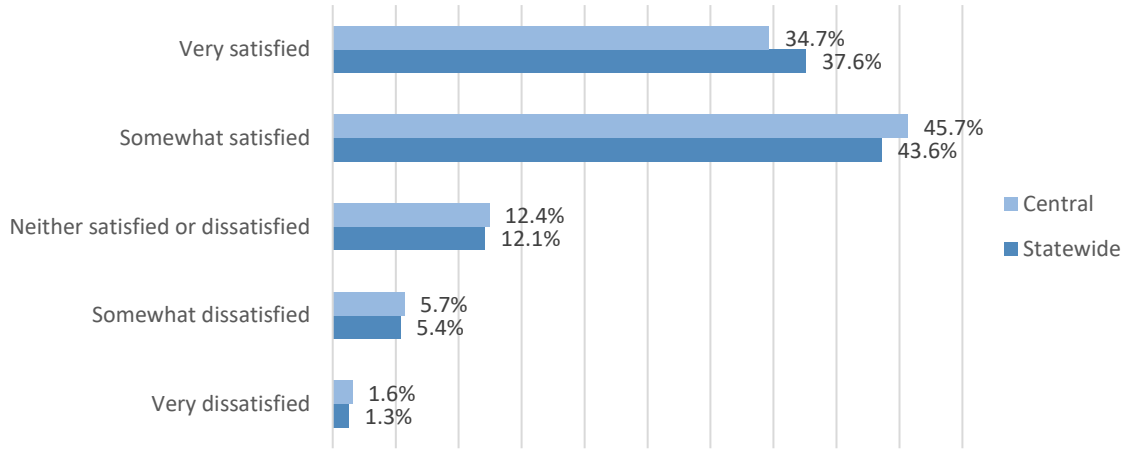


Table 190: Central East Region: How satisfied are you with recreational opportunities in your county (Resident survey)?

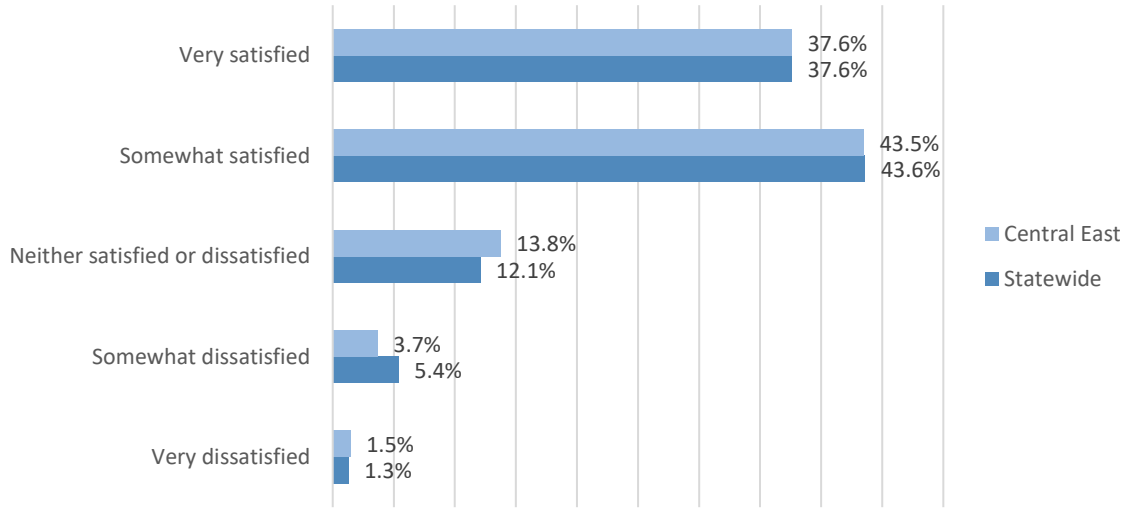


Table 191: Central West Region: How satisfied are you with recreational opportunities in your county (Resident survey)?

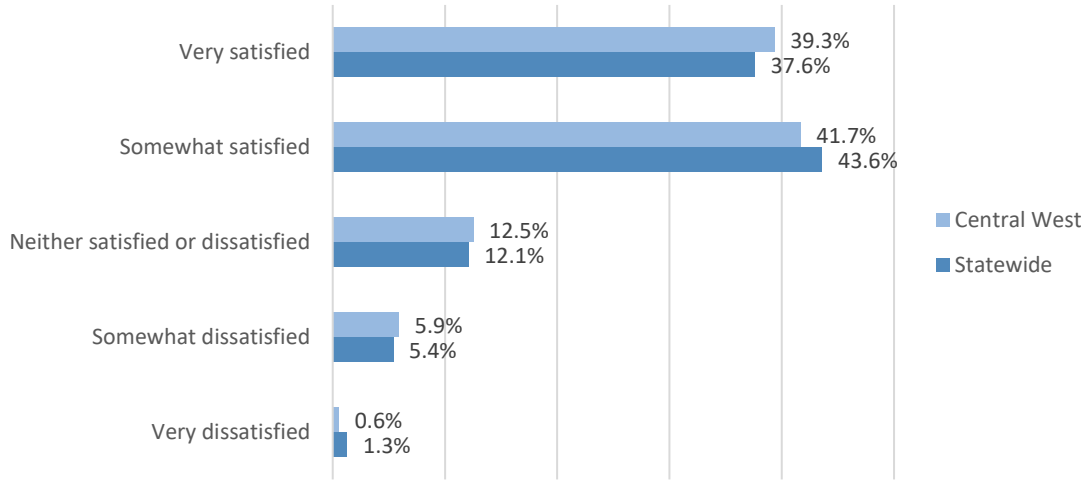


Table 192: North Central Region: How satisfied are you with recreational opportunities in your county (Resident survey)?

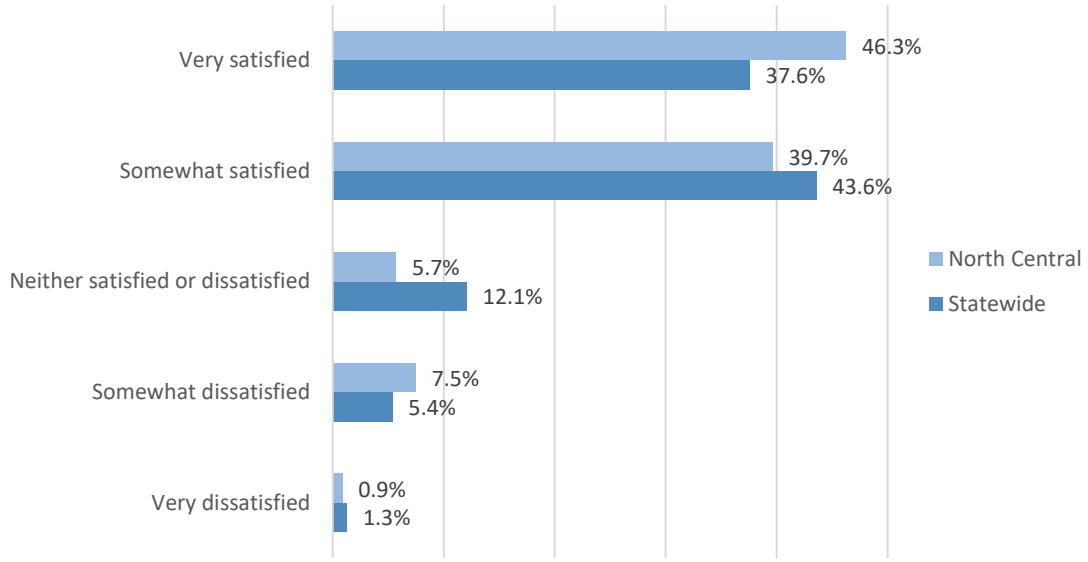


Table 193: Northeast Region: How satisfied are you with recreational opportunities in your county (Resident survey)?

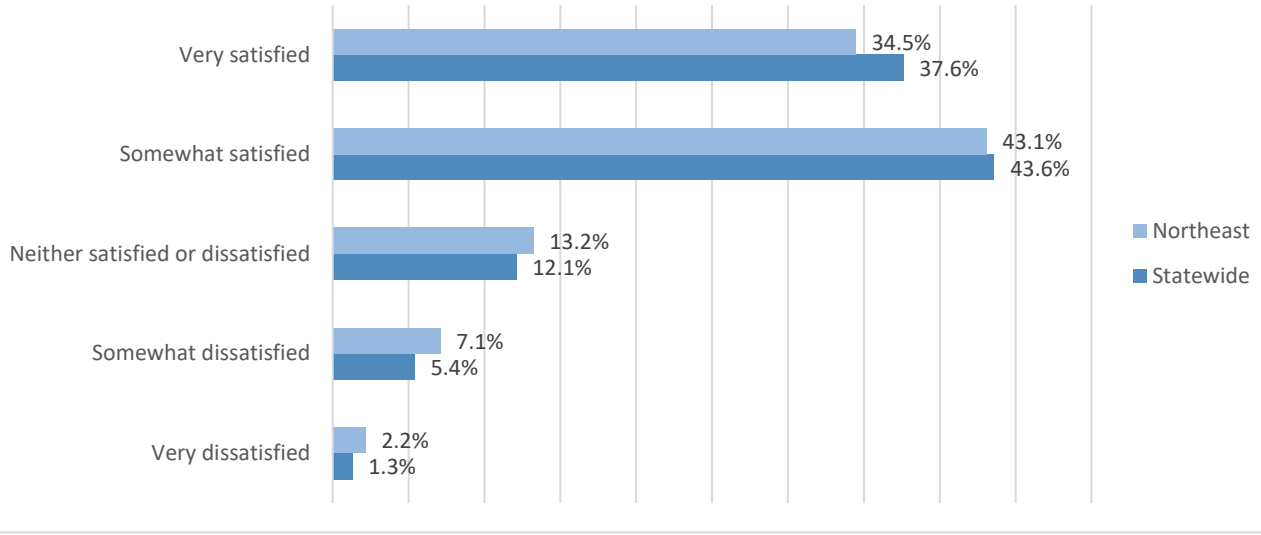


Table 194: Northwest Region: How satisfied are you with recreational opportunities in your county (Resident survey)?

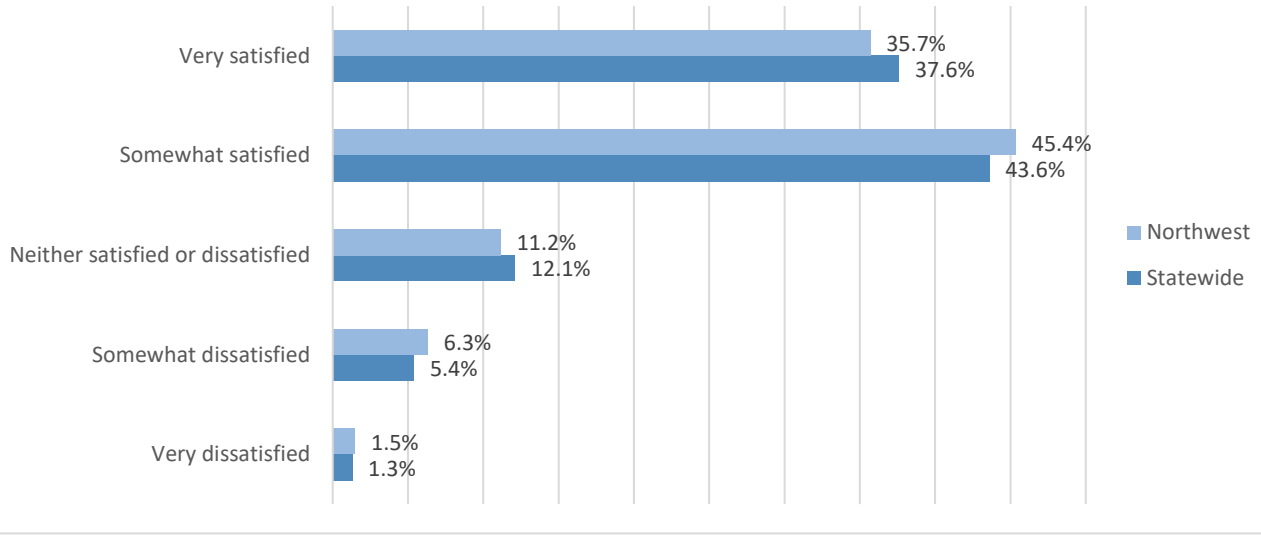


Table 195: Southeast Region: How satisfied are you with recreational opportunities in your county (Resident survey)?

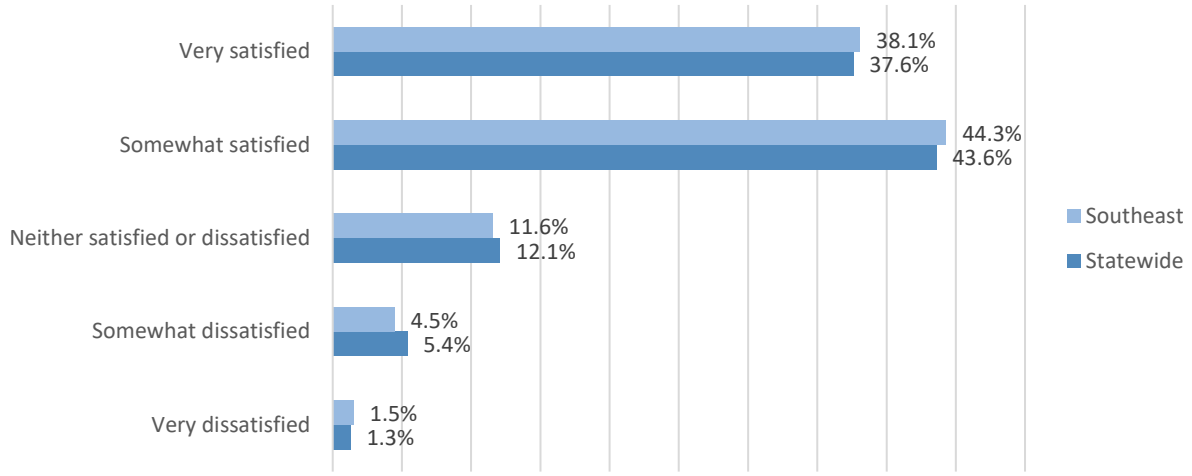
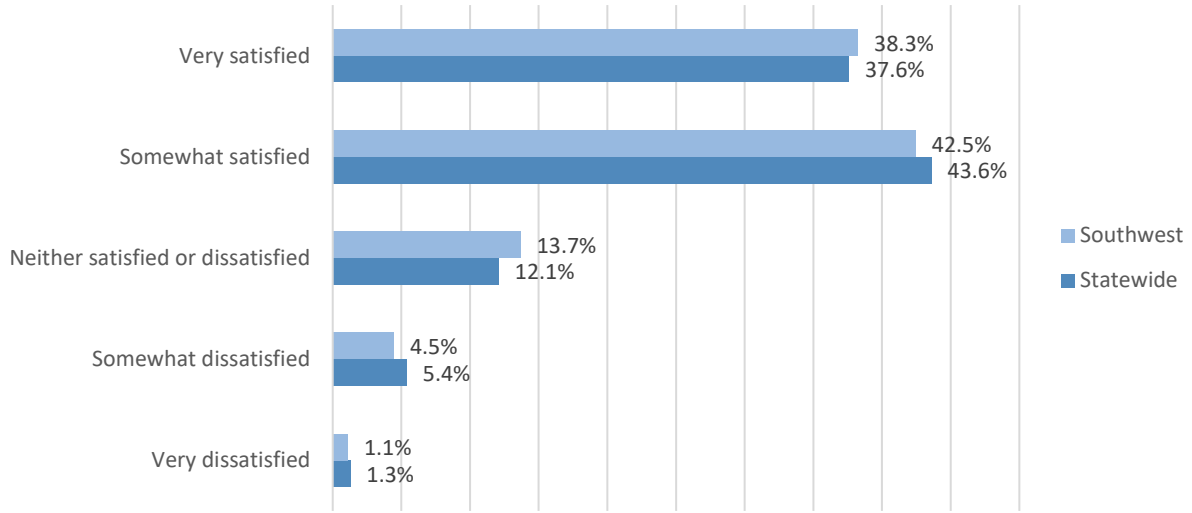
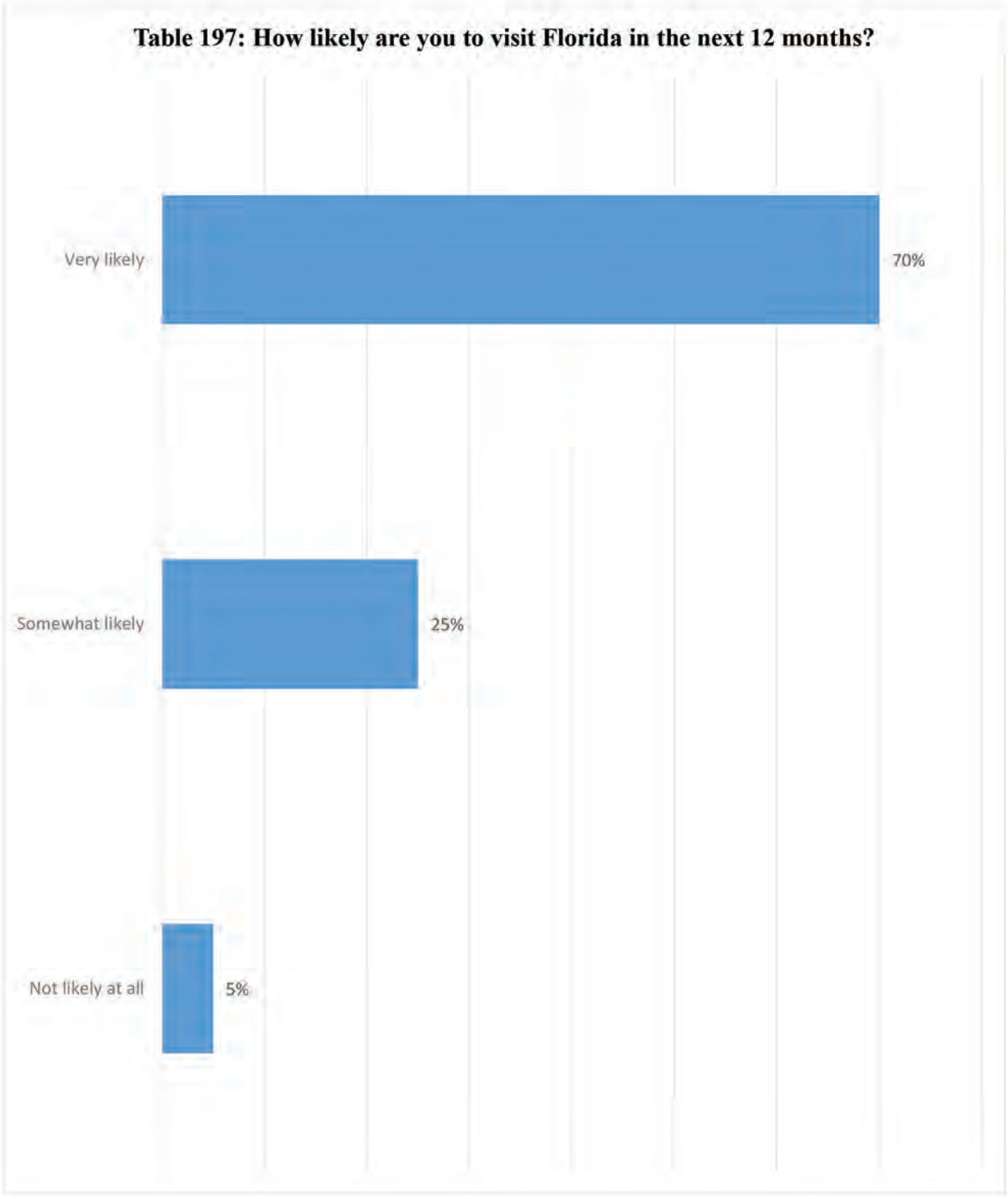


Table 196: Southwest Region: How satisfied are you with recreational opportunities in your county (Resident survey)?



3.3.1.3. Tourists' Intent to Return

Table 197: How likely are you to visit Florida in the next 12 months?



3.3.1.4. Statistically Significant Demographic Influences on Satisfaction[18]

Table 198: The Influence of Household Income on Florida Residents' Satisfaction with Outdoor Recreation in Florida

	Mean	Standard Deviation	Standard Error Mean	Significance (2-tailed) from independent samples t-test
Resident Pre-Tax Annual Household Income below $60,000	1.95*	.928	.020	P ≤ .01
Resident Pre-Tax Annual Household Income at or above $60,000	1.78*	.831	.022	

*In this study, satisfaction is measured on a 5-point Likert-Type scale (1 = "very satisfied" ➔ 5 = "very dissatisfied"

Table 199: The Influence of Area Setting on Florida Residents' Satisfaction with Outdoor Recreation in Florida

	Mean	Standard Deviation	Standard Error Mean	Significance (2-tailed) from independent samples t-test
Large city / Urban / Suburban	1.85*	.875	.017	P ≤ .01
Small city or town / Rural	1.98*	.965	.027	

*In this study, satisfaction is measured on a 5-point Likert-Type scale (1 = "very satisfied" ➔ 5 = "very dissatisfied"

[18] Linear regression models were calculated with a number of demographic variables serving as independent variables and satisfaction as the dependent variable in order to aid in determining which variables should be dichotomized and included in independent samples t-tests.

Table 200: The Influence of Parental Status on Florida Tourists' Satisfaction with Outdoor Recreation in Florida				
	Mean	Standard Deviation	Standard Error Mean	Significance (2-tailed) from independent samples t-test
No children under 18	1.32*	.556	.014	P ≤ .01
One or more children under 18	1.23*	.467	.013	

*In this study, satisfaction is measured on a 5-point Likert-Type scale (1 = "very satisfied" ➔ 5 = "very dissatisfied"

{Section 3.3.2. begins on next page}

3.3.2. Level of Support for Current Outdoor Recreation Services

Key Takeaways from Section 3.3.2.1. Through Section 3.3.2.2.:

- As detailed in section 3.3.2.1., 68 percent of Florida residents strongly support maintaining the current levels of outdoor recreation services and opportunities in Florida. Moreover, a combined 89 percent of residents either strongly support or moderately support maintaining current levels.

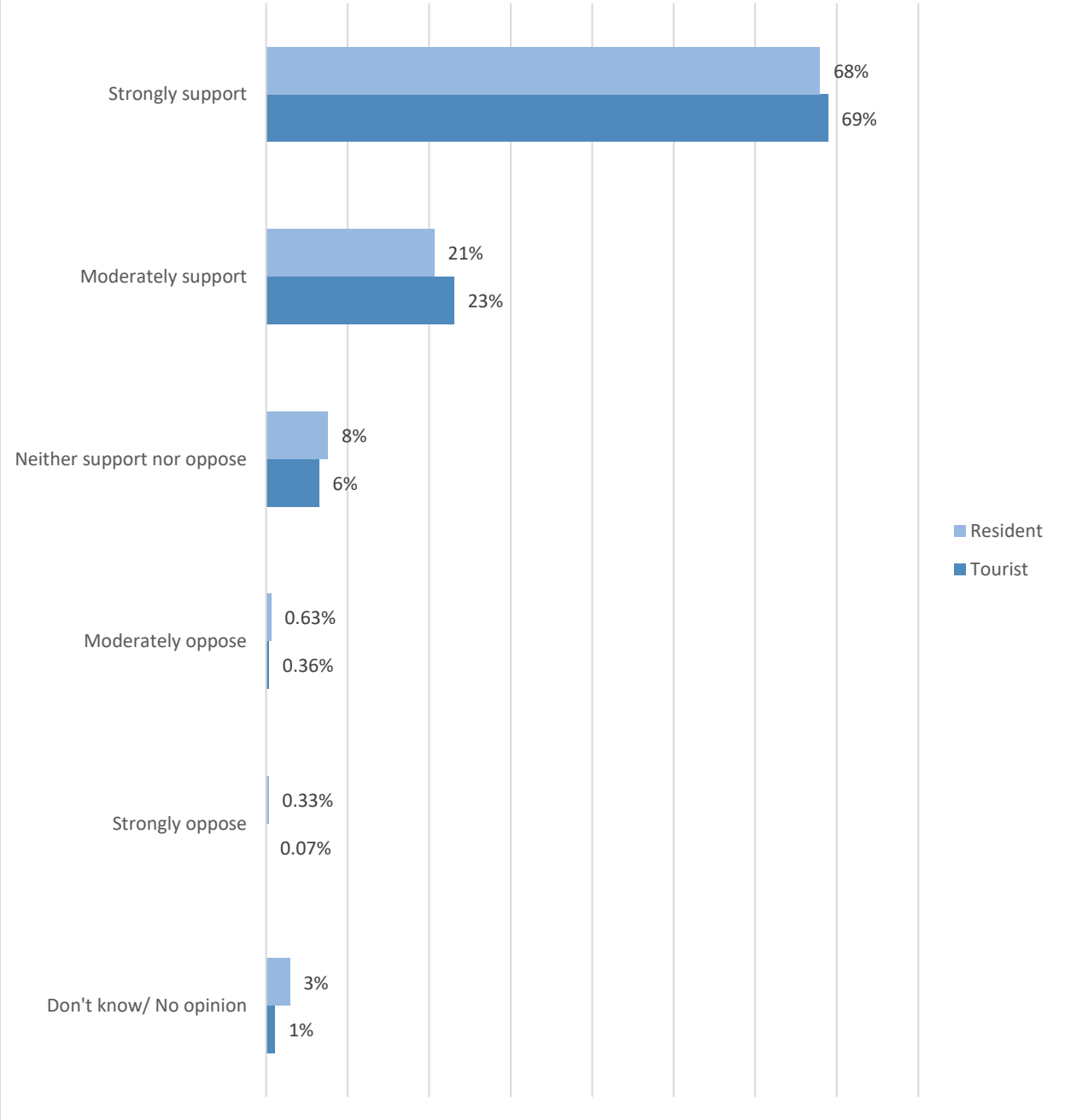
- With regard to tourists, as outlined in section 3.3.2.1., 69 percent strongly support maintaining the current levels of outdoor recreation services and opportunities in Florida. Moreover, a combined 92 percent either strongly support or moderately support maintaining current levels.

- Patterns of regional support of residents generally follow the statewide results with a few exceptions:

    - The portion of strong supporters among residents in the North Central Region (strongly support = 80 percent) far exceeds the statewide figure (68 percent).
    - The portion of strong supporters among residents in the Northeast Region (strongly support = 73 percent) far exceeds the statewide figure (68 percent).
    - The portion of strong supporters among residents in the Central Region (strongly support = 63 percent) is below the statewide figure (68 percent).
    - The portion of strong supporters among residents in the Central East Region (strongly support = 64 percent) is below the statewide figure (68 percent).

3.3.2.1. Statewide Support

Table 201: Statewide: Do you support or oppose maintaining the current levels of outdoor recreation services and opportunities in Florida?



3.3.2.2. Support by Region

Table 202: Central Region: Do you support or oppose maintaining the current levels of outdoor recreation services and opportunities in Florida?

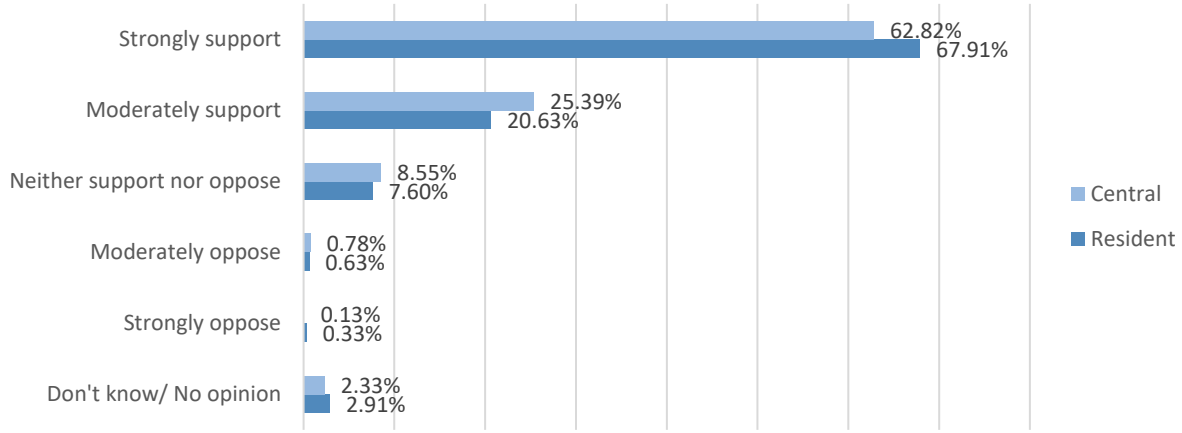


Table 203: Central East Region: Do you support or oppose maintaining the current levels of outdoor recreation services and opportunities in Florida?

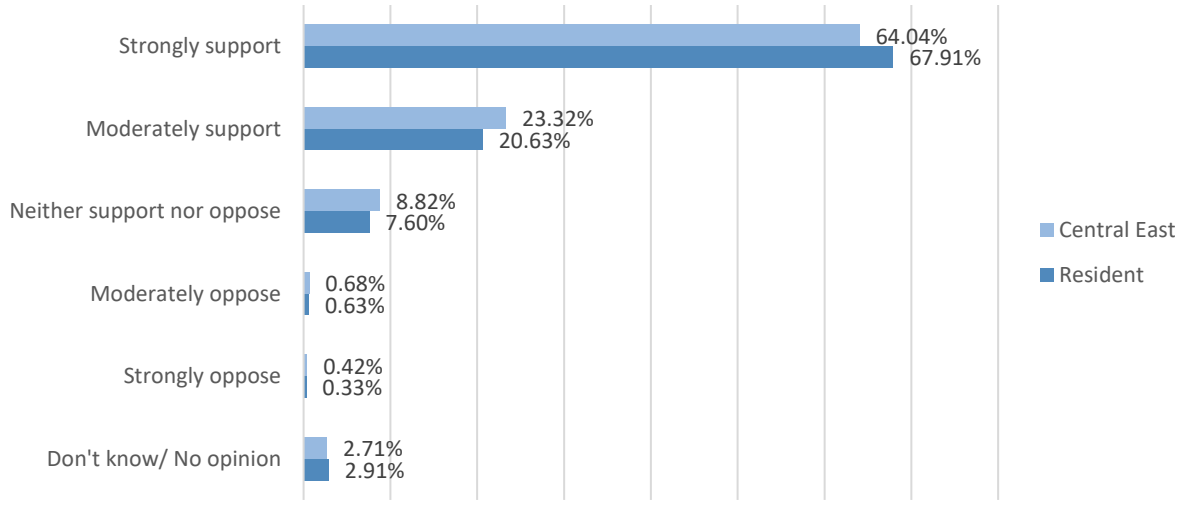


Table 204: Central West Region: Do you support or oppose maintaining the current levels of outdoor recreation services and opportunities in Florida?

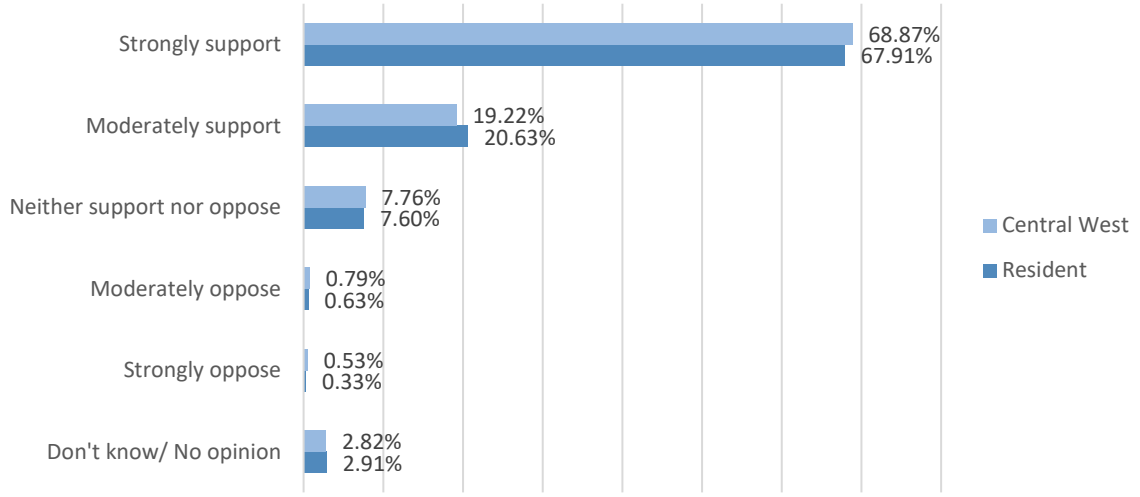


Table 205: North Central Region: Do you support or oppose maintaining the current levels of outdoor recreation services and opportunities in Florida?

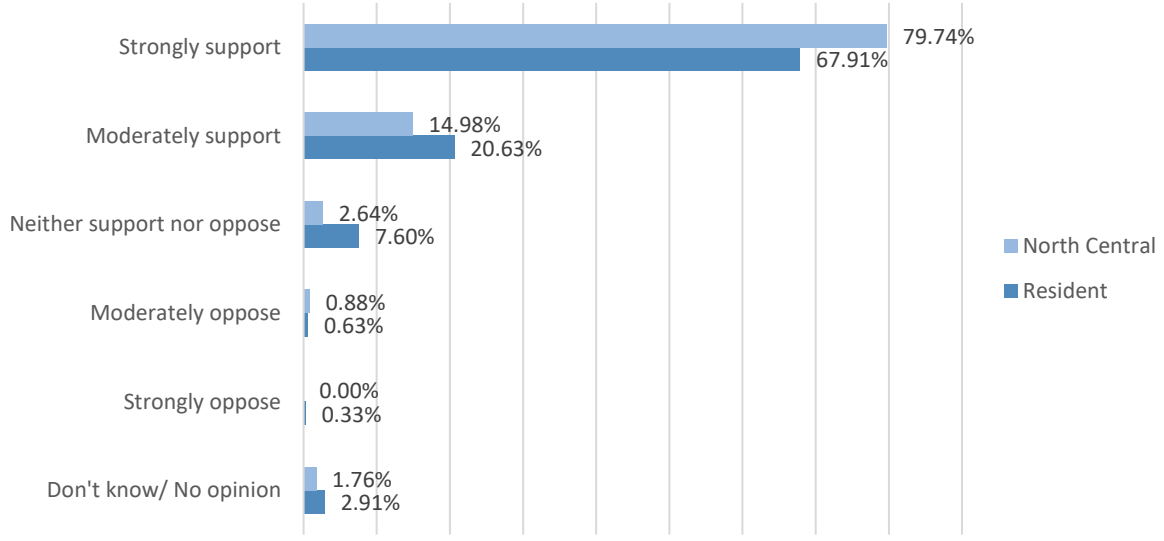


Table 206: Northeast Region: Do you support or oppose maintaining the current levels of outdoor recreation services and opportunities in Florida?

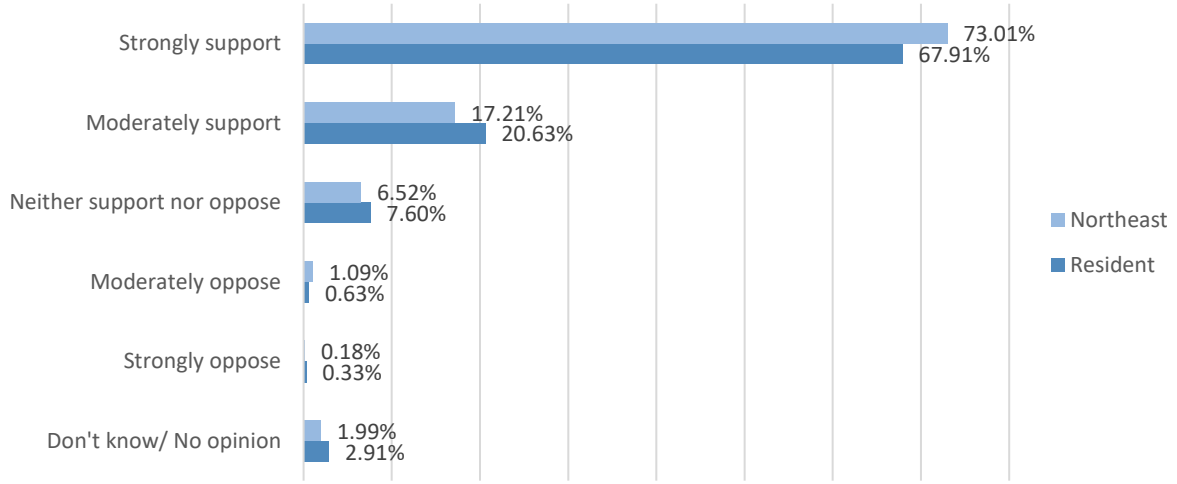


Table 207: Northwest Region: Do you support or oppose maintaining the current levels of outdoor recreation services and opportunities in Florida?

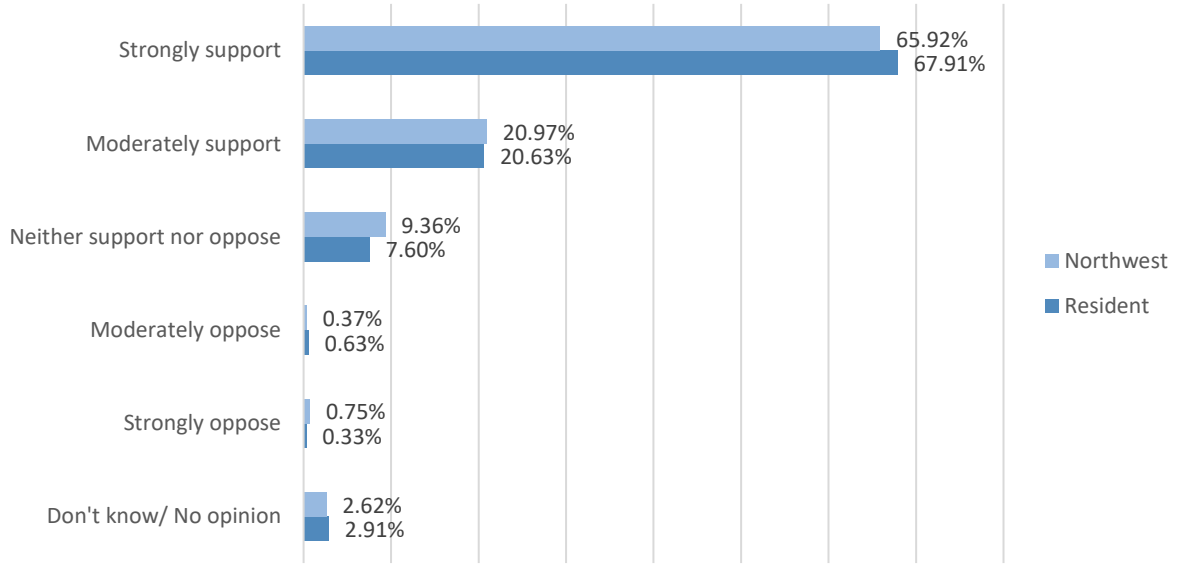


Table 208: Southeast Region: Do you support or oppose maintaining the current levels of outdoor recreation services and opportunities in Florida?

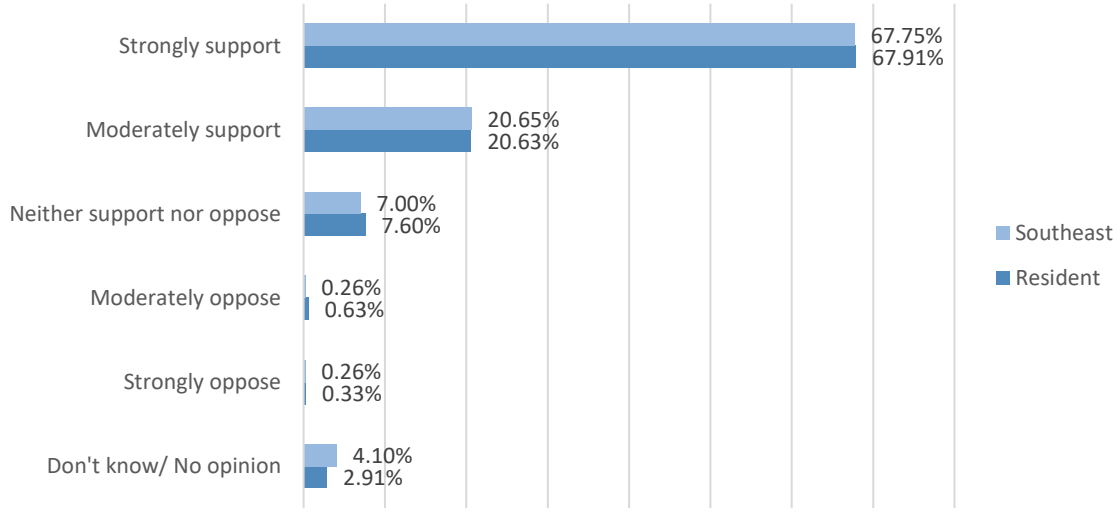
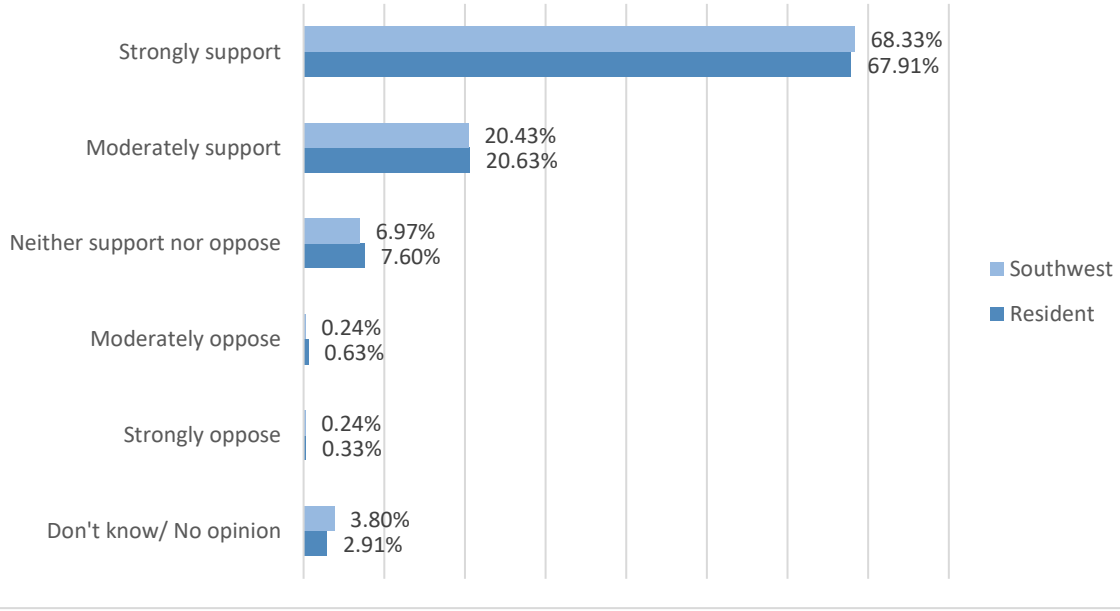


Table 209: Southwest Region: Do you support or oppose maintaining the current levels of outdoor recreation services and opportunities in Florida?



3.3.3. Rating of Florida Outdoor Recreation Facilities

Key Takeaways from Section 3.3.3.1. Through Section 3.3.3.2.

- As seen in section 3.3.3.1., 77 percent of Florida residents consider the *quality* of facilities within their counties to be either excellent or good. Conversely, 18 percent rate facility *quality* as fair or poor [5 percent offered no opinion].

- Regarding resident perceptions of facility *quantity*, 65 percent of residents consider the *quantity* of facilities within their counties to be either excellent or good. On the other hand, 29 percent rate facility *quantity* as fair or poor [6 percent offered no opinion].

- Tourists perceive both the *quality* and *quantity* of Florida's outdoor recreation facilities more favorably than do residents. Specifically, 94 percent of tourist respondents perceive the *quality* of facilities as either good or excellent. Furthermore, 91 percent of tourist respondents rate the *quantity* of facilities as good or excellent.

- As seen in section 3.3.3.2., regional differences exist in terms of how residents view the *quality* and *quantity* of facilities in their areas. With regard to *quality*, the Central East Region garnered the lowest rating and the North Central Region secured the highest score. In terms of *quantity*, the Southwest Region recorded the lowest rating and the North Central Region performed the best in the eyes of residents.

3.3.3.1. Statewide Facilites Ratings

Table 210: Regarding the previous 12 months, how would you rate the QUALITY of facilities (in your county for residents; county where you visited for tourists)

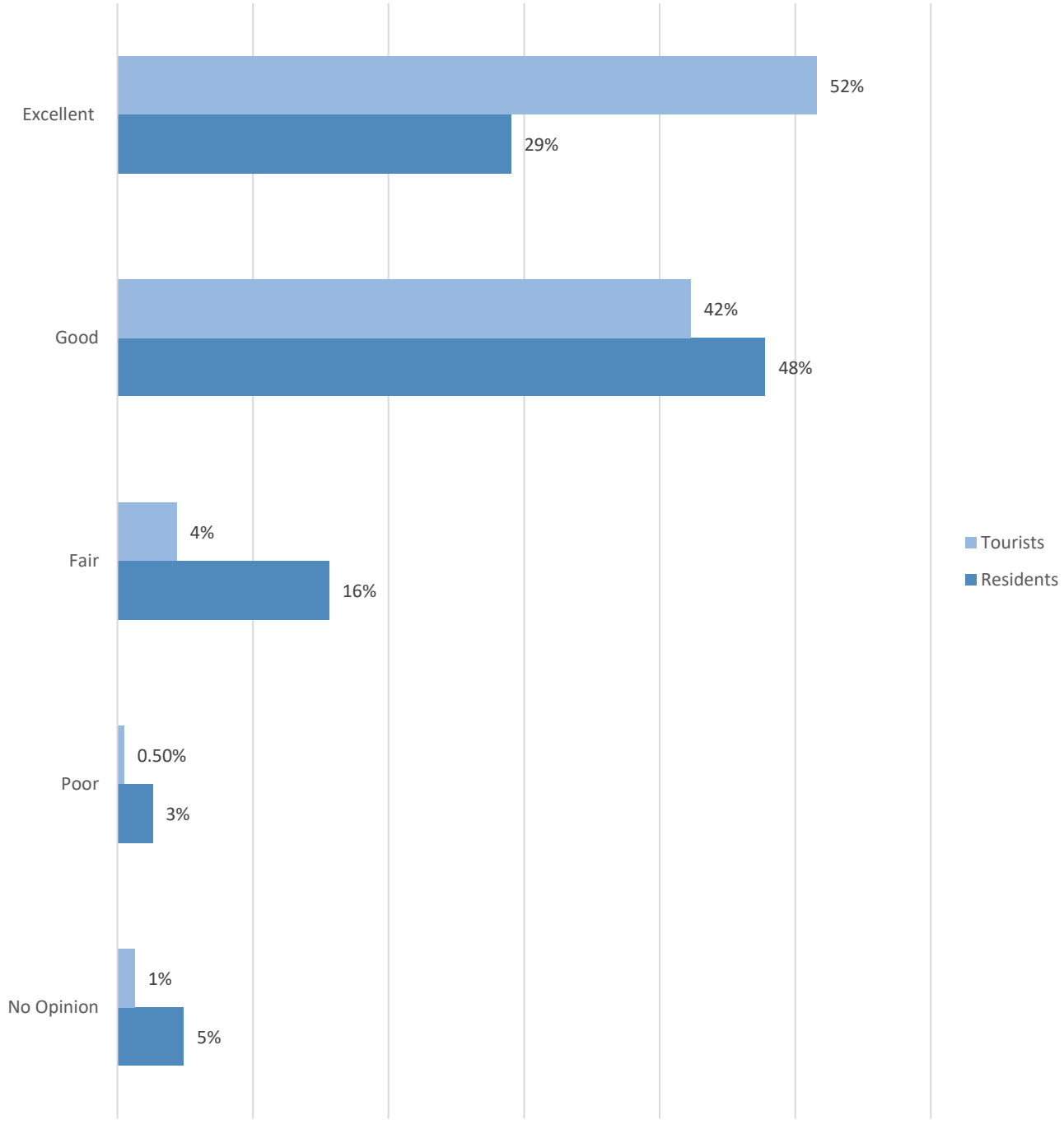
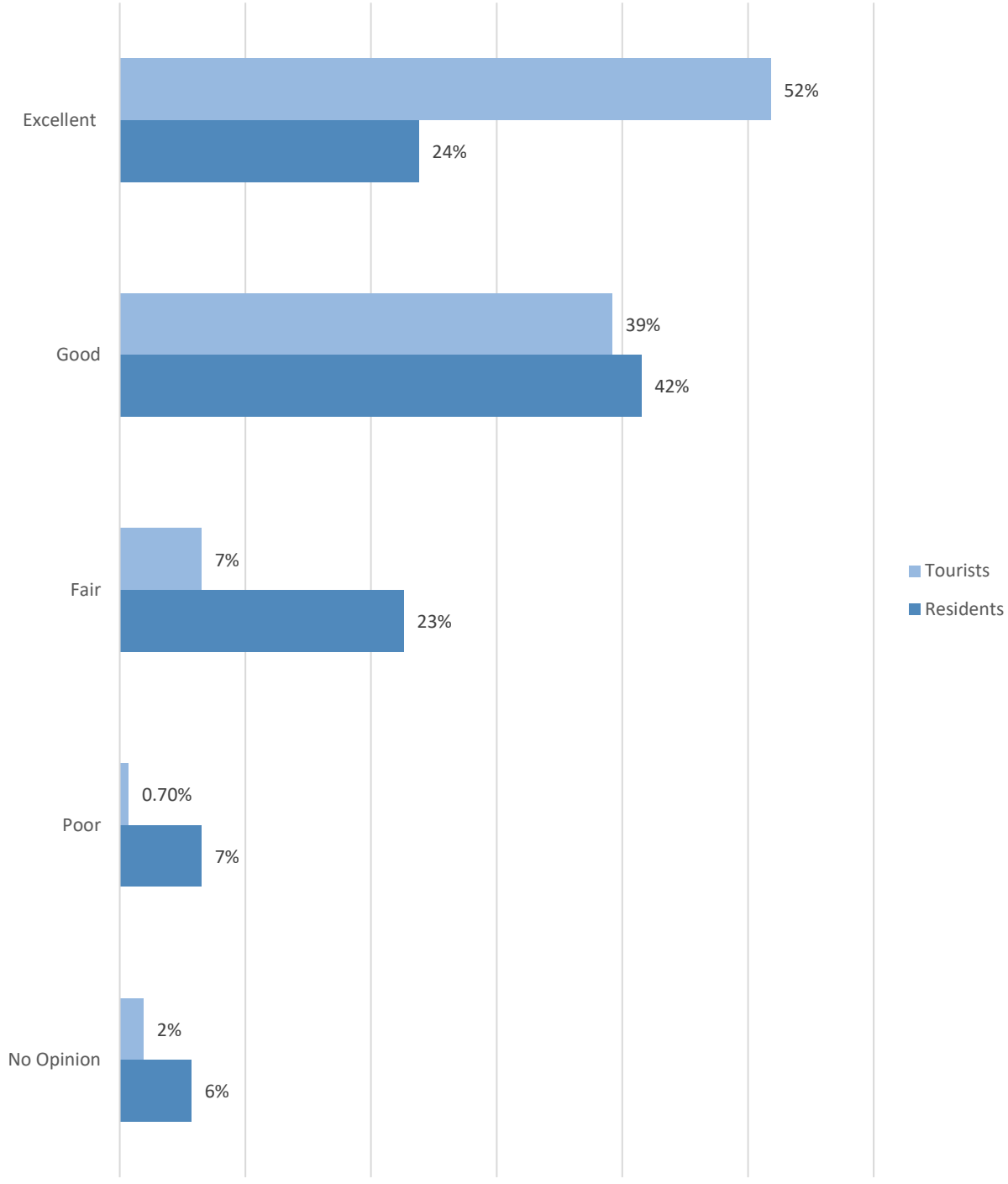


Table 211: Regarding the previous 12 months, how would you rate the QUANTITY of facilities (in your county for residents; county where you visited for tourists)



3.3.3.2. Facilities Rating by Region

Table 212: Regional: Regarding the previous 12 months, how would you rate the QUALITY of facilities in your county of residence?

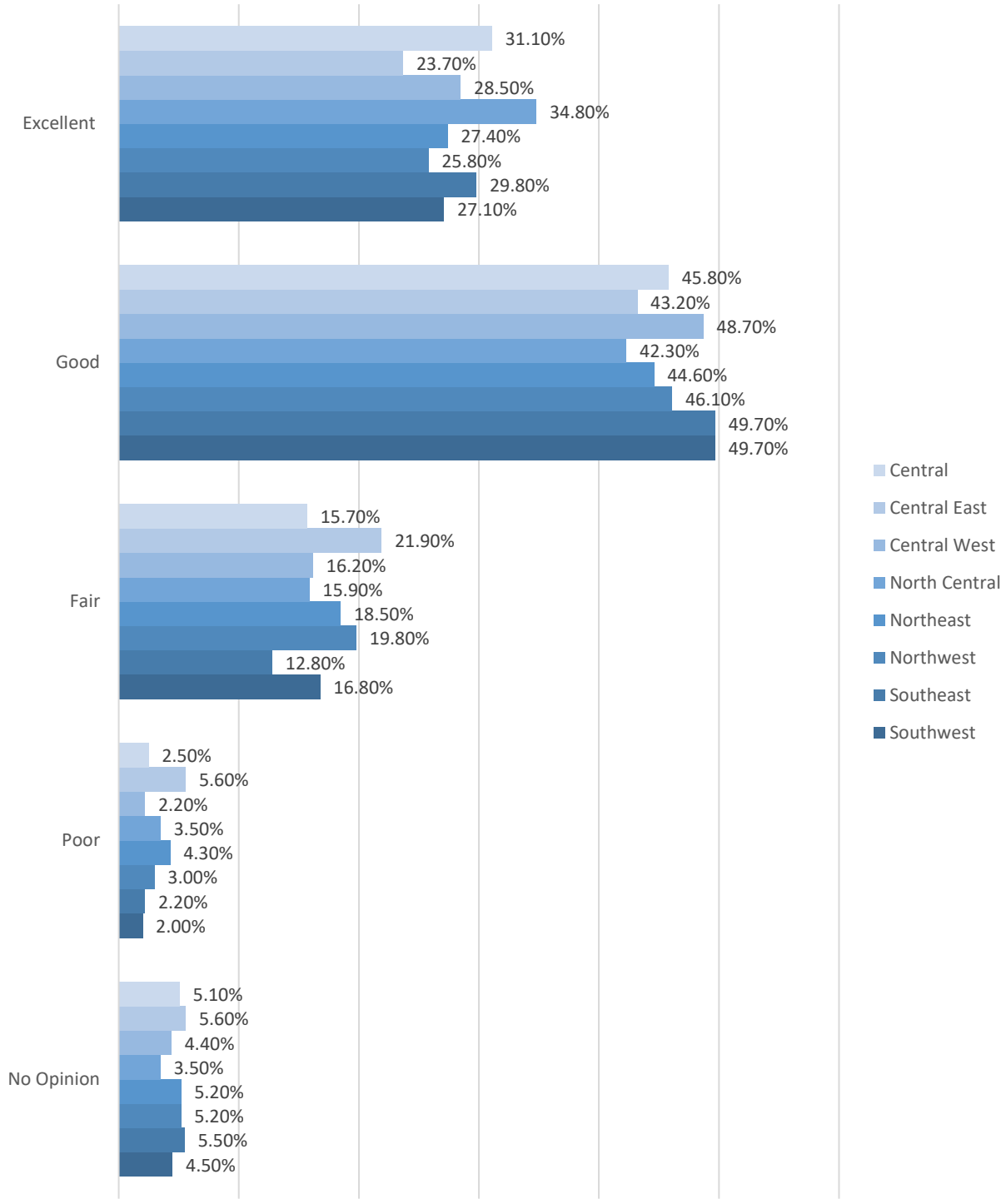
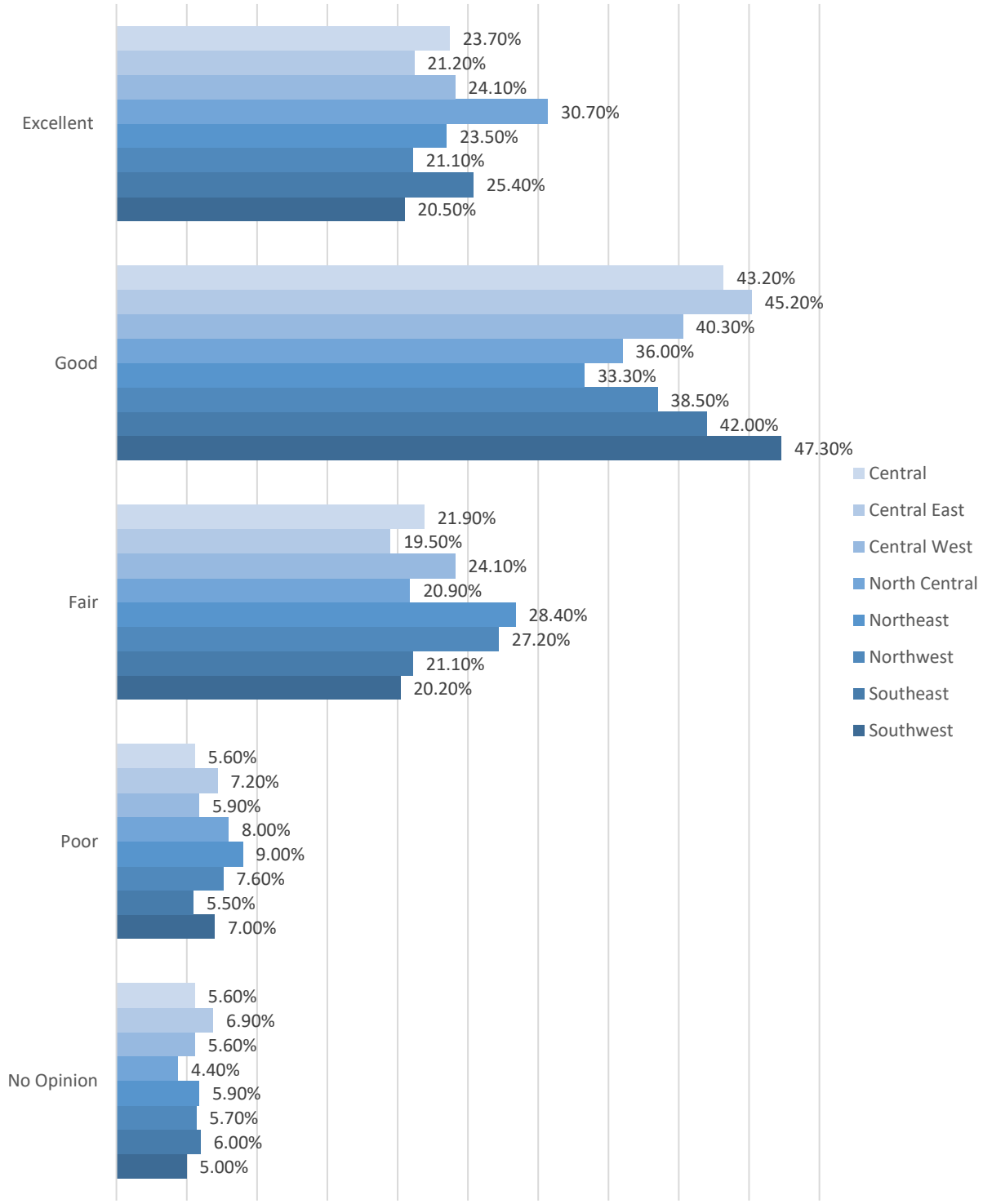


Table 213: Regional: Regarding the previous 12 months, how would you rate the QUANTITY of facilities in your county of residence?



3.3.4. Florida Resident Opinions / Issues

Key Takeaways from Section3.3.4.1. Through Section 3.3.4.11.:

- Regarding membership in outdoor recreation-based user groups, the most prevalent category for such affiliations among respondents is fishing (freshwater and saltwater).

- As seen in section 3.3.4.2., of the respondents to the opinions / issues section of the survey, 96 percent agree or strongly agree that outdoor recreation is essential to his/her health and quality of life.

- In terms of public access to Florida's coastlines and waterways, 37 percent perceive the access as very convenient; 48 percent rate the access as somewhat convenient (section 3.3.4.3.).

- With regard to public access to recreational trails, 36 percent perceive the access as very convenient; 43 percent rate the access as somewhat convenient (section 3.3.4.4.).

- As detailed in section 3.3.4.5., when queried about barriers to participation in outdoor recreation the following three hindrances emerged approximately equally as the most prevalent:
    - Cost of participation (registration, entrance fees, equipment, etc.): 38 percent deem this a hindrance
    - Competing priorities (lack of time): 38 percent view this as a hindrance
    - Travel distance and associated travel cost: 37 percent deem this a hindrance

As seen in section 3.3.4.5., barriers to participation were also analyzed using the ethnically-weighted data set and the same top three hindrances to participation emerged.

- In terms of funding, 48 percent agree or strongly agree that there is adequate funding; 29 percent disagree or strongly disagree; and, 23 percent do not know (section 3.3.4.6.).

- Regarding economic impact, 92 percent agree or strongly agree that outdoor recreation is essential to the economic health of their communities; 2 percent disagree or strongly disagree; and, 5 percent do not know (section 3.3.4.7.).

- As seen in section 3.3.4.8., travel costs appear to have split results. That is, 46 percent report that travel costs have little or no effect in determining where they recreate; conversely, 54 percent indicate that travel costs have moderate or large effects.

- With respect to the primary information sources used when planning outdoor recreation activities (section 3.3.4.9), the leading information source is the Internet (75 percent use the Internet); the second most commonly used information source is recommendations from friends (55 percent employ friends' recommendations).

- In terms of issues / concerns surrounding outdoor recreation in Florida, resident respondents to the opinions section of the survey ranked 'impact of urban development on conservation of lands' as their top concern; 'reconnecting youth to the outdoors' as their second ranked concern; and, 'inadequate funding for programs and facilities' as their third most pressing concern.

- The word cloud contained in Figure 3 displays the dominant themes in the textual comments / suggestions offered by Florida residents. The dominant themes can be summarized as such:[19]

    - There are many comments / suggestions pertaining to parks which is not surprising given the topic area of this survey research.

    - Accessibility emerged as a significant theme among Florida residents. The majority of the comments surrounding accessibility pertain to either access for persons with disabilities and/or access/parking at public beaches.

    - The words 'enjoy,' 'good,' 'like,' and 'love' appear prominently in the bottom right corner of the word cloud which reflect the fact that the vast majority of Florida residents are very satisfied with their outdoor recreation opportunities within the state.

    - A significant number of residents discussed bicycling-related issues in their textual comments (approximately 92 comments). Many of these comments address hazardous areas that need to be improved to make bicycling safer around vehicular traffic.

    - Cost emerged as a dominant theme in the textual comments because cost can serve as a barrier to outdoor recreation participation, particularly for fixed income households.

[19] While the word cloud and key takeaway points encapsulate the primary themes in the open-ended comments, it is recommended that one or more representatives in the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) read the comments in their entirety (Appendix E) because some comments point-out items / situations that need attention. For the majority of cases, the excel database provided to the Florida DEP allows specific comments to be matched with the respondent's county of residence.

- Time emerged as a dominant theme in the textual comments because time can serve as a barrier to outdoor recreation participation.

- Comments relating to boating are also prevalent in the textual analysis which is not surprising given Florida's water culture.

- Many comments were provided about dogs being brought to public recreation areas. These comments demonstrate the bipolar sentiment surrounding dogs in public recreation areas. Some individuals demonstrate strong emotional attachment to their dogs and wish to include them in outings such as camping while other individuals dislike and even fear dogs.

- Because consistent terminology was not used to discuss environmental issues, they do not appear as a dominant theme on the word cloud. Nevertheless, a review of the comments listed in Appendix E reveals the prevalence of residents' concerns surrounding environment-related issues such as pollution.

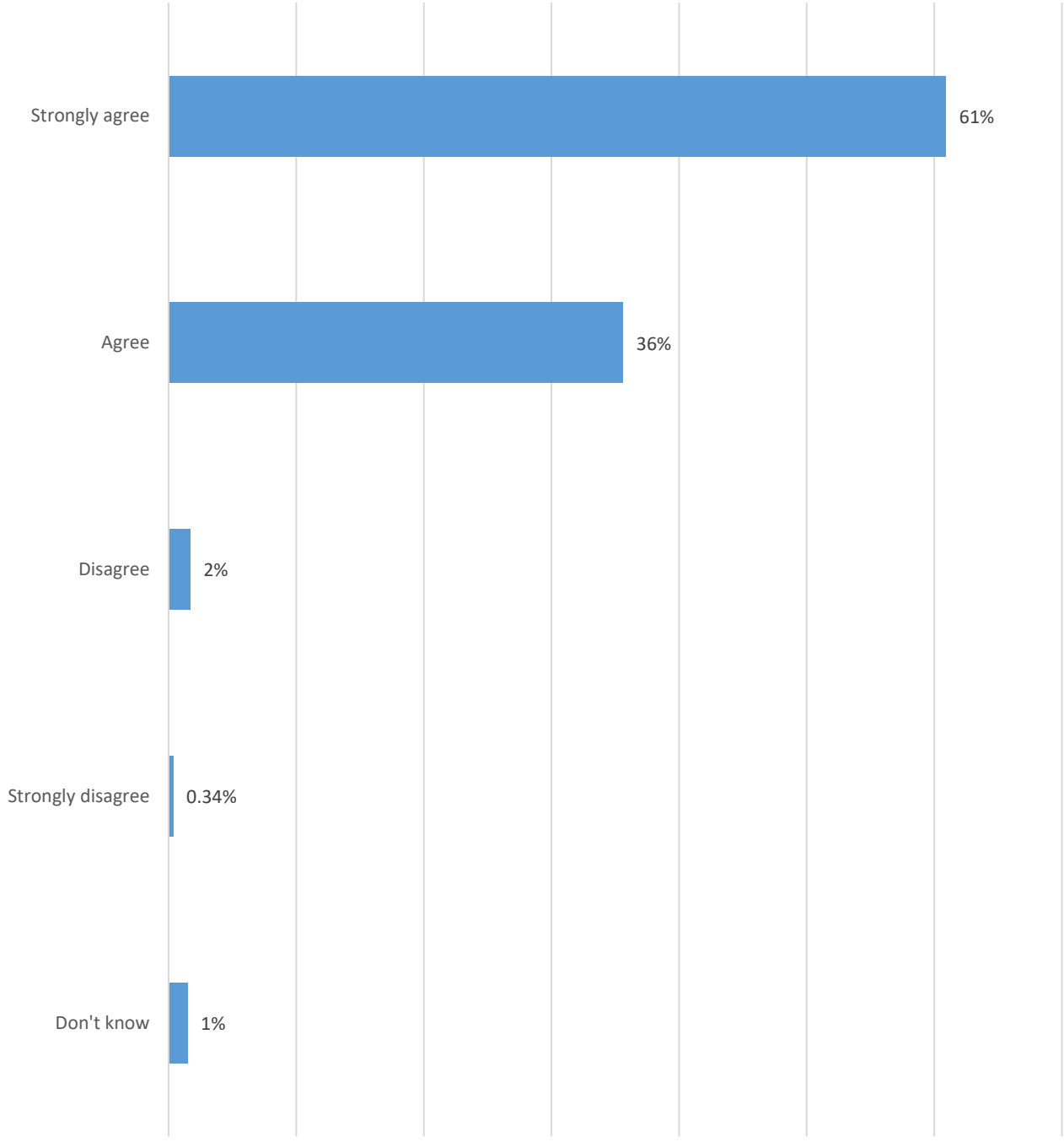
3.3.4.1. Membership in Outdoor Recreation-Related Groups / Associations

Results indicate that 13 percent of Florida resident respondents to the optional issues / opinions survey are members of at least one outdoor recreation-based user group or association. In fact, of these individuals, 54 percent belong to more than one group or association. Moreover, respondents were asked to indicate what recreational activities these group memberships are affiliated with (see Table 214).

Table 214: What Recreational Activity is this Group / Association Affiliated with? (Top 12 ranked response categories)	
#1	Fishing (including freshwater and saltwater)
#2	Walking / running
#3	Swimming
#4	Bicycling
#4 (tie)	Hiking
#5	Tennis
#6	Football
#6 (tie)	Camping (including RV camping)
#6 (tie)	Hunting
#7	Canoeing / Kayaking
#7 (tie)	Soccer
#8	Boating
#8 (tie)	Golf
#9	Bird watching
#9 (tie)	Kayaking
#10	Geocaching
#10 (tie)	Sailing
#10 (tie)	Sport shooting
#11	Baseball
#11 (tie)	Picnicking
#12	Basketball
#12 (tie)	Caving
#12 (tie)	Horseback riding
#12 (tie)	Pickleball
#12 (tie)	Scuba diving

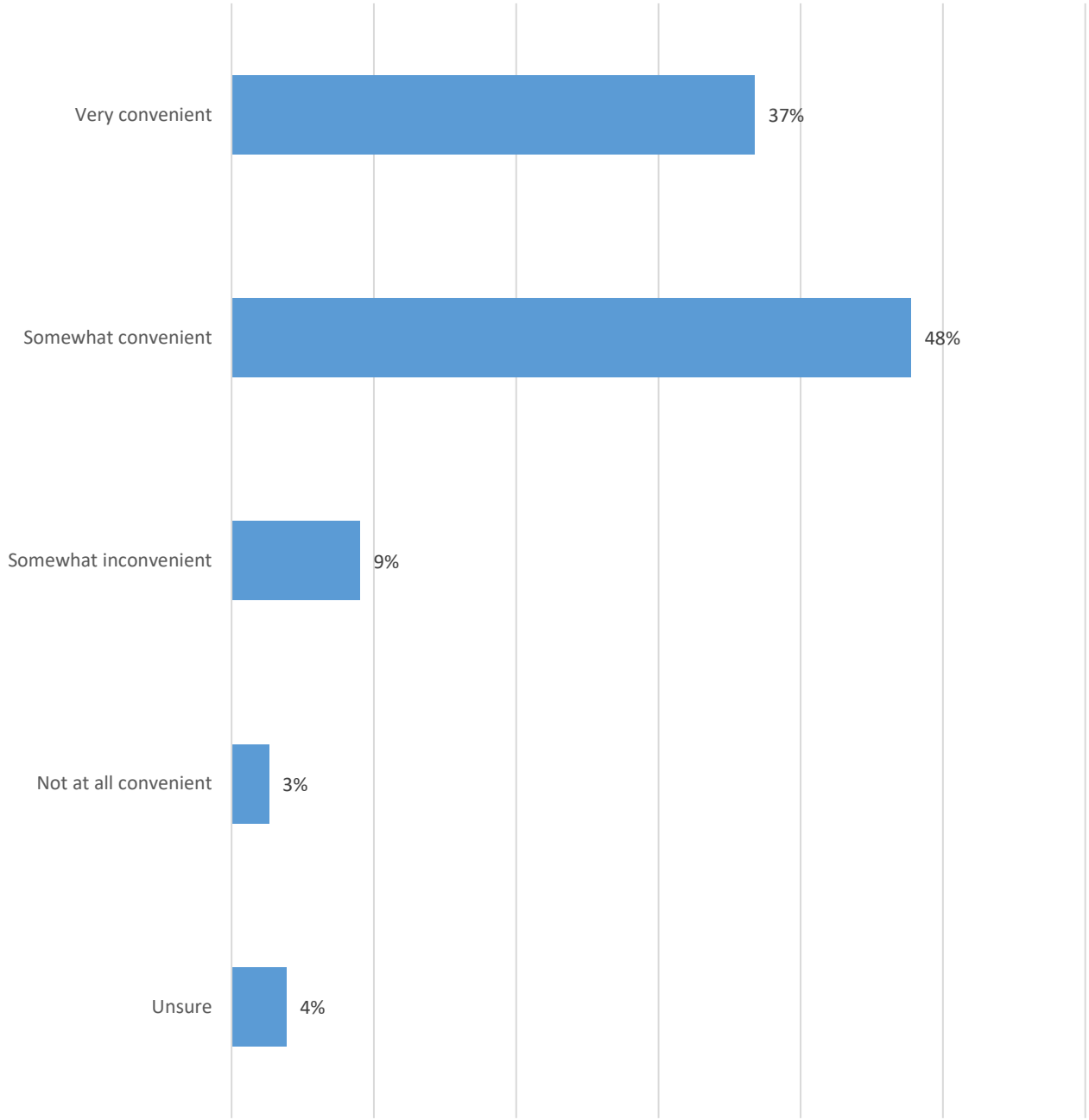
3.3.4.2. Health and Quality of Life

Table 215: I think that outdoor recreation is essential to my health and quality of life (Resident survey; opinions / issues section):



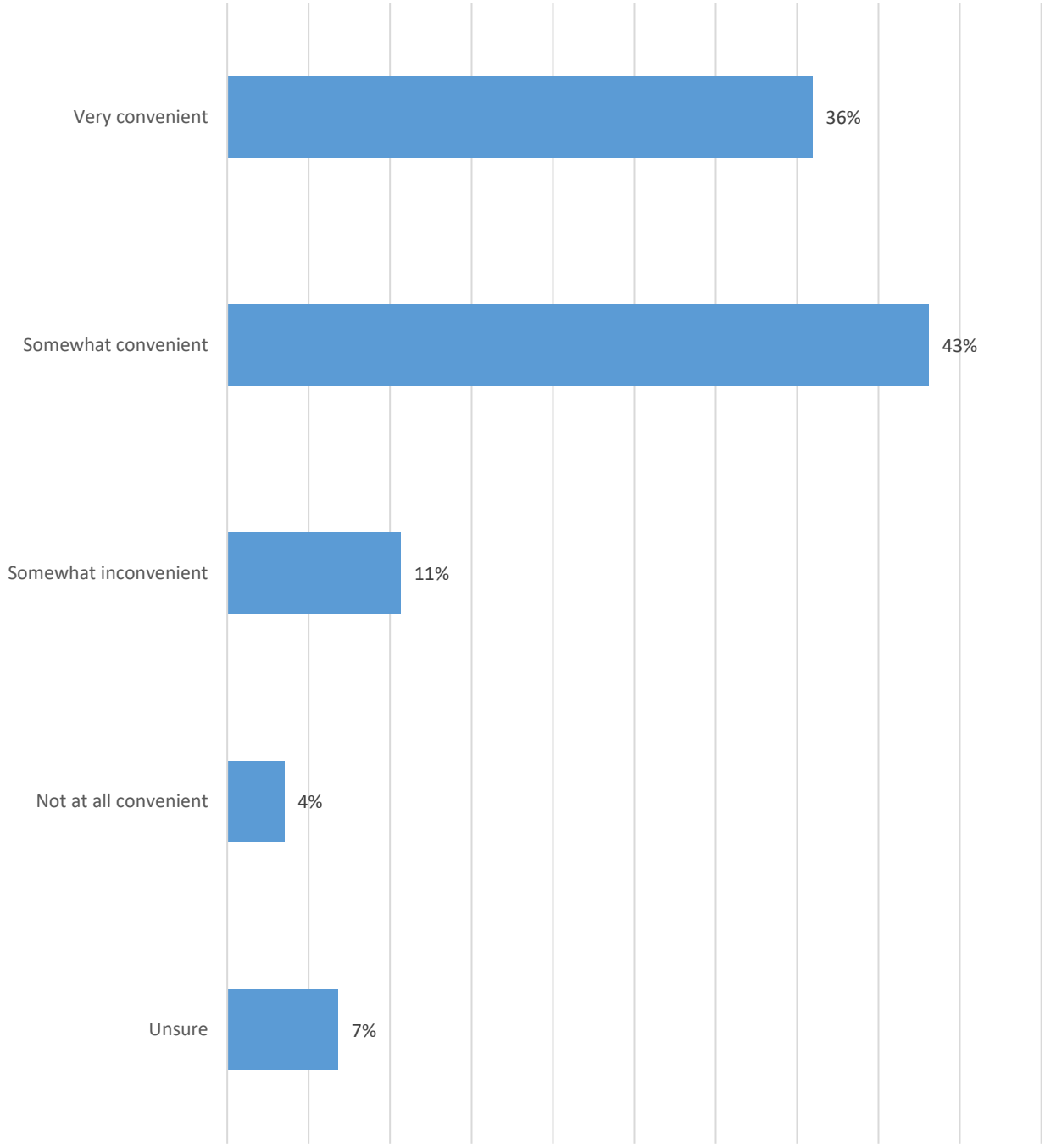
3.3.4.3. Public Access to Coastlines and Waterways

Table 216: How would you describe public access to Florida's coastlines and waterways (Resident survey; opinions / issues section)?



3.3.4.4. Public Access to Trails

Table 217: How would you describe public access to recreational trails in your community (Resident survey; opinions / issues section)?



3.3.4.5. Barriers to Participation

Table 218: Which of the following may hinder your ability or desire to participate in outdoor recreation (Select all that apply) (Resident survey; opinions / issues section)?

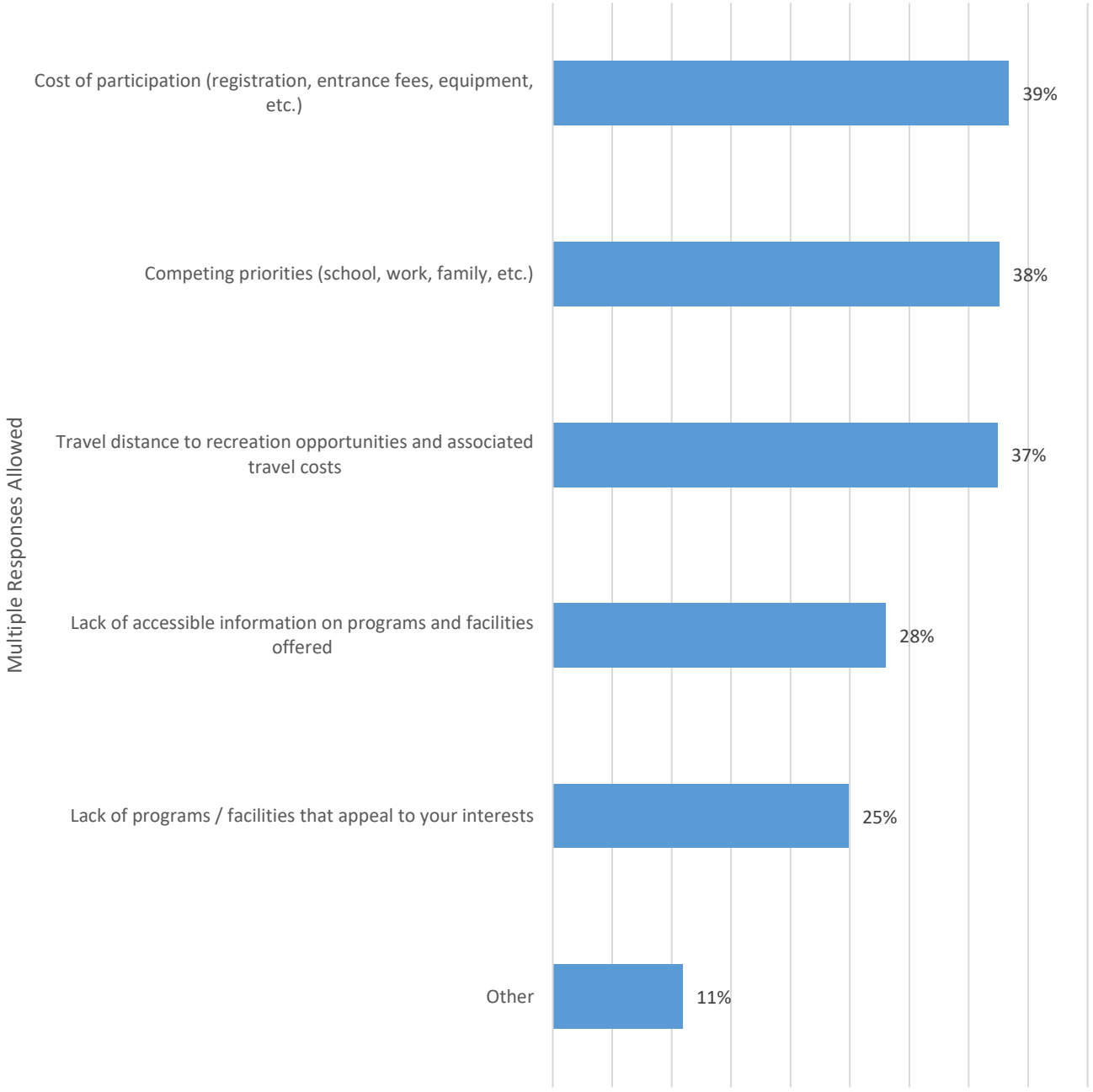
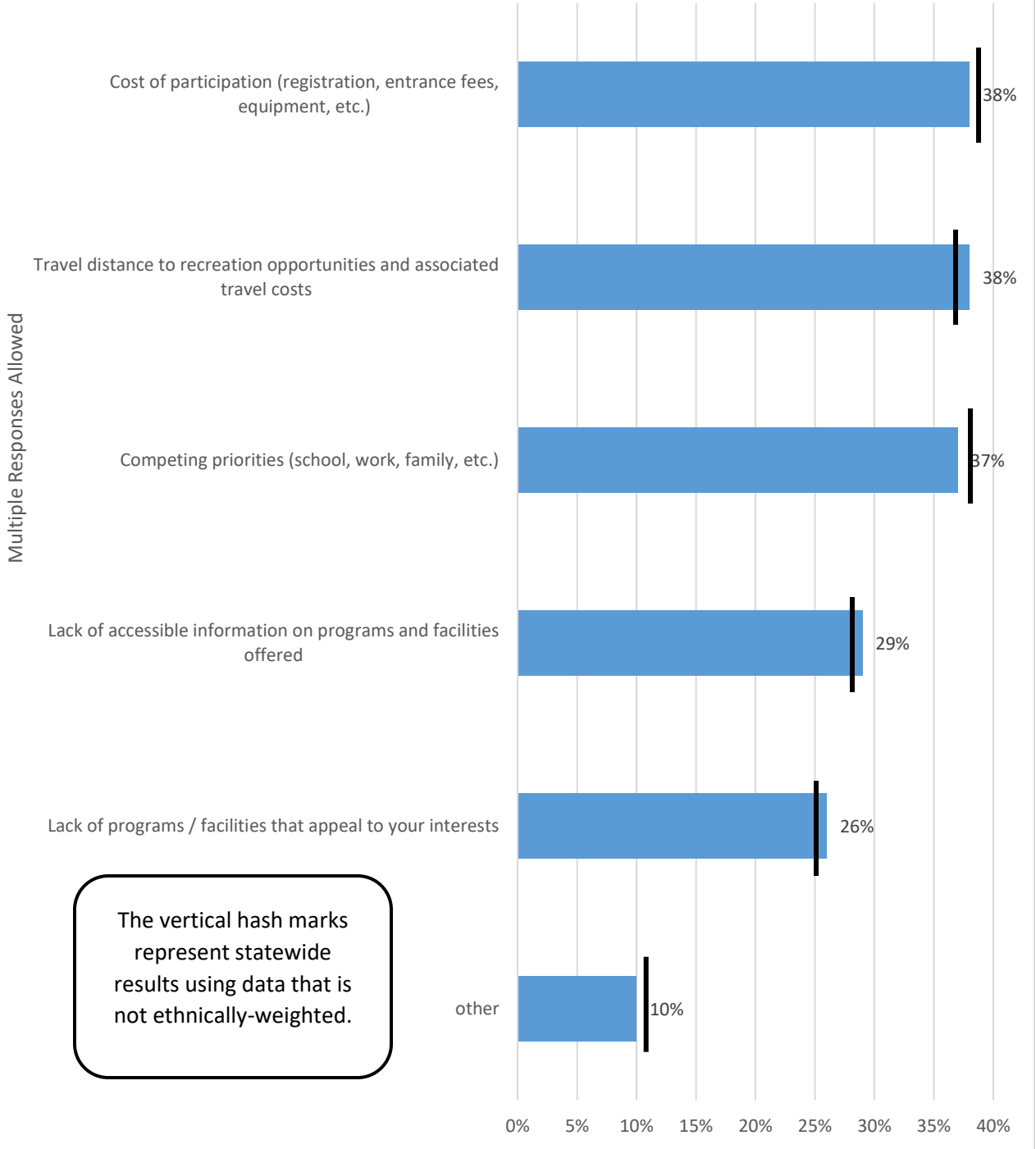
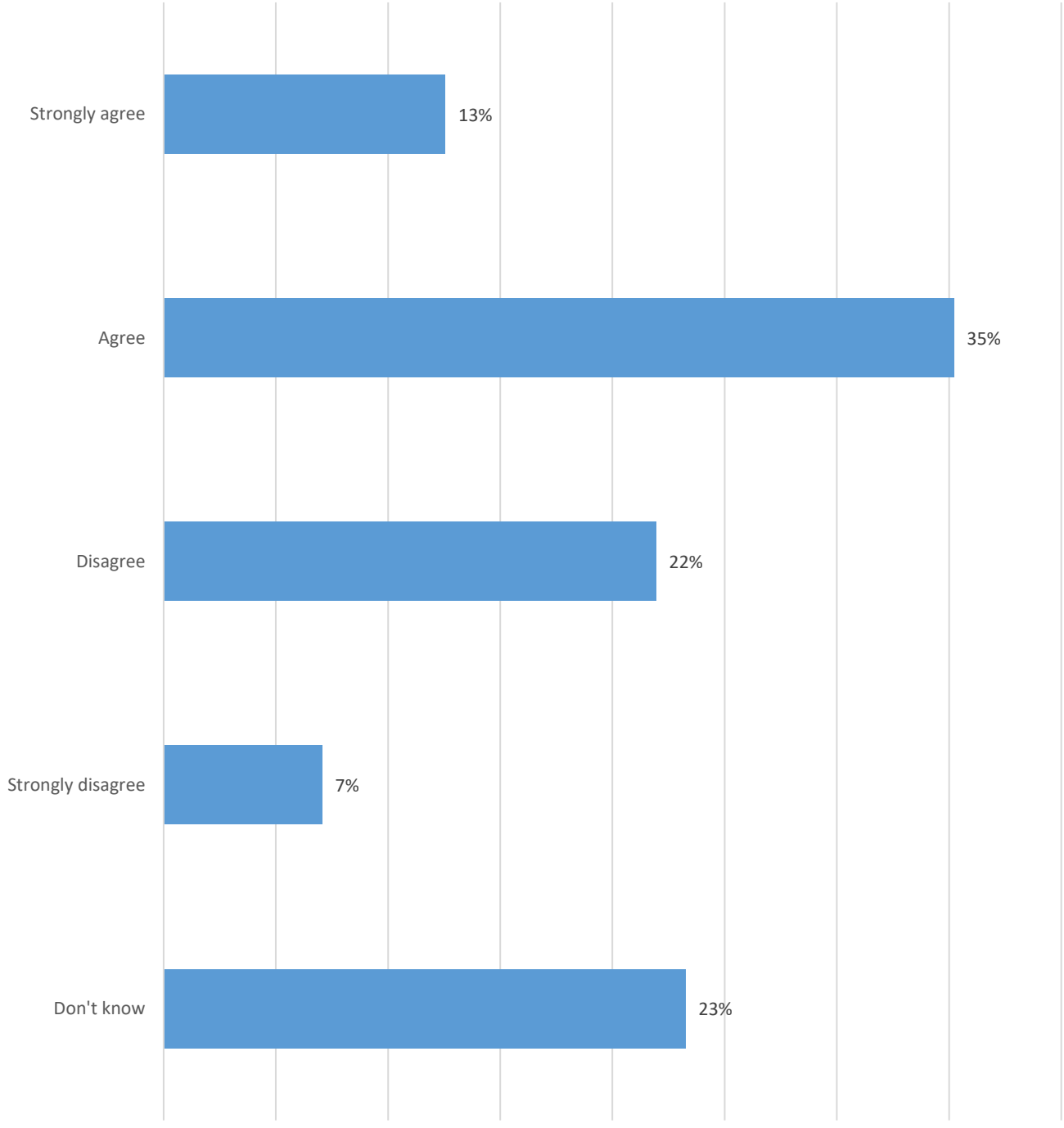


Table 219: Which of the following may hinder your ability or desire to participate in outdoor recreation (Select all that apply) (Resident survey; opinions / issues section: Ethnically-Weighted Data)?



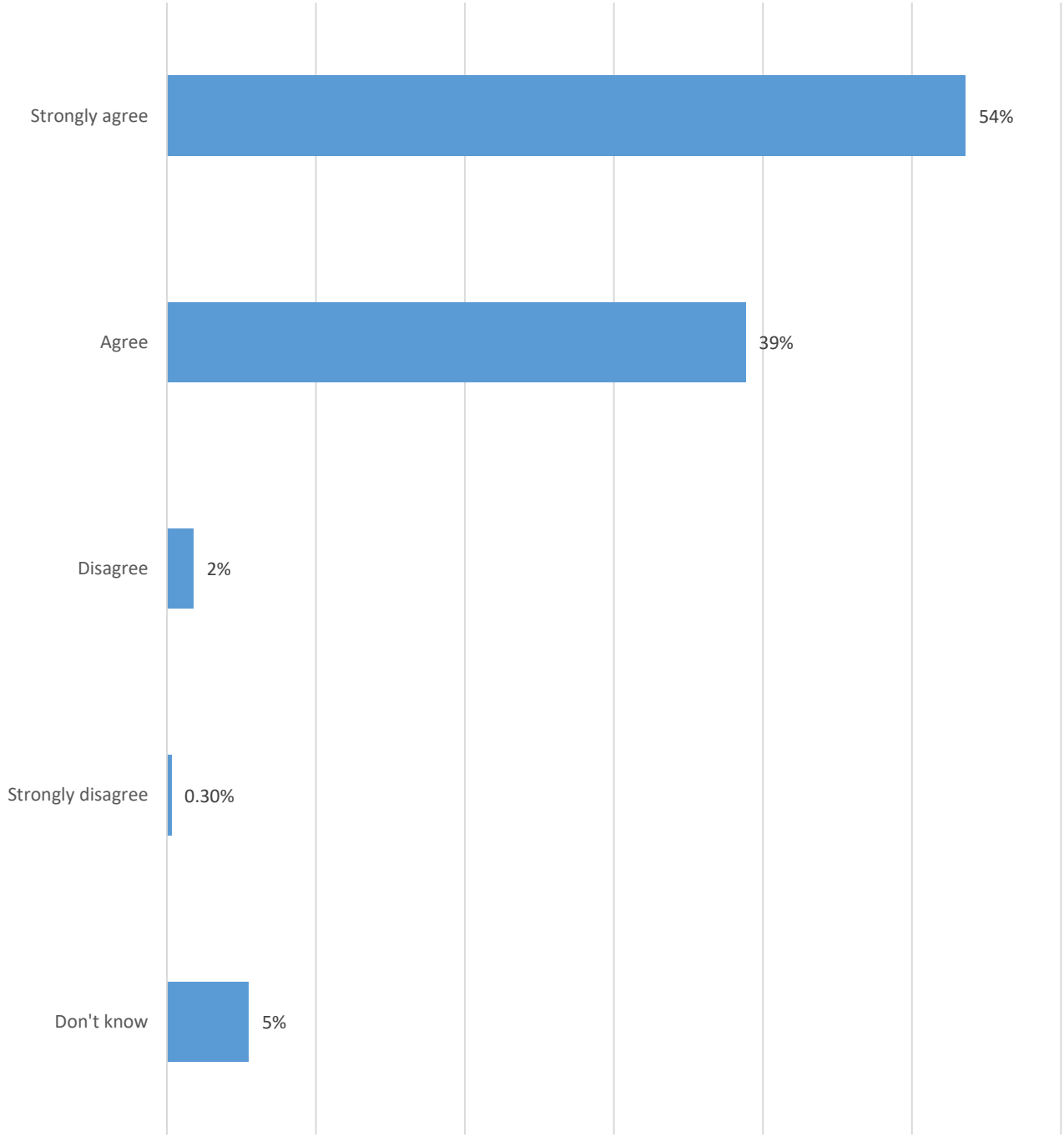
3.3.4.6. Public Funding

Table 220: I think that there is adequate funding for public recreation in Florida (Resident survey; opinions / issues section):



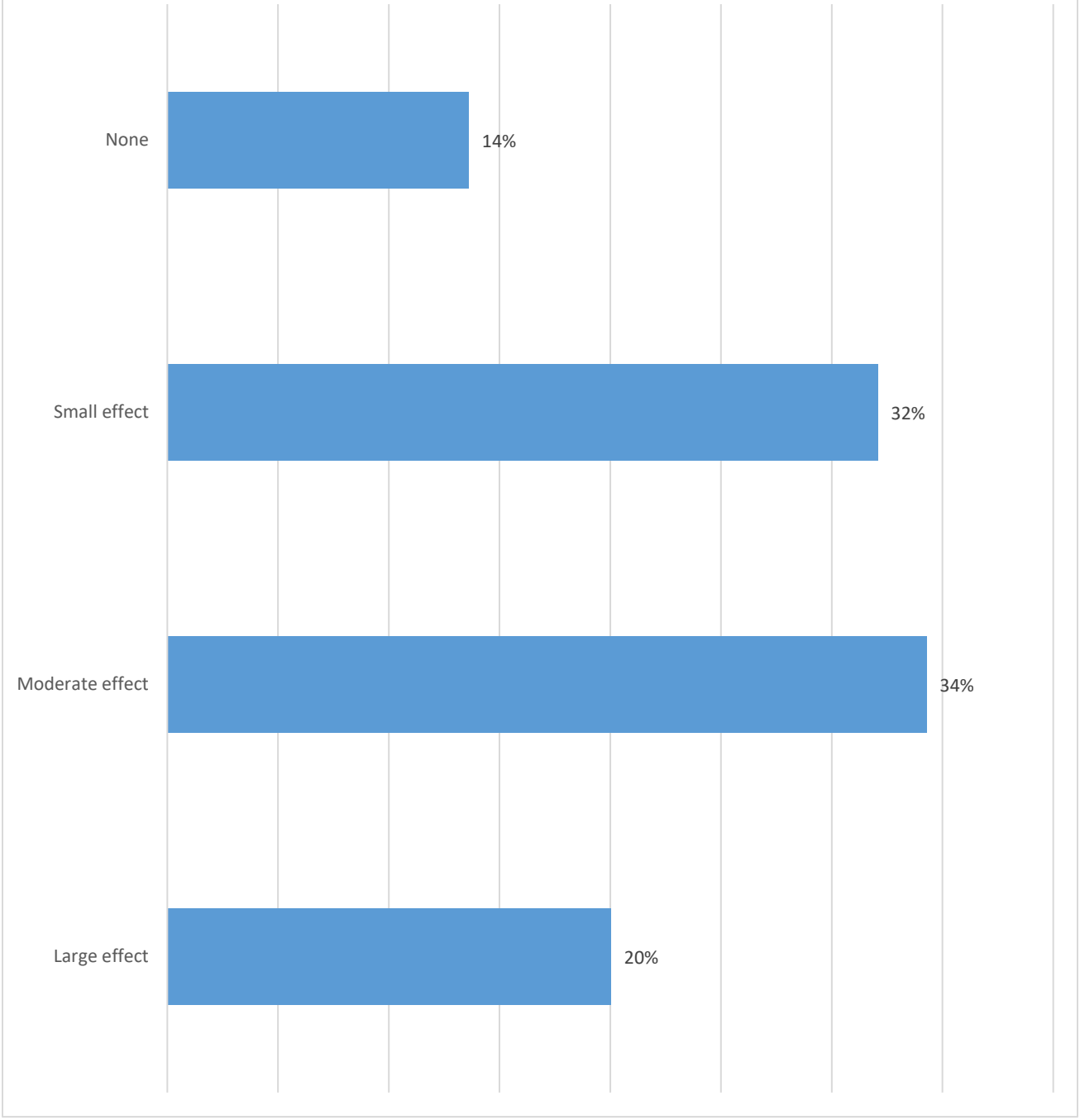
3.3.4.7. Economic Health

Table 221: I think that outdoor recreation is essential to the economic health of my community (Resident survey; opinions / issues section):



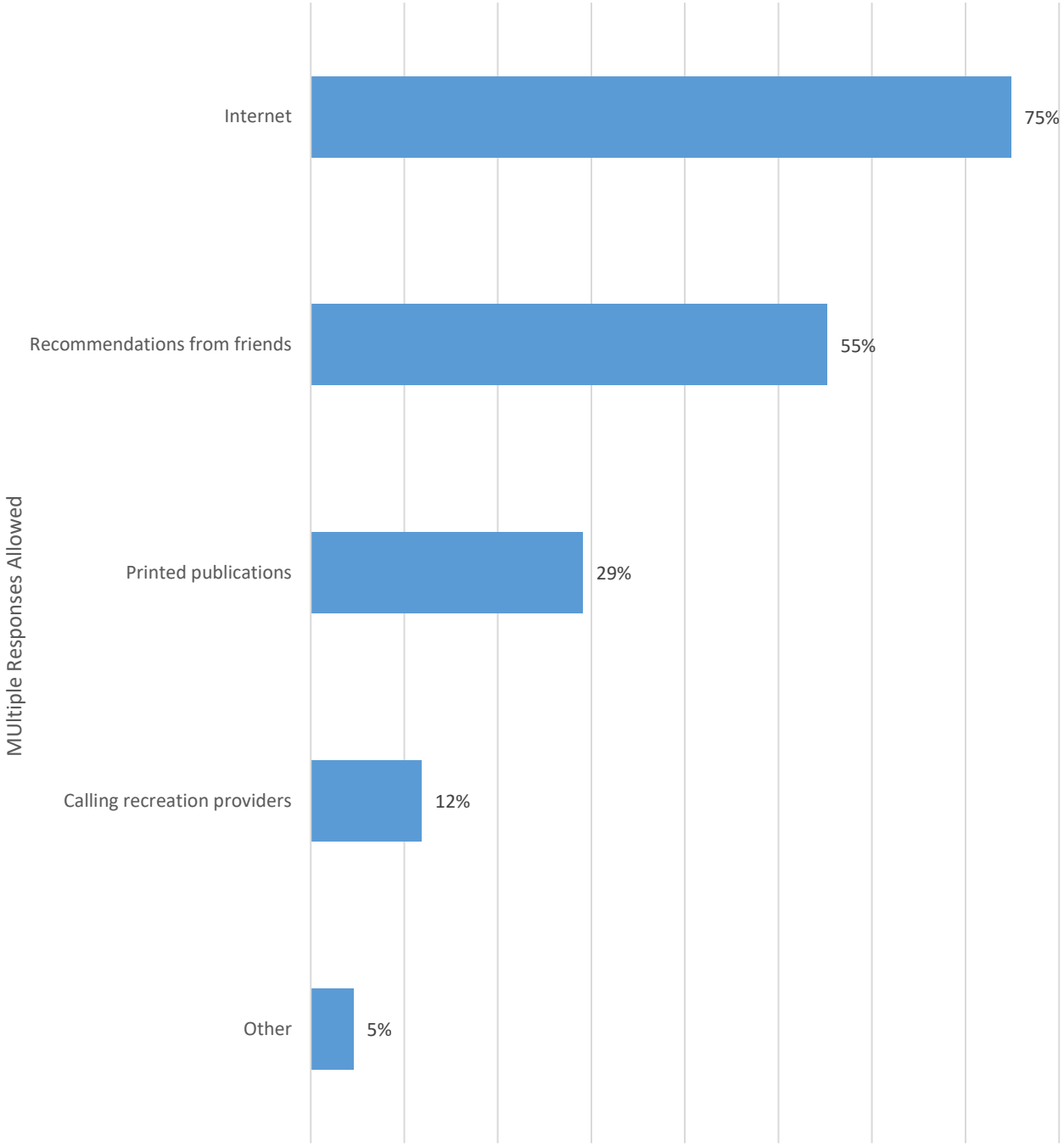
3.3.4.8. Travel Costs

Table 222: What effect do travel costs have in determining where you recreate? (Resident survey; opinions / issues section)?



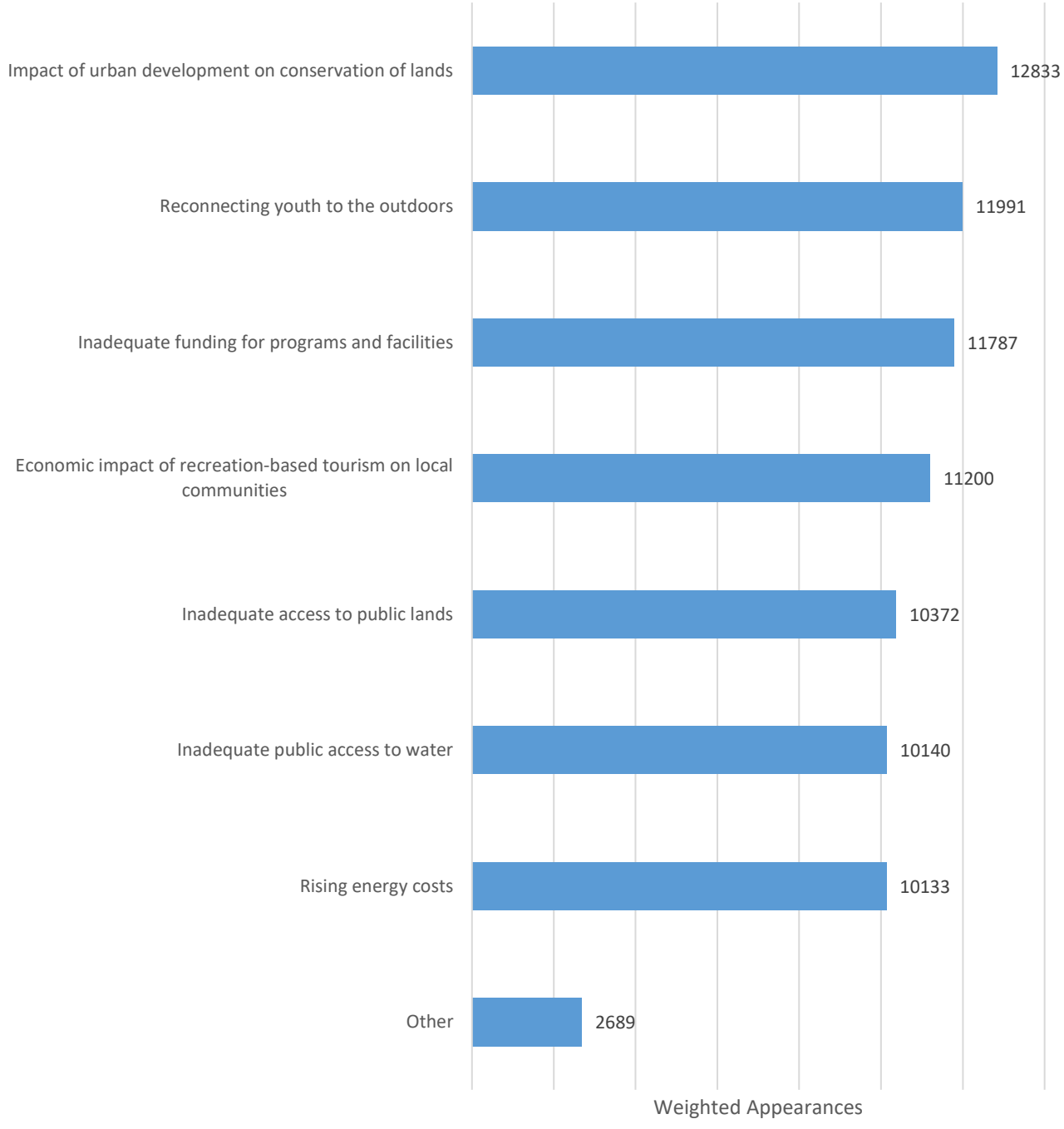
3.3.4.9. Information Sources during Planning

Table 223: What are your primary sources of information when planning outdoor recreation activities? (Resident survey; opinions / issues section)?



3.3.4.10. Ranking of Issues

Table 224: Please rank these outdoor recreation-related issues in terms of their importance to you (Resident survey; opinions / issues section):



3.3.4.11. Dominant Themes in Comments / Suggestions Offered by Residents

Figure 3: Word Cloud of Dominant Themes in Resident Comments / Suggestions

Section 4: Discussion

This study identifies Florida outdoor recreations' push and pull factors. Regarding outdoor recreation *push factors* [characteristics, attitudes, or beliefs that a person might possess that would make him/her more prone to participate in outdoor recreation], 61 percent of Florida residents deemed outdoor recreation to be very important to them personally. In addition, 61 percent of tourist respondents in this study indicated that outdoor recreation is very important to them personally. The top motivation for outdoor recreation participation for residents was to be active and healthy; whereas, the top motivation for tourist respondents was to spend time with family and friends.

In terms of outdoor recreation *pull factors* [characteristics in an area that might make a person more prone to recreate in that area], the activities most highly utilized by residents in Florida were: 1) fitness walking; 2) bicycling; 3) wildlife viewing; 4) saltwater beach activities [not including fishing]; 5) swimming [outdoor pool]; and 6) hiking. While ordered differently, these same six activities are also the ones most highly utilized by tourists to Florida. In order to enhance the usefulness of these results to recreation planners, this report presented results at the statewide-level, by resident region of residence, by resident region of recreation participation, and by tourist region of recreation participation.

All studies have limitations. Although carefully designed to mirror and extend Florida's 2011 participation study, limitations can be found in this study as well. One can read within these pages some findings that are not 100 percent precise. For instance, a handful of respondents indicated that they participated in saltwater fishing in Florida's Central Region (which is pretty unlikely). In other words, one shortcoming of any survey research project is that the results depend upon respondents' ability to carefully read and interpret questions before responding. With this stated, it can be noted that data purification procedures were followed to cleanse the data wherever reasonably possible.

As explained in the methodology section of this report, care was taken in the geographic stratification of the sample to reflect Florida's population distributions. As seen in Appendix C, the gender composition of resident respondents [female = 63 percent; male = 37 percent] does not match Florida's statewide gender composition of 52 percent female (http://names.mongabay .com/data/2010-male-to-female-sex-ratio-state.html). This heavy representation of female respondents in the resident survey does not bias the results of this study because the survey respondent was reporting for his/her entire household for activity participation. In the section in which the respondent was reporting his/her individual opinions, no significant gender differences were identified.

In any survey-based research project, it is evidently prudent to take any measure within reason to help ensure that the population of respondents is reflective of the population of non-respondents. Therefore, Armstrong and Overton's (1977) method of comparing early to late responses was used as an additional check to confirm that the collected responses are reflective of the sector (Johnson, Beaton, Murphy, and Pike, 2000; Sax, Gilmartin, and Bryant, 2003). All diagnostics

confirmed sample adequacy. It seems plausible that those individuals with a high level of interest in outdoor recreation are likely more apt to complete a survey on the topic of outdoor recreation than those with little or no interest, therefore participation levels for the activities might be slightly elevated in this report (as with any SCORP project). Nevertheless, the Armstrong and Overton method demonstrates that there is not likely any large survey non-response bias.

Also regarding sampling, some ethnic groups were underrepresented in the collected data. Therefore, analyses were conducted with an ethnically-weighted data set which found that outdoor recreation participation and perceived barriers to participation followed the same pattern when using the ethnically-weighted data. These analyses aided in confirming that the data used in this research was reliable in representing the participation habits of Florida residents.

This current study also had a number of new features not present in Florida's 2011 participation study that enhance the usefulness of the findings; for example (not an exhaustive list):

- Some sections of this report combined resident and tourist results to provide a holistic view of demand for particular activities. It is primarily these combined results that are used in Florida's SCORP document when addressing demand for particular recreational activities.

- The surveys (both resident and tourist) captured the activity participation rates of the respondent as well as the rates of other people within his/her household. This partitioning allowed for analyses of individual data and household data separately and combined. Separate analysis of the individual data was useful when identifying correlations between gender and activity participation. Nevertheless, household data was needed so that youth and/or adolescent recreational activities did not go underrepresented in this study's results.

- The tourist survey in the current study asked respondents to enter city / town of participation. The ISR team then converted city/town entries to county information. Performing these conversions for tourist participation was labor intensive in the data purification stages of this study, but was useful in allowing for a more salient picture of locations of tourist participation than a broader (less precise) approach would have permitted.

- The demand index which was constructed by combining the percent of household participation with the number of days of participation provides a much more precise view of demand for activities than does considering the two pieces of information (percent of household participation and number of days) separately.

Finally, readers should be reminded that this report and accompanying data files can be used as a reference for the next five years until Florida's next outdoor recreation participation study. That is, the discussion points in this report address some of the key takeaways from the findings, but additional data drill-down is both possible and recommended as specific research questions surface through time.

Investigator Bios

Dr. Vincent Magnini holds a Ph.D. in International Business / Marketing from Old Dominion University, an MBA from Wichita State University, and a Bachelor's of Science in Hospitality and Tourism Management from Virginia Tech. He was recently ranked as one of the top 12 most prolific hospitality researchers worldwide and holds editorial board appointments on all of the top-ranked research journals in the field. Further, he is a U.S. Fulbright Scholar. He has published six books and more than 150 articles and reports. Dr. Magnini has also been featured on National Public Radio's (NPR) *All Things Considered, With Good Reason, Pulse on the Planet* and cited in the *New York Times* and *Washington Post.*

Chuck Wyatt holds a Master's of Urban and Regional Planning and a B.S. in Biology, both degrees from Virginia Commonwealth University. He has over 43 years of experience in all levels of public sector service delivery, operational management, and central administration. During his 32 year tenure with state parks, Chuck led a number of successful efforts in revenue growth, development of customer culture, and the expansion of the park system. In recent years, he has conducted numerous economic analyses of parks and facilities. He has received a number of achievement awards and was named agency Employee of the Year at the Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation.

References

Armstrong, J. S., and Overton, T. S. (1977). Estimating nonresponse bias in mail surveys. *Journal of Marketing Research*, 396-402.

Breakaway Research Group (2015). U.S. Bicycling Participation Benchmarking Study Report. Commissioned by PeopleForBikes (released March 2015).

Chung, J. Y., Kyle, G. T., Petrick, J. F., & Absher, J. D. (2011). Fairness of prices, user fee policy and willingness to pay among visitors to a national forest. *Tourism Management*, *32*(5), 1038-1046.

Evans, J. R., & Mathur, A. (2005). The value of online surveys. *Internet Research*, *15*(2), 195-219.

Florida Department of Environmental Protection (2013). Outdoor Recreation in Florida 2013: A Comprehensive Program for Meeting Florida's Outdoor Recreation Needs. Full source: State of Florida, Department of Environmental Protection, Division of Recreation and Parks, Tallahassee, Florida.

Gnoth, J. (1997). Tourism motivation and expectation formation. *Annals of Tourism Research*, *24*(2), 283-304.

http://edr.state.fl.us/Content/population-demographics/data/PopulationEstimates2016.pdf: Bureau of Economic and Business Research, University of Florida: Florida Estimates of Population (Accessed April 12, 2017).

http://names.mongabay.com/data/2010-male-to-female-sex-ratio-state.html (accessed May 11, 2017).

https://www.recpro.org/scorp-library (accessed May 21, 2017): This SCORP library is hosted on the website of the Society of Outdoor Recreation Professionals (formerly known as the National Association of Recreation Resource Planners.

https://www.recpro.org/assets/SORP_Reports/scorp_session_summary_2012_conference.pdf: (accessed May 21, 2017) Recommendations recorded at the NARRP (now known as SORP) Conference SCORP session, April 2012.

Jin-Hyung, L., Scott, D., & Floyd, M. F. (2001). Structural inequalities in outdoor recreation participation: A multiple hierarchy stratification perspective. *Journal of leisure research*, *33*(4), 427.

Johnson, L. C., Beaton, R., Murphy, S., & Pike, K. (2000). Sampling bias and other methodological threats to the validity of health survey research. *International Journal of Stress Management*, *7*(4), 247-267.

Responsive Management (2011). Outdoor Recreation in Florida: Survey for the State Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan (SCORP). Conducted for the Florida Department of Environmental Protection by Responsive Management.

Sax, L. J., Gilmartin, S. K., & Bryant, A. N. (2003). Assessing response rates and nonresponse bias in web and paper surveys. *Research in Higher Education*, *44*(4), 409-432.

Travel and Tourism Research Association (2017). Outdoor Recreation Outlook 2017: Washington, DC.

Appendices

Appendix A: Resident Survey

Thank you for choosing to participate in the Florida Outdoor Recreation Participation Survey. This survey is conducted every five years as part of the Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan (SCORP) which is prepared by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection. Your answers will help with the planning of outdoor recreation facilities and resources. Your responses will be kept strictly confidential. This survey should take about 10 minutes to complete.

This outdoor survey must be completed by someone age 18 or older; are you 18 or older?
Yes
No
If No Is Selected, Then Skip To End of Block

How important is outdoor recreation in Florida to you personally?
Very important
Somewhat important
Not at all important
Don't know/No opinion

Overall, how satisfied are you with outdoor recreation opportunities in your county?
Very satisfied
Somewhat satisfied
Neither satisfied or dissatisfied
Somewhat dissatisfied
Very dissatisfied

Past 12 months of your household's activities in Florida: (Select all that apply)

	You	Someone else in your household
Wildlife viewing (at least 1 mile from home)		
Hiking		
Picnicking		
Horseback riding		
Horseback camping (designated horse campground or access to primitive area by horse)		
RV or trailer camping (not including horseback camping)		
Tent camping (not including horseback camping)		
Nature study		
Visiting historical or archaeological sites		
Geocaching		
Canoeing, kayaking, stand up paddleboarding		
Hunting		
Sport shooting		
Off-road vehicle driving such as an ATV, dune buggy, dirt bike, or other off-highway vehicle		
Saltwater fishing		
Saltwater beach activities, not including fishing		
Freshwater fishing		
Freshwater beach activities, not including fishing		
Bicycling		
Swimming in public outdoor pools		
Golf (as a participant, not as a spectator)		
Outdoor tennis (as a participant, not as a spectator)		
Baseball or softball (as a participant, not as a spectator)		

Fitness walking/Jogging		
Football (as a participant, not as a spectator)		
Soccer (as a participant, not as a spectator)		
Outdoor basketball (as a participant, not as a spectator)		
Water skiing/wakeboarding		
Launching from a saltwater boat ramp		
Launching from a freshwater boat ramp		

Carry Forward Selected Choices from "Past 12 months of your household's activities in Florida: (Select all that apply)"
Please provide information about your household's selected activities (you can use this map as a reference if needed):

	Number of days in past 12 months (partial day counts as a whole day):	Name up to 5 counties where your household most frequently participated (enter first four letters of county names separated by a comma):
Wildlife viewing (at least 1 mile from home)		
Hiking		
Picnicking		
Horseback riding		
Horseback camping (designated horse campground or access to primitive area by horse)		
RV or trailer camping (not including horseback camping)		
Tent camping (not including horseback camping)		
Nature study		
Visiting historical or archaeological sites		
Geocaching		
Canoeing, kayaking, stand up paddleboarding		
Hunting		
Sport shooting		
Off-road vehicle driving such as an ATV, dune buggy, dirt bike, or other off-highway vehicle		
Saltwater fishing		
Saltwater beach activities, not including fishing		
Freshwater fishing		
Freshwater beach activities, not including fishing		
Bicycling		
Swimming in public outdoor pools		
Golf (as a participant, not as a spectator)		
Outdoor tennis (as a participant, not as a spectator)		
Baseball or softball (as a participant, not as a spectator)		
Fitness walking/jogging		
Football (as a participant, not as a spectator)		
Soccer (as a participant, not as a spectator)		
Outdoor basketball (as a participant, not as a spectator)		
Water skiing/wakeboarding		
Launching from a saltwater boat ramp		
Launching from a freshwater boat ramp		

Display This Question:
If Did you or anyone in your household participate in any of the following outdoor recreation activi... Saltwater fishing - Yes, I did Is Selected
Or Did you or anyone in your household participate in any of the following outdoor recreation activi... Saltwater fishing - Yes, household member 18 or older Is Selected
Or Did you or anyone in your household participate in any of the following outdoor recreation activi... Saltwater fishing - Yes, household member under age 18 Is Selected
Someone in your household has gone saltwater fishing in the past 12 months; which of the following applies? (can select multiple)
A boat
A pier, jetty, or catwalk
A shore
Someplace other than those listed

Display This Question:
If Did you or anyone in your household participate in any of the following outdoor recreation activi... Freshwater fishing - Yes, I did Is Selected
Or Did you or anyone in your household participate in any of the following outdoor recreation activi... Freshwater fishing - Yes, household member 18 or older Is Selected
Or Did you or anyone in your household participate in any of the following outdoor recreation activi... Freshwater fishing - Yes, household member under age 18 Is Selected
Someone in your household has gone freshwater fishing in the past 12 months; which of the following applies? (can select multiple)
A boat
A pier, jetty, or catwalk
A shore or bank
Someplace other than those listed

Display This Question:
If Did you or anyone in your household participate in any of the following outdoor recreation activi... Bicycling - Yes, I did Is Selected
Or Did you or anyone in your household participate in any of the following outdoor recreation activi... Bicycling - Yes, household member 18 or older Is Selected
Or Did you or anyone in your household participate in any of the following outdoor recreation activi... Bicycling - Yes, household member under age 18 Is Selected
Someone in your household has participated in bicycling in the past 12 months; which of the following applies? (can select multiple)
Paved roads and trails
Roads and trails that were not paved
None of those listed here
Not sure, don't know

In comparison to the previous 12 months, do you expect to personally participate in outdoor recreation activities in Florida:
More
About the same
Less
Don't know

What are the MOST IMPORTANT reasons you participate in outdoor recreation activities in Florida? (Select all that apply)
I live close to a park or other outdoor area
It is affordable
To be with family and friends
To spend time by myself
To enjoy the scenery
For my health in general
For my mental well being
For my physical fitness
For relaxation
For the challenge
To be close to nature
Because of the variety of opportunities available in Florida
Other: _____
Don't know

Your motivations for outdoor recreation in Florida:

	Very important	Somewhat important	Neither important nor unimportant	Somewhat unimportant	Very unimportant	Don t know/ No opinion
Spending time with family and friends						
Being active or healthy						
Being close to nature						

Regarding the previous 12 months, how would you rate the FACILITIES IN YOUR COUNTY:

	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Don t know/ No opinion
Quality of the facilities					
Amount of facilities					

Do you support or oppose maintaining the current levels of outdoor recreation services and opportunities in Florida?
Strongly support
Moderately support
Neither support nor oppose
Moderately oppose
Strongly oppose
Don't know/ No opinion

Are there any outdoor recreation facilities you would like to see built or provided in your county?
Yes
No
Don't know/ No opinion

Display This Question:
If Are there any outdoor recreation facilities you would like to see built or provided in your county? Yes Is Selected
What would you like to see built or provided in your county?
Community parks
Playgrounds for children
Campgrounds
Fishing areas
Outdoor public swimming pools
Biking paths/trails
Paved walkways
Hiking/Walking trails
Horseback riding trails
Nature/Interpretive trails
Saltwater boat access or ramps
Freshwater boat access or ramps
Access for canoes or kayaks
Fishing piers
Beach access/parking
Hunting areas
Off-road vehicle areas/trails
Wildlife viewing areas/overlooks

Off-leash dog areas
Football fields
Soccer fields
Public tennis courts
Outdoor basketball courts
Public golf courses
Baseball fields
Softball fields
Others (list) _____

Your county of primary residence?

Alachua
Baker
Bay
Bradford
Brevard
Broward
Calhoun
Charlotte
Citrus
Clay
Collier
Columbia
DeSoto
Dixie
Duval
Escambia
Flagler
Franklin
Gadsden
Gilchrist
Glades
Gulf
Hamilton
Hardee
Hendry
Hernando
Highlands
Hillsborough
Holmes
Indian River
Jackson
Jefferson
Lafayette
Washington
Lake
Lee
Leon
Levy
Liberty
Madison
Manatee
Marion
Martin
Miami-Dade
Monroe
Nassau
Okaloosa
Okeechobee
Orange
Osceola
Palm Beach
Pasco
Pinellas
Polk
Putnam
Santa Rosa
Sarasota
Seminole
St. Johns
St. Lucie
Sumter
Suwannee
Taylor
Union
Volusia
Wakulla
Walton

The place where you live?
Large city or urban area
Suburban area
Small city or town
Rural area on a farm or ranch
Rural area NOT on a farm or ranch

How many children aged 17 or younger in your household?

Your education?
Some high school
High school graduate or equivalent
Some college or trade school degree
Bachelor's degree
Master's degree
Professional or doctorate degree (e.g., M.D. or Ph.D.)

Your total household income before taxes?
Under $20,000
$20,000 - $39,999
$40,000 - $59,999
$60,000 - $79,999
$80,000 - $99,999
$100,000 - $119,999
$120,000 or more
Prefer not to answer

Your Race / ethnic background?
African (not African-American)
Black or African-American
East Asian (from Japan, China, Korea, Philippines, etc.)
Hispanic or Latino
Middle Eastern
Native American or Alaskan native or Aleutian
Native Hawaiian
South Asian (from India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, etc.)
White or Caucasian

Your age?

Your gender?
Male
Female

Would you mind investing about five more minutes to complete an optional OPINIONS / ISSUES section of questions?
Yes, I am willing to complete the OPINIONS / ISSUES section.

No, I would like to end my survey now.
Condition: No, I would like to end my ... Is Selected. Skip To: End of Survey.

Display This Question:
If Would you mind investing about five more minutes to complete an optional OPINIONS / ISSUES section of questions? Yes, I am willing to continue on to the OPINIONS / ISSUES section. Is Selected
Are you a member of an outdoor recreation-based user group / association?
Yes
No

Display This Question:
If Are you a member of an outdoor&recreation-based user group / association? Yes Is Selected
How many outdoor recreation groups / associations are you a member of? (5 max)

What recreational activity is this group affiliated with?

For this group/association, which of the following functions does it provide? (Check all that apply)
Organization of events
Sharing of information
Funding and/or constructing recreation facilities
Operation of recreation facilities
Advocating for recreation activity or recreation program
Other _____

Display This Question:
If Would you mind investing about five more minutes to complete an optional OPINIONS / ISSUES section of questions? Yes, I am willing to complete the OPINIONS / ISSUES section. Is Selected
I think that outdoor recreation is essential to my health and quality of life.
Strongly agree
Agree
Disagree
Strongly disagree
Don't know

Display This Question:
If Would you mind investing about five more minutes to complete an optional OPINIONS / ISSUES section of questions? Yes, I am willing to continue on to the OPINIONS / ISSUES section. Is Selected
How would you describe public access to Florida's coastlines and waterways?
Very convenient
Somewhat convenient
Somewhat inconvenient
Not at all convenient
Unsure

Display This Question:
If Would you mind investing about five more minutes to complete an optional OPINIONS / ISSUES section of questions? Yes, I am willing to continue on to the OPINIONS / ISSUES section. Is Selected

How would you describe public access to recreational trails in your community?
Very convenient
Somewhat convenient
Somewhat inconvenient
Not at all convenient
Unsure

Display This Question:
If Would you mind investing about five more minutes to complete an optional OPINIONS / ISSUES section of questions? Yes, I am willing to continue on to the OPINIONS / ISSUES section. Is Selected
Which of the following may hinder your ability or desire to participate in outdoor recreation? (Check all that apply)
Competing priorities (school, work, family, etc.)
Lack of accessible information on programs and facilities offered
Cost of participation (registration, entrance fees, equipment, etc.)
Travel distance to recreation opportunities and associated travel costs
Lack of programs / facilities that appeal to your interests
Other _____

Display This Question:
If Would you mind investing about five more minutes to complete an optional OPINIONS / ISSUES section of questions? Yes, I am willing to complete the OPINIONS / ISSUES section. Is Selected
I think that there is adequate funding for public recreation in Florida.
Strongly agree
Agree
Disagree
Strongly disagree
Don't know

Display This Question:
If Would you mind investing about five more minutes to complete an optional OPINIONS / ISSUES section of questions? Yes, I am willing to complete the OPINIONS / ISSUES section. Is Selected
I think that outdoor recreation is essential to the economic health of my community.
Strongly agree
Agree
Disagree
Strongly disagree
Don't know

Display This Question:
If Would you mind investing about five more minutes to complete an optional OPINIONS / ISSUES section of questions? Yes, I am willing to complete the OPINIONS / ISSUES section. Is Selected
What effect do travel costs have in determining where you recreate?
None
Small effect
Moderate effect
Large effect

Display This Question:
If Would you mind investing about five more minutes to complete an optional OPINIONS / ISSUES section of questions? Yes, I am willing to complete the OPINIONS / ISSUES section. Is Selected
What are your primary sources of information when planning outdoor recreation activities? (Check all that apply)
Printed publications
Internet
Recommendations from friends
Calling recreation providers
Other _____

Display This Question:
If Would you mind investing about five more minutes to complete an optional OPINIONS / ISSUES section of questions? Yes, I am willing to complete the OPINIONS / ISSUES section. Is Selected
Rank these outdoor recreation-related issues in terms of their importance to you, with "1" being the most important. (Use your mouse to drag choices to the appropriate position)
_____ Impact of urban development on conservation of lands
_____ Economic impact of recreation-based tourism on local communities
_____ Rising energy costs
_____ Inadequate public access to water
_____ Reconnecting youth to the outdoors
_____ Inadequate funding for programs and facilities
_____ Inadequate access to public lands
_____ Other

Display This Question:
If Would you mind investing about five more minutes to complete an optional OPINIONS / ISSUES section... Yes, I am willing to complete the OPINIONS / ISSUES section. Is Selected
Please list other outdoor recreation-related issues that impact you. (100 word max)

{END OF RESIDENT SURVEY}

Appendix B: Tourist Survey

Thank you for choosing to participate in the Florida Outdoor Recreation Participation Survey. This survey is conducted every five years as part of the Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan (SCORP) which is prepared by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection. We are especially interested in what visitors to Florida have to say. Your answers will help with the planning of outdoor recreation facilities and resources and your responses will be kept strictly confidential. This survey should take about 8 minutes to complete.

Click to write the question text
Click to write Choice 1
Click to write Choice 2
Click to write Choice 3

This outdoor survey must be completed by someone age 18 or older; are you 18 or older?
Yes
No
#SkipLogicDescription

Did you visit Florida and participate in one or more outdoor recreation activities in the state during the past 12 months? [For this survey, outdoor recreation includes ANY activity that takes place in a park, on a playground, at the beach, in nature, or other outdoor environment].
Yes
No
#SkipLogicDescription

What are the main reason(s) you visited Florida in the past 12 months?
Fun/pleasure/vacation
Outdoor recreation/outdoor activities
Work
Other _____

How many trips did you take to Florida in the past 12 months?

On how many trips to Florida in the past 12 months did you participate in outdoor recreation activities?

How many total days did you visit Florida in the past 12 months?*Please include all trips.*A partial day counts as a whole.

How likely are you to visit Florida in the next 12 months?
Very likely
Somewhat likely
Not likely at all

In the next 12 months, do you expect to participate in outdoor recreation activities in Florida:
More
About the same

Less
Don't know; not sure

How important is outdoor recreation to you personally?
Very important
Somewhat important
Not at all important
Don't know/No opinion

Overall, how satisfied are you with outdoor recreation opportunities in Florida?
Very satisfied
Somewhat satisfied
Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied
Somewhat dissatisfied
Very dissatisfied

Past 12 months of your household's activities in Florida: (Select all that apply)

	You	Someone else in your household
Wildlife viewing (at least 1 mile from home)		
Hiking		
Picnicking		
Horseback riding		
Horseback camping (designated horse campground or access to primitive area by horse)		
RV or trailer camping (not including horseback camping)		
Tent camping (not including horseback camping)		
Nature study		
Visiting historical or archaeological sites		
Geocaching		
Canoeing, kayaking, stand up paddleboarding		
Hunting		
Sport shooting		
Off-road vehicle driving such as an ATV, dune buggy, dirt bike, or other off-highway vehicle		
Saltwater fishing		
Saltwater beach activities, not including fishing		

Freshwater fishing Freshwater beach activities, not including fishing Bicycling Swimming in public outdoor pools Golf (as a participant, not as a spectator) Outdoor tennis (as a participant, not as a spectator) Baseball or softball (as a participant, not as a spectator) Fitness walking/jogging Football (as a participant, not as a spectator) Soccer (as a participant, not as a spectator) Outdoor basketball (as a participant, not as a spectator) Water skiing/wakeboarding Launching from a saltwater boat ramp Launching from a freshwater boat ramp		

Carry Forward Selected Choices from "Past 12 months of your household's activities in Florida: (Select all that apply)"
Please provide information about your household's selected activities in Florida (you can use this map as a reference if needed):

	Number of days in past 12 months (partial day counts as a whole day):	Names of Florida cities/towns where your household most frequently participated:
Wildlife viewing (at least 1 mile from home)		
Hiking		
Picnicking		
Horseback riding		
Horseback camping (designated horse campground or access to primitive area by horse)		
RV or trailer camping (not including horseback camping)		
Tent camping (not including horseback camping)		
Nature study		
Visiting historical or archaeological sites		
Geocaching		
Canoeing, kayaking, stand up paddleboarding		
Hunting		
Sport shooting		
Off-road vehicle driving such as an ATV, dune buggy, dirt bike, or other off-highway vehicle		
Saltwater fishing		
Saltwater beach activities, not including fishing		
Freshwater fishing		
Freshwater beach activities, not including fishing		
Bicycling		
Swimming in public outdoor pools		
Golf (as a participant, not as a spectator)		
Outdoor tennis (as a participant, not as a spectator)		

Baseball or softball (as a participant, not as a spectator) Fitness walking/jogging Football (as a participant, not as a spectator) Soccer (as a participant, not as a spectator) Outdoor basketball (as a participant, not as a spectator) Water skiing/wakeboarding Launching from a saltwater boat ramp Launching from a freshwater boat ramp		

Display This Question:
If Past 12 months of your household's activities in Florida: (Select all that apply) Saltwater fishing - You Is Selected
Or Past 12 months of your household's activities in Florida: (Select all that apply) Saltwater fishing - Someone else in your household Is Selected
Or Past 12 months of your household's activities in Florida: (Select all that apply) Saltwater fishing3 Is Selected
Someone in your household has gone saltwater fishing in Florida in the past 12 months; which of the following applies? (can select multiple)
A boat
A pier, jetty, or catwalk
A shore
Someplace other than those listed

Display This Question:
If Did you or anyone in your household participate in any of the following outdoor recreation activities... Freshwater fishing - Yes, I did Is Selected
Or Did you or anyone in your household participate in any of the following outdoor recreation activi... Freshwater fishing - Yes, household member 18 or older Is Selected
Or Did you or anyone in your household participate in any of the following outdoor recreation activi... Freshwater fishing - Yes, household member under age 18 Is Selected
Someone in your household has gone freshwater fishing in Florida in the past 12 months; which of the following applies? (can select multiple)
A boat
A pier, jetty, or catwalk
A shore or bank
Someplace other than those listed

Display This Question:
If Did you or anyone in your household participate in any of the following outdoor recreation activi... Bicycling - Yes, I did Is Selected
Or Did you or anyone in your household participate in any of the following outdoor recreation activi... Bicycling - Yes, household member 18 or older Is Selected
Or Did you or anyone in your household participate in any of the following outdoor recreation activi... Bicycling - Yes, household member under age 18 Is Selected
Someone in your household has participated in bicycling in Florida in the past 12 months; which of the following applies? (can select multiple)
Paved roads and trails
Roads and trails that were not paved
None of those listed here
Not sure, don't know

What are the MOST IMPORTANT reasons you participate in outdoor recreation activities in Florida? (Select all that apply)
I visited/stayed close to a park or other outdoor area
It is affordable
To be with family and friends
To spend time by myself
To enjoy the scenery
For my health in general
For my mental well being
For my physical fitness
For relaxation
For the challenge
To be close to nature
Because of the variety of opportunities available in Florida
Other: _____
Don't know

Your motivations for outdoor recreation in Florida:

	Very important	Somewhat important	Neither important nor unimportant	Somewhat unimportant	Very unimportant	Don t know/No opinion
Spending time with family and friends						
Being active or healthy						
Being close to nature						

How would you rate Florida's outdoor recreation facilities that you used during the last 12 months?

	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Don t know/ No opinion
Quality of the facilities					
Amount of facilities					

Do you support or oppose maintaining the current levels of outdoor recreation services and opportunities in Florida?
Strongly support
Moderately support
Neither support nor oppose
Moderately oppose
Strongly oppose
Don't know/ No opinion

For quality control purposes, please respond to this question with "neither satisfied nor dissatisfied":
Very satisfied
Somewhat satisfied
Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied
Somewhat dissatified
Very dissatisfied
If Neither satisfied nor dissa... Is Not Selected, Then Skip To End of Block

Are there any outdoor recreation facilities you would like to see built or provided in the areas you visit in Florida?
Yes
No
Don't know/ No opinion

Display This Question:
If Are there any outdoor recreation facilities you would like to see built or provided in your county? Yes Is Selected
What would you like to see built or provided in the areas of Florida you visited?
Community parks
Playgrounds for children
Campgrounds
Fishing areas
Outdoor public swimming pools
Biking paths/trails
Paved walkways
Hiking/Walking trails
Horseback riding trails
Nature/Interpretive trails
Saltwater boat access or ramps
Freshwater boat access or ramps

Access for canoes or kayaks
Fishing piers
Beach access/parking
Hunting areas
Off-road vehicle areas/trails
Wildlife viewing areas/overlooks
Off-leash dog areas
Football fields
Soccer fields
Public tennis courts
Outdoor basketball courts
Public golf courses
Baseball fields
Softball fields
Others (list) _____

In what state do you live?

Alabama
Alaska
Arizona
Arkansas
California
Colorado
Connecticut
Delaware
District of Columbia
Georgia
Hawaii
Idaho
Illinois
Indiana
Iowa
Kansas
Kentucky
Louisiana
Maine
Maryland
Massachusetts
Michigan
Minnesota
Mississippi
Missouri
Montana
Nebraska
Nevada
New Hampshire
New Jersey
New Mexico
New York
North Carolina
North Dakota
Ohio
Oklahoma
Oregon
Pennsylvania
Rhode Island
South Carolina
South Dakota
Tennessee
Texas
Utah
Vermont
Virginia
Washington
West Virginia
Wisconsin
Wyoming

The place where you live?
Large city or urban area
Suburban area
Small city or town
Rural area on a farm or ranch
Rural area NOT on a farm or ranch

How many children aged 17 or younger in your household?

Your education?
Some high school
High school graduate or equivalent
Some college or trade school degree
Bachelor's degree
Master's degree
Professional or doctorate degree (e.g., M.D. or Ph.D.)

Your total household income before taxes?
Under $20,000
$20,000 - $39,999
$40,000 - $59,999
$60,000 - $79,999
$80,000 - $99,999
$100,000 - $119,999
$120,000 or more
Prefer not to answer

Your Race / ethnic background?
African (not African-American)
Black or African-American
East Asian (from Japan, China, Korea, Philippines, etc.)
Hispanic or Latino
Middle Eastern
Native American or Alaskan native or Aleutian
Native Hawaiian
South Asian (from India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, etc.)
White or Caucasian

Your age?

Your gender?
Male
Female

{END OF TOURIST SURVEY}

Appendix C: Profile of Florida Resident Respondents

Gender:	
Female:	63%
Male:	37%

Age:	
Minimum:	18 years old
Maximum:	99 years old
Mean:	47 years old

Race / Ethnic Background (Listed Alphabetically):	
African (not African-American)	1.9%
Black or African-American	8.5%
East Asian (from Japan, China, Korea, Philippines, etc.)	2.0%
Hispanic or Latino	11.6%
Middle Eastern	0.2%
Native American or Alaskan native or Aleutian	0.8%
Native Hawaiian	0.1%
South Asian (from India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, etc.)	1.4%
White or Caucasian	73.6%

Household Income Before Taxes:	
Under $20,000	15.0%
$20,000 - $39,999	23.5%
$40,000 - $59,999	18.5%
$60,000 - $79,999	13.7%
$80,000 - $99,999	8.0%
$100,000 - $119,999	5.2%
$120,000 or more	9.1%
Prefer not to answer	7.0%

Educational Attainment:	
Some high school	3.1%
High school graduate or equivalent	17.7%
Some college or trade school degree	36.8%
Bachelor's degree	28.0%
Master's degree	10.6%
Professional or doctorate degree (e.g., M.D. or Ph.D.)	3.8%

Place Where You Live:	
Suburban area	44.6%
Large city or urban area	24.3%
Small city or town	21.9%
Rural area NOT on a farm or ranch	7.1%
Rural area on a farm or ranch	2.0%

Appendix D: Profile of Florida Tourist Respondents

Gender:	
Female:	54%
Male:	46%

Age:	
Mean:	40 years old
SD:	14.9 years

Race / Ethnic Background (Listed Alphabetically):	
African (not African-American)	1.3%
Black or African-American	5.3%
East Asian (from Japan, China, Korea, Philippines, etc.)	3.4%
Hispanic or Latino	5.2%
Middle Eastern	0.4%
Native American or Alaskan native or Aleutian	1.1%
Native Hawaiian	0.1%
South Asian (from India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, etc.)	2.2%
White or Caucasian	81.0%

Household Income Before Taxes:	
Under $20,000	6.4%
$20,000 - $39,999	16.7%
$40,000 - $59,999	19.9%
$60,000 - $79,999	18.3%
$80,000 - $99,999	14.1%
$100,000 - $119,999	7.3%
$120,000 or more	12.8%
Prefer not to answer	4.5%

Educational Attainment:	
Some high school	0.6%
High school graduate or equivalent	9.5%
Some college or trade school degree	33.1%
Bachelor's degree	39.3%
Master's degree	14.0%
Professional or doctorate degree (e.g., M.D. or Ph.D.)	3.5%

Place Where You Live:	
Suburban area	43.4%
Large city or urban area	23.0%
Small city or town	22.5%
Rural area NOT on a farm or ranch	7.4%
Rural area on a farm or ranch	3.7%

Trips to Florida in the Past 12 months:	
Number of trips:	2.1
Trips with Outdoor Recreation:	1.9
Total Days in Florida:	17.0

Appendix E: Comments / Suggestions Typed by Florida Residents

A lot of beach access locations (Bay County) do not have enough parking near them.
A zipline lets the magic of gravity do all the work. Fitted with a specially-designed harness, you'll reach speeds of up to 25 miles per hour on our fastest zips. On other elements of the course, you can savor breathtaking views of the majestic Redwood forest at a leisurely pace. / / Created as a way to perform scientific research in remote jungles and other previously inaccessible places, ziplines are enjoying an explosion in popularity as high-adventure experiences, in places ranging from Costa Rica to Australia – and even on ships at sea. But now, you can experience the excitement of ziplines here in Sonoma County, at Sonoma Canopy Tours.
Abandoned boat ramps and parking lots.
ability to get into spaces (parking, walking) that are limited
Access
Access
Access for disabled daughter.
access in my county to the ocean is limited
Access to anywhere is along a major highway, "off the road" bike paths would be amazing!
Access to fishing and beach areas. I don't think Florida residents should have to pay for parking at local beaches.
Access to marinas for sail boats in St Johns County. There are a few marinas with only south of Switzerland. The Community of Rivertown wanted to put in a dry boat storage building - thankfully, this is on hold. Instead of putting in such a large building that only accommodates motor boats, we feel that it would be more beneficial to support every type of boating and put in a marina to accommodate all.
Access to power, shaded areas at the park, Assistants at the park.
Access to public pool / Wildlife conservation / Promotion of importance of conservation
Access to the beach
Access to the beachside is lacking in southern Brevard county
Accessibility for those who have a disability
Accessibility to recreational activities/facilities/beaches being hampered by overdevelopment. We need a moratorium on development.
Access is for the most part very good, it would be nice to have the State Park pass cost less for seniors.
Actually there is nothing else
ADA accessible programs
Adequate space for wildlife to co-exist with humans
Adventure parks / Board sports / Horticulture and gardening / Recreational diving / Outdoor recreation techniques / Outdoor locating games / Outdoor cinema / Cliff jumping / Commercial playgrounds / Czech Hiking Markers System / Czech Tourist Club / Czech tramping
Again handicapped accessible
Agricultural runoff
Air pollution
Algae blooms affecting local waters.
All activities outside
All most perfect so nice it better than perfect I like it good value so better
All the new Construction really bothers me when there are so many buildings that are sitting empty that could be revamped and utilize rather than taking up our land and building new buildings.

All the new development that is destroying what outdoor recreation is about. The animals will have nowhere to go, so we cannot enjoy spending time viewing them
All want is to be able to swim in a pool. I'm willing to pay a membership fee.
Allergies
All economy fees
Animal and wildlife conservation issues are important to me and impact me. There should be even more focus on weeding out species that are not natural to our land as well. These invasive species need to be stopped.
Animal extinction increasing
animals, trail maintenance
Any impact to me is positive ones
Any outdooring activities
Anything that impacts Florida's aquifer and springs is not a good thing and will hurt Florida; this includes using too much water for agriculture or water bottling companies, fracking, and gas pipelines.
Are they family friendly; there is only one area I can safely take my kids out fishing that has clean restrooms
As a senior citizen, simply getting to them is always an issue. Also I am disturbed by the amount of land (and water) being used for new homes, apartment complexes, and businesses.
As a trail runner, the availability of organized trail races is extremely important to me.
As already "stated," access to public saltwater and freshwater waterways, including cost of parking, admission, vendors, etc.
As I said previously, travel distances are a BIG issue for me. I'd like if there was some kind of ferry or transportation method that could cheaply take me to big recreation centers.
As someone who is partially disabled (trouble walking distances), I would appreciate more areas for sitting along trails and easier access to beaches. And PSTA needs to provide better services for access to different areas. I live in Largo, where buses run infrequently and it can take 2 hours each way to get anywhere.
ASSISTED WALKWAYS AND/OR ENTRANCES TO NATURE TRAILS OR VIEWING PLATFORMS
At the moment none as I stay at home
At the park down the road the bathroom has not been fixed in months. It is things like this that makes people not want to go to parks.
Authorities abusing their power to restrict people of communities from enjoying themselves.
Availability
Availability of permits
Balancing recreation with conservation.
Baseball sports /
Based on theoretical and methodological similarities between research on recreation-related norms and contingent valuation, three methodological issues--question format, starting point bias, and information bias--are explored as they apply to measuring crowding-related norms of visitors to two national parks. Few statistically or substantively significant differences in crowding-related norms were found to be associated with these methodological issues. Study findings suggest that measures of crowding-related norms may be relatively "robust," and this may add weight to the "validity" of the theory and methods associated with crowding-related norms in outdoor recreation.
Basketball
Basketball game

Beach - water quality, (red tide research) as it relates to health of fish and humans & tourism / Beach quality, sand amount upkeep resulting from erosion, upkeep - litter on beaches / More Changing stations and restrooms and parking for public access beach areas. / More emphasis on history at nature sites, more rangers on duty for maintenance, education and safety
Beach erosion effects being able to do salt water fishing off the shores of New Smyrna beach and Daytona beach areas.
Beach driving is important to me. The beach is for everyone not just the new high rise condos and hotels. The vendors take up a lot of space too.
Beach recreation
Beach time
beach, golf, sightseeing
Because any recreation-related issue affects everyone - they just may not know what's happening.
Because I am older, I really appreciate the many areas with boardwalks to walk on. It's much easier on an old body.
Because it is very significant for people to recreate in an open air and is the best for health and all that, we have good life and health first of all that is the most important in a recreational community
Being fairly new to Florida, driving experiences have become important.
Being unemployment
Beneficial use is related to physical and social rewards aimed at an end that inspires the activities of individuals or groups. 2. Outdoor activities are predominantly physical, but can also be mentally, emotionally and spiritually rewarding. 3. One of the best ways to experience life on a college campus is through your sports teams. 4. Meet new people and have the opportunity to cultivate friendships, distract, chat, and enjoy.
Better access for disabled
Better access to get to areas for those who don't drive, walkways for seniors or disable to enjoy areas
Better beach amenities at Fort Island beach, more parking in Inverness trail areas and bathrooms!! Also stop development of wooded areas for commercial or trailer parks.
better roads and lighting
Bicycling
Bicycling, beach, shopping, phone (music).
Biggest issue is feeling safe on trails. Also finding parking areas for these trails that doesn't entail some business parking lot where I might get towed.
Bike and eating
Bike paths on the main highway in this area
Bike ride going to park
Bike trails
Bikers on the road are terribly dangerous
biking and walking
Biking, hiking, camping, and park viewing
Bird watching
Bird watching
Boat ramp fees in Taylor county
Boating and nature trails
Boy scout family, kids activities
Bradford County really has none so l have to go to other counties. Ex. Goldhead in Clay county.
Breath fresh air

Brevard County is working on the Indian Lagoon Project to fix the problem that is contributing to the fish kill in the Lagoon.
Brown Algae, Fertilizer Irrigation Issues
bug free needs to spray more
Bugs. There's no control of that really /
Building homes or business around lakes and not allowing access for fishing.
Building projects, expansions, lack of animals
Buy land and set it aside to prevent development! We need GREEN SPACE! This is not complicated. As you know, green space helps in all sorts of ways (reduces traffic and smog, helps with water quality, prevents runoff, provides wildlife habitat, etc. etc.) What is the issue here? Just do it.
campfires, sanitation, damage/disturbances to wildlife
Camping
Camping and hunting
camping, fish
camping, fishing, hunting
Camps, excursions
Can't afford
Can't enjoy outdoors due to health issues right now
Care of the environment
Careless people destroying the beauty of nature by their lack of concern for others
Charging to keep them up
Church activities teaching people about Jesus.
Cycling, skate, swimming
Cycling, skate, swimming
City owned tennis center could be better maintained several people have fallen because the clay courts are not adequately watered
Clay County has no public pools and only 2 public schools with pools. Florida is the perfect climate for pools most counties have access to multiple pools but Clay county has none but we have Olympic swimmer here. It is a great year round sport that could help our youth in many ways. We have football, soccer, and basketball courts in so many locations.
Clean rivers
Clean the outdoors
Clean water
Clean water clean water clean water lack of adequate environmental regulations
Cleaned
Cleanliness of beaches and saltwater; making sure that there are signs posted indicating when it's unsafe to swim due to current or unclean water; transients in park areas. /
Cleanliness of land and water is very important to me because I got a deadly blood infection from swimming in intercoastal waterway
Cleanliness of our waters, and recreational areas. Health hazards
Cleanliness of public areas. I do not have a solution for demanding that people clean up after themselves.
Cleanliness of recreation areas. / safety.
Cleanliness of the refrain recreational facility

Cleanliness, security, organizing optimizations
Cleanliness. Too many bugs or possible poisonous snakes. That doesn't mix well with my children.
Cleanliness....Tired of seeing oil slicks in rivers and streams
Clear Air
Clearwater Beach is now awful. Can't even see the shoreline from S. Gulf view, only a concrete wall & place looks like a combination theme park/parking lot/shopping center instead of a beach. I NEVER go to my hometown beach anymore, but I pay property taxes as well as sales tax. #2 Understand tourism $$ essential but wish more facilities, activities would remember that not everyone is a tourist or a retired person from another state - Florida residents no longer work only I tourism/service industries, we also contribute to the economy, pay taxes and as such, should be entitled to equal consideration in facility planning & development. I was born here and love my sunny Gulf side hometown, but it has become so consumerism-touristy, overdeveloped "hot flat & crowded" that I am seriously looking into moving to another state entirely.
CLOSING HAULOVER AT SUNSET
CLOSING OF PUBLIC AND SEMI-PRIVATE GOLF COURSES
Coastal debris
Concern for safety of turtles while nesting and hatching / Dirty beaches /
Concert with the animals and plants typical of this state and each county, areas of underwater fauna observation (aquarium, boats), parks where nature is conserved without human intervention, more emphasis on historical sites
Condos and hotels wanting to privatize the beach front
Conservation development
Conserving habitat for wildlife, especially endangered species
Construction, building.
Contaminated water
Convenient sometimes the places we do have are so crowded you can’t enjoy being there if we had more places maybe there would be less caosis
Cool
Cost
Cost
Cost
Cost
Cost
Cost
COST AND ACESSIBILITY
COST AND DISTANCE
Cost and distance
Cost and distance
Cost and distance for the good places to visit
Cost as well as preferring someone to participate with
COST FOR PARKING AT BEACHES
Cost of access, adequate parking
Cost of admission fees
cost of beach parking – crowding
Cost of campgrounds. /

cost of equipment
cost of fuel
Cost of going to recreation areas, cost of gas, cost of equipment to use in outdoor activities
Cost of parking for beach
Cost of State Park Annual Permit
cost of the pool /
cost of using public lands
Cost to access public parks
Costs
costs and location
Costs of transportation
Costs of transportation and lack of public transportation.
County or city commission decisions
Create recreations that involve children so that they learn to reserve and take care of nature
Create something other soccer fields. What about those who are ageing and want to remain physically active. Covered/enclosed picnic areas or covered areas on trails to protect from the sun when resting.
Creation of more parks and sporting areas
Crest Lake Park is in the heart of Clearwater, I have visited it since a young girl. Sad to see it not being fully realized and used as a center of attention. It is a beautiful little park, with no facilities for bathrooms because of people misusing them. Wish there was a way to revitalize this particular park.
Crime is bad in some places in my area and it scares off people and plans to have more recreations areas.
crime rate in certain areas
Crimes
Crowded spaces can be very annoying at times.
Currently there are many environmental hazards caused by corporations that will destroy our environment.
Curtail commercial development of natural sites and severely limit known polluters such as Mosaic, etc.
decrease in wild life due to urban growth
Destruction of wildlife habitat by real estate developers.
Development by companies. Lack of proper maintenance
devil mill hopper a park in Gainesville Florida one of the best you can walk the nature trail there or leno state park had swimming and lot of trails and a zoo of animal to look at and a camp for kids
Dirt bike riding (motorcycle)
Dirt, and bugs
disability access
disabled access
Distance
Distance
Distance
Distance and fees
Distance to drive in rival county. Urban area mostly right on the coast
Distance to get to facility, concerns about wildlife and humans littering area

Distance, cost
Distraction
Distraction
Distractions of wild life reefs and waterways
do not have any other issues that impact me
do not recall any
Do not use nature recreation areas to make a profit like building a golf course.
dog friendly areas
Dog park
Dog parks
Dog parks aren't regulated and therefore aggressive dogs aren't banned. Plus, the leash law isn't enforced so ignorant irresponsible owners allow their dogs to run around the parking area putting my SERVICE DOG and I at risk. We had a close call with a black pitbull, I called the police and Animal Control and they did nothing. I will never take Jake to a dog park again!!
Dog walking
dog walking
Don't close any of them or raise taxes
driving/parking/safety/crowds
Easy access to beach, walkways and bathrooms at beach. Security of piers at beach.
Encroachment and spoiling by privatization and commercialization. Ramps not sailboat friendly b/c power lines. Inadequate funding. Anchoring restrictions. Youth involvement.
Enforcing security to make outdoor activities safe, keeping our water clean and control of pollution.
Environmental impact
Everything is spread out.
Excellent
Excellent
Excellent subject has a good idea I really like it
Except when I am with younger members of my family, I mainly use our association pool for outdoor exercise.
Expensive
Expensive
Expensive to play outdoor sports and over development and need more bike lanes to stay safe
fake news
Family friendly
Family games and other Hispanic habits
fast food I wish they had less
Fees
Fees - Cost of parking.
Fees for access to state parks and recreation areas are not necessary if proper state funding would be in place. Often times I would utilize parks if I didn't have to pay to get to them.
Fees, licenses to fish

Fell in love with Florida State Parks while traveling in winter. Love living here now and frequently take our RV to various state parks just for fun. Only complaint is that dogs are not allowed on state beaches. It means my husband and I cannot walk them because we do have a dog.
ferries are too expensive
Finance
Financial
Finding locations that are quiet enough to take my son with autism, as he has a lot of sensory issues with babies and children in general.
Fishing
Fishing
Fishing
Fishing
fishing
fishing I like to fish but because of the cost I don't do it
Fishing in a lake, watching baseball games at the baseball field,
Fishing should be free for fresh water and salt water
Fishing, shell hunting, walking
fishing, wildlife
flood waters
Florida has great outdoor recreation opportunities with the beaches, rivers, lakes, theme parks, and nature areas. There should be no reason for folks to enjoy them.
Florida has some wonderful state parks and forests. However, hiking and off-road bicycling trails are not publicized and in some cases not maintained. As an example, the road (James Scenic Highway) through the Fakahatchee Strand State Park is terrible. If people can't get to recreational areas, they won't use them. The Adventure Trail in Collier Seminole State Park would be a big attraction if the swampy section had a boardwalk.
Florida is a natural treasure. I grew up in Florida. I feel the current government leaders (Governor and the House and Senate) do not put adequate funding or attention to the preservation of Florida's natural environment, including its waterways, springs and beaches. We should be purchasing more land for conservation and long term protection from the inevitable development that will occur.
Florida is a wonderful state for year round outdoor activities.
Florida is just an amazing place. I've lived here almost 6 years now and still get awed by it's diversity and beauty. It concerns me highly that while I guess tourist dollars are important for our economy that those same tourists don't seem to care about the natural beauty that makes FL so awesome. I'd love to see the tourist tax proposal resubmitted as obviously if someone can afford to vacay here they can afford a pittance to help defray the cost of the damage they do. Cleaning up their trash requires more and has more impact than they realize.
Flying drones
Football
Football games parades fundraisers
Football, and youth soccer
Free recreation is better than paying.
free transportation
Front gate of enter and wall attached

Fun
Garden
Gardening
Gator watching, airboating
Gators.
Getting to and from the area and parking
Global warming and economic issues are about all I can give you
global warming is real so the state continually polluting waterways should be stopped
going fishing / checking old history
golfing and the cost to play on a public course
GOOD
Good
Good
Good
Good
Good facilities and entertainment
good location
good nice I liked that
good very good
great and sunny love it
Great facilities where we live, I think people live in this area because of the many recreational opportunities offered. Every high school built in Florida should have a pool, every kid can swim.
Great for me to know
Handicap access
Handicap access and not enough seating/rest areas along the way
handicap accessibility
Handicap accessible
handicapped accessible with restrooms
happy where we are at,
Have more recreational areas with access to what you require
Have you seen the cost line? What a mess what community allows a high-rise building on the coastline - to rob the whole community of easy access to the beauty of the beaches?? I headed down to the easiest beach line I could find and drove around for an hour before I glimpsed a bit for beach.. until that I was trying to find the local roads going west... so sad (and shade on you all to let that happen) / It is going to take decades to tare those high-rises down and decades more for an eco-system to arise... what a mess!! / And what about metro planning.. the way the roads are planned around here... what am I saying there is no planning and never has been. What you all need to do is take a lesson from Robert Mosses... It might be unkind although I hate to extrapolate what this community will be like in 5 or 10 years if something like that is not DONE.
Haven't been to Ft. Desoto as much since it costs 5 dollars.
Having enough time off from work to participate.
Having only lived in the Pensacola area for less than six years we are just learning where things are. Access to fresh and salt water is a real asset to the area.

Having safe places to explore
Having the time to be outdoor and enjoy the weather and be so happy to still be able to enjoy the outside
Having things for kids
Having to pay for the outdoor experience
Health
Health problems
Heat is the major outdoor related issue that impacts us, especially because the children get hot very fast
Help me relax after a long day at work
HELPS ME DESTROY ME THAT IS A GREAT IMPACT FOR ME
High cost to change campsite dates, planned cost to register kayaks in Florida, high cost to book campsite - too many fees, campsites physically hard to get into space, Lack of posting whether campsite has LIMITED phone cell or internet coverage. Need SIGNS from BOTH directions...like once one in park...campground from the boat ramp. Unshaded parking, unshaded campsites, lack of kayak launches. inaccessible launches, should be EASY to cart kayak to launch.. paved. More car drop offs. spots to watch sunset/sunrise.
High costs for some outdoors activities, for example for renting a bike in Tampa downtown
Hiking
Hiking
hiking and biking
Hiking, Golf, Swimming, Travelling, Jogging, Walking, Picnic, Tennis court
Hiking, swimming, atv
hILLSBOROUGH cOUNTY SHOULD BE ABLE TO USE tAMPA POOLS ETC AS THEY ARE IN THE SAME COUNTY
Homeless population make hiking some of the area parks unsafe for a person alone. I would like to have more routine patrols by police in parks. / / It would be so much fun to have public park camping events - bring your tent, enjoy campfire and games, learn survival skills, etc, police could vet participants in advance, or provide security.
Homeless using the facilities as a place to sleep, drink, and do drugs.
Homeschool PE used to take place near us, but not anymore. Easter parties, crafts, etc... also. Places that reinforce teaching of history are of importance. Animals to see that are not as expensive as the Zoo are great. Safe areas to bicycle under shady trees.
horseback riding, farming, fishing, hunting
hours available
Hours of operation
How happy the children are when we are playing with them /
How people keep their surrounding /
How popular the place is. How many people are using the place.
Hunter's creek BCP fields NEEDS floodlights and a paved road. Celebration K8 fields need lights.
Hunting access to public lands is very limited, causing many hunters to use private lands---an expensive option that is not open to everyone.
Hunting and trapping
hunting areas for public--we aren't all farmers
Hurricane Matthew hit us and we are still cleaning up from the storms and so are our parks
I am an avid outdoor person so I enjoy fishing and anything outdoors
I am a fisherman, not being able to get in certain areas is a big problem, there have been a lot of areas closing that I was able to get to in the past.

I am disabled and love freshwater fishing. I have to pay an annual fee to get into some parks after dark. Being a disabled vet., I would like to be able to get into those outdoor recreation sites at a more feasible cost.
I am disabled on a walker. Sometimes it is cumbersome to reach a close picnic table. I really enjoy all that the parks have to offer.
I am not really sure what you are asking here but if it was I want available in my county I would love more horseback riding areas,
I am physically disabled and would enjoy more things to do that are easier.
I am primarily interested in providing fishing and hiking/wildlife opportunities for adults and children. We must conserve our forests and wildlife and make them accessible to the people, at a reasonable cost. The benefit to our families and children is critical.
I am unable to participate in outdoor activities
I am unable to use these facilities so I have no impact
I am very concerned about the ability to hunt on public lands, and especially in Federal and/or State Parks. I feel strongly that should this be allowed I will have to discontinue my support and will no longer visit the parks.
I am visually impaired so transportation is a challenge as well as it somewhat limits some of the activities I can do.
I am worried that the public lands that are used for the local bikes trails might be taken by the government to use for developing (subdivisions, plazas, etc)
I believe better communication with the public is essential.
I believe that ever body needs to turn green for the safety of the planet. They are cutting down to many trees and this affects the air that we breathe. Our oceans need to be clean to save the animals that live there because that also affects the air we breathe.
I believe that the fresh water fishing in my area has issues that need to be address. There are area that are only catch and release and the other areas are not easily accessed, nor can the catch be edible since all the Chemicals used in for grass in this area. There is no Boast access in Flagler county into the Atlantic Ocean.
I can’t be in the sun much due to the rays of sun on my skin because of past skin cancer
I can't believe that there are no parks or playgrounds to take kids to in Polk County. My grandchildren get really bored when they come over because there is nothing to do. Money is a big concern for me as I am on a fixed budget. We need something for them to do.
I can't really think of any issues at all. The area I live in has beautiful beaches, plenty of trails, plenty of parks, and most any outdoor activity that I would like to do. You don't have to go too far if you live on the coast to find beautiful beaches and parks.
I can't recall when I have attended a national conference with a more clearly defined objective than this one. We are here to document outdoor recreation trends and explore their meaning for the future. The word "trend" appears no less than 45 times in the conference brochure, and the symposium organizers are determined that the proceedings will be "the most comprehensive assessment of outdoor recreation trends ever compiled.
I can’t think of any impacts, it's all about your personal values when it comes to the great outdoors. I think lack of awareness of certain activities and programs is the issue. You have to ask someone if they know or you have to dig deep on the internet. If there were site where it named all the outdoor activities and when and for how much, I think more people would participate. Florida is the best state to become involved in outdoor activities. There should not be one person in this state that has over weight issues or health issues for that matter. The weather here is beautiful all year long. I love living here. We even have 13 nude beaches. But anyhow.
I don't drive anymore and only get to go when my children take me. Fortunately, I took them when they were growing up and they love the outdoors.
I don't have any other recreation-related issues that impact me! I think Florida does a great job!

I don't really understand what you are looking for, but I find that in most of Florida too many people live too close to the water and block easy public access. During a natural disaster they expect taxpayers to rebuild. There is a natural cycle - let nature take its course. Stop building so close to the water, stop tearing down natural forests.
I enjoy bicycling but the roads around where I live is so busy with traffic it is no fun to go out bicycling!!!!
I enjoy many types of parks in my area. I play tennis most often. A tennis backboard which might fit pretty nicely behind the pro shop at Lake Cane Center, or a racquetball structure possibly toward the back of the park, would bring nice opportunity for a work-out and friendly competition!
I enjoy soccer and would like there to be more publicly available fields, but I don't know if enough people share my view.
I feel like I would use more outdoor recreation areas if my health and weight were better. In Florida it is so hot and a lot of the activities include a lot of walking.
I feel like that there is always only the same things you can do and it gets boring really fast
I find a direct relationship to my access to outdoor recreation and my mental wellbeing. I also want my child to appreciate outdoor recreation and nature in order to (hopefully) be a responsible citizen of the earth.
I go to the park at Lake Eva every day and the railings at both staircases in the parking lot are so wobbly they are dangerous. I have a seizure disorder and the other day I reached for the railing for support and nearly fell backward on the concrete stairs because of the rail being so wobbly. Also, I saw an elderly man had to back down and go all the way around the parking lot because he was unable to use the stairs with the rail in that condition.
I hate driving in Florida. In order to get to the trails, I have to drive, and that spikes my anxiety and prevents me from enjoying my workout to the fullest.
I have a disability so it makes it difficult to get around certain places if there are no handicap access. Having to go through rocks and sands hinder my ability. I use a walker and wheelchair.
I have a young toddler and when I try to bring him to parks they are awful and not taken care of. The nearest playground that is even worth going to is way too far to travel.
I have all the wildlife in my own area, I do not have to travel anywhere but life in FL has to be the best in the USA
I have been living in FL for only 20 yrs. it i amazing what is being done to the animals habitat. seems like everywhere I turn, there is a machine tearing down another set of wood. i love to bird watch, i have noticed there are several species not returning each year. the butterfly, bees and dragon flies are fewer each year. the foxes haven't been seen in years, almost the same with bob cats. don't get me started on the loss of gators in our area. i haven't seen one in yrs
I just believe more should be done for our youth
I just feel that Florida and especially Marion County needs to spend more money on playgrounds for children, I came from MN and in the urban areas, there was a park to play at within walking distance, generally in several different directions and I feel like they should have more neighborhood playgrounds here also.
I just think that everything is too commercialized. I realize they charge so they can maintain the parks, conservation and pay employees. But it's becoming so crowded because of tourist. You can't go out much and be relatively by yourself.
I just walk with my dog all around my parks in Hollywood and there are many to choose from I think this area is great place for a dog
I just wish there were more parks available and that they were easier to find.
I like
I like
I like all kinds of outdoor activities and it is necessary for the counties to have the proper places for me to go to or I need to travel or live elsewhere.
I like public parks which I see are still being invaded by housing developments of some sort. I am afraid that eventually we will have NO public nature parks.
I like the parks and what they offer.

I like to be with nature and in the sunshine! I have lived in Florida my whole life!
I like to bike but it is too dangerous to bike in my community. The Pinellas trail is a model for abundant biking opportunities and I would like to see more in Hillsborough county and connections to Pinellas
i like to go out on weekends and have some good times in the beach, its a very full filled activities for share time with friends and family, the sand and the beach is a perfect environment for recreation.
I like to go to the beach and spend the day relaxing. I also like to walk in the woods and watch the wildlife
I like to hike but often can't get to the places I want to go.
i like to ride my bike with my husband, so that were in better shape.
I like to swim so having more public lakes that are safe would be good
I live 5 minutes from the coast, but it takes an hour to get to any area that allows access to the ocean for free. That's time (and gas) I don't feel free to spend very often. It's a tragedy that I live in such a beautiful place near the water, but I can't get to it easily. I also want to walk in the woods, but all the parks near me removed the trees when the land was cleared - it was replaced with very few trees and mostly grass. How sad. It is often so hot that taking a walk where there are no trees feels intolerable - at least plant big shade trees when you put trees in a new park! Thank you for listening.
I live in North Port. I enjoy fishing in Charlotte Harbor. Due to the lack of adequate boat ramps especially during snow bird season it is an exercise in frustration to get my boat in the water on weekends and parking is a nightmare at these facilities. The El Jobean ramp is a joke. Due to the Gulf Coast Marine Center should you be able to procure a parking space and launch there is nowhere to tie up your boat to a dock while parking a vehicle due to Gulf Coast monopolizing the entire dock for its clients. The lack of numbers of adequate launch facilities makes an enjoyable experience an exercise in frustration. I have lived and guided here in SW FL for 20 years and have watched the numbers of people attempting to access the water with boats skyrocket. More ramps with adequate parking are sorely needed.
I live in south Tampa and it is very difficult to find open land and parks that are not reserved by soccer or football leagues or are overly crowded.
I live near a salt water marina and boat ramp. I have lived here for 6 years and I have never seen any improvement to the marina/boat ramp at all! /
I love outside activities
I LOVE PARKS AND PLACES THAT HAVE WATER EATING FACLITIES
I love playing outdoor tennis and racquetball, but I find it difficult to enjoy because there are too few parks to participate and play these sports in my area. As far as I know, there are only 2 parks that I am aware of that I can visit to play. I also enjoy walking a nature's trail weekly and picnicking with family too.
I love the bike trail but it really is far away for me.
I love the Legacy Trail but feel that the SRQ area needs to have many more bike paths. I had a police officer advise me to ride on the sidewalk because of the danger of riding on the roads. The supposed bike lanes go from a reasonable three feet in width to about 12 inches in width without warning. How I wish our community would wake up to the fact that people often decide where to live based on the availability of walking and biking options.
I love the nrw park here called dopot park bit ots too expensive to host a party
I love to go to the beach a rent a bicycle two seater and ride down the side walk close to the beach it's a lot of fun
I love to go to the beach and am very satisfied with the proximity and quality of the beaches in Flagler County.
I mainly go to Franklin Locks, which is often crowded. They have more land to expand the picnic area's. but funding is probably a issue.
I moved from Lee County to Polk. I live in a community with many outdoor activities, but would still like to see more interesting outdoor activities such as concerts, horseback riding stables, etc
I need a space for the kids, a good service hotel and good food
I need handicap / accessible swimming pools...I have 1 at home but I like to participate with the family

I really get tired of the litter in and around all natural areas. I see trash everywhere: on the street, in the lakes, by the lake. I don't understand why people do this when we have some beautiful places to enjoy. Why create filth, and why jeopardize the wildlife by tossing your garbage in the bodies of water?
I really want mountain biking trails in my county, this sport is exciting. I would like very much in my community, young people need more access to the outdoors, technology away from nature. Cycle tracks would be good motivation.
i think Florida has many beautiful areas where you can enjoy the outdoors I have no issues
I think it's disgusting that we have to pay for a license for fishing.
I think my main issue in not getting out more is traffic and parking lot fees. I feel like many of the older areas in Dade and Broward are so congested because the roads are too small to accommodate the amount of cars we have on the road today.
I think that planning should be more consideration for the youth instead of the snow birds
I think that recreation parks are very suitable both for young people, and for adults who want to spend a pleasant time with family, is so much to enjoy a family Sunday, with friends, with your partner, reactionary parks should be seen More small so that you can have more tourism in the country and have more places to visit with family, enjoying the outdoors.
I think that the recreational parks around me need to try and stay better cleanliness wise but other than that I believe that the lake vista recreational center is an amazing outdoor space for families to enjoy and playgrounds for kids to play at.
I think that they should build more parks in Polk County. They have a ton of land, but do nothing with it. I think they should also build more stores as it would bring more people and more jobs to Polk County. I think more recreational activities would be a big plus as kids would have more things to do. They should build more libraries in Lake Wales, right now there is only 1
I think that you have covered all issues
I think the views and beauty sides is a good travel for me and my friend , I hope we will have a good day with delicious food and drink, have a night party , good hotel
I think there should be more pools in the summer and more summer camps for kids to keep them off the streets while parents are working, I also feel they should have more accessible places for the disabled man, woman or child to go where they can feel comfortable outdoors instead of watch tv. Or playing games on tv. Computer or their cell phones.
I think they should have more corving ay the play area
I think we really need more biking trails and walkways in this area. (poinciana) I use my bike a lot and we have very few areas to just ride. We also have very few walkways. It is dangerous to ride on the side of the roads.
I use a metal detector and most all state and federal parks do not allow this to be done in the parks. For responsible people with a permit, it should be allowed.
I use public transportation and it is limited on Sundays and all nights. We need more fishing piers extending into the Gulf of Mexico on Anna Maria Island.
I used to scuba dive here in the Florida Keys. Now the coral is ALL DEAD and bleached-out from pollution, increased water acidity, and global warming. I cannot fathom how you conduct an outdoor recreation 'SURVEY' that completely avoided this issue and scuba diving in general.
I wanna feel safe when I go camping. I haven't been on a campsite before but my husband and my son has been with the Boy Scout, because it's a big group I think it's a bit safer. I think if it's just us as a family, I will be scared because I don't if there is bad people out there with us on the campsite.
I want to be able to leave my front door on foot or bike and safely make it to a recreation facility.
I want to do fun outdoor activities. i would like to see exercise parks, sports or activities that are more affordable and more funding.
I want to go to the ocean for fishing together with my family and friends, bicycling, going to the zoo, to the park, to the church

I wish Hillsborough county had recreational waterfront/beaches. So much of the waterfront in my area is industrial. The nearest beach is an hour's drive away. There also doesn't seem to be much to do outdoors in Brandon.
I wish I could go snorkeling without having to get on a boat with 20 strangers. In Hawaii, there are places you can drive to, and then just hop in the water and have access to beautiful reefs. Why not in Key West????
I wish people would be more respectful of wildlife especially if they accidentally hit them with their car. I have had to take several wading birds, turtles to a vet who specializes in wild life because of the carelessness of people.
I wish that there were more outdoor activities that were offered to draw youth in and make it exciting for them to experience the outdoors.
I wish the dog beach at Haulover would be everyday instead of the few days a week offered to us as dog owners and tax payers.
I wish there were more sidewalks so it's easier to walk from place to place rather than drive.
I wish they would hurry up and rebuild the park closest to me / It's a pin to drive about 8 mins versus 3 minutes to nearest park
I wish we have more information about nature parks and outdoor activities.
I work 7 days a week and find that many venues close too early for me to get there or have enough time to get value for money spent.
I WOULD LOVE TO SEE ALL KINDS OF FISH HERE WHERE YOU CAN EAT THE FISH SAFE
I would just like more recreation around us, we are on state rd 54 and gunn, Trinity area, maybe a skate park, baseball, a large rec center
I would like more access to freshwater lakes for fishing.
I would like more free or low cost activities to do with children outdoors
I would like more outdoor facilities that are geared toward youth activities and interests to be able to provide that experience to my grandchildren.
I would like there to be more fishing and camping activities for the young and adults
I would like to have more near walking distance free dog pooping parks, for people to stop bringing their dog poop to my yard. So I can live in a clean neighborhood.
I would like to see access to horseback riding in public parks.
I would like to see cleaner beaches because the water and area needs to be safe.
I would like to see either add to existing trails or develop new trails that provide exercise stations along the trail. Had these in Delaware and their great! You get to stop and enjoy the surroundings and complete low impact exercises at each stop
I would like to see more money put into the maintenance of state park facilities. So more tourists would be willing to visit parks more frequently. And know there will be very nice facilities, no matter which state park they visit. Also more ATV trails to explore.
I would like to see more places to park and secure bicycles as well as more designated bike lanes.
I would like to see paved roads and lights at BCCP in Orange County.
I would love to have a park with walkways to stroll and covered picnic tables with grilling access in the Pace community geared to older adults. We have recreation parks for children, but nothing for older adults.
I would love to see a roller skating rink for all ages.
I would love to see more site seeing areas around.
i would only wish big companies quit buying up Florida’s land and leaving things natural we have beautiful wildlife , water scenic views but all this is being destroyed for a concrete world. very upsetting for me personally
I would really like to see more dedicated biking paths through nature in Osceola County.
I would say one of the biggest issues in terms of recreational related issues would be the maintenance of the land. There are many areas where I cycle or run through and the land it not taken care of the lawn is not maintained, or the trees are not trimmed so these are some issues that restrict you.

If they are far we can't go to parks as much. Also we needed more sidewalks for walks and bicycling
I'm concerned about the over development of land for residential and commercial use, mixed use developments. The beauty of cities such as New York and Paris, France is preserved in their small parks scattered throughout the city. Even though we are close to the Everglades and the ocean, the volume of development seems to be without consideration for the fact that those two places are not easily available to everyone. Small parks or "green space" to take a lunch break or pull into under a shade tree to make a cell phone call, are essential to keeping my county beautiful in my opinion.
I'm disabled, and there should be more places that can work around that. I.e., beaches with beach wheelchairs that are available, whether for free or to rent, places which have easier trails, etc.
I'm disabled, and use a wheel chair, so I need access.
I'm new to Florida only been here a year and the only way I can find things to do and where to go is a long search on the internet and it never give all the details needed to plan outdoor events to do It is really hard to find sports activity for my 26 year old son who love to play all sports finding out door activity here is very hard to find when your new to the state
I'm not sure why my answer counts, seeing as how you have moved white people to the bottom of the list.
Imposition of limits on the number of fish you can catch, i.e., red snapper, grouper, etc.
Improvement of boat launching ramps.
In Lee County specially in Fort Myers "Tourism" is one of the most important economical market, with enormous tax revenues, job creation etc., I believe is very important for our city to great incentives such as outdoor recreational markets because that is what tourists and local residents are looking to go. If we build better and more attractive outdoor recreational places definitely that will bring more tourism and more revenues to our county.
In my area of Jacksonville, there is a lack of public parks and walking trails. I can walk in my neighborhood, however, which I do daily. Other recreational opportunities require driving, which can be, typically, 20-30 minutes each way.
In my county I find there are any number of parks and recreational facilities to choose from I don't think cost is an issue but time is probably the biggest deterrent
In my county, Pinellas, there is a lack of access to our beaches now that tourism has exploded. Locals tend to avoid the beaches or go other places in the state to access the water.
In New York I went fishing a lot, since I have moved down here I have not gone fishing at all. The rules down here are different, and I have trouble getting up and any steps.
in Pasco there is little to no coastal access and or beach type areas and what there is private or so guarded that you can't fish or enjoy water sports other than sun bathing or swimming
In search of more family oriented and financially friendly options in my area.
In some cases the vehicular traffic
In Tallahassee it costs 3 dollars a person to get into the aquatic park Marianna needs an aquatic park not just streams coming up from pavement
In Walton county, south Walton is always wanting to separate from the rest of the county. I live in South Walton, but I see this move as selfish, self-serving, and entitled. The beaches should be open to all people, not just the rich who live on the beach. I also see higher taxes if south Walton incorporates. I also feel that the rest of the county needs the tax support from south Walton to keep up the schools. There is no advantage to a separate south Walton. I know it would just be a matter of time until an average income family, like me, would have to sell my home because of higher taxes. Recreation in Walton county should be free or fairly priced for all to enjoy not just the wealthy. A day at the beach for a poor family is a treasure for them and I feel it is so selfish not to want to see a family enjoying the water from your high rise.
Inadequate cleaning system, allowing pollution, excess of people altering the biosystem
Inadequate funding for state parks prevents necessary stewardship of the resources.

Inadequate integration of public outdoor spaces in urban planning and the artificial segregation of outdoor spaces into hard-to-reach parks most consistently available to the wealthy. Green spaces don't need to be large, they need to be plentiful and accessible (which also means accessible via public transportation and, ideally, by foot). A pleasant walk to work for a large number of people is a more valuable contribution to the health and overall well-being of the urban population than the most glorious park that's hard to reach and rarely-visited.
inadequate parking; entrance fees; shortened hours of operation;
increase in available bike trails is needed
information on area and activities
Information on what is available is not always clear or easily available
Insects bites
Insecurity
Insecurity
Intense heat and humidity / insects in the air / allergies caused by pollen
Internet video games Air Conditioning lack of want
Involvement in risky play gives children the opportunity to access risks and manage situations. Even very young children are taking risks, which in turn lead to new learning experiences, such as walking, running, climbing and riding a bike. Each of these activities involves some risks but they are necessary for the development of children and risky play is not different. Risky play gives children the opportunity to extend their limits and learn life skills. Success and failure provide children with the motivation to try again and work out different ways of doing things (Tovey, 2010, pg. 82). Stephenson (2003) suggests it is this motivation to master a new challenge, and the excitement felt when it is finally mastered that drives children to engage in risky play. Coster and Gleeve's (2008) also found that the feelings associated with risky play such as fun, enjoyment, excitement, thrill, pride, and achievement were reasons children often give for engaging in risky play. Movements that are often associated with risky play, such as, swinging, climbing, rolling, hanging, sliding, are not only fun for children but also essential for their motor skills, balance, coordination, and body a
Is good for the body
is good for the life
is very good
Is very good
IS VERY GOOD, I LIKE SO MUCH
Is very innovative
It can be dangerous
It floods a lot in the part of St Lucie county where I live so when we have had a little rain the grass near me turns into a mud pit.
It has a great impact the recreation in the people, because it distances them from the bad influences that can have the community in front of the children of the same ones, a negative impact would be that the same visitors or residents of the place do not take care of their goods well.
It has been my experience that FL state, county, and city recreational parks and facilities do not have the resources they need to be maintained and keep up with to date. More funding for upkeep and additional staffing is desperately needed.
It has been nice that in the past five years they have made new trails for horses and humans but i feel there needs to more land that is preserved
It is best
it is great
It is important to be connected to outdoor recreation is important for health

It is often impossible to find a campsite for a small trailer at a state park due to the excessive use of such facilities by non-residents who often book a site a full year in advance. Wakulla County places virtually no priority in its coastal parks. / / More passive boardwalks through wetlands and observation towers overlooking unique Florida scenery would encourage more school outings and interest in young people to enjoy the natural outdoors.
It is very good to live in Florida
it is very polluted
It isn`t me as much as the Mexican kids; they are constantly being run out of a place to play soccer? Or no place that I`m aware of to play the Nat. pastime (baseball)?
It was very good to me to live in comfortable zone of it
It would be nice to have biking trails near me, I spend a lot of time outdoors with my son. I don't live to far from Bayfront park but it is a few miles away and riding bikes there is just too far for my little guy to go just to ride trails. we also live where there is still land available , where maybe they can build a moderate water theme park for the kids . Anything that comes close to that around here is over an hour away.
It's fun to creating new ideas
ITS GOOD AND RECREATED MY THIS ALL THERE FUNCTION
it's hard to find clean water anywhere in our rivers and even the ocean.....even have to worry about the fish we eat..... it's a national disgrace.....we need to do something now, like listen to the scientists who study these issues .... education, education ,education .....
It's hard to find nice public parks to meet and walk around in, in my community. I live close to the theme parks, and they are very expensive, more local low/ no cost areas would be nice.
It's too easy to be sedentary, and it's hard to get to the local park without a car.
I've perceived a lower rate of ranger/employee presence in parks to oversee pubic behavior and impact. More people causing harm (knowingly or unknowingly) because of lack of staff available.
job and poverty issues
Jogging and bicycling
jogging, walking the beach, discovering intra-costal waterway islands, clamming, fishing, shrimping, bike riding, golfing
Just amount of access to free things for family to do together
Just getting to the places, as I am unable to drive.
just it costs too much to go to the parks or beach.
Just the boating part of it: is the intercoastal waterway in the Ft Lauderdale area clean enough? Is the ocean clean enough? There used to be oil floating on top of the water and medical waste washing up on shore.
Just the insect thing...I have such a bad reaction to them I am stuck inside and can't enjoy the outdoors as much as I'd like
Just the lack of toilet facilities, picnicking areas including cooking grills, and camping facilities (such as running water and maybe including showers), and off road parking, including motorcycle parking space.
Keep all areas clean
Keep up with youth athletic fields. / Driving and parking at area beaches.
Keeping litter to a minimum, keeping the wildlife safe and conserved
Keeping the outdoors clean is very important to us as humans and also to nature itself.
kickball with family / volleyball with family /
Kid friendly rock climbing walls. More areas to view wildlife
Lack of a variety of programs for children as well as lack of certain age groups.
Lack of adequate boat ramps near where I live
lack of adequate public transportation and access to what scarce public transportation that does exist

Lack of affordable transportation
Lack of attention to public bathrooms, inadequate access to sunscreen
Lack of bathroom facilities or facilities that don't work because of not being repaired.
Lack of bathrooms and drinking facilities
Lack of bike lane on River road /
Lack of Bike Lanes on roads. / Lack of law enforcement to protect cyclists. / Lack of Beach Access and cost of parking and lack of bathrooms.
Lack of bike lanes, poor bike awareness campaigns and signage
Lack of boat launches on Ft Lauderdale canals and waterways.
Lack of boat ramps and parking at them, Boaters should have to have some type of certificate to register or drive their boat, lack of public beaches and parking, the continuous granting of developers the right to destroy our beaches, not enough parking at almost all public recreation areas, the traffic when riding bike
Lack of connectivity between existing trails and bike paths. Lack of enough bike paths. Unsafe park areas along bike paths. Paths should lead to destinations i.e, boat launches, community parks, other recreation areas. Expansion of existing boat ramps should be done to provide safe space for bikers to enjoy a view of the water and have lunch at a picnic table. Not enough ramps are multifunctioning.
Lack of consistent sidewalks in my community (Audubon Park). Lack of a way to safely get to downtown Orlando by bike. Lack of running locations with lighting at night.
Lack of cycling infrastructure
lack of disabled access in many areas
Lack of dog parks
Lack of dog-friendly areas for off-leash. Venice beach is good but only other nearby dog park is Edgewater. Facility is well maintained by county but small. Would like to see areas where we can walk with our dog off-lead (trail type areas that are safe)
Lack of easy Kayak access points, bicycle paths, picnic areas.
Lack of funding to properly maintain trails and public land. Not enough public lands with large areas that provide buffer from urban sprawl.
Lack of funds for youth programs
lack of good fishing
Lack of green spaces to offset and/or buffer carbon emissions from local traffic, lack of accessible park/ recreational outdoor spaces to engage in outdoor healthy activities, lack of bike-friendly roadways
lack of handicapped access to beaches
lack of handicapped usable areas
Lack of information
LACK OF KNOWLEDGE
Lack of lighting for evening activities lack of walking trails /
Lack of nearby skeet and trap shooting facilities.
Lack of off road bike trails
lack of official staff in lakes
lack of outdoor recreation programs or too expensive for low income families to enjoy
lack of parking and handicap access/facilities
Lack of parking and neglect of public areas. Trash clean up needed.
Lack of parking options near beaches.
Lack of paved bicycle paths in Lake county which are not adjacent to roadways.

Lack of pet friendly areas, not allowing dogs on beaches or in public recreation areas has significant negative effect on my ability to enjoy/engage more in public recreation facilities.
Lack of public sports parks
Lack of publicity about public lands
Lack of resource and program
Lack of resources for facilities to stay open
Lack of restroom/changing rooms at beach access points in Jacksonville, would like to see improved maintenance of playgrounds in the area
Lack of sidewalks in residential neighborhoods, to allow for pedestrian traffic without being on the road.
Lack of sidewalks in some neighborhoods. / Lack of safe biking trails
Lack of sidewalks, and bike lanes in the area. Then the lack of parking in the area parking spaces.
Lack of suitable options for the younger outdoor enthusiasts
Lack of wheelchair ramps on beaches.
Lack or shortage of recreation personnel resources
Lacrosse
Lacrosse
Lake Okeechobee water release is a significant problem to this geographic area as it negatively impacts the quality of the waters here in southwest Florida.
Land being swallowed by development
Land is not maintained in many areas of orange county
large enough area to have 40-60 scouts, vehicles, tents, cooking areas
lawn bowling
Leon county contains more than 20 natural springs. There is zero access to these springs. Other counties like Suwannee provide recreational access, land management, and water quality monitoring. Why not Leon?
Less cooking equip
Less farms and u-picks available to tour due to inability for them to stay open and urban development.
license fees for hunting and fishing
Like walking on the beach
likely for me and my family
Limited access to public lands. Public areas should be accessible 365 days a year not just during certain seasons.
Limited parking at the beaches during the season. Should designate some beaches topless, or clothing optional. Alcohol restrictions on public beaches which are maintained and refurbished by tax payers.
liter, need more water fountains
Litter
Litter and over crowding
Litterbugs, people who do not respect the cleanliness of the outdoor park.
littering
Littering impacting nature and effecting the environment
littering in parks
Local freshwater rivers are blocked with debris and fallen trees. Love kayaking and nature along rivers.
Location
location to facilities

Locations and activities, depending on cost.
Long boarding
Loss of access to water related recreation areas - as housing is built on salt and fresh water areas access gets closed or restricted to the public.
loss of public beaches due to over development and erosion
Love horses and riding through nature trails places cannot go with a car. I love amusement parts just wish there were more parts in my area. love being on a 4 wheeler or a Golf cart and just riding around seeing and greeting people and saying hello,
Love it
Love to see more manatee watching from Homosassa Springs with tour Boats
love to visit local schools to attend basketball and football games
Low Vision
luv collier
Mainly access
Mainly pollution
Maintaining and investing in nature sites and animal rehab centers with input and education to the public
Maintenance of trails and parks.
MAKING ALLOWANCES FOR ELDERLY PEOPLE'S PARKING NOT NECESSARILY ISSUED A DISABLED CARD. SOME OLDER PEOPLE HAVE A NEED TO BE CLOSER TO ENTRANCES/EXITS.
Making sure we keep our beaches and other areas clean. We need to keep the trash in the trash cans.
Making the community look better by cleaning up, gardening /
Many areas of coastline are overbuilt with condos (eg St Petes to Clearwater and beyond). So, public access and parking is very diminished in exchange for a 10 story high cement wall along long stretches, with "empty" ones soon to be filled In. There must be an alternative balance of private vs public access! / / Thanks
Many things
Maybe the contamination of Miami like air pollution or maybe the water contamination some of the them or the temperature affect it like hottest weather like in Miami the higher temperature sometimes is horrible and is not the best for the wood or for the parks burn it a lot is dangerous for its
medical disability
Micro farming or outdoor gardening for sustainability lifestyle.
Money
money spent on rebuilding beach would be better used elsewhere - barrier island is designed to ebb and flow - let it do its job
More access with 3 wheelers and trails along the river
More areas away from traffic
More basketball courts, softball parks, tennis, and hiking trails.
More bike trails
More bike trails
more dog friendly areas, closer horseback riding trails, handicap availability
more for older people
More free concerts in the parks, beach and more events that not so expensive ..Hollywood has concert that are free on the board walk in Pompano and Deerfield their aren't that many.
More outdoor activity choices aside from soccer and baseball. we need football, cheerleading, track, etc. give kids more opportunities and not having to drive 30 min away in crazy traffic to do it

More outdoor parks for games like Frisbee and walking your pets
More public areas for swimming where no dogs are permitted and low cost access, reduced parking fees for seniors, heated pools open year round.
More publicity about opportunities
More recreation for senior / And young people
More security would be nice. When I bring my children to Sims park I sometimes feel unsafe.
More systematicity in cultural activities in the parks that includes all the manifestations.
Mosquito bugs, lack of bathrooms to go the bathroom in, clean areas smells...etc.....
Most land is privately held and inaccessible
Mostly parking I guess. Several times I have gone to Hudson Beach to enjoy the water and beauty but ended up just going back home....there were no parking spaces available. Not sure what a solution would be but it is disappointing
Mostly that there's not many options besides going to the beach, only one waterpark close to our home. And all the places that we can visit for recreations like museums, Aquarium or zoo is too expensive.
Mostly the lack of access to most areas. There are fences everywhere in Florida. Trying to find a place to go to and just be alone is impossible.
My best friend is gone...Steve Brown. Killed on Lyons Road in Boca Raton, riding in the bike lane 3 years ago. There has to be better bike safety. Other communities do a much better job than Palm Beach county. Rec paths should be dedicated for bikers and walkers. like Vermont and other states have. Canada is way ahead of the USA.
My biggest issue is the enforcement of rules already in place (dogs, music, etc), Cleanliness, and youths without supervision who drink on the beach
My biggest issue is a lack of "usable" ramp facilities. Most are in bad repair and will damage your vessel. Others, the better ones, are often closed when you "want" to use them, IE water events.
My health is not that great. other than that I would be outside doing something all the time.
My health is the main issue. It is difficult for me to do much outdoors.
My health sometimes affects my ability to participate in certain outdoor recreational activities. I participate as much as my health will allow.
My husband is in a wheelchair. We have to drive 100+ miles to go to a beach that has a beach wheelchair that can be borrowed for free. Also many locations are not wheelchair friendly.
My list of recreation is large
My only means of transportation is a bicycle, and there is a definite need for more bicycle-friendly access to roads. I would also like to see more recreation areas in NW Pensacola.
My recreation activities are fabulous. I share in family and with nature
natural springs / Lakes
nature hiking fishing horse riding
nature tour viewing animals
Nature walks / Boating / Walking along beaches
Need a Train system to Florida Beaches.
Need connectivity of trails and parks.
Need more facilities in county. / Need more free programs
NEED MORE GOLF COURSES
Need more Handicap Facilities, sidewalks etc.
need more hiking/walking paths

need more lights and more trail
Need more paved hiking trails. Vegetation lake clean up.
Need more places to go
need more rangers
Need parks for family use /
Need public splash park, playground in lake Nona for larger playdates
Need to increase outdoor opportunities for people with disabilities.
Need to update outdoor recreation parks, /
Never seems to be enough parking or shade structures. Also little to no security and in ability to use may /most parks after dusk, feel public land should be able to be accessed 24/7. Bathrooms are typically rundown and few have new playgrounds for children.
Nice facilities; sufficient parking
No bathrooms
No big issue I am faced overall it's very good
No car
No car
No enough handle cap ramps or railings etc.
No game management land local and no public Atlantic fishing piers nearby only Sunglow and Daytona piers 20+ miles away.
NO HANDICAP ACCESS TO FRESHWATER FISHING, SALTWATER FISHING, HIKING TRAILS, RESTROOMS.
No one wants to go outside anymore.
No other now
No place for homeless people or campers to take showers
No real bike lanes around St Pete, When I lived in west county (Seminole) I could ride semi protected for 30 miles, here in north St Pete if I want a good safe ride I have to load my bike in a car and go somewhere. Please atlas put some paint down for more than 2 blocks
NO STAIRS IN ORLANDO
no thanks
no trails to walk
Noise from highways and motorcycles.
None except access to them
None really it is just too hot!
None really, other than the scenery should look appealing & tasteful, compared to it looking drab!
None really. Perhaps swimming in the ocean.
Non-Resident anglers spent over $1 billion in direct retail sales in Florida--not mentioning the other dollars they spent on tourism while in Florida. The next highest state for non-resident angler spending was Wisconsin with less than $0.6 billion. No wonder Florida is the "Fishing Capital of the World." A further breakdown based on the detailed economic analysis by Southwick and Associates includes the multiplier or ripple effect on the community caused by these sales and visitors.

Northern Brevard county does not have the same park experience as that in the southern Brevard parks. Northern Brevard needs larger parks to allow for diverse activities. We drive 30 minutes or more to participate in large disc golf courses. Disc golf is a very inexpensive sport to incorporate into parks. The participation in disc golf is rising exponentially even within the last two years. We see many more families playing than ever before. B.Smith Park is better maintained this year, walking trails to the north need to be better maintained, the park floods often and needs a drainage plan, and restrooms updated. No one knows where the office is in B.Smith Park. Fay Wilderness park needs a disc golf course. It will not take away from nature. Getting in touch with Discaliber Disc Golf club can help with design of a course and costs associated with baskets and tee pads. Geocaching events seldom happen in northern Brevard county and is associated with lack of park space. The annual geocaching event is held in Wickham since the park is so large, camping is available and many caches can fit in the park. Exercising builds healthy communities.
Not a lot of information on Brevard County's facilities
Not a lot of walking trails close to home
Not Being able to bring my dog to some parks
Not cared for recreation areas
Not enough
not enough bait and tackle shops near water
Not enough baseball fields and facility's in the area
Not enough dog friendly walking areas. All recreation areas near me allow no dog access, leash or otherwise. I find this appalling, as I would take advantage of parks/trails that allow dogs. As it stands, my only option is my neighborhood, which is sad. There isn't even a dog park nearby. Getting to the Beach is always an issue in regards to parking and high Mid Bay Bridge tolls. Sad that our Community is held hostage by the Bridge Authority, via high fees.
Not enough funding for all some places get more funding then others places do. And this effects the kids more than anything. Each facility should receive the same amount of funding.
Not enough money goes into creating these projects for the community
Not enough mountain bike trails
Not enough out door parks and sometimes they're too crowded
not enough parking
Not enough parking
Not enough parking at some sites.
Not enough parking, for cars and RV's or boats. More public campgrounds.
Not enough paved running trails that provide shade or access to public restrooms.
Not enough place
not enough places for children to play
Not enough places that are free for outdoor activities
Not enough public free fishing spots
Not enough public piers for fishing
Not enough resting areas on hikes to sit and to take a break.
Not enough safe walking paths
Not enough trails. Need more dirt roads for fun.me personally I am impacted by the travel cost. Florida has a lot to see and enjoy just not in my area.
Not having a large amount of places to go inside of my county. What we do have are usually not taken care of
Not having a safe area, having violence outdoors at these parks.

Not having clean areas
Not having enough places to take dogs with you or cleared off paths for biking. Most everything in my county I feel like is far from where I live so I always have to travel far for it and traffic always makes the time longer.
Not having enough public pools for swimming.
Not having enough time with my husband to participate in more recreation activities.
Not having shaded areas or places close by (i have an unreliable vehicle)
Not having space for pets to run freely
Not having the availability for adults to participate in a team. I haven't found any outdoor slow pitch softball leagues for adults and there is only one beach volleyball league but is 40 minutes away from where I currently live.
Not knowing where to look to see what there is to do.
Not many camping facilities
Not much is local, you have to go into another county
Not much to do in this county and going to beaches, parks etc is too time consuming because of the distance you have to travel. There is nothing close enough that you can go to for just an hour or two
Not really many to choose from in my rural community. Have to travel 40 miles or more to the nearest big city for anything.
Not really much. They don't have a lot to do here in this county. I wish they had more for the kids.
not really sure
Not repairing the places we have already.
Not safe bike trials, not safe running trails, not enough lighting in parks.
Nothing is close to me for me to be able to let my dog loose for a little time or for me to take a walk without having the danger of traffic flaying by me and my dog, there is no respect what so ever for anyone walking, if they only know the everyone is got the same right to walk as a car driving down the street no one owned the roads
ocean and lake take meditation too
Only one trail around and has only one convenient access point.
Only other that impacts me is the safety. Of going out when walking trails!
Only other thing I could think of is weather
Open the bridges for fishing again. It was stupid to close them because a couple of drunk fools got hurt.
Opportunity to get away, 2 year old mother lives in my house, enough said?
Other related issues has to with my fear of snakes and other reptiles living in lakes and swamp areas. I am a nature lover and the wild life habitats somewhat restricts my adventure and exploring spirit.
Our cultures are quickly becoming made up of "indoor" and "outdoor" sections of people. I think it is very important to realize, however, how necessary it is that we balance these aspects and everyone delve into both aspects to some degree.
Our Gov. has made Florida residents buy fishing licenses. We have to buy these periodically to be able to fish in our own state. It wasn't always that way, & my husband & family & I don't believe in it.
Our local park has exercise equipment as well as a playground for children which impacts this area, We consider this important for the younger families as well as the 55 plus communities in this area. /
Our polluted rivers and estuaries in martin county and the treasure coast
Outdoor areas not being well maintained. Criminal activity in parks or other recreational areas. Heard these things occurring from information on our local news.
Outdoor games

Outdoor recreation activities not only provide happiness to local citizens but also provide net welfare gains in terms of increasing total factor productivity ergo increasing the per capita income of a cities citizens in terms of real wages which in turn helps spur consumer-side demand for products and services that keep local economies growing. It is also important to notice other welfare gains provided by outdoor recreations that are not often recognized in Economic analysis such as: quality of life, estuary wildlife that provide for over 50% of commercial fishing incomes, the importance of certain flora such as mangroves that provide protection against saltwater intrusion and beach erosion which literally dictate how we as citizens will live in our counties. Thus creating more safe areas for snorkeling, hiking, and camping to name a few in Pinellas county will help local economies to not only survive but thrive.
Outdoor recreation is good for mind and body
Outdoor recreation is one of the best ways to connect with nature and ourselves. Yet America isn't getting outside the way it used to. Our outdoor recreation programs aim to help change this and create lasting bonds between people and wilderness
Outdoor Recreation issues which are impacted in the field of the study which occurs may not match which may be implemented which are delighted.
Outdoor recreation lovers are prone to choose places with eye catching sceneries, beautiful weather and special landscape characteristics as their outdoor activity locations. Some people always think that a simple visit to the local forest could cause impact. But what is impact actually? There are a lot of reasons to be considered with the amount of impacts that visitors placed on the wilderness.
Outdoor recreation or outdoor activity refers to leisure pursuits engaged in the outdoors, often in natural or semi-natural settings out of town. Examples include adventure racing, backpacking, cycling, camping, canoeing, canyoning, caving, disc golf, fishing, hiking, horseback riding, hunting, kayaking, mountaineering, photography, adventure park, waterskiing, jet skiing, rock climbing, running, sailing, skiing, surfing, ATV riding, and sports.
Outdoor recreation to develop a systematic and creative approach to outdoor recreation management. Part II of the book presents a series of 20 case studies in managing outdoor recreation in the US National Parks. The 20 case studies span a considerable range of outdoor recreation-related problems and management practices, and a wide spectrum of national parks
Outdoor safety
Outdoor sports in communities
outdoor target ranges
Outdoor water parks I love to go and spend time at them during the summer to stay cool and have fun, but there is not one to be found within 55 miles of my location.
Outside chess tables in parks more picnic areas buses to more areas
overcrowded, mismanagement
overcrowding
Overcrowding of parks
over development
over grown trails
Over use and crowded beaches on east central Florida coast. Need more public access to beaches.
Over use and miss use of public lands. There needs to be better education aimed towards those who do use public lands.
overall cost to do it
Overcrowding and pollution
Overcrowding at some places. / Trash at some places. / Noisiness at some places.

overcrowding of certain recreation facilities can ruin the experience
overcrowding on rivers
Overdevelopment
Oversite of the parks, beaches and center have falling off over the past few years
Park and swimming pool allows older people to get outside swim, play tennis, i think it helps
park, go to the beach, picnic, camping
Parking
Parking
Parking
Parking always seems to be an issue when visiting outdoor recreation facilities
Parking at the beaches is difficult. Restrooms are not always available. No dog parks near us.
parking for locals
Parking has been an issue, for access to the beach, park recreation area.
Parking is difficult in the beach area, high prices to go to the beach and park...
parking is needed
parking issues at beaches /
parking, safety, not enough shaded areas in the 8 hot months
Parks
Parks
Parks
Parks
Parks are a big part of my son and my life. Along with baseball fields. We often go out and clean up loose garbage left from other people /
Parks are all old and nasty
Parks are not used most of the time emti which cause safety issue parents do not take children to spend quality time
Parks, Fishing areas, Walking trails
Parks, ration pond, school buildings, side walks
Parrish Park (east side of A. Max Brewer Bridge) in Titusville is not well maintained! All there is are some garbage cans. An area like Rotary Park at Suntree in Melbourne would be nice here in Titusville!
Parts
PAVED WALKWAYS THAT GIVE DIRECT ACCESS
Paying to park in order to enjoy nature
pEACEFUL AND CHERRY PLACES
People being inconsiderate and downright rude.
People being inconsiderate of the outdoor recreations offered to use for low or free cost. Littering, taking advantage of self-pay stations.
People not cleaning up their dogs droppings, especially at dog parks and beaches.
People trashing the parks that really grinds my gears

Personal Budgeting (recreation falls by the wayside when worried about keeping a roof over one's head) / competing with videogames and sedentary lifestyle of the youth of today (They don't do anything outside) / Dangers (it's the people outside that are dangerous .. especially illegals and transients) /
Personal ones, health issues / Lack of knowledge, new to community
physical abilities and limits
Physical and mental health of the inhabitants of the area
PHYSICS CARE / ELASTISITY / AMBIT / RECREATION
Picnicking, Baseball, Soccer
Picnicking
Pinellas county is a concrete jungle I grew up here and remember a lot more green space they keep building strip malls we have more than enough that are sitting empty so nice to drive up the nature coast and see the scenery go to Pensacola to the gulf shores national seashore actually see real sand on the beach
Plans for bike-trail in Southshore never materializing. Nearest trail 30 miles away in north county.
Playing outside sports dancing doing things to help your health and the community
poisonous snakes; expensive to get in to some parks esp for a family of 4; lack of parking;
Polluted waters both salt and fresh from Okeechobee lake and others
Polluted waterways and beaches. After the debacle on the 4th of July 2016, I hope they discontinue the fireworks at the beach, the beach was a mess, and that crap in the water can't be good for the wildlife.
Pollution
Pollution
Pollution
pollution
Pollution
Pollution
Pollution and free access
Pollution and the trash in water.
Pollution in our creeks. Erosion of soil. Education of our land to younger generation. I would love to have a trail with history on types of trees, etc.
Pollution of Indian River Lagoon /
Pollution of ocean reefs.
Pollution of our lakes /
Pollution particularly from Lake Okeechobee releases. Over-development affecting wildlife and outdoor recreation. Environmental protection budget cuts.
Pollution to rivers.
Pollution, garbage-There are times when I have witnessed people leaving their drink cups or snack wrappers lying about when they are finished with them, even though there are garbage containers nearby. The garbage contaminates the area, is an eye sore as well as a health factor for the wildlife.
pollution, maintaining these beautiful areas, upkeep, and modernization
Pollution, trespassing
Poop
Poor condition, improper maintenance on what is already existing.
Poor maintenance on the fields

poor water quality
Portions of the Florida Trail closed because of damage from flooding and not repaired.
Preserving clean water, by eliminating the cause of pollution and algae blooms in Lake Okeechobee!
Prices are outrageous
Prices to enter nature trail parks
Primarily the cost - to be outdoors should be little or no cost.
privacy and peace and quiet
Probably not a state issue, but with all the lakes in Highlands County I would expect there to be more boat rental places, especially on the bigger lakes.
Protecting wildlife, keeping garbage free places
Protection of wildlife in natural environment. Removal of habitats due to construction of new neighborhoods.
Proximity to neighborhoods and schools. I pay taxes and home school, yet I have limited to no access to public school recreation grounds outside of school hours. It would be nice to have more public places for my kiddos and my family to spend time together outside.
Public access to the beach, parking. Public access to fishing areas and the lack of public fishing venues such as piers
Public access to the gulf, cost of getting to any facility, mobility issues.
Public bathrooms not at most local parks/trails.
public park leased out to private party where tax payers lose use of area
Public parking near road signs such as historical markers. Often there is sign but inadequate parking to be safely clear of traffic.
Public pool is not within ten miles of residence (to the East of Tallahassee)
Public restrooms along paths and in parks are a must with little kids. I cannot go to a park without one.
public transportation
Public transportation less cost for entrance for any park ride
Quit developments in collier county. preserve Fakahatchee.
RAINBOW SPRINGS, SILVER SPRINGS
Rapid economic growth so there's less land and areas for these type of outdoor activities and recreational facilities and parks
Really it all comes back to the heat. It is too hot the majority of the year to enjoy outdoor activities as much as I would like.
Recreation and gym
Recreation for the older, retired and walking challenged citizens.
Recreation is not always clean and welcoming. There you can find many issues.
Recreation issue is handicapped facilities for people who sit in wheelchairs or use walkers.
Recreation, safety. To be able to develop more tourism
Recreational areas too close to housing area
Red tide
red tide on fishing and other items that effect the water ways
Reservation for state park camp grounds must be made too far in advance for folks who make last minute travel plans, not because of inadequate camp ground space but because of an out of date and ineffective reservation system. FIX THIS! Sometimes the ranger staff will accommodate our same day requests for reservations. I THANK THEM!

Reservation system must be improved to provide Florida residents with the opportunity to reserve RV sites on shorter notice. With current system all good to excellent sites are being reserved 11 months in advance. I have tried to reserve a St Joseph peninsula site 4-6 months in advance without success.
Restricted areas, Pollution, and Passing Laws
Rhoden Cove Boat Ramp on Lake Jackson needs a complete dock and boat ramp installed to make it easier to access Lake Jackson on the East side of the Lake. This would help to alleviate the crowding on the West side of the lake at the other boat ramps and make it more convenient for those who live on the East side of the lake to gain access.
Rising costs / Dirty places
Rising costs to have access to areas that should be free to the public. Plus, many parks and play grounds are now being locked gates that don't allow entrance.
Rising costs to visit outdoor recreation facilities, they should be no cost- they are outdoors.
Rising cots to go on a trail and losing areas to development.
Road conditions
roads unable to use a bike on
Rock climbing is probably not a good idea to consider.
rowing that will be in competition next year in Sarasota and the walkways surrounding this area are very important to our community
Rules that small towns place on citizens in event organization and permits. The cost of getting permits through local government to have different functions. The community outreach of volunteers is shorthanded.
Running jogging
Running, hiking, boating
Safety
Safety concerns. Can't walk alone safely.
Safety for runners/walkers
Safety for women...biking or walking alone on trails
Safety of environment
Safety regulations in recreation spaces
Safety to recreate. Costs of parking. Cleanliness of facilities and water.
Safety while participating in outdoor activities is a concern. My car was broken into at the TECO trailhead a few months back.
Safety, security
Safety. / Lighted areas / Security / Restrooms
sale or lease of public lands to private parties
Security
Security issues in some parks
Security of people and vehicles at some sites
Security on night time
selling of public lands by the state government without much public input
Separating Family areas from Seniors areas
Several golf courses have closed in my area. Need a public pool.
Share more family time. Relax from daily worries. / Let the children enjoy the outdoors and not so much of the cell phones

Shooting
Shop a huge selection of gear for outdoor recreation including tents, sleeping bags, outdoor clothing, and more with tens of thousands of products eligible for Office of Outdoor Recreation. In Utah alone, out PCMR - Pink Helmet Snowboarder-b door recreation contributes more than $12B to the economy, employs more AORE is the premier organization dedicated to serving the needs of outdoor recreation and ... Of The Association Of Outdoor Recreation And Education.
Sidewalks to ride bicycles
Simply lack of close access and lack of facilities in general. Would love to see more off leash dog parks and kayak launches nearby.
Since we are on a fixed income we are pretty selective about how we do everything with our budget being the main restriction, the cost of travel and the activities themselves are limiting factors most of the time.
Skateboarding, volley ball, / Dirt bike riding
Skimping on funding for public parks and recreation facilities to avoid paying taxes.
Sky steering
Slightly handicapped, no recreational for the handicapped at all.
Slow urban sprawl.
Smog or bad air quality
Smoke is very problematic for those who perform physical activity
so far its good I am enjoying much outdoor activities thanks for the survey
soccer / frisbee / swimming / jogging
Softball
Softball Facilities are being underutilized in the A.M. and a growing year around senior softball program is restricted by the field availability.
Softball football
some fishing area are hard to get to if you are disabled
Some of the nature areas are very intriguing to me, I'm just too scared of the nature surrounding them. I'd love to go if there were places to walk where I could be sure not to step on something :)
Some parks have current exercise equipment but not enough. The trails aren't always clean.
Some recreational areas are located on land that may contain unhealthy chemicals in the soil.
sometimes the cost of going
Sometimes the weather is just too hot, over 90 degrees all day long and that make walking or exercising very uncomfortable. I wish the weather in Florida would stay at about 65 degrees all year long. That would be very comfortable without being too hot or too cold.
Sometimes there is broken / uneven pavement along a trail that doesn't get fixed for months and months.
Space
Spectator baseball
Spending time enjoying Florida's outdoors is the natural thing to do. And, Florida Outdoors is your gateway to discovering these adventures. As you surf through our outdoor site you will find useful articles describing destinations, "how to" stories relating to the outdoors, and timely information that you need to know. You will also find tips on how to enjoy Florida's outdoors, information on new outdoor products, photos, maps, and links to virtually every type of information you need to experience Florida's Outdoors.
Sports activities and exercises.

Sports and activities for seniors
Sprawl. There's way too much new construction
Spraying of our lakes. Not sure what qualifications for employees spraying our lakes or if there are any? I know that some lakes do need this, but the results are not always good.
State cutting back on support. Need to keep facilities up.
State parks should have more things for the little ones to do. Not only a playground. There shouldn't be a limit of people for RVing and camping as long as they fit in your tent or Rv.
Steps for disabled people are bad. Would hope for a public pool in our small community of Bell. The poor kids have nothing to do in the summer.
Stimulate the young, Inform health benefits, information campaigns
Striking the balance between being able to go out and experience and be involved with the outdoors while also not encroaching on animals' territories.
Suburban Hillsborough becoming too congested, there isn't any space to enjoy the outdoors. The roads do not accommodate the traffic, as a result there are few places in the county to enjoy any quiet/nature. Would be nice to have bike trails similar to Pinellas available.
Suggested activities in FL state parks: increased hunting, grazing, lumbering
Support of Youth sailing with Edison Sailing Center Fort Myers. Please update old roads designs with adequate bike Lanes on them. St Pete and Naples get the idea. As I mentioned recent TV broadcast identified Lee County has the most dangerous roads in the country for road cyclist.. due to deaths. Not getting bike Lanes installed (not paths or walks) is unbelievable to me.
Swimming
Swimming at the beach and resting at the beach is still important to me. Conserving wildlife and forest preserves are also important to me.
Swimming walking
swimming, walking, bike riding, dancing and just having fun
Swimming, basketball, bicycling
Taking a ride. Sightseeing.
Taxes and fees played on certain activities
Temperatures in summer
tennis, walking, hiking, swimming, golf, horseback riding
tHAT THE WATER IS BEING RELEASED FROM LAKE O TO LEE COUNTY ESPECIALLY DURING OUR TOURIST SEASON HURTS OUR ENCONMY WHEN iT CAN BE RELEASED TO THE SUGAR CANE FIELDS hello????
The access we DO have is nice, the problem is the boat ramps fill up so early you end up not being able to park
The amount of crime in my surrounding area
The amount of garbage i see whenever i walk outside is very disheartening and makes me sad so i go back inside and eat my feelings away.
The amount of information shared to the public; if more people knew how it could impact them beneficially, then more people would participate.
The amount of people who engage in them has to do with the support and funding that is provided for recreation -related issues. I think if more people engaged in outdoor activities, the quality of them would increase. This affects me because more people would probably motivate me to go outside more often.
THE AMOUNT OF TRASH LEFT BEHIND PEOPLE WHO DO NOT APPRECIATE THE PARKS AND NATURE. THE COST IS A BIG FACTOR AS PEOPLE ON LIMITED INCOME CAN NOT AFFORD TO GO TO HIGH END TYPE PARKS. THE LACK OF SECURITY IN SOME PARKS IS A CONCERN. THE PEOPLE WHO HURT THE WILD LIFE BY BEING CARLESS WITH THE ANIMALS.

The area in which they are build and the types that don't have enough entertainment for different age groups to enjoy.
The area need to be more secure.
The art fair in Delray Beach, the Holiday boat parade of decorated boats in Boca, the Memorial Day program at Veterans p[ark in Boca
The availability of boat launches are limited and often very crowded.
The availability of outdoor recreation places that are suitable for my family. The parks in my community are relatively small and therefore are too crowded to enjoy most of the time. Also given the heat of Florida, there is not an adequate and affordable place to take my family for cooling down (waterpark, splash park, swimming areas), without having to drive a long distance.
The bad weather that we can get sometimes interferes with the quality of the outdoor basketball courts that I go to, but it really isn't that much of an issue as these issues are usually resolved relatively quickly by community staff.
the beaches close and why do they close at all, there are very little facilities where you can take your dogs to walk or play
The beaches would need to be cleaned following Matthew
the best all
the best all
The best multiplexes for families with small children are too far away
The Big Pine Key area is in need of pickleball courts we have over 60 players and 2 courts / It is the fastest growing sport in the country
the biggest things are the cost of recreation in my area, they charge a lot due to it being a tourist area, the other big factor is shade from the high heat year around and protection from the daily thunderstorms
The Blackwater river needs to be cleaned up. So much trash! I do not go kayaking to see someone's trash. There should be a fine for people leaving trash.
The blue green algae still threatens our shores. It's not as prevalent as last summer which was near ecological disaster to both the environment and to the local tourist industry. However it is starting to prop up again.
The Cities spend plenty of money on the immediate area to attract tourists, but what about the people that live here, where I live there are hardly any hiking trails, the beach that we do have is disgusting and you can't even swim in it. There are a lot of things that need to be done.
The citizens of Florida voted overwhelmingly to fund the purchase of Forever Florida conservation lands. The funds have not been appropriately allocated, and efforts are being made to DIVEST public lands or corrupt them through commercialization, directly controverting the will of the people.
the clearing of woods for sub divisions causing animals to lose their habitat
The closest County Park in my area (Deputy Coates Park) with soccer fields with no lights and have an unpaved gravel road. The access on Station Rd is too inconvenient for those of us that live on the Orange Blossom Trail side to have to drive to. The dust storm it creates when you drive on the unpaved roads is very concerning for kids with dust allergies. After a vehicle drives through you can no longer see the road ahead and this is very unsafe. We also need access on the Orange Blossom side to be opened up. It makes no sense to have to drive all the way to Station Rd and then drive right back from where you started to get to the soccer fields. My community has no recreation areas and this is the only area that is close to us that have soccer fields that the public can access. The gates are already there it just need to be open up for people to have access and can be locked up when the parks are closed. Please consider this for the residents of this area. Thank you.
The closest desirable disc golf park is in Floral City, 45 minutes from my house.
the cost is too high
The cost of entrance to any outdoor recreation except, the Kissimmee Park, that is free entrance.
The cost of access to county, city, state and federal parks and recreation facilities. One state wide access for Florida residents would be an asset.
The cost of gas and money to do activities with my budget

the cost of getting somewhere that is family friendly and then the cost of being able to get in
The cost of participants
The cost of staying at a campground has increased.
The county does not maintain the parks, they are filthy.
The denial of rising water levels in S. Florida and it's probably cause. / Afraid the new administration will ignore environmental impacts for jobs. / Too many people in Florida squeezing the green space that is left. / With reduced outdoor space, too many interests fighting over the use of that space. /
The dirty water!
The distance
the distance on having to travel to recreation, need closer areas
The exhilaration of outdoor recreation activities has been a trend in today's world. ... careless impact was caused by visitors when enjoying the outdoor activities. ... The second thing is, when you are at the campsite try to not cut the trees
The facilities available in Pinellas County I find to be excellent (i.e. Pinellas Trail.) I'm hopeful adequate funding will maintain its level of quality.
The facilities not being maintained the way they need to be. Kids or adults trashing the facilities. There should be more security for places like this.
The fair. / Soccer field / Football field / Basketball training for children / Gym for children
The f-ing sugar industry is KILLING the Indian River Lagoon. Rick Scott has been devastating for the marine environment. The manatees at Weeki Wachi are MOSSY for gawds sake. Also, the Florida Bear Hunt was an absolute tragedy. Stop trying to monetize the PRICELESS.
The Florida East Coast Railroad's plan to massively increase rail traffic will negatively impact our communities by restricting our ability to cross their tracks and go under their drawbridges. This is going to cause us massive loss of property values, medical inconveniences (waiting for the hourly freight train in an ambulance) as well as business and recreational disruption. The cleanup of the Indian River Lagoon septic tank drainage is a close, close 2nd.
The Football Field / Auto Race / Outdoor / Camp / Go to the gym / Develop Muscles / Leisure / Handle Automobiles / Exercise / Work / Visit Industry as ex Automotive
the heat, the rain, the insects
The high cost of some activities and crowding of the areas
The impact of outdoor recreation is important so that people have a better quality of life
The important ones were in this survey.
The issue of to much traffic
The items on previous cover my views
the kayaka
The lack of parks in urban areas and developed by tourism and development, parks that we have close but communities make them private only for them. We need a walking park, including playgrounds, waterpads and bike routes in the Williamsburg, Fl. Area, we do not currently have
The laws pertaining to the amount of Redfish that a person can keep is totally ridiculous. Keeping ONE Redfish instead of TWO is not acceptable. The morons that decided that it / would detrimental to the fish in general are out of line and don't have a clue.
The laws that make it impossible to enjoy the outdoors, I understand bag limits, but with the way things at changed, before long the opportunity to hunt, fish or just be in the outdoors will be lost.
The level of activity to do

the limits on the size of fish you can keep while fishing
The litter is terrible in Florida. It dampers the mood when you try to do outdoor things.
The Lobster Mini Season should be eliminated, the damage caused by the overrun of boats, there is not enough boat ramps or space to accommodate them all. Plus, they come and put old tires and other items in the water to set 'traps' for the lobster to later come back and retrieve them, that is not sport. I know it was first started as an economic boost in the summer, but there needs to be a balance to determine is the damage worth it.
The low income housing areas tend to have the parks destroyed because of the ghetto people that live around them. It's unfortunate for those of us that are low income families, but would love a clean, safe place to participate in outdoor activities, but can't because of the ghetto people destroying it all.
The main issue I have is that there are fewer recreation areas for children to enjoy than in the past. With infrastructure being build there are no longer places for children and families to go to enjoy the day and nature. I think this is critical for the health and wellbeing for generations to come. If there were more things to do outside, that in itself would keep kids out of trouble because they would have a place to go and play, eliminating the need to stay home and play video games. Having outdoor activities when I was younger were essential to me when I was young.
The main issue that impacts me is financial. It's difficult to do all the outdoor activities I would like to do with a limited, fixed income.
The main problem that could impact me is the security of my family and mine
The maintenance of the parks/nature trails. I go to so many nature parks that are not maintained properly and they are filthy, the water is filthy, the trails are sprinkled with trash. They really should have people maintaining these parks.
the martin county fair
The mosquito control.
The mosquitoes hinder me from doing more outside.
The most that impacts our family is finding dog friendly places. They love the water and we have the causeway and only one dog park. I would love to see a beach area open up as my dogs love the water.
The motivation for outdoor excursions is vital for strengthening and purifying the lungs in the youth who live in urban areas where they breathe an air filled with pollution.
The nearest park to me is Red Bug Lake Park, and I'm really concerned about the state of it. The docks have had rot and have been inaccessible for a long time. Plus there is a lot of trash on the walkways. I'd love a community clean-up effort.
The need to protect our natural water infrastructure - springs, rivers, lakes, everglades.
the new rowing and walkways available now
The only issues that arise from outdoor recreation is that there isn't much available. We need more towards the beach area.
The only place I know with a public pool is a YMCA which I'm not part of and I tried to look into joining on the website but it's confusing about requirements. I've lost 50 pounds but my body is still in pain from a previous injury and being from still being overweight. A public pool with designated class times for people wanting to exercise would be great to safely exercise. Under my current cardio routine I still reinjure myself every few months which stifles my progress.
The only thing I can think of right now is the funding and city officials really putting in the effort to try and build up a community. Instead, everyone is out to keep every dollar for themselves. Recreation within our communities aren't a priority for them. There used to be a pool like a couple blocks from my house. There was a change in location for an elementary/middle school and high school, however, after building theses schools, they have yet to rebuild a park or another recreational thing for us to use.

The only thing that I can think of is that we get older, we have more physical limitations if we do not keep up with physical exercise in some form
The only things that affect me are having enough time and family issues.
The open air is a very recreational space and suitable for the health and welfare of living beings without it we could not get the oxygen we breathe so it is worth noting that doing exercises are positive.
The outdoor barbeque grill campus with picnic tables and chairs and big umbrella that are in every side of town that accessible and it should be no cost or low cost
The outdoor recreation that has affected me the most is economic changes. The fact that all of this good thing cost so must has affected the way I see them and live them. As well as the distance.
The Outdoor recreational issues that have affected me are less parks, more land development, and the outdoors are dying because people are killing the environment
The parks are not properly maintained so they are not clean enough to use sometimes.
The parks are not up kept like they should be.
The parks are usually vandalized, trash everywhere. There are no boys and girls clubs where children could have some recreational activities. I just feel that young people have nothing to do that is the reason why they are constantly in turmoil.
The parks that do exist are either really nice but difficult to get access or are terrible places I would never visit due to broken facilities and crime.
THE PARKS, WATER PARKS, FOREST, ETC. ARE TOO FAR FROM MY HOUSE AND i DON"T HAVE A CAR. i USE THE MASS/PUBLIC CITY TRANSPORTATION.
the playgrounds for the kids
The polluted water due to blue-green algae has been a major concern. Not enough has been done.
The pollution of the air and the water.
the poor quality of the Indian river and lagoon area
the prices of access
the religion
The rising cost of entering state parks is unfair. Also the charges to drive your car on the beach is unfair. I have not driven on the beach since the day Volusia County started charging $10.00 for driving on the beach I have been driving on for years with my family.
The rising cost of outdoor activities, especially at Theme Parks
The river and lagoon are in very poor condition and not enough is being done to help fix it. The ecological impact of the pollution in the area is killing everything.
The road to the BCP field is not good, too much dust and need lights. / BCP field / 3815 Substation Rd, Orlando, FL 32837
The safety, security and stability of each recreation area. Added security is needed to help people mainly feel safer.
The Saint Lucie river being polluted so that coming in contact with the water will make you ill and our ocean being likewise contaminated so we can't go to the beach without fear of getting ill from the water.
The security of being able to walk wherever you want is priceless.
the Shands bridge hasn't been repaired since hurricane Matthew in October 2016
The southwest Florida fishing and beaching is being ruined by the discharges of fresh water coming down the Caloosahatchee River. Southwest Florida shore line is starting to look like and smell like a sewer.
The St Lucie waterway and the Lake discharges are disgusting
The trails would be awesome with water stops along the way. I've seen this in other cities with public trails, they are able to pump water to stops along the route.
The travel distance we have to travel to get to a park and the raising prices of fuel and park fees are going up every year tarts my big concern.

The upkeep of a lot of recreation facilities has plummeted in my area. If the areas aren't kept up with, it strongly discourages myself and many others I know to keep attending and participating.
The Walking on the beach, swimming in the ocean, sunbathing on the sand and enjoying the Atlantic Ocean
The water
The water used to up keep lawns and grass fields seems to have an odor and may be contaminated
The weather and global warming. In Florida we have a lots of afternoon showers and unpredictable weather which makes it harder to do things outside.
The weather in Florida. The summer heat and heavy rain during hurricane season.
The weather is a big impact in Florida it is not to concerning but summer is hot and stormy which does impact recreational time
The weather, the inability to find something we can all do, low price or no charge at all for Florida residents
The weather.
Theme park
Theme Parks
There are a couple of trails (I think) near me but I haven't been able to figure out how to get into them, where to park, etc.
There are many privately owned beaches in Destin, making public beaches much more crowded and harder to access
There are no more.
There are no other outdoor recreation-related issues that impact me.
There are no outdoor activities for kids in high school; they are expected to work during the summer. They need an outlet, too.
There are no related issues that impact me
THERE ARE NO RESTROOM FACILITIES AT THE FRESH WATER BOAT RAMPS / and this is a problem that makes boating and dock fishing very limited for a huge number of people. PROBLEM: How do you take your children or grandchildren to fish and then have to go elsewhere when they have to use the restroom?
There are none
there are none, we camp as often as we can and my husband has a Harley, I ride on the back
There are none. Don't usually participate in outdoor activities
There are not any I can think of which were not addressed on the previous page.
There are not enough parks and recreational activities available in my community.
There are not enough trails etc...and they are not safe enough.
There are not many green areas in my Hometown. My son was swimming with a team at a facility 5 minutes away from my house and they closed the facility because the county determined that the houses surrounding the facility has pools. My home doesn't!!! Now my son has stopped swimming. There are many families moving into our area and not enough parks, trails, etc.
There are parks controlled by Federal, State, County and city governments. All have things to offer but I can't purchase a pass to all of them. I wish there were things that could let me go between parks. IE launch my kayak in state park and remove at boat ramp in county or federal park.
there are so many opportunities and so little time to take advantage of them
There are too many housing developments in Florida that take away from the state's ability to have parks, they put in a bunch of homes with roads and highways, but then neglect the natural ecology. Palencia in St. Johns is a perfect example.
There are very few activities for seniors in our community and we have to travel to another area for senior activities

There aren't any facilities in Volusia county for hunting dogs to speak of. In Ohio there are dog training areas in the wildlife conservation parks, but none here in Florida. It's hard to train hunting dogs in Volusia county.
there aren't too many places that have outdoor activities for seniors
There doesn't seem to be much outdoor recreation for the handicapped.
There is limited outdoor recreation in my entire town and the ones available are quite a driving distance.
there is lots of public recreation in Florida, but there is not public transportation near me
There is no neighborhood park within walking distance from my home. Children are forced to play in driveways and streets.
there is not enough places to walk or ride a bike that are safe
There is nothing to do to get the kids interested to go outside and be connected to nature
There isn't a lot really in Duval unless you are willing to drive more than 45 minutes away. If there were more outdoor public areas closer than I would utilize daily.
There isn't enough to do for the youth, as well as adults, that is accessible distance/transportation wise. There is also the issue of public activities out doors that are not affordable for all, especially water parks, Washington Spokane has more than one free water park it would be nice if my state had that available. A MAJOR issue I have though is that the wild life preserves are more negative than what words can express. The one nearest me is littered similar to that of a landfill site & that depresses me to the point where I don't enjoy visiting, effecting my enjoyment of being outdoors. Our ecosystem is very important to us all & honestly isn't fair to the land & wildlife that is claimed to be protected with posted notice. Seriously would we appreciate strangers trashing where we eat & live? I would think not.
There just doesn't seem to be enough facilities. Also funding is nonexistent. I think it would be so awesome if families could afford to put their children in recreational sports.
There needs to be more outdoor skate parks in the area that are free and accessible to everyone there needs to be more bike riding paths that are free and sensible to everyone
There no youth center in the area and if there was one what would be the cost when these places should be free to all in the area
There seems to be a shortage of parking at certain marinas that really is frustrating seeing as how there is now a charge to park and obtain a parking pass. I believe more parking rules should be enforced to ticket people who park without the proper permits so that those of us who have actually paid and done the right thing can utilize the option.
There seems to lack nature preserves because all of the development on my side of town get coyotes. They threaten the safety of our house pets and they are sickly/starved from being pushed out of their natural environment.
There should be easier access to recreation activities for those with handicaps.
There's not much land left for nature's animals in florida
They are cutting down all of the trees
They continue to cut down trees, which take away from the shade. It's too hot in Florida to not have a place to rest in the shade. This is a ridiculous problem in Florida that's been ongoing for years.
The way the environment gets treated
This features me somewhat happy, especially in weekends. The relatives and friends enjoyed lot by participating this way. All are enjoyed and looks so comfortable. What a food items, what activities .So enjoyable and encouraging all parties interested.
Though I don't have other states to compare, Florida does a good job of provided outdoor activities, it is a matter of using them.
Time
Time
Time frame the parks are open are inadequate. Also lack of overnight park opportunities.

time in relation to age
Time in work day, available venues, and impacting weather
time is hard to come by sometimes to be able to go and do things
time of year
Time. I have 2 grandchildren that I help with and their needs are a priority now.
Too much traffic not enough bike lanes
toll road 23
Too crowded, dirty water
Too far, the cost, not enough
Too many condo / housing developments going up and the large number of people in Pinellas County alone
Too many mosquitoes
Too many trees
Too much construction, not enough funding to keep parks clean, security issues
Too much development going on in my community, which is taking up the land.
Too much growth. Less access to waterways. Not enough parking.
Too much traffic and pollution
Too much traffic close to certain parks affect visiting them (pollution).
Too much traffic when walking. Dangerous.
Too thin bike lanes and roads without bike lanes / roads not maintained and cleared of debris for biking.
Tourism driven economy
traffic
Traffic and overcrowding of beaches is a huge issue. Also there are few public parks for kids
traffic and safety when walking/running in my area, there are little sidewalks and safe areas, also pet friendly locations, where dogs can run on leash
traffic to get there
Trail hiking, bicycling
Trail races
transportation
Transportation
Trap shooting
Trash cleanup
Travel and cost of access to parks.
Travel costs
Travel time, mother nature, overcrowding, keep our beaches clean - too much trash
Travel time, not enough parking, price to enjoy the recreation area
Travel to places where there is outdoor recreation for older people.
traveling to my children and grandchildren with their work hours , parking at beaches during season is almost impossible to park close enough to walk and to use private parking areas charges a large sum
traveling to places of interest
tree cutting

Trekking is about enjoying a great walking holiday. Treks can be day hikes, overnight or extended hikes. An example of a day trek is hiking during the day and returning at night to a lodge for a hot meal and a comfortable bed. Trekking can be more enjoyable when undertaken while being generally physically fit. Physical preparation for trekking includes cycling, swimming, jogging and long walks. To ensure the safest experience possible it is generally a good idea to have some form of experience with basic survival skills, first aid, and orienteering when going for extended hikes or staying out overnight. It's also expected that backpackers leave no trace while enjoying the outdoors / Trekkers in Gorbea park, south of Biscay in Basque Country, Spain / Trekking is about enjoying a great walking holiday. Treks can be day hikes, overnight or extended hikes. An example of a day trek is hiking during the day and returning at night to a lodge for a hot meal and a comfortable bed. Trekking can be more enjoyable when undertaken while being generally physically fit. Physical preparation for trekking includes cycling, swimming, jogging and long walks. To ensure the safest experience possible
Trumps restriction on EPA communication affects pollution advisories
Tussock removal at Orange Lake.
Unable to think of any at this time.
Unfortunately in this day we live in, we need security. I'm not talking someone coming into our campsites intruding. But someone being visible and around in case we need them
unique
Unmaintained and locked county preserves with NO facilities of any kind.
Unsafe animals not being locked up
Unsafe to bicycle safely due to no trails, bike paths, etc.
Upkeep of docks/piers/walkways and such. Making sure we retain the beauty and health of the related environment; balance of public care and concern.
Upkeep of recreation areas
Urban development that causes outdoor recreation to be privatized away from the public.
Use to be able drop a jet ski in almost any body of water that would not disturb residents and have fun without issue or fear of being arrested. Because of let's call them non skilled people or just should not be operating a craft get hurt of their own accord/fault are able to sue. P\property owners now must restrict any access or use or there land in fear of these type of sue happy people. This is not the real American way this new sue someone when the accident was their own fault is ridiculous. This is/has immensely reduce access and the enjoyment of the areas in Florida. These are what I would call frivolous lawsuits eroding our way of life and our country. People not being responsible for themselves and their own actions has become a way of life in Florida. In my opinion this goes for so many things in our state, auto insurance, park closes and/or time to access parks. Just before Sun up to just after Sun down should be the time. I have personally be harassed by park employees about being in the park too late. Got off an MTB trail sun was still up was doing what I could to go. I would love to be able to MTB before work like I use to but that is a gamble because of time
Users taking care of the areas of interest
Variability of weather conditions.
variety
very few organized programs
Very few parks that are close by. Those that are close are sparse or not well maintained.
very fine very cool and cool
very good
very good
very good
very good for my people begin star recreation
very good life

very important
Very limited access to downtown river without trespassing on private property and not enough bike paths on public roads, especially on the north side
Very poor beach parking
very poor public transportation
very well
View auto racing line
walk and yoga, bicycle, and play tennis
Walking
Walking
Walking
Walking
Walking
Walking and bicycling
walking areas with clean restroom facilities
Walking brings peace to my family, gets us out of the house
Walking having a good path. Maybe more nature trails.
walking on public trails
walking paths
Walking primarily on the beach or elsewhere
Walking trails are important to everyone. More parks with paths that make it easier to walk around. More dog parks are needed, with running room for both large and small dogs. All these parks need trees, and maybe stopping places along the way. Maybe more bike trails.
Walking, running, and bicycle riding greatly impact me
WATER ACCESS IS MAINLY FOR THE RICH IN THIS AREA, WE DO NOT HAVE A BOAT
Water aerobics
Water and walking
Water Management Board members are appointed.
Water skiing, swimming at the beach, dog park
Waterway access is the worst. The population has grown tremendously yet very little money has been put into giving residents more ways to access the water. Even in Okeechobee we need more access ramps, but it's not nearly as bad as in coastal areas.
We don't have enough parks, hiking trails, sidewalks, bike ride roads, and outdoors activities in Cape Coral.
we go to theme parks a lot in Orlando
We have a facility about 5 minutes from where we live but my children are not able to use the soccer goals unless we rent them, nor the 'good' soccer fields. So the access to equipment is key because they enjoy the facility but cant use it without a soccer goal or other friends.
We have a jet ski and boat. Need more places that jet skis are allowed other than 2 main lakes in the area.
We have horse and dogs so any overnights they are with us.
We like to bring our dogs so areas/parks that don't allow them are much harder to get to.
We live in Coral Gables. There are beautiful parks, but traffic is very heavy. We need more playgrounds in walking distance to our home. There is no safe place to bike in my area. Car traffic makes it hazardous. Walking is hazardous in downtown Coral Gables, again because of car traffic.

We MUST fund Forever Florida fully. I own land and many have asked to hunt on my land. There must be a shortage of public lands. Invasive plants and pythons and animals are out of control. We need to ban the sell or possession of these in yards or homes. And tax heavily other invasives that aren't banned. We need a bottle bill to help rid our roads and waterways of so much trash. Acadia Maine had no trash yet 3 million visitors. Our state sadly banned the banning of plastic bags. Why? I moved to Florida because of its beauty. We are ruining it. I have been a republican since 1972 but it has been taken over by the polluters. We need to have very strict environmental laws. They help business. As a medical provider preventing disease and pollution is much more effective and cheaper than treating pollution and disease. Thanks!
We need a large park in St Lucie West that will have an off leash dog park and a 2 mile bicycle / paved path, also for walkers and joggers.
We need areas for recreation with our dogs!
We need better walking and biking trails that are safe and all over, more affordable programs in general.
We need more access to the lakes in west Putnam county, the Town of Interlachen to be exact but I suspect it's the case all over Putnam county.
We need more bike trails and walkways.
We need more freshwater boat ramps
We need more lighted fields that can be used for football. It is almost impossible to find places to practice and the fees to rent a public park are ridiculous. I already pay taxes.
We need more running trails (paved) in the Spring Hill area. The only one is the one along the Suncoast Parkway and it is a straight path. We need more looped ones with access to water fountains and restrooms.
we need our access restored after being damaged by a hurricane, and we need more boat ramps
We need public outdoor shooting facilities
We need safer biking lanes!!!!!!! Our closest friend was hit by a car when riding in a bike lane. We have been in other areas where car lanes are separated from bike lanes with barricades.
We need to include more paved walkways and biking trails to make it a safe community for everyone to use their bicycles and take a stroll on without any endangerment from the road.
We need, specifically in our county which is Seminole, more areas specifically for dog parks in which small dogs have an area and larger dogs have an area to play. It would need both wash stations and benches for seating for owners.
We travel 2 times a year to the keys for a week. Time shares and enjoy all what they have to offer and year round all dade has to offer!
weather
Weather
weather
Weather
Weather
Weather
Weather
Weather
Weather / People
Weather can be too hot to pursue outdoor activity

weather, availability of camping sites, amenities at camp sites
weather, health issues, financial, travel time
weather, sometimes too warm to participate in a lot of activities
weather, distance, cost and convenience.
Well hunting and climbing are the most exciting activities that I enjoy more, because they make me feel great kind of extreme emotions.
Wetland sites should be safer
When supposed fixing the springs they seemed to ruin them
when they make it harder to fish or kayak it makes it limits what we can do
wild animal poop
Wild life sanctuaries that would provide easy and clear location and access, such as Paynes Prairie and the buffalo herd that lives there.
Wildlife conservation funding, habitat protection, protecting birds.
Wildlife health.
Wish there were more football and baseball fields available for youth leagues to play and practice. Better bleachers (with safety fencing around backs and sides) for families to watch their games
Wish we had more playgrounds and family areas (pavilions, fishing areas, etc.) for families in Hamilton, Suwannee and Columbia counties.
With the increase building along the shorelines, not only is access to water recreation areas impacted, the resultant impact on the health of the oceans has increased the occurrences of Red Tide.
Working outdoors, health and safety issues
worries over negative corporate impacts on waterways
Would be nice to have a place for the family to spend the day that was within reasonable distance and had ample activities.
Would like to find tennis groups in nearby recreational facilities--groups for older adults; several excellent courts are close but can't find organized, welcoming groups.
Would like to see an outdoor public gun range
Would like to see more dog friendly parks that offer swimming and other activities. Also, many dog parks do not have adequate shade for hotter months
Would like to see more emphasis on keeping our waters clean
Would like to see more faculties with unique wild life and views. More public freshwater swimming holes
Would like to see more funding to keep up the areas we have and build more.
Would like to see more Pickleball courts in South Dade/Homestead area. Growing sport.
would like to see more public parks ...size not an issue
Would like to see more security in THE parks
Would like trails and places to go to see nature, nothing too hard for seniors, but peaceful and lovely grounds.
Would love there to be boat/kayak rentals nearby...
would love to see a safe bike trail out in the rural areas (CR305-304)
Would love to see less restrictions on accessing the beach. I don't like to see parking areas with parking meters in them. Everyone should be able to enjoy the beach. You shouldn't have to pay a dime to go to the beach.

Would love to see more connected bike, walk, run paths throughout Hillsborough County. Also, public access to the ocean is very limited.
youth athletic leagues rising costs
ZERO parks with small swimmable lakes AWAY from traffic. The supposedly biggest city in the nation, why is there no amusement park..... or crap, even a free standing ferris wheel or merry-go-round. No Segway tours. Only 1 Zipline location. Too few dog parks.
ZIKA concerns

{End of Report}