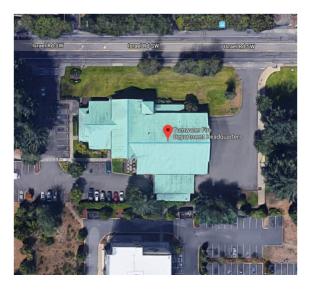
1. Tumwater Fire Department, Department Headquarters

1.1 Building Description

Fire District: Facility Name: Latitude: Longitude:	Tumwater Fire Department Department Headquarters 46.985 -122.910
ASCE 41 Bldg Type:	W2
Gross Sq. Ft.:	19,000
Year Built:	2000
Number of Stories:	2
S _{XS BSE-1E:}	0.676
S _{X1 BSE-1E:}	0.373
ASCE 41 Level of Seismicity:	High
Site Class:	D
V _{S30} (m/s):	357
Structural Drawings	Yes
Evaluating Firm:	BergerABAM/WSP





The Tumwater Fire Station is made up of two parts; a 2-story wood framed structure and a single-story highbay pre-engineered metal building structure housing the fire vehicles and various equipment. The fire station measure approximately 180 feet by 100 feet. The first story is approximately 11.5 feet tall, with the total building height, including the roof, being around 29 feet. The building has brick veneer below the windows and full height at the hose tower. The building is surrounded on three sides by a parking lot/asphalt area for visitors, truck washing and emergency vehicle access. The structure was built in 2000. According to Jim McGarva, the assistant fire chief, the building showed no apparent damage after the Nisqually earthquake. The original metal roofing was removed in 2015/16 due to water leakage into the building and replaced with a new standing seam metal deck.



1.1.1 Building Use

The building is divided into 3 areas: the vehicle bay, the lower public floor, and the upper semi-residential floor. The vehicle bay houses the various vehicles and some of the equipment of the facility. There is also a cordoned-off area for a workout gym for the staff. Additionally there are several smaller attached rooms for equipment storage and usage. The lower floor house the public office of the station, including a lobby and training/conference room. The upper floor houses dorm rooms for the staff on duty, a small kitchen, a home theatre room, and the mechanical/electrical room.

1.1.2 Structural System

Structural System	Description			
Roof	The vehicle bay is a standing seam metal roof on z-purlins supported by the pre-			
	engineered metal building moment frames. The 2-story portion is covered by a			
	standing seam metal roof supported by plywood and wood trusses.			
Floor	The first floor is slab-on-grade. The second floor is 2" of concrete over plywood			
	supported by wooden I-joists and PSL beams.			
Foundation	Foundations consist of cast-in-place reinforced concrete spread footings supporting			
	columns and concrete strip footings supporting wood bearing walls.			
Gravity System	The vehicle bay is pre-engineered metal building frames and the two story has wood			
	bearing walls and metal posts take roof loads directly to the foundations in select			
	locations. In all other locations, the roof and floor transfer loads to connected wooden			
	walls to the foundation.			
Lateral System	The vehicle bay is pre-engineered metal building moment frames in one direction and			
	tension braces in the other direction. The 2-story portion has flexible floor and roof			
	diaphragms transfer the inertial loads to the attached wooden shear walls. Both			
	interior and exterior walls act as shear walls. Sliding and overturning forces from			
	lateral loads are resisted by concrete spread footings.			

1.1.3 Structural System Visual Condition

Table 1.1-2. Structural System Condition Description of Tumwater Fire Station

Structural System	Description
Roof	No visible signs of damage, recent construction.
Floor	No apparent damage in select locations, but architectural finishes prevent an inspection of entire structure.
Foundations	Slab in vehicle bay shows no apparent damage. Isolated slabs for HVAC units outside appear undamaged. Unable to verify for rest of structure.
Gravity System	No apparent damage, unable to verify condition of walls under architectural finishes. High bay shows no apparent damage
Lateral System	In high bay, no apparent damage to steel members. In rest of building, structure that was visible in select spots, (storage, mechanical rooms) appeared in good condition. Unable to verify in some location of known water damage from roof leak.

1.2 Seismic Evaluation Findings

1.2.1 Structural Seismic Deficiencies

The structural seismic deficiencies identified during the Tier 1 evaluation are summarized below. Commentary for each deficiency is also provided based on this evaluation.

Table 1-3. Identified Structural Seismic Deficiencies for Tumwater Fire Station

Deficiency	Description
The Tier 1 seismic	evaluation performed for this building did not confirm structural seismic deficiencies due to limited access for
visual observation	or because they did not exist. Please refer to the next section of this report for the list of structural items marked
as "unknown" and	commentary indicating the need for further investigation.

1.2.2 Structural Checklist Items Marked as 'U'nknown

Where building structural component seismic adequacy was unknown due to lack of available information or limited observation, the structural checklist items were marked as "unknown". These items require further investigation if definitive determination of compliance or noncompliance is desired. The unknown structural checklist items identified during the Tier 1 evaluation are summarized below. Commentary for each unknown item is also provided based on the evaluation.

Table 1-4. Identified Structural Checklist Items Marked as Unknown for Tumwater Fire Station

Unknown Item	Description
Liquefaction	No geotechnical report available for the site.
Surface Fault Rupture	No geotechnical report available for the site.
Roof Chord Continuity	Could not verify during visit.

1.3.1 Nonstructural Seismic Deficiencies

The nonstructural seismic deficiencies identified during the Tier 1 evaluation are summarized below. Commentary for each deficiency is also provided based on this evaluation. Some nonstructural deficiencies may be able to be mitigated by school district staff. Other nonstructural components that require more substantial mitigation may be more appropriately included in a long-term mitigation strategy. Some typical conceptual details for the seismic upgrade of nonstructural components can be found in the FEMA E-74 Excerpts appendix.

Deficiency	Description
	Unable to inspect in two-story portion of building. Vehicle bay piping does not appear braced at adequate lengths.
LSS-2 Flexible Couplings	Unable to inspect in two-story portion of building. Vehicle bay piping appears to use rigid couplings.
C-4 Edge Clearance	Panels are flush with walls in numerous locations.
C-6 Edge Support	No closure angle observed.
LF-2 Pendant Supports	Lights in vehicle bay are not braced, nor do they have free range of movement, and could impact piping.
CF-2 Tall Narrow Contents	Several lockers on second floor and closets in personal rooms are unattached.
CF-3 Fall-Prone Contents	See CF-2. Additionally equipment racks in high bay are unmounted and on rollers.

1.3.2 Nonstructural Checklist Items Marked as 'U'nknown

Where building nonstructural component seismic adequacy was unknown due to lack of available information or limited observation, the nonstructural checklist items were marked as "unknown". These items require further investigation if definitive determination of compliance or noncompliance is desired. The unknown nonstructural checklist items identified during the Tier 1 evaluation are summarized below. Commentary for each unknown item is also provided based on the evaluation.

Some nonstructural deficiencies may be able to be mitigated by school district staff. Other nonstructural components that require more substantial mitigation may be more appropriately included in a long-term mitigation strategy. Some typical conceptual details for the seismic upgrade of nonstructural components can be found in the FEMA E-74 Excerpts appendix.

Unknown Item	Description
LSS-3 Emergency Power	Unable to visually observe.
LSS-5 Sprinkler Ceiling Clearance	Unable to visually observe entire system.
HM-2 Hazardous Material Storage	Unknown if station stores any for use in decontamination room.
HM-3 Hazardous Material Distribution	Natural gas lines not visually observed.
HM-5 Flexible Couplings	Natural gas lines not visually observed.
LF-1 Independent Support	Did not visually observe lights.
LF-3 Lens Covers	Did not visually observe lights.
M-2 Shelf Angles	None shown on drawings, unable to inspect behind veneer.
S-2 Stair Details	No details for structural connection of stairs is present in the drawings. Unable to inspect in field.
ME-2 In-Line Equipment	Unable to determine from observations or plans if any equipment is above 75lb in-line with piping systems.
ME-7 Heavy Equipment	Some heavy-looking equipment in the decontamination room was not mounted. Unable to verify weight of equipment from drawings.
PP-1 Flexible Couplings	Piping not visually observed.
PP-2 Fluid and Gas Piping	Piping not visually observed.
PP-3 C-Clamps	Piping not visually observed.
EL-1 Retainer Guards	Did not visually observe elevator in building.
EL-2 Retainer Plate	Did not visually observe elevator in building.
EL-3 Elevator Equipment	Did not visually observe elevator in building.
EL-4 Seismic Switch	Did not visually observe elevator in building.
EL-5 Shaft Walls	Did not visually observe elevator in building.
EL-6 Counterweight Rails	Did not visually observe elevator in building.

Table	1-6. Identified Nonstruct	ural Ch	necklist Items	s Marked as l	Unknown for	Tumwater Fire Station	
	14	1	1 /1				_

Photos:



Figure 1-1. Apparent Water Damage from Roof Leak



Figure 1-2. Structure of Vehicle Bay

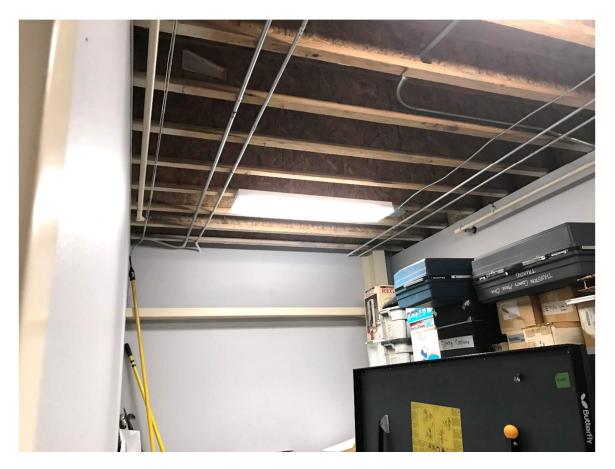


Figure 1-3. Structure of Second Floor



Figure 1-4. Vehicle Bay Bracing



Figure 1-5. IT Equipment Secured



Figure 1-6. Interior Contents Unattached



Figure 1-7. Truck Washing Bay Structure

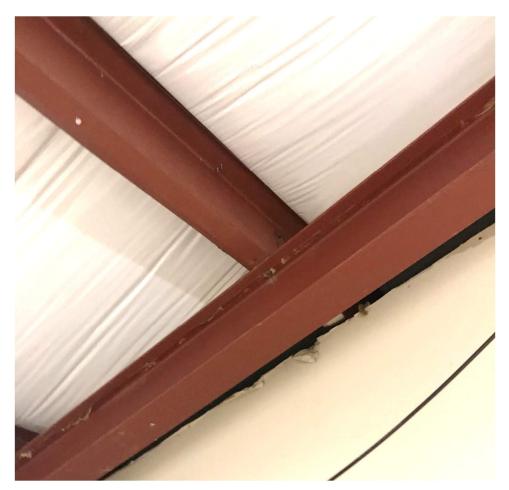


Figure 1-8. New Roof Structure

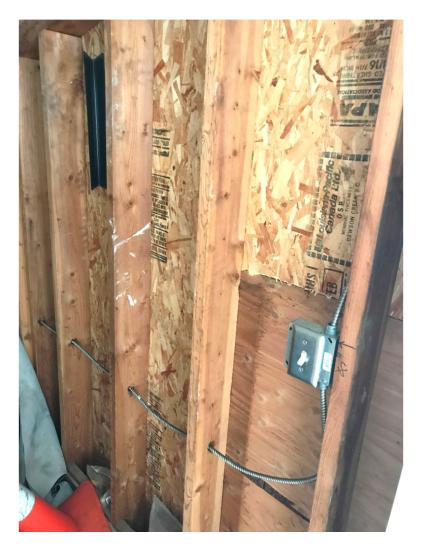


Figure 1-9. Visible Wooden Shear Walls in Storage Closet



Figure 1-10. Vehicle Bay Exterior

Tumwater Fire Department, Department Headquarters

17-3 Immediate Occupancy Basic Configuration Checklist

Building record drawings have been reviewed, when available, and a non-destructive field investigation has been performed for the subject building. Each of the required checklist items are marked Compliant (C), Noncompliant (NC), Not Applicable (N/A), or Unknown (U). Items marked Compliant indicate conditions that satisfy the performance objective, whereas items marked Noncompliant or Unknown indicate conditions that do not. Certain statements might not apply to the building being evaluated.

Very Low Seismicity

Building System - General

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
Load Path	The structure contains a complete, well-defined load path, including structural elements and connections, that serves to transfer the inertial forces associated with the mass of all elements of the building to the foundation. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.1.1; Commentary: Sec. A.2.1.10)	X				Drawings show a complete and defined load path
Adjacent Buildings	The clear distance between the building being evaluated and any adjacent building is greater than 0.5% of the height of the shorter building in low seismicity, 1.0% in moderate seismicity, and 3.0% in high seismicity. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.1.2; Commentary: Sec. A.2.1.2)			X		No adjacent buildings
Mezzanines	Interior mezzanine levels are braced independently from the main structure or are anchored to the seismic-force- resisting elements of the main structure. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.1.3; Commentary: Sec. A.2.1.3)			X		No interior mezzanines

Building System - Building Configuration

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
Weak Story	The sum of the shear strengths of the seismic-force- resisting system in any story in each direction is not less than 80% of the strength in the adjacent story above. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.1; Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.2)	Х				First and second floor are structurally similar
Soft Story	The stiffness of the seismic-force-resisting system in any story is not less than 70% of the seismic-force-resisting system stiffness in an adjacent story above or less than 80% of the average seismic-force-resisting system stiffness of the three stories above. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.2; Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.3)	X				First and second floor are structurally similar
Vertical Irregularities	All vertical elements in the seismic-force-resisting system are continuous to the foundation. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.3; Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.4)	X				Walls are continuous or transfer appropriately trhough floor diaphragm

Geometry	There are no changes in the net horizontal dimension of the seismic-force-resisting system of more than 30% in a story relative to adjacent stories, excluding one-story penthouses and mezzanines. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.4; Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.5)			Accounting for the vehicle bay in east-west shaking, the building is compliant
Mass	There is no change in effective mass of more than 50% from one story to the next. Light roofs, penthouses, and mezzanines need not be considered. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.5; Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.6)		X	Light roof need not be considered, therefore only 1 analytical story
Torsion	The estimated distance between the story center of mass and the story center of rigidity is less than 20% of the building width in either plan dimension. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.2.6; Commentary: Sec. A.2.2.7)	X		Compliant due to the symmetrical nature of the building

Low Seismicity (Complete the Following Items in Addition to the Items for Very Low Seismicity)

Geologic Site Hazards

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
Liquefaction	Liquefaction-susceptible, saturated, loose granular soils that could jeopardize the building's seismic performance do not exist in the foundation soils at depths within 50 ft (15.2 m) under the building. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.3.1; Commentary: Sec. A.6.1.1)				x	No geotechnical report available for the site
Slope Failure	The building site is located away from potential earthquake-induced slope failures or rockfalls so that it is unaffected by such failures or is capable of accommodating any predicted movements without failure. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.3.1; Commentary: Sec. A.6.1.2)	X				Site is flat
Surface Fault Rupture	Surface fault rupture and surface displacement at the building site are not anticipated. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.3.1; Commentary: Sec. A.6.1.3)				X	No geotechnical report available for the site

High Seismicity (Complete the Following Items in Addition to the Items for Low and Moderate Seismicity)

Foundation Configuration

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
Overturning	The ratio of the least horizontal dimension of the seismic- force-resisting system at the foundation level to the building height (base/height) is greater than 0.6Sa. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.3.3; Commentary: Sec. A.6.2.1)	X				W/H = 0.655 > 0.565 = 0.6*Sa
Ties Between Foundation Elements	The foundation has ties adequate to resist seismic forces where footings, piles, and piers are not restrained by beams, slabs, or soils classified as Site Class A, B, or C. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.4.3.4; Commentary: Sec. A.6.2.2)	X				Column footings resisted by slab- on-grade

17-7 Immediate Occupancy Checklist for Building Type W2

Building record drawings have been reviewed, when available, and a non-destructive field investigation has been performed for the subject building. Each of the required checklist items are marked Compliant (C), Noncompliant (NC), Not Applicable (N/A), or Unknown (U). Items marked Compliant indicate conditions that satisfy the performance objective, whereas items marked Noncompliant or Unknown indicate conditions that do not. Certain statements might not apply to the building being evaluated.

Very Low Seismicity

Seismic-Force-Resisting System

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
Redundancy	The number of lines of shear walls in each principal direction is greater than or equal to 2. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.1.1; Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.1.1)	X			-	There are multiple lines in each direction.
Shear Stress Check	The shear stress in the shear walls, calculated using the Quick Check procedure of Section 4.4.3.3, is less than the following values: Structural panel sheathing – 1,000 lb/ft; Diagonal sheathing – 700 lb/ft; Straight sheathing – 100 lb/ft; All other conditions – 100 lb/ft. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.1.1; Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.1)	X				Maximum value is <900plf.
Stucco (Exterior Plaster) Shear Walls	Multi-story buildings do not rely on exterior stucco walls as the primary seismic-force-resisting system. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.1; Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.2)	X				Structural sheathing shear walls exist in each direction
Gypsum Wallboard or Plaster Shear Walls	Interior plaster or gypsum wallboard is not used for shear walls on buildings more than one story high with the exception of the uppermost level of a multi-story building. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.1; Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.3)	X				Structural sheathing shear walls exist in each direction
Narrow Wood Shear Walls	Narrow wood shear walls with an aspect ratio greater than 2-to-1 are not used to resist seismic forces. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.1; Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.4)	Х				1.5:1 ratio controls for high seismicity
Walls Connected Through Floors	Shear walls have an interconnection between stories to transfer overturning and shear forces through the floor. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.2; Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.5)	X				Shear walls uses appropriate hardware and nailing, or are able to transfer through the diaphragm
Hillside Site	For structures that are taller on at least one side by more than one-half story because of a sloping site, all shear walls on the downhill slope have an aspect ratio less than 1-to-2. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.3; Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.6)			X		Site is flat
Cripple Walls	Cripple walls below first-floor-level shear walls are braced to the foundation with wood structural panels. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.4; Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.7)			х		Foundation is on grade

Openings	Walls with openings greater than 80% of the length are braced with wood structural panel shear walls with aspect ratios of not more than 1.5-to-1 or are supported by adjacent construction through positive ties capable of transferring the seismic forces. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.5; Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.8)		X	No walls have openings <80% length.
Hold Down Anchors	All shear walls have hold-down anchors attached to the end studs constructed in accordance with acceptable construction practices. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.6; Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.9)	X		Anchor bolts used

Connections

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
Wood Posts	There is a positive connection of wood posts to the foundation. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.3.3; Commentary: Sec. A.5.3.3)	x				
Wood Sills	All wood sills are bolted to the foundation. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.3.3; Commentary: Sec. A.5.3.4)	х				Sills are bolted at 48" o.c. per plans
Girder-Column Connection	There is a positive connection using plates, connection hardware, or straps between the girder and the column support. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.4.1; Commentary: Sec. A.5.4.1)	x				Connection hardware is used

Foundation System

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
	Piles and piers are capable of transferring the lateral forces					Building has a
Deep Foundations	between the structure and the soil. (Commentary: Sec.			Х		shallow
	A.6.2.3)					foundation
	The difference in foundation embedment depth from one					
Sloping Sites	side of the building to another does not exceed one story.			Х		Site is flat
	(Commentary: A.6.2.4)					

Low, Moderate, and High Seismicity (Complete the Following Items in Addition to the Items for Very Low Seismicity)

Seismic-Force-Resisting-System

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
Narrow Wood Shear Walls	Narrow wood shear walls with an aspect ratio greater than 1.5-to-1 are not used to resist seismic forces. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.5.3.6.1; Commentary: Sec. A.3.2.7.4)	X				Walls used in shear stress quick- check all meet the aspect ratio

Diaphragms

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
Diaphragm Continuity	The diaphragms are not composed of split-level floors and do not have expansion joints. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.1; Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.1)	X				Single elevated floor
Roof Chord Continuity	All chord elements are continuous, regardless of changes in roof elevation. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.1; Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.3)				X	Could not verify during visit

Diaphragm Reinforcement at Openings	There is reinforcing around all diaphragm openings larger than 50% of the building width in either major plan dimension. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.1.5; Commentary: Sec. A.4.1.8)		X	No openings greater than 50% of plan dimension
Straight Sheathing	All straight-sheathed diaphragms have aspect ratios less than 1-to-1 in the direction being considered. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2; Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.1)	X		Ratio is approximately 1:1 at worst case
Spans	All wood diaphragms with spans greater than 12 ft (3.6 m) consist of wood structural panels or diagonal sheathing. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2; Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.2)	X		Structural sheathing is used on 2nd floor and for shear walls.
Diagonally Sheathed and Unblocked Diaphragms	All diagonally sheathed or unblocked wood structural panel diaphragms have horizontal spans less than 30 ft (9.2 m) and have aspect ratios less than or equal to 3-to-1. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.2; Commentary: Sec. A.4.2.3)	X		No spans greater than 30ft
Other Diaphragms	The diaphragms do not consist of a system other than wood, metal deck, concrete, or horizontal bracing. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.6.5; Commentary: Sec. A.4.7.1)	X		Plywood with concrete topping used

Connections

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
Wood Sill Bolts	Sill bolts are spaced at 4 ft or less with acceptable edge and end distance provided for wood and concrete. (Tier 2: Sec. 5.7.3.3; Commentary: Sec. A.5.3.7)					Sills are bolted at 48" o.c. per plans

Tumwater Fire Department, Department Headquarters

17-38 Nonstructural Checklist

Notes:

C = Compliant, NC = Noncompliant, N/A = Not Applicable, and U = Unknown. Performance Level: HR = Hazards Reduced, LS = Life Safety, and PR = Position Retention. Level of Seismicity: L = Low, M = Moderate, and H = High

Life Safety Systems

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
LSS-1 Fire Suppression Piping. HR-not required; LS- LMH; PR-LMH.	Fire suppression piping is anchored and braced in accordance with NFPA-13. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.4; Commentary: Sec. A.7.13.1)		X			Unable to inspect in two-story portion of building. Vehicle bay piping does not appear braced at adequate lengths
LSS-2 Flexible Couplings. HR-not required; LS-LMH; PR-LMH.	Fire suppression piping has flexible couplings in accordance with NFPA-13. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.4; Commentary: Sec. A.7.13.2)		х			Unable to inspect in two-story portion of building. Vehicle bay piping appears to use rigid couplings.
LSS-3 Emergency Power. HR-not required; LS-LMH; PR-LMH.	Equipment used to power or control Life Safety systems is anchored or braced. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.7; Commentary: Sec. A.7.12.1)				X	Unable to inspect
LSS-4 Stair and Smoke Ducts. HR-not required; LS-LMH; PR-LMH.	Stair pressurization and smoke control ducts are braced and have flexible connections at seismic joints. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.6; Commentary: Sec. A.7.14.1)			X		No enclosed stairs
LSS-5 Sprinkler Ceiling Clearance. HR- not required; LS-MH; PR-MH.	Penetrations through panelized ceilings for fire suppression devices provide clearances in accordance with NFPA-13. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.4; Commentary: Sec. A.7.13.3)				X	Unable to inspect entire system
LSS-6 Emergency Lighting. HR-not required; LS-not required; PR-LMH	Emergency and egress lighting equipment is anchored or braced. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.9; Commentary: Sec. A.7.3.1)	X				

Hazardous Materials

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
Material Equipment. HR-LMH; LS-LMH;	Equipment mounted on vibration isolators and containing hazardous material is equipped with restraints or snubbers. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.1; Commentary: Sec. A.7.12.2)			X		None observed
Material Storage. HR-	Breakable containers that hold hazardous material, including gas cylinders, are restrained by latched doors, shelf lips, wires, or other methods. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.8.3; Commentary: Sec. A.7.15.1)				X	Unknown if station stores any for use in decontamination room

HM-3 Hazardous Material Distribution. HR-MH; LS-MH; PR- MH.	Piping or ductwork conveying hazardous materials is braced or otherwise protected from damage that would allow hazardous material release. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.3, 13.7.5; Commentary: Sec. A.7.13.4)			X	Natural gas lines not inspected
HM-4 Shutoff Valves. HR-MH; LS-MH; PR- MH.	Piping containing hazardous material, including natural gas, has shutoff valves or other devices to limit spills or leaks. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.3, 13.7.5; Commentary: Sec. A.7.13.3)	X			Emergency shutoff/on for deployment
HM-5 Flexible Couplings. HR-LMH; LS-LMH; PR-LMH.	Hazardous material ductwork and piping, including natural gas piping, have flexible couplings. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.3, 13.7.5; Commentary: Sec. A.7.15.4)			X	Natural gas lines not inspected
HM-6 Piping or Ducts Crossing Seismic Joints. HR-MH; LS- MH; PR-MH.	Piping or ductwork carrying hazardous material that either crosses seismic joints or isolation planes or is connected to independent structures has couplings or other details to accommodate the relative seismic displacements. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.3, 13.7.5, 13.7.6; Commentary: Sec. A.7.13.6)		X		No seismic joints in building

Partitions

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
P-1 Unreinforced Masonry. HR-LMH; LS-LMH; PR-LMH.	Unreinforced masonry or hollow-clay tile partitions are braced at a spacing of at most 10 ft (3.0 m) in Low or Moderate Seismicity, or at most 6 ft (1.8 m) in High Seismicity. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.2; Commentary: Sec. A.7.1.1)			x		No partitions of this type observed in building
P-2 Heavy Partitions Supported by Ceilings. HR-LMH; LS-LMH; PR-LMH.	The tops of masonry or hollow-clay tile partitions are not laterally supported by an integrated ceiling system. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.2; Commentary: Sec. A.7.2.1)			X		No partitions of this type observed in building
P-3 Drift. HR-not required; LS-MH; PR- MH.	Rigid cementitious partitions are detailed to accommodate the following drift ratios: in steel moment frame, concrete moment frame, and wood frame buildings, 0.02; in other buildings, 0.005. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.2; Commentary: Sec. A.7.1.2)			X		No partitions of this type observed in building
P-4 Light Partitions Supported by Ceilings. HR-not required; LS- not required; PR-MH.	The tops of gypsum board partitions are not laterally supported by an integrated ceiling system. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.2; Commentary: Sec. A.7.2.1)	X				Gym partitions have no ceiling
P-5 Structural Separations. HR-not required; LS-not required; PR-MH.	Partitions that cross structural separations have seismic or control joints. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.2; Commentary: Sec. A.7.1.3)			X		No seismic joints or seperations observed
P-6 Tops. HR-not required; LS-not required; PR-MH.	The tops of ceiling-high framed or panelized partitions have lateral bracing to the structure at a spacing equal to or less than 6 ft (1.8 m). (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.2; Commentary: Sec. A.7.1.4)			Х		No partitions of this type observed in building, all walls are wooden shear walls

Ceilings

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
C-1 Suspended Lath and Plaster. HR-H; LS- MH; PR-LMH.	Suspended lath and plaster ceilings have attachments that resist seismic forces for every 12 ft2 (1.1 m2) of area. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.4; Commentary: Sec. A.7.2.3)			х		No ceilings of this type observed
C-2 Suspended Gypsum Board. HR- not required; LS-MH; PR-LMH.	Suspended gypsum board ceilings have attachments that resist seismic forces for every 12 ft2 (1.1 m2) of area. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.4; Commentary: Sec. A.7.2.3)			X		No ceilings of this type observed
C-3 Integrated Ceilings. HR-not required; LS-not required; PR-MH.	Integrated suspended ceilings with continuous areas greater than 144 ft2 (13.4 m2) and ceilings of smaller areas that are not surrounded by restraining partitions are laterally restrained at a spacing no greater than 12 ft (3.6 m) with members attached to the structure above. Each restraint location has a minimum of four diagonal wires and compression struts, or diagonal members capable of resisting compression. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.4; Commentary: Sec. A.7.2.2)	Х				Ceilings not inspected, however drawings call for this type of bracing.
C-4 Edge Clearance. HR-not required; LS- not required; PR-MH.	The free edges of integrated suspended ceilings with continuous areas greater than 144 ft2 (13.4 m2) have clearances from the enclosing wall or partition of at least the following: in Moderate Seismicity, 1/2 in. (13 mm); in High Seismicity, 3/4 in. (19 mm). (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.4; Commentary: Sec. A.7.2.4)		X			Panels are flush with walls in numerous locations
C-5 Continuity Across Structure Joints. HR- not required; LS-not required; PR-MH.	The ceiling system does not cross any seismic joint and is not attached to multiple independent structures. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.4; Commentary: Sec. A.7.2.5)			X		No seismic joint in building
C-6 Edge Support. HR- not required; LS-not required; PR-H.	The free edges of integrated suspended ceilings with continuous areas greater than 144 ft2 (13.4 m2) are supported by closure angles or channels not less than 2 in. (51 mm) wide. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.4 ; Commentary: Sec. A.7.2.6)		х			No closure angle observed
C-7 Seismic Joints. HR-not required; LS- not required; PR-H.	Acoustical tile or lay-in panel ceilings have seismic separation joints such that each continuous portion of the ceiling is no more than 2,500 ft2 (232.3 m2) and has a ratio of long-to-short dimension no more than 4- to-1. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.4; Commentary: Sec. A.7.2.7)			Х		No ceiling above 2500ft^2

Light Fixtures

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
	Light fixtures that weigh more per square foot than the					
LF-1 Independent	ceiling they penetrate are supported independent of the					
Support. HR-not	grid ceiling suspension system by a minimum of two				х	Did not inspect lights
required; LS-MH; PR-	wires at diagonally opposite corners of each fixture.				Λ	Did not inspect lights
MH.	(Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.4, 13.7.9; Commentary: Sec.					
	A.7.3.2)					

LF-2 Pendant Supports. HR-not required; LS-not required; PR-H.	Light fixtures on pendant supports are attached at a spacing equal to or less than 6 ft. Unbraced suspended fixtures are free to allow a 360-degree range of motion at an angle not less than 45 degrees from horizontal without contacting adjacent components. Alternatively, if rigidly supported and/or braced, they are free to move with the structure to which they are attached without damaging adjoining components. Additionally, the connection to the structure is capable of accommodating the movement without failure. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.9; Commentary: Sec. A.7.3.3)	x		Lights in vehicle bay are not braced, nor do they have free range of movement, and could impact piping.
LF-3 Lens Covers. HR-not required; LS- not required; PR-H.	Lens covers on light fixtures are attached with safety devices. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.9; Commentary: Sec. A.7.3.4)		X	Did not inspect lights

Cladding and Glazing

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
CG-1 Cladding Anchors. HR-MH; LS- MH; PR-MH.	Cladding components weighing more than 10 lb/ft2 (0.48 kN/m2) are mechanically anchored to the structure at a spacing equal to or less than the following: for Life Safety in Moderate Seismicity, 6 ft (1.8 m); for Life Safety in High Seismicity and for Position Retention in any seismicity, 4 ft (1.2 m) (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.1; Commentary: Sec. A.7.4.1)			x		No cladding on the building exterior
CG-2 Cladding Isolation. HR-not required; LS-MH; PR- MH.	For steel or concrete moment-frame buildings, panel connections are detailed to accommodate a story drift ratio by the use of rods attached to framing with oversize holes or slotted holes of at least the following: for Life Safety in Moderate Seismicity, 0.01; for Life Safety in High Seismicity and for Position Retention in any seismicity, 0.02, and the rods have a length-to- diameter ratio of 4.0 or less. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.1; Commentary: Sec. A.7.4.3)			x		Building is wooden shear wall
CG-3 Multi-Story Panels. HR-MH; LS- MH; PR-MH.	For multi-story panels attached at more than one floor level, panel connections are detailed to accommodate a story drift ratio by the use of rods attached to framing with oversize holes or slotted holes of at least the following: for Life Safety in Moderate Seismicity, 0.01; for Life Safety in High Seismicity and for Position Retention in any seismicity, 0.02, and the rods have a length-to-diameter ratio of 4.0 or less. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.1; Commentary: Sec. A.7.4.4)			x		No cladding on the building exterior
C-4 Threaded Rods. HR-not required; LS- MH; PR-MH.	Threaded rods for panel connections detailed to accommodate drift by bending of the rod have a length-to-diameter ratio greater than 0.06 times the story height in inches for Life Safety in Moderate Seismicity and 0.12 times the story height in inches for Life Safety in High Seismicity and Position Retention in any seismicity. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.1; Commentary: Sec. A.7.4.9)			X		No cladding on the building exterior

CG-5 Panel Connections. HR-MH; LS-MH; PR-MH. CG-6 Bearing	minimum number of connections for each wall panel, as follows: for Life Safety in Moderate Seismicity, 2 connections; for Life Safety in High Seismicity and for Position Retention in any seismicity, 4 connections. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.1.4; Commentary: Sec. A.7.4.5) Where bearing connections are used, there is a minimum of two bearing connections for each	x	No cladding on the building exterior No cladding on the
Connections. HR-MH; LS-MH; PR-MH.	cladding panel. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.1.4; Commentary: Sec. A.7.4.6)	Х	building exterior
CG-7 Inserts. HR-MH; LS-MH; PR-MH.	Where concrete cladding components use inserts, the inserts have positive anchorage or are anchored to reinforcing steel. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.1.4; Commentary: Sec. A.7.4.7)	Х	No cladding on the building exterior
CG-8 Overhead Glazing. HR-not required; LS-MH; PR- MH.	Glazing panes of any size in curtain walls and individual interior or exterior panes more than 16 ft2 (1.5 m2) in area are laminated annealed or laminated heat-strengthened glass and are detailed to remain in the frame when cracked. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.1.5; Commentary: Sec. A.7.4.8)	х	No cladding on the building exterior

Masonry Veneer

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
EVALUATION ITEM		U	INC	1N/A	U	COMMENT
M-1 Ties. HR-not required; LS-LMH; PR-LMH.	Masonry veneer is connected to the backup with corrosion-resistant ties. There is a minimum of one tie for every 2-2/3 ft2 (0.25 m2), and the ties have spacing no greater than the following: for Life Safety in Low or Moderate Seismicity, 36 in. (914 mm); for Life Safety in High Seismicity and for Position Retention in any seismicity, 24 in. (610 mm). (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.1.2; Commentary: Sec. A.7.5.1)	X				Anchorage of brick veneer @ 16" o.c. horizontal and vertical per drawings
Ũ	Masonry veneer is supported by shelf angles or other elements at each floor above the ground floor. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.1.2; Commentary: Sec. A.7.5.2)				X	None shown on drawings, unable to inspect behind veneer
M-3 Weakened Planes. HR-not required; LS- LMH; PR-LMH.	Masonry veneer is anchored to the backup adjacent to weakened planes, such as at the locations of flashing. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.1.2; Commentary: Sec. A.7.5.3)			x		No weakened plane shown on drawings
M-4 Unreinforced Masonry Backup. HR- LMH; LS-LMH; PR- LMH.	There is no unreinforced masonry backup. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.1.1, 13.6.1.2; Commentary: Sec. A.7.7.2)			X		No masonry backup.
M-5 Stud Tracks. HR- not required; LS-MH; PR-MH.	For veneer with coldformed steel stud backup, stud tracks are fastened to the structure at a spacing equal to or less than 24 in. (610 mm) on center. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.1.1, 13.6.1.2; Commentary: Sec. A.7.6.)	X				16" o.c. per drawings
M-6 Anchorage. HR- not required; LS-MH; PR-MH.	For veneer with concrete block or masonry backup, the backup is positively anchored to the structure at a horizontal spacing equal to or less than 4 ft along the floors and roof. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.1.1, 13.6.1.2; Commentary: Sec. A.7.7.1)			x		No backup

not required; LS-not	In veneer anchored to stud walls, the veneer has functioning weep holes and base flashing. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.1.2; Commentary: Sec. A.7.5.6)	X		Weep holes observed along base
M-8 Openings. HR-not	For veneer with cold-formed-steel stud backup, steel			Steel stud backup
required; LS-not	studs frame window and door openings. (Tier 2: Sec.		Х	portions have no
required; PR-MH.	13.6.1.1, 13.6.1.2; Commentary: Sec. A.7.6.2)			openings

Parapets, Cornices, Ornamentation, and Appendages

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
PCOA-1 URM Parapets or Cornices. HR-LMH; LS-LMH; PR-LMH.	Laterally unsupported unreinforced masonry parapets or cornices have height-tothickness ratios no greater than the following: for Life Safety in Low or Moderate Seismicity, 2.5; for Life Safety in High Seismicity and for Position Retention in any seismicity, 1.5. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.5; Commentary: Sec. A.7.8.1)			X		Building does not have parapets or cornices
PCOA-2 Canopies. HR-not required; LS- LMH; PR-LMH.	Canopies at building exits are anchored to the structure at a spacing no greater than the following: for Life Safety in Low or Moderate Seismicity, 10 ft (3.0 m); for Life Safety in High Seismicity and for Position Retention in any seismicity, 6 ft (1.8 m). (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.6; Commentary: Sec. A.7.8.2)	X				Canopy at entrance has 2' to 4' spacing
PCOA-3 Concrete Parapets. HR-H; LS- MH; PR-LMH.	Concrete parapets with height-to-thickness ratios greater than 2.5 have vertical reinforcement. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.5; Commentary: Sec. A.7.8.3)			x		Building does not have parapets or cornices
PCOA-4 Appendages. HR-MH; LS-MH; PR- LMH.	Cornices, parapets, signs, and other ornamentation or appendages that extend above the highest point of anchorage to the structure or cantilever from components are reinforced and anchored to the structural system at a spacing equal to or less than 6 ft (1.8 m). This evaluation statement item does not apply to parapets or cornices covered by other evaluation statements. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.6; Commentary: Sec. A.7.8.4)			x		Building does not have parapets or cornices

Masonry Chimneys

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
MC-1 URM Chimneys. HR-LMH; LS-LMH; PR-LMH.	Unreinforced masonry chimneys extend above the roof surface no more than the following: for Life Safety in Low or Moderate Seismicity, 3 times the least dimension of the chimney; for Life Safety in High Seismicity and for Position Retention in any seismicity, 2 times the least dimension of the chimney. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.7; Commentary: Sec. A.7.9.1)			X		Building does not have a chimney
-	Masonry chimneys are anchored at each floor level, at the topmost ceiling level, and at the roof. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.7; Commentary: Sec. A.7.9.2)			x		Building does not have a chimney

Stairs

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
S-1 Stair Enclosures. HR-not required; LS- LMH; PR-LMH.	Hollow-clay tile or unreinforced masonry walls around stair enclosures are restrained out of plane and have height-to-thickness ratios not greater than the following: for Life Safety in Low or Moderate Seismicity, 15-to-1; for Life Safety in High Seismicity and for Position Retention in any seismicity, 12-to-1. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.2, 13.6.8; Commentary: Sec. A.7.10.1)			x		No stairs are enclosed by masonry or hollow- clay tiles.
	The connection between the stairs and the structure does not rely on post-installed anchors in concrete or masonry, and the stair details are capable of accommodating the drift calculated using the Quick Check procedure of Section 4.4.3.1 for moment-frame structures or 0.5 in. for all other structures without including any lateral stiffness contribution from the stairs. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.8; Commentary: Sec. A.7.10.2)				х	No details for structural connection of stairs is present in the drawings. unable to inspect in field.

Contents and Furnishings

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
CF-1 Industrial Storage Racks. HR- LMH; LS-MH; PR- MH.	Industrial storage racks or pallet racks more than 12 ft high meet the requirements of ANSI/RMI MH 16.1 as modified by ASCE 7, Chapter 15. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.8.1; Commentary: Sec. A.7.11.1)			X		No racks observed
CF-2 Tall Narrow Contents. HR-not required; LS-H; PR- MH.	Contents more than 6 ft (1.8 m) high with a height-to- depth or height-to-width ratio greater than 3-to-1 are anchored to the structure or to each other. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.8.2; Commentary: Sec. A.7.11.2)		X			Several lockers on second floor and closets in personal rooms are unattached
CF-3 Fall-Prone Contents. HR-not required; LS-H; PR-H.	Equipment, stored items, or other contents weighing more than 20 lb (9.1 kg) whose center of mass is more than 4 ft (1.2 m) above the adjacent floor level are braced or otherwise restrained. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.8.2; Commentary: Sec. A.7.11.3)		X			See CF-2. Additionally equipment racks in high bay are unmounted and on rollers.
CF-4 Access Floors. HR-not required; LS- not required; PR-MH.	Access floors more than 9 in. (229 mm) high are braced. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.10; Commentary: Sec. A.7.11.4)			x		No access floors in this building
CF-5 Equipment on Access Floors. HR-not required; LS-not required; PR-MH.	Equipment and other contents supported by access floor systems are anchored or braced to the structure independent of the access floor. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.7 13.6.10; Commentary: Sec. A.7.11.5)			X		No access floors in this building
CF-6 Suspended Contents. HR-not required; LS-not required; PR-H.	Items suspended without lateral bracing are free to swing from or move with the structure from which they are suspended without damaging themselves or adjoining components. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.8.2; Commentary: Sec. A.7.11.6)			x		No suspended items observed

Mechanical and Electrical Equipment

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
ME-1 Fall-Prone Equipment. HR-not required; LS-H; PR-H.	Equipment weighing more than 20 lb (9.1 kg) whose center of mass is more than 4 ft (1.2 m) above the adjacent floor level, and which is not in-line equipment, is braced. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.1 13.7.7; Commentary: Sec. A.7.12.4)	X				Inspected equipment in mechanical room is anchored
ME-2 In-Line Equipment. HR-not required; LS-H; PR-H.	Equipment installed in line with a duct or piping system, with an operating weight more than 75 lb (34.0 kg), is supported and laterally braced independent of the duct or piping system. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.1; Commentary: Sec. A.7.12.5)				X	Unable to determine from observations or plans if any equipment is above 75lb in-line with piping systems.
ME-3 Tall Narrow Equipment. HR-not required; LS-H; PR- MH.	Equipment more than 6 ft (1.8 m) high with a height- to-depth or height-to-width ratio greater than 3-to-1 is anchored to the floor slab or adjacent structural walls. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.1 13.7.7; Commentary: Sec. A.7.12.6)	X				Equipment is under 6 foot, or anchored to slab/wall anyway
ME-4 Mechanical Doors. HR-not required; LS-not required; PR-MH.	Mechanically operated doors are detailed to operate at a story drift ratio of 0.01. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.6.9; Commentary: Sec. A.7.12.7)			X		No mechanically operated doors are present in the building
ME-5 Suspended Equipment. HR-not required; LS-not required; PR-H.	Equipment suspended without lateral bracing is free to swing from or move with the structure from which it is suspended without damaging itself or adjoining components. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.1, 13.7.7; Commentary: Sec. A.7.12.8)			X		No equipment observed
ME-6 Vibration Isolators. HR-not required; LS-not required; PR-H.	Equipment mounted on vibration isolators is equipped with horizontal restraints or snubbers and with vertical restraints to resist overturning. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.1; Commentary: Sec. A.7.12.9)			X		No equipment observed on isolators
ME-7 Heavy Equipment. HR-not required; LS-not required; PR-H.	Floor supported or platform-supported equipment weighing more than 400 lb (181.4 kg) is anchored to the structure. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.1, 13.7.7; Commentary: Sec. A.7.12.10)				X	Some heavy-looking equipment in the decontamination room was not mounted. Unable to verify weight of equipment from drawings.
ME-8 Electrical Equipment. HR-not required; LS-not required; PR-H.	Electrical equipment is laterally braced to the structure. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.7; Commentary: Sec. A.7.12.11)	Х				IT equipment was braced in two directions, electric panels were mounted to structure.
ME-9 Conduit Couplings. HR-not required; LS-not required; PR-H.	Conduit greater than 2.5 in. (64 mm) trade size that is attached to panels, cabinets, or other equipment and is subject to relative seismic displacement has flexible couplings or connections. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.8; Commentary: Sec. A.7.12.12)	X				No conduits above this size observed in the building.

Piping

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
PP-1 Flexible Couplings. HR-not required; LS-not required; PR-H.	Fluid and gas piping has flexible couplings. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.3, 13.7.5; Commentary: Sec. A.7.13.2)				x	Piping not inspected
PP-2 Fluid and Gas Piping. HR-not required; LS-not required; PR-H.	Fluid and gas piping is anchored and braced to the structure to limit spills or leaks. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.3, 13.7.5; Commentary: Sec. A.7.13.4)				X	Piping not inspected
PP-3 C-Clamps. HR- not required; LS-not required; PR-H.	One-sided C-clamps that support piping larger than 2.5 in. (64 mm) in diameter are restrained. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.3, 13.7.5; Commentary: Sec. A.7.13.5)				X	Piping not inspected
PP-4 Piping Crossing Seismic Joints. HR-not required; LS-not required; PR-H.	Piping that crosses seismic joints or isolation planes or is connected to independent structures has couplings or other details to accommodate the relative seismic displacements. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.3, 13.7.5; Commentary: Sec. A.7.13.6)			х		There is no seismic joint in the building

Ducts

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
D-1 Duct Bracing. HR- not required; LS-not required; PR-H.	Rectangular ductwork larger than 6 ft2 (0.56 m2) in cross-sectional area and round ducts larger than 28 in. (711 mm) in diameter are braced. The maximum spacing of transverse bracing does not exceed 30 ft (9.2 m). The maximum spacing of longitudinal bracing does not exceed 60 ft (18.3 m). (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.6; Commentary: Sec. A.7.14.2)	X				Ductwork in vehicle bay is braced
D-2 Duct Support. HR- not required; LS-not required; PR-H.	Ducts are not supported by piping or electrical conduit. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.6; Commentary: Sec. A.7.14.3)	X				Ducts are supported by additional structural members
D-3 Ducts Crossing Seismic Joints. HR-not required; LS-not required; PR-H.	Ducts that cross seismic joints or isolation planes or are connected to independent structures have couplings or other details to accommodate the relative seismic displacements. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.6; Commentary: Sec. A.7.14.4)			х		There is no seismic joint in the building

Elevators

EVALUATION ITEM	EVALUATION STATEMENT	С	NC	N/A	U	COMMENT
EL-1 Retainer Guards. HR-not required; LS- H; PR-H.	Sheaves and drums have cable retainer guards. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.11; Commentary: Sec. A.7.16.1)				X	Did not inspect elevator in building
EL-2 Retainer Plate. HR-not required; LS- H; PR-H.	A retainer plate is present at the top and bottom of both car and counterweight. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.11; Commentary: Sec. A.7.16.2)				X	Did not inspect elevator in building
EL-3 Elevator Equipment. HR-not required; LS-not required; PR-H.	Equipment, piping, and other components that are part of the elevator system are anchored. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.11; Commentary: Sec. A.7.16.3)				x	Did not inspect elevator in building

EL-4 Seismic Switch. HR-not required; LS- not required; PR-H.	Elevators capable of operating at speeds of 150 ft/min or faster are equipped with seismic switches that meet the requirements of ASME A17.1 or have trigger levels set to 20% of the acceleration of gravity at the base of the structure and 50% of the acceleration of gravity in other locations. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.11; Commentary: Sec. A.7.16.4)		X	Did not inspect elevator in building
EL-5 Shaft Walls. HR- not required; LS-not required; PR-H.	Elevator shaft walls are anchored and reinforced to prevent toppling into the shaft during strong shaking. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.11; Commentary: Sec. A.7.16.5)		X	Did not inspect elevator in building
	All counterweight rails and divider beams are sized in accordance with ASME A17.1. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.11; Commentary: Sec. A.7.16.6)		X	Did not inspect elevator in building
EL-7 Brackets. HR-not required; LS-not required; PR-H.	The brackets that tie the car rails and the counterweight rail to the structure are sized in accordance with ASME A17.1. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.11; Commentary: Sec. A.7.16.7)		x	Did not inspect elevator in building
EL-8 Spreader Bracket. HR-not required; LS-not required; PR-H.	Spreader brackets are not used to resist seismic forces. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.11; Commentary: Sec. A.7.16.8)		x	Did not inspect elevator in building
EL-9 Go-Slow Elevators. HR-not required; LS-not required; PR-H.	The building has a go-slow elevator system. (Tier 2: Sec. 13.7.11; Commentary: Sec. A.7.16.9)		x	Did not inspect elevator in building