

## RECORD OF PROCESSING ACTIVITY ACCORDING TO ARTICLE 31 REGULATION 2018/1725 NOTIFICATION TO THE DATA PROTECTION OFFICER

NAME OF PROCESSING OPERATION<sup>2</sup>: Incoming and outgoing registered mail

DPR-2018-035 (to be completed by the DPO)			
Creation date of this record: 21/12/2018			
Last update of this record: 21/12/2018			
Version:1			
1) Controller(s) <sup>3</sup> of data processing operation (Article 31.1(a))			
Controller: European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights (FRA)			
Organisational unit responsible <sup>4</sup> for the processing activity: Corporate Services			
Contact person: Constantinos Manolopoulos			
Data Protection Officer (DPO): dpo@fra.europa.eu)			
2) Who is actually conducting the processing? (Article 31.1(a)) <sup>5</sup>			
The data is processed by the FRA itself	$\boxtimes$		
The data is processed also by a third party (contractor) [mention the third party]			
Contact point at external third party (e.g. Privacy/Data Protection Officer):			
Name/Surname/Email address			
Name/Sumame/Email address			

<sup>1</sup> https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32018R1725

Personal data is any information relating to an identified or identifiable natural person, i.e. someone who can be identified, directly or indirectly, in particular by reference to an identifier such as a name, an identification number, location data, an online identifier or to one or more factors specific to the physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural or social identity. This information may, for example, be the name, date of birth, a telephone number, biometric data, medical data, a picture, professional details, etc.

**Processing** means any operation or set of operations which is performed on personal data, whether or not by automatic means, such as collection, recording, organisation, structuring, storage, adaptation or alteration, retrieval, consultation, use, disclosure by transmission, dissemination or otherwise making available, alignment or combination, restriction, erasure or destruction.

In case of more than one controller (e.g. joint FRA research), all controllers need to be listed here

<sup>4</sup> This is the unit that decides that the processing takes place and why.

Is the FRA itself conducting the processing? Or has a provider been contracted?



## 3) Purpose of the processing (Article 31.1(b))

Why are the personal data being processed? Please provide a very concise description of what you intend to achieve with the processing operation. Specify the rationale and underlying reason

for the processing and describe the individual steps used for the processing. If you do this on a specific legal basis, mention it as well (e.g. staff regulations for selection procedures).				
For the tracking of all incoming, internal and outgoing mail.				
Description of the categories of data subjects (Article 31.1(c))				
Whose personal data are being processed?				
FRA staff	$\boxtimes$			
Non-FRA staff	$\boxtimes$			
5) Categories of personal data processed (Article 31.1(c))				
Please tick all that apply and give details where appropriate. Include information if auton decision making takes place, evaluation and monitoring	nated			
(a) General personal data:				
(a) <b>General personal data:</b> The personal data contains:				
Personal details (e.g. name, surname, date of birth, gender, nationality, address photo, ID copy, social security certificate, medical certificate, military/civil Certificate, criminal record, etc.)	s, 🖂			
Contact details ( e.g. postal address, email address, mobile and fax number)	$\boxtimes$			
Education & Training details				
Employment details (e.g. work experience, languages, opinions)				
Financial details (e.g. financial identification form, bank account information)				
Family, lifestyle and social circumstances				
Goods or services provided				
Other (please give details):				
(b) <b>Sensitive personal data</b> (Article 10) The personal data reveals:				



Racial or ethnic origin			
Political opinions			
Religious or philosophical beliefs			
Trade union membership			
Genetic, biometric or data concerning health			
Information regarding an individual's sex life or sexual orientation			
6) Recipient(s) of the data (Article 31.1 (d)) <sup>6</sup>			
Recipients are all parties who have access to the personal data. Who will have access	to the		
data within FRA? Who will have access to the data outside FRA?			
Designated FRA staff members (please specify which team and Unit)	$\boxtimes$		
DSF staff with access to the mail registration system.			
	,7		
7) Transfers to third countries or recipients outside the EEA (Article 31.1	(e))'		
If the personal data are transferred outside the European Economic Area, this needs to	o be		
specifically mentioned, since it increases the risks of the processing operation.			
Data are transferred to third country recipients:			
Yes			
No	$\boxtimes$		
8) Retention time (Article 4(e))			
How long will the data be retained and what is the justification for the retention period?	Please		
indicate the starting point and differentiate between categories of persons or data where needed			
(e.g. in selection procedures candidates who made it onto the reserve list vs. those who didn't).			
Are the data limited according to the adage "as long as necessary, as short as possible"?			
The registration data is kept for 10 years.			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> No need to mention entities that may have access in the course of a particular investigation (e.g. OLAF, EO,

EDPS).

<sup>7</sup> Processor in a third country using standard contractual clauses, a third-country public authority you cooperate with based on a treaty. If needed, consult your DPO for more information on how to ensure safeguards.



9) Technical and organisational security measures (Article 31.1(g))				
Please specify where/how the data are stored during and after the processing; please	describe			
the security measures taken by FRA or by the contractor				
How is the data stored?				
FRA network shared drive/IT system	$\boxtimes$			
Outlook Folder(s)				
СКМ				
Hardcopy file				
Cloud (give details, e.g. cloud provider)				
Servers of external provider Other (please specify): The data is stored on ABAC with limited access				
10) Lawfulness of the processing (Article 5(a)–(d)) <sup>8</sup> : Processing neces	sary for:			
Mention the legal basis which justifies the processing				
(a) a task carried out in the public interest or in the exercise of official author	rity			
vested in the FRA (including management and functioning of the				
institution)				
(Examples of legal basis: FRA Founding Regulation (EC) No. 168/2007 establishing the European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights Articles 4.1 a and 4.1 c);); FRA legal acts (Conditions of Employment, Staff Rules Administrative Circular etc.)	)			
(b) compliance with a legal obligation to which the FRA is subject	$\boxtimes$			
(c) necessary for the performance of a contract with the data subject or to p	repare			
such a contract	$\boxtimes$			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Tick (at least) one and explain why the processing is necessary for it. Examples:

<sup>(</sup>a) a task attributed to your EUI by legislation, e.g. procedures under the staff regulations or tasks assigned by an Agency's founding regulation. Please mention the specific legal basis (e.g. "Staff Regulations Article X, as implemented by EUI IR Article Y", instead of just "Staff Regulations")

<sup>(</sup>a2) not all processing operations required for the functioning of the EUIs are explicitly mandated by legislation; recital 17 explains that they are nonetheless covered here, e.g. internal staff directory, access control.

<sup>(</sup>b) a specific legal obligation to process personal data, e.g. obligation to publish declarations of interest in an EU agency's founding regulation.

<sup>(</sup>c) this is rarely used by the EUIs.

<sup>(</sup>d) if persons have given free and informed consent, e.g. a photo booth on EU open day, optional publication of photos in internal directory;

<sup>(</sup>e) e.g. processing of health information by first responders after an accident when the person cannot consent.



(d)	Data subject has given consent (ex	ante, explicit, informed)	$\leq$	
	Describe how consent will be collected stored	d and where the relevant proof of consent will	be	
(e)	necessary in order to protect the vi	tal interests of the data subjects or of ano	ther	
	natural person			
44)	Data Minimination (Article 4(a))			
	Data Minimisation(Article 4(c))	د المعالمة ا		
	isted data is required for traceability pur	collect? Are there any you could do without?		
		•		
40)	Transparance (Antiple 4.4)			
,	Transparency (Article 14)	in a succession 2		
now	do you inform people about the process	sing operation?		
The	data subjects are informed through t	the privacy notice and related internal poli	CV	
1110	data subjects are informed through	the privacy notice and related internal poil	cy.	
12\	Exercising the rights of the data	subject (Article 14 (2))		
		know what you have about them, want to cor	rect or	
	e the data, have it blocked or oppose to		CCI OI	
See privacy statement: e-mail to <a href="mailto:facilities@fra.europa.eu">facilities@fra.europa.eu</a> ; we will reply as per standard deadlines and procedures in FRA's data protection implementing rules.				
Data	a subject rights:			
Righ	t to have access	⊠ Anytime		
Righ	t to rectify	⊠ Anytime		
Righ	t to erase ("right to be forgotten)	⊠ Anytime		
Righ	t to restrict of processing	⊠ Anytime		
Righ	t to data portability	⊠ Anytime		
Righ	t to object	⊠ Anytime		
Righ	t to obtain notifications to 3 <sup>rd</sup> parties	⊠ Anytime		
Righ	t to have recourse	⊠ Anytime		
Righ	t to withdraw consent at any time			



## 14) Other linked documentation

Please provide links to other documentation of this process (consent form, privacy notice, project documentation, security related policies /measures etc.)

Privacy notice

Mail registration policy

Responsible Signature Date

C Manolopoulos Head of Corporate Services Unit