

# RECORD OF PROCESSING ACTIVITY ACCORDING TO ARTICLE 31 REGULATION 2018/1725 NOTIFICATION TO THE DATA PROTECTION OFFICER

#### NAME OF PROCESSING OPERATION2: Staff Committee Elections March 2021

Reference number: DPR-2021-126 (to be completed by the DPO)
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Version:

### Part 1 (Publicly available)

### 1) Controller(s) $^3$ of data processing operation (Article 31.1(a))

Controller: European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights (FRA)

Schwarzenbergplatz 11, A-1040 Vienna, Austria

Telephone: +43 1 580 30 – 0 Email: contact@fra.europa.eu

Organisational unit responsible<sup>4</sup> for the processing activity: Corporate Services

Contact details: constantinos.manolopoulos@fra.europa.eu

Data Protection Officer (DPO): <a href="mailto:dpo@fra.europa.eu">dpo@fra.europa.eu</a>

# 2) Who is actually conducting the processing? (Article 31.1(a))<sup>5</sup> The data is processed by the FRA itself The data is processed also by a third party (contractor) [mention the third party] The data will be processed by the European Commission's EUSurvey tool. Requests and enquiries concerning European Commission's EUSurvey tool

<sup>1</sup> https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32018R1725

Personal data is any information relating to an identified or identifiable natural person, i.e. someone who can be identified, directly or indirectly, in particular by reference to an identifier such as a name, an identification number, location data, an online identifier or to one or more factors specific to the physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural or social identity. This information may, for example, be the name, date of birth, a telephone number, biometric data, medical data, a picture, professional details, etc.

**Processing** means any operation or set of operations which is performed on personal data, whether or not by automatic means, such as collection, recording, organisation, structuring, storage, adaptation or alteration, retrieval, consultation, use, disclosure by transmission, dissemination or otherwise making available, alignment or combination, restriction, erasure or destruction.

In case of more than one controller (e.g., joint FRA research), all controllers need to be listed here

<sup>4</sup> This is the unit that decides that the processing takes place and why.

Is the FRA itself conducting the processing? Or has a provider been contracted?



can be sent using a contact form available at

https://ec.europa.eu/eusurvey/home/support

### 3) Purpose of the processing (Article 31.1(b))

Why are the personal data being processed? Please provide a very concise description of what you intend to achieve with the processing operation. Specify the rationale and underlying reason for the processing and describe the individual steps used for the processing. If you do this on a specific legal basis, mention it as well (e.g. staff regulations for selection procedures).

Data will be collected to carry out FRA staff committee elections by way of e-voting. This is based on the Decision 2020/06 of FRA's Executive Board ('EB Decision on setting up a Staff Committee'), according to which the agency should set up a staff committee to perform the tasks assigned to it by the Staff Regulations. According to Article 9 of the EB Decision, to staff committee elections will be carried out following the electoral rules. The Electoral Rules for the FRA Staff Committee, adopted on 11 December 2017, provide in Article 11 for the possibility to organise the elections using e-voting. Director's Decision DIR/002/2021 appointed an electoral committee to carry out the electoral process.

4) Description of the categories of data subjects (Article 31.1(c))  Whose personal data are being processed?	
FRA staff	
Non-FRA staff (please specify e.g. Roma community, judges, etc.)	

5) Categories of personal data processed (Article 31.1(c))

Please tick all that apply and give details where appropriate



(a) General personal data (add or delete as appropriate – the data in the brackets are only examples)	
Personal details (e.g. name, surname, date of birth, gender, nationality, address photo, ID copy, social security certificate, etc.)	,
Contact details (email address, phone/fax number)	
Education & Training details	
Employment details (e.g. work experience, languages, name and type of the employer/organisation, address of the employer/ organisation)	
Financial details (e.g. financial identification form, bank account information)	
Family, lifestyle and social circumstances	
Goods or services provided	
Other (please give details): IP addresses (b) Sensitive personal data (Article 10) The personal data collected reveal:	
Racial or ethnic origin	
Political opinions	
Religious or philosophical beliefs	
Trade union membership	
Genetic, biometric or data concerning health	
Information regarding an individual's sex life or sexual orientation	
N/A	
(c) Personal data relating to criminal convictions and offences (Article 11)	
Criminal record (or similar, e.g. declaration of good conduct)	
N/A	

## 6) Recipient(s) of the data (Article 31.1 (d))

Recipients are all parties who have access to the personal data. Who will have access to the data within FRA? Who will have access to the data outside FRA? No need to mention entities that may have access in the course of a particular investigation (e.g. OLAF, EO, EDPS).



Designated <b>FRA</b> staff members (please specify which team and Unit-no need to mention specifically the names of colleagues)	$\boxtimes$
During the electoral process of FRA staff committee elections in March 202 members of the electoral committee – appointed by Director's Decision DIR/002/will establish in the EUSurvey tool an email list of FRA staff members eligible to the elections (see register of voters). This is done for the purpose of carrying out to committee elections by way of e-voting (Article 11 of the electoral rules).	2021 – vote in
Recipients outside FRA:	
For an anonymous survey – the option that will be used for the staff committee el – EUSurvey collects the IP addresses of the persons who use the tool. According information provided by the Commission, the 'IP of every connection is saved for seasons for every server request'. This information is processed by the Eu Commission and the electoral committee does not have access to it. The process this data by the European Commission is further described in a privacy statement EC-01488, available at <a href="https://ec.europa.eu/eusurvey/home/privacystatement">https://ec.europa.eu/eusurvey/home/privacystatement</a> , a data controller can be contacted by using a contact for <a href="https://ec.europa.eu/eusurvey/home/support">https://ec.europa.eu/eusurvey/home/support</a> .	g to the security ropean ssing of at DPR- and the
7) Transfers to third countries or international organisations (Article 31.1 (	e)) <sup>6</sup>
If the personal data are transferred outside the European Economic Area or to internation	nal
organisations, this needs to be specifically mentioned, since it increases the risks of the	
processing operation.	
Transfer outside of the EU or EEA	
Yes	
No	$\boxtimes$
If yes, specify to which country:	
Transfer to international organisation(s)	
Yes	
No	$\boxtimes$

If yes specify to which organisation:

Legal base for the data transfer

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> **Processor** in a third country using standard contractual clauses, a third-country public authority you cooperate with based on a treaty. If needed, consult your DPO for more information on how to ensure safeguards.



☐ Transfer on the basis of the European Commission's adequacy decision (Article 47)
☐ Transfer subject to appropriate safeguards (Article 48.2 and .3), specify:
<ul> <li>a)</li></ul>
Standard data protection clauses, adopted by b) ☐ the Commission, or
<ul> <li>c) ☐ the European Data Protection Supervisor and approved by the Commission, pursuant to the examination procedure referred to in Article 96(2).</li> <li>d) ☐ Binding corporate rules, ☐ Codes of conduct, ☐ Certification mechanism pursuant to points (b), (e) and (f) of Article 46(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, where the processor is not a Union institution or body.</li> </ul>
Subject to the authorisation from the European Data Protection Supervisor:  Contractual clauses between the controller or processor and the controller, processor or the recipient of the personal data in the third country or international organisation.
☐ Administrative arrangements between public authorities or bodies which include enforceable and effective data subject rights.
☐ Transfer based on an international agreement (Article 49), specify:
Derogations for specific situations (Article 50.1 (a) –(g))
⋈ N /A  ∨ Yes, derogation(s) for specific situations in accordance with article 50.1 (a) –(g) apply In the absence of an adequacy decision, or of appropriate safeguards, transfer of personal data to a third country or an international organisation is based on the following condition(s):
$\square$ (a) The data subject has explicitly consented to the proposed transfer, after having been informed of the possible risks of such transfers for the data subject due to the absence of an adequacy decision and appropriate safeguards
☐ (b) The transfer is necessary for the performance of a contract between the data subject and the controller or the implementation of pre-contractual measures taken at the data subject's request
(c) The transfer is necessary for the conclusion or performance of a contract concluded in the interest of the data subject between the controller and another natural or legal person
<ul> <li>□ (d) The transfer is necessary for important reasons of public interest</li> <li>□ (e) The transfer is necessary for the establishment, exercise or defense of legal claims</li> <li>□ (f) The transfer is necessary in order to protect the vital interests of the data subject or of other persons, where the data subject is physically or legally incapable of giving consent</li> </ul>
$\square$ (g) The transfer is made from a register which, according to Union law, is intended to provide information to the public and which is open to consultation either by the public in general or by any person who can demonstrate a legitimate interest, but only to the extent that the conditions laid down in Union law for consultation are fulfilled in the particular



8) Retention time (Article 4(e))
How long will the data be retained and what is the justification for the retention period? Please
indicate the starting point and differentiate between categories of persons or data where needed
(e.g. in selection procedures candidates who made it onto the reserve list vs. those who didn't).
Are the data limited according to the adage "as long as necessary, as short as possible"?
Names and emails of eligible votes will be kept in the EUSurvey tool until 31 May 2021. This is the time necessary for carrying out the elections and confirming the result.
The European Commission keeps personal data for the time necessary to fulfil the purpose of the survey. Data associated with a user account is deleted after a period of inactivity of 2 years.

9) Technical and organisational security measures (Article 31.1(g))	
Please specify where/how the data are stored during and after the processing; please	ase
describe the security measures taken by FRA or by the contractor	
How is the data stored?	
Document Management System (DMS)	
FRA network shared drive	
Outlook Folder(s)	
CRM	
Hardcopy file	
Cloud (give details, e.g. cloud provider)	
Servers of external provider	$\boxtimes$
Other (please specify): The FRA electoral committee will list the names and email addresses in the EUSurvey tool, to invite voters to cast their votes. The EUSurvey tool will collect the IP addresses of each server request for security purposes.	

# 10) Exercising the rights of the data subject (Article 14 (2))

How can people contact you if they want to know what you have about them, want to correct or delete the data, have it blocked or oppose to the processing? How will you react?



See further details in the privacy notice: e-mail to functional mailbox		
Data subject rights		
$\boxtimes$	Right of access	
$\boxtimes$	Right to rectification	
$\boxtimes$	Right to erasure (right to be forgotten)	
$\boxtimes$	Right to restriction of processing	
	Right to data portability	
$\boxtimes$	Right to object	
$\boxtimes$	Notification obligation regarding rectification or erasure of personal data or restriction of processing	
$\boxtimes$	Right to have recourse	
$\boxtimes$	Right to withdraw consent at any time	

### Part 2 – Compliance check and risk screening (internal)

11) Lawfulness of the processing (Article 5(a)–(e))<sup>7</sup>: Processing necessary for:

Mention the legal basis which justifies the processing and assess that the purposes specified are purposes specified, explicit, legitimate.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Tick (at least) one and explain why the processing is necessary for it. Examples:

<sup>(</sup>a) a task attributed to your EUI by legislation, e.g. procedures under the staff regulations or tasks assigned by an Agency's founding regulation. Please mention the specific legal basis (e.g. "Staff Regulations Article X, as implemented by EUI IR Article Y", instead of just "Staff Regulations")

<sup>(</sup>a2) not all processing operations required for the functioning of the EUIs are explicitly mandated by legislation; recital 17 explains that they are nonetheless covered here, e.g. internal staff directory, access control.

<sup>(</sup>b) a specific legal obligation to process personal data, e.g. obligation to publish declarations of interest in an EU agency's founding regulation.

<sup>(</sup>c) this is rarely used by the EUIs.

<sup>(</sup>d) if persons have given free and informed consent, e.g. a photo booth on EU open day, optional publication of photos in internal directory;

<sup>(</sup>e) e.g. processing of health information by first responders after an accident when the person cannot consent.