First Regular Session Seventy-second General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 19-0419.01 Michael Dohr x4347

HOUSE BILL 19-1090

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING MEASURES TO ALLOW GREATER INVESTMENT 102 FLEXIBILITY IN MARIJUANA BUSINESSES.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

The bill repeals the provisions that require limited passive investors to go through an initial background check. The bill repeals the provisions that limit the number of out-of-state direct beneficial owners to 15 persons. The bill repeals the provision that prohibits publicly traded corporations from holding a marijuana license.

The bill creates 2 new ownership licenses, controlling beneficial

owners and passive beneficial owners. The bill gives the state licensing authority rule-making authority related to the parameters of, qualifications of, disclosure of, requirements for, and suitability for the new license types. A controlling beneficial owner is a person that is the beneficial owner of 10% or more of the securities of a marijuana business, is an affiliate, or is otherwise in a position to exercise control of the marijuana business. A passive beneficial owner is a person that is not an affiliate of a marijuana business, has no control over the marijuana business, and owns less than 10% of the securities of a marijuana business.

The bill requires a person intending to apply to become a controlling beneficial owner or passive beneficial owner to receive a finding of suitability or an exemption from the state licensing authority prior to submitting a marijuana business application. When applying for suitability, a person must disclose all of its officers, directors, and affiliates; all controlling beneficial owners; if a publicly traded corporation, all of its controlling beneficial owners of 10% or more; and, if not a publicly traded corporation, all of its officers, directors, beneficial owners, affiliates, and passive beneficial owners. The bill also requires a marijuana business or controlling beneficial owner that is a publicly traded corporation to comply with various notification, disclosure, notice, and suitability requirements. The bill limits the types of publicly traded corporations that can be marijuana businesses or controlling beneficial owners.

Current statutes list areas in which the state licensing authority may adopt rules but does not limit the rules to those areas. The bill limits the state licensing authority's power to adopt rules to those areas listed in statutes.

1 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado: 2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-104, amend 3 (1), (4), (12), (21), and (23); **add** (1.1), (1.2), (1.3), (1.4), (1.5), (1.6), 4 (11.5), (19.2), (22.7), (23.5), (25.5), and (27); and **repeal** (20) as follows: 5 **44-11-104. Definitions.** As used in this article 11, unless the 6 context otherwise requires: 7 (1) "Direct beneficial interest owner" means a person or closely 8 held business entity that owns a share or shares of stock in a licensed 9 medical marijuana business, including the officers, directors, managing 10 members, or partners of the licensed medical marijuana business or

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1	closely held business entity, or a qualified limited passive investor
2	"ACQUIRE" WHEN USED IN CONNECTION WITH THE ACQUISITION OF A
3	SECURITY OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, MEANS OBTAINING
4	OWNERSHIP, CONTROL, POWER TO VOTE, OR SOLE POWER OF DISPOSITION
5	OF SECURITIES, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY OR THROUGH ONE OR MORE
6	TRANSACTIONS OR SUBSIDIARIES, THROUGH PURCHASE, ASSIGNMENT,
7	TRANSFER, EXCHANGE, SUCCESSION, OR OTHER MEANS.
8	(1.1) "ACTING IN CONCERT" MEANS KNOWING PARTICIPATION IN
9	A JOINT ACTIVITY OR INTERDEPENDENT CONSCIOUS PARALLEL ACTION
10	TOWARD A COMMON GOAL, WHETHER OR NOT PURSUANT TO AN EXPRESS
11	AGREEMENT.
12	(1.2) "AFFILIATE" OF, OR PERSON "AFFILIATED WITH", A SPECIFIED
13	PERSON MEANS A PERSON THAT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY THROUGH ONE
14	OR MORE INTERMEDIARIES, CONTROLS, OR IS CONTROLLED BY, OR IS
15	UNDER COMMON CONTROL WITH, THE PERSON SPECIFIED.
16	(1.3) "BENEFICIAL OWNER OF", "BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF", OR
17	"BENEFICIALLY OWNS A" SECURITY IS DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
18	SECTION 13(D) OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS
19	AMENDED, AND RULE 13D-3 PROMULGATED THEREUNDER.
20	(1.4) "CONTROL", "CONTROLS", "CONTROLLED", "CONTROLLING",
21	"CONTROLLED BY", AND "UNDER COMMON CONTROL WITH", MEANS THE
22	POSSESSION, DIRECT OR INDIRECT, OF THE POWER TO DIRECT OR CAUSE THE
23	DIRECTION OF THE MANAGEMENT OR POLICIES OF A PERSON, WHETHER
24	THROUGH THE OWNERSHIP OF VOTING SECURITIES, BY CONTRACT, OR
25	OTHERWISE.
26	(1.5) "CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER" IS LIMITED TO A PERSON
27	THAT SATISFIES ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:

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1	(a) A NATURAL PERSON, AN ENTITY AS DEFINED IN SECTION
2	7-90-102 (20) That is organized under the laws of and for which
3	ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IS LOCATED IN ONE OF THE STATES OR
4	TERRITORIES OF THE UNITED STATES OR DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, A
5	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION, OR A QUALIFIED PRIVATE FUND THAT IS
6	NOT OTHERWISE LICENSED AS A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR:
7	(I) ACTING ALONE OR ACTING IN CONCERT, THAT OWNS OR
8	ACQUIRES BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF TEN PERCENT OR MORE OF THE
9	INTERESTS OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS;
10	(II) THAT IS AN AFFILIATE THAT CONTROLS A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
11	BUSINESS AND INCLUDES, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY EXECUTIVE OFFICER,
12	MANAGER AS DEFINED IN SECTION 7-90-102 (35.7), TRUSTEE, OR SIMILAR
13	POSITION; OR
14	(III) THAT IS OTHERWISE IN A POSITION TO CONTROL THE MEDICAL
15	MARIJUANA BUSINESS EXCEPT AS AUTHORIZED IN SECTION 44-11-407; OR
16	(b) A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR ACTING ALONE OR
17	ACTING IN CONCERT THAT OWNS OR ACQUIRES BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF
18	THIRTY PERCENT OR MORE OF THE SECURITIES OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
19	BUSINESS.
20	(1.6) "EXECUTIVE OFFICER" MEANS THE PRESIDENT; ANY VICE
21	PRESIDENT IN CHARGE OF A PRINCIPAL BUSINESS UNIT, DIVISION, OR
22	FUNCTION; ANY OTHER OFFICER WHO PERFORMS A POLICY-MAKING
23	FUNCTION; OR ANY OTHER PERSON WHO PERFORMS SIMILAR
24	POLICY-MAKING FUNCTIONS.
25	(4) "Indirect beneficial interest owner" means a holder of a
26	permitted economic interest, a recipient of a commercially reasonable
27	royalty associated with the use of intellectual property by a licensee, a

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1	licensed employee who receives a share of the profits from an employee
2	benefit plan, a qualified institutional investor, or another similarly
3	situated person or entity as determined by the state licensing authority
4	"INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER" MEANS A PERSON THAT IS NOT
5	AN AFFILIATE, A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR A PASSIVE
6	BENEFICIAL OWNER OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS AND THAT:
7	(a) HOLDS A COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE ROYALTY INTEREST IN
8	EXCHANGE FOR A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S USE OF THE PERSON'S
9	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY;
10	(b) HOLDS A PERMITTED ECONOMIC INTEREST THAT WAS ISSUED
11	PRIOR TO JANUARY 1, 2020, AND THAT HAS NOT BEEN CONVERTED INTO AN
12	OWNERSHIP INTEREST;
13	(c) IS A CONTRACT COUNTERPARTY WITH A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
14	BUSINESS, OTHER THAN A CUSTOMARY EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT, THAT
15	HAS A DIRECT NEXUS TO THE CULTIVATION, MANUFACTURE, OR SALE OF
16	MEDICAL MARIJUANA, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, A LEASE OF REAL
17	PROPERTY ON WHICH THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATES, A
18	LEASE OF EQUIPMENT USED IN THE CULTIVATION OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA,
19	A SECURED OR UNSECURED FINANCING AGREEMENT WITH THE MEDICAL
20	MARIJUANA BUSINESS, A SECURITY CONTRACT WITH THE MEDICAL
21	MARIJUANA BUSINESS, OR A MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT WITH THE
22	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, PROVIDED THAT NO SUCH CONTRACT
23	COMPENSATES THE CONTRACT COUNTERPARTY WITH A PERCENTAGE OF
24	REVENUE FOR PROFITS OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS; OR
25	(d) Is identified by rule by the state licensing authority as
26	AN INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER.
2.7	(11.5) "MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS" MEANS ANY OF THE

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1	FOLLOWING ENTITIES LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11: A
2	MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA OPTIONAL PREMISES
3	CULTIVATION OPERATION, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS
4	MANUFACTURER, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA TESTING FACILITY, A MEDICAL
5	MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATOR, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA TRANSPORTER,
6	A MARIJUANA RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FACILITY, OR A MARIJUANA
7	RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT CULTIVATION FACILITY.
8	(12) "Medical marijuana business operator" means an entity or A
9	person who is not an owner and who THAT is licensed to provide
10	professional operational services to a medical marijuana establishment
11	BUSINESS for direct remuneration from the medical marijuana
12	establishment BUSINESS. A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATOR IS
13	NOT, BY VIRTUE OF ITS STATUS AS A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS
14	OPERATOR, A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL
15	OWNER OF ANY MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS IT OPERATES.
16	(19.2) "Passive beneficial owner" means any person
17	ACQUIRING ANY INTEREST IN A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS THAT IS
18	NOT OTHERWISE A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR IN CONTROL.
19	(20) "Permitted economic interest" means any unsecured
20	convertible debt instrument, option agreement, warrant, or any other right
21	to obtain an ownership interest when the holder of such interest is a
22	natural person who is a lawful United States resident and whose right to
23	convert into an ownership interest is contingent on the holder qualifying
24	and obtaining a license as an owner under this article 11; or such other
25	agreements as may be permitted by rule of the state licensing authority.
26	(21) "Person" means a natural person AN INDIVIDUAL, A
27	nartnership association IOINT-STOCK company corporation limited

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1	liability company, or ANY OTHER UNINCORPORATED organization; or a
2	manager, agent, owner, director, servant, officer, or employee thereof
3	EXCEPT THAT "PERSON" DOES NOT INCLUDE ANY GOVERNMENTAL
4	ORGANIZATION.
5	(22.7) "PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION" MEANS ANY PERSON
6	OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL THAT IS ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF AND
7	FOR WHICH ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IS LOCATED IN ONE OF THE
8	STATES OR TERRITORIES OF THE UNITED STATES OR DISTRICT OF
9	COLUMBIA OR ANOTHER COUNTRY THAT AUTHORIZES THE SALE OF
10	MARIJUANA AND THAT:
11	(a) Has a class of securities registered pursuant to
12	SECTION 12 OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS
13	AMENDED, THAT:
14	(I) CONSTITUTES "COVERED SECURITIES" PURSUANT TO SECTION
15	18 (b)(1)(A) OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", AS AMENDED
16	OR
17	(II) IS QUALIFIED AND QUOTED ON THE OTCQX OR OTCQB TIER
18	OF THE OTC MARKETS IF:
19	(A) THE PERSON IS THEN REQUIRED TO FILE REPORTS AND IS FILING
20	REPORTS ON A CURRENT BASIS WITH THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND
21	EXCHANGE COMMISSION PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES
22	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, AS IF THE SECURITIES
23	CONSTITUTED "COVERED SECURITIES" AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION
24	(22.7)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION; OR
25	(B) THE PERSON IS QUALIFIED AND QUOTED ON THE OTCQB TIER
26	OF THE OTC MARKETS AND THE PERSON HAS ESTABLISHED AND IS IN
2.7	COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE MEASURES PURSUANT TO

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1	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OBLIGATIONS IMPOSED ON SECURITIES
2	QUALIFIED AND QUOTED ON THE OTCQB TIER OF THE OTC MARKETS.
3	(b) IS A CORPORATION THAT HAS A CLASS OF SECURITIES LISTED ON
4	THE CANADIAN SECURITIES EXCHANGE, TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE, OR
5	OTHER EQUITY SECURITIES EXCHANGE RECOGNIZED BY THE STATE
6	LICENSING AUTHORITY, IF:
7	(I) THE CORPORATION CONSTITUTES A "FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER",
8	as defined in rule 405 promulgated pursuant to the federal
9	"SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", AS AMENDED, WHOSE SECURITIES ARE EXEMPT
10	FROM REGISTRATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 12 OF THE FEDERAL
11	"SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, PURSUANT TO RULE
12	12g 3-2 (b) PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES
13	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED; AND
14	(II) THE CORPORATION HAS BEEN, FOR THE PRECEDING THREE
15	HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE DAYS OR SINCE THE FORMATION OF THE ENTITY, IN
16	COMPLIANCE WITH ALL GOVERNANCE AND REPORTING OBLIGATIONS
17	IMPOSED BY THE RELEVANT EXCHANGE ON SUCH CORPORATION; OR
18	(c) IS REASONABLY IDENTIFIED AS A PUBLICLY TRADED
19	CORPORATION BY RULE BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY AS A
20	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION;
21	(d) A "PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION" DESCRIBED IN
22	SUBSECTION (22.7)(a), (22.7)(b), OR (22.7)(c) OF THIS SECTION DOES NOT
23	INCLUDE:
24	(I) An "ineligible issuer", as defined in rule 405
25	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933",
26	AS AMENDED, UNLESS SUCH PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SATISFIES
27	THE DEFINITION OF INELIGIBLE ISSUER SOLELY BECAUSE IT IS ONE OR MORE

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1	OF THE FOLLOWING AND THE PERSON IS REQUIRED TO FILE REPORTS AND
2	IS FILING REPORTS ON A CURRENT BASIS WITH THE FEDERAL SECURITIES
3	AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES
4	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, AS IF THE SECURITIES
5	CONSTITUTED "COVERED SECURITIES" AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION
6	(22.7)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION:
7	(A) A "BLANK CHECK COMPANY", AS DEFINED IN RULE 419 (a)(2)
8	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933",
9	AS AMENDED;
10	(B) AN ISSUER IN AN OFFERING OF "PENNY STOCK", AS DEFINED IN
11	RULE 3a 51-1 PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES
12	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934"; OR
13	(C) A "SHELL COMPANY", AS DEFINED IN RULE 405 PROMULGATED
14	PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", AS AMENDED;
15	AND
16	(II) A PERSON DISQUALIFIED AS A "BAD ACTOR" UNDER RULE 506
17	(d) PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF
18	1933", AS AMENDED.
19	(23) "Qualified limited passive investor" means a natural person
20	who is a United States citizen and is a passive investor who owns less
21	than a five percent share or shares of stock in a licensed medical
22	marijuana business. "QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR" MEANS:
23	(a) A BANK AS DEFINED IN SECTION 3 (a)(6) OF THE FEDERAL
24	"SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, IF THE BANK IS
25	CURRENT IN ALL APPLICABLE REPORTING AND RECORD-KEEPING
26	REQUIREMENTS UNDER SUCH ACT AND RULES PROMULGATED
27	THEREUNDER:

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1	(b) A BANK HOLDING COMPANY AS DEFINED IN THE FEDERAL
2	"BANK HOLDING COMPANY ACT OF 1956", AS AMENDED, IF THE BANK
3	HOLDING COMPANY IS REGISTERED AND CURRENT IN ALL APPLICABLE
4	REPORTING AND RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS UNDER SUCH ACT AND
5	RULES PROMULGATED THEREUNDER;
6	(c) An insurance company as defined in section 2 (a)(17) of
7	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED, IF
8	THE INSURANCE COMPANY IS CURRENT IN ALL APPLICABLE REPORTING AND
9	RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS UNDER SUCH ACT AND RULES
10	PROMULGATED THEREUNDER;
11	(d) An investment company registered under section 8 of
12	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED, AND
13	SUBJECT TO 15 U.S.C. SEC. 80a-1 TO 80a-64, IF THE INVESTMENT
14	COMPANY IS CURRENT IN ALL APPLICABLE REPORTING AND
15	RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS UNDER SUCH ACT AND RULES
16	PROMULGATED THEREUNDER;
17	(e) AN EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN OR PENSION FUND SUBJECT TO THE
18	FEDERAL "EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT INCOME SECURITY ACT OF 1974",
19	EXCLUDING AN EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN OR PENSION FUND SPONSORED BY
20	A LICENSEE OR AN INTERMEDIARY HOLDING COMPANY LICENSEE THAT
21	DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY OWNS TEN PERCENT OR MORE OF A LICENSEE;
22	(f) A STATE OR FEDERAL GOVERNMENT PENSION PLAN;
23	(g) A GROUP COMPRISED ENTIRELY OF PERSONS SPECIFIED IN
24	SUBSECTIONS (23)(a) TO (23)(f) OF THIS SECTION; OR
25	(h) ANY OTHER ENTITY IDENTIFIED BY RULE BY THE STATE
26	LICENSING AUTHORITY.
27	(23.5) "Reasonable cause" means just or legitimate

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1	GROUNDS TO BELIEVE THAT THE PARTICULAR REQUESTED ACTION IS
2	NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE PURPOSES OF THIS ARTICLE 11 OR TO PROTECT
3	PUBLIC SAFETY.
4	(25.5) "SECURITY" MEANS THOSE TERMS AS DEFINED IN SECTION
5	(2)(1) OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", AS AMENDED.
6	(27) "SUBSTANTIAL JUSTIFICATION" MEANS A POSITION OR REASON
7	THAT HAS A REASONABLE BASIS BOTH IN LAW AND IN FACT.
8	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-202, amend
9	(1)(d) and (2)(a)(VIII); repeal (2)(a)(XXV); and add (5) and (6) as
10	follows:
11	44-11-202. Powers and duties of state licensing authority -
12	rules. (1) The state licensing authority shall:
13	(d) Maintain the confidentiality of reports or other information
14	obtained from a medical or retail licensee containing any individualized
15	data, information, or records related to the licensee or its operation,
16	including sales information, financial records, tax returns, credit reports,
17	cultivation information, testing results, and security information and
18	plans, or revealing any patient information, or any other records that are
19	exempt from public inspection pursuant to state law. Such reports or other
20	information may be used only for a purpose authorized by this article 11
21	or article 12 of this title 44, FOR INVESTIGATION OR ENFORCEMENT OF ANY
22	INTERNATIONAL, FEDERAL, STATE, OR LOCAL SECURITIES LAW OR
23	REGULATIONS, or for any other state or local law enforcement purpose.
24	Any information released related to patients may be used only for a
25	purpose authorized by this article 11 or article 12 of this title 44, or to
26	verify that a person who presented a registry identification card to a state
2.7	or local law enforcement official is lawfully in possession of such card

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1	(2) (a) Rules promulgated pursuant to subsection (1)(b) of this
2	section may include but need not be limited to the following subjects:
3	(VIII) Development of individual identification cards for owners,
4	officers CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND ANY PERSON EMPLOYED
5	BY, OPERATING, WORKING IN, OR HAVING UNESCORTED ACCESS TO THE
6	LIMITED ACCESS AREAS OF THE LICENSED PREMISES OF A MEDICAL
7	MARIJUANA BUSINESS, managers, contractors, employees, and other
8	support staff of entities licensed pursuant to this article 11, including a
9	fingerprint-based criminal history record check as may be required by the
10	state licensing authority prior to issuing a card;
11	(XXV) The parameters and qualifications of an indirect beneficial
12	interest owner; and a qualified limited passive investor;
13	(5) (a) RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1)(b) OF
14	THIS SECTION MUST INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS:
15	(I) OWNERSHIP AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE PROCEDURES AND
16	REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11;
17	(II) RECORDS A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS IS REQUIRED TO
18	MAINTAIN REGARDING ITS CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS, PASSIVE
19	BENEFICIAL OWNERS, AND INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDERS THAT
20	MAY BE SUBJECT TO DISCLOSURE AT RENEWAL OR AS PART OF ANY OTHER
21	INVESTIGATION FOLLOWING INITIAL LICENSURE OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA
22	BUSINESS;
23	(III) PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS FOR FINDINGS OF
24	SUITABILITY PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11, INCLUDING FEES NECESSARY
25	TO COVER THE DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS OF ANY SUITABILITY
26	INVESTIGATION;
27	(IV) PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS CONCERNING THE

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1	DIVESTITURE OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF A PERSON FOUND
2	UNSUITABLE BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY;
3	(V) PROCEDURES, PROCESSES, AND REQUIREMENTS FOR
4	TRANSFERS OF OWNERSHIP INVOLVING A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION,
5	INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO MERGERS WITH A PUBLICLY TRADED
6	CORPORATION, INVESTMENT BY A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION, AND
7	PUBLIC OFFERINGS;
8	(VI) DESIGNATION OF PERSONS WHO BY VIRTUE OF COMMON
9	CONTROL CONSTITUTE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS;
10	(VII) MODIFICATION OF THE PERCENTAGE OF SECURITIES THAT
11	MAY BE HELD BY A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER AND PASSIVE
12	BENEFICIAL OWNER;
13	(VIII) DESIGNATION OF PERSONS WHO QUALIFY FOR AN
14	EXEMPTION FROM AN OTHERWISE REQUIRED FINDING OF SUITABILITY; AND
15	(IX) DESIGNATION OF INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDERS
16	AND QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS.
17	(b) Rules promulgated pursuant to this subsection (5)
18	MUST NOT BE ANY MORE RESTRICTIVE THAN THOSE EXPRESSLY
19	ESTABLISHED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 11.
20	(6) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY DENY, SUSPEND,
21	REVOKE, FINE, OR IMPOSE OTHER SANCTIONS AGAINST A PERSON'S LICENSE
22	ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11 IF THE STATE LICENSING
23	AUTHORITY FINDS THE PERSON OR THE PERSON'S CONTROLLING
24	BENEFICIAL OWNER, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL
25	INTEREST HOLDER FAILED TO TIMELY FILE ANY REPORT, DISCLOSURE,
26	REGISTRATION STATEMENT, OR OTHER SUBMISSION REQUIRED BY ANY
2.7	STATE OR FEDERAL REGULATORY AUTHORITY THAT IS RELATED TO THE

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CONDUCT OF THEIR BUSINESS.

2	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-304, amer	ıd
3	(1) and (2) as follows:	

44-11-304. State licensing authority - application and issuance procedures. (1) Applications for a state license under the provisions of this article 11 shall MUST be made to the state licensing authority on forms prepared and furnished by the state licensing authority and shall MUST set forth such information as the state licensing authority may require to enable the state licensing authority to determine whether a state license should be granted. The information shall MUST include the name and address of the applicant, DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY SECTION 44-11-307.5, the names and addresses of the officers, directors, or managers, and all other information deemed necessary by the state licensing authority. Each application shall MUST be verified by the oath or affirmation of such person or persons as the state licensing authority may prescribe.

(2) The state licensing authority shall issue a state license to a medical marijuana center, an optional premises cultivation operation, or a medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer BUSINESS pursuant to this section upon satisfactory completion of the applicable criminal history background check associated with the application, and the state license is conditioned upon local licensing authority approval. A license applicant is prohibited from operating a licensed medical marijuana business without both state and local licensing authority approval. The denial of an application by the local licensing authority shall be considered as a basis for the state licensing authority to revoke the state-issued license.

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1	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-306, amend
2	(1)(c), (1)(m), and (1)(n); repeal (1)(e); and add (1)(c.1), (1)(c.2), (1)(o),
3	(1)(p), $(1)(q)$, $(1)(r)$, $(1)(s)$, and $(1)(t)$ as follows:
4	44-11-306. Persons prohibited as licensees - definition. (1) A
5	license provided by this article 11 shall not be issued to or held by:
6	(c) A corporation, PERSON OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL if the
7	criminal history of any of its officers, directors, or stockholders
8	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS indicates that the officer, director, or
9	stockholder THE PERSON is not of good moral character AFTER
10	CONSIDERING THE FACTORS IN SECTION 24-5-101;
11	(c.1) A PERSON THAT IS NOT A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION,
12	IF THE CRIMINAL HISTORY OF ANY OF ITS PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS
13	INDICATES THAT THE PERSON IS NOT OF GOOD MORAL CHARACTER AFTER
14	CONSIDERING THE FACTORS IN SECTION 24-5-101;
15	(c.2) A PERSON THAT IS A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION, IF THE
16	CRIMINAL HISTORY OF ANY OF ITS KNOWN PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS
17	INDICATES THAT THE PERSON IS NOT OF GOOD MORAL CHARACTER AFTER
18	CONSIDERING THE FACTORS IN SECTION 24-5-101;
19	(e) A person employing, assisted by, or financed in whole or in
20	part by any other person whose criminal history indicates he or she is not
21	of good character and reputation satisfactory to the respective licensing
22	authority;
23	(m) A person for a license for a location that is currently licensed
24	as a retail food establishment or wholesale food registrant; or
25	(n) A publicly traded company ENTITY THAT DOES NOT
26	CONSTITUTE A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION AS DEFINED IN THIS
27	ARTICLE 11;

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1	(o) A PERSON THAT IS OR HAS A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER,
2	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER
3	THAT IS ORGANIZED OR FORMED UNDER THE LAWS OF A COUNTRY
4	DETERMINED BY THE UNITED STATES SECRETARY OF STATE TO HAVE
5	REPEATEDLY PROVIDED SUPPORT FOR ACTS OF INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM
6	OR IS INCLUDED AMONG THE LIST OF "COVERED COUNTRIES" IN SECTION
7	1502 of the federal "Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and
8	CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT", PUB.L. 111-203;
9	(p) A PERSON THAT IS OR HAS A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER
10	THAT IS AN "INELIGIBLE ISSUER" PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-11-104 (22.7)
11	(d)(1);
12	(q) A PERSON THAT IS OR HAS A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER
13	THAT IS DISQUALIFIED AS A "BAD ACTOR" UNDER RULE 506 (d)
14	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933",
15	AS AMENDED, AND SUBJECT TO 17 CFR 230.406 (d)(1);
16	(r) A PERSON THAT IS NOT A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION
17	THAT IS DISQUALIFIED AS A "BAD ACTOR" UNDER RULE 506 (d)
18	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933",
19	AS AMENDED, AND SUBJECT TO 17 CFR 230.406 (d)(1);
20	(s) A PERSON THAT IS A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS
21	OR HAS A KNOWN PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL
22	INTEREST HOLDER THAT IS DISQUALIFIED AS A "BAD ACTOR" UNDER RULE
23	506 (d) PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF
24	1933", AS AMENDED, AND SUBJECT TO 17 CFR 230.406 (d)(1); OR
25	(t) A PERSON THAT IS OR HAS A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER,
26	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER
27	THAT IS PROHIBITED FROM ENGAGING IN TRANSACTIONS PURSUANT TO

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1	THIS ARTICLE 11 DUE TO ITS DESIGNATION ON THE "SPECIALLY
2	DESIGNATED NATIONALS AND BLOCKED PERSONS" LIST MAINTAINED BY
3	THE FEDERAL OFFICE OF FOREIGN ASSETS CONTROL.
4	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-307, amend
5	(1)(a)(II), (1)(a)(IV), (1)(b), and (3); repeal (2), (4), (5), (6), and (7); and
6	add (1)(a)(IV.5), (1)(a)(VI), and (1)(a)(VII) as follows:
7	44-11-307. Business and owner requirements - legislative
8	declaration. (1) (a) The general assembly hereby finds and declares that
9	(II) The current regulatory structure for medical marijuana creates
10	a substantial barrier to investment from out-of-state interests AND
11	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATIONS;
12	(IV) Colorado medical marijuana businesses need to have ready
13	access to capital from investors in states FROM outside of Colorado; and
14	(IV.5) Under Certain Circumstances, Permitting Publicly
15	TRADED CORPORATIONS TO HOLD AN INTEREST IN MEDICAL MARIJUANA
16	BUSINESSES WILL BENEFIT COLORADO'S MEDICAL MARIJUANA MARKET
17	AND
18	(VI) PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATIONS OFFERING SECURITIES FOR
19	INVESTMENT IN MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES MUST TELL THE PUBLIC
20	THE TRUTH ABOUT THEIR BUSINESS, THE SECURITIES THEY ARE SELLING
21	AND THE RISKS INVOLVED WITH INVESTING IN MEDICAL MARIJUANA
22	BUSINESSES, AND PERSONS THAT SELL AND TRADE SECURITIES RELATED TO
23	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESSES ARE PROHIBITED FROM ENGAGING IN
24	DECEIT, MISREPRESENTATIONS, AND OTHER FRAUD IN THE SALE OF THE
25	SECURITIES; AND
26	(VII) RECOGNIZING THAT PARTICIPATION BY PUBLICLY TRADED
27	CORPORATIONS IN COLORADO'S MEDICAL MARIJUANA INDUSTRY CREATES

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1	AN INCREASED NEED TO ASSESS BARRIERS OF ENTRY FOR MINORITY- AND
2	WOMAN-OWNED BUSINESSES, WITH SUCH EFFORTS BEING MADE TO
3	IDENTIFY SOLUTIONS TO ARRIVE AT A GREATER BALANCE AND FOR
4	FURTHER EQUITY FOR MINORITY- AND WOMAN-OWNED BUSINESSES, AND
5	IN A MANNER THAT IS CONSISTENT WITH THE PUBLIC SAFETY AND
6	ENFORCEMENT GOALS AS STATED HEREIN, IT IS THEREFORE OF
7	SUBSTANTIVE IMPORTANCE TO ADDRESS THE LACK OF MINORITY- AND
8	WOMAN-OWNED BUSINESSES' INCLUSION IN COLORADO'S MEDICAL
9	MARIJUANA INDUSTRY, SOCIAL JUSTICE ISSUES ASSOCIATED WITH
10	MARIJUANA PROHIBITION, SUITABILITY ISSUES RELATING TO PAST
11	CONVICTIONS FOR POTENTIAL LICENSEES, LICENSING FEES, AND ECONOMIC
12	CHALLENGES THAT ARISE WITH THE APPLICATION PROCESSES.
13	(b) Therefore, the general assembly is providing a mechanism for
14	Colorado medical marijuana businesses to access capital from investors
15	in other states AND FROM CERTAIN PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATIONS
16	PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11.
17	(2) A direct beneficial interest owner who is a natural person must
18	either:
19	(a) Have been a resident of Colorado for at least one year prior to
20	the date of the application; or
21	(b) Be a United States citizen prior to the date of the application.
22	(3) (a) A medical marijuana business may be comprised of an
23	unlimited number of direct beneficial interest owners that have been
24	residents of Colorado for at least one year prior to the date of the
25	application.
26	(b) On and after January 1, 2017, A medical marijuana business
27	that is composed of one or more direct beneficial interest owners who

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have not been Colorado residents for at least one year prior to application shall have at least one EXECUTIVE officer who has been is a Colorado resident for at least one year prior to ON THE DATE OF application, and all officers NATURAL PERSONS with day-to-day operational control over the business must be Colorado residents. for at least one year prior to application. A medical marijuana business under this subsection (3)(b) is limited to no more than fifteen direct beneficial interest owners, including all parent and subsidiary entities, all of whom are natural persons.

- (c) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsection (3)(b) of this section, the state licensing authority may review the limitation on the number of direct beneficial interest owners and may increase the number of allowable interests above fifteen based on reasonable considerations such as developments in state and federal financial regulations, market conditions, and the licensee's ability to access legitimate sources of capital A PERSON, OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL, THAT IS A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER SHALL APPOINT AND CONTINUOUSLY MAINTAIN A REGISTERED AGENT THAT SATISFIES THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 7-90-701. THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS SHALL INFORM THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OF A CHANGE IN THE REGISTERED AGENT WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER THE CHANGE.
- (d) A direct beneficial interest owner that is a closely held business entity must consist entirely of natural persons who are United States citizens prior to the date of the application, including all parent and subsidiary entities.
- (4) A medical marijuana business may include qualified institutional investors that own thirty percent or less of the medical

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(5) (a) A person who intends to apply as a direct beneficial
interest owner and is not a Colorado resident for at least one year prior to
the date of application shall first submit a request to the state licensing
authority for a finding of suitability as a direct beneficial interest owner.
The person shall receive a finding of suitability prior to submitting an
application to the state licensing authority to be a direct beneficial interest
owner. Failure to receive a finding of suitability prior to application is
grounds for denial by the state licensing authority.
(b) The state licensing outhority shall newform a limited initial

- (b) The state licensing authority shall perform a limited initial background check on qualified limited passive investors. If the initial background check provides reasonable cause for additional investigation, the state licensing authority may require a full background check.
- (6) The state licensing authority shall review the medical marijuana business's operating documents to ensure compliance with this section.
- (7) For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise requires, "institutional investor" means:
- (a) A bank as defined in section 3 (a)(6) of the federal "Securities Exchange Act of 1934", as amended;
 - (b) An insurance company as defined in section 2 (a)(17) of the federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
 - (c) An investment company registered under section 8 of the federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
 - (d) An investment adviser registered under section 203 of the federal "Investment Advisers Act of 1940", as amended;
 - (e) Collective trust funds as defined in section 3 (c)(11) of the

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1	tederal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
2	(f) An employee benefit plan or pension fund that is subject to the
3	federal "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974", as
4	amended, excluding an employee benefit plan or pension fund sponsored
5	by a licensee or an intermediary or holding company licensee that directly
6	or indirectly owns five percent or more of a licensee;
7	(g) A state or federal government pension plan;
8	(h) A group comprised entirely of persons specified in subsections
9	(7)(a) to (7)(g) of this section; or
10	(i) Any other entity identified through rule by the state licensing
11	authority.
12	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 44-11-307.5 and
13	44-11-307.6 as follows:
14	44-11-307.5. Business owner and financial interest disclosure
15	requirements. (1) APPLICANTS FOR THE ISSUANCE OF A STATE LICENSE
16	SHALL DISCLOSE TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY THE FOLLOWING:
17	(a) A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE ORGANIZATIONAL CHART OF THE
18	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS REFLECTING THE IDENTITY AND
19	OWNERSHIP PERCENTAGES OF ITS CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS;
20	(b) THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION REGARDING ALL CONTROLLING
21	BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS:
22	(I) IF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER IS A PUBLICLY
23	TRADED CORPORATION, THE APPLICANT SHALL DISCLOSE THE
24	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS' EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, MEMBERS OF ITS
25	BOARD OF DIRECTORS, AND ANY BENEFICIAL OWNERS THAT DIRECTLY OR
26	INDIRECTLY BENEFICIALLY OWN TEN PERCENT OR MORE OF THE SECURITIES
27	IN A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS;

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1	(II) IF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER IS NOT A PUBLICLY
2	TRADED CORPORATION AND IS NOT A QUALIFIED PRIVATE FUND, THE
3	APPLICANT SHALL DISCLOSE THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS'
4	EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, MANAGERS AS DEFINED IN SECTION 7-90-102 (35.7),
5	AND ANY BENEFICIAL OWNERS THAT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY
6	BENEFICIALLY OWN TEN PERCENT OR MORE OF THE SECURITIES IN A
7	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS;
8	(III) IF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER IS A QUALIFIED
9	PRIVATE FUND, THE APPLICANT SHALL DISCLOSE A COMPLETE AND
10	ACCURATE ORGANIZATIONAL CHART OF THE QUALIFIED PRIVATE FUND
11	REFLECTING THE IDENTITY AND OWNERSHIP PERCENTAGES OF THE
12	QUALIFIED PRIVATE FUNDS' EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, MANAGERS AS DEFINED
13	IN SECTION 7-90-102 (35.7), INVESTMENT ADVISERS, INVESTMENT ADVISER
14	REPRESENTATIVES, ANY TRUSTEE OR EQUIVALENT, AND ANY OTHER
15	PERSON THAT CONTROLS THE INVESTMENT IN, OR MANAGEMENT OR
16	OPERATIONS OF, THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS;
17	(IV) IF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER IS A NATURAL
18	PERSON, THE APPLICANT SHALL DISCLOSE THE NATURAL PERSON'S
19	IDENTIFYING INFORMATION;
20	(c) ANY PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER THAT IS ALSO AN INDIRECT
21	FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER IN THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS; AND
22	(d) ANY INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER THAT HOLDS TWO
23	OR MORE INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTERESTS IN THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA
24	BUSINESS.
25	(2) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY REQUEST THAT THE
26	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS DISCLOSE THE FOLLOWING:
27	(a) EACH BENEFICIAL OWNER AND AFFILIATE OF AN APPLICANT,

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1	MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, OR CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER
2	THAT IS NOT A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION OR A QUALIFIED PRIVATE
3	FUND; AND
4	(b) EACH AFFILIATE OF A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER THAT
5	IS A QUALIFIED PRIVATE FUND.
6	(3) FOR REASONABLE CAUSE, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY
7	MAY REQUIRE DISCLOSURE OF:
8	(a) A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE LIST OF EACH NONOBJECTING
9	BENEFICIAL INTEREST OWNER OF AN APPLICANT, LICENSEE, OR
10	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER THAT IS A PUBLICLY TRADED
11	CORPORATION;
12	(b) Passive beneficial owners of the medical marijuana
13	BUSINESS, AND FOR ANY PASSIVE BENEFICIAL INTEREST OWNER THAT IS
14	NOT A NATURAL PERSON, THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS,
15	GENERAL PARTNERS, MANAGING MEMBERS, OR MANAGERS OR EXECUTIVE
16	OFFICERS AND TEN PERCENT OR MORE OWNERS OF THE PASSIVE BENEFICIAL
17	OWNER;
18	(c) A LIST OF EACH BENEFICIAL OWNER IN A QUALIFIED PRIVATE
19	FUND THAT IS A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER;
20	(d) ALL INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDERS OF THE MEDICAL
21	MARIJUANA BUSINESS, AND FOR ANY INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST
22	HOLDER THAT IS NOT A NATURAL PERSON, THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF
23	DIRECTORS, GENERAL PARTNERS, MANAGING MEMBERS, OR MANAGERS OR
24	EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND TEN PERCENT OR MORE BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF
25	THE INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER.
26	(4) AN APPLICANT OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS THAT IS NOT
27	A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL AFFIRM UNDER PENALTY OF

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1	PERJURY THAT IT EXERCISED REASONABLE CARE TO CONFIRM THAT ITS
2	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS, INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDERS,
3	AND QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS ARE NOT PERSONS PROHIBITED
4	PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-11-306, OR OTHERWISE RESTRICTED FROM
5	HOLDING AN INTEREST UNDER THIS ARTICLE 11. AN APPLICANT'S OR
6	LICENSEE'S FAILURE TO EXERCISE REASONABLE CARE IS A BASIS FOR
7	DENIAL, FINE, SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION BY THE
8	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
9	(5) AN APPLICANT OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS THAT IS A
10	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL AFFIRM UNDER PENALTY OF
11	PERJURY THAT IT EXERCISED REASONABLE CARE TO CONFIRM THAT ITS
12	KNOWN PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS, KNOWN INDIRECT FINANCIAL
13	INTEREST HOLDERS, AND QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS ARE NOT
14	PERSONS PROHIBITED PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-11-306, OR OTHERWISE
15	RESTRICTED FROM HOLDING AN INTEREST UNDER THIS ARTICLE 11. AN
16	APPLICANT'S OR LICENSEE'S FAILURE TO EXERCISE REASONABLE CARE IS A
17	BASIS FOR DENIAL, FINE, SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION
18	BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
19	(6) This section does not restrict the state licensing
20	AUTHORITY'S ABILITY TO REASONABLY REQUEST INFORMATION OR
21	RECORDS AT RENEWAL OR AS PART OF ANY OTHER INVESTIGATION
22	FOLLOWING INITIAL LICENSURE OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS.
23	(7) The securities commissioner may, by rule or order,
24	REQUIRE ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IF SUCH INFORMATION IS FULL AND
25	FAIR WITH RESPECT TO THE INVESTMENT OR IN THE INTEREST OF INVESTOR
26	PROTECTION.
27	44-11-307.6. Business owner and financial interest suitability

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1	requirements. (1) THIS SECTION APPLIES TO ALL PERSONS REQUIRED TO
2	SUBMIT A FINDING OF SUITABILITY.
3	(2) ANY PERSON INTENDING TO BECOME A CONTROLLING
4	BENEFICIAL OWNER OF ANY MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, EXCEPT AS
5	OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SECTION 44-11-309 (4), SHALL FIRST SUBMIT A
6	REQUEST TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY FOR A FINDING OF
7	SUITABILITY OR AN EXEMPTION FROM AN OTHERWISE REQUIRED FINDING
8	OF SUITABILITY.
9	(3) FOR REASONABLE CAUSE, ANY OTHER PERSON THAT WAS
10	DISCLOSED OR THAT SHOULD HAVE BEEN DISCLOSED PURSUANT TO
11	SECTION 44-11-307.5, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO A PASSIVE
12	BENEFICIAL OWNER, SHALL SUBMIT A REQUEST FOR A FINDING OF
13	SUITABILITY.
14	(4) FAILURE TO PROVIDE ALL REQUESTED INFORMATION IN
15	CONNECTION WITH A REQUEST FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY IS GROUNDS
16	FOR DENIAL OF THAT FINDING OF SUITABILITY.
17	(5) FAILURE TO RECEIVE ALL REQUIRED FINDINGS OF SUITABILITY
18	IS GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF AN APPLICATION OR FOR SUSPENSION,
19	REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION AGAINST THE LICENSE BY THE STATE
20	LICENSING AUTHORITY. FOR INITIAL APPLICATIONS, THE FINDING OF
21	SUITABILITY SHALL BE REQUIRED PRIOR TO SUBMITTING THE APPLICATION
22	FOR LICENSURE.
23	(6) ANY PERSON REQUIRED TO OBTAIN A FINDING OF SUITABILITY
24	SHALL DO SO ON FORMS PROVIDED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY
25	AND THE FORMS MUST CONTAIN SUCH INFORMATION AS THE STATE
26	LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY REQUIRE. EACH SUITABILITY APPLICATION
27	MUST BE VERIFIED BY THE OATH OR AFFIRMATION OF THE PERSONS

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1	PRESCRIBED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
2	(7) A PERSON REQUESTING A FINDING OF SUITABILITY SHALL
3	PROVIDE THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY WITH A DEPOSIT TO COVER THE
4	DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS OF ANY INVESTIGATION NECESSARY TO
5	DETERMINE ANY REQUIRED FINDING OF SUITABILITY. THE STATE
6	LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY MAKE FURTHER RULES REGARDING THE
7	DEPOSIT AND DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS THAT MUST BE BILLED AGAINST
8	THE DEPOSIT.
9	(8) When determining whether a person is suitable or
10	UNSUITABLE FOR LICENSURE, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY
11	CONSIDER THE PERSON'S CRIMINAL CHARACTER OR RECORD, LICENSING
12	CHARACTER OR RECORD, OR FINANCIAL CHARACTER OR RECORD.
13	(9) A PERSON WHO WOULD OTHERWISE BE REQUIRED TO OBTAIN A
14	FINDING OF SUITABILITY MAY REQUEST AN EXEMPTION FROM THE STATE
15	LICENSING AUTHORITY AS DETERMINED BY RULE.
16	(10) ABSENT SUBSTANTIAL JUSTIFICATION, THE STATE LICENSING
17	AUTHORITY SHALL APPROVE OR DENY A REQUEST FOR A FINDING OF
18	SUITABILITY WITHIN ONE HUNDRED TWENTY DAYS FROM THE DATE OF
19	SUBMISSION OF THE REQUEST FOR SUCH FINDING.
20	(11) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY DENY, SUSPEND,
21	REVOKE, FINE, OR IMPOSE OTHER SANCTIONS AGAINST A PERSON'S LICENSE
22	ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11 IF THE STATE LICENSING
23	AUTHORITY FINDS THE PERSON OR THE PERSON'S CONTROLLING
24	BENEFICIAL OWNER, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL
25	INTEREST HOLDER TO BE UNSUITABLE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.
26	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-309, amend
27	(2); and add (3) and (4) as follows:

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44-11-309. Transfer of ownership. (2) For a transfer of ownership INVOLVING A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, a license holder shall apply to the state and local licensing authorities on forms prepared and furnished by the state licensing authority. In determining whether to permit a transfer of ownership, the state and local licensing authorities shall consider only the requirements of this article 11, any rules promulgated by the state licensing authority, and any other local restrictions. The local licensing authority may hold a hearing on the application for transfer of ownership. The local licensing authority shall not hold a hearing pursuant to this subsection (2) until the local licensing authority has posted a notice of hearing in the manner described in section 44-11-302 (2) on the licensed medical marijuana center premises for a period of ten days and has provided notice of the hearing to the applicant at least ten days prior to the hearing. Any transfer of ownership hearing by the state licensing authority shall MUST be held in compliance with the requirements specified in section 44-11-302.

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- (3) FOR A TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP INVOLVING A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, THE LICENSE HOLDER SHALL NOTIFY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY ON FORMS PREPARED AND FURNISHED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY WITHIN FORTY-FIVE DAYS TO THE EXTENT DISCLOSURE IS REQUIRED BY SECTION 44-11-307.5.
- (4) A PERSON THAT BECOMES A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OF A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OR THAT BECOMES A BENEFICIAL OWNER, THROUGH DIRECT OR INDIRECT OWNERSHIP OF A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, OF TEN PERCENT OR MORE OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS THAT IS A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION MUST DISCLOSE THE INFORMATION

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1	REQUIRED BY SECTION 44-11-307.5 AND APPLY TO THE STATE LICENSING
2	AUTHORITY FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY OR EXEMPTION FROM A
3	FINDING OF SUITABILITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-11-307.6 WITHIN
4	FORTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER BECOMING SUCH A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
5	OWNER. A LICENSEE SHALL NOTIFY EACH PERSON THAT IS SUBJECT TO THIS
6	SUBSECTION (4) OF ITS REQUIREMENTS AS SOON AS THE LICENSEE
7	BECOMES AWARE OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP TRIGGERING THE
8	REQUIREMENT, PROVIDED THAT THE OBLIGATIONS OF THE PERSON SUBJECT
9	TO THIS SUBSECTION (4) ARE INDEPENDENT OF, AND UNAFFECTED BY, THE
10	LICENSEE'S FAILURE TO GIVE THE NOTICE.
11	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-310, amend
12	(3), (4), (6), and (11) as follows:
13	44-11-310. Licensing in general. (3) A medical marijuana
14	center, optional premises cultivation operation, or medical
15	marijuana-infused products manufacturer BUSINESS THAT IS NOT A
16	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION shall notify the state licensing authority
17	in writing within ten days after an owner officer or manager ceases to
18	work at, manage, own, or otherwise be associated with the operation. The
19	owner, officer or manager shall surrender to the state licensing authority
20	any identification card that may have been issued by the state licensing
21	authority on or before the date of the notification.
22	(4) A medical marijuana center, optional premises cultivation
23	operation, or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer BUSINESS
24	THAT IS NOT A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION shall notify the state
25	licensing authority in writing of the name, address, and date of birth of an
26	owner OR officer, or manager before the new owner, officer or manager
27	begins managing, owning, or associating with the operation. Any

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1	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, officer, manager, or employee shall
2	pass a fingerprint-based criminal history record check as required by the
3	state licensing authority and obtain the required identification prior to
4	being associated with, managing, owning, or working at the operation.
5	THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY FOR REASONABLE CAUSE REQUIRE
6	A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER TO PASS A FINGERPRINT-BASED CRIMINAL
7	HISTORY CHECK.
8	(6) All managers and employees WITH DAY-TO-DAY OPERATIONAL
9	CONTROL of a medical marijuana center, optional premises cultivation
10	operation, or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer shall be
11	residents of Colorado upon the date of their license application. All
12	licenses granted pursuant to this article 11 shall be valid for a period not
13	to exceed two years after the date of issuance unless revoked or
14	suspended pursuant to this article 11 or the rules promulgated pursuant to
15	this article 11.
16	(11) EXCEPT FOR A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION, a licensee
17	shall report each transfer or change of financial interest in the license to
18	the state and local licensing authorities thirty days prior to any transfer or
19	change pursuant to section 44-11-309. EXCEPT FOR A PUBLICLY TRADED
20	CORPORATION, a report shall be required for transfers of eapital stock of
21	any corporation OWNER'S INTEREST OF ANY ENTITY regardless of size.
22	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-313, amend
23	(1); and repeal (2) as follows:
24	44-11-313. Unlawful financial assistance. (1) The state
25	licensing authority, by rule, shall require a complete disclosure of all
26	persons having a direct or indirect financial interest, and the extent of
27	such interest, in Pursuant to Section 44-11-307.5 in Connection with

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1	each license issued under this article 11.
2	(2) A person shall not have an unreported financial interest in a
3	license pursuant to this article 11 unless that person has undergone a
4	fingerprint-based criminal history record check as provided for by the
5	state licensing authority in its rules; except that this subsection (2) does
6	not apply to banks or savings and loan associations supervised and
7	regulated by an agency of the state or federal government, or to
8	FHA-approved mortgagees, or to stockholders, directors, or officers
9	thereof.
10	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 44-11-407
11	as follows:
12	44-11-407. Medical marijuana business operator license. A
13	medical marijuana business operator license may be issued to an entity or
14	A person who THAT operates a medical marijuana establishment BUSINESS
15	licensed pursuant to this article 11 for an owner ANOTHER MEDICAL
16	MARIJUANA BUSINESS licensed pursuant to this article 11 and who THAT
17	may receive a portion of the profits as compensation.
18	SECTION 11. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-11-901, add
19	(7.5) as follows:
20	44-11-901. Unlawful acts - exceptions - repeal. (7.5) (a) IT IS
21	UNLAWFUL FOR A PERSON TO ENGAGE IN ANY ACT OR OMISSION WITH THE
22	INTENT TO EVADE DISCLOSURE, REPORTING, RECORD KEEPING, OR
23	SUITABILITY REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11, INCLUDING
24	BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING:
25	(I) FAILING TO FILE A REPORT REQUIRED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 11
26	OR CAUSING OR ATTEMPTING TO CAUSE A PERSON TO FAIL TO FILE SUCH A
27	REPORT;

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1	(II) FILING OR CAUSING OR ATTEMPTING TO CAUSE A PERSON TO
2	FILE A REPORT REQUIRED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 11 THAT CONTAINS A
3	MATERIAL OMISSION OR MISSTATEMENT OF FACT;
4	(III) MAKING FALSE OR MISLEADING STATEMENTS REGARDING THE
5	OFFERING OF INTERESTS OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA BUSINESS; OR
6	(IV) STRUCTURING ANY TRANSACTION WITH THE INTENT TO EVADE
7	DISCLOSURE, REPORTING, RECORD KEEPING, OR SUITABILITY
8	REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 11.
9	(b) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY DENY, SUSPEND,
10	REVOKE, FINE, OR IMPOSE OTHER SANCTIONS AGAINST A PERSON'S LICENSE
11	
12	A VIOLATION OF THIS SUBSECTION (7.5) BY THE PERSON, THE PERSON'S
13	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, INDIRECT
14	FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER OR ANY AGENT OR EMPLOYEE THEREOF.
15	SECTION 12. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-103, amend
16	(1), (5), (18), (20), (24), and (25); repeal (17); and add (1.1), (1.2), (1.3),
17	(1.4), (1.5), (3.2), (5.5), (16.5), (19.5), (20.5), (32.5), and (34) as follows:
18	44-12-103. Definitions. As used in this article 12, unless the
19	context otherwise requires:
20	(1) "Direct beneficial interest owner" means a person or closely
21	held business entity that owns a share or shares of stock in a licensed
22	retail marijuana business, including the officers, directors, managing
23	members, or partners of the licensed retail marijuana business or closely
24	held business entity, or a qualified limited passive investor "ACQUIRE"
25	WHEN USED IN CONNECTION WITH THE ACQUISITION OF A SECURITY OF A
26	RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS, MEANS OBTAINING OWNERSHIP, CONTROL,
27	POWER TO VOTE, OR SOLE POWER OF DISPOSITION OF SECURITIES, DIRECTLY

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1	OR INDIRECTLY OR THROUGH ONE OR MORE TRANSACTIONS OR
2	SUBSIDIARIES, THROUGH PURCHASE, ASSIGNMENT, TRANSFER, EXCHANGE,
3	SUCCESSION, OR OTHER MEANS.
4	(1.1) "ACTING IN CONCERT" MEANS KNOWING PARTICIPATION IN
5	A JOINT ACTIVITY OR INTERDEPENDENT CONSCIOUS PARALLEL ACTION
6	TOWARD A COMMON GOAL, WHETHER OR NOT PURSUANT TO AN EXPRESS
7	AGREEMENT.
8	(1.2) "Affiliate" of, or person "affiliated with", a specified
9	PERSON MEANS A PERSON THAT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY THROUGH ONE
10	OR MORE INTERMEDIARIES, CONTROLS, OR IS CONTROLLED BY, OR IS
11	UNDER COMMON CONTROL WITH, THE PERSON SPECIFIED.
12	(1.3) "BENEFICIAL OWNER OF", "BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF", OR
13	"BENEFICIALLY OWNS A" SECURITY IS DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
14	SECTION 13(D) OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS
15	AMENDED, AND RULE 13D-3 PROMULGATED THEREUNDER.
16	(1.4) "CONTROL", "CONTROLS", "CONTROLLED", "CONTROLLING",
17	"CONTROLLED BY", AND "UNDER COMMON CONTROL WITH", MEANS THE
18	POSSESSION, DIRECT OR INDIRECT, OF THE POWER TO DIRECT OR CAUSE THE
19	DIRECTION OF THE MANAGEMENT OR POLICIES OF A PERSON, WHETHER
20	THROUGH THE OWNERSHIP OF VOTING SECURITIES, BY CONTRACT, OR
21	OTHERWISE.
22	(1.5) "CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER" IS LIMITED TO A PERSON
23	THAT SATISFIES ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:
24	(a) A NATURAL PERSON, AN ENTITY AS DEFINED IN SECTION
25	7-90-102 (20) THAT IS ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF AND FOR WHICH
26	ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IS LOCATED IN ONE OF THE STATES OR
27	TERRITORIES OF THE UNITED STATES OR DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, A

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1	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION, OR A QUALIFIED PRIVATE FUND THAT IS
2	NOT OTHERWISE LICENSED AS A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR:
3	(I) ACTING ALONE OR ACTING IN CONCERT, THAT OWNS OR
4	ACQUIRES BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF TEN PERCENT OR MORE OF THE
5	INTERESTS OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS;
6	(II) THAT IS AN AFFILIATE THAT CONTROLS A RETAIL MARIJUANA
7	BUSINESS AND INCLUDES, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY EXECUTIVE OFFICER,
8	MANAGER AS DEFINED IN SECTION 7-90-102 (35.7), TRUSTEE, OR SIMILAR
9	POSITION; OR
10	(III) THAT IS OTHERWISE IN A POSITION TO CONTROL THE RETAIL
11	MARIJUANA BUSINESS EXCEPT AS AUTHORIZED IN SECTION 44-12-407; OR
12	(b) A QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR ACTING ALONE OR
13	ACTING IN CONCERT THAT OWNS OR ACQUIRES BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF
14	THIRTY PERCENT OR MORE OF THE SECURITIES OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA
15	BUSINESS.
16	(3.2) "EXECUTIVE OFFICER" MEANS THE PRESIDENT; ANY VICE
17	PRESIDENT IN CHARGE OF A PRINCIPAL BUSINESS UNIT, DIVISION, OR
18	FUNCTION; ANY OTHER OFFICER WHO PERFORMS A POLICY-MAKING
19	FUNCTION; OR ANY OTHER PERSON WHO PERFORMS SIMILAR
20	POLICY-MAKING FUNCTIONS.
21	(5) "Indirect beneficial interest owner" means a holder of a
22	permitted economic interest, a recipient of a commercially reasonable
23	royalty associated with the use of intellectual property by a licensee, a
24	licensed employee who receives a share of the profits from an employee
25	benefit plan, a qualified institutional investor, or another similarly
26	situated person or entity as determined by the state licensing authority
27	"INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER" MEANS A PERSON THAT IS NOT

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1	AN AFFILIATE, A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR A PASSIVE
2	BENEFICIAL OWNER OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS AND THAT:
3	(a) HOLDS A COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE ROYALTY INTEREST IN
4	EXCHANGE FOR A RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS'S USE OF THE PERSON'S
5	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY;
6	(b) HOLDS A PERMITTED ECONOMIC INTEREST THAT WAS ISSUED
7	PRIOR TO JANUARY $1,2020$, AND THAT HAS NOT BEEN CONVERTED INTO AN
8	OWNERSHIP INTEREST;
9	(c) Is a contract counterparty with a retail marijuana
10	BUSINESS, OTHER THAN A CUSTOMARY EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENT, THAT
11	HAS A DIRECT NEXUS TO THE CULTIVATION, MANUFACTURE, OR SALE OF
12	MARIJUANA, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, A LEASE OF REAL PROPERTY
13	ON WHICH THE RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS OPERATES, A LEASE OF
14	EQUIPMENT USED IN THE CULTIVATION OF RETAIL MARIJUANA, A SECURED
15	OR UNSECURED FINANCING AGREEMENT WITH THE RETAIL MARIJUANA
16	BUSINESS, A SECURITY CONTRACT WITH THE RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS,
17	OR A MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT WITH THE RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS,
18	PROVIDED THAT NO SUCH CONTRACT COMPENSATES THE CONTRACT
19	COUNTERPARTY WITH A PERCENTAGE OF REVENUE FOR PROFITS OF THE
20	RETAIL MARIJUANA BUSINESS; OR
21	(d) IS IDENTIFIED BY RULE BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY AS
22	AN INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER.
23	(16.5) "Passive beneficial owner" means any person
24	ACQUIRING ANY INTEREST IN A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT THAT
25	IS NOT OTHERWISE A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER OR IN CONTROL.
26	(17) "Permitted economic interest" means any unsecured
27	convertible debt instrument, option agreement, warrant, or any other right

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1	to obtain an ownership interest when the holder of such interest is a
2	natural person who is a lawful United States resident and whose right to
3	convert into an ownership interest is contingent on the holder qualifying
4	and obtaining a license as an owner under this article 12 or such other
5	agreements as may be permitted by rule by the state licensing authority.
6	(18) "Person" means a natural person AN INDIVIDUAL, A
7	partnership, association, JOINT-STOCK company, corporation, limited
8	liability company, or ANY OTHER UNINCORPORATED organization; except
9	that "person" does not include any governmental organization.
10	(19.5) "PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION" MEANS ANY PERSON
11	OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL THAT HAS A CLASS OF SECURITIES
12	REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12 OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES
13	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, THAT IS ORGANIZED UNDER THE
14	LAWS OF AND FOR WHICH ITS PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IS LOCATED IN
15	ONE OF THE STATES OR TERRITORIES OF THE UNITED STATES OR DISTRICT
16	OF COLUMBIA OR ANOTHER COUNTRY THAT AUTHORIZES THE SALE OF
17	MARIJUANA AND THAT:
18	(a) HAS A CLASS OF SECURITIES REGISTERED PURSUANT TO
19	SECTION 12 OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS
20	AMENDED, THAT:
21	(I) CONSTITUTES "COVERED SECURITIES" PURSUANT TO SECTION
22	18 (b)(1)(A) OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", AS AMENDED;
23	OR
24	(II) IS QUALIFIED AND QUOTED ON THE OTCQX OR OTCQB TIER
25	OF THE OTC MARKETS IF:
26	(A) THE PERSON IS THEN REQUIRED TO FILE REPORTS AND IS FILING
27	REPORTS ON A CURRENT BASIS WITH THE FEDERAL SECURITIES AND

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1	EXCHANGE COMMISSION PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES
2	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, AS IF THE SECURITIES
3	CONSTITUTED "COVERED SECURITIES" AS DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION
4	(19.5)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION; OR
5	(B) THE PERSON IS QUALIFIED AND QUOTED ON THE OTCQX TIER
6	OF THE OTC MARKETS AND THE PERSON HAS ESTABLISHED AND IS IN
7	COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE MEASURES PURSUANT TO
8	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OBLIGATIONS IMPOSED ON SECURITIES
9	QUALIFIED AND QUOTED ON THE OTCQX TIER OF THE OTC MARKETS;
10	(b) Is a corporation that has a class of securities listed on
11	THE CANADIAN SECURITIES EXCHANGE, TORONTO STOCK EXCHANGE, OR
12	OTHER EQUITY SECURITIES EXCHANGE RECOGNIZED BY THE STATE
13	LICENSING AUTHORITY, IF:
14	(I) THE CORPORATION CONSTITUTES A "FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER",
15	as defined in rule 405 promulgated pursuant to the federal
16	"SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", AS AMENDED, WHOSE SECURITIES ARE EXEMPT
17	FROM REGISTRATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 12 OF THE FEDERAL
18	"SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, PURSUANT TO RULE
19	12g 3-2 (b) PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES
20	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED; AND
21	(II) THE CORPORATION HAS BEEN, FOR THE PRECEDING THREE
22	HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE DAYS OR SINCE THE FORMATION OF THE ENTITY, IN
23	COMPLIANCE WITH ALL GOVERNANCE AND REPORTING OBLIGATIONS
24	IMPOSED BY THE RELEVANT EXCHANGE ON SUCH CORPORATION;
25	(c) IS REASONABLY IDENTIFIED AS A PUBLICLY TRADED
26	CORPORATION BY RULE BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY AS A
27	PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION; OR

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1	(d) A "PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION" DESCRIBED IN
2	SUBSECTION (19.5)(a), (19.5)(b), OR (19.5)(c) OF THIS SECTION DOES NOT
3	INCLUDE:
4	(I) An "ineligible issuer", as defined in rule 405
5	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933",
6	AS AMENDED, UNLESS SUCH PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SATISFIES
7	THE DEFINITION OF INELIGIBLE ISSUER SOLELY BECAUSE IT IS ONE OR MORE
8	OF THE FOLLOWING AND SO LONG AS THE PERSON IS REQUIRED TO FILE
9	REPORTS AND IS FILING REPORTS ON A CURRENT BASIS WITH THE FEDERAL
10	SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL
11	"SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, AS IF THE
12	SECURITIES CONSTITUTED "COVERED SECURITIES" AS DESCRIBED IN
13	SUBSECTION $(19.5)(a)(I)$ OF THIS SECTION:
14	(A) A "BLANK CHECK COMPANY", AS DEFINED IN RULE 419 (a)(2)
15	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933",
16	AS AMENDED;
17	(B) AN ISSUER IN AN OFFERING OF "PENNY STOCK", AS DEFINED IN
18	RULE 3 a51-1 PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES
19	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934"; OR
20	(C) A "SHELL COMPANY", AS DEFINED IN RULE 405 PROMULGATED
21	PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", AS AMENDED;
22	AND
23	(II) A PERSON DISQUALIFIED AS A "BAD ACTOR" UNDER RULE 506
24	(D) PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF
25	1933", AS AMENDED.
26	(20) "Qualified limited passive investor" means a natural person
27	who is a United States citizen and is a passive investor who owns less

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1	than a five percent share or shares of stock in a licensed retail marijuana
2	business. "QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTOR" MEANS:
3	(a) A BANK AS DEFINED IN SECTION 3 (a)(6) OF THE FEDERAL
4	"SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934", AS AMENDED, PROVIDED THE
5	BANK IS CURRENT IN ALL APPLICABLE REPORTING AND RECORD-KEEPING
6	REQUIREMENTS UNDER SUCH ACT AND RULES PROMULGATED
7	THEREUNDER;
8	(b) A BANK HOLDING COMPANY AS DEFINED IN THE FEDERAL
9	"BANK HOLDING COMPANY ACT OF 1956", AS AMENDED, IF THE BANK
10	HOLDING COMPANY IS REGISTERED AND CURRENT IN ALL APPLICABLE
11	REPORTING AND RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS UNDER SUCH ACT AND
12	RULES PROMULGATED THEREUNDER;
13	(c) An insurance company as defined in Section 2 (a)(17) of
14	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED,
15	PROVIDED THE INSURANCE COMPANY IS CURRENT IN ALL APPLICABLE
16	REPORTING AND RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS UNDER SUCH ACT AND
17	RULES PROMULGATED THEREUNDER;
18	(d) An investment company registered under section 8 of
19	THE FEDERAL "INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT OF 1940", AS AMENDED, AND
20	SUBJECT TO 15 U.S.C. SEC. 80a-1 TO 80a-64, IF THE INVESTMENT
21	COMPANY IS CURRENT IN ALL APPLICABLE REPORTING AND
22	RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS UNDER SUCH ACT AND RULES
23	PROMULGATED THEREUNDER;
24	(e) AN EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN OR PENSION FUND SUBJECT TO THE
25	FEDERAL "EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT INCOME SECURITY ACT OF 1974",
26	EXCLUDING AN EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN OR PENSION FUND SPONSORED BY
27	A LICENSEE OR AN INTERMEDIARY HOLDING COMPANY LICENSEE THAT

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1	DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY OWNS TEN PERCENT OR MORE OF A LICENSEE;
2	(f) A STATE OR FEDERAL GOVERNMENT PENSION PLAN;
3	(g) A GROUP COMPRISED ENTIRELY OF PERSONS SPECIFIED IN
4	SUBSECTIONS (20)(a) TO (20)(f) OF THIS SECTION; OR
5	(h) ANY OTHER ENTITY IDENTIFIED BY RULE BY THE STATE
6	LICENSING AUTHORITY.
7	(20.5) "Reasonable cause" means just or legitimate
8	GROUNDS TO BELIEVE THAT THE PARTICULAR REQUESTED ACTION IS
9	NECESSARY TO FULFILL THE PURPOSES OF THIS ARTICLE 12 OR TO PROTECT
10	PUBLIC SAFETY.
11	(24) "Retail marijuana establishment" means ANY OF THE
12	FOLLOWING ENTITIES LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12: A retail
13	marijuana store, a retail marijuana cultivation facility, a retail marijuana
14	products manufacturer, or a retail marijuana testing facility, A RETAIL
15	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OPERATOR, OR A RETAIL MARIJUANA
16	TRANSPORTER.
17	(25) "Retail marijuana establishment operator" means an entity or
18	A person who is not an owner and who THAT is licensed to provide
19	professional operational services to a retail marijuana establishment for
20	direct remuneration from the retail marijuana establishment. A RETAIL
21	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OPERATOR IS NOT, BY VIRTUE OF ITS STATUS
22	AS RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OPERATOR, A CONTROLLING
23	BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER OF ANY RETAIL
24	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT IT OPERATES.
25	(32.5) "SECURITY" MEANS THOSE TERMS AS DEFINED IN SECTION
26	(2)(1) OF THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933", AS AMENDED.
27	(34) "SUBSTANTIAL JUSTIFICATION" MEANS A POSITION OR REASON

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1	THAT HAS A REASONABLE BASIS BOTH IN LAW AND IN FACT.
2	SECTION 13. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-202, amend
3	(2)(d) and (3)(c)(IV); repeal (3)(a)(XXI); and add (6) and (7) as follows:
4	44-12-202. Powers and duties of state licensing authority -
5	rules. (2) The state licensing authority has the authority to:
6	(d) Maintain the confidentiality of reports or other information
7	obtained from a licensee containing any individualized data, information,
8	or records related to the licensee or its operation, including sales
9	information, financial records, tax returns, credit reports, cultivation
10	information, testing results, and security information and plans, or
11	revealing any customer information, or any other records that are exempt
12	from public inspection pursuant to state law. Such reports or other
13	information may be used only for a purpose authorized by this article 12
14	FOR INVESTIGATION OR ENFORCEMENT OF ANY INTERNATIONAL, FEDERAL,
15	STATE, OR LOCAL SECURITIES LAW OR REGULATIONS, or for any other state
16	or local law enforcement purpose. Any customer information may be used
17	only for a purpose authorized by this article 12.
18	(3) (a) Rules promulgated pursuant to subsection (2)(b) of this
19	section must include but need not be limited to, the following subjects:
20	(XXI) The parameters and qualifications of an indirect beneficial
21	interest owner; and a qualified limited passive investor;
22	(c) Rules promulgated pursuant to subsection (2)(b) of this section
23	must also include the following subjects:
24	(IV) Development of individual identification cards for owners,
25	officers CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND ANY PERSON EMPLOYED
26	BY, OPERATING, WORKING IN, OR HAVING UNESCORTED ACCESS TO THE
27	LIMITED ACCESS AREAS OF THE LICENSED PREMISES OF A RETAIL

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1	MARIJUANA ESTABLISTIMENT, managers, contractors, employees, and other
2	support staff of entities licensed pursuant to this article 12, including a
3	fingerprint-based criminal history record check as may be required by the
4	state licensing authority prior to issuing a card;
5	(6) (a) RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2)(b) OF
6	THIS SECTION MUST INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS:
7	(I) OWNERSHIP AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE PROCEDURES AND
8	REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12;
9	(II) RECORDS A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT IS REQUIRED
10	TO MAINTAIN REGARDING ITS CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS, PASSIVE
11	BENEFICIAL OWNERS, AND INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDERS THAT
12	MAY BE SUBJECT TO DISCLOSURE AT RENEWAL OR AS PART OF ANY OTHER
13	INVESTIGATION FOLLOWING INITIAL LICENSURE OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA
14	ESTABLISHMENT;
15	(III) PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS FOR FINDINGS OF
16	SUITABILITY PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12, INCLUDING FEES NECESSARY
17	TO COVER THE DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS OF ANY SUITABILITY
18	INVESTIGATION;
19	(IV) PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS CONCERNING THE
20	DIVESTITURE OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF A PERSON FOUND
21	UNSUITABLE BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY;
22	(V) PROCEDURES, PROCESSES, AND REQUIREMENTS FOR
23	TRANSFERS OF OWNERSHIP INVOLVING A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION,
24	INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO MERGERS WITH A PUBLICLY TRADED
25	CORPORATION, INVESTMENT BY A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION, AND
26	PUBLIC OFFERINGS;
27	(VI) DESIGNATION OF PERSONS THAT BY VIRTUE OF COMMON

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1	CONTROL CONSTITUTE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS;
2	(VII) MODIFICATION OF THE PERCENTAGE OF SECURITIES THAT
3	MAY BE HELD BY A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER AND PASSIVE
4	BENEFICIAL OWNER;
5	(VIII) DESIGNATION OF PERSONS THAT QUALIFY FOR AN
6	EXEMPTION FROM AN OTHERWISE REQUIRED FINDING OF SUITABILITY; AND
7	(IX) DESIGNATION OF INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDERS
8	AND QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS.
9	(b) Rules promulgated pursuant to this subsection (6)
10	SHALL NOT BE ANY MORE RESTRICTIVE THAN THOSE EXPRESSLY
11	ESTABLISHED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 12.
12	(7) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY DENY, SUSPEND,
13	REVOKE, FINE, OR IMPOSE OTHER SANCTIONS AGAINST A PERSON'S LICENSE
14	ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12 IF THE STATE LICENSING
15	AUTHORITY FINDS THE PERSON OR THE PERSON'S CONTROLLING
16	BENEFICIAL OWNER, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL
17	INTEREST HOLDER FAILED TO TIMELY FILE ANY REPORT, DISCLOSURE,
18	REGISTRATION STATEMENT, OR OTHER SUBMISSION REQUIRED BY ANY
19	STATE OR FEDERAL REGULATORY AUTHORITY THAT IS RELATED TO THE
20	CONDUCT OF THEIR ESTABLISHMENT.
21	SECTION 14. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-303, amend
22	(1) as follows:
23	44-12-303. State licensing authority - application and issuance
24	procedures. (1) Applications for a state license under the provisions of
25	this article 12 must be made to the state licensing authority on forms
26	prepared and furnished by the state licensing authority and must set forth
27	such information as the state licensing authority may require to enable the

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state licensing authority to determine whether a state license should be
granted. The information must include the name and address of the
applicant and the names and addresses of the officers, directors, or
managers DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY SECTION 44-11-307.5. Each
application must be verified by the oath or affirmation of such person or
persons as the state licensing authority may prescribe. The state licensing
authority may issue a state license to an applicant pursuant to this section
upon completion of the applicable criminal history background check
associated with the application, and the state license is conditioned upon
local jurisdiction approval. A license applicant is prohibited from
operating a licensed retail marijuana business without state and local
jurisdiction approval. If the applicant does not receive local jurisdiction
approval within one year from the date of state licensing authority
approval, the state license shall expire and may not be renewed. If an
application is denied by the local licensing authority, the state licensing
authority shall revoke the state-issued license.
SECTION 15. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-305, amend
$(1)(c)$, $(1)(j)$, and $(1)(k)$; and $\overline{add}(1)(c.1)$, $(1)(c.2)$, $(1)(1)$, $(1)(m)$, $(1)(n)$,
(1)(o), (1)(p), and (1)(q) as follows:
44-12-305. Persons prohibited as licensees - definition. (1) A
license provided by this article 12 shall not be issued to or held by:
(c) A person other than an individual if the criminal history of any
of its officers, directors, stockholders, or owners CONTROLLING
BENEFICIAL OWNERS indicates that the officer, director, stockholder, or
owner A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER is not of good moral character
after considering the factors in section 24-5-101 (2); C.R.S.
(c.1) A PERSON THAT IS NOT A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION,

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1	IF THE CRIMINAL HISTORY OF ANY OF ITS PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS
2	INDICATES THAT THE PERSON IS NOT OF GOOD MORAL CHARACTER AFTER
3	CONSIDERING THE FACTORS IN SECTION 24-5-101;
4	(c.2) A PERSON THAT IS A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION, IF THE
5	CRIMINAL HISTORY OF ANY OF ITS KNOWN PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS
6	INDICATES THAT THE PERSON IS NOT OF GOOD MORAL CHARACTER AFTER
7	CONSIDERING THE FACTORS IN SECTION 24-5-101;
8	(j) A person applying for a license for a location that is currently
9	licensed as a retail food establishment or wholesale food registrant; or
10	(k) A publicly traded company ENTITY THAT DOES NOT
11	CONSTITUTE A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION;
12	(1) A PERSON THAT IS OR HAS A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER,
13	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER
14	THAT IS ORGANIZED OR FORMED UNDER THE LAWS OF A COUNTRY
15	DETERMINED BY THE UNITED STATES SECRETARY OF STATE TO HAVE
16	REPEATEDLY PROVIDED SUPPORT FOR ACTS OF INTERNATIONAL TERRORISM
17	OR INCLUDED AMONG THE LIST OF "COVERED COUNTRIES" IN SECTION 1502
18	OF THE FEDERAL "DODD-FRANK WALL STREET REFORM AND CONSUMER
19	PROTECTION ACT", PUB.L. 111-203;
20	(m) A PERSON THAT IS OR HAS A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
21	OWNER, THAT IS AN "INELIGIBLE ISSUER" PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-12-104
22	(19.5)(d)(1);
23	(n) A PERSON THAT IS OR HAS A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER
24	THAT IS DISQUALIFIED AS A "BAD ACTOR" UNDER RULE 506 (d)(1);
25	(o) A PERSON THAT IS NOT A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION
26	THAT IS DISQUALIFIED AS A "BAD ACTOR" UNDER RULE 506 (d)
27	PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF 1933".

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1	AS AMENDED, AND SUBJECT TO 17 CFR 230.406 (d)(1);
2	(p) A PERSON THAT IS A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS
3	OR HAS A KNOWN PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL
4	INTEREST HOLDER THAT IS DISQUALIFIED AS A "BAD ACTOR" UNDER RULE
5	506 (d) PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THE FEDERAL "SECURITIES ACT OF
6	1933", AS AMENDED, AND SUBJECT TO 17 CFR 230.406 (d)(1); OR
7	(q) A PERSON THAT IS OR HAS A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER,
8	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER
9	THAT IS PROHIBITED FROM ENGAGING IN TRANSACTIONS PURSUANT TO
10	THIS ARTICLE 12 DUE TO ITS DESIGNATION ON THE "SPECIALLY
11	DESIGNATED NATIONALS AND BLOCKED PERSONS" LIST MAINTAINED BY
12	THE FEDERAL OFFICE OF FOREIGN ASSETS CONTROL.
13	SECTION 16. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-306, amend
14	(1)(a)(II), (1)(a)(IV), (1)(b), and (3); repeal (2), (4), (5), (6), and (7); and
15	add (1)(a)(IV.5), (1)(a)(VI), and (1)(a)(VII) as follows:
16	44-12-306. Business and owner requirements - legislative
17	declaration - definition. (1) (a) The general assembly hereby finds and
18	declares that:
19	(II) The current regulatory structure for retail marijuana creates a
20	substantial barrier to investment from out-of-state interests AND PUBLICLY
21	TRADED CORPORATIONS;
22	(IV) Colorado retail marijuana businesses ESTABLISHMENTS need
23	to have ready access to capital from investors in states FROM outside of
24	Colorado; and
25	(IV.5) UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES, PERMITTING PUBLICLY
26	TRADED CORPORATIONS TO HOLD AN INTEREST IN RETAIL MARIJUANA
27	ESTABLISHMENTS WILL BENEFIT COLORADO'S RETAIL MARIJUANA MARKET;

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1	(VI) PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATIONS OFFERING SECURITIES FOR
2	INVESTMENT IN RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENTS MUST TELL THE
3	PUBLIC THE TRUTH ABOUT THEIR BUSINESS, THE SECURITIES THEY ARE
4	SELLING, AND THE RISKS INVOLVED WITH INVESTING IN RETAIL MARIJUANA
5	ESTABLISHMENTS, AND PEOPLE THAT SELL AND TRADE SECURITIES
6	RELATED TO RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENTS ARE PROHIBITED FROM
7	ENGAGING IN DECEIT, MISREPRESENTATIONS, AND OTHER FRAUD IN THE
8	SALE OF THE SECURITIES; AND
9	(VII) RECOGNIZING THAT PARTICIPATION BY PUBLICLY TRADED
10	CORPORATIONS IN COLORADO'S RETAIL MARIJUANA INDUSTRY CREATES AN
11	INCREASED NEED TO ASSESS BARRIERS OF ENTRY FOR MINORITY- AND
12	WOMAN-OWNED BUSINESSES, WITH SUCH EFFORTS BEING MADE TO
13	IDENTIFY SOLUTIONS TO ARRIVE AT A GREATER BALANCE AND FOR
14	FURTHER EQUITY FOR MINORITY- AND WOMAN-OWNED BUSINESSES, AND
15	IN A MANNER THAT IS CONSISTENT WITH THE PUBLIC SAFETY AND
16	ENFORCEMENT GOALS AS STATED HEREIN, IT IS THEREFORE OF
17	SUBSTANTIVE IMPORTANCE TO ADDRESS THE LACK OF MINORITY- AND
18	WOMAN-OWNED BUSINESSES' INCLUSION IN COLORADO'S RETAIL
19	MARIJUANA INDUSTRY, SOCIAL JUSTICE ISSUES ASSOCIATED WITH
20	MARIJUANA PROHIBITION, SUITABILITY ISSUES RELATING TO PAST
21	CONVICTIONS FOR POTENTIAL LICENSEES, LICENSING FEES, AND ECONOMIC
22	CHALLENGES THAT ARISE WITH THE APPLICATION PROCESSES.
23	(b) Therefore, the general assembly is providing a mechanism for
24	Colorado retail marijuana businesses ESTABLISHMENTS to access capital
25	from investors in other states AND FROM CERTAIN PUBLICLY TRADED
26	CORPORATIONS PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND SECTION 44-12-306.5.
27	(2) A direct beneficial interest owner who is a natural person must

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either:

2	(a) Have been a resident of Colorado for at least one year prior to
3	the date of the application; or

- (b) Be a United States citizen prior to the date of the application.
- (3) (a) A retail marijuana business may be comprised of an unlimited number of direct beneficial interest owners that have been residents of Colorado for at least one year prior to the date of the application.
- (b) On and after January 1, 2017, A retail marijuana business that is composed of one or more direct beneficial interest owners who have not been Colorado residents for at least one year prior to application ESTABLISHMENT shall have at least one EXECUTIVE officer who has been IS a Colorado resident for at least one year prior to ON THE DATE OF application, and all officers NATURAL PERSONS with day-to-day operational control over the business must be Colorado residents. for at least one year prior to application. A retail marijuana business under this subsection (3)(b) is limited to no more than fifteen direct beneficial interest owners, including all parent and subsidiary entities, all of whom are natural persons.
- (c) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsection (3)(b) of this section, the state licensing authority may review the limitation on the number of direct beneficial interest owners and may increase the number of allowable interests above fifteen based on reasonable considerations such as developments in state and federal financial regulations, market conditions, and the licensee's ability to access legitimate sources of capital A PERSON, OTHER THAN AN INDIVIDUAL, THAT IS A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT OR A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER

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1	SHALL APPOINT AND CONTINUOUSLY MAINTAIN A REGISTERED AGENT
2	THAT SATISFIES THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 7-90-701. THE RETAIL
3	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT SHALL INFORM THE STATE LICENSING
4	AUTHORITY OF A CHANGE IN THE REGISTERED AGENT WITHIN TEN DAYS
5	AFTER THE CHANGE.
6	(d) A direct beneficial interest owner that is a closely held
7	business entity must consist entirely of natural persons who are United
8	States citizens prior to the date of the application, including all parent and
9	subsidiary entities.
10	(4) A retail marijuana business may include qualified institutional
11	investors that own thirty percent or less of the retail marijuana business.
12	(5) (a) A person who intends to apply as a direct beneficial interest
13	owner and is not a Colorado resident for at least one year prior to the date
14	of application shall first submit a request to the state licensing authority
15	for a finding of suitability as a direct beneficial interest owner. The
16	person shall receive a finding of suitability prior to submitting an
17	application to the state licensing authority to be a direct beneficial interest
18	owner. Failure to receive a finding of suitability prior to application is
19	grounds for denial by the state licensing authority.
20	(b) The state licensing authority shall perform a limited initial
21	background check on qualified limited passive investors. If the initial
22	background check provides reasonable cause for additional investigation,
23	the state licensing authority may require a full background check.
24	(6) The state licensing authority shall review the retail marijuana
25	business's operating documents to ensure compliance with this section.
26	(7) For purposes of this section, unless the context otherwise
27	requires, "institutional investor" means:

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1	(a) A bank as defined in section 3 (a)(b) of the federal "Securities
2	Exchange Act of 1934", as amended;
3	(b) An insurance company as defined in section 2 (a)(17) of the
4	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
5	(c) An investment company registered under section 8 of the
6	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
7	(d) An investment adviser registered under section 203 of the
8	federal "Investment Advisers Act of 1940", as amended;
9	(e) Collective trust funds as defined in section 3 (c)(11) of the
10	federal "Investment Company Act of 1940", as amended;
11	(f) An employee benefit plan or pension fund that is subject to the
12	federal "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974", as
13	amended, excluding an employee benefit plan or pension fund sponsored
14	by a licensee or an intermediary or holding company licensee that directly
15	or indirectly owns five percent or more of a licensee;
16	(g) A state or federal government pension plan;
17	(h) A group comprised entirely of persons specified in subsections
18	(7)(a) to $(7)(g)$ of this section; or
19	(i) Any other entity identified through rule by the state licensing
20	authority.
21	SECTION 17. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 44-12-306.5
22	and 44-12-306.6 as follows:
23	44-12-306.5. Business owner and financial interest disclosure
24	requirements. (1) APPLICANTS FOR THE ISSUANCE OF A STATE LICENSE
25	SHALL DISCLOSE TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY THE FOLLOWING:
26	(a) A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE ORGANIZATIONAL CHART OF THE
27	RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT REFLECTING THE IDENTITY AND

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1	OWNERSHIP PERCENTAGES OF ITS CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS,
2	(b) THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION REGARDING ALL CONTROLLING
3	BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT:
4	(I) IF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER IS A PUBLICLY
5	TRADED CORPORATION, THE APPLICANT SHALL DISCLOSE THE
6	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS' EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, MEMBERS OF ITS
7	BOARD OF DIRECTORS, AND ANY BENEFICIAL OWNERS THAT DIRECTLY OR
8	INDIRECTLY BENEFICIALLY OWN TEN PERCENT OR MORE OF THE SECURITIES
9	IN A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT;
10	(II) IF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER IS NOT A PUBLICLY
11	TRADED CORPORATION AND IS NOT A QUALIFIED PRIVATE FUND, THE
12	APPLICANT SHALL DISCLOSE THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNERS'
13	EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, MANAGERS AS DEFINED IN SECTION 7-90-102 (35.7),
14	AND ANY BENEFICIAL OWNERS THAT DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY
15	BENEFICIALLY OWN TEN PERCENT OR MORE OF THE SECURITIES IN A RETAIL
16	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT;
17	(III) IF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER IS A QUALIFIED
18	PRIVATE FUND, THE APPLICANT SHALL DISCLOSE A COMPLETE AND
19	ACCURATE ORGANIZATIONAL CHART OF THE QUALIFIED PRIVATE FUND
20	REFLECTING THE IDENTITY AND OWNERSHIP PERCENTAGES OF THE
21	QUALIFIED PRIVATE FUNDS' EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, MANAGERS AS DEFINED
22	IN SECTION 7-90-102 (35.7), INVESTMENT ADVISERS, INVESTMENT ADVISER
23	REPRESENTATIVES, ANY TRUSTEE OR EQUIVALENT, AND ANY OTHER
24	PERSON THAT CONTROLS THE INVESTMENT IN, OR MANAGEMENT OR
25	OPERATIONS OF, THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT;
26	(IV) IF THE CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER IS A NATURAL
2.7	PERSON THE APPLICANT SHALL DISCLOSE THE NATURAL PERSON'S

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1	IDENTIFYING INFORMATION;
2	(c) ANY PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER THAT IS ALSO AN INDIRECT
3	FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER IN THE RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT;
4	AND
5	(d) ANY INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER THAT HOLDS TWO
6	OR MORE INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTERESTS IN THE RETAIL MARIJUANA
7	ESTABLISHMENT.
8	(2) The state licensing authority may request that the
9	RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT DISCLOSE THE FOLLOWING:
10	(a) EACH BENEFICIAL OWNER AND AFFILIATE OF AN APPLICANT,
11	RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT, OR CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
12	OWNER THAT IS NOT A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION OR A QUALIFIED
13	PRIVATE FUND; AND
14	(b) EACH AFFILIATE OF A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER THAT
15	IS A QUALIFIED PRIVATE FUND.
16	(3) FOR REASONABLE CAUSE, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY
17	MAY REQUIRE DISCLOSURE OF:
18	(a) A COMPLETE AND ACCURATE LIST OF EACH NONOBJECTING
19	BENEFICIAL INTEREST OWNER OF AN APPLICANT, LICENSEE, OR
20	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER THAT IS A PUBLICLY TRADED
21	CORPORATION;
22	(b) Passive beneficial owners of the retail marijuana
23	ESTABLISHMENT, AND FOR ANY PASSIVE BENEFICIAL INTEREST OWNER
24	THAT IS NOT A NATURAL PERSON, THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF
25	DIRECTORS, GENERAL PARTNERS, MANAGING MEMBERS, MANAGERS OR
26	EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND TEN PERCENT OR MORE OWNERS OF THE PASSIVE
27	BENEFICIAL OWNER;

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1	(c) A LIST OF EACH BENEFICIAL OWNER IN A QUALIFIED PRIVATE
2	FUND THAT IS A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER;
3	(d) ALL INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDERS OF THE RETAIL
4	MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT, AND FOR ANY INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST
5	HOLDER THAT IS NOT A NATURAL PERSON, THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF
6	DIRECTORS, GENERAL PARTNERS, MANAGING MEMBERS, MANAGERS OR
7	EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND TEN PERCENT OR MORE BENEFICIAL OWNERS OF
8	THE INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER.
9	(4) AN APPLICANT OR RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT THAT
10	IS NOT A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL AFFIRM UNDER PENALTY
11	OF PERJURY THAT IT EXERCISED REASONABLE CARE TO CONFIRM THAT ITS
12	PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS, INDIRECT FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDERS,
13	AND QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS ARE NOT PERSONS PROHIBITED
14	PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-12-305, OR OTHERWISE RESTRICTED FROM
15	HOLDING AN INTEREST UNDER THIS ARTICLE 12. AN APPLICANT'S OR
16	LICENSEE'S FAILURE TO EXERCISE REASONABLE CARE IS A BASIS FOR
17	DENIAL, FINE, SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION BY THE
18	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
19	(5) AN APPLICANT OR RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT THAT
20	IS A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION SHALL AFFIRM UNDER PENALTY OF
21	PERJURY THAT IT EXERCISED REASONABLE CARE TO CONFIRM THAT ITS
22	KNOWN PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNERS, KNOWN INDIRECT FINANCIAL
23	INTEREST HOLDERS, AND QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS ARE NOT
24	PERSONS PROHIBITED PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-12-305, OR OTHERWISE
25	RESTRICTED FROM HOLDING AN INTEREST UNDER THIS ARTICLE 12. AN
26	APPLICANT'S OR LICENSEE'S FAILURE TO EXERCISE REASONABLE CARE IS A
27	BASIS FOR DENIAL, FINE, SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION

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1	BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
2	(6) This section does not restrict the state licensing
3	AUTHORITY'S ABILITY TO REASONABLY REQUEST INFORMATION OR
4	RECORDS AT RENEWAL OR AS PART OF ANY OTHER INVESTIGATION
5	FOLLOWING INITIAL LICENSURE OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT.
6	(7) The securities commissioner may, by rule or order,
7	REQUIRE ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IF SUCH INFORMATION IS FULL AND
8	FAIR WITH RESPECT TO THE INVESTMENT OR IN THE INTEREST OF INVESTOR
9	PROTECTION.
10	44-12-306.6. Business owner and financial interest suitability
11	requirements. (1) This section applies to all persons required to
12	SUBMIT A FINDING OF SUITABILITY.
13	(2) ANY PERSON INTENDING TO BECOME A CONTROLLING
14	BENEFICIAL OWNER OF ANY RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT, EXCEPT
15	AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN SECTION 44-12-308 (4), SHALL FIRST SUBMIT
16	A REQUEST TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY FOR A FINDING OF
17	SUITABILITY OR AN EXEMPTION FROM AN OTHERWISE REQUIRED FINDING
18	OF SUITABILITY.
19	(3) FOR REASONABLE CAUSE, ANY OTHER PERSON THAT WAS
20	DISCLOSED OR THAT SHOULD HAVE BEEN DISCLOSED PURSUANT TO
21	SECTION 44-12-306.5, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO A PASSIVE
22	BENEFICIAL OWNER, SHALL SUBMIT A REQUEST FOR A FINDING OF
23	SUITABILITY.
24	(4) FAILURE TO PROVIDE ALL REQUESTED INFORMATION IN
25	CONNECTION WITH A REQUEST FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY IS GROUNDS
26	FOR DENIAL OF THAT FINDING OF SUITABILITY.
27	(5) FAILURE TO RECEIVE ALL REQUIRED FINDINGS OF SUITABILITY

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1	IS GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF AN APPLICATION OR FOR SUSPENSION,
2	REVOCATION, OR OTHER SANCTION AGAINST THE LICENSE BY THE STATE
3	LICENSING AUTHORITY. FOR INITIAL APPLICATIONS, THE FINDING OF
4	SUITABILITY SHALL BE REQUIRED PRIOR TO SUBMITTING THE APPLICATION
5	FOR LICENSURE.
6	(6) ANY PERSON REQUIRED TO OBTAIN A FINDING OF SUITABILITY
7	SHALL DO SO ON FORMS PROVIDED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY
8	AND MUST CONTAIN SUCH INFORMATION AS THE STATE LICENSING
9	AUTHORITY MAY REQUIRE. EACH SUITABILITY APPLICATION MUST BE
10	VERIFIED BY THE OATH OR AFFIRMATION OF THE PERSONS PRESCRIBED BY
11	THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.
12	(7) A PERSON REQUESTING A FINDING OF SUITABILITY SHALL
13	PROVIDE THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY WITH A DEPOSIT TO COVER THE
14	DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS OF ANY INVESTIGATION NECESSARY TO
15	DETERMINE ANY REQUIRED FINDING OF SUITABILITY. THE STATE
16	LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY MAKE FURTHER RULES REGARDING THE
17	DEPOSIT AND DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS THAT SHALL BE BILLED
18	AGAINST THE DEPOSIT.
19	(8) When determining whether a person is suitable or
20	UNSUITABLE FOR LICENSURE, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY
21	CONSIDER THE PERSON'S CRIMINAL CHARACTER OR RECORD, LICENSING
22	CHARACTER OR RECORD OR FINANCIAL CHARACTER OR RECORD.
23	(9) A PERSON THAT WOULD OTHERWISE BE REQUIRED TO OBTAIN
24	A FINDING OF SUITABILITY MAY REQUEST AN EXEMPTION FROM THE STATE
25	LICENSING AUTHORITY AS DETERMINED BY RULE.
26	(10) ABSENT SUBSTANTIAL JUSTIFICATION, THE STATE LICENSING
27	AUTHORITY SHALL APPROVE OR DENY A REQUEST FOR A FINDING OF

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1	SUITABILITY WITHIN ONE HUNDRED TWENTY DAYS FROM THE DATE OF
2	SUBMISSION OF THE REQUEST FOR SUCH FINDING.
3	(11) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY DENY, SUSPEND,
4	REVOKE, FINE, OR IMPOSE OTHER SANCTIONS AGAINST A PERSON'S LICENSE
5	ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12 IF THE STATE LICENSING
6	AUTHORITY FINDS THE PERSON OR THE PERSON'S CONTROLLING
7	BENEFICIAL OWNER, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, OR INDIRECT FINANCIAL
8	INTEREST HOLDER TO BE UNSUITABLE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.
9	SECTION 18. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-308, amend
10	(2); and add (3) and (4) as follows:
11	44-12-308. Transfer of ownership. (2) For a transfer of
12	ownership INVOLVING A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, a license
13	holder shall apply to the state licensing authority on forms prepared and
14	furnished by the state licensing authority. Upon receipt of an application
15	for transfer of ownership, the state licensing authority shall submit, within
16	seven days, a copy of the application to the local jurisdiction to determine
17	whether the transfer complies with local restrictions on transfer of
18	ownership. In determining whether to permit a transfer of ownership, the
19	state licensing authority shall consider only the requirements of this
20	article 12, any rules promulgated by the state licensing authority, and any
21	other local restrictions. The local jurisdiction may hold a hearing on the
22	application for transfer of ownership. The local jurisdiction shall not hold
23	a hearing pursuant to this subsection (2) until the local jurisdiction has
24	posted a notice of hearing in the manner described in section 44-12-302
25	(1) on the licensed premises for a period of ten days and has provided
26	notice of the hearing to the applicant at least ten days prior to the hearing.
27	Any transfer of ownership hearing by the state licensing authority shall

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1	MUST be neig in compliance with the requirements specified in section
2	44-12-303.
3	(3) FOR A TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP INVOLVING A PASSIVE
4	BENEFICIAL OWNER, THE LICENSE HOLDER SHALL NOTIFY THE STATE
5	LICENSING AUTHORITY ON FORMS PREPARED AND FURNISHED BY THE
6	STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY WITHIN FORTY-FIVE DAYS TO THE EXTENT
7	DISCLOSURE IS REQUIRED BY SECTION 44-12-306.5.
8	(4) A PERSON THAT BECOMES A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER
9	OF A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION THAT IS A RETAIL MARIJUANA
10	ESTABLISHMENT OR THAT BECOMES A BENEFICIAL OWNER, THROUGH
11	DIRECT OR INDIRECT OWNERSHIP OF A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER,
12	OF TEN PERCENT OR MORE OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT THAT
13	IS A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION MUST DISCLOSE THE INFORMATION
14	REQUIRED BY SECTION 44-12-306.5 AND APPLY TO THE STATE LICENSING
15	AUTHORITY FOR A FINDING OF SUITABILITY OR EXEMPTION FROM A
16	FINDING OF SUITABILITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 44-12-306.6 WITHIN
17	FORTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER BECOMING SUCH A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL
18	OWNER. A LICENSEE SHALL NOTIFY EACH PERSON THAT IS SUBJECT TO THIS
19	SUBSECTION (4) OF ITS REQUIREMENTS AS SOON AS THE LICENSEE
20	BECOMES AWARE OF THE BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP TRIGGERING THE
21	REQUIREMENT, PROVIDED THAT THE OBLIGATIONS OF THE PERSON SUBJECT
22	TO THIS SUBSECTION (4) ARE INDEPENDENT OF, AND UNAFFECTED BY, THE
23	LICENSEE'S FAILURE TO GIVE THE NOTICE.
24	SECTION 19. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-309, amend
25	(3), (5), and (10) as follows:
26	44-12-309. Licensing in general. (3) A retail marijuana
27	establishment THAT IS NOT A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION shall notify

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1	the state licensing authority in writing of the name, address, and date of
2	birth of an A CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner OR officer or manager
3	before the new CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner or officer or manager
4	begins managing, owning, or associating with the operation. The
5	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL owner, officer, manager, or employee must
6	pass a fingerprint-based criminal history record check as required by the
7	state licensing authority and obtain the required identification prior to
8	being associated with, managing, owning, or working at the operation.
9	THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY FOR REASONABLE CAUSE REQUIRE
10	A PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER TO PASS A FINGERPRINT-BASED CRIMINAL
11	HISTORY CHECK.
12	(5) All managers and employees WITH DAY-TO-DAY OPERATIONAL
13	CONTROL of a retail marijuana establishment shall be residents of
14	Colorado upon the date of their license application. All licenses granted
15	pursuant to this article 12 are valid for a period of one year after the date
16	of issuance unless revoked or suspended pursuant to this article 12 or the
17	rules promulgated pursuant to this article 12.
18	(10) EXCEPT FOR A PUBLICLY TRADED CORPORATION, a licensee
19	shall report each transfer or change of financial interest in the license to
20	the state and local licensing authorities and receive approval prior to any
21	transfer or change pursuant to section 44-12-308. EXCEPT FOR A PUBLICLY
22	TRADED CORPORATION, a report is required for transfers of capital stock
23	of any corporation OWNER'S INTEREST OF ANY ENTITY regardless of size.
24	SECTION 20. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-312, amend
25	(1) as follows:
26	44-12-312. Unlawful financial assistance. (1) The state
27	licensing authority shall require a complete disclosure of all persons

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I	having a direct or indirect financial interest, and the extent of such
2	interest, in Pursuant to Section 44-12-306.5 with each license issued
3	under this article 12.
4	SECTION 21. In Colorado Revised Statutes, amend 44-12-407
5	as follows:
6	44-12-407. Retail marijuana business operator license. A retai
7	marijuana business operator license may be issued to a person who THAT
8	operates a retail marijuana establishment licensed pursuant to this article
9	12, for an owner ANOTHER RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT licensec
10	pursuant to this article 12, and who may receive a portion of the profits
11	as compensation.
12	SECTION 22. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 44-12-901, add (6)
13	as follows:
14	44-12-901. Unlawful acts - exceptions. (6) (a) IT IS UNLAWFUL
15	FOR A PERSON TO ENGAGE IN ANY ACT OR OMISSION WITH THE INTENT TO
16	EVADE DISCLOSURE, REPORTING, RECORD KEEPING, OR SUITABILITY
17	REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12, INCLUDING BUT NOT
18	LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING:
19	(I) FAILING TO FILE A REPORT REQUIRED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 12
20	OR CAUSING OR ATTEMPTING TO CAUSE A PERSON TO FAIL TO FILE SUCH A
21	REPORT;
22	(II) FILING OR CAUSING OR ATTEMPTING TO CAUSE A PERSON TO
23	FILE A REPORT REQUIRED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 12 THAT CONTAINS A
24	MATERIAL OMISSION OR MISSTATEMENT OF FACT;
25	(III) MAKING FALSE OR MISLEADING STATEMENTS REGARDING THE
26	OFFERING OF INTERESTS OF A RETAIL MARIJUANA ESTABLISHMENT; OR
27	(IV) STRUCTURING ANY TRANSACTION WITH THE INTENT TO EVADE

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1	DISCLOSURE, REPORTING, RECORD KEEPING, OR SUITABILITY
2	REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 12.
3	(b) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY DENY, SUSPEND,
4	REVOKE, FINE, OR IMPOSE OTHER SANCTION AGAINST A PERSON'S LICENSE
5	ISSUED UNDER THIS ARTICLE 12 IF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY FINDS
6	A VIOLATION OF THIS SUBSECTION (6) BY THE PERSON, THE PERSON'S
7	CONTROLLING BENEFICIAL OWNER, PASSIVE BENEFICIAL OWNER, INDIRECT
8	FINANCIAL INTEREST HOLDER, OR ANY AGENT OR EMPLOYEE THEREOF.
9	SECTION 23. Applicability. This act applies to applications
10	made on or after November 1, 2019.
11	SECTION 24. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
12	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
13	preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

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