

- ^b Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Malta, Montenegro, Morocco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Panama, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Somalia, Sweden, Switzerland, Togo and Turkey.
- ^c Australia, Chad, France, Jordan, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Nigeria, Republic of Korea, Russian Federation, Rwanda and United States.
- ^d Afghanistan, Algeria, Bangladesh, Brazil, Colombia, Egypt, Ethiopia, Germany, Guatemala, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Italy, Japan, Kazakhstan, Libya, Malaysia, Mali, Morocco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Niger, Pakistan, Senegal, Spain, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda and Ukraine.
- ^e Chad (President of the Security Council) was represented by its Minister for Foreign Affairs and African Integration; Luxembourg by its Minister for Foreign and European Affairs; Nigeria by its Minister for Foreign Affairs; Argentina by its Secretary of Foreign Affairs; Rwanda by its Permanent Representative and Minister of State in charge of cooperation; the United States by its Permanent Representative and member of the President’s Cabinet; and Chile by its Director General for Foreign Policy.
- ^f Libya was represented by its Minister for Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation. The representative of Sweden spoke on behalf of the Nordic countries.

39. Maintenance of international peace and security

During the period under review, the Security Council held 17 meetings in connection with the maintenance of international peace and security, a more than five-fold increase with respect to the previous two-year period. The Council adopted five resolutions and issued three presidential statements.

The number of sub-items considered also multiplied; they included (a) war, its lessons and the search for a permanent peace; (b) security sector reform: challenges and opportunities; (c) conflict prevention; (d) inclusive development for the maintenance of international peace and security; (e) the role of youth in countering violent extremism and promoting peace; (f) peace and security challenges facing small island developing States; (g) regional organizations and contemporary challenges of global security; and (h) trafficking in persons in situations of conflict.

On 20 November 2015, the Council considered the recommendations of the High-level Independent Panel on Peace Operations¹¹¹ when the Secretary-General briefed the Council on the Panel’s report and on his own recommendations contained in the implementation report.¹¹² On 25 November, the President of the Security Council issued a statement wherein the Council took note of the recommendations contained in the two reports, reaffirmed the basic principles of peacekeeping, and welcomed the efforts of the Secretary-General to advance the cause of reform and to undertake a comprehensive review of United Nations peace operations; it also welcomed his initiative to brief the Council on recommendations for further consideration by the Council, and encouraged him to take forward those steps under his authority that he had set out.¹¹³

¹¹¹ See [S/2015/446](#).

¹¹² See [S/2015/682](#) and [S/PV.7564](#).

¹¹³ [S/PRST/2015/22](#).

Meetings: maintenance of international peace and security

<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against-abstaining)</i>
S/PV.7105 29 January 2014	War, its lessons and the search for a permanent peace Letter dated 14 January 2014 from the Permanent Representative of Jordan to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2014/30)		39 Member States ^a	Under-Secretary-General for Political Affairs, Head of the Delegation of the European Union to the United Nations	All Council members, all invitees	

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<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against-abstaining)</i>
S/PV.7161 and S/PV.7161 (Resumption 1) 28 April 2014	Security sector reform: challenges and opportunities Report of the Secretary-General on securing States and societies: strengthening the United Nations comprehensive support to security sector reform (S/2013/480) Letter dated 1 April 2014 from the Permanent Representative of Nigeria to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2014/238)		42 Member States ^b	Head of the Delegation of the European Union	Secretary-General, all Council members, ^c all invitees ^d	Resolution 2151 (2014) 15-0-0
S/PV.7170 8 May 2014		Draft resolution submitted by 14 Council members ^e (S/2014/318)	Senegal		Jordan, Rwanda, Senegal	Resolution 2154 (2014) 15-0-0
S/PV.7247 21 August 2014	Conflict prevention Letter dated 5 August 2014 from the Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2014/572)		39 Member States ^f	United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights, Deputy Head of the Delegation of the European Union	Secretary-General, all Council members, all invitees ^g	Resolution 2171 (2014) 15-0-0
S/PV.7361 19 January 2015	Inclusive development for the maintenance of international peace and security Letter dated 6 January 2015 from the Permanent Representative of Chile to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2015/6)		59 Member States ^h	Chair of the Peacebuilding Commission, President of the Gbowee Peace Foundation Africa, Head of the Delegation of the European Union	Secretary-General, all Council members, ⁱ 55 invitees under rule 37, ^j all invitees under rule 39	S/PRST/2015/3

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<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against-abstaining)</i>
S/PV.7389 23 February 2015	Reflect on history, reaffirm the strong commitment to the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations Letter dated 3 February 2015 from the Permanent Representative of China to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2015/87)		65 Member States ^k	Head of the Delegation of the European Union, Permanent Observer of the African Union to the United Nations	Secretary-General, all Council members, ^l all invitees ^m	
S/PV.7432 23 April 2015	The role of youth in countering violent extremism and promoting peace Letter dated 27 March 2015 from the Permanent Representative of Jordan to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2015/231)		44 Member States ⁿ	Mr. Scott Atran, Mr. Peter Neumann, Permanent Observer of the African Union, Head of the Delegation of the European Union, United Nations High Representative for the Alliance of Civilizations, Permanent Observer of the Holy See to the United Nations	Secretary-General, all Council members, ^o 41 invitees under rule 37, ^p all other invitees	
S/PV.7499 30 July 2015	Peace and security challenges facing small island developing States Letter dated 15 July 2015 from the Permanent Representative of New Zealand to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2015/543)		55 Member States ^q	Premier of Niue, Minister of Finance of the Cook Islands, Head of the Delegation of the European Union, Permanent Observer of the Holy See	Secretary-General, all Council members, ^r 53 invitees under rule 37, ^s all other invitees	

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<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against-abstaining)</i>
S/PV.7505 and S/PV.7505 (Resumption 1) 18 August 2015	Regional organizations and contemporary challenges of global security Letter dated 5 August 2015 from the Permanent Representative of Nigeria to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2015/599)		28 Member States ^t	Director for Africa of the European External Action Service, Adviser to the African Union Mission	Secretary-General, all Council members, all invitees ^u	
S/PV.7508 20 August 2015	Consolidating Security Council engagement on security sector reform: towards further implementation of resolution 2151 (2014) Letter dated 11 August 2015 from the Permanent Representative of Nigeria to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2015/614)			Assistant Secretary-General for Rule of Law and Security Institutions, Special Representative of the Secretary-General on Sexual Violence in Conflict, Assistant Secretary-General and Assistant Administrator, Crisis Response Unit, United Nations Development Programme	All Council members, all invitees	
S/PV.7527 30 September 2015	Settlement of conflicts in the Middle East and North Africa and countering the terrorist threat in the region Letter dated 1 September 2015 from the Permanent Representative of the Russian Federation to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2015/678)		54 Member States ^v	High Representative of the European Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy, Secretary-General of the League of Arab States, Secretary-General of the Organization of Islamic Cooperation, Permanent Observer of the	Secretary-General, all Council members, ^w 51 invitees under rule 37, ^x all other invitees	

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<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against-abstaining)</i>
				Cooperation Council for the Arab States of the Gulf to the United Nations, Secretary for Relations with States of the Holy See		
S/PV.7531 9 October 2015		Draft resolution submitted by 35 Member States ^y (S/2015/768)	30 Member States ^z		13 Council members, ^{aa} Libya	Resolution 2240 (2015) 14-0-1
S/PV.7561 17 November 2015	Security, development and the root causes of conflict Report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations and conflict prevention: a collective recommitment (S/2015/730) Letter dated 5 November 2015 from the Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2015/845)		60 Member States ^{bb}	Sweden (as Chair of the Peacebuilding Commission), President of the Tunisian Confederation of Industry, Trade and Handicrafts and Nobel Peace prize laureate 2015 for the Tunisian National Dialogue Quartet, Deputy Secretary-General for Global and Economic Issues of the European External Action Service, Head of Delegation and Permanent Observer of the International Committee of the Red Cross to the United Nations, Permanent Observer of the Holy See to the United Nations	Secretary-General, all Council members, ^{cc} 56 invitees under rule 37, ^{dd} all other invitees	

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<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against-abstaining)</i>
S/PV.7564 20 November 2015	Briefing on the Secretary-General's report: the future of United Nations peace operations Letter dated 5 November 2015 from the Permanent Representative of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2015/846)				Secretary-General, all Council members	
S/PV.7567 25 November 2015						S/PRST/2015/22
S/PV.7573 9 December 2015		Draft resolution submitted by 13 Council members ^e (S/2015/935)			Jordan	Resolution 2250 (2015) 15-0-0
S/PV.7585 16 December 2015	Trafficking in persons in situations of conflict			Executive Director of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, Chief Executive Officer of the Freedom Fund, Ms. Nadia Murad Basee Taha	Deputy Secretary-General, all Council members and all invitees	S/PRST/2015/25

^a Armenia, Azerbaijan, Bangladesh, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brazil, Canada, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Georgia, Germany, Guatemala, India, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Kenya, Liechtenstein, Malaysia, Montenegro, Namibia, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Pakistan, Poland, Romania, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Switzerland, Turkey, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) and Viet Nam.

^b Algeria, Brazil, Czech Republic, Egypt, Estonia, Guatemala, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Italy, Japan, Kazakhstan, Malaysia, Montenegro, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Pakistan, Senegal, Slovakia, South Africa, Spain, Switzerland and Turkey. At the resumption: Austria, Belgium, Croatia, Cyprus, Denmark, Finland, Georgia, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Malta, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovenia, Sweden and United Republic of Tanzania.

^c Nigeria was represented by its Minister for Foreign Affairs.

^d Montenegro was represented by its Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs and European Integration; Norway by its Deputy Minister for Foreign Affairs, who spoke on behalf of the Nordic countries; and Slovakia by its State Secretary of the Ministry of Foreign and European Affairs. The representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran spoke on behalf of the Non-Aligned Movement.

^e Argentina, Australia, Chad, Chile, France, Jordan, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Nigeria, Republic of Korea, Russian Federation, Rwanda, United Kingdom and United States.

- ^f Armenia, Azerbaijan, Botswana, Brazil, Canada, Colombia, Cuba, Denmark, Egypt, Ethiopia, Guatemala, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Israel, Japan, Kazakhstan, Malaysia, Mexico, Montenegro, Morocco, Namibia, Netherlands, New Zealand, Pakistan, Peru, Qatar, Slovakia, Slovenia, South Africa, Spain, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Turkey, Ukraine, Viet Nam and Zimbabwe.
- ^g Mexico was represented by the Undersecretary for Multilateral Affairs and Human Rights. The representative of Denmark spoke on behalf of the Nordic countries; the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran spoke on behalf of the Non-Aligned Movement; and the representative of Zimbabwe spoke on behalf of the Southern African Development Community.
- ^h Argentina, Armenia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Benin, Botswana, Brazil, Cambodia, Canada, Colombia, Croatia, Cuba, Cyprus, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Estonia, Ethiopia, Georgia, Germany, Greece, Guatemala, Haiti, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Luxembourg, Mexico, Montenegro, Morocco, Netherlands, Nicaragua, Pakistan, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Poland, Republic of Korea, Rwanda, Slovakia, Slovenia, Somalia, South Africa, Sweden, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Turkey, Uruguay, Viet Nam and Yemen.
- ⁱ Chile (President of the Security Council) was represented by its President; Angola by its Secretary of State for External Relations; Spain by its Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs; and the United States by its Permanent Representative and member of the President's Cabinet.
- ^j Thailand was represented by its Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs; Argentina by its Minister for Foreign Affairs and Worship; Haiti and Uruguay by their Ministers for Foreign Affairs; the Dominican Republic by its Deputy Minister for Foreign Affairs; Ecuador by its Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs and Human Mobility; and Mexico by its Vice-Minister for Latin America and the Caribbean in the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. The representative of Austria spoke on behalf of the Human Security Network; the representative of Estonia spoke on behalf also of Latvia; the representative of South Africa spoke on behalf of the Group of 77 and China; and the representative of Sweden spoke on behalf of the Nordic countries. The representatives of Botswana, El Salvador, Ethiopia and Timor-Leste did not make statements.
- ^k Albania, Algeria, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Botswana, Brazil, Burundi, Canada, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Ecuador, Egypt, Estonia, Ethiopia, Georgia, Germany, Guatemala, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kuwait, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Maldives, Mexico, Montenegro, Morocco, Netherlands, Nicaragua, Pakistan, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Poland, Republic of Korea, Romania, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, Slovenia, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates, Uruguay, Viet Nam and Zimbabwe.
- ^l Lithuania, Malaysia, New Zealand, Nigeria, the Russian Federation and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) were represented by their Ministers for Foreign Affairs; Angola by its Secretary of State for External Relations; Spain by its Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs; and the United States by its Permanent Representative and member of the President's Cabinet.
- ^m Serbia was represented by its First Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs; Ukraine by its Minister for Foreign Affairs; and the United Arab Emirates by the Minister of State for Foreign Affairs. The representative of Austria spoke on behalf of the Group of Friends of the Rule of Law; the representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran spoke on behalf of the Non-Aligned Movement; the representative of Maldives spoke on behalf of the Accountability, Coherence and Transparency Group; the representative of Sweden spoke on behalf of the Nordic countries; and the representative of Zimbabwe spoke on behalf of the Southern African Development Community.
- ⁿ Albania, Australia, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belgium, Benin, Brazil, Canada, Colombia, Costa Rica, Croatia, Egypt, Gabon, Georgia, Germany, Guatemala, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Italy, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Lebanon, Luxembourg, Maldives, Malta, Montenegro, Morocco, Netherlands, Pakistan, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Sudan, Sweden, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Turkey, Ukraine and United Arab Emirates.
- ^o Jordan was represented by the Crown Prince; Angola by its Secretary of State for External Relations; Malaysia by its Deputy Minister for Foreign Affairs; Spain by its Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs; France by its Minister for Cities, Youth and Sports; and the United States by its Permanent Representative and member of the President's Cabinet.
- ^p Egypt was represented by its Minister for Foreign Affairs; and Sweden was represented by its Minister for Justice and Migration, who spoke on behalf of the Nordic countries. The representatives of Gabon, Guatemala and the Sudan did not make statements.
- ^q Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Bahamas, Barbados, Belgium, Botswana, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cyprus, Dominican Republic, Egypt, Estonia, Fiji, Georgia, Germany, Haiti, India, Indonesia, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kiribati, Luxembourg, Maldives, Marshall Islands, Mexico, Micronesia (Federated States of), Morocco, Nauru, Netherlands, Palau, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Poland, Republic of Korea, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Senegal, Seychelles, Singapore, Solomon Islands, South Africa, Sweden, Thailand, Timor-Leste, Tonga, Trinidad and Tobago, Turkey, Tuvalu, Ukraine and Uruguay.
- ^r New Zealand and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) were represented by their Ministers for Foreign Affairs; Angola by its Secretary of State for External Relations; Chile by its Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs; and Spain by its Secretary of State for Development.
- ^s Kiribati was represented by its President; Jamaica and Samoa by their Prime Ministers; Fiji, Trinidad and Tobago and Ukraine by their Ministers for Foreign Affairs; Antigua and Barbuda by the Minister for Foreign Affairs and International Trade; the Bahamas by the Minister for Foreign Affairs and Immigration; Barbados by its Minister for Foreign Affairs and Foreign Trade; Papua New Guinea by its Minister for Foreign Affairs and Immigration; Saint Vincent and the Grenadines by the Minister for Foreign Affairs, Foreign Trade, Commerce and Information Technology; Sweden by its Minister for International Development

Cooperation, who spoke on behalf of the Nordic countries; Seychelles by its Minister of Finance; Italy by its Deputy Minister for Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation; Timor-Leste by its Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs and Cooperation; and Maldives by its Foreign Secretary, who spoke on behalf of the Alliance of Small Island States. The representative of Tonga spoke on behalf of the 12 members of the group of Pacific small island developing States with a presence at the United Nations; the representatives of Botswana and Senegal did not make statements.

- ^f Armenia, Benin, Botswana, Brazil, Cuba, Egypt, Georgia, Haiti, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Italy, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Morocco, Netherlands, Pakistan, Panama, Poland, Republic of Korea, South Africa, Sweden, Turkey, Uganda, Ukraine, Uruguay and Viet Nam.
- ^g The representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran spoke on behalf of the Non-Aligned Movement; the representative of Kuwait spoke on behalf of the Organization of Islamic Cooperation; the representative of Sweden spoke on behalf of the Nordic countries; and the representative of Viet Nam spoke on behalf of the States members of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations.
- ^h Algeria, Australia, Austria, Belarus, Belgium, Brazil, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Denmark, Egypt, Estonia, Finland, Germany, Greece, Guatemala, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Israel, Italy, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Kyrgyzstan, Lebanon, Libya, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Montenegro, Morocco, Netherlands, Nicaragua, Norway, Pakistan, Poland, Qatar, Republic of Korea, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, South Africa, Sudan, Sweden, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Turkey, Ukraine, United Arab Emirates and Uruguay.
- ⁱ Jordan was represented by its Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign and Expatriate Affairs; Chile, China, Lithuania, Malaysia, New Zealand, the Russian Federation and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) were represented by their Ministers for Foreign Affairs; Angola by its Minister for External Relations; Chad by its Minister for Foreign Affairs and African Integration; France by its Minister for Foreign Affairs and International Development; Spain by its Minister for Foreign Affairs and Cooperation; the United Kingdom by its Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs; and the United States by its Secretary of State.
- ^j Belgium was represented by its Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign and European Affairs; Slovakia by its Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign and European Affairs; Slovenia by its Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs; the Syrian Arab Republic by its Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs and Expatriates; Croatia by its First Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign and European Affairs; Kuwait by its First Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs; Serbia by its First Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs; Bulgaria, Cyprus, Denmark, Egypt, Estonia, Finland, Germany, Greece, Guatemala, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Kazakhstan, Liechtenstein, the Netherlands, Norway, Qatar, Sweden, Turkey and Uruguay were represented by their Ministers for Foreign Affairs; Brazil by its Minister for External Relations; Hungary by its Minister for Foreign Affairs and Trade; Italy by its Minister for Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation; Lebanon by its Minister for Foreign Affairs and Emigrants; Libya by its Minister for Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation; Luxembourg by its Minister for Foreign and European Affairs; Pakistan by the Minister for Foreign Affairs and Adviser to the Prime Minister on National Security and Foreign Affairs; Belarus, Israel and Ukraine by their Deputy Ministers for Foreign Affairs; Australia by its Secretary for Foreign Affairs and Trade; Montenegro by the Assistant Minister for Foreign Affairs and European Integration; Poland by the Undersecretary of State at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs; Switzerland by the Head of the Federal Department of Foreign Affairs; Austria by the Federal Minister for Europe, Integration and Foreign Affairs; the United Arab Emirates by its Minister of State; and Algeria by its Minister for Maghreb Affairs, the African Union and the League of Arab States. The representatives of Kyrgyzstan, Nicaragua and the Sudan did not make statements.
- ^y Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malaysia, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Thailand and United Kingdom.
- ^z Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Canada, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Libya, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Sweden and Thailand.
- ^{aa} Chad, Chile, China, France, Jordan, Lithuania, Malaysia, Nigeria, Russian Federation, Spain, United Kingdom, United States and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of).
- ^{bb} Algeria, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Azerbaijan, Belgium, Botswana, Brazil, Cambodia, Canada, Colombia, Croatia, Cyprus, Ecuador, Egypt, Estonia, Ethiopia, Georgia, Germany, Guatemala, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kuwait, Liechtenstein, Mexico, Montenegro, Morocco, Netherlands, Norway, Pakistan, Palau, Paraguay, Peru, Poland, Portugal, Republic of Korea, Romania, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Sierra Leone, Slovakia, Slovenia, South Africa, Sudan, Switzerland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Turkey, Ukraine, Uruguay and Zimbabwe.
- ^{cc} The United Kingdom was represented by the Secretary of State for International Development.
- ^{dd} The Netherlands was represented by its Minister for Foreign Trade and Development Cooperation; Rwanda by its Permanent Representative and Minister of State for Cooperation; Portugal by its Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs and Cooperation; and Thailand by its Permanent Secretary at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. The representative of the Islamic Republic of Iran spoke on behalf of the Non-Aligned Movement; and the representative of Sierra Leone spoke on behalf of the Group of African States; the representatives of Argentina, Saudi Arabia, the Sudan and Zimbabwe did not make statements.
- ^{ee} Angola, Chad, Chile, France, Jordan, Lithuania, Malaysia, New Zealand, Nigeria, Spain, United Kingdom, United States and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of).

40. Cooperation between the United Nations and regional and subregional organizations in maintaining international peace and security

During the period under review, the Security Council held four meetings and issued two presidential statements in connection with the item entitled “Cooperation between the United Nations and regional and subregional organizations in maintaining international peace and security”. The Council discussed the partnership between and among the United Nations, the European Union and the African Union in various issues relating to the maintenance of international peace and security, including the emerging migrant crisis.¹¹⁴

The Council on 14 February 2014 issued its first presidential statement concerning cooperation between the United Nations and the European Union; in it the Council commended the involvement of the European

Union in international negotiations and mediation, its ongoing commitment to international peacekeeping, peacebuilding, humanitarian assistance and financial as well as logistical support, and its role in supporting the United Nations operations in the areas of mutual concern.¹¹⁵ In another presidential statement, the Council acknowledged the role of the African Union in efforts to prevent or settle conflicts on the African continent, and commended the increased contribution of the African Union to the maintenance of peace and security, including peacekeeping; the Council also welcomed the continued cooperation between the two organizations on different components of the African Peace and Security Architecture.¹¹⁶

¹¹⁴ The migrant crisis was discussed on 11 May 2015 (see [S/PV.7439](#)).

¹¹⁵ [S/PRST/2014/4](#).

¹¹⁶ [S/PRST/2014/27](#).

Meetings: cooperation between the United Nations and regional and subregional organizations in maintaining international peace and security

<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against-abstaining)</i>
S/PV.7112 14 February 2014	European Union			High Representative for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy of the European Union	Secretary-General, all Council members, ^a High Representative	S/PRST/2014/4
S/PV.7343 16 December 2014	Peace operations: the United Nations-African Union partnership and its evolution Letter dated 8 December 2014 from the Permanent Representative of Chad to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General (S/2014/879)		21 Member States ^b	African Union High Representative for Mali and the Sahel, Managing Director for Africa, of the European External Action Service	Secretary-General, all Council members, ^c all invitees ^d	S/PRST/2014/27