

- ^g Sweden was represented by its Minister for International Development and Cooperation. The representative of Iran (Islamic Republic of) spoke on behalf of the Non-Aligned Movement; and the representative of Kuwait spoke on behalf of OIC.
- ^h Bangladesh, Brazil, Cuba, Ecuador, Guatemala, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of) (on behalf of the Non-Aligned Movement), Israel, Jordan, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Maldives, Morocco, Norway, Pakistan, Republic of Korea, South Africa, Syrian Arab Republic, Tunisia and Turkey.
- ⁱ Guatemala was represented by its Minister for Foreign Affairs. The representative of Iran (Islamic Republic of) spoke on behalf of the Non-Aligned Movement; and the representative of Kuwait spoke on behalf of OIC. The Head of the Delegation of the European Union spoke on behalf of the European Union and Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro, Serbia and the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia.
- ^j New Zealand (President of the Security Council) was represented by its Minister for Foreign Affairs.
- ^k Argentina, Bangladesh, Brazil, Costa Rica, Cuba, Ecuador, Guatemala, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Kazakhstan, Lebanon, Maldives, Morocco, Namibia, Nicaragua, Norway, Pakistan, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, Sri Lanka, Syrian Arab Republic and Turkey.
- ^l The representative of Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) spoke on behalf of the Non-Aligned Movement.
- ^m The representative of Kuwait spoke on behalf of OIC. The Special Coordinator participated in the meeting via videoconference from Jerusalem. The Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Delegation of the European Union spoke on behalf of Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Liechtenstein, Montenegro, Serbia and Ukraine.
- ⁿ New Zealand was represented by its Minister for Foreign Affairs.
- ^o *For*: Angola, China, Egypt, France, Japan, Malaysia, New Zealand, Senegal, Spain, Russian Federation, Ukraine, United Kingdom, Uruguay, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of); *abstaining*: United States.
- ^p Argentina, Bangladesh, Brazil, Costa Rica, Cuba, Democratic People's Republic of Korea, India, Indonesia, Iraq, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Malaysia, Maldives, Morocco, Norway, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, Syrian Arab Republic, Turkey, Uzbekistan and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of).
- ^q The representative of Uzbekistan spoke on behalf of OIC; and the representative of Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) spoke on behalf of the Non-Aligned Movement.
- ^r Ukraine was represented by its Deputy Minister for Foreign Affairs.
- ^s Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brazil, Chile, Costa Rica, Cuba, Haiti, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Liechtenstein, Malaysia, Maldives, Morocco, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Peru, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, Syrian Arab Republic, Turkey, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) and Viet Nam.
- ^t Jordan spoke on behalf of the Group of Arab States; Uzbekistan spoke on behalf of OIC; and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) spoke on behalf of the Non-Aligned Movement.
- ^u The Head of the Delegation of the European Union spoke on behalf of the European Union and Albania and Montenegro.
- ^v Algeria, Argentina, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Botswana, Brazil, Costa Rica, Cuba, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Malaysia, Morocco, Namibia, Nigeria, Pakistan, Peru, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, Syrian Arab Republic, Turkey, United Arab Emirates, Uzbekistan, Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) and Viet Nam.
- ^w Kazakhstan was represented by its First Deputy Minister for Foreign Affairs.
- ^x The representative of Uzbekistan spoke on behalf of OIC; and the representative of Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) spoke on behalf of the Non-Aligned Movement.
- ^y Bahrain, Bangladesh, Brazil, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Israel, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Malaysia, Maldives, Morocco, Namibia, Nigeria, Norway, Pakistan, Peru, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, South Africa, Syrian Arab Republic, Turkey, United Arab Emirates and Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of).
- ^z The representative of Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) spoke on behalf of the Non-Aligned Movement. The representative of Côte d'Ivoire did not make a statement.
- ^{aa} *For*: Bolivia (Plurinational State of), China, Egypt, Ethiopia, France, Italy, Japan, Kazakhstan, Russian Federation, Senegal, Sweden, Ukraine, United Kingdom, Uruguay; *against*: United States.

26. The situation concerning Iraq

During 2016 and 2017, the Security Council held 12 meetings and adopted four resolutions in connection with the situation concerning Iraq. By resolutions [2299 \(2016\)](#) and [2367 \(2017\)](#) the Council renewed the mandate of the United Nations Assistance Mission for Iraq (UNAMI) for one year each time, the second time until 31 July 2018.²⁸⁶ Following prior practice, most meetings under this item took the form of briefings

and, except for meetings held on 30 December 2016 and 8 December 2017,²⁸⁷ the meetings held during the period focused on UNAMI and the issue of missing Kuwaiti and third-country nationals and missing Kuwaiti property. More information on the meetings, including on participants, speakers and outcomes, is given in the table below.

²⁸⁶ For more information on the mandate of UNAMI, see part X, sect. II, "Special political missions".

²⁸⁷ See [S/PV.7854](#) and [S/PV.8126](#).

During the period under review, the Council was regularly briefed by the Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Iraq and Head of UNAMI on the situation in Iraq, the activities of UNAMI, the political dialogue and national reconciliation, as well as on the latest developments concerning missing Kuwaiti and third-country nationals and property, including the national archives. In the resolutions adopted during 2016 and 2017, the Council expressed its grave concern at the security situation in Iraq as a result of the continuing presence of and threat posed by terrorist groups, in particular Islamic State in Iraq and the Levant (ISIL, also known as Da'esh) and associated armed groups, and called on all political entities to intensify efforts to overcome divisions and work together in an inclusive and timely political process aimed at reaching consensus on a single vision for reconciliation.²⁸⁸ The security situation in Iraq and the threat posed by ISIL, foreign terrorist fighters, trafficking in persons, aviation security and other questions were also considered under the items entitled “Threats to international peace and security caused by

terrorist acts” and “Maintenance of international peace and security”.²⁸⁹

During the period under review, the Council put an end to all residual activities relating to the oil-for-food programme. On 30 December 2016, the Council authorized the Secretary-General to continue to retain in escrow until 30 June 2017 the funds identified in resolution 1958 (2010).²⁹⁰ The Council also requested the Secretary-General to report on the implementation of the resolution with a final report three months after the transfer of any remaining funds to the Government of Iraq.²⁹¹ In his final report, dated 29 September 2017,²⁹² the Secretary-General confirmed the necessary implementing arrangements with the Government of Iraq. On 8 December 2017, the Council acknowledged receipt of the report and concluded that all the measures imposed by the Security Council in resolutions 1958 (2010) and 2335 (2016) pursuant to Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations had been fully implemented by the parties.²⁹³

²⁸⁸ Resolutions 2299 (2016), fourth and sixth preambular paragraphs, and 2367 (2017), fourth and sixth preambular paragraphs

²⁸⁹ See part I, sects. 34 and 40.

²⁹⁰ Resolution 2335 (2016), para. 2. See also resolution 1958 (2010), paras. 4 and 5.

²⁹¹ Resolution 2335 (2016), para. 4.

²⁹² S/2017/820.

²⁹³ Resolution 2390 (2017), para. 3.

Meetings: the situation concerning Iraq

<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against-abstaining)</i>
S/PV.7623 16 February 2016	Second report of the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 7 of resolution 2233 (2015) (S/2016/77) Ninth report of the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 2107 (2013) (S/2016/87)		Iraq	Special Representative of the Secretary-General for Iraq and Head of the United Nations Assistance Mission for Iraq (UNAMI)	All invitees	
S/PV.7689 6 May 2016	Tenth report of the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 2107 (2013) (S/2016/372)		Iraq	Special Representative of the Secretary-General ^a	Three Council members (Egypt, Russian Federation, United States), all invitees	

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<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against-abstaining)</i>
	Third report of the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 7 of resolution 2233 (2015) (S/2016/396)					
S/PV.7738 15 July 2016	Eleventh report of the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 2107 (2013) (S/2016/590)		Iraq	Special Representative of the Secretary-General	All invitees	
	Fourth report of the Secretary General pursuant to paragraph 7 of resolution 2233 (2015) (S/2016/592)					
S/PV.7745 25 July 2016	Eleventh report of the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 2107 (2013) (S/2016/590)	Draft resolution submitted by United States (S/2016/636)	Iraq		One Council member (Egypt)	Resolution 2299 (2016) 15-0-0
	Fourth report of the Secretary General pursuant to paragraph 7 of resolution 2233 (2015) (S/2016/592)					
S/PV.7804 9 November 2016	Twelfth report of the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 2107 (2013) (S/2016/885)		Iraq	Special Representative of the Secretary-General	One Council member (Uruguay), all invitees	
	Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to resolution 2299 (2016) (S/2016/897)					
S/PV.7854 30 December 2016	Letter dated 29 December 2016 from the Secretary-General addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/2016/1126)	Draft resolution submitted by United States (S/2016/1118)			One Council member (United States)	Resolution 2335 (2016) 15-0-0

**Part I. Consideration of questions under the responsibility of
the Security Council for the maintenance of
international peace and security**

<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against- abstaining)</i>
S/PV.7875 2 February 2017	Thirteenth report of the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 2107 (2013) (S/2017/73) Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to resolution 2299 (2016) (S/2017/75)		Iraq	Special Representative of the Secretary-General	Two Council members (Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Uruguay), all invitees	
S/PV.7945 22 May 2017	Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to resolution 2299 (2016) (S/2017/357) Fourteenth report of the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 2107 (2013) (S/2017/371)		Iraq	Special Representative of the Secretary-General	All Council members, all invitees	
S/PV.8003 14 July 2017	Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to resolution 2299 (2016) (S/2017/592) Fifteenth report of the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 2107 (2013) (S/2017/596)	Draft resolution submitted by United States (S/2017/593)			One Council member (United States)	Resolution 2367 (2017) 15-0-0
S/PV.8004 17 July 2017	Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to resolution 2299 (2016) (S/2017/592) Fifteenth report of the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 2107 (2013) (S/2017/596)		Iraq	Special Representative of the Secretary-General	Three Council members (Bolivia (Plurinational State of), Ukraine, Uruguay), all invitees	

<i>Meeting record and date</i>	<i>Sub-item</i>	<i>Other documents</i>	<i>Rule 37 invitations</i>	<i>Rule 39 and other invitations</i>	<i>Speakers</i>	<i>Decision and vote (for-against-abstaining)</i>
S/PV.8112 22 November 2017	Sixteenth report of the Secretary-General pursuant to paragraph 4 of Security Council resolution 2107 (2013) (S/2017/880) Report of the Secretary-General pursuant to resolution 2367(2017) (S/2017/881)		Iraq	Special Representative of the Secretary-General, Arma dei Carabinieri Team Leader of the First Female Policing Course in Baghdad	Three Council members (Bolivia (Plurinational State of), United States, Uruguay), all invitees	
S/PV.8126 8 December 2017		Draft resolution submitted by United States (S/2017/1013)			One Council member (United States)	Resolution 2390 (2017) 15-0-0

^a The Special Representative of the Secretary-General participated in the meeting via videoconference from Baghdad.

Thematic issues

27. United Nations peacekeeping operations

During the period under review, the Security Council held 11 meetings, adopted three resolutions and issued one presidential statement in connection with the item entitled “United Nations peacekeeping operations”. Seven of the meetings took the form of briefings, two were open debates, and the remaining two were convened for the adoption of a decision.²⁹⁴ One of the two open debates was held as a high-level meeting to discuss the implementation and follow-up of the reform of United Nations peacekeeping; 14 Council members were represented at the Head of State or Government or ministerial level.²⁹⁵ On one occasion, the Council was briefed by the Force Commanders of four peacekeeping operations.²⁹⁶ Following established practice, the Council held annual dialogues in 2016 and 2017 with the heads of the police components of several peacekeeping operations.²⁹⁷ More information on the meetings, including on participants, speakers and outcomes, is given in the table below.

During 2016 and 2017, the Council discussed issues relating to the review process of United Nations peacekeeping further to the recommendations of the High-level Independent Panel on Peace Operations²⁹⁸ and the recommendations of the Secretary-General in his report on the implementation of the recommendations of the Panel.²⁹⁹ Among those issues were the primacy of political solutions in the approach of United Nations peacekeeping, the central role of conflict prevention, the need for adequate equipment and capabilities, and the need for clear, realistic and flexible mandates adapted to the situation on the ground. The strengthening of the triangular consultations between the Council, the troop- and police-contributing countries and the United Nations Secretariat was also a recurrent theme in the Council’s deliberations. In this connection, on 5 October 2017, the Council, for the first time, convened a meeting to discuss the issue of strategic force generation in peacekeeping operations.³⁰⁰

During the period under review, the Council adopted three resolutions, concerning sexual

²⁹⁴ For more information on the format of meetings, see part II, sect. I.

²⁹⁵ See [S/PV.8051](#).

²⁹⁶ See [S/PV.7947](#).

²⁹⁷ See [S/PV.7808](#) and [S/PV.8086](#).

²⁹⁸ See [S/2015/446](#).

²⁹⁹ [S/2015/682](#).

³⁰⁰ See [S/PV.8064](#).