## 1-primer mutagenesis

## Primer design

Design one forward primer to anneal at 55°C both upstream and downstream of the point mutation (approximately 45bp total primer length). Use the primer design spreadsheet at <a href="http://macrolab.berkeley.edu">http://macrolab.berkeley.edu</a> if you need it. Change the fewest number of bases possible to get the desired amino acid.

## Mutagenesis reaction

```
400ng plasmid (~2uL)
2uL of 5uM primer
0.4uL 100mM dNTPs
1uL PfuTurbo
5uL Pfu buffer
ddH<sub>2</sub>O to 50uL total volume
```

Note: if you order your oligo from a commercial source, it was already run over a desalting column. No further purification is necessary.

```
95° – 3min

95° – 30s

53° – 1min

68° – 2min/kb

68° – 4min/kb
```

## DpnI digest

4uL mutagenesis reaction 2uL NEB buffer 4 0.5uL Dpnl 13.5uL ddH<sub>2</sub>O

Incubate at 37C for 2-2.5 hours

Transform cloning strain of E. coli (e.g. XL-1 Blues) with 6uL of DpnI rxn (30min on ice, 45s heat shock at 42C, 2 min on ice, add 500uL 2YT and plate 200uL on appropriate antibiotic plate).

I get ~400cols/plate, ~45% mutants and 55% wild type plasmids using this protocol.

Things NOT to do:
Don't use Herculase II
Don't undercut the extension time
Don't use any buffer other than the commercially supplied one