THE WORLD BANK

PRODUCT NOTE

Treasury | IBRD • IDA

Climate Resilient Debt Clause (CRDC)

Introducing a clause to defer principal and interest payments, and other loan charges to the IBRD Flexible Loan and IDA credits in case of certain natural disasters.

Highlights

- Only for small states and small island economies
- Defers principal and interest payments of IBRD loans and IDA credits for up to 2 years in case of certain natural disasters
- Coverage for tropical cyclones/hurricanes and earthquakes

Supporting vulnerable countries against economic shocks, including fiscal crises due to natural disasters, is an important objective for the World Bank. Going forward, borrowers may choose to include in their IBRD loans and IDA credits contractual provisions (CRDC) that permit the borrower to defer principal and/or interest payments of the loan for up to 2 years, following the occurrence of a pre-specified natural disaster. This in turn will free up government resources to finance disaster response and recovery efforts.

Eligibility: CRDCs will be offered to IBRD and IDA-eligible Small State Economies, members of Small States Forum and Small Island Developing States as defined by the UN (See page 2 for the current list of eligible countries) for new loans, and existing loans with a remaining repayment period higher than five years. The feature may be activated once per loan life. Borrowers electing to amend their existing loan agreements must not be undergoing a debt restructuring with other lenders at the time of the amendment.

Covered Disasters: Event coverage will be limited to tropical cyclones/hurricanes and earthquakes.

Event Triggers:

- <u>Tropical cyclones/hurricanes:</u> The reported maximum sustained windspeed must meet 178km/hour if reported as 1-min average windspeed; or 160km/hour if reported as 10-min average windspeed, which is approximately equivalent to a Category 3 Hurricane in the North Atlantic Basin.
- <u>Earthquakes</u>: The reported moment magnitude (Mw⁹) must be greater than or equal to 7.0 Moment Magnitude; and the reported depth less than or equal to 175km.
- If the above-outlined hard primary triggers are not met, yet the damage is significant (greater than or equal to 10 percent of the country's GDP) the secondary trigger will be evaluated. The assessment of damages will be based on the World Bank's Global Rapid Post-Disaster Damage Estimation (GRADE) approach.

Activation of Deferral:

- Borrower will declare a national emergency following the extreme natural disaster event defined in the eligible events for CRDC, and submit a request to the World Bank to exercise the payment deferral. The borrower must be current on its World Bank loan payments at the time of deferral request.
- The World Bank will verify whether the natural disaster meets the relevant thresholds for a parametric trigger and the secondary trigger of damage significance (if primary trigger is not met). If the conditions are met, the Bank will activate the CRDC.

Deferral duration: Deferral of principal, and/or interest payments and other loan charges for a period of up to 2 years may be made, once per loan life, at any time from the first regularly scheduled loan payment until the date falling 5 years prior to the final loan repayment. If not included in the deferral election, the borrower will continue to service interest and charges under the loan.

Adjustments to repayment after the deferral: After the deferral period, the borrower will restart payments of the deferred amounts according to a modified amortization schedule that maintains the (original) average weighted maturity of the loan, and does not extend the final maturity date of the loan. Within these parameters, the borrower has the flexibility to tailor, within the original financial terms, the payments of the deferred amounts to suit their debt management needs and as agreed with the Bank. If the borrower decides to defer interest and other loan charges, the new balance will accrue interest.

Fees: The CRDC is offered to eligible borrowers at no cost to them.

Availability of conversion options: Borrowers who included a CRDC in their loan will have access to the regular conversion options provided to World Bank clients, such as interest rate and currency conversions, and interest rate caps/collars. If a borrower has an existing conversion in a loan with a CRDC at the time of the deferral activation, the conversion may need to be terminated early or amended, which might result in additional costs to the borrower, and any such costs would not be deferred.



PRODUCT NOTE

List of countries Currently Eligible for CRDCs (including current borrowing terms) 5.24.2024

| Country | World Bank Eligibility |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| Antigua and Barbuda | IBRD-only |
| Belize | IBRD-only |
| Bhutan | Gap |
| Cabo Verde | Blend |
| Comoros | IDA-only |
| Djibouti | Gap |
| Dominica | Blend |
| Eswatini | IBRD-only |
| Fiji | Blend |
| Grenada | Blend |
| Guyana | Gap |
| Kiribati | IDA-only |
| Maldives | IDA-only |
| Marshall Islands | IDA-only |
| Mauritius | IBRD-only |
| Micronesia, Fed. Sts. Of | IDA-only |
| Montenegro | IBRD-only |
| Nauru | IBRD-only |
| Palau | IBRD-only |
| Samoa, Independent State of | IDA-only |
| Sao Tome and Principe | IDA-only |
| Seychelles | IBRD-only |
| Solomon Islands | IDA-only |
| St. Kitts and Nevis | IBRD-only |
| St. Lucia | Blend |
| St. Vincent and the Grenadines | Blend |

| Countries Currently Classified as Small States by World Bank | |
|--|------------------------|
| Country | World Bank Eligibility |
| Suriname | IBRD-only |
| Timor-Leste | Blend |
| Tonga | IDA-only |
| Tuvalu | IDA-only |
| Vanuatu | IDA-only |

Countries not currently Classified as Small States by World Bank (but part of SSF/SIDS)

| Country | World Bank Eligibility |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| Barbados* + | IBRD-only |
| Botswana* | IBRD-only |
| Equatorial Guinea* | IBRD-only |
| Gabon* | IBRD-only |
| Gambia, The* | IDA-only |
| Guinea-Bissau* + | IDA-only |
| Lesotho* | Gap |
| Namibia* | IBRD-only |
| Jamaica* † | IBRD-only |
| Trinidad and Tobago* + | IBRD-only |
| Dominican Republic ⁺ | IBRD-only |
| Haiti† | Gap |
| Papua New Guinea† | Blend |

IBRD Graduates with Current Outstanding Exposure

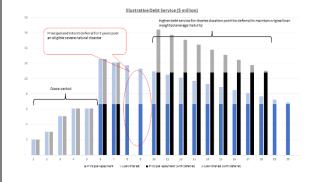
<u>Country</u>

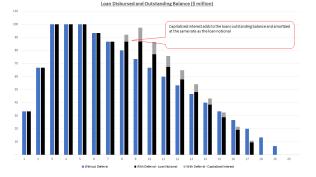
Bahamas, The* †

*Member of SSF + Classified as SIDS

Annex 2: Illustrative Borrower Repayments with CRDC

In this illustrative case, borrower a loan with CRDC and an eligible natural disaster occurs that meets the trigger criteria. The principal (and interest) deferral is exercised for years 8 and 9, the borrower could defer the \$7 million principal repayment per the original amortization and the \$5 million interest payments p.a. scheduled per the outstanding balance. To achieve PV neutrality and maintain the loan's original weighted average maturity of about 13 years, the loan payments post-deferral would be repaid over a shorter timeframe (by 18 years of the remaining maturity instead of the original 20 due to the 2-year deferral period). As the second chart below demonstrates, the loan's outstanding balance, once the deferral is exercised, would increase not just by the principal payments deferred, but also the \$10 million deferred interest payments over the 2 years, which will incur the regular loan interest (at 6%).





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