# **UNIT I**

Social Work in Health Care: Roles and competencies, education and training Clinical Social Work: Basic concepts, & theoretical frame work, historical developments, major approaches in Clinical social work, values & concepts underlying Clinical Social Work practice in Health. Health Behaviour Models. various theoretical approaches in individual treatment, processes of individual treatment techniques. Health-physical and mental, Talcott Parsons sick role and illness behavior, patient as a person, rights of a patient, need and importance of involving family members in health care.

### UNIT II

**Standards of Social Work Practice in Health Care:** Guiding principles, ethics and values, health disparities, cultural competence, confidentiality, knowledge, assessment, intervention and treatment planning, case management, empowerment and advocacy, client and community education, teamwork and collaboration, workload, documentation, research, performance improvement, qualification, continuing education, supervision and leadership. Importance of multi disciplinary team approach.

#### UNIT III

Social and Community Health: Social Perspectives on Health and Illness, Social factors in Health and Illness, influence of society on individual health, Occupational and Environmental Hazards, Societal response to communicable and non-communicable diseases, Social and Cultural Contributions to Health, Difference, and Inequality, Naming and Framing: The Social Construction of Diagnosis and Illness. Scope of community health, levels of prevention, community health education, community health programmes in India. Religious and spiritual well being - health practices and religion, religious institutions and health practices. Working with Families and communities. The psychosocial issues and the role of Clinical Social Worker.

### **UNIT IV**

Clinical Social Work Practice: Duties, 12 standards of practice, need and importance of supervision, importance of health workers. Identifying health care needs, health related Millennium Development Goals(MDG's), workforce for chronic diseases and injuries, emergency needs during disasters and outbrakes, conflict and post-conflict environments. Performance of health workforce- need and strategies. International co-operation in clinical social work.

### **UNIT V**

Clinical Social Work Practice Skills: Professional preparedness, Scope, skills, interviewing techniques, helping interaction, importance of emotional expressions, professional identity for clinical social workers, Therapeutic challenges. Ingredients of safe holding environment-real relationship, empathy, self-awareness and insight. Good Therapists characteristics — personal and professional qualities of self, development, professional relationship, client empowerment, impact of self, therapeutic strategies and interventions.

## **TEXT BOOKS/ REFERENCES:**

- 1. Eda.G.Goldstein ., Dennis Miehls & Shoshana, Ringel. (2002). Advanced Clinical Social Work Practice. U.S.A, Columbia University Press.
- 2. Jacqueline Corcoran and Joseph Walsh. (2006). Clinical Assessment and Diagnosis in social work Practice. USA, Oxford University Press,
- 3. Jerold.R.Brandell.(2010)heory and Practice in Clinical Social Work. U.S.A, Sage Publications.
- 4. Lesser J.(2000).Clinical social work and Family medicine. <a href="http://sitemaker.umich.edu/brad.zebrack/files/lesser.partnership.pdf">http://sitemaker.umich.edu/brad.zebrack/files/lesser.partnership.pdf</a>
- 5. Patel A.K.& Dubey M.V.(2010) Clinical Social Work.New Delhi, Crescent Publishing Corporation.
- 6. Sekar, K., Parthasarathy, P., Muralidhar, D., & Chandrasekhar Rao. (2007) Handbook of Psychiatric Social Work. Bangalore, NIMHANS.
- 7. Shulamith lala Ashenberg Straussner.(2004) ) Clinical Social work with substance Abusing Clients, New York, Guilford Press.
- 8. Sonia.G.Austrian.(2000). Mental Disorders and Medications and Clinical Social Work. U.S.A, Columbia University Press.
- 9. The WHO Report (2001) Mental Health: New understandings; New hope. Geneva, WHO.
- 10. WHO (1998) Primary prevention of mental, neurological and psychosocial disorders. Geneva, WHO.