**Unit I: Introduction to Scientific Methods** - Research philosophy and approaches- ideology, paradigm, post-modernism, positivism, interpretivism, realism, rationalism- scientific methods - objectivity, verification, replication, sense perceptions- deduction and induction. cycles, verifiability, falsifiability, theory, facts and hypotheses, qualities of sound theory and hypotheses.

**Unit II: Research Design -** Broad types - Exploratory, Descriptive and Explanatory - design for evaluating programmes and practice - Experimental, Quasi- experimental, Single- case evaluation design, programme evaluation

**Unit III: Survey Research:** The process of survey research - problem identification and formulation, conceptualization, objectives, concepts, variables, operational definition, developing hypothesis, reliability and validity - mail surveys, online surveys, interview surveys, telephone surveys, comparison of the different survey method - Strengths and weaknesses of survey research, use of surveys in need assessment - Sampling methods - Probability and non-probability sampling.

Primary and Secondary methods of data collection-interview schedule and Self administered Questionnaires, checklist - Errors in personal human enquiry - Professionalism and research in Social Work- Critical thinking, reflexivity and research- Social Work research as a Social Practice-Ethical issues in research

Unit IV: Case Study Design - Brief introduction-Difference between case study and survey (sample or census)

- (i) Conceptualizing a case study: Identifying the focus of the study, the areas of study and lines of inquiry; Review of literature; conceptual framework. Case studies and Theories-Explanation: Theory building theory testing
- (ii) Types of cases(individuals, movements, incidents, legislative processes, decision making, institutions, riots etc)
- (iii) Designing a case study: developing a research strategy, principle of saturation, specifying the role of the researched and the researcher, and insider/outsider perspectives;
- (iv) Methods of data collection: participant observation, life histories, in-depth/unstructured interviews, group interviews and focus group discussions, and community-based participatory methods and techniques; Aggregates and available data, Principles of triangulation
- (v) Role of quantitative data analysis in case study design
- (vi) Data processing and analyses; preparing narrative data texts, developing coding categories, use of matrices, memoing, and findings to develop field-based conceptualizations;
- (vii) Writing up of qualitative analysis insider/ outsider perspectives, interactive process between the researcher and the researched, self-reflectivity, and working towards the development of field-based theory

**Unit V: Statistics** - Data Processing- Coding, Data entry in SPSS software, tabular and graphic presentation of database.

Analysis of Data: Levels of Measurement (Nominal, ordinal, interval and ratio)

Descriptive Statistics: A brief idea on measures of Central tendencies- mean, median and mode; measures of dispersion- range, mean deviation, Standard deviation

Hypothesis testing: Chi square test/ t-test/ ANOVA

Research Reporting: Explanations and Writing Social work Research reports

# **Survey Method**

#### References

- 1. Grinnel Jr & Williams (1988): Social Work Research and Evaluation US: Peacock
- 2. Grinnel Jr & Williams (1990):Research in Social Work, A primer, Illinois: Peacock
- 3. Rubin & Babbie (2010): Methods for Social Work Research, New Delhi: Cenage Learning India
- 4. Rubin & Babbie (2011) Methodology for Social Work Research, New Delhi: Cenage Learning India

### **Suggested Reading**

- 1. Alston Margaret (2007): Research for Social Work New Delhi: Rawat
- 2. Bryman Alan (2008): Social Research Methods, III Edition New York: Oxford University press
- 3. D 'Cruz Heather & Jones Martyn (2004): Social Work Research, New Delhi: Sage
- 4. Good & Hatt (2006): Methods in Social Research, New Delhi:Surjeet
- 5. Krishnasamy O.R & Ranganatham M (2007):Methodology of Research, New Delhi: Himalayan
- 6. Lal Das D.K (2008): Research Methods for Social Work, New Delhi: Rawat
- 7. MC Burney Donald H (2002): Research Methods, United States: Thomson Wordsworth
- 8. Craft John. L. (1990): Statistics and Data Analysis for social workers. Illinois: Peacock
- 9. Weinbach Robert W & G (1997): Statistics for Social Workers, New York : Longman

#### **Case Study Design**

# References

- 1. Bryman, A. and Burgess R.G,.Analyzing Qualitative Data, Routledge (UK).
- 2. Taylor, S. and. Brogdan. R. (1984) Introduction to Qualitative Research Methods: The Search for Meanings. New York. John Wiley and Sons.

#### **Suggested Readings**

- 1. Strauss, A. Basics of Qualitative Research (1990): Grounded Theory, Procedures and Techniques, Newbury, Sage.
- 2. Thomas. R.M. (2003) 'Blending Qualitative and Quantitative Research Methods in Theses and Dissertations', Corwin Press.
- 3. Vila, P. (2003) Ethnography at the Border, University of Minnesota Press.