



Alexandria Arlington Resource Recovery Facility

Fiscal Year 2022
Third Quarter Operations Report

May 2022



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Definition of Abbreviations & Acronyms

<u>Abbreviation/Acronym</u>	<u>Definition</u>
APC	Air Pollution Control
Apr	April
Aug	August
Avg	Average
Btu	British thermal unit
CAAI	Covanta Alexandria Arlington, Inc.
CEMS	Continuous Emissions Monitoring System
CO	Carbon Monoxide
Dec	December
ECOM	Emergency Communications
Feb	February
FMG	Facility Monitoring Group
FY	Fiscal Year
gal	Gallon
GAT	Guaranteed Annual Tonnage
HCl	Hydrochloric (Hydrogen Chlorides)
HDR	HDR Engineering Inc
HHV	Estimated Waste Heating Value (Btu/lb)
ID	Induced Draft
Jan	January
Jul	July
Jun	June
klbs	Kilo-pounds (1,000 lbs)
kWhr	Kilowatt hours (1,000 watt-hours)
lbs	Pounds
LOA	Letter of Agreement
Mar	March
Max	Maximum
May	May
Min	Minimum
MSW	Municipal Solid Waste
MWhr	Megawatt hours
No	Number
NOV	Notice of Violation
Nov	November
NO _x	Nitrogen Oxide
Oct	October
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PDS	Potomac Disposal Services
ppm	Parts per million
ppmdv	Parts per million dry volume
PSD	Prevention of Significant Deterioration
Q1	First Quarter
Q2	Second Quarter
Third	Third Quarter
Q4	Fourth Quarter
RE	Reportable Exempt
RNE	Reportable Non-Exempt
SDA	Spray Dryer Absorber
Sep	September
SO ₂	Sulfur Dioxide
TCLP	Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure
VADEQ	Virginia Department of Environmental Quality
WL	Warning Letter
yr	Year
YTD	Year to date

Alexandria/Arlington Waste-to-Energy Facility Third Quarter Operations Report – Fiscal Year 2022

1.0 Purpose of Report

HDR Engineering, Inc. (HDR) was authorized by the Facility Monitoring Group (FMG) to conduct quarterly site assessments and provide quarterly reports regarding the operation and maintenance of the Covanta Alexandria/Arlington Waste-to-Energy Facility (Facility) for the 2022 Fiscal Year. This report is prepared for the third quarter of the 2022 fiscal year and summarizes Facility operations between January 1, 2022, and March 31, 2022. This report identifies the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2021, as FY22 and the quarter beginning on January 1, 2022, as Q3FY22.

This report is based upon HDR's experience in the waste-to-energy industry, upon site observation visits and previous reports provided by HDR, and upon data provided by Covanta Alexandria/Arlington, Inc. (CAAI), the Facility owner and operator.

2.0 Executive Summary

CAAI operated the Facility in an acceptable manner and in accordance with established waste-to-energy industry practices during Q3FY22. The entire quarter was subject to additional protocols per Covanta corporate direction to address the Coronavirus Pandemic. The operation of the Facility, maintenance, safety, and overall cleanliness continue to be above average. Environmental performance was excellent with no permit deviations experienced during the quarter.

During Q3FY22, the boilers experienced five (5) instances of unscheduled downtime totaling 85.7 hours, and the turbine generators experienced zero (0) instances of unscheduled downtime. All boilers experienced scheduled cleaning outages during the quarter totaling 580.0 hours of downtime. The boilers experienced three (3) instances of standby downtime totaling 43.7 hours and the

turbine generators experienced four (4) instances of standby downtime totaling 78.6 hours. A detailed listing of downtime is provided in Section 5.1 of this report.

Average waste processed during the quarter was 909.5 tons per day, or 93.3% of nominal facility capacity. Waste deliveries averaged 891.7 tons per day, which is lower (2.0%) than the burn rate.

Performance trends for various measurements are presented in Section 4. In general, the Facility continues to demonstrate reasonable consistency in month-to-month performance throughout the most recent three-year period tracked for detailed comparisons.

During the quarter, MSW processed was slightly higher (less than 0.1%) compared to the corresponding quarter in FY21; steam production increased (0.4%), and electricity generated (gross) decreased slightly (0.2%) from the corresponding quarter in FY21. The slight increase in steam generation occurred despite more boiler downtime (39.0 additional hours), and slightly lower (0.1%) average waste heating value. The slight decrease in electricity generated (gross) in Q3FY22 occurred despite higher (0.4%) steam production and less turbine generator downtime (43.1 fewer hours).

3.0 Facility Inspection and Records Review

In February 2022, HDR met with the Facility management and other plant personnel to discuss Facility operations and maintenance, perform an independent visual inspection of the operating Facility, photograph areas of interest, and perform a review of recent Facility activity. HDR obtained operating data and monthly reports electronically from CAAI throughout the quarter and maintains a running tabulation of the status of corrective actions and plant performance trends. CAAI provides the following documents for each month:

- Facility Monthly Operating Reports
- Monthly Continuous Emissions Monitoring System (CEMS) Reports

Table 1 summarizes maintenance, repair, and plant condition issues reported during this and prior reporting periods. An “A” indicates an issue of the highest priority and worthy of immediate attention. Such items are usually safety or operability issues. A “B” indicates that the issue needs to be dealt with as quickly as possible but is not urgent. These items will usually result in a process improvement or will help avoid future “urgent” issues. A “C” indicates that the issue should be dealt with in due course but is not a priority issue. This category might include issues related to aesthetics, non-urgent maintenance, or housekeeping improvements which are not safety related.

Note that HDR site assessments are generally performed while equipment is operating, and are not intended to address the internal condition, performance or life expectancy of mechanical, electrical, and electronic equipment and structures. HDR site assessments are only performed quarterly, generally representing findings on the day of the assessment. CAAI is responsible, without limitation, for operations, maintenance, environmental performance, and safety and should not rely on HDR observations or inspection reports which are overviews of Facility external conditions only.

Table 1: Summary of Inspection Report Deficiencies

*A is highest priority & demands immediate attention; B needs attention but is not urgent; C can be addressed at earliest opportunity & is not urgent.

Item No.	Inspection Report Deficiencies	Issue Reported	Priority*	HDR Recommendation	Status	Open / Closed
1	Potholes near southeast corner of Ash Trailer Canopy	August 2015	C	Repair road surface	Status Unchanged	Open
2	Pavement spider-cracking at Tipping Floor Entrance	November 2016	C	Resurface section of pavement at Tipping Floor Entrance	Status Unchanged	Open
3	SDA Penthouse No. 3 Door deteriorated at base	November 2017	C	Patch and Paint Door – Replace if necessary	Status Unchanged	Open
4	Deterioration behind lime slurry piping in SDA Penthouse No. 2	August 2019	C	Conduct painting preservation measures	Status Unchanged	Open
5	Siding deteriorated beneath Baghouse No. 3 Hoppers	August 2019	C	Replace siding	Status Unchanged	Open
6	Siding on north side of Baghouse No. 2 Deteriorated	February 2020	C	Replace siding and conduct painting preservation measures	Status Unchanged	Open
7	Damaged/Missing insulation and lagging throughout Facility	August 2020	C	Perform audit of all steam piping and replace damaged/missing insulation and lagging throughout the Facility as needed	Status Unchanged	Open
8	Roof Ventilation Fan above Boiler No. 3 is not operating	November 2020	C	Repair roof ventilation fan	During April 2022 site visit, HDR verified that this item is complete.	Closed
9	Multiple ash hopper flap valves locked into the open position.	February 2021	B	Repair ash hopper flap valves	During April 2022 site visit, HDR verified that this item is complete.	Closed
10	Steam leaks (multiple at various locations) around packing and valve stems around Boiler No. 3	February 2021	C	Repair steam leaks or repack valves	Status Unchanged	Open
11	Insulation and lagging damaged/deteriorated around Boiler No. 3 Steam Drum	February 2021	C	Replace insulation and lagging	Status Unchanged	Open
12	Baghouse No. 3 hopper heaters set to manual; heater off but signaling low temperature	February 2021	B	Repair hopper heaters	Status Unchanged	Open
13	Feed Chute Cooling Jacket Water Level Boxes (lower) empty on Boilers No. 2 and No. 3	May 2021	B	Repair feed chute cooling jacket water level boxes	Status Unchanged	Open
14	Steam leak on gland steam regulating valve on TG No. 2	May 2021	B	Repair leak on the TG No. 2 Gland Steam Regulating Valve.	Status Unchanged	Open
15	Uneven water flow from Cooling Tower nozzle/distribution on southeast side of tower	August 2021	C	Repair nozzle	Status Unchanged	Open

Item No.	Inspection Report Deficiencies	Issue Reported	Priority*	HDR Recommendation	Status	Open / Closed
16	When the upper level furnace camera on Unit 3 was removed. The port that the camera was installed remains open.	November 2021	C	Fabricate temporary cover for open ports when cameras are out.	Status Unchanged	Open
17	Leak on Feedwater pipe (downstream of the feedwater pump discharge).	February 2022	A	Perform a temporary or permanent repair to the pipe to address the leak.	During April 2022 site visit, HDR verified that this item is complete.	Closed
18	Overhead light on tipping floor is out.	February 2022	C	Replace light bulb.	Status Unchanged	Open
19	A hole in the boiler casing was identified on the boiler left side of Unit 3 (outside the generation bank section of the boiler).	February 2022	B	The hole should be patch temporarily and a permanent repair should be made during the next outage.	Status Unchanged	Open
20	There are areas of material buildup on the exterior siding of the Facility (particularly on the North, East, and West sides).	April 2022	A	The exterior siding of the Facility should be cleaned.	Added from April 2022 Site Visit.	Open

4.0 Facility Performance

Monthly operating data provided by CAAI indicates that 81,854 tons of MSW were processed during Q3FY22, and a total of 80,255 tons of MSW including 1,423 tons of Special Handling Waste (1.8% by weight) were received. Total ash production during the quarter was 17,209 tons, which represents 21.0% of the waste processed by weight. The average uncorrected steam production rate for Q3FY22 was 3.02 tons_{steam}/ton_{waste}, which is higher (0.38%) than the corresponding quarter in FY21.

Chart 1: Tons of Waste Processed

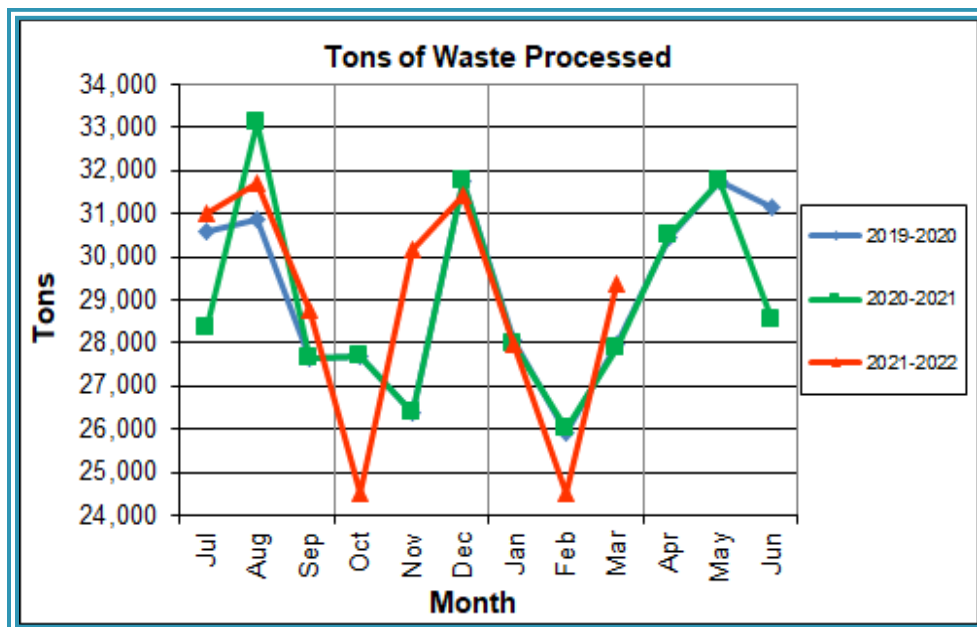


Chart 1 illustrates that Q3FY22 waste processed was slightly higher (less than 0.1%) than the corresponding quarter, Q3FY21. The increase occurred despite more boiler downtime (39.0 additional hours). CAAI reported that 413 tipping floor/MSW inspections were conducted during the quarter and two (2) notices of violation (NOV) were issued to haulers for:

- **January 2022:** One (1) NOV was issued for excessive metal in the trash
- **March 2022:** One (1) NOV was issued for excessive metal in the trash

Chart 2: Tons of Ash Produced per Ton of Waste Processed

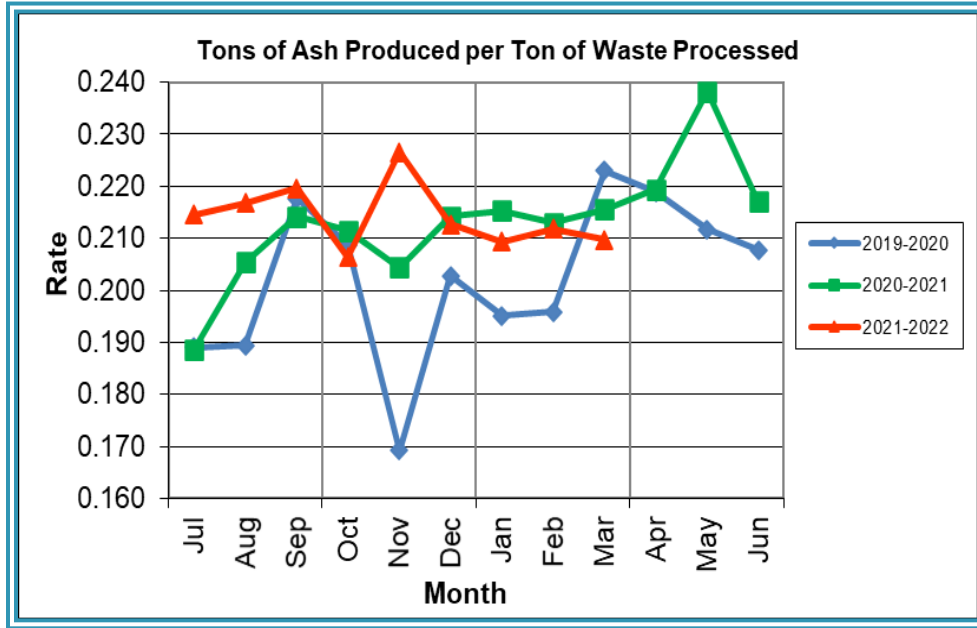


Chart 2 illustrates that the average ash production rate in Q3FY22 was lower (0.5 percentage points) at 21.0% of processed waste, compared to the corresponding quarter in FY21 when the rate was 21.5%. CAAI reports that it continues to process recovered metals through a trommel screen to remove some of the entrained ash, which is quantified and added back into the monthly ash totals.

Chart 3: Ferrous Recovery Rate

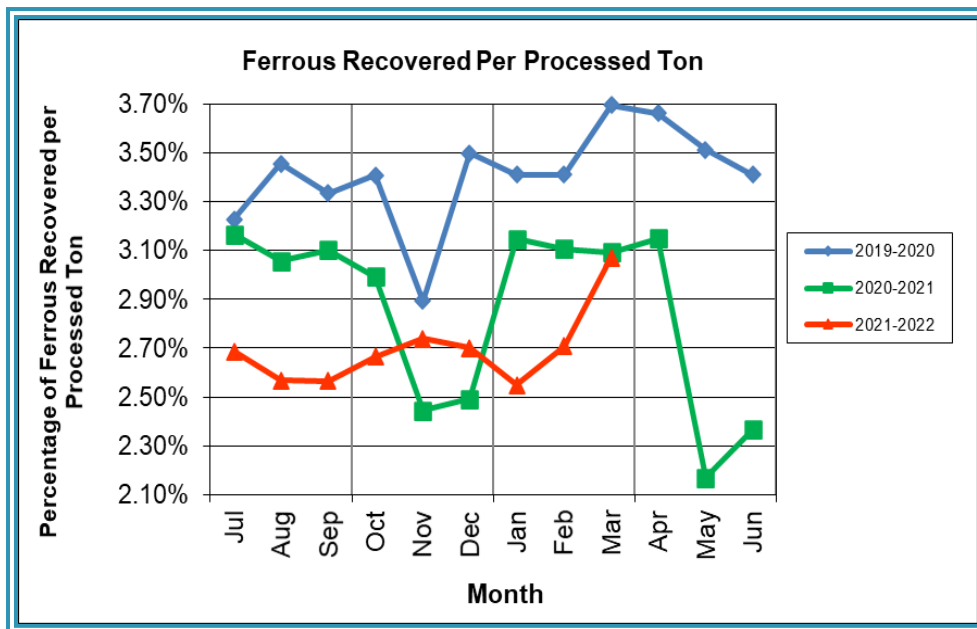
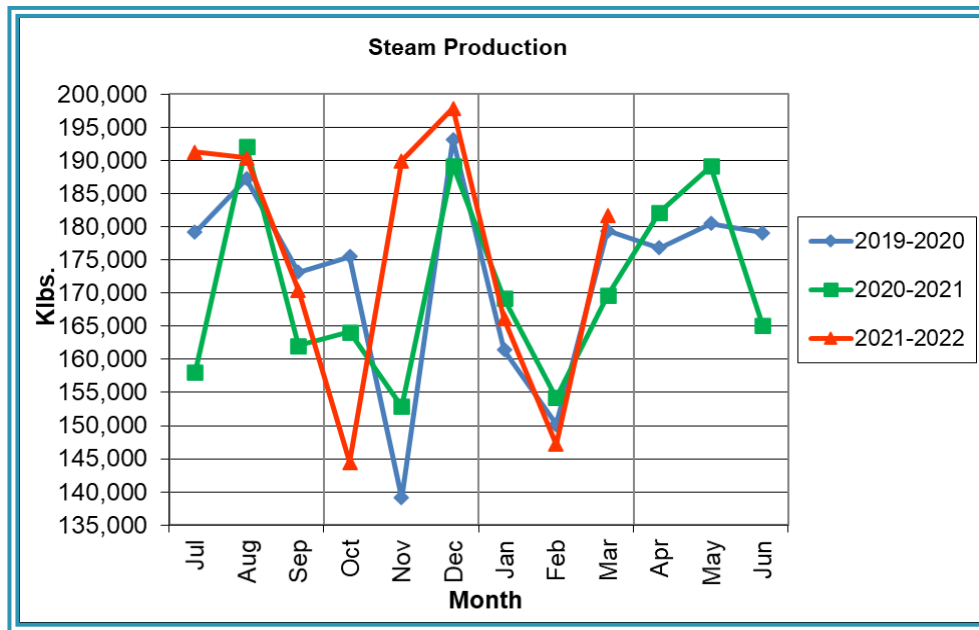


Chart 3 depicts the monthly ferrous metal recovery rate as a percentage of processed MSW tonnage. In Q3FY22, 2,279 tons of ferrous metals were recovered, which is 10.7% lower than the corresponding quarter in FY21 and equivalent to 2.8% of processed waste. As previously mentioned, the post-combustion recovered ferrous metals continue to be processed through a trommel during the quarter to remove entrained ash, which results in lower, but cleaner recovered metal.

Chart 4: Steam Production



In Chart 4, the total steam production for Q3FY22 was 495,005 klbs, and higher (0.40%) than the corresponding quarter in FY21. The slight increase in steam generation occurred despite more boiler downtime (39.0 additional hours), and slightly lower (0.1%) average waste heating value.

Chart 5: 12-Month Rolling Steam Production

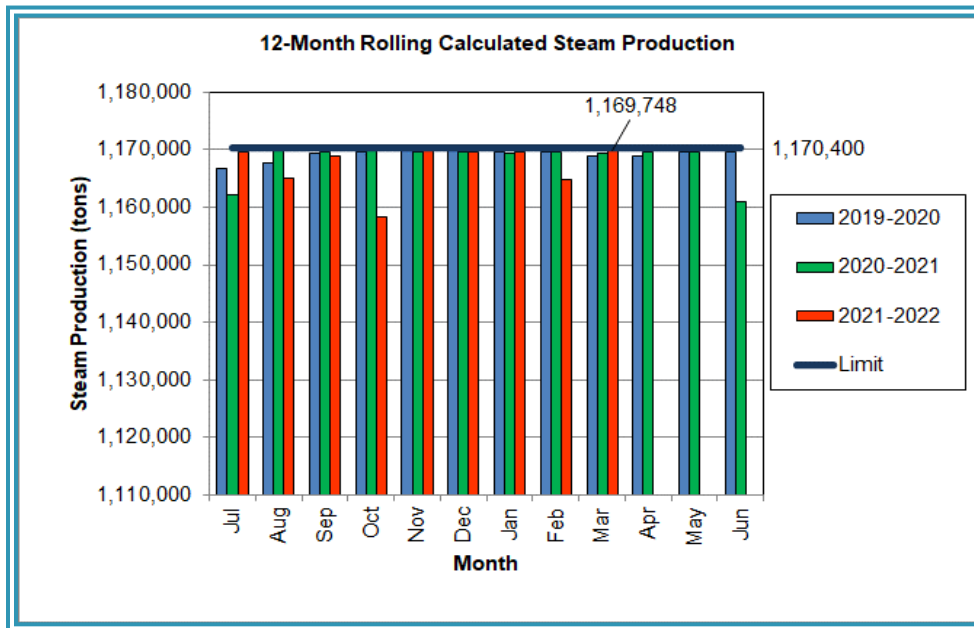
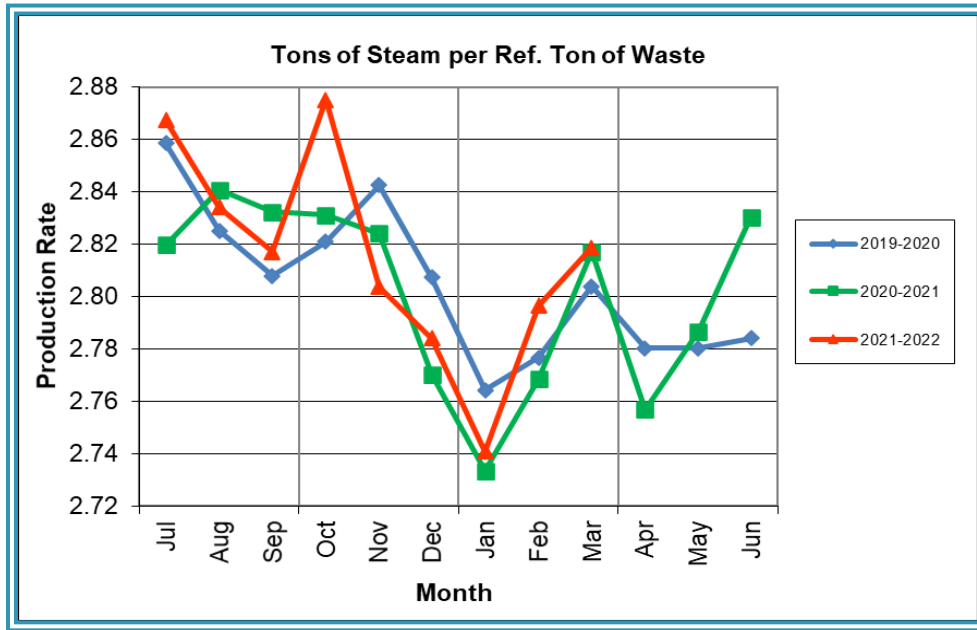


Chart 5 depicts the 12-month rolling steam production total for the quarter ending in March 2022, and for the prior two (2) fiscal years. According to the Title V permit, the annual steam production for the Facility shall not exceed 1,170,400 tons based on an average value of 3.34 lbs. of steam per lb. of MSW processed, calculated monthly as the sum of each consecutive 12-month period. The Facility complied with the 12-month rolling steam production total every month in Q3FY22. The 12-month rolling total for steam production ending in March 2022 was 1,169,748 tons which is 99.9% of the limit. Chart 5 shows that the Facility throughput, and in turn, steam and electricity production are being throttled to stay slightly below the steam production permit limitation each month.

Chart 6: Steam Production Rate



In Chart 6, the conversion of raw waste tonnages into “reference tons” is another way of analyzing steam production and helps to determine whether changes are related to boiler performance or to fuel issues. “Reference tons” are adjusted to account for the calculated average fuel heating value, so that lower Btu fuel raw tonnages are adjusted upwards and vice versa. In Q3FY22, this metric tracked slightly higher (0.5%) at 2.79 tons_{steam/ton_{ref}} compared to the corresponding quarter in FY21. The increase in this metric indicates a slight improvement in boiler performance.

Chart 7: Calculated Waste Heating Value

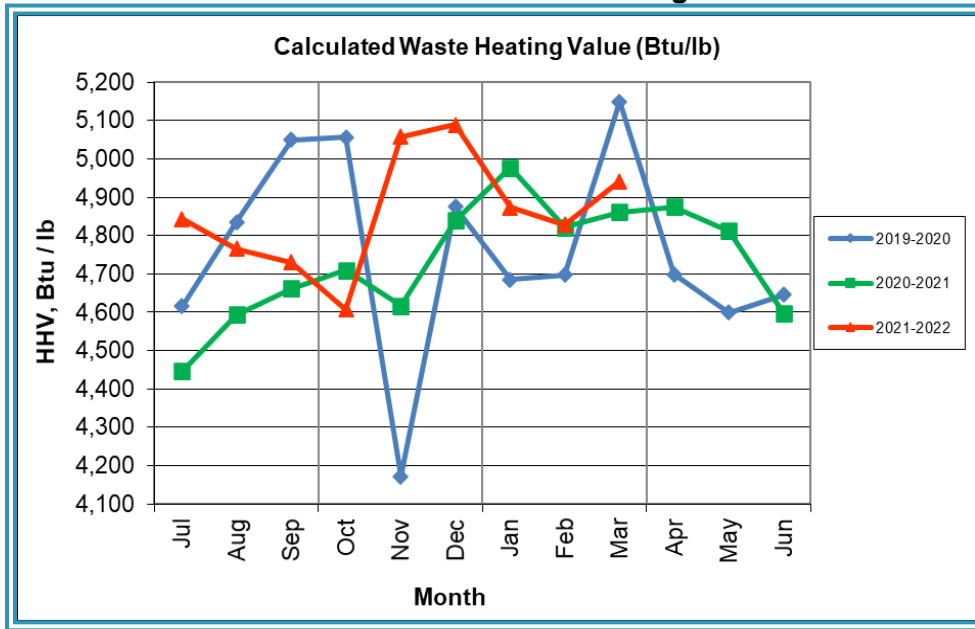


Chart 7 illustrates that Q3FY22 calculated average waste heating value was lower (0.1%) at 4,881 Btu/lb than the corresponding quarter Q3FY21, which averaged 4,887 Btu/lb. Note that 8.5¹ inches of precipitation were recorded at Ronald Reagan National Airport, which is 8.0% lower than the corresponding quarter in FY21, and positively impacted the average quarterly waste heating value.

¹ <https://www.wunderground.com/>

Table 2: Quarterly Performance Summaries

Month		Waste Processed (tons)	Waste Diverted (tons)	Ash Shipped (tons)	Special Handling (Supplemental) (tons)	Ferrous Recovered (tons)	Steam Produced (klbs)	Net Electrical Generation (MWhr)
Q3FY20	Quarterly Totals	81,905	0	16,780	3,447	2,875	490,998	33,705
	January-20	28,049	0	5,474	1,239	957	161,447	11,230
	February-20	25,901	0	5,074	1,102	884	150,168	10,062
	March-20	27,955	0	6,232	1,106	1,034	179,383	12,413
Q3FY21	Quarterly Totals	81,839	0	17,568	2,712	2,551	493,019	34,619
	January-21	27,977	0	6,023	895	881	169,171	12,034
	February-21	25,989	0	5,536	1,070	808	154,201	10,769
	March-21	27,873	0	6,009	747	862	169,647	11,816
Q3FY22	Quarterly Totals	81,854	0	17,209	1,423	2,279	495,005	34,648
	January-22	27,976	0	5,857	448	713	166,110	11,594
	February-22	24,526	0	5,195	349	664	147,209	10,193
	March-22	29,352	0	6,157	626	902	181,686	12,861
FY22 YTD Totals		259,440	0	55,632	4,909	6,993	1,579,450	109,464
FY21 Totals		347,556	0	74,135	10,116	9,908	2,048,011	142,476
FY20 Totals		350,147	0	70,964	13,226	11,966	2,074,819	143,282

Table 2 presents the production data provided to HDR by CAAI for Q3FY22 on both a monthly and quarterly basis. For purposes of comparison, data for Q3FY20 and Q3FY21 are also shown, as well as FY20, FY21 and FY22 year to date (YTD) totals.

In comparing quarterly totals, the data shows:

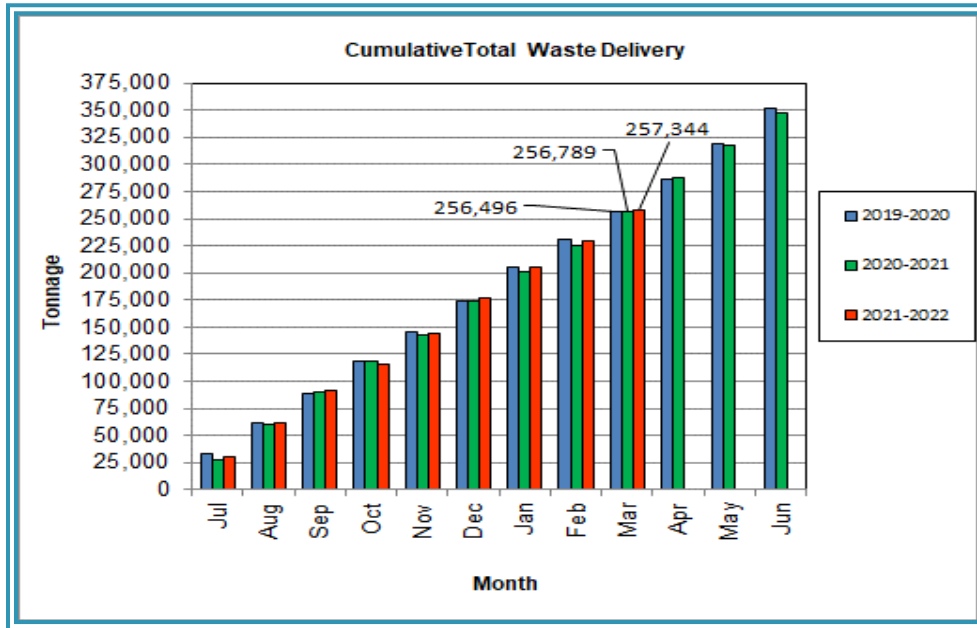
- More waste was processed in Q3FY22 than Q3FY21 and less than Q3FY20
- More steam was generated in Q3FY22 than Q3FY21 and Q3FY20
- More electricity (net) was generated in Q3FY22 than Q3FY21 and Q3FY20
- Less supplemental waste was received in Q3FY22 than Q3FY21 and Q3FY20

Note that the total steam generation figures presented in Table 2 do not correlate with the annual steam production limit from the Facility Permit; such limits apply on an annual rolling average, evaluated monthly.

Table 3: Waste Delivery Classification

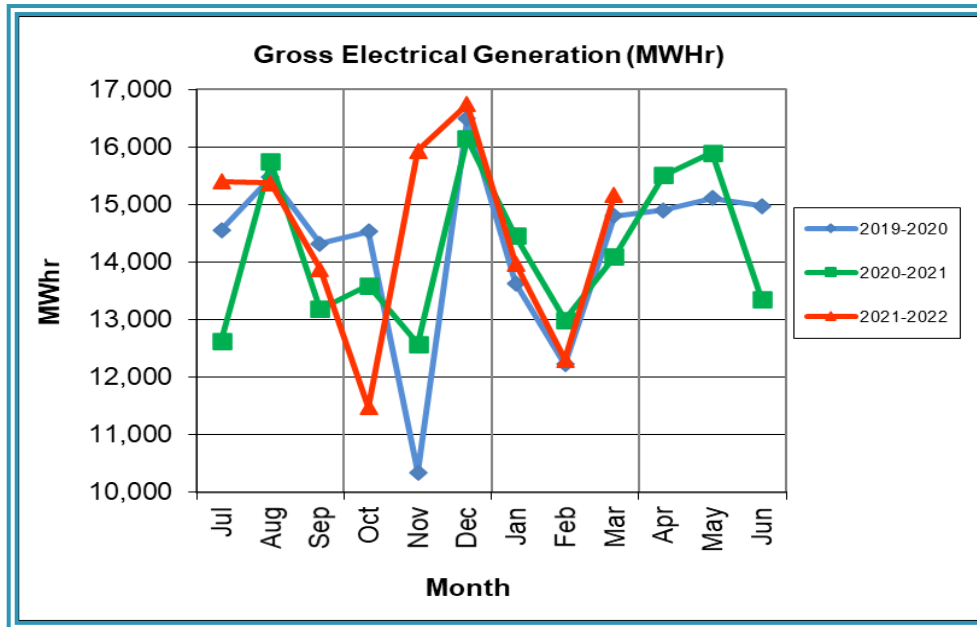
		Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Totals	% of Total
FY18	City Waste	1,699	1,876	1,642	1,719	1,849	1,541	1,621	1,365	1,569	2,000	2,298	2,011	21,191	6.03%
	County Waste	2,458	2,654	2,513	2,529	2,635	2,321	2,502	2,110	2,391	2,509	2,959	2,776	30,356	8.63%
	Municipal Solid Waste	24,950	25,303	21,518	20,885	19,108	24,668	25,302	20,826	22,980	26,645	27,438	24,091	283,714	80.67%
	Supplemental Waste	1,807	1,835	1,805	1,638	1,553	1,339	1,301	884	829	886	1,391	1,161	16,430	4.67%
	MSW Totals	30,914	31,668	27,478	26,772	25,146	29,869	30,726	25,185	27,770	32,040	34,086	30,039	351,693	100.00%
FY19	City Waste	1,848	1,836	1,823	1,996	1,892	1,732	1,823	1,458	1,614	2,063	2,442	1,882	22,409	6.43%
	County Waste	2,560	2,798	2,554	2,656	2,746	2,439	2,567	2,165	2,336	2,586	2,989	2,686	31,081	8.92%
	Municipal Solid Waste	25,442	25,920	21,873	21,678	21,472	23,046	21,455	21,975	24,323	28,361	25,444	22,197	283,185	81.27%
	Supplemental Waste	1,012	1,040	1,138	1,108	992	933	964	743	885	895	1,038	1,029	11,777	3.38%
	MSW Totals	30,862	31,595	27,388	27,438	27,102	28,150	26,808	26,342	29,157	33,904	31,913	27,793	348,454	100.00%
FY20	City Waste	2,070	1,771	1,726	1,894	1,742	1,844	1,870	1,489	1,925	1,931	1,849	2,051	22,160	6.30%
	County Waste	3,069	2,600	2,544	2,664	2,507	2,575	2,694	2,195	2,509	2,518	2,663	2,861	31,399	8.93%
	Brokered Waste	-	-	-	-	-	-	120	114	67	58	-	-	359	0.10%
	Municipal Solid Waste	26,033	23,287	22,129	23,644	20,837	23,822	24,859	20,472	20,333	24,220	27,605	27,375	284,614	80.91%
	Supplemental Waste	1,269	1,321	1,236	1,340	1,238	1,246	1,239	1,102	1,106	582	627	920	13,226	3.76%
	MSW Totals	32,440	28,979	27,634	29,541	26,324	29,487	30,781	25,371	25,939	29,309	32,745	33,207	351,757	100.00%
FY21	City Waste	1,583	1,905	2,121	1,906	1,970	1,999	1,556	1,393	2,038	2,102	2,042	2,197	22,811	6.55%
	County Waste	2,377	2,713	2,711	2,589	2,550	2,646	2,365	2,054	2,441	2,472	2,542	2,682	30,143	8.66%
	Municipal Solid Waste	22,517	26,941	24,523	22,102	19,209	25,831	22,419	20,046	25,980	25,621	25,260	24,603	285,053	81.88%
	Supplemental Waste	691	1,139	927	1,045	930	859	895	1,070	747	653	519	641	10,117	2.91%
	MSW Totals	27,169	32,698	30,282	27,642	24,659	31,336	27,234	24,562	31,207	30,848	30,363	30,123	348,124	100.00%
FY22	City Waste	1,853	2,080	2,042	1,855	2,002	1,914	1,628	1,570	1,900				16,844	6.55%
	County Waste	2,516	2,403	2,457	2,184	2,463	2,489	2,232	2,192	2,519				21,455	8.34%
	Municipal Solid Waste	24,682	26,646	25,378	19,376	23,834	27,424	24,212	19,114	23,465				214,131	83.21%
	Supplemental Waste	688	778	479	514	534	499	448	349	626				4,914	1.91%
	MSW Totals	29,740	31,907	30,356	23,929	28,832	32,326	28,520	23,225	28,510				257,344	100.00%

Chart 8: Cumulative Total Waste Delivery



As depicted in Table 3 and Chart 8, through the end of Q3FY22, cumulative total waste delivery was 0.2% higher compared to the same period in FY21 .

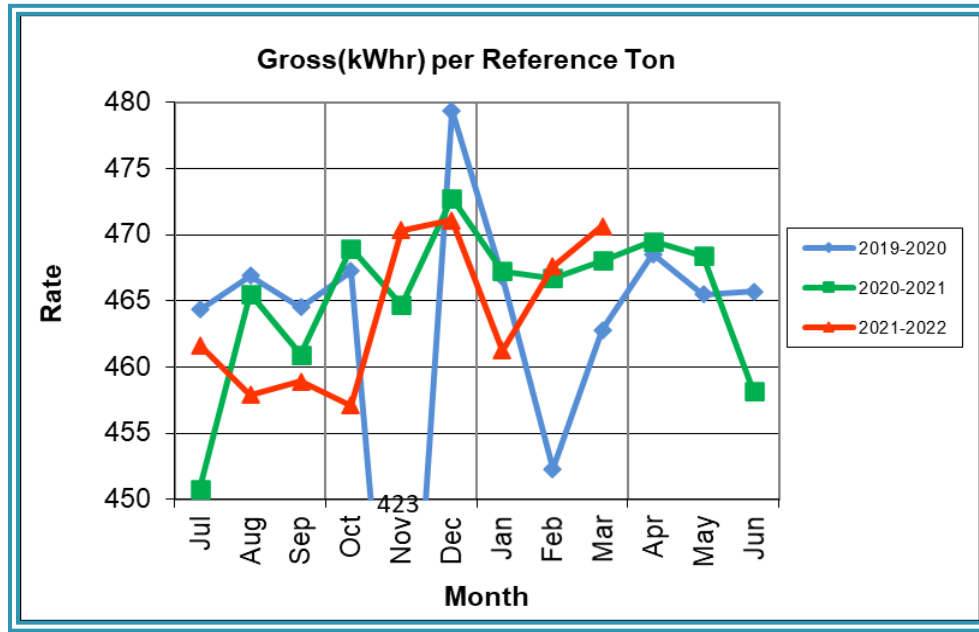
Chart 9: Gross Electrical Generation



During Q3FY22, the Facility generated 41,452 MWhrs (gross) of electricity compared to Q3FY21 generation of 41,549 MWhrs (gross), a 0.2% decrease. The slight decrease in electricity generated (gross) in Q3FY22 occurred despite higher (0.4%) steam production and less turbine generator downtime (43.1 fewer hours).

Note that the sharp spikes depicted in Chart Nos. 9 through 13 for November 2019 are a result of significant downtime (635.0 hours) experienced by Turbine Generator No. 1 for a Scheduled Major Overhaul.

Chart 10: Gross Conversion Rate



As shown in Chart 10, the average gross electrical generation per reference ton of refuse processed during Q3FY22 was 467 kWhr, which is slightly lower (0.2%) than the corresponding quarter in FY21. Since this calculated value uses reference or normalized tonnages of waste, it should cancel the effect of MSW heating value (Btu content) variability.

Chart 11: Net Conversion Rate

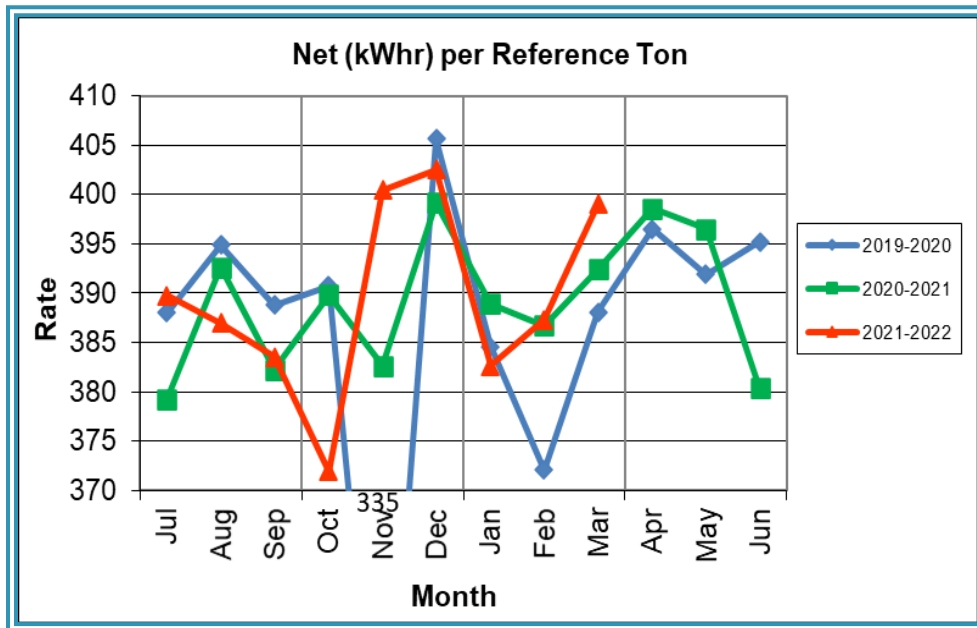


Chart 11 depicts the normalized net power (gross minus in-house usage) generation history. In Q3FY22, the average net electrical generation per reference ton was 390 kWhr, which is 0.1% higher than the corresponding quarter in FY21.

Chart 12: Net Conversion Rate

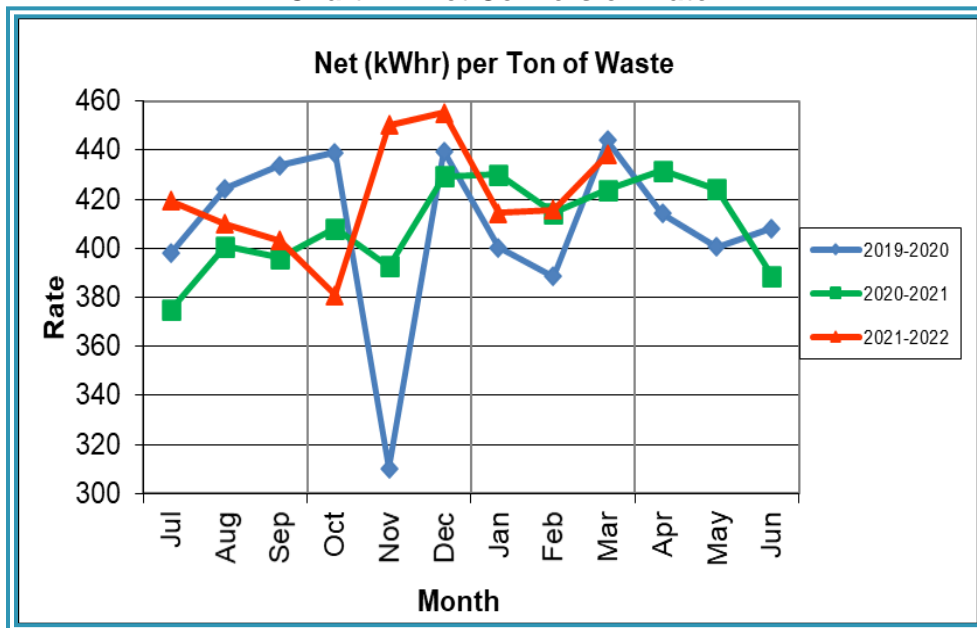


Chart 12 depicts the net power generation per processed ton. The net electrical generation per processed ton in Q3FY22 was 423 kWhr, which is less than 0.1% lower than the corresponding quarter.

Chart 13: Gross Turbine Generator Conversion Rate

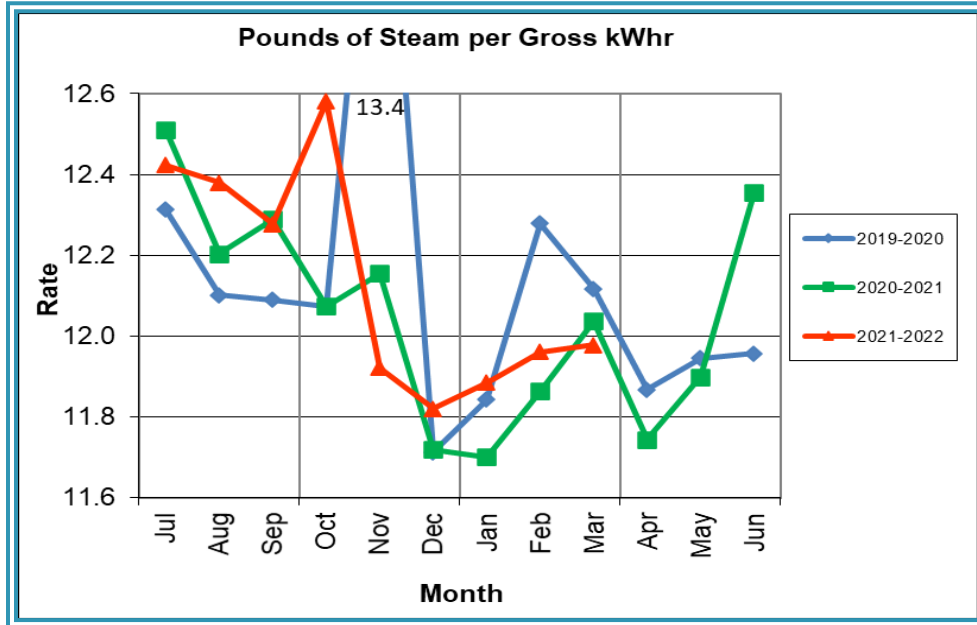


Chart 13 illustrates the quantities of steam required to generate one (1) kWhr of electricity. This measure is a turbine generator performance indicator, where lower steam rates indicate superior performance. For simplification, this calculated rate is based on the average for the two turbine generators. In Q3FY22 the average pounds of steam consumed per gross kWhr generated was 11.94, which is 0.6% higher (less efficient) than the corresponding quarter Q3FY21. A factor that negatively impacts this metric is Turbine Generator No. 2 continues to operate with its Stage 9 blades removed from the rotor². Another factor is the diversion of steam to heat under-grate air to improve the combustion of low Btu (wet) fuel. This steam diversion decreases power generation. The average main steam temperature during the quarter was 681.0°F, which is 0.5°F higher than the average main steam temperature of the corresponding quarter last fiscal year and 19.0°F lower than design temperature of 700°F. Lower main steam temperature decreases power generation, all other factors being equal.

² CAAI reported that during the Turbine Generator No. 2 overhaul in November 2013, some cracking was observed on the Stage 9 blades of the rotor, and the blading in that row was removed as a precautionary measure. CAAI originally indicated that a new set of blades would be manufactured and installed during a Turbine Generator No. 2 Outage in 2016, but advised in May 2015, that the implementation of the replacement blades installation would be delayed and did not provide a date for repair.

4.1 Utility and Reagent Consumptions

Table 4: Facility Utility and Reagent Consumptions

Utility	Units	Q3FY22 Total	Q2FY21 Total	Q3FY22 "Per Processed Ton" Consumption	Q2FY21 "Per Processed Ton" Consumption	FY22 YTD Total
Purchased Power	MW/hr	5,372	5,476	0.0656	0.0669	16,286
Fuel Oil	Gal.	17,690	20,340	0.22	0.25	40,740
Boiler Make-up	Gal.	1,447,000	1,039,000	17.68	12.70	3,990,000
Cooling Tower Make-up	Gal.	30,472,286	28,080,006	372.28	343.11	113,668,001
Pebble Lime	Lbs.	1,438,000	1,718,000	17.57	20.99	4,712,000
Ammonia	Lbs.	158,000	184,000	1.93	2.25	551,000
Carbon	Lbs.	78,000	78,000	0.95	0.95	234,000

Fuel oil usage during the quarter represents approximately 0.33% of the total heat input to the boilers, which compares favorably with industry averages, and is slightly lower than the 0.38% of total heat input in Q3FY21. Fuel oil is used to stabilize combustion of wet fuel, as well as during start-up and shut-down of the boilers for maintenance. Boiler makeup water usage during the quarter represents 2.4% of steam flow, which is higher than the boiler makeup in Q3FY21 which was 1.8% of steam flow. Higher boiler makeup quantities are indicative of increased steam leakage, and the improvement in this metric indicates that the substantial leaks have been corrected. Pebble lime usage, at 1,438,000 lbs. is lower (16.3%) than the corresponding quarter last year.

In comparing Q3FY22 to Q3FY21 on a per processed ton consumption basis:

- the purchased power consumption rate was 1.9% lower
- the total fuel oil consumption rate was 13.0% lower
- the boiler make-up water consumption rate was 39.2% higher
- the cooling tower make-up water consumption rate was 8.5% higher
- the total pebble lime consumption rate was 16.3% lower
- the ammonia consumption rate was 14.2% lower
- the carbon consumption rate was less than 0.1% lower

4.2 Safety & Environmental Training

The Facility experienced no OSHA recordable accidents and three (3) First Aid Accidents during Q3FY22. CAAI reports that the first incident occurred in January when a contractor was performing work in an ash discharger and a piece

of refractory slid down the wall of the discharger and struck the top of his hand. Ice was applied and the contractor was able to return to work immediately. The second instance occurred in February when an I&E Technician stepped through an opening in grating behind the superheater that is normally secured during normal operations, but was open for scaffolding contractors during the late phase of the outage. The I&E Technician experienced some superficial scraping of the skin on the left shin and no treatment was recommended by Work Care nurses and the employee was able to resume normal work. The last incident occurred in March when an employee poked themselves in the eye while putting on safety glasses, and after consulting with Work Care, were able to immediately resume work. CAAI has operated 1,466 days without an OSHA recordable accident as of March 31, 2022. Safety and Environmental training were conducted during the quarter with themes as follows:

January 2022

- Safety:
 - Winter Safety
- Environmental: No environmental themes were provided by CAAI

February 2022

- Safety:
 - Hand Safety
 - Facility Performance
 - Community Outreach
- Environmental:
 - Environmental Justice

March 2022

- Safety:
 - Control of Hazardous Energy
 - Emergency Management Information System (EMIS)
- Environmental:
 - Environmental Compliance during Outages

5.0 Facility Maintenance

Throughout the quarter, significant routine and preventative maintenance was performed. HDR considers that the Facility is implementing an effective maintenance regimen, and is performing routine and preventative maintenance, along with selected equipment replacements in a timely manner. CAAI monthly maintenance reports provide a detailed account of maintenance performed.

Beginning January 22, 2022, Boiler No. 3 experienced 283.5 hours of downtime for scheduled maintenance. Some significant maintenance items completed during the Boiler No. 3 Major outage are:

- Replaced all 43 rear wall bullnose tubes
- Installed low NOx boxes, headers, duct work, OFA motor, and fan
- Replaced two bent carrier beams for the grates
- Installed missing tube shields in superheater and generating bank
- Completed hydraulic upgrade to include new boxes, proportional valves, and hand stations
- Calibrated pressure and flow transmitters
- Meggered all 480V and above motors

Beginning on February 12, 2022, Boiler No. 2 experienced 172.0 hours of downtime for scheduled maintenance. Some significant maintenance items completed during the Boiler No. 2 Major outage are:

- Replaced the SDA drain hose with hard pipe
- Replaced bags and cages in the baghouse
- Replaced two (2) water wall panels in the furnace right wall
- Modified the mud scraper drive beam

Beginning March 5, 2022, Boiler No. 1 experienced 124.5 hours of downtime for a scheduled boiler outage. CAAI indicated that no major pressure work was completed during the outage, and some carbon overlay, routine sootblower work, and duct work inspections were performed.

In addition to the scheduled outages, CAAI reports that 1,314 preventative maintenance actions were completed during the quarter.

5.1 Availability

Facility availabilities for Q3FY22 are shown in Table 5. According to CAAI reports, the average unit availabilities for Boiler Nos. 1, 2, and 3 for Q3FY22 were 92.5%, 89.6%, and 86.0%, respectively. The three-boiler average availability during the quarter was 89.4% and was primarily impacted by the combined 580.0 hours of downtime experienced by the boilers for scheduled maintenance. .. Note that the boilers experienced three (3) instances of standby time during the quarter totaling 43.7 hours that did not factor into overall availability.

According to CAAI reports, the average unit availabilities for Turbine Generator Nos. 1 and 2 for Q3FY22 were 100.0%. Note that the turbine generators experienced four (4) instances of standby time during the quarter totaling 78.6 hours that did not factor into overall availability.

Table 5: Quarterly Facility Unit Availabilities

Availability	Q1FY22 Average	Q2FY22 Average	Q3FY22 Average	FY22 YTD Average
Boiler No. 1	97.6%	98.4%	92.5%	96.2%
Boiler No. 2	98.8%	100.0%	89.6%	96.1%
Boiler No. 3	98.7%	100.0%	86.0%	94.9%
Avg.	98.4%	99.5%	89.4%	95.7%
Turbine No. 1	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Turbine No. 2	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Avg.	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table 6: Boiler Downtime – Q3FY22

Boiler Number	Outage Begin Date	Outage End Date	Hours Unavailable	Downtime Classification	Reason Unavailable
1	1/16/22	1/16/22	7.3	Standby	Water main repair on Eisenhower Ave
2	1/16/22	1/17/22	11.7	Standby	Water main repair on Eisenhower Ave
3	1/17/22	1/17/22	6.7	Standby	Water main repair on Eisenhower Ave
3	1/22/22	2/3/22	283.5	Scheduled	Scheduled Boiler Outage
2	2/12/22	2/19/22	172.0	Scheduled	Scheduled Boiler Outage
2	2/20/22	2/20/22	18.0	Unscheduled	Auxiliary Burner System upgrade and commissioning
1	2/25/22	2/26/22	17.1	Unscheduled	Waterwall Failure
1	3/1/22	3/2/22	24.8	Unscheduled	Feedwater piping repair
1	3/5/22	3/11/22	124.5	Scheduled	Scheduled Boiler Outage
2	3/1/22	3/1/22	21.8	Unscheduled	Feedwater piping repair
3	3/1/22	3/1/22	22.0	Unscheduled	Feedwater piping repair
Total Unscheduled Downtime				85.7 Hours	
Total Scheduled Downtime				580.0 Hours	
Total Standby Downtime				43.7 Hours	
Total Downtime				709.4 Hours	

Table 7: Turbine Generator Downtime – Q3FY22

Turbine Generator Number	Outage Begin Date	Outage End Date	Hours Unavailable	Downtime Classification	Reason Unavailable
2	1/16/22	1/17/22	15.0	Standby	No Steam due to water main repair on Eisenhower Ave
2	1/23/22	1/24/22	13.0	Standby	No Steam due to Scheduled Boiler Outage
1	3/1/22	3/2/22	24.8	Standby	No Steam due to feedwater piping repair
2	3/1/22	3/2/22	25.9	Standby	No Steam due to feedwater piping repair
Total Unscheduled Downtime				0.0 Hours	
Total Scheduled Downtime				0.0 Hours	
Total Standby Downtime				78.6 Hours	
Total Downtime				78.6 Hours	

5.2 Facility Housekeeping

CAAI is performing Facility housekeeping and maintaining plant cleanliness in accordance with acceptable industry practices. A site walkdown was conducted in February 2022. At the time of the walkdown, new deficiencies were recorded, and prior deficiencies were given a status update. Photos of interest from the walkdown are depicted in Appendix B. The Facility housekeeping ratings from the February 2022 walkdown are presented in Table 8.

Table 8: Facility Housekeeping Ratings – February/April 2022

Facility Area	Acceptable	Needs Improvement	Unacceptable
Tipping Floor	√		
Citizen’s Drop-off Area	√		
Tipping Floor Truck Exit	√		
Front Parking Lot	√		
Rear Parking Lot	√		
Boiler House Pump Room	√		
Lime Slurry Pump Room	√		
Switchgear Area	√		
Ash Load-out Area	√		
Vibrating Conveyor Area	√		
Ash Discharger Area	√		
Cooling Tower Area	√		
Truck Scale Area	√		
SDA/FF Conveyor Area	√		
SDA Penthouses	√		
Lime Preparation Area	√		
Boiler Drum Levels	√		
Turbine Room	√		
Electrical Room	√		

6.0 Environmental

The air pollution control equipment maintained emission concentrations well within the established regulations. Average Continuous Emission Monitoring System (CEMS) data collected for each monthly period during Q3FY22 are summarized in Appendix A. CAAI reported that the Facility experienced zero (0) permit deviations during Q3FY22. As of March 31, 2022, the Facility operated 121 days without an environmental excursion.

6.1 Low NO_x Technology Implementation

The Virginia Department of Environmental Quality (VADEQ) has issued the final RACT permits for the installation and operation of LNTM Technology. LNTM Technology has been installed on Boiler Nos. 1 and 2, with Boiler No. 1 operating under the lower NO_x limits of 110 ppm (24 hr) and 90 ppm (annual rolling average) since June 2021, and Boiler No. 2 since June 2020. In December 2021 CAAI provided VADEQ a notification letter that the Boiler No. 3 LNTM Technology retrofit was underway. As was the case with the LNTM Technology installations on Boiler

Nos. 1 and 2, Boiler No. 3 will undergo a period of calibration and optimization and is expected to be operating under the lower NO_x limits of 110 ppm (24 hr. average) and 90 ppm (annual rolling average) by June 2022.

6.2 Nitrogen Oxide Emissions

During Q3FY22, the monthly emission concentrations of nitrogen oxides (NO_x) averaged 88.7 ppmdv, 86.0 ppmdv, and 157.7 ppmdv for Boiler Nos. 1, 2, and 3, respectively. As previously mentioned, the LNTM Technology has been fully implemented on Boiler Nos. 1 and 2 and its installation is complete Boiler No. 3, but currently is undergoing its calibration and optimization. In comparing Q3FY22 to the corresponding quarter last year, ammonia usage decreased 14.1% while Boiler Nos. 1 and 2 operated at 50% NO_x reduction.

6.3 Sulfur Dioxide Emissions

During Q3FY22 the monthly emission concentration of stack sulfur dioxide (SO₂) averaged 1.0 ppmdv, 1.7 ppmdv, and 1.3 ppmdv for Boiler Nos. 1, 2, and 3, respectively. All these stack SO₂ concentrations are significantly below the permit limit of 29 ppmdv @ 7% O₂.

6.4 Carbon Monoxide Emissions

During Q3FY22, the monthly average CO emission concentrations on Boiler Nos. 1, 2, and 3 were 40.7 ppmdv, 34.0 ppmdv, and 25.3 ppmdv, respectively, and all are well within permit limits (100 ppmdv, 4-hour average).

6.5 Opacity

During Q3FY22, the average opacity on Boiler Nos. 1, 2, and 3 were 0.4%, 0.4%, and 1.0%, respectively, which are all significantly below the 10% (6-minute) average permit limit.

6.6 Daily Emissions Data

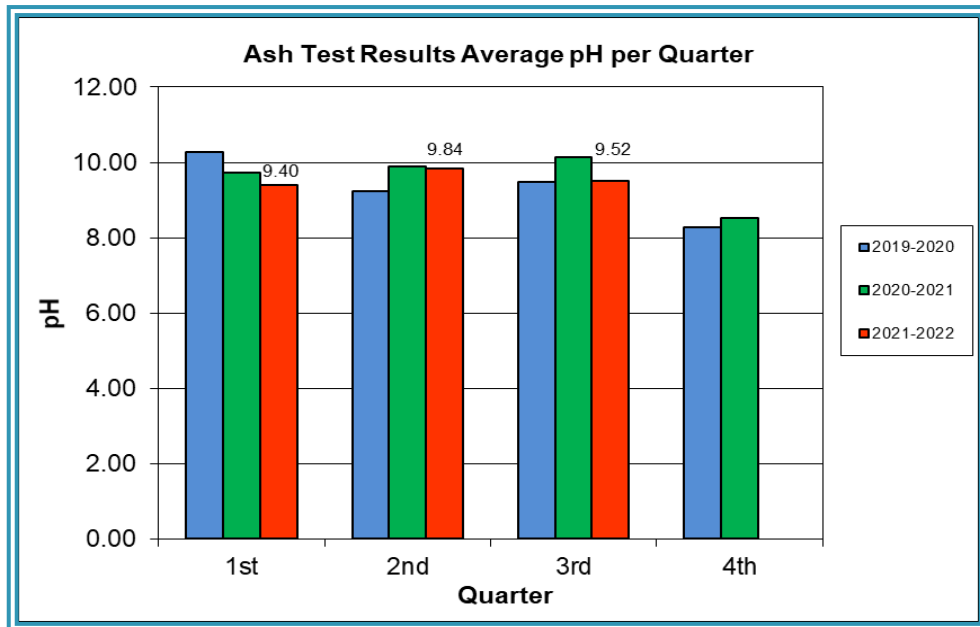
Appendix A, Tables 9, 10, and 11 tabulate the monthly average, maximum, and minimum emissions data for each unit during Q3FY22. Excursions, if any, would

appear in bold print. It should be noted that these tabulations of monthly averages, reported here for informational purposes, are based on tabulations of daily averages. These averages do not correlate with official reports to the regulatory agencies because of differences in averaging times and other technical differences required by agency report formats.

6.7 Ash System Compliance

During Q4FY19, CAAI reported that it was discontinuing dolomitic lime feed, while increasing lime slurry feed to stabilize the ash pH to levels that will allow eliminating dolomitic lime to condition the ash going forward. The desired ash pH level ranges from 8.0 to 11.0. Ash Toxicity (TCLP) tests were not performed during the quarter. CAAI also samples ash monthly in-house, and documents pH reading to adjust lime feed rate. The results for the ash pH tests are found below in Chart 14 where each quarter is represented by the average of the respective monthly readings. During Q3FY22, the average ash pH for in-house tests was 9.5.

Chart 14: Quarterly Ash Test Results



APPENDIX A FACILITY CEMS DATA

Table 9: Unit #1 Monthly Summary for Reportable Emissions Data

Group#-Channel#	G8-C35	G8-C28	G8-C8	G8-C4	G8-C12	G8-C34	G8-C37	G8-C40	G8-C39	
Long Descrip.	U-1 Steam	U-1 Econ	U-1 Stack	U-1 Stack	U-1 Stack	U-1 Opaci	U-1 FF In	U-1 Carbo	U-1 Lime	
Short Descrip.	SteamFI	SO ₂ ec	SO ₂ sc	COsc	NO _x sc	Opacity	FF InTemp	Carbinj	LimeFlow	
Units	K#/Hr	ppmc	ppm	ppmc	ppmc	%	deg F	#/hr	gpm	
Range	0-100	0-2000	0-500	0-4000	0-1000	0-100	100-500	0-50	0-20	
Jan -22	AVG	83.1	25.0	1.0	45.0	89.0	0.3	299.0	12.3	3.4
	Max	87.4	38.0	3.0	62.0	94.0	0.6	300.0	12.4	4.0
	Min	74.1	14.0	0.0	21.0	88.0	0.1	299.0	12.2	2.8
Feb - 22	AVG	84.1	26.0	0.0	42.0	89.0	0.4	299.0	12.3	3.5
	Max	87.9	40.0	2.0	65.0	89.0	0.9	300.0	12.4	3.8
	Min	74.7	16.0	0.0	7.0	88.0	0.0	299.0	12.3	3.1
Mar -22	AVG	89.0	42.0	2.0	35.0	88.0	0.6	300.0	12.3	4.0
	Max	90.2	63.0	5.0	56.0	89.0	0.9	301.0	12.5	4.4
	Min	85.8	20.0	0.0	11.0	86.0	0.4	299.0	12.2	3.7
Quarter Average		85.4	31.0	1.0	40.7	88.7	0.4	299.3	12.3	3.6
Quarter Max Value		90.2	63.0	5.0	65.0	94.0	0.9	301.0	12.5	4.4
Quarter Min Value		74.1	14.0	0.0	7.0	86.0	0.0	299.0	12.2	2.8
Limits:		99	NA	29	100	205	10	331	12(a)	

(a) Carbon flow limit is a minimum value

* Note: The data reported herein represent 24-hour average data for all parameters. Emissions excursions that are measured on shorter time intervals (i.e., 4-hour block averages for CO) do not correlate with the 24-hour average data reported above.

Table 10: Unit #2 Monthly Summary for Reportable Emissions Data

Group#-Channel#	G8-C35	G8-C28	G8-C8	G8-C4	G8-C12	G8-C34	G8-C37	G8-C40	G8-C39	
Long Descrip.	U-2 Steam	U-2 Econ	U-2 Stack	U-2 Stack	U-2 Stack	U-2 Opaci	U-2 FF In	U-2 Carbo	U-2 Lime	
Short Descrip.	SteamFI	SO ₂ ec	SO ₂ sc	COsc	NO _x sc	Opacity	FF InTemp	Carbinj	LimeFlow	
Units	K#/Hr	ppmc	ppm	ppmc	ppmc	%	deg F	#/hr	gpm	
Range	0-100	0-2000	0-500	0-4000	0-1000	0-100	100-500	0-50	0-20	
Jan - 22	AVG	83.5	32.0	2.0	33.0	86.0	0.1	300.0	12.3	2.4
	Max	88.3	50.0	10.0	50.0	89.0	0.5	302.0	12.5	2.8
	Min	75.2	20.0	0.0	19.0	84.0	0.0	295.0	12.2	1.8
Feb - 22	AVG	83.8	43.0	1.0	31.0	86.0	0.6	299.0	12.3	3.0
	Max	88.5	95.0	8.0	42.0	87.0	2.2	301.0	12.5	4.2
	Min	74.5	19.0	0.0	19.0	85.0	0.0	295.0	11.9	2.2
Mar - 22	AVG	88.6	46.0	2.0	38.0	86.0	0.6	301.0	12.4	3.9
	Max	91.0	67.0	7.0	107.0	91.0	1.2	303.0	13.3	4.2
	Min	76.5	20.0	0.0	26.0	85.0	0.1	300.0	12.2	3.4
Quarter Average		85.3	40.3	1.7	34.0	86.0	0.4	300.0	12.3	3.1
Quarter Max Value		91.0	95.0	10.0	107.0	91.0	2.2	303.0	13.3	4.2
Quarter Min Value		74.5	19.0	0.0	19.0	84.0	0.0	295.0	11.9	1.8
Limits:		98	NA	29	100	205	10	330	12(a)	

(a) Carbon flow limit is a minimum value

* Note: The data reported herein represent 24-hour average data for all parameters. Emissions excursions that are measured on shorter time intervals (i.e., 4-hour block averages for CO) do not correlate with the 24-hour average data reported above.

Table 11: Unit #3 Monthly Summary for Reportable Emissions Data

Group#-Channel#	G8-C35	G8-C28	G8-C8	G8-C4	G8-C12	G8-C34	G8-C37	G8-C40	G8-C39	
Long Descrip.	U-3 Steam	U-3 Econ	U-3 Stack	U-3 Stack	U-3 Stack	U-3 Opaci	U-3 FF In	U-3 Carbo	U-3 Lime	
Short Descrip.	SteamFl	SO ₂ ec	SO ₂ sc	COsc	NO _x sc	Opacity	FF InTemp	CarbInj	LimeFlow	
Units	K#/Hr	ppmc	ppm	ppmc	ppmc	%	deg F	#/hr	gpm	
Range	0-100	0-2000	0-500	0-4000	0-1000	0-100	100-500	0-50	0-20	
Jan - 22	AVG	83.8	22.0	2.0	28.0	158.0	1.2	298.0	12.3	3.5
	Max	88.0	40.0	6.0	41.0	161.0	1.5	299.0	12.3	3.9
	Min	75.2	14.0	0.0	13.0	156.0	0.9	296.0	12.2	2.9
Feb - 22	AVG	83.9	53.0	1.0	26.0	158.0	0.9	298.0	12.3	3.7
	Max	88.8	81.0	5.0	38.0	160.0	1.3	298.0	12.8	4.3
	Min	74.8	27.0	0.0	14.0	141.0	0.5	286.0	12.1	2.9
Mar - 22	AVG	87.8	39.0	1.0	22.0	157.0	0.9	296.0	12.3	4.0
	Max	91.4	58.0	3.0	31.0	160.0	1.6	299.0	12.4	4.9
	Min	41.3	4.0	0.0	8.0	101.0	0.5	248.0	12.1	1.3
Quarter Average		85.2	38.0	1.3	25.3	157.7	1.0	297.3	12.3	3.7
Quarter Max Value		91.4	81.0	6.0	41.0	161.0	1.6	299.0	12.8	4.9
Quarter Min Value		41.3	4.0	0.0	8.0	101.0	0.5	248.0	12.1	1.3
Limits:		98	NA	29	100	205	10	332	12(a)	

(a) Carbon flow limit is a minimum value

* Note: The data reported herein represent 24-hour average data for all parameters. Emissions excursions that are measured on shorter time intervals (i.e., 4-hour block averages for CO) do not correlate with the 24-hour average data reported above.

APPENDIX B SITE PHOTOS – FEBRUARY/APRIL 2022



Figure 1: Feedwater pipe leak (photo from Feb. 2022)

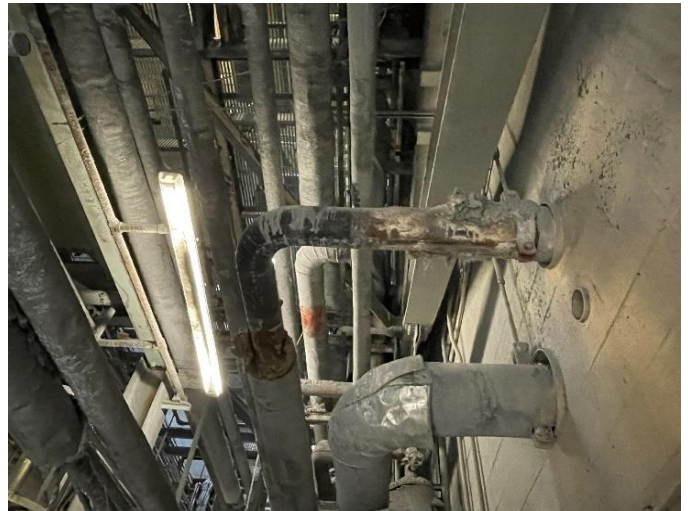


Figure 2: Feedwater pipe repaired (photo from Apr. 2022)



Figure 3: Heavy water discharge from feedwater pipe leak was being diverted to the cooling tower basin instead of the settling basin



Figure 4: New ferrous magnet installed in Feb. 2022



Figure 5: New VFD (variable frequency drive) for the magnet

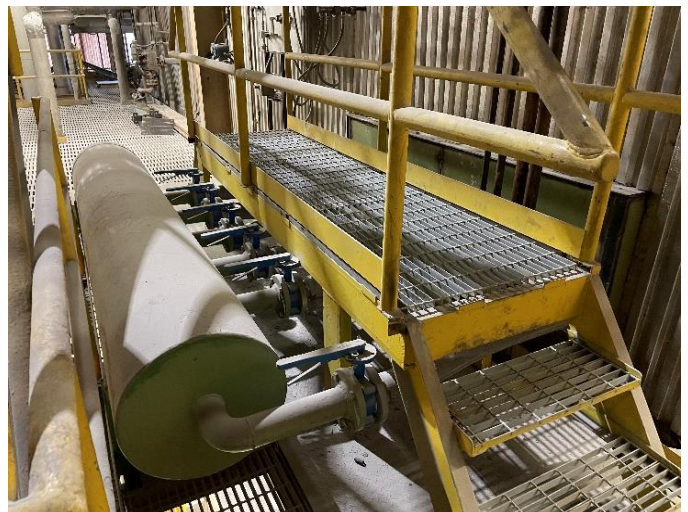


Figure 6: New LN equipment installed on Unit 3



Figure 7: New LN fan for Unit 3



Figure 8: Double dump valves both failed open – allows for air in-leakage



Figure 9: Hole in the boiler left side of Unit 3 (around generation bank)

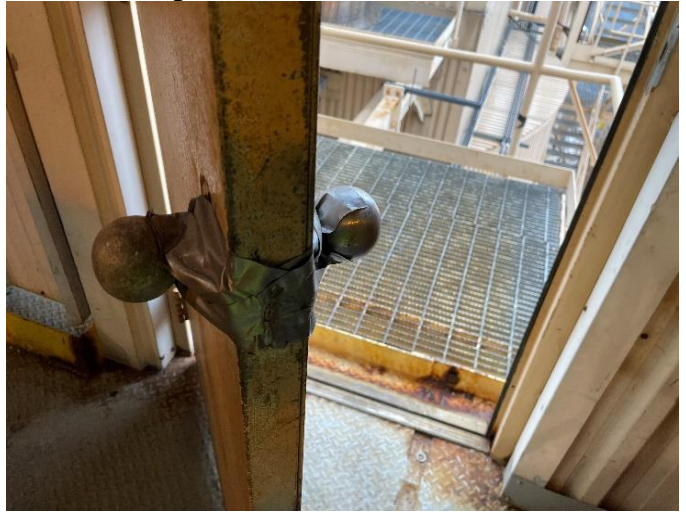


Figure 10: Unit 3 scrubber penthouse door inoperable



Figure 11: Front side of Facility (view from Eisenhower Ave.)



Figure 12: Back side of Facility



Figure 13: Side of Facility



Figure 14: Ash Trailer Canopy



Figure 15: Cooling Tower



Figure 16: Scalehouse



Figure 17: Entry into Tipping Floor

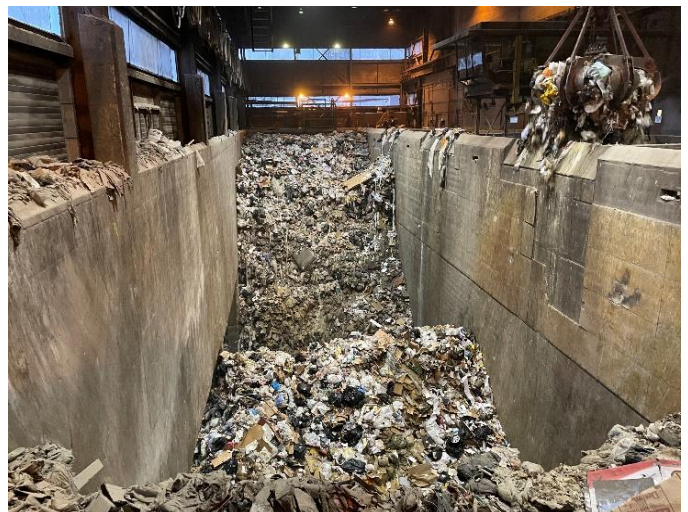


Figure 18: Refuse Pit

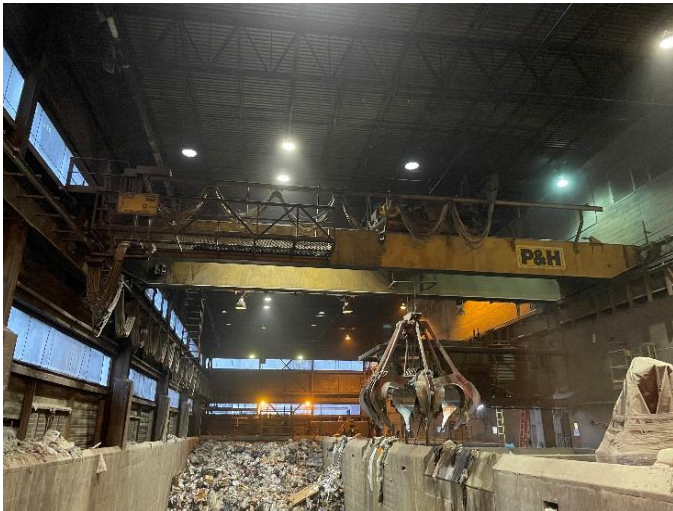


Figure 19: Refuse Pit Cranes

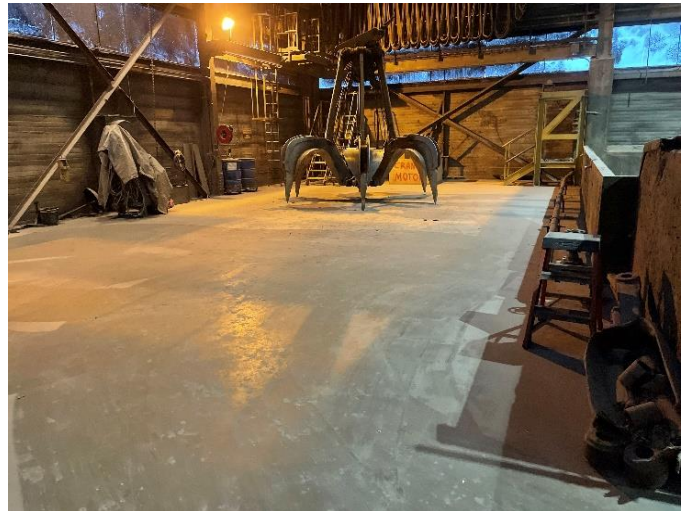


Figure 20: Refuse Pit Charging Deck



Figure 21: Firing Aisle



Figure 22: Main Ash Vibrating Conveyor



Figure 23: Combustion Air Pre-Heater

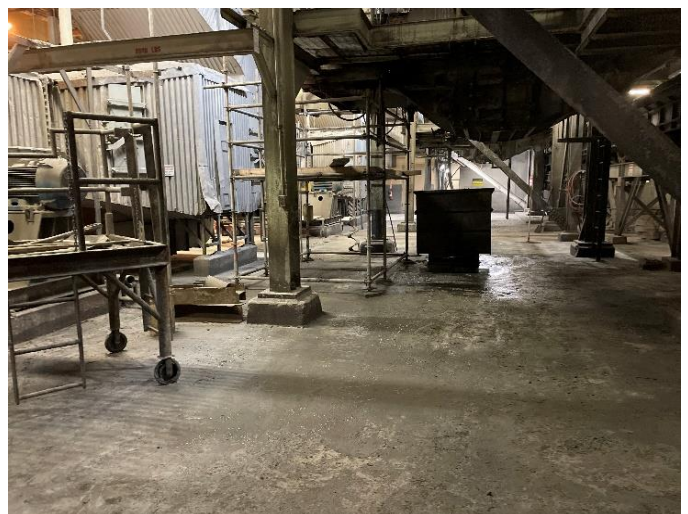


Figure 24: Ash Discharger Aisle



Figure 25: Boiler Feedwater Pumps



Figure 26: Turbine Condensate Pumps



Figure 27: Turbine-Generator



Figure 28: Steam Deaerator



Figure 29: Boiler Economizer

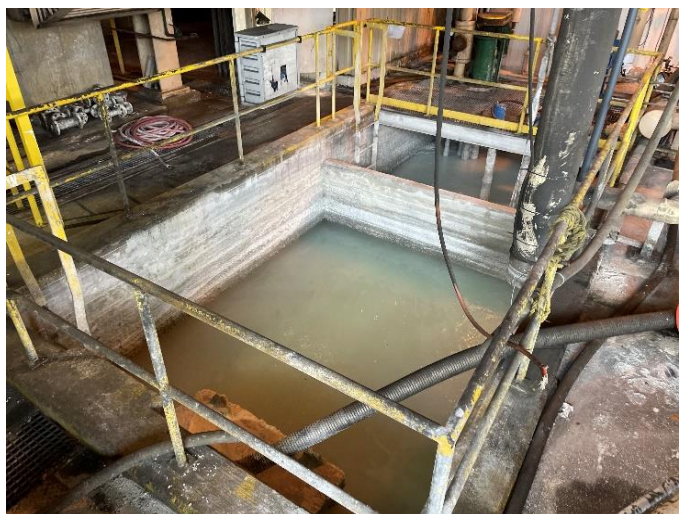


Figure 30: Settling Basin



Figure 31: Scrubber Penthouse



Figure 32: Lime Slurry Pumps



Figure 33: Pebble Lime Slaker



Figure 34: Scrubber Penthouse Lime Slurry Station



Figure 35: Scrubber Lime Slurry Atomizer



Figure 36: Cooling Tower Circulating Water Pumps