FY 2017 JLBC Baseline

Summary Version

January 15, 2016

JLBC

Summary of Current Budget Status

- □ The Baseline compares the 4-sector consensus revenue forecast with cost of current funding formulas through '19
- ☐ '17 Baseline has a large cash balance of \$625 M, primarily due to \$600 M in one-time revenues
- Permanent revenues only exceed permanent spending by \$26 M (the structural balance) for '17
- Baseline structural balance grows to \$325 M by '19
 - But only if no discretionary changes for 3 years



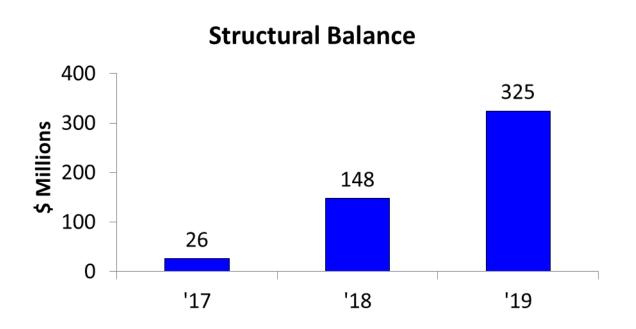
'17 Challenge: Avoid Re-creating a Structural Gap

- '17: large cash balance, small structural balance
- Using cash balance for ongoing initiatives re-creates structural gap in '18
- Excludes \$460 M Rainy Day Fund Balance

FY 2017 Baseline Projection \$ in M			
	Ψ 111 141		
Balance Forward / Other One-time Revenues	\$ 599		
Ongoing Revenues	9,397		
Ongoing Spending	(9,371)		
Cash Balance	\$ 625		



Baseline Structural Balance Improves Through '19



- Improving balances could provide more flexibility, but...
- Based on highly unlikely assumption of no discretionary changes in next 3 years



Fiscal Policy: Improvements, but Significant Challenges Ahead

- Credit rating raised in '15 to AA/Aa2, 3rd highest level
 - 26 states have higher ratings
 - Rating agencies linked upgrade to improved structural balance
- State still lacks statutory policy for addressing one-time monies
 - Capital gains and Corporate Income Tax are volatile revenue streams
 - JLBC Staff continues to recommend diverting one-time monies to one-time purposes
 - 2014 California ballot initiative channels some one-time monies into their Rainy Day Fund (Appendix A)



FY '17 - Potential Candidates for One-time Monies

- Rollover Payoff
 - State has \$1.2 B in "rollovers," which reflect deferral of current year expenses to next fiscal year
- Information Technology Initiatives
 - Examples: DOR and DCS IT systems
- Infrastructure
 - Supplement HURF with General Fund monies
 - Other Capital Improvement projects
- Pay down Operating Debt Buyback \$84 M annual payment

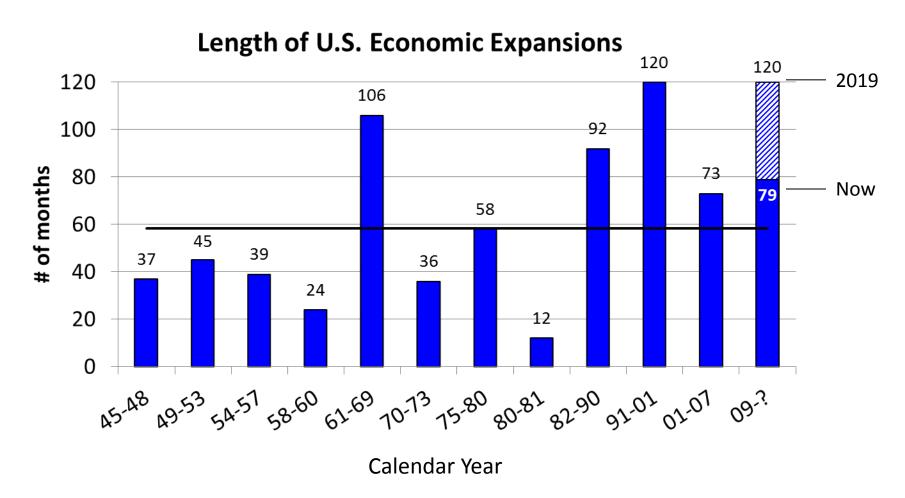


JLBC Staff Recommended Improvements

- JLBC review of DCS line item transfers would permit further legislative input on moving in-home service funding to out-of-home placements
- Revamp November 2016 ballot referral on the use of the Permanent Fund for Land Department administrative expenses to increase legislative oversight and reduce potential beneficiary impact
- Clarify the 2015 law regarding state and local responsibilities regarding the 1% homeowner property tax cap
- Appropriate all or none of University tuition, thereby eliminating current hybrid process
- Improve knowledge of Corporate Income Tax by requiring DOR to publish more timely data on use of credits



Forecast Risk: Current Expansion Exceeds Historical Average





Revenue Growth Improves Slightly Over Time

January Consensus Forecast

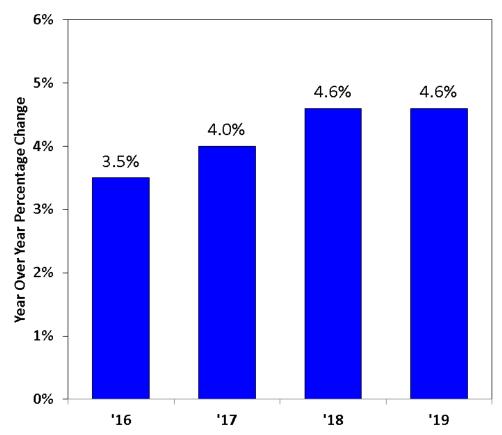
- Finance AdvisoryCommittee
- UA model base
- ☐ UA model low
- JLBC Staff

Chance of Exceeding Forecast

G 66%

Long Run Average Growth

4.7%



Percent change in Base revenues excluding balance forward, statutory changes, one-time revenues, and urban revenue sharing



Is the FY '16 Growth Rate Reasonable?

- After adjusting for tax laws and one-time funds, the projected '16 growth rate is 3.0%
 - The comparable preliminary growth rate through December is also 3.0%
 - "Core" Revenues sales tax (2.5%) and withholding (2.8%)
- The Baseline would increase the forecast of these ongoing revenues by \$341 M above the enacted budget
 - Through a preliminary December estimate, '16 revenues are \$209 million above the enacted budget
- The 2nd half forecast gain is expected to slow due to the higher collection level in the 2nd half of '15
 - There is uncertainty regarding the sustainability of last year's capital gains collections



Components of the Revenue Forecast

- Excludes Change in Beginning Balance

	\$ in M			
	<u>′16</u>	<u>'17</u>	<u>′18</u>	<u>′19</u>
Base Revenue Growth (3.5%/4.0%/4.6%/4.6%)	333	389	461	475
One-Time Fund Transfers	139	(117)	(100)	0
One-Time Amnesty Collections	47	(47)	0	0
Previously Enacted Tax Legislation	(98)	(98)	(90)	(73)
Urban Revenue Sharing	3	(58)	(13)	(6)
Total	424	69	258	396
% Change	4.7%	0.7%	2.7%	4.1%



Projected Baseline Spending Changes

	GF \$ in M Above Prior Year		
	<u> </u>	'18	'19
K-12	84	138	124
AHCCCS	79	77	98
DCS	(9)	0	0
DES	24	25	29
Corrections	23	7	0
Universities	12	4	0
Employee Health Insurance	(8)	0	0
Land Dept. Self-Fund	0	(13)	0
Other	(24)	(2)	(32)
Total Operating Budget Changes	181	236	219
Total Spending	\$9,371	\$9,607	\$9,826
% Change	1.4%	2.5%	2.3%

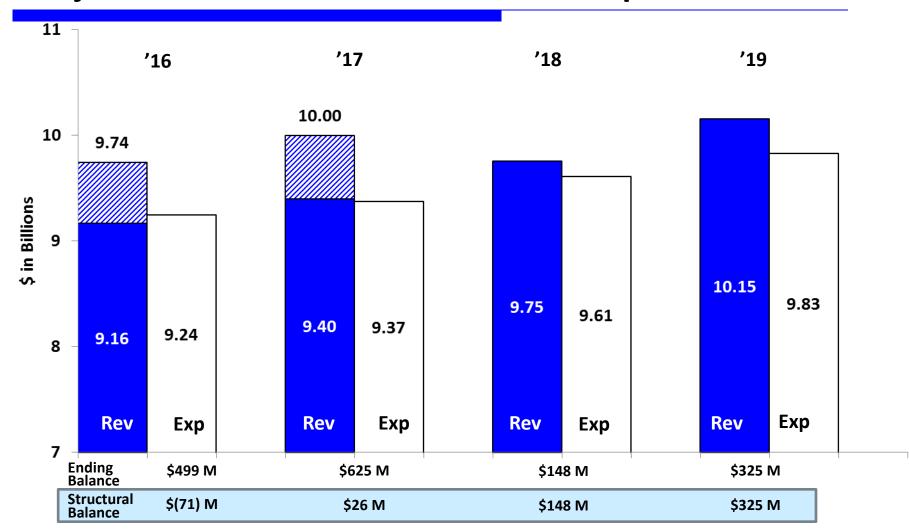


Main Caseload Assumptions

- K-12 projected to grow by \$84 M
 - 1.6% inflation/1.4% student growth/property tax cut
 - (\$61) M in savings for previously enacted JTED and declining enrollment provisions
- Medicaid '17 spending grows 4.4%
 - 2.5% caseload, 1.5% capitation, and better federal match rates
- DCS funding adjusted down consistent with May 2014 plan
 - Reflects one-time backlog funding, but problem remains the same
- ADC reflects cost for opening 1,000 previously authorized beds



Projected General Fund Revenues & Expenditures





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