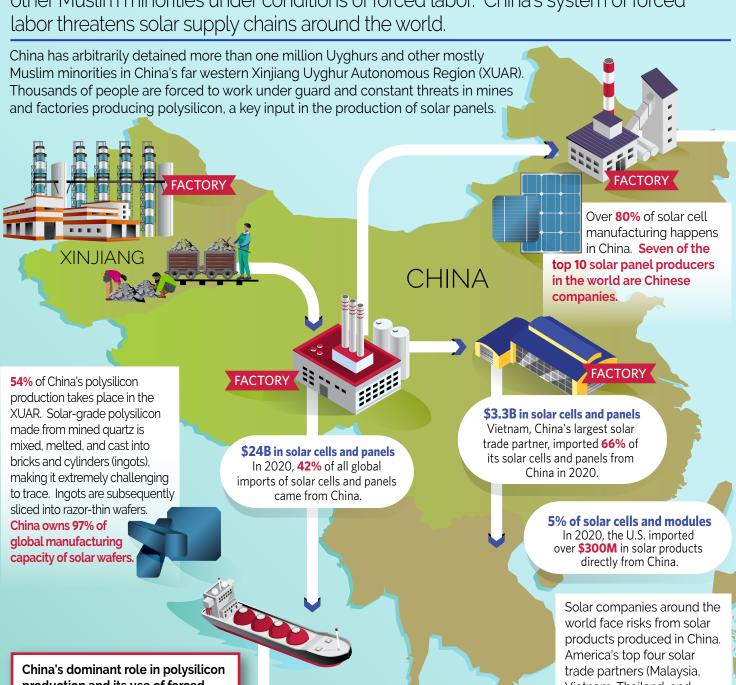
Traced to Forced Labor: Solar Supply Chains Dependent on Polysilicon from Xinjiang

95% of solar panels worldwide are made up of polysilicon. Nearly half of global production comes from Xinjiang, where polysilicon is produced by Uyghurs and other Muslim minorities under conditions of forced labor. China's system of forced



production and its use of forced labor raises risks for the entire solar supply chain, as well as for additional silica-based products like semiconductors.

Eight countries imported over \$1B each from China

In 2020, over 50% of China's **\$24B** in solar cells and panels were imported by just eight countries.

Vietnam, Thailand, and South Korea) also import large quantities of solar materials from China.