CLEARED For Open Publication

Apr 19, 2023

Department of Defense OFFICE OF PREPUBLICATION AND SECURITY REVIEW

Selected Acquisition Report (SAR)



B-52 Commercial Engine Replacement Program Rapid Virtual Prototype (B-52 CERP RVP)

FY 2024 President's Budget

Defense Acquisition Visibility Environment (DAVE)

Table of Contents

| Acronyms and Abbreviations | 3 |
|-----------------------------|----|
| Program Information | 5 |
| Responsible Office | 5 |
| Mission and Description | 6 |
| Executive Summary | 7 |
| Schedule | 9 |
| Performance | 10 |
| Acquisition Budget Estimate | 11 |
| Unit Cost | 12 |
| Risks | |
| Low Rate Initial Production | 14 |
| Contracts | 15 |
| Deliveries and Expenditures | 22 |
| Operating and Support Costs | 23 |

Common Acronyms and Abbreviations

\$B - Billions of Dollars \$K - Thousands of Dollars \$M - Millions of Dollars ACAT - Acquisition Category Acq O&M - Acquisition-Related Operations and Maintenance ADM - Acquisition Decision Memorandum **APB** - Acquisition Program Baseline **APPN** - Appropriation APUC - Average Procurement Unit Cost BA - Budget Authority/Budget Activity Blk - Block BY - Base Year CAPE - Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation CARD - Cost Analysis Requirements Description CDD - Capability Development Document CLIN - Contract Line Item Number **CPD** - Capability Production Document CY - Calendar Year DAB - Defense Acquisition Board DAE - Defense Acquisition Executive DAMIR - Defense Acquisition Management Information Retrieval DoD - Department of Defense DSN - Defense Switched Network EMD - Engineering and Manufacturing Development EVM - Earned Value Management FMS - Foreign Military Sales FOC - Full Operational Capability FRP - Full Rate Production FY - Fiscal Year FYDP - Future Years Defense Program ICE - Independent Cost Estimate Inc - Increment IOC - Initial Operational Capability JROC - Joint Requirements Oversight Council **KPP** - Key Performance Parameter LRIP - Low Rate Initial Production MDA - Milestone Decision Authority MDAP - Major Defense Acquisition Program **MILCON - Military Construction** N/A - Not Applicable O&M - Operations and Maintenance O&S - Operating and Support **ORD** - Operational Requirements Document OSD - Office of the Secretary of Defense PAUC - Program Acquisition Unit Cost PB - President's Budget

B-52 CERP RVP

PE - Program Element
PEO - Program Executive Officer
PM - Program Manager
POE - Program Office Estimate
RDT&E - Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation
SAR - Selected Acquisition Report
SCP - Service Cost Position
TBD - To Be Determined
TY - Then Year
U.S. - United States
UCR - Unit Cost Reporting
USD(A&S) - Under Secretary of Defense (Acquisition, Technology and Logistics)

Program Information

Program Name

B-52 Commercial Engine Replacement Program (B-52 CERP)

DoD Component

Air Force

Responsible Office

Program Manager

Name: Lt. Col Connor Benedict Date Assigned: April 27, 2021 Address: 3001 Staff Drive Tinker AFB, OK 73145 Phone: (405) 394-0488

Mission and Description

The B-52 Commercial Engine Replacement Program (CERP) supports nuclear and conventional operations by replacing the current TF33-PW-103 engine on the B-52H aircraft. The TF33-PW-103 engine is increasingly difficult to sustain due to diminished manufacturing sources and obsolescent technologies; the Air Force Propulsion Directorate projects the engine will become unsustainable by 2030. This sustainment program will replace the current TF33-PW-103 engine with new military derivative commercial Rolls-Royce F130 engines of similar size, weight, and thrust characteristics. Along with the new engines, CERP will replace associated subsystems, such as engine struts and nacelles, the electrical power generation system, and cockpit displays. The development, production, and installation of new engines and related subsystems will replace the legacy equipment on all 76 B-52H aircraft. The CERP modified aircraft will be designated as B-52J. B-52 CERP will take advantage of advances in technology and ongoing development efforts to acquire engines and integrate them into the B-52. The use of new technology will increase both the overall reliability/maintainability of the propulsion system and produce additional electrical power generation capabilities for emerging requirements. The B-52 CERP will allow the operational command (Air Force Global Strike Command) to fully utilize the capabilities of the B-52J aircraft to employ an array of nuclear and conventional weapons while saving fuel and extending the range/loiter capabilities of the aircraft. In addition, applicable training devices must also be developed, modified and/or upgraded in conjunction with the aircraft modifications. This upgrade will also require the corresponding modification of a B-52 Weapon System Trainer. As CERP brings the additional capability to the B-52, emerging security/certification requirements (nuclear hardening, cyber security, program protection, etc.) will also need to be addressed

Executive Summary

B-52 CERP RVP

Program Highlights Since Last Report

Significant Accomplishments: This is an early SAR submission in advance of Milestone B for the B-52 CERP as directed by the FY 2022 National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA). The FY 2022 NDAA established an original baseline estimate for CERP set to the FY 2020 program estimate. This is prior to the program completing the Preliminary Design Review (PDR) and Milestone B projected for FY 2023. Establishing a cost baseline before PDR adds risk to the program as the baseline estimate is not based on an established allocated baseline system design, which could create future program issues. The program plans to establish the Acquisition Program Baseline (APB) and associated program certification in accordance with Title 10 United States Code Section 4252 at Milestone B, planned in the fourth quarter of FY 2023. The Baseline estimate used for the Current and Original APB in this program's SAR reflect the FY 2020 Program Office Estimate (POE) per the FY 2022 NDAA; values will be updated at Milestone B.

Rapid Prototype Material contracts 0 and 1 (RPM0, RPM1) were awarded by the program as undefinitized contract actions in March and October 2021, respectively, for the development and delivery of long-lead material to support the test aircraft. The program was unable to definitize these contracts as expected in CY 2022 due to difficulties encountered (e.g. extended evaluation of Boeing Commercial Airplanes, major commercial subcontractors due to lack of other-than-certified data, and proposal update delays). The program recently received updated rate recommendations from the Defense Contract Management Agency and expects to definitize RPM0 in the fourth quarter of FY2023 and RPM1 in the third quarter of FY 2023.

The program achieved a major event in CY 2022 by conducting the System Preliminary Design Review (PDR) in October 2022. The System PDR was preceded by a series of component and subsystem PDRs. The program adjudicated action items from PDR and formally entered critical design in March 2023.

Integrated test and evaluation continued with system performance testing. CERP completed High-Speed Wind Tunnel testing at the Boeing Transonic Wind Tunnel in Seattle on July 19, 2022. The data from this testing will be used to further refine and substantiate the High-Speed Computational Fluid Dynamics model. CERP also completed Low-Speed Wind Tunnel testing on September 2, 2022, at the QinetiQ Five Metre Wind Tunnel in Farnborough, England. Data from this testing allowed the program to successfully evaluate mitigation options for buffet, stall, and maximum coefficient of lift issues. Data recorded is feeding aerodynamics analyses to determine specific impacts of the CERP modification. The Rapid Twin Pod Test (RTPT) began at the National Aeronautics and Space Administration's Stennis Space Center in Mississippi in December 2022 and will run through April 2023. The objective of the RTPT is to conduct early risk reduction testing to inform key integration decisions. All Build 1 test objectives, including running both engines simultaneously, were completed successfully as scheduled.

In FY 2019, B-52 CERP received a \$2.6M Congressional mark due to the delayed new start. In FY 2020, Congress rescinded \$10M based on funding execution. In FY 2021, Congress marked B-52 CERP \$25.5M with the rationale of "excess to need." In FY 2022, Congress marked B-52 CERP \$55M due to the Rapid Prototyping Material Contract delay. In FY 2023, Congress marked B-52 CERP \$16.3M due to under-execution. The program has made adjustments to align execution with funding changes due to marks.

The B-52 System Program Manager requested approval from the Senior Acquisition Executive (SAE) to adapt the Acquisition Strategy (AS) and plan to transition the program to a Major Capability Acquisition (MCA) effort at Milestone B before the completion of the current Rapid Virtual Prototype (RVP) Middle Tier Acquisition (MTA). The SAE approved the transition to an MCA pathway and documented the decision in an Acquisition Decision Memorandum, dated March 29, 2022. B-52 CERP updated the AS and developed Milestone B entrance criteria in March 2023.

During the proposal evaluation of the PDR to CDR transition contract modification, the program identified budget constraints in FY 2023 and FY 2024. As a result, the program extended the development schedule by one year to fit within the FY 2023 and FY 2024 President's Budget. The program is assessing cost and funding constraints in future years. The certification at Milestone B and the associated APB will establish the cost, schedule, and affordability baseline.

Risks reported in previous SAR have been mitigated or realized. The CERP Baseline risk is now being handled as an issue, and the program has taken action to procure two Radar Modernization Program kits and install them on the two test aircraft during the CERP modification. The Cybersecurity risk was mitigated by flowing down requirements to all the suppliers and requesting their impacts. No significant cost/schedule impacts were identified due to the cyber requirements. The Total Program Schedule risk was accepted because of schedule re-baseline activities.

The program is actively mitigating and/or monitoring the following key risks: Engineering and Manufacturing Development (EMD) aircraft modification timeline, wing leading edge ignition potential due to Auxiliary Start Air Start Unit discharge temperature, and engine fan flutter.

| listory of Significant Developments Since Program Initiation | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| History of | History of Significant Developments Since Program Initiation | | | |
| Date | Significant Development Description | | | |
| Nov - 2022 | The B-52 CERP awarded the PDR to CDR Transition Undefinitized Contract Action to Boeing | | | |
| Oct - 2022 | The B-52 CERP conducted the Preliminary Design Review. | | | |
| Oct - 2021 | The B-52 CERP awarded the Rapid Prototype Material Phase 1 Undefinitized Contract Action to Boeing. | | | |
| Sep - 2021 | Boeing delivered the B-52 CERP Virtual System Prototype Increment 1. | | | |
| Sep - 2021 | The B-52 CERP awarded the Engine contract to Rolls-Royce. | | | |
| Mar - 2021 | The B-52 CERP awarded the Rapid Prototype Material Phase 0 Undefinitized Contract Action to Boeing. | | | |
| Feb - 2020 | The B-52 CERP awarded the Rapid Prototyping 1 contract to Boeing. | | | |
| Feb - 2020 | The B-52 CERP conducted the System Functional Review. | | | |
| Dec - 2019 | The SAE approved the award of the Rapid Prototyping 1 contract. | | | |
| Oct - 2019 | The B-52 CERP conducted the System Requirements Review. | | | |
| Dec - 2018 | The B-52 CERP awarded the Risk Reduction Requirements contract to Boeing. | | | |
| Sep - 2018 | The SAE approved B-52 CERP as a Rapid Prototype Section 804 program with two distinct prototype deliveries, virtual and physical and delegated Source Selection Authority for the B-52 CERP engine contract to the PEO for Fighters and Bombers. | | | |
| Mar - 2018 | The SAE approved the B-52 CERP Materiel Development Decision. | | | |

Schedule

B-52 CERP RVP

| Events | Milestone Baseline Objective | | Baseline /Threshold | Current Estimate/Actual | Deviation |
|--|------------------------------------|----------|------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|
| Materiel Development Decision | Mar 2018 | Mar 2018 | Mar 2018 | Mar 2018 | |
| Middle Tier Acquisition (MTA) Designation Date | Sep 2018 | Sep 2018 | Sep 2018 | Sep 2018 | |
| MTA Funds First Obligated | Dec 2018 | Dec 2018 | Dec 2018 | Dec 2018 | |
| Virtual System Prototype Decision Point (MTA) | Dec 2019 | Dec 2019 | Dec 2019 | Dec 2019 | |
| MTA Operational Demonstration | Sep 2021 | Sep 2021 | Sep 2021 | Sep 2021 | |
| Milestone B | May 2023 | May 2023 | Dec 2023 | Sep 2023 | |
| MTA Program Completion Date | Dec 2023 | Dec 2023 | Dec 2023 | Dec 2023 | |

Schedule Note

The B-52 CERP was directed by the FY 2022 National Defense Authorization Act to submit a SAR in advance of Milestone B. The Milestone B dates in the schedule table represent proposed dates based on AS transition planning and are not yet established by the Milestone Decision Authority (MDA) in a formal APB process.

The B-52 CERP is in the process of revising its AS and planning to transition CERP to a program under the MCA pathway versus entering a second MTA. The program plans to enter Milestone B before the completion of the current RVP MTA. The program schedule will be updated in a subsequent SAR submission when a formal Acquisition Program Baseline (APB) is approved by the MDA.

Performance

B-52 CERP RVP

Performance Characteristics for this program are Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI) and have been removed per paragraph (i) of title 10 United States Code 4351 which required the SAR be submitted without any designation related to dissemination control.

Requirement Reference

Capability Development Document (CDD) for B-52H Commercial Engine Replacement Program (CERP), Approved by AF/CV on May 20, 2020. The CDD is being updated for Joint Requirements Oversight Council (JROC) approval in preparation for the Milestone B review.

Performance Note

The B-52 CERP was directed by the FY 2022 National Defense Authorization Act to submit a SAR in advance of Milestone B.

Acquisition Budget Estimate

B-52 CERP RVP

Total Acquisition Cost

| | | Milestone APB | Current Baseline | | Current Baseline Budget Estimate PB 2024 | | |
|-------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|----------|-----------|
| Category | Base Year | Objective (BY\$M) | Objective (BY\$M) | Threshold (BY\$M) | BY\$M | TY\$M | Deviation |
| RDT&E | 2019 | 2,201.6 | 2,201.6 | 2,421.8 | 3,505.4 | 4,300.7 | |
| Procurement | 2019 | 6,757.4 | 6,757.4 | 7,433.1 | 5,645.0 | 8,065.9 | |
| MILCON | | | | | | | |
| Acq. O&M | | | | | | | |
| Total | | 8,959.0 | 8,959.0 | | 9,150.4 | 12,366.6 | |
| PAUC | 2019 | 117.882 | 117.882 | 129.670 | 120.400 | 162.718 | |
| APUC | 2019 | 91.316 | 91.316 | 100.447 | 76.283 | 108.998 | |

Budget Note

The B-52 CERP was directed by the FY 2022 National Defense Authorization Act (NDAA) to submit a SAR in advance of Milestone B. The NDAA established an original baseline estimate for CERP prior to the program completing the Preliminary Design Review (PDR) and Milestone B projected for FY 2023. The values above represent proposed APB cost objectives and thresholds and are approved by the Milestone Decision Authority in a formal APB.

The Development APB and Current APB are from the Air Force Cost Analysis Agency's cost estimate dated March 11, 2020 and are based on analogous systems to determine the most probable weapon system cost.

The Current Estimate (CE) is based on budgetary actuals for FY 2018 – FY 2022 (decreased budget authority by program realignments and marks), FY 2024 President's Budget alignment for FY 2023 – FY 2024, and the 2022 Program Office Estimate excursion dated October 2022 for FY 2025 – FY 2035.

The 2023 inflation indices have been applied to the Current estimate for the base year dollar calculation.

Total End Item Quantity

| Quantity Category | Current APB Quantity | Current Estimate Quantity |
|-------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|
| Development | 2 | 2 |
| Procurement | 74 | 74 |
| O&M-Acquired | | |

Unit Cost B-52 CERP RVP

| Current UCR Baseline and Current Estimate (Base-Year Dollars) | | | | | | |
|---|--|------------------|----------|--|--|--|
| Category (\$M) Base Year:2019 | Current UCR Baseline | Current Estimate | % Change | | | |
| Program Acquisition Unit Cost | | | | | | |
| Cost | 8,959.0 | 9,150.4 | | | | |
| Quantity | 76 | 76 | | | | |
| Unit Cost | 117.882 | 120.400 | 2.14% | | | |
| Average Procurement Unit Cost | | | | | | |
| Cost | 6,757.4 | 5,645.0 | | | | |
| Quantity | 74 | 74 | | | | |
| Unit Cost | 91.316 | 76.283 | -16.46% | | | |
| Original | Original UCR Baseline and Current Estimate (Base-Year Dollars) | | | | | |
| Category (\$M) Base Year:2019 | Original UCR Baseline | Current Estimate | % Change | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Program Acquisition Unit Cost | | | | | | |
| Cost | 8,959.0 | 9,150.4 | | | | |
| Quantity | 76 | 76 | | | | |
| Unit Cost | 117.882 | 120.400 | 2.14% | | | |
| Average Procurement Unit Cost | | | | | | |
| Cost | 6,757.4 | 5,645.0 | | | | |
| Quantity | 74 | 74 | | | | |
| Unit Cost | 91.316 | 76.283 | -16.46% | | | |
| | Cost Growth Det | ails | | | | |
| | Cost Growth Det | | | | | |

The B-52 CERP was directed by the FY 2022 National Defense Authorization Act to submit a SAR in advance of Milestone B. The values in the table represent the most current cost information and are not yet established by the Milestone Decision Authority in a formal APB process.

Risks

B-52 CERP RVP

Risk and Sensitivity Analysis

Risk and Sensitivity Analysis

Current Procurement Cost (December - 2022)

1. There are no significant risks to the program at this time. The estimate for B-52 CERP is based upon analogous historical re-engine programs and takes inherited risks/issues from those programs into account.

Original Baseline Estimate (March - 2020)

1. The B-52 CERP is Pre-Milestone B. There were no significant risks to the program at the time of the FY 2020 Air Force Cost Analysis Agency's cost estimate. The estimate for B-52 CERP was based upon analogous historical re-engine programs and took inherited risks/issues from those programs into account.

Current Baseline Estimate (March - 2020

 The B-52 CERP is Pre-Milestone B. There were no significant risks to the program at the time of the FY 2020 Air Force Cost Analysis Agency's cost estimate. The estimate for B-52 CERP was based upon analogous historical re-engine programs and took inherited risks/issues from those programs into account.

Significant Schedule Risks

Significant Schedule Risks

Current Estimate (December - 2022)

1. EMD Aircraft Modification Timeline: If the EMD aircraft modification timeline exceeds 18 months, then Integrated Test-3 activities will be delayed and will delay IOC day-for-day beyond 18 months.

Technologies and Systems Engineering

Significant Technical Risks

Current Estimate (December - 2022)

- 1. Wing Leading Edge Ignition Potential: If the elevated bleed air temperatures introduced by the Auxiliary Start Air Unit and potentially from the external air carts can't be reduced, then these elevated air temperatures may reduce the level of safety in the wing leading edge resulting in cost and schedule impacts.
- 2. Engine Fan Flutter: If engine fan flutter is detected during full scale dual engine pod testing, then additional effort will be required to incorporate an inlet flutter liner and/or define and implement keep out zones and/or adjust the nozzle design.

Low Rate Initial Production

B-52 CERP RVP

LRIP Note

An official LRIP will be approved by the MDA upon transition to a Major Capability Acquisition program at Milestone B FY 2023.

Contracts & Efforts

| Contract Data | | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Contract Number | FA8626-19-D-1000 | | |
| Effort Number | | | |
| Modification Number | | | |
| Award Date | 02/14/2020 | | |
| Definitization Date | 02/14/2020 | | |
| Order Number | FA8107-20-F-0001 | | |
| CAGE Code/CAGE Legal Name | 1N929/The Boeing Company | | |
| Contract Title | B-52 Commercial Engine Replacement Program (CERP) Rapid Prototyping 1 (RP1) | | |
| Contract Address | Oklahoma City, OK | | |
| Contracting Office | | | |
| Supported Phase | Development | | |
| Contract Strategy | | | |
| Contract Type | Cost-Plus-Incentive-Fee | | |
| Modification Date | | | |
| Work Start Date | | | |
| Technical Data Rights | | | |
| Work Completed | 89.23% | | |

| Contracts/Effort Price, Quantity, and Performance (TY\$M) | | | | |
|---|------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--|
| Initial Target Price | | Current Target Price | | |
| \$281.6 | | \$398.6 | | |
| Initial Ceiling Price | | Current Ceiling Price | e | |
| N/A | | N/A | | |
| Contractor EAC | | PM EAC | | |
| \$366.1 | | \$390.3 | | |
| Initial Quantity | Current Quantity | | Delivered Quantity | |
| 1 | 1 | | 0 | |
| BAC | BCWP | | ACWP | |

| \$367.6 | \$328 | \$348.6 |
|---------|---------------|-------------------|
| BCWS | Cost Variance | Schedule Variance |
| \$322.6 | -\$20.6 | \$5.3 |

Contract Notes:

The recent modification for the PDR to CDR Transition increased the current target price but those costs are not yet baselined into Boeing's earned value system so the data above does not reflect those updates. This modification is part of the transition from a Middle Tier Acquisition program to a Major Capability Acquisition program. Also, due to recent contract changes that have yet to be baselined, Boeing's estimate at completion is currently understated.

Factors Contributing to Cost Variance:

Unfavorable cost variance is primarily due to electrical subsystems (underestimated the cost of in-scope tasks), requirements (underestimated cost of in-scope tasks), mocks ups (more effort expended than anticipated before engine source selection), and volatility of design before preliminary design review.

Factors Contributing to Schedule Variance:

Favorable schedule variance is driven by an early invoice. Discounting the early invoice, the actual variance is approximately - \$6M. This is primarily driven by the late completion of pin-to-pin schematics for the lab which delayed the start of the wiring diagrams.

B-52 CERP RVP

| Contract Data | | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Contract Number | FA8626-19-D-1000 | | |
| Effort Number | | | |
| Modification Number | | | |
| Award Date | 03/31/2021 | | |
| Definitization Date | | | |
| Order Number | FA8107-21-F-0008 | | |
| CAGE Code/CAGE Legal Name | 1N929/The Boeing Company | | |
| Contract Title | B-52 Commercial Engine Replacement Program (CERP) Rapid Prototyping Material Phase 0 (RPM0) | | |
| Contract Address | Oklahoma City, OK | | |
| Contracting Office | | | |
| Supported Phase | Development | | |
| Contract Strategy | | | |
| Contract Type | Cost-Plus-Incentive-Fee | | |
| Modification Date | | | |
| Work Start Date | | | |
| Technical Data Rights | | | |
| Work Completed | 14.47% | | |

| Contracts/Effort Price, Quantity, and Performance (TY\$M) | | | | |
|---|------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--|
| Initial Target Price | | Current Target Price | | |
| \$665.3 | | \$665.3 | | |
| Initial Ceiling Price | | Current Ceiling Pric | e | |
| N/A | | N/A | | |
| Contractor EAC | | PM EAC | | |
| \$502.0 | | \$502.0 | | |
| Initial Quantity | Current Quantity | | Delivered Quantity | |
| 1 | 1 | | 0 | |
| BAC | BCWP | | ACWP | |
| \$665.3 | \$96.3 | | \$97.0 | |

| BCWS | Cost Variance | Schedule Variance |
|---------|---------------|-------------------|
| \$118.4 | -\$0.7 | -\$22.1 |

Contract Note:

Rapid Prototype Material contract 0 (RPM0) was awarded by the program as an undefinitized contract action in March 2021 for the development and delivery of long-lead material to support the test aircraft. The program expects to definitize RPM0 no later than the fourth quarter of FY 2023.

Factors Contributing to Cost Variance:

The unfavorable cost variance is primarily due to delays in Boeing getting the Electrical Power Generation System vendor, Collins, on contract.

Factors Contributing to Schedule Variance:

The unfavorable schedule variance is primarily due to inconsistent or lagging supplier billing compared to spend plan for Electrical Power Generation System and the Environmental Control System vendors.

B-52 CERP RVP

| Contract Data | | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Contract Number | FA8626-19-D-1000 | | |
| Effort Number | | | |
| Modification Number | | | |
| Award Date | 10/15/2021 | | |
| Definitization Date | | | |
| Order Number | FA8107-22-F-0002 | | |
| CAGE Code/CAGE Legal Name | 1N929/The Boeing Company | | |
| Contract Title | B-52 Commercial Engine Replacement Program (CERP) Rapid Prototyping Material Phase 1 (RPM1) | | |
| Contract Address | Oklahoma City, OK | | |
| Contracting Office | | | |
| Supported Phase | Development | | |
| Contract Strategy | | | |
| Contract Type | Cost-Plus-Incentive-Fee | | |
| Modification Date | | | |
| Work Start Date | | | |
| Technical Data Rights | | | |
| Work Completed | 4.17% | | |

| Contracts/Effort Price, Quantity, and Performance (TY\$M) | | | |
|---|------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Initial Target Price | | Current Target Price | |
| \$295.6 | | \$295.6 | |
| Initial Ceiling Price | | Current Ceiling Price | |
| | | | |
| Contractor EAC | | PM EAC | |
| \$187.8 | | \$187.8 | |
| Initial Quantity | Current Quantity | | Delivered Quantity |
| 1 | 1 | | 0 |
| BAC | BCWP | | ACWP |
| \$294.8 | \$12.3 | | \$11.5 |

| BCWS | Cost Variance | Schedule Variance |
|------|---------------|-------------------|
| \$21 | \$0.8 | -\$8.7 |

Contract Note:

Rapid Prototype Material contract 1 (RPM1) was awarded by the program as an undefinitized contract action in October 2021 for the development and delivery of long-lead material to support the test aircraft. The program expects to definitize RPM1 no later than the third quarter of FY 2023.

Factors Contributing to Cost Variance:

The favorable cost variance is primarily due to material ordering not yet started for major suppliers and less than anticipated technical subcontract management support at this stage in the contract.

Factors Contributing to Schedule Variance:

The unfavorable schedule variance is primarily due to inconsistent or lagging supplier billing compared to the spend plan for strut and nacelle materials and delayed drawing releases and part ordering for the system integration lab.

B-52 CERP RVP

| Contract Data | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Contract Number | FA8107-21-D-0001 | | |
| Effort Number | | | |
| Modification Number | | | |
| Award Date | 09/24/2021 | | |
| Definitization Date | 09/24/2021 | | |
| Order Number | FA8107-21-F-0009 | | |
| CAGE Code/CAGE Legal Name | 63005/Rolls-Royce Corporation | | |
| Contract Title | B-52 CERP Engine Contract | | |
| Contract Address | Indianapolis, IN | | |
| Contracting Office | | | |
| Supported Phase | Development | | |
| Contract Strategy | | | |
| Contract Type | Firm-Fixed-Price | | |
| Modification Date | | | |
| Work Start Date | | | |
| Technical Data Rights | | | |
| Work Completed | | | |

| Contracts/Effort Price, Quantity, and Performance (TY\$M) | | | | |
|---|------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--|
| Initial Target Price | | Current Target Price | | |
| \$2,604.3 | | \$2,604.3 | | |
| Initial Ceiling Price | | Current Ceiling Price | | |
| N/A | | N/A | | |
| Contractor EAC | | PM EAC | | |
| \$2,604.3 | | \$2,604.3 | | |
| Initial Quantity | Current Quantity | • | Delivered Quantity | |
| 652 | 652 | | 0 | |

Deliveries and Expenditures

B-52 CERP RVP

| Deliveries | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Delivered to Date | Planned to Date | Actual to Date | Total Quantity | Percent Delivered |
| Development | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0.00% |
| Production | 0 | 0 | 74 | 0.00% |
| Total Program Quantity Delivered | 0 | 0 | 76 | 0.00% |

Expended and Appropriated (TY \$M)

Years Appropriated to date: 6

Total Years Appropriated Funding (Current Baseline): 18

Percent Years Appropriated: 33.33%

Then-Year Funding Appropriated as Percentage of Total Acquisition Estimate: 10.20%

Then-Year Funding Expended as Percentage of Total Acquisition Estimate: 5.20%

Total Acquisition Cost: \$12,366.58

Operating and Support Costs

B-52 CERP RVP

O&S Cost Breakdown:

| Category (BY2019\$ Million) | B-52 CERP – RVP |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Unit-Level Manpower | |
| Unit Operations | |
| Maintenance | |
| Sustaining Support | |
| Continued System Improvements | |
| Other | |
| Total | |

| Total Program O&S Cost Compared with Baseline | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| | Current Baseline | | | | |
| | Objective (BY\$M) | Threshold (BY\$M) | Current Estimate (BY\$M) | Current Estimate (TY\$M) | Deviation |
| Total O&S | | | | | |

Note: O&S costs are currently not tracked separately for B-52 CERP. O&S costs are included in the overall operational costs for the existing B-52 fleet managed by the program office at Tinker Air Force Base. The program will continue to improve the O&S estimates for B-52 CERP with future iterations seeking to provide the net delta that the CERP modification will have on the legacy B-52 O&S cost baseline.

Operating and Support Costs - Disposal and Unitized Costs

Annual Unitized O&S Cost Definition and Calculation Relative to Total O&S Cost:

O&S costs are not tracked separately for B-52 CERP. O&S costs are included in the overall operational costs for the existing B-52 fleet managed by the program office at Tinker Air Force Base. The program will continue to improve the O&S estimates for B-52 CERP with future iterations seeking to provide the net delta that the CERP modification will have on the legacy B-52 O&S cost baseline.