

INTERNATIONAL BASKETBALL MIGRATION REPORT 2021



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ABOUT FIBA

The International Basketball Federation (FIBA), the world governing body for the sport, was originally founded by eight nations in 1932 and now brings together 212 National Basketball Federations worldwide.

The mission of FIBA, which is a non-profit making organization, is to unite the millions of basketball players and fans globally, by developing and promoting the sport. It is the only authority in basketball recognized by the International Olympic Committee (IOC). Its main office is located at the Patrick Baumann House of Basketball, in Mies, Switzerland, with the headquarters supported by Regional Offices in Africa, Americas, Asia, Europe and Oceania.

In its primary role of developing and promoting basketball around the world, FIBA oversees: the establishment, updating and amending of the Official Basketball Rules; the establishment of the specifications for basketball equipment and facilities; the establishment of all regulations for international and Olympic competitions, including the system of competition; appointing international referees; regulating the transfer of players from one country to another; as well as governing and overseeing the organization of all international competitions.

FIBA's main tournaments are the FIBA Basketball World Cup and the FIBA Women's Basketball World Cup, which are held every four years. These tournaments are underpinned by prestigious youth events for both men and women, in the form of the FIBA U19 Basketball World Cup and the FIBA U17 Basketball World Cup, with each edition being held every two years. There are also multiple Continental events at both senior and youth level.

Also overseeing the Olympic Basketball Tournaments for men and women as well as the Olympic Qualifying Tournaments, FIBA continues to secure the promotion and ever increasing global development of 3x3 basketball via a variety of competitions worldwide. At the re-scheduled Tokyo 2020 Games, 3x3 basketball debuted as an Olympic discipline.

For more information, visit fiba.basketball or follow FIBA on facebook.com/FIBA, twitter.com/FIBA and youtube.com/FIBA

ABOUT THE CIES SPORTS OBSERVATORY

The CIES Sports Observatory is a research group within the International Centre for Sports Studies (CIES). It is an independent foundation located in the Swiss city of Neuchâtel and affiliated to the local university.

The CIES Sports Observatory research team gathers experts specializing in the statistical analysis of sport. Its aim is to provide top-level services for sports governing bodies in the areas of surveys, databases, data mining and sport business intelligence. The academic team are experts in the statistical analysis of all areas of sport and regularly undertake research activities and develop joint projects with a wide-range of sport industry stakeholders, both nationally and internationally.

For more information, visit www.cies.ch or follow @sportCIES on Twitter.











FOREWORD

Building on our work to grow basketball globally, we are thrilled to present this year's edition of the International Basketball Migration Report. Marking a significant milestone as our tenth edition, the International Basketball Migration Report 2021 report gives insight into the global migration of players by providing us an essential look and feedback on international player transfers, the migratory balance per country and the flow of players between countries.

With more than 7,600 transfers recorded during the 2020-2021 season, it is vital that we keep paying close attention to the relevant data, as well as analyzing the trends. While the report has always played a pivotal role in helping the entire FIBA Family to improve its knowledge and understanding of our sport, the fact that these findings are the first to be framed wholly against the backdrop of the pandemic means they take on additional significance and interest.

When the pandemic first arose, everyone involved in basketball, including National Federations, leagues, clubs, players, coaches and agents, had to contend with significant challenges and disruptions. Since then, we have been able to better understand the actual impacts.

The previous edition of this report was only able to touch slightly on the situation. but in this edition, we show how the pandemic deeply impacted the 2020-21 season across a wide range of issues, including international transfers and shortened seasons in the US leagues for example. Another significant impact has been that the percentage of players already in the country and in the club have generally been very high.

This report once again highlights the global nature of our sport and how basketball is played by millions of registered players around the world, supported by 212 National Federations. In this context, we are acutely aware of how important it is for us to dedicate our energy towards securing and extending the popularity of basketball.

A central pillar of this aim is to fully explore and understand the ongoing development of the sport. To facilitate this, we need to make sure we understand all our most fundamental processes – including player movements. This is something made easier because of our investment in technology during these past years, particularly with the FIBA Management and Administrative Platform (MAP).

We continue to be hugely thankful for the ongoing special relationship between FIBA and the International Centre for Sport Studies (CIES). Both organizations have again pooled collective knowledge and data on international transfers, harnessing the valued expertise of the CIES Sports Observatory.

contributed to producing this valuable resource yet again for the global basketball community. We hope you enjoy reading this 10th annual report and I wish everyone a successful 2021-22 season.

Finally, I would like to sincerely thank all FIBA and CIES collaborators who



Andreas ZAGKLIS FIBA Secretary General

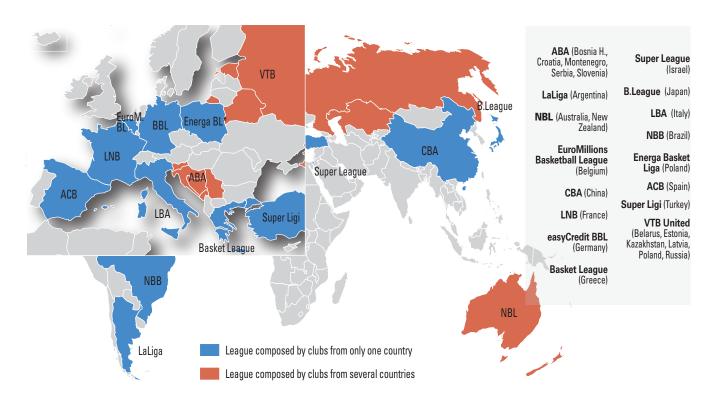
SAMPLE AND METHODOLOGY

Two main sources of data have been utilized in this report, including FIBA's database of all men's and women's international transfers. This records all movements completed by players who are aged 18 and older between two respective National Federations; which has required a 'Letter of Clearance' to be issued by the Federation of origin to the Federation of destination. For the 2020-21 season, 7,687 transfers were recorded involving a total of 6,254 players. The latter figure is in respect to international transfers of both professional and amateur players - male or female.

The second source is FIBA's database of all players registered in 16 of the top division men's leagues globally (see map). In order to be eligible for inclusion in the statistics, players must have played at least once during the 2020-21 season and the total sample included 3,925 players. The performance and demographic indicators for each league can be compared between one another.

Our analysis focuses intensely on three specific points: a comparison between national players and foreigners (players who have at least one nationality which is different than that of the country in which they play), U21 players and the turnover of players (the number of player changes made each season), plus the origin of imported players and a comparison of their profile with that of national players.

An analysis on International Players has also been undertaken for the United States based competitions (NBA, WNBA, NCAA Men, NCAA Women) and European competitions (EuroLeague, Basketball Champions League, EuroLeague Women and EuroCup Women).







GLOSSARY

INTERNATIONAL TRANSFERS

- Exports
 players leaving the country
- Imports players coming from abroad
- Migratory balance players exported - players imported
- National exports players leaving their home country
- National imports
 players returning to their home country

PLAYERS CHARACTERISTICS

- Age age of players on 01/10/2020
- International Players
 US league players who do not have the US
 nationality
- Foreigners
 players who do not have the nationality of the country where they are playing
- Foreign U21 Players foreigner players born after 01/07/1999
- Nationals
 players who have the nationality of the country where they are playing
- National U21 Players national players born after 01/07/1999
- US Players
 players with US nationality
- U21 Players
 players born after 01/07/1999

PLAYING TIME

- Fielded Players
 players who played at least one minute during the 2020-21 regular season
- Five most fielded Players
 the five players having the highest playing time with their team during the 2020-21 regular season
- Games and minutes played games and minutes played during the 2020-21 regular season

TURNOVER

- National Federation of recruitment
 National Federation where the players have been recruited after the end of the 2019-20 season. New players coming from the academy are considered as recruited in the country of the club
- Foreigners already in the country/club with respect to the 2019-20 season. Percentage calculated among foreigners only
- Players already in the country/club with respect to the 2019-20 season
- Players signed during the season
 players arrived in the team after having played
 in another team during the 2020-21 season

HIGHLIGHTS

Significant decrease of International Transfers – Turnover of Players

There has been a big decrease regarding International Transfers, the lowest since the 2014-15 season. The 2020-21 season was deeply impacted by the pandemic. The figures show that men (-1,166) were more affected than women (-90). The FIBA region of Oceania was the only to record an increase moving from 42 to 52. There was a notable decrease in other FIBA regions and especially in Europe.

The USA remained the biggest exporter. However, less players moved abroad as evidenced by 1,861 exports in the 2018-19 season, compared to only 1,488 during 2020-21. There was more opportunity for US Players within the USA Leagues.

There was a notable increase in the percentage of players both remaining in their own country or staying at the same club. This sense of having a better stability appears to have been due to the pandemic.

Highest number of games recorded - High number of foreign players per league

The number of games was impacted by the pandemic during the 2019-2020 season when most of the leagues were cancelling their respective seasons. During 2020-21, a far higher number of games was recorded with an average of 269.5 games across all the leagues. The Japanese league recorded the highest number of games at 574.

The number of foreigners remained high, with leagues in Spain, Germany, France, Italy, Greece and Israel all having more foreigners than nationals.

Spain had the highest percentage of foreign players and the highest number of nationalities. However, the average minutes per game of these foreigners was the lowest. In 11 of the 16 of the leagues, foreigners had an average of 20 minutes or above, showing that many clubs still rely heavily on non-domestic players.

Limited development opportunities within leagues for National U21 players

Argentina, Brazil and Belgium remained the top leagues with the highest percentage of National U21 Players. However, playing time remained very low in the leagues with an average of just 6.4 minutes.

In general, the figures are similar to previous seasons.





A trend of International Transfers confirmed in the US Leagues

The turnover of International Transfers in the NBA were the lowest since the 2001-02 season and the main reason was that the 2020 NBA Summer league was cancelled. An increase is expected for the next campaign when it resumes.

The NBA G League recorded an increase of outward transfers. However, inward transfers were the lowest since the 2005-06 season.

The WNBA recorded its highest ever number of inward transfers during the 2020 season. However, it was shortened due to the pandemic and the 2021 season has since demonstrated that things are almost back to "normal".

International Players in the NBA

The data is broadly similar to the previous season.

European Leagues

The USA remains the most represented nationality in the European competitions (for both men and women). These leagues are still relying on US players, which is demonstrated by the fact that the average minutes and points per game remained higher than those of national players.

However, in general, national players had more playing time and the average points per game is higher than EuroLeague during the Regular Season. Additionally, there was a higher percentage of National U21 Players as well, with more opportunities for young players.

Women's Leagues remained the same as previous years, although national players received more court time than last year.

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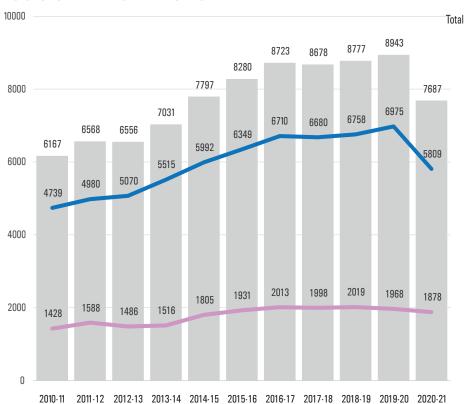
INTERNATIONAL TRANSFERS 2020/2021

INTERNATIONAL TRANSFERS

The number of International Transfers was the lowest since the 2014-15 season at 7,687. A total of 6,254 players were involved in one (or more) International Transfers, compared to 7,371 in the previous season. The FIBA region of Europe witnessed the most International Transfers, while the FIBA region of Oceania was the only one to number an increase. Men were impacted more in respect of International Transfers than women.

The frequency of International Transfers remained the same, while the average age profile for both men and women remained stable as well.

EVOLUTION OF INTERNATIONAL TRANSFERS



Flows from

Europe
Americas
Africa
Asia
Oceania
International transfers

1 486
2 200
100
50
International transfers inside FIBA Region

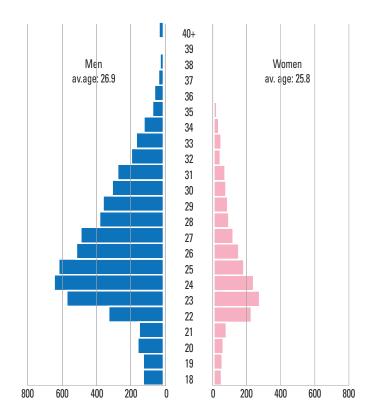
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Only flows with at least 50 transfers are represented

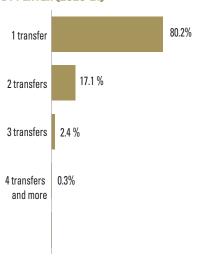




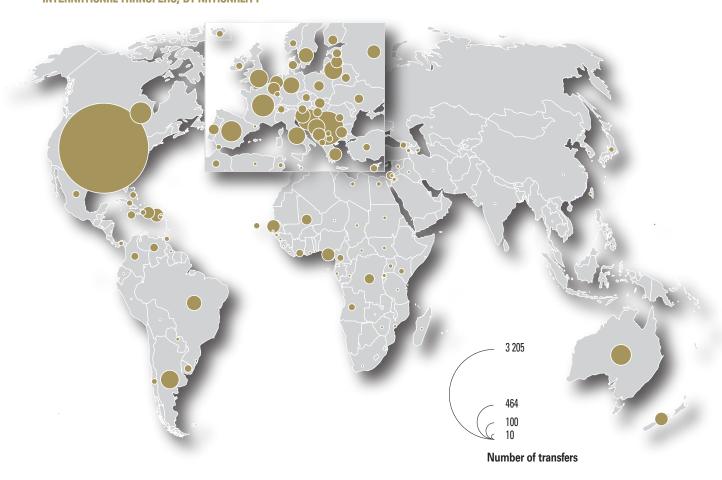
AGE OF TRANSFERRED PLAYERS



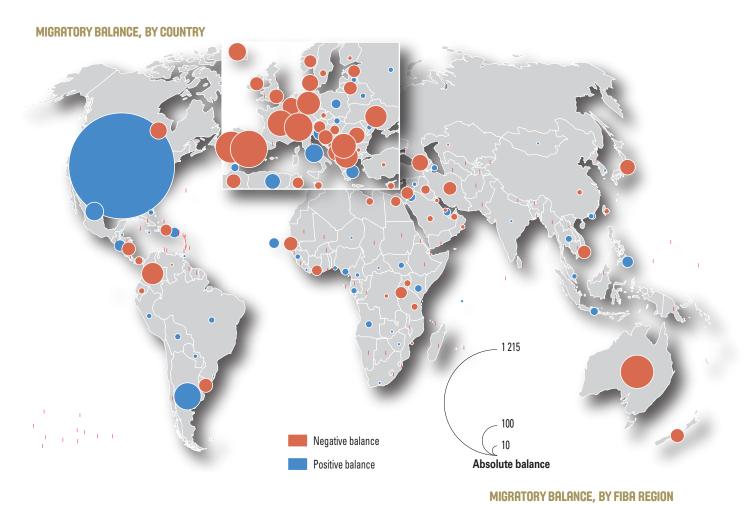
FREQUENCY OF INTERNATIONAL TRANSFERS By Player (2020-21)



INTERNATIONAL TRANSFERS, BY NATIONALITY



MIGRATORY BALANCE



The migratory balance for the FIBA region of Europe remained negative (more imports than exports). However, this region had a drastic decrease of imports, which was the lowest number since 2017-18 season. The FIBA region of Europe remained the biggest importer, with 8 of the 10 largest importers coming from the Continent. Spain and France are the top

countries for both men and women.

In contrast, there was a similar turnover of the migratory balance for the Americas this season, but in a negative balance, with more exports than imports. The numbers were also the lowest since the 2017-18 season. This region is the biggest exporter of players, with the USA leading for both men and women.

Meanwhile Africa, Oceania and Asia remained stable having a relatively neutral balance with approximately the same exports as imports.

2000 Americas 1645 1236 1338 916 916 1000 -141 Oceania -969 -1009 -1077 -1000 Europe -2000 2010-11 2020-21 2012-13 2014-15 2016-17 2018-19





HIGHEST NEGATIVE BALANCE

HIGHEST POSITIVE BALANCE

						moneo i comitte bilemitoe					
		Ехр.	lmp.	MB			Exp.	lmp.	MB		
1.	Spain	524	674	-150	1.	USA	1488	273	1215		
2.	Australia	93	213	-120	2.	Argentina	187	107	80		
3.	Portugal	105	215	-110	3.	Italy	310	273	37		
4.	Switzerland	64	152	-88		Mexico	74	37	37		
5.	France	382	457	-75	5.	Algeria	28	2	26		
6.	Serbia	172	239	-67	6.	Greece	193	174	19		
7.	Germany	358	419	-61		Slovenia	87	68	19		
8.	North Macedonia	34	93	-59	8.	El Salvador	14	0	14		
9.	Ukraine	41	94	-53		Philippines	14	0	14		
	Colombia	37	90	-53	10.	Puerto Rico	79	67	12		
11.	Kosovo	55	94	-39		Cape Verde	12	0	12		
12.	Iceland	60	96	-36	12.	Poland	163	153	10		
13.	Belgium	102	137	-35	13.	Jordan	11	2	9		
14.	Canada	80	112	-32	14.	Gibraltar	8	0	8		
15.	Denmark	48	79	-31	15.	Indonesia	7	0	7		
16.	Montenegro	49	79	-30	16.	Qatar	30	24	6		
	Georgia	30	60	-30		Kenya	6	0	6		
18.	Romania	79	108	-29	18.	Angola	12	7	5		
19.	Japan	38	64	-26		Nigeria	9	4	5		
20.	Croatia	83	107	-24		Thailand	5	0	5		

MEN

	Ехр.	lmp.	М
Spain	367	470	-103
Portugal	65	152	-87
Australia	66	148	-82
Serbia	142	204	-62
Colombia	35	90	-55
France	273	327	-54
Switzerland	43	95	-52
Canada	64	112	-48
North Macedonia	32	78	-46
Ukraine	40	79	-39
	Portugal Australia Serbia Colombia France Switzerland Canada North Macedonia	Spain 367 Portugal 65 Australia 66 Serbia 142 Colombia 35 France 273 Switzerland 43 Canada 64 North Macedonia 32	Spain 367 470 Portugal 65 152 Australia 66 148 Serbia 142 204 Colombia 35 90 France 273 327 Switzerland 43 95 Canada 64 112 North Macedonia 32 78

WOMEN

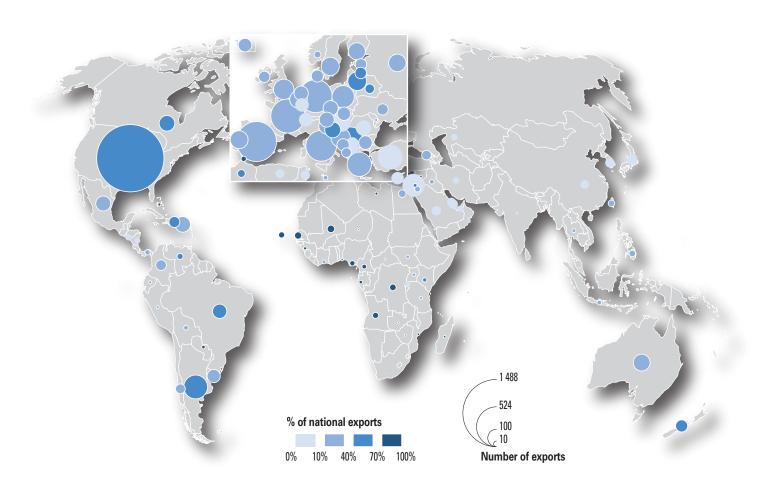
		Ехр.	lmp.	MB
1.	Spain	157	204	-47
2.	Australia	27	65	-38
3.	Switzerland	21	57	-36
4.	Germany	78	102	-24
5.	Portugal	40	63	-23
6.	France	109	130	-21
7.	Great Britain	47	65	-18
	Senegal	6	24	-18
9.	Ukraine	1	15	-14
10.	Austria	7	20	-13

International Transfers

EXPORTS

HIGHEST EXPORTS PER COUNTRY

				i			
		Exports	% of national exports				Exports
1.	USA	1488	65.1%		16.	16. Hungary	16. Hungary 106
2.	Spain	524	15.3%		17.	17. Portugal	17. Portugal 105
3.	France	382	26.7%		18.	18. Belgium	18. Belgium 102
4.	Germany	358	15.1%		19.	19. Russia	19. Russia 100
5.	Italy	310	16.5%		20.	20. Finland	20. Finland 95
6.	Turkey	204	3.9%		21.	21. Australia	21. Australia 93
7.	Greece	193	16.6%		22.	22. Slovenia	22. Slovenia 87
8.	Argentina	187	45.5%		23.	23. Croatia	23. Croatia 83
9.	Serbia	172	67.4%		24.	24. Canada	24. Canada 80
10.	Israel	168	6.5%		25.	25. Puerto Rico	25. Puerto Rico 79
11.	Poland	163	11.7%			. Romania	. Romania 79
12.	Great Britain	137	24.1%		27.	27. Czech Republic	27. Czech Republic 75
13.	Bosnia H.	123	29.3%		28.	28. Austria	28. Austria 74
14.	Lithuania	115	47.8%			. Mexico	. Mexico 74
15.	Sweden	110	27.3%		30.	30. Brazil	30. Brazil 67

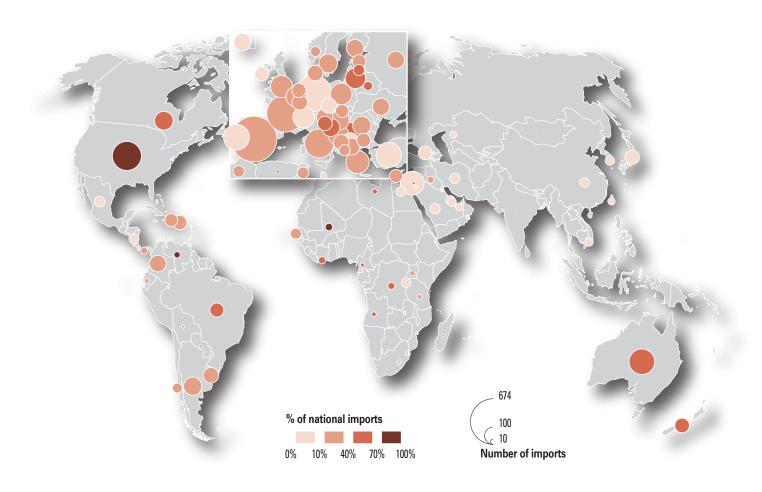




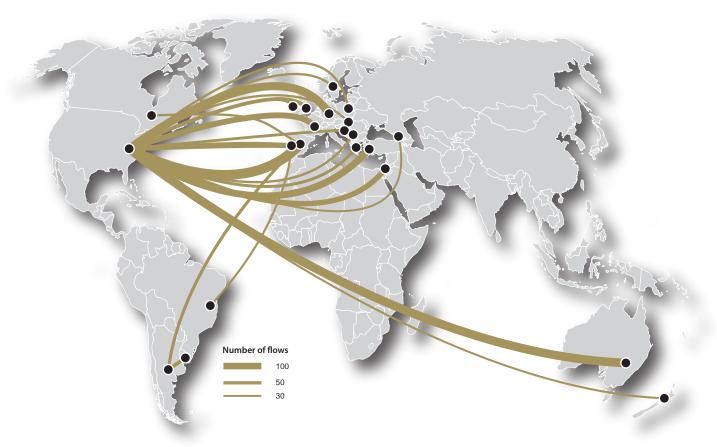


HIGHEST IMPORTS PER COUNTRY

		Imports	% of national imports				Imports
1.	Spain	674	10.5%			. Belgium	. Belgium 137
2.	France	457	14.2%	17.		•	•
3.	Germany	419	9.5%	18.		Hungary	Hungary 116
	USA	273	76.6%	19.	(Sweden	Sweden 115
	Italy	273	15.0%	20.	Canad	da	da 112
6.	Serbia	239	64.4%	21.	Romania	a .	a 108
7.	Portugal	215	8.4%	22.	Croatia		107
8.	Australia	213	57.3%		Argentina		107
9.	Turkey	206	4.4%	24.	Russia		97
10.	Israel	185	5.4%		Finland		97
11.	Greece	174	12.6%	26.	Iceland		96
12.	Great Britain	160	26.9%	27.	Ukraine		94
13.	Poland	153	11.1%		Kosovo		94
14.	Switzerland	152	6.6%	29.	North Maced	onia	onia 93
15.	Bosnia H.	137	28.5%	30.	Colombia		90



HIGHEST FLOWS OF PLAYERS EXCLUDING INTRA-EUROPEAN TRANSFERS



Top 15 remained similar to previous years. The networks of Argentina-Uruguay and New Zealand-Australia are now in the top 10. Few strong networks outside USA are listed in the top.

Similar level of competition and the proximity of the countries might be the cause of the strong network.

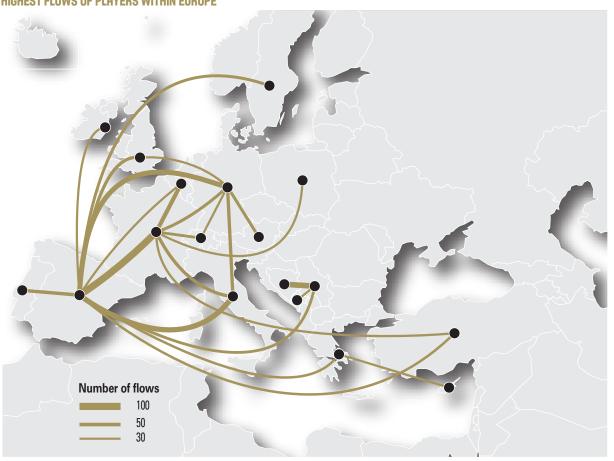
A combination of geographical proximity and ability of movement (even during the pandemic) means that flows within Europe have remained stable. France, Germany, Italy and Spain remain the top countries.

				Total					Tot
1.	USA-ESP	128	21	149	23.	USA-NZL	28	3	31
2.	USA-AUS	114	16	130	24.	USA-GEO	30	0	30
3.	USA-GER	106	16	122	25.	USA-PUR	18	10	28
4.	USA-TUR	65	39	104	26.	USA-FIN	25	1	26
5.	USA-FRA	68	21	89		USA-SUI	24	2	26
6.	USA-ISR	54	27	81	28.	USA-ROU	21	1	22
7.	USA-POR	75	2	77		ARG-CHI	13	9	22
8.	ARG-URU	39	20	59		CAN-FRA	12	10	22
9.	USA-GBR	57	0	57	31.	USA-CAN	19	2	2
10.	NZL-AUS	33	21	54		ARG-COL	16	5	2
11.	USA-RUS	29	19	48	33.	USA-LUX	20	0	20
12.	ARG-ESP	39	8	47		USA-DEN	19	1	20
13.	USA-ITA	33	13	46		ARG-ITA	16	4	20
14.	USA-GRE	38	7	45		DOM-COL	13	7	20
15.	USA-SRB	41	2	43	37.	USA-MKD	18	0	18
16.	USA-KOS	34	2	36		USA-NED	17	1	18
17.	USA-SWE	33	2	35		ARG-BRA	11	7	18
	USA-HUN	22	13	35	40.	USA-ISL	17	0	17
	ESP-CAN	21	14	35		USA-LTU	14	3	17
	USA-POL	21	14	35	42.	USA-BEL	14	2	16
21.	USA-IRL	34	0	34	43.	USA-MNE	15	0	15
22.	BRA-POR	21	11	32		PUR-NCA	10	5	1!
						USA-KOR	9	6	15





HIGHEST FLOWS OF PLAYERS WITHIN EUROPE



		>	<	Total			>	<	Total			>	<	Total
1.	ESP-FRA	55	42	97	23.	GRE-CYP	21	9	30		ITA-CRO	13	5	18
2.	SRB-BIH	40	38	78		GER-SUI	20	10	30		SRB-MKD	13	5	18
3.	ITA-ESP	40	33	73	25.	BIH-CRO	20	8	28		ITA-GRE	12	6	18
4.	GER-ESP	36	34	70		TUR-ISR	19	9	28	48.	ITA-SUI	15	2	17
5.	FRA-BEL	40	18	58	27.	ITA-POL	13	12	25		RUS-TUR	11	6	17
6.	POR-ESP	23	25	48	28.	ESP-ISL	16	8	24		SLO-AUT	10	7	17
7.	ITA-GER	26	20	46		SVK-CZE	15	9	24		ISR-FRA	0	17	17
	FRA-ITA	24	22	46		GRE-GER	13	11	24	52.	HUN-FRA	10	6	16
9.	GBR-ESP	30	15	45	31.	POL-ESP	13	10	23		POL-ISR	10	6	16
10.	GER-FRA	30	12	42		LTU-ESP	12	11	23		SWE-GER	10	6	16
	GER-AUT	22	20	42		MNE-BIH	12	11	23		GBR-POR	9	7	16
12.	SWE-ESP	23	18	41	34.	ITA-TUR	15	7	22		NED-ESP	9	7	16
13.	FRA-SUI	27	12	39	35.	ITA-LTU	11	10	21		FIN-GER	8	8	16
	ESP-SRB	23	16	39	36.	GRE-FRA	15	5	20		FRA-ISR	0	16	16
15.	TUR-ESP	23	12	35		POL-GER	14	6	20	59.	FRA-FIN	10	6	16
	GRE-ESP	18	17	35		TUR-GRE	13	7	20		CRO-ISL	9	7	16
17.	TUR-FRA	21	11	32		GER-LUX	12	8	20		HUN-GER	8	8	16
18.	POL-FRA	21	10	31		KOS-ALB	10	10	20		ITA-BUL	8	8	16
	IRL-ESP	19	12	31	41.	SRB-FRA	11	8	19					
	BEL-ESP	18	13	31		FRA-LTU	10	9	19					
	GER-GBR	18	13	31		RUS-BLR	10	9	19					
	SRB-MNE	17	14	31	44.	CRO-GER	13	5	18					

International Transfers

USA LEAGUES

Inward Transfers remained similar to the previous season, whereas there was a very big decrease in respect of outward transfers which went down from 182 to 45. The data confirmed that the cancellation of the 2020 NBA Summer League deeply impacted the International Transfers of the NBA. However, an increase is anticipated when the NBA Summer league is back in 2021.

The network between the NBA and European countries remained strong (circa 80% of International Transfers). There was a notable increase of inward transfers between NBA and the FIBA region of Oceania. The pandemic deeply impacted the network between the NBA and Asian countries. Only 8% of players were transfers within this FIBA region, compared to 23% during the previous year.

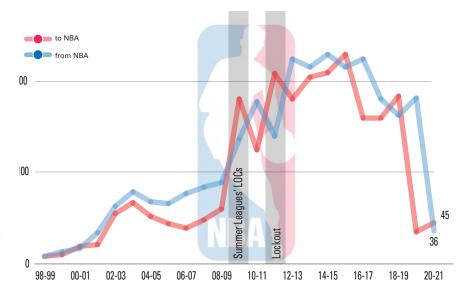
There was a significant decrease of inward transfers from 161 to 77). The main reason was that only 18 teams participated during the 2020-21 season in a bubble environment (similar to the 2019-20 NBA season) and roster spots were limited. This is why there was an increase of outward transfers. Players were looking for contracts overseas (mainly in the FIBA regions of Americas and Europe).

Inward and outward transfers in the WNBA were essentially with European countries (more than 93%!).

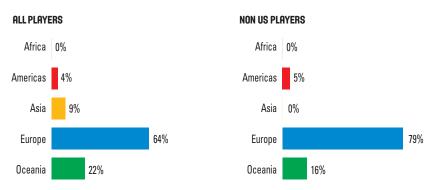
The number of inward transfers of the WNBA came back to more 'normal' levels, while the 2021 campaign expected to end normally with a Regular Season and Playoffs – although the Regular Season was shortened from 34 to 32 games to allow for the Olympic break.

NBA

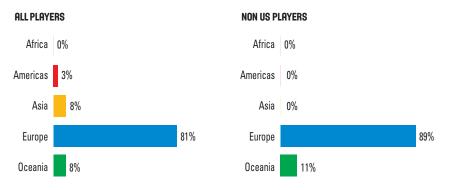
EVOLUTION OF INTERNATIONAL TRANSFERS IN AND OUT OF NBA



REGION OF ORIGIN (2020-21)



REGION OF DESTINATION (2020-21)

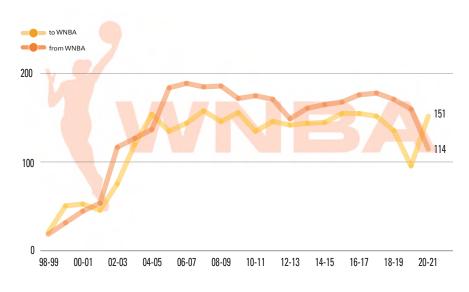




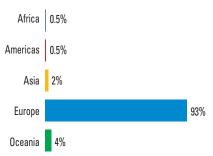


WNBA

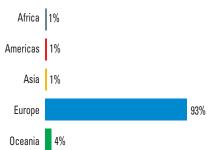
EVOLUTION OF INTERNATIONAL TRANSFERS IN AND OUT OF WNBA



REGION OF ORIGIN (2020-21)

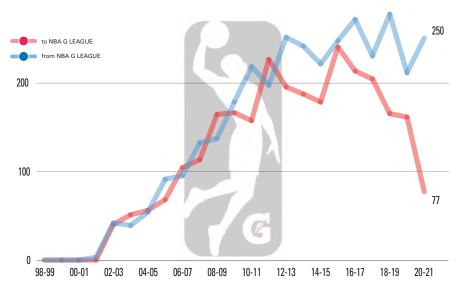


REGION OF DESTINATION (2020-21)

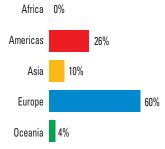


NBA G LEAGUE

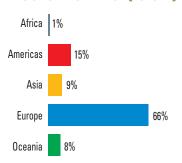
EVOLUTION OF INTERNATIONAL TRANSFERS IN AND OUT OF NBA G LEAGUE



REGION OF ORIGIN (2020-21)

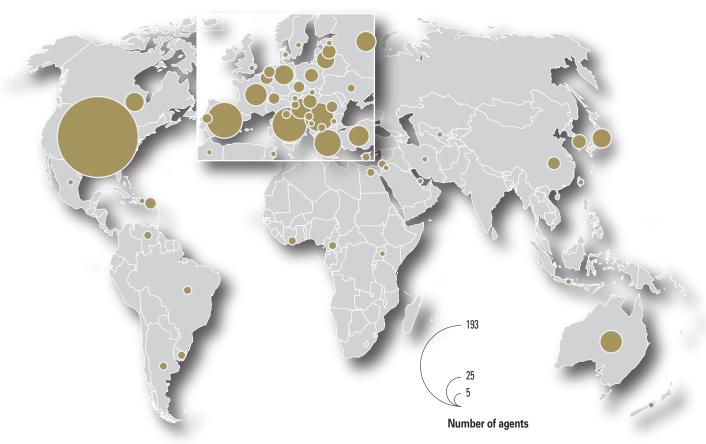


REGION OF DESTINATION (2020-21)



FIBA CERTIFIED AGENTS

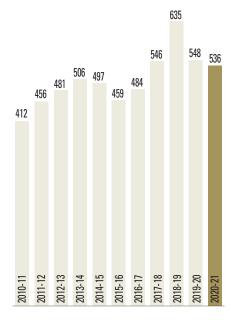
NATIONALITY OF FIBA CERTIFIED AGENTS (2020-21)



The FIBA Agent licensing system was introduced in 2007. A total of 536 agents are now officially certified by FIBA thus allowing them to represent players and clubs around the globe. In cooperation with FIBA and its national member federations, FIBA-certified agents form an integral part of the international transfer market to which they provide greater professionalism, ethics and transparency.

Today, a total of 8,626 representations are listed on www.fiba.basketball/agents which highlights the importance of players' agents and the need for a proper framework to regulate their activities thus ensuring a smooth processing of international transfers and the compliance with FIBA's Internal Regulations and ethical standards.

NUMBER OF FIBA CERTIFIED AGENTS EVOLUTION SINCE 2010-11



MOST REPRESENTED NATIONALITIES TOTAL: 61 NATIONALITIES

1.	USA	193
2.	Spain	38
3.	Italy	36
4.	Serbia	25
5.	Greece	22
6.	Australia	15
	France	15
8.	Turkey	13
9.	Croatia	12
	Germany	12
	Russia	12
12.	Canada	11
	Japan	11
14.	Lithuania	10

BASKETBALL ARBITRAL TRIBUNAL (BAT)





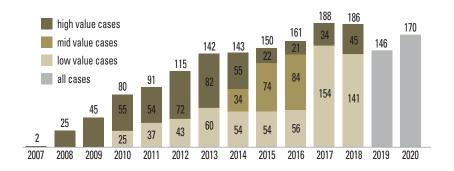
The Basketball Arbitral Tribunal (BAT) was established by FIBA in 2006 and is today an organization officially recognized by FIBA.

The BAT is an independent body that provides services for the resolution of contractual disputes between players, agents, coaches and clubs through arbitration in a simple, fast and cost-efficient manner.

In view of the fact that the use of BAT to resolve contractual disputes is entirely voluntary, the failure to honor a BAT Award may entail sanctions by FIBA, such as, as the case may be, a monetary fine, the withdrawal of a FIBA Agent's License, a ban on international transfers of players or a ban on registration of new players, as provided in the FIBA Internal Regulations.

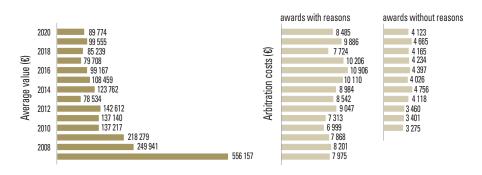
REQUESTS FOR ARBITRATION FILED WITH BAT

EVOLUTION SINCE 2007



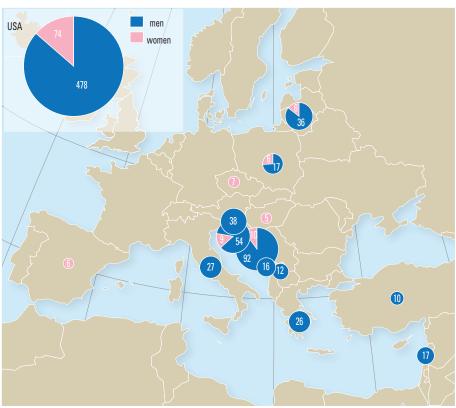
AVERAGE VALUE AND ARBITRATION COSTS OF REGULAR CASES

EVOLUTION SINCE 2007



NATIONALITIES OF PLAYERS INVOLVED

TOTAL: 13 NATIONALITIES



TOP 10 COUNTRIES OF CLUBS INVOLVED IN BAT PROCEEDINGS

1.	Turkey	392
2.	Italy	146
3.	Greece	132
4.	Russia	85
5.	Serbia	80
6.	Poland	77
7.	China	48
8.	Croatia	45
	Spain	45
10.	Ukraine	41
11.	Slovenia	34
12.	Romania	32













COMPARISON OF LEAGUES 2020/2021

OVERVIEW OF LEAGUES

NUMBER OF TEAMS NUMBER OF GAMES AV. TEAM POINTS PER GAME Argentina China* 20 Japan 574 86.7 China 504 Israel 86.5 Japan 20 China 19 Argentina 387 Australia 85.5 Spain 19 Spain 342 Germany 84.2 Poland France 18 France 306 83.2 Germany Spain Germany 18 306 82.8 Brazil VTB United Brazil 240 82.3 Italy Poland 240 Italy 82.2 16 Turkey Poland 240 Turkey 82.2 16 Italy Turkey 219 France 81.5 16 Adriatic Israel Brazil 13 192 80.3 Israel 13 Adriatic 182 Japan 80.3 VTB United Australia Adriatic 13 162 80.1 VTB United Greece Greece 12 156 77.9 Greece Belgium Argentina 132 77.8 Australia Belgium Belgium 130 77.3

269.5

All leagues

81.9

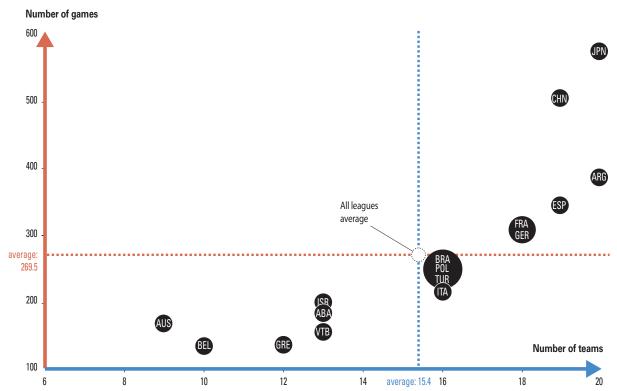
15.4

All Leagues

COMPARATIVE POSITIONING OF LEAGUES

All leagues

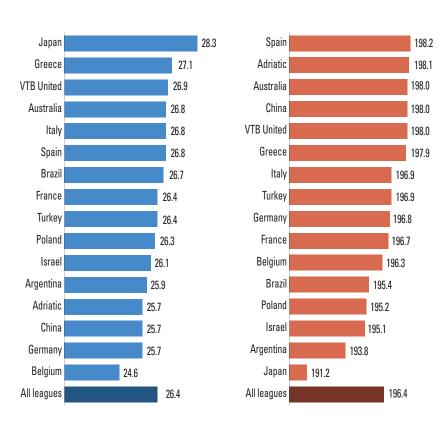
BASED ON THE NUMBER OF TEAMS AND THE NUMBER OF GAMES PER SEASON



^{*} The playing time for China has been adjusted relative to 40 min. per game



AVERAGE AGE



AVERAGE HEIGHT (CM)

AVERAGE AGE

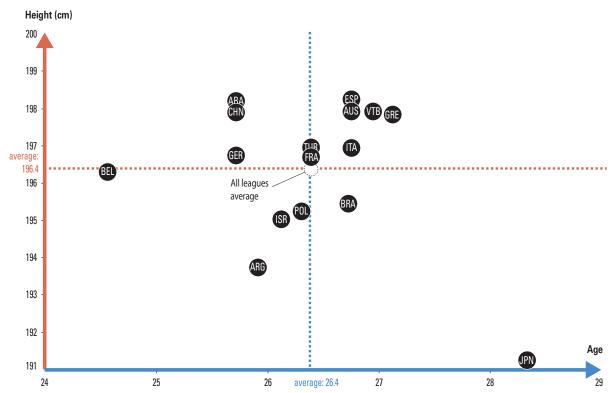
	1.	Caxias Do Sul B. (BRA)	30.3
	2.	AEK BC (GRE)	30.0
TOP 5	3	Fortaleza Basquete C. (BRA)	29.9
_		Seahorses Mikawa (JPN)	29.9
	5.	Utsunomiya Brex (JPN)	29.8
	1.	Weber Bahía (ARG)	20.2
വ	1. 2.	Weber Bahía (ARG) KK Mega Soccerbet (SRB)	20.2 21.5
		· ·	
BOTTOM 5	2.	KK Mega Soccerbet (SRB)	21.5

AVERAGE HEIGHT (CM)

	1.	Barça (ESP)	202.2
TOP 5	2.	Xinjiang Flying Tigers (CHN)	201.3
	3.	Urbas Fuenlabrada (ESP)	201.2
F	4.	Alba Berlin (GER)	201.1
	5.	TD Systems Baskonia (ESP)	200.8
	1.	Nagoya Dolphins (JPN)	186.9
2	1.	Nagoya Dolphins (JPN) Shinshu Brave Warriors (JPN)	
TOM 5		0, 1, ,	
BOTTOM 5	2.	Shinshu Brave Warriors (JPN)	189.2

COMPARATIVE POSITIONING OF LEAGUES

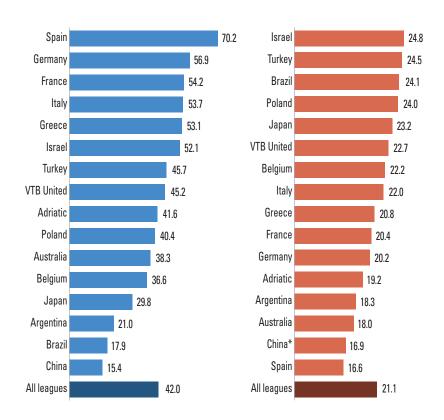
BASED ON AGE AND HEIGHT



FOREIGNERS

% OF FOREIGNERS

AV. MIN. PER GAME PLAYED BY FOREIGNERS



^{*} The playing time for China has been adjusted relative to 40 min. per game

% OF FOREIGNERS

	1.	UCAM Murcia CB (ESP)	86.4
	2.	TD Systems Baskonia (ESP)	85.7
TOP 5	3.	Coosur Real Betis (ESP)	82.4
_	4.	Herbalife Gran Canaria (ESP)	81.8
	5.	Retabet Bilbao Basket (ESP)	81.0
	1.	San Martin (ARG)	0.0
വ		Ciclista Olímpico (ARG)	0.0
BOTTOM 5	3.	Asseco Arka Gdynia (POL)	5.3
8	4.	Paulistano/Corpore (BRA)	5.3
	5.	Esporte Clube Pinheiros (BRA)	5.9

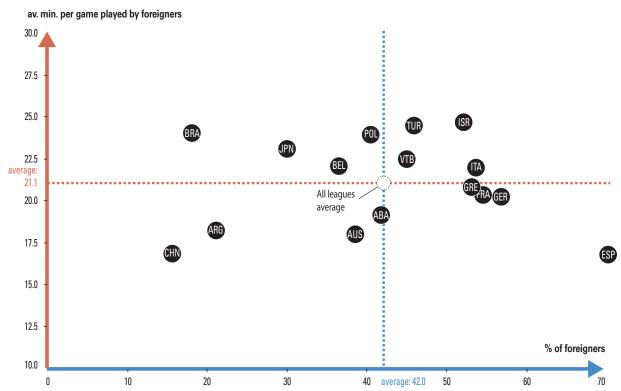
AV. MIN. PER GAME PLAYED BY FOREIGNERS

T0P 5	1.	Jilin Northeast Tigers (CHN)	32.1	
	2.	Caxias Do Sul Basquete (BRA)	31.0	
	3.	Mogi Das Cruzes B. (BRA)	30.5	
	4.	Fethiye (TUR)	30.3	
	5.	Brasília Basquete (BRA)	30.0	
	1.	Beikong Royal Fighters (CHN)	11.4	

വ	2.	Esporte Clube Pinheiros (BRA)	11.9
BOTTOM (Tianjin Pioneers (CHN)	11.9
B 04	4.	Obras Sanitarias (ARG)	12.0
	5.	Boca Juniors (ARG)	12.2

COMPARATIVE POSITIONING OF LEAGUES

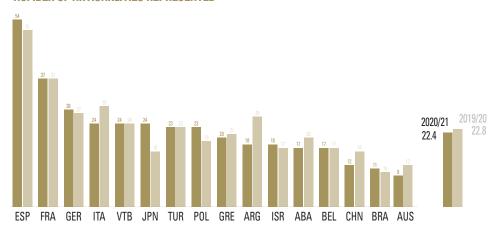
BASED ON % AND AVERAGE MINUTES PER GAME PLAYED BY FOREGINERS







NUMBER OF NATIONALITIES REPRESENTED



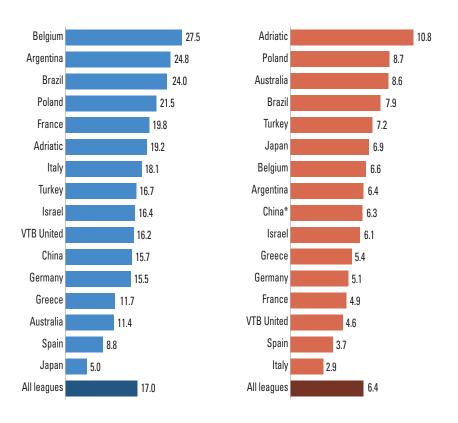
INTERNAL REGULATIONS OF EACH LEAGUE

			1
ABA	No limitation regarding foreign players.	ARG	No limitation regarding foreign players.
AUS	The league allowed 2 foreign players per team on the roster of 10 players. The league could also assign a maximum of one additional local or foreign player as part of a centrally run program targeting potential NBA draft prospects. One additional player from Asia under restricted conditions.	BEL	The league imposed a minimum of 6 Home-Grown players on the scoresheet, regardless of the total number of players on the scoresheet.
BRA	The league allowed 4 foreign players per team on the roster and on the court at the same time.	CHN	The league allowed 2 foreign players per team on the roster and 1 additional player from Asia under restricted conditions. The league also imposed playing time restrictions for foreign players.
ESP	The league imposed 4 Home-Grown players per team on the roster if the team was composed by 10-12 players, or 3 if composed by 8-9 players. The league allowed a maximum of 2 non EU + EEA + Switzerland + Cotonou players on the roster.	FRA	The league allowed 6 non Home-Grown players per team on the scoresheet.
GER	The league allowed 6 foreign players per team on the scoresheet.	GRE	The league allowed 6 foreign players per team on the scoresheet.
ISR	The league allowed 8 foreign players per team throughout the season. 5 foreign players per team on the scoresheet, and 4 foreign players on the court at the same time, per team.	ITA	The league allowed 5 foreign players per team (10-men roster) or 6 foreign players per team (12-men roster) on the scoresheet.
JPN	The league allowed 3 foreign players per team on the roster and the scoresheet and allowed 2 foreign players on the court at the same time, per team. In addition of the above 3 foreign players per team, each team is allowed to have 1 naturalized player or 1 Asian player (China, Chinese Taipei, Korea, Philippines, Indonesia) on the roster and on the scoresheet. These players can play without any restrictions.	POL	7 home-grown players and 5 foreign players on the scoresheet per team for teams not participating in European Cups. 6 home-grown players and 6 foreign players on the scoresheet per team for teams participating in European Cups.
TUR	The league allowed a maximum 10 foreign players on the roster and 5 foreign players on the scoresheet. The league allowed 5 foreign players on the court.	VTB	Restrictions on number of foreign players depending on National Championships (except for Russian teams: 8 max and 1 for European Cups only). The league imposed a minimum of 6 national players on the scoresheet.

NATIONAL U21 PLAYERS

% OF NATIONAL U21 PLAYERS

AV. MIN. PER GAME PLAYED BY NATIONAL U21



^{*} The playing time for China has been adjusted relative to 40 min. per game

% OF NATIONAL U21 PLAYERS

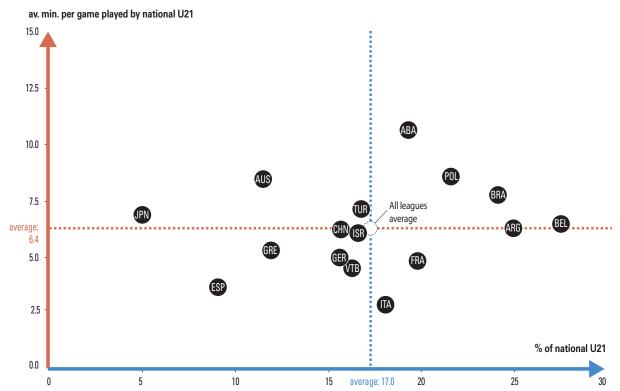
	1.	Weber Bahía (ARG)	80.0
	2.	Esporte Clube Pinheiros (BRA)	58.8
	3.	Paulistano/Corpore (BRA)	47.4
_		Fraport Skyliners (GER)	47.4
T0P 10	5.	Okapi Aalst (BEL)	42.9
	6.	BC Avtodor (RUS)	42.1
	7.	Besiktas SJ (TUR)	41.7
	8.	KK Mega Soccerbet (SRB)	40.0
	9.	Instituto (ARG)	38.1
	10.	Trefl Sopot (POL)	37.5

AV. MIN. PER GAME PLAYED BY NATIONAL U21

1.	Pato Basquete (BRA)	25.1
2.	King Szczecin (POL)	22.6
3.	Shanghai Sharks (CHN)	21.7
4.	Hamburg Towers (GER)	20.4
5.	Maccabi Rishon Le Zion (ISR)	19.4
6.	Osaka Evessa (JPN)	19.2
7.	KK Mega Soccerbet (SRB)	18.3
8.	Liaoning Leopards (CHN)	17.2
9.	KK Cibona (CRO)	16.0
10.	Cairns Taipans (AUS)	15.9
	2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	 King Szczecin (POL) Shanghai Sharks (CHN) Hamburg Towers (GER) Maccabi Rishon Le Zion (ISR) Osaka Evessa (JPN) KK Mega Soccerbet (SRB) Liaoning Leopards (CHN) KK Cibona (CRO)

COMPARATIVE POSITIONING OF LEAGUES

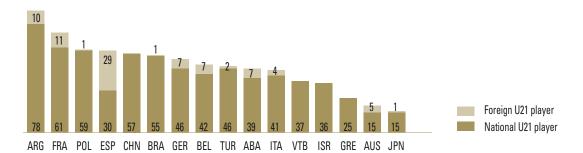
BASED ON % and average minutes per game played by National U21 players







NUMBER OF U21 PLAYERS



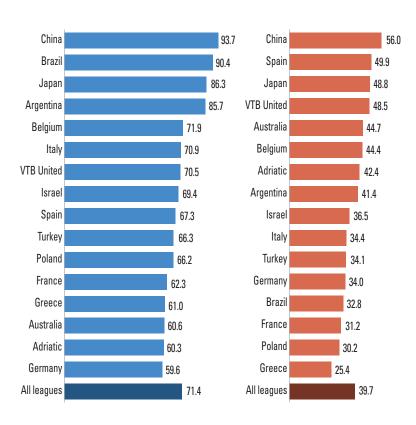
INTERNAL REGULATIONS OF EACH LEAGUE

INTERNHLI	INTERNAL REGULATIONS OF EACH LEAGUE					
ABA	No specific regulations.	ARG	The league allowed 8 U19 players + 1 U23 players on the roster + 3 U23 players from the academy (one year min. in the club).			
AUS	No specific regulations.	BEL	No specific regulations.			
BRA	No specific regulations.	CHN	No specific regulations.			
ESP	No specific regulations.	FRA	No specific regulations.			
GER	No specific regulations.	GRE	No specific regulations.			
ISR	No specific regulations.	ITA	The league did not have any specific regulations regarding U21 players. However, U20 players are not taken into account on the maximum of 16 contracts.			
JPN	No specific regulations.	POL	No specific regulations.			
TUR	No specific regulations.	VTB	No specific regulations.			

TURNOVER OF PLAYERS

% OF PLAYERS ALREADY IN THE COUNTRY

% OF PLAYERS ALREADY IN THE CLUB



% OF PLAYERS ALEARDY IN THE COUNTRY

	1.	Ciclista Olímpico (ARG)	100.0
		Regatas (ARG) (ARG)	100.0
		San Martin (ARG)	100.0
		Weber Bahía (ARG)	100.0
		Bauru Basketball Team (BRA)	100.0
		Fortaleza B. Cearense (BRA)	100.0
ם		Mogi Das Cruzes B. (BRA)	100.0
		São Paulo FC (BRA)	100.0
		Unifacisa Basquete (BRA)	100.0
		Jilin Northeast Tigers (CHN)	100.0
		Nanjing Tongxi Kings (CHN)	100.0
		Xinjiang Flying Tigers (CHN)	100.0
		Aris BC (GRE)	100.0
		Umana Reyer Venezia (ITA)	100.0
		Nagoya Dolphins (JPN)	100.0

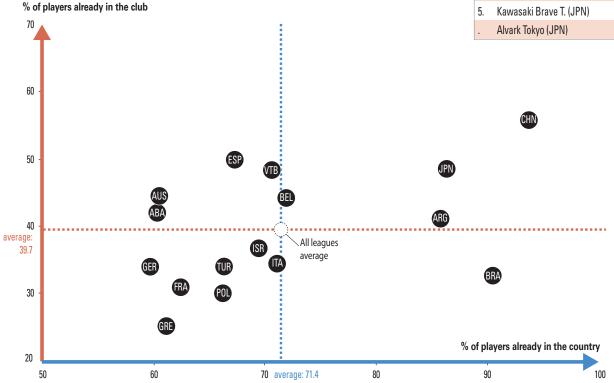
BOTTOM 5	1.	Galatasaray (TUR)	31.6
	2.	KK Igokea (BIH)	35.7
	3.	Syntainics MBC (GER)	36.8
	4.	New Zealand Breakers (NZL)	37.5
	5	Charilans Mesologiou (GRF)	40 N

% OF PLAYERS ALREADY IN THE CLUB

1.	Jilin Northeast Tigers (CHN)	87.5
2.	San Martin (ARG)	84.6
	JDA Dijon Basket (FRA)	84.6
4.	Hereda SP Burgos (ESP)	82.4
5.	Kawasaki Brave T. (JPN)	80.0
	Alvark Tokyo (JPN)	80.0
	4.	 San Martin (ARG) JDA Dijon Basket (FRA) Hereda SP Burgos (ESP) Kawasaki Brave T. (JPN)

COMPARATIVE POSITIONING OF LEAGUES

BASED ON % OF PLAYERS ALREADY IN THE COUNTRY/CLUB

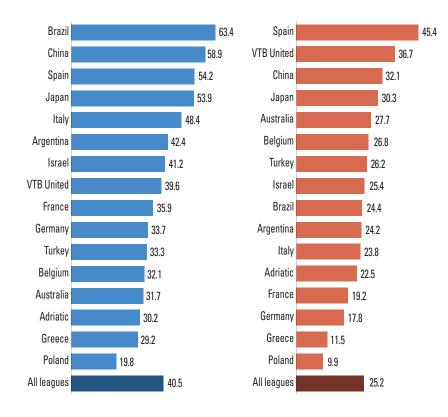


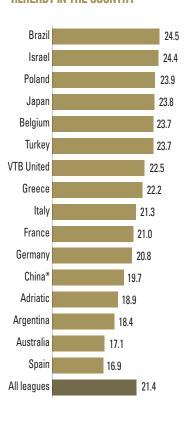




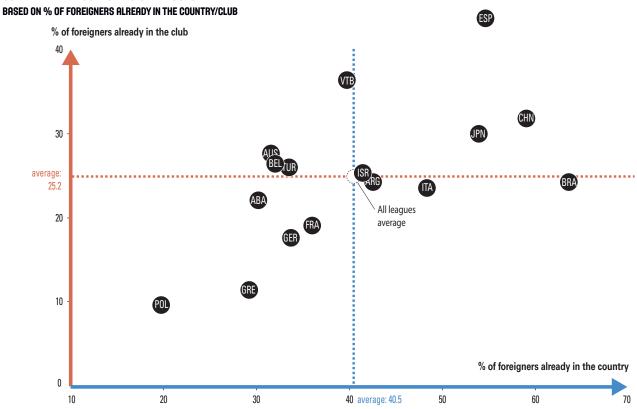
% OF FOREIGNERS ALREADY IN THE COUNTRY % OF FOREIGNERS ALREADY IN THE CLUB

AV. MIN. PER GAME PLAYED BY FOREIGNERS ALREADY IN THE COUNTRY





COMPARATIVE POSITIONING OF LEAGUES

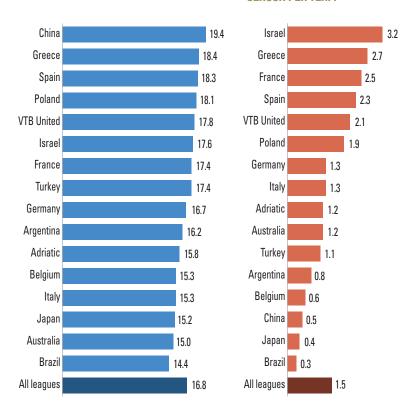


^{*} The playing time for China has been adjusted relative to 40 min. per game

TURNOVER OF PLAYERS

AV. NUMBER OF PLAYERS FIELDED PER TEAM

AV. NUMBER OF PLAYERS SIGNED DURING THE SEASON PER TEAM



PLAYERS FIELDED

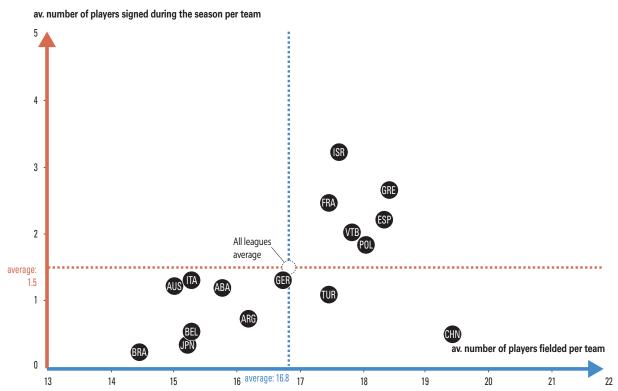
T0P	1.	King Szczecin (POL)	27.0
	2.	Urbas Fuenlabrada (ESP)	25.0
	3.	Nanjing Tongxi Kings (CHN)	24.0
	4.	Peristeri BC (GRE)	23.0
		Guangzhou Long Lions (CHN)	23.0

PLAYERS SIGNED DURING THE SEASON

1. Peristeri BC (GRE) 7.0	
. Bnei Herzliya (ISR) 7.0	
Hapoel Jerusalem (ISR) 7.0	
. BC Zielona Góra (POL) 7.0	
5. PBC CSKA (RUS) 6.0	

COMPARATIVE POSITIONING OF LEAGUES

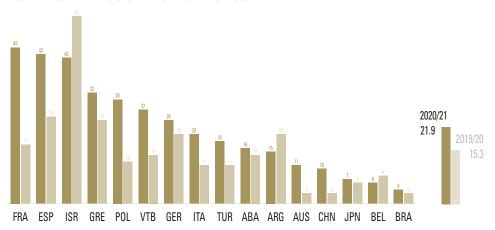
BASED ON AV. NUMBER OF PLAYERS FIELDED PER TEAM AND AV. NUMBER OF PLAYERS SIGNED DURING THE SEASON PER TEAM







NUMBER OF PLAYERS SIGNED DURING THE SEASON



INTERNAL REGULATIONS OF EACH LEAGUE

INTERNHL	INTERNAL REGULATIONS OF EACH LEAGUE				
ABA	The league allowed the signature of a maximum of 20 contracts and the replacement of 6 players per team (regardless their nationality) throughout the season.	ARG	The league allowed the replacement of 6 players per team (regardless their nationality).		
AUS	No new registrations accepted after a team has played 75% of its matches. No restrictions regarding the number of replacements during the season nor regarding the number of national transfers. Team is allowed to sign 10 full contracts and up to 4 development contracts, replacement players are tied to one of the full contracts (e.g. if a full contract player is injured a replacement player can be signed).	BEL	There is no limitation of signature of contract. Although, the league allowed 4 replacements per team during the season and allow national transfers under certain conditions during the season.		
BRA	The league did not have any restrictions regarding the number of replacements per team during the first round of the regular season. The league allowed national transfers under special restrictions related to the status of the concerned transferred player during the first round of the regular season.	CHN	The league allowed the signature of a maximum of 76 contracts for foreign players throughout the season.		
ESP	The league allowed the signature of a maximum of 34 contracts throughout the season. The league allowed 22 replacements per team during the season. The league did not have any restrictions regarding the number of national transfers.	FRA	The league allowed the signature of a maximum of 16 contracts throughout the season.		
GER	The league allowed 4 replacements per team during the season. The league did not have any restrictions regarding the number of national transfers.	GRE	The league allowed the signature of a maximum of 20 contracts throughout the season. The league allowed 3 replacements per team during the first leg of the regular season and 3 more during the second leg. The league allowed only one national transfer the final weekend of the first round of the regular season.		
ISR	The league allowed the signature of a maximum of 20 contracts throughout the season. The league allowed the signature of a maximum of 10 contracts for foreign players throughout the season.	ITA	The league allowed the signature of a maximum of 18 contracts throughout the season.		
JPN	The league did not have any restrictions regarding the number of replacements during the season, nor regarding the number of national transfers.	POL	The league did not have any restrictions regarding the number of replacements during the season, nor regarding the number of national transfers.		
TUR	The league allowed the signature of a maximum of 18 contracts for Home-Grown players and 12 contracts for foreign players throughout the season.	VTB	The league allowed 20 replacements per team during the season. However, only 16 simultaneously can be in team passport.		













DOMESTIC LEAGUES 2020/2021

ADRIATIC LEAGUE

LEAGUE OVERVIEW

TEAMS 2020-2021
KK Borac Cacak (SRB)
KK Buducnost VOLI (MNE)
KK Cedevita Olimpija Ljubljana (SLO)
KK Cibona (CRO)
KK Crvena zvezda mts (SRB)
KK FMP (SRB)
KK Igokea (BIH)
KK Krka (SLO)
KK Mega Soccerbet (SRB)
KK Mornar (MNE)
KK Partizan NIS (SRB)
KK Split (CRO)
KK Zadar (CRO)

LEAGUE PROFILE	2020-21	2019-20
Number of teams	13	12
Number of games per season	182	126
Number of games per team	28	21
Number of players	203	194
% of foreigners	42%	50%
Number of nationalities represented	17	20
Average age	25.7	26.6
Average height (cm)	198.1	198.0
Average team points per game	80.1	80.4
Average minutes per game played by the five most fielded players	24.5	24.9
Average number of players fielded per team during the season	15.8	16.5

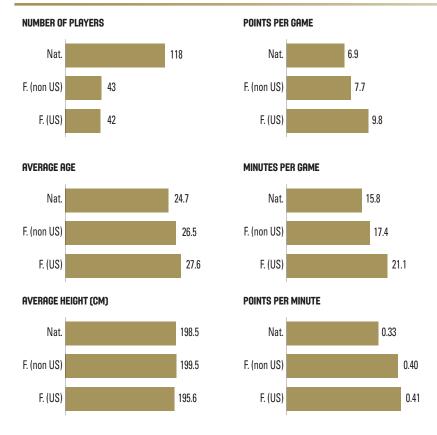
LEAGUE'S INTERNAL REGULATIONS

The league did not have any limitations regarding the number of foreign players.

The league did not have any specific regulations regarding U21 players.

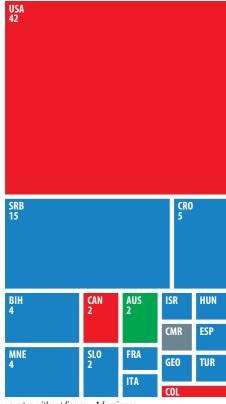
The league allowed the signature of a maximum of 20 contracts throughout the season.

NATIONALS VS FOREIGNERS



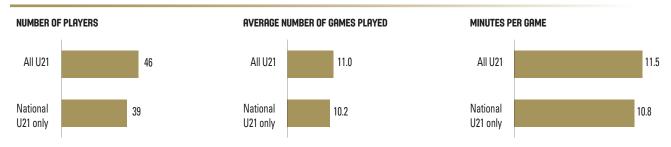
Nat.: National Players ; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US) ; F. (US): US Players

FOREIGN NATIONALITIES

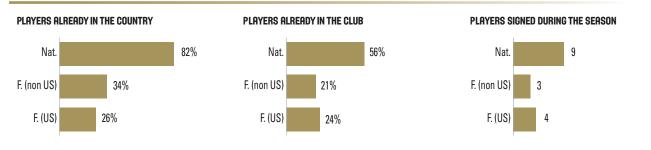






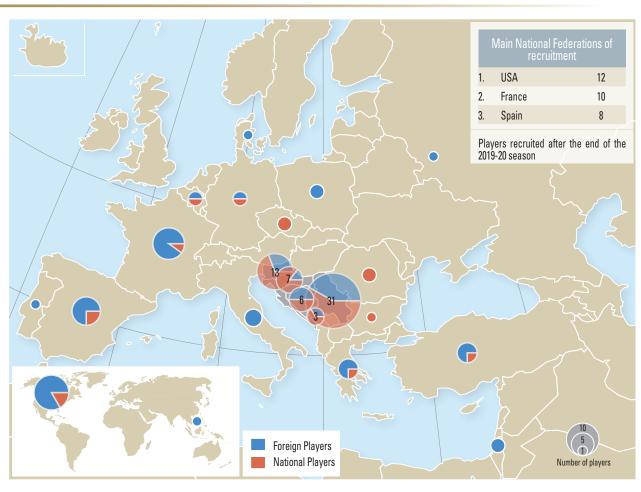


TURNOVER OF PLAYERS



Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players

RECRUITMENT OF PLAYERS



Domestic Leagues

ARGENTINA

LEAGUE OVERVIEW

TEAMS 2020-2021	
Argentino	
Atenas	
Boca Juniors	
Ciclista Olímpico	
Comunicaciones	
Ferro Carril Oeste	
Gimnasia	
Hispano Americano	
Instituto	
La Union Formosa	
Libertad	
Obera Tenis Club	
Obras Sanitarias	
Penarol	
Platense	
Quimsa	
Regatas	
San Lorenzo	
San Martin	
Weber Bahía	

LEAGUE PROFILE		
	2020-21	2019-20
Number of teams	20	20
Number of games per season	387	270
Number of games per team	38	27
Number of players	314	339
% of foreigners	21%	34%
Number of nationalities represented	18	26
Average age	25.9	25.2
Average height (cm)	193.8	194.0
Average team points per game	77.8	81.2
Average minutes per game played by the five most fielded players	24.9	26.3
Average number of players fielded per team during the season	16.2	17.0

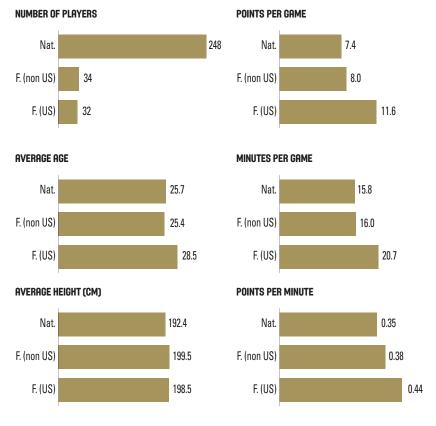
LEAGUE'S INTERNAL REGULATIONS

The league did not have any limitations regarding the number of foreign players.

The league allowed 8 U19 players + 1 U23 players on the roster + 3 U23 players from the academy (one year min. in the club).

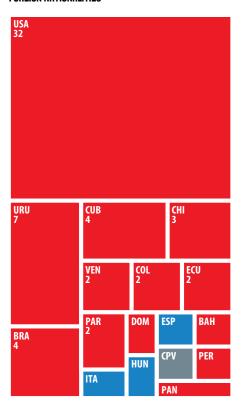
The league allowed the signature of a maximum of 20 contracts and the replacement of 6 players per team (regardless their nationality) throughout the season.

NATIONALS VS FOREIGNERS



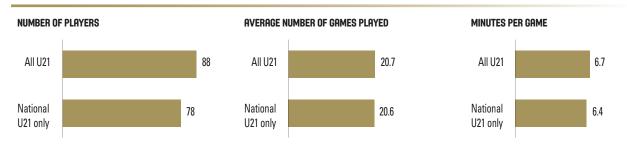
Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players

FOREIGN NATIONALITIES

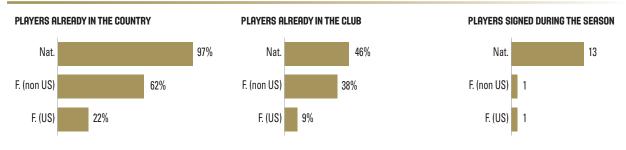




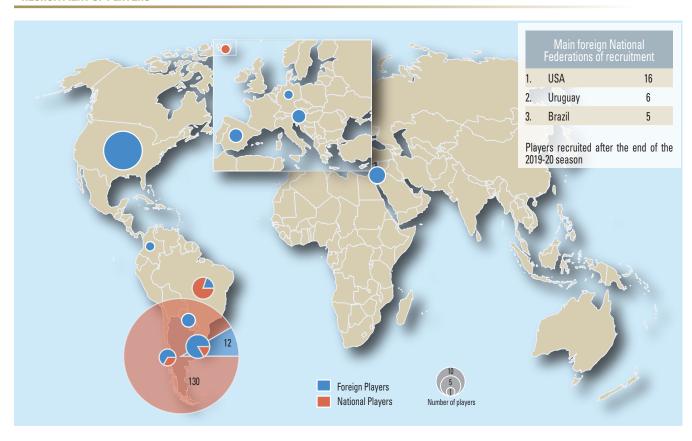




TURNOVER OF PLAYERS



Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players



AUSTRALIA

LEAGUE OVERVIEW

TEAMS 2020-2021
Adelaide 36ers (AUS)
Brisbane Bullets (AUS)
Cairns Taipans (AUS)
Illawarra Hawks (AUS)
Melbourne United (AUS)
New Zealand Breakers (NZL)
Perth Wildcats (AUS)
Sidney Kings (AUS)
South East Melbourne Phoenix (AUS)

LEAGUE PROFILE	2020-21	2019-20
Number of teams	9	9
Number of games per season	162	126
Number of games per team	36	28
Number of players	132	136
% of foreigners	38%	41%
Number of nationalities represented	9	12
Average age	26.8	26.9
Average height (cm)	198.0	197.5
Average team points per game	85.5	91.7
Average minutes per game played by the five most fielded players	26.8	26.2
Average number of players fielded per team during the season	15.0	15.1

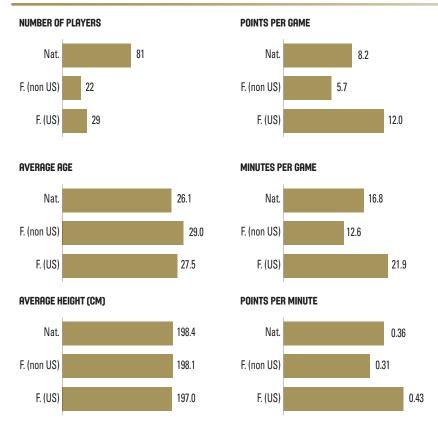
LEAGUE'S INTERNAL REGULATIONS

The league allowed 2 foreign players per team on the roster of 10 players. The league could also assign a maximum of one additional local or foreign player as part of a centrally run program targeting potential NBA draft prospects. One additional player from Asia under restricted conditions.

The league did not have any specific regulations regarding U21 players.

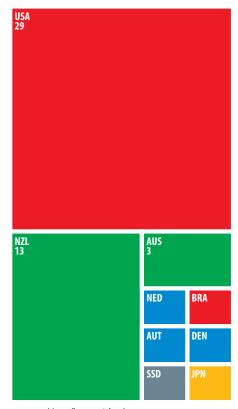
No new registrations accepted after a team has played 75% of its matches. No restrictions regarding the number of replacements during the season nor regarding the number of national transfers. Team is allowed to sign 10 full contracts and up to 4 development contracts, replacement players are tied to one of the full contracts (e.g if a full contract player is injured a replacement player can be signed).

NATIONALS VS FOREIGNERS



Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players

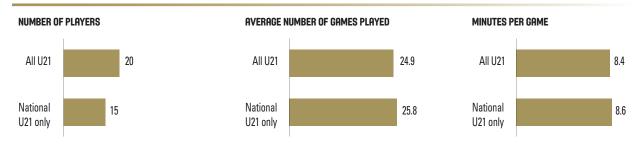
FOREIGN NATIONALITIES



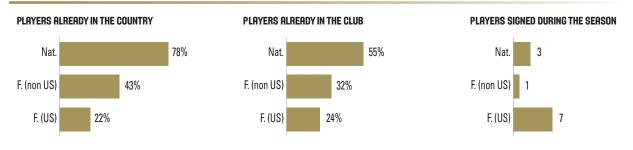
country without figure = 1 foreigner





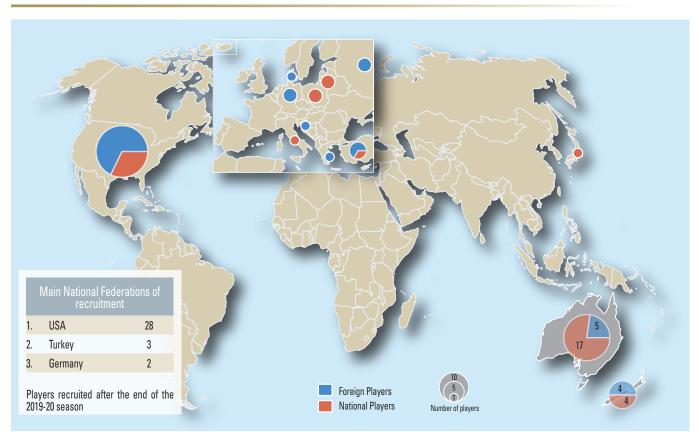


TURNOVER OF PLAYERS



Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players

RECRUITMENT OF PLAYERS



Domestic Leagues

BELGIUM

LEAGUE OVERVIEW

TEAMS 2020-2021
Belfius Mons-Hainaut
FILOU Oostende
Hubo Limburg United
Kangoeroes Basket Mechelen
Okapi Aalst
Phoenix Brussels Basketball
Spirou Basket Charleroi
Stella Artois Leuven Bears
Telenet Giants Antwerp
V00 Liège Basket

LEAGUE PROFILE	2020-21	2019-20
	2020-21	2019-20
Number of teams	10	10
Number of games per season	130	90
Number of games per team	26	18
Number of players	153	150
% of foreigners	37%	46%
Number of nationalities represented	17	17
Average age	24.6	24.9
Average height (cm)	196.3	194.9
Average team points per game	77.3	77.4
Average minutes per game played by the five most fielded players	26.4	24.8
Average number of players fielded per team during the season	15.3	15.0

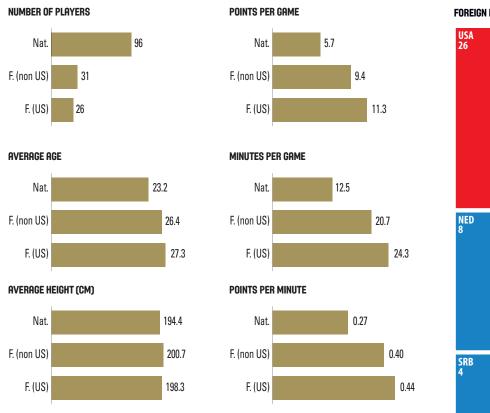
LEAGUE'S INTERNAL REGULATIONS

The league imposed a minimum of 6 Home-Grown players on the scoresheet, regardless of the total number of players on the scoresheet.

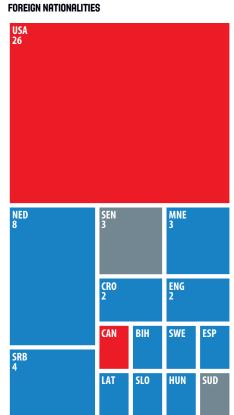
The league did not have any specific regulations regarding U21 players.

There is no limitation of signature of contract. Although, the league allowed 4 replacements per team during the season and allow national transfers under certain conditions during the season.

NATIONALS VS FOREIGNERS



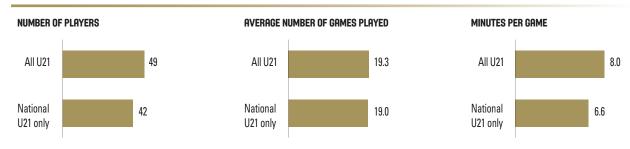
Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players



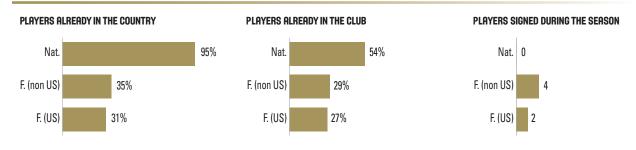
country without figure = 1 foreigner



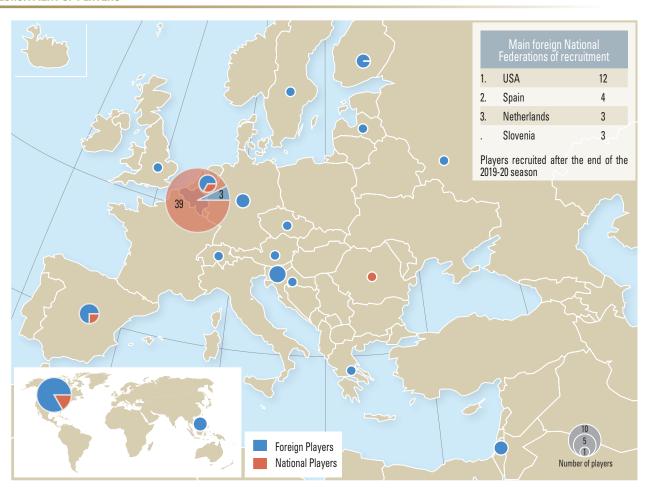




TURNOVER OF PLAYERS



Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players



LEAGUE OVERVIEW

TEAMS 2020-2021
Bauru Basketball Team
Brasília Basquete
Caxias Do Sul Basquete
Cerrado Basquete
Clube De Regatas Do Flamengo
Esporte Clube Pinheiros
Fortaleza Basquete Cearense
Minas Tênis Clube
Mogi Das Cruzes Basquete
Pato Basquete
Paulistano/Corpore
São Paulo Futebol Clube
Sesi Franca Basquete
Sport Club Corinthians Paulista
Unifacisa Basquete
Viptech Campo Mourão/Assercam

LEAGUE PROFILE		
ELHOOL I HOI ILL	2020-21	2019-20
Number of teams	16	16
Number of games per season	240	207
Number of games per team	30	27
Number of players	229	231
% of foreigners	18%	25%
Number of nationalities represented	11	10
Average age	26.7	26.4
Average height (cm)	195.4	195.2
Average team points per game	80.3	81.2
Average minutes per game played by the five most fielded players	26.5	27.2
Average number of players fielded per team during the season	14.4	14.7

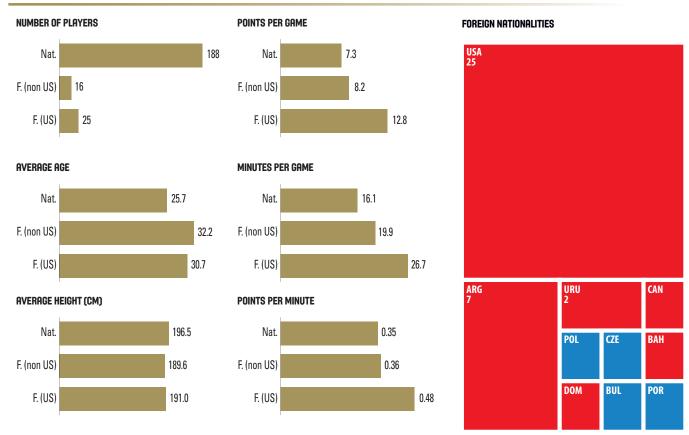
LEAGUE'S INTERNAL REGULATIONS

The league allowed 4 foreign players per team on the roster and on the court at the same time.

The league did not have any specific regulations regarding U21 players.

The league did not have any restrictions regarding the number of replacements per team during the first round of the regular season. The league allowed national transfers under special restrictions related to the status of the concerned transferred player during the first round of the regular season.

NATIONALS VS FOREIGNERS

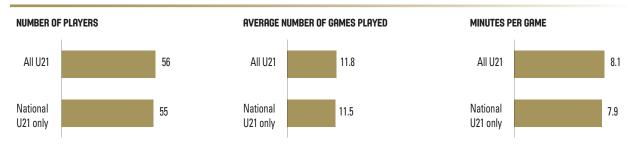


Nat.: National Players ; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US) ; F. (US): US Players

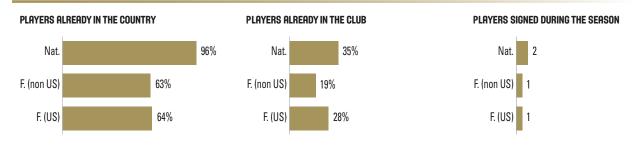
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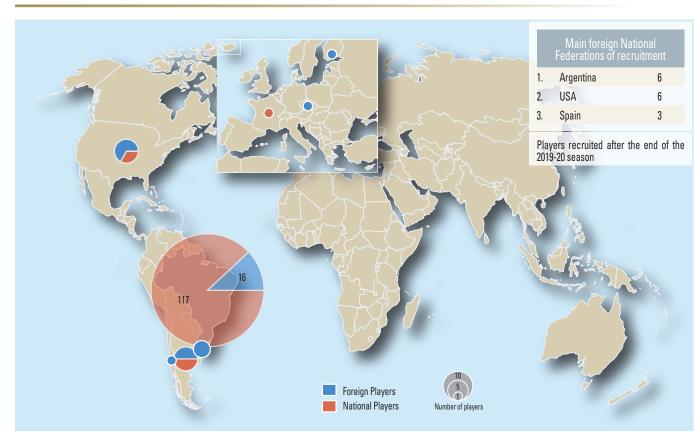


TURNOVER OF PLAYERS



Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players

RECRUITMENT OF PLAYERS



Domestic Leagues

LEAGUE OVERVIEW

TEAMS 2020-2021
Beijing Ducks
Beikong Royal Fighters
Fujian SBS Xunxing Sturgeons
Guangdong Southern Tigers
Guangzhou Long Lions
Jiangsu Dragons
Jilin Northeast Tigers
Liaoning Leopards
Nanjing Tongxi Monkey Kings
Qingdao Eagles
Shandong
Shanghai Sharks
Shanxi
Shenzhen Aviators
Sichuan Blue Whales
Tianjin Pioneers
Xinjiang Flying Tigers
Zhejiang Golden Bulls
Zhejiang Lions

LEAGUE PROFILE	2020-21	2019-20
Number of teams	19	20
Number of games per season	504	460
Number of games per team	53	46
Number of players	364	355
% of foreigners	15%	21%
Number of nationalities represented	12	16
Average age	25.7	26.0
Average height (cm)	198.0	198.2
Average team points per game*	86.7	85.8
Average minutes per game played by the five most fielded players*	23.1	23.4
Average number of players fielded per team during the season	19.4	17.8

^{*} Each game played in the league consists of four periods of 12 minutes (48 minutes per game)

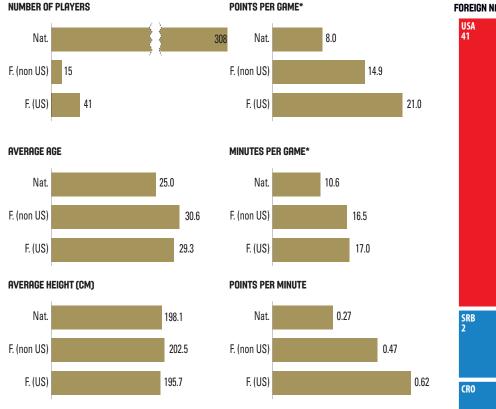
LEAGUE'S INTERNAL REGULATIONS

The league allowed 2 foreign players per team on the roster and 1 additional player from Asia under restricted conditions. The league also imposed playing time restrictions for foreign players.

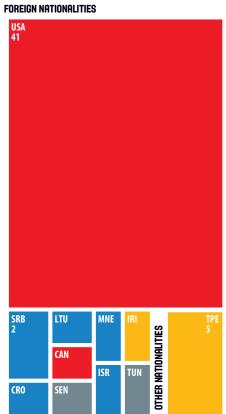
The league did not have any specific regulations regarding U21 players.

The league allowed the signature of a maximum of 76 contracts for foreign players throughout the season.

NATIONALS VS FOREIGNERS



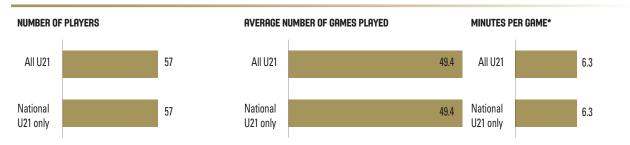
Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players



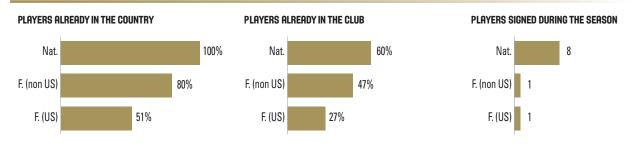
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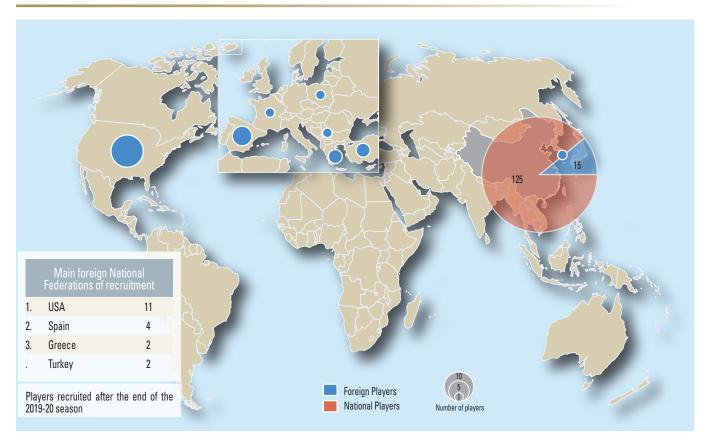


TURNOVER OF PLAYERS



Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players

RECRUITMENT OF PLAYERS



Domestic Leagues

FRANCE

LEAGUE OVERVIEW

TEAMS 2020-2021
AS Monaco Basket
BCM Gravelines-Dunkerque
Boulazac Basket Dordogne
Boulogne Levallois Metropolitans 92
Champagne Basket
Cholet Basket
Chorale Roanne Basket
Elan Béarnais Pau-Lacq-Orthez
Elan Chalon/Saône
ESSM Le Portel
JDA Dijon Basket
JL Bourg Basket
LDLC ASVEL
Le Mans Sarthe Basket
Limoges CSP
Nanterre 92
Orléans Loiret Basket
SIG Strasbourg

LEAGUE PROFILE	2000 04	2042.00
	2020-21	2019-20
Number of teams	18	18
Number of games per season	306	225
Number of games per team	34	25
Number of players	308	278
% of foreigners	54%	56%
Number of nationalities represented	37	37
Average age	26.4	26.9
Average height (cm)	196.7	196.6
Average team points per game	81.5	81.8
Average minutes per game played by the five most fielded players	25.4	25.2
Average number of players fielded per team during the season	17.4	15.7

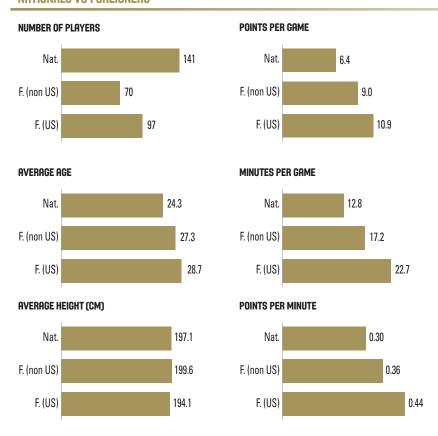
LEAGUE'S INTERNAL REGULATIONS

The league allowed 6 non Home-Grown players per team on the scoresheet.

The league did not have any specific regulations regarding U21 players.

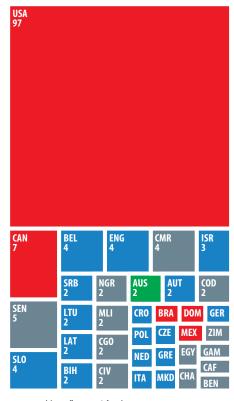
The league allowed the signature of a maximum of 16 contracts throughout the season.

NATIONALS VS FOREIGNERS



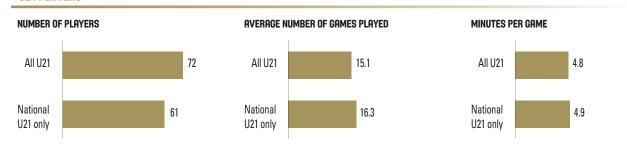
Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players

FOREIGN NATIONALITIES

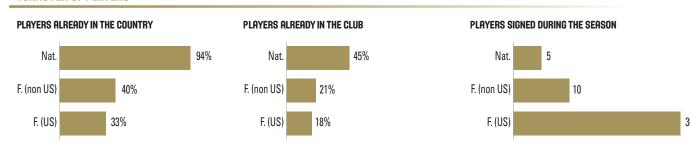




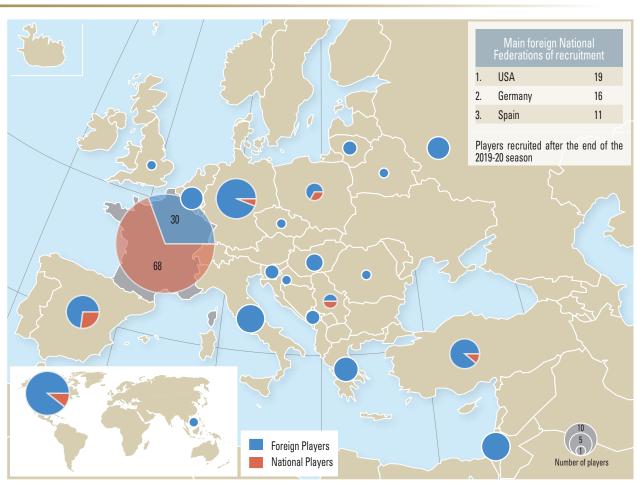




TURNOVER OF PLAYERS



Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players



GERMANY

LEAGUE OVERVIEW

TEAMS 2020-2021
Alba Berlin
Basketball Löwen Braunschweig
BG Göttingen
Brose Bamberg
EWE Baskets Oldenburg
FC Bayern München
Fraport Skyliners
Hakro Merlins Crailsheim
Hamburg Towers
JobStairs Giessen 46ers
Medi Bayreuth
MHP Riesen Ludwigsburg
Niners Chemnitz
Rasta Vechta
Ratiopharm Ulm
s. Oliver Wurzburg
Syntainics MBC
Telekom Baskets Bonn

LEGGUE PROFILE		
LEAGUE PROFILE	2020-21	2019-20
Number of teams	18	17
Number of games per season	306	174
Number of games per team	34	21
Number of players	297	260
% of foreigners	57%	58%
Number of nationalities represented	28	27
Average age	25.7	25.8
Average height (cm)	196.8	196.9
Average team points per game	84.2	84.4
Average minutes per game played by the five most fielded players	24.2	24.9
Average number of players fielded per team during the season	16.7	15.8

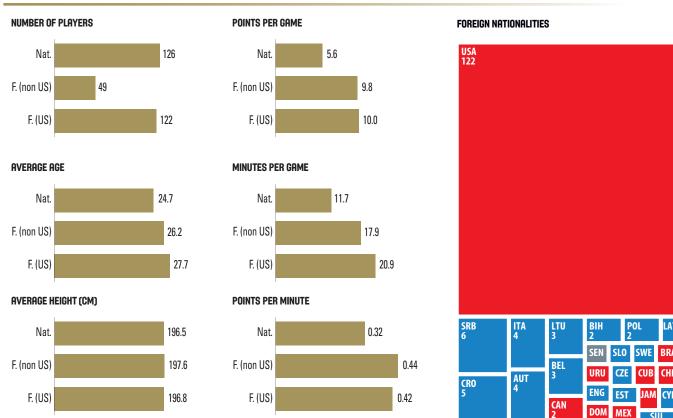
LEAGUE'S INTERNAL REGULATIONS

The league allowed 6 foreign players per team on the scoresheet.

The league did not have any specific regulations regarding U21 players.

The league allowed 4 replacements per team during the season. The league did not have any restrictions regarding the number of national transfers.

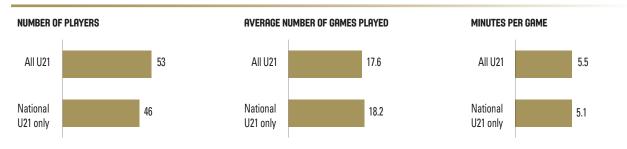
NATIONALS VS FOREIGNERS



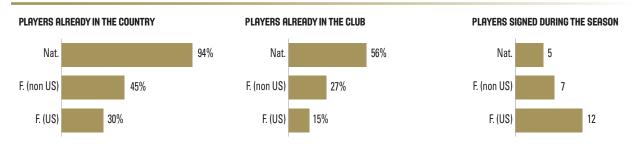
Nat.: National Players ; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US) ; F. (US): US Players



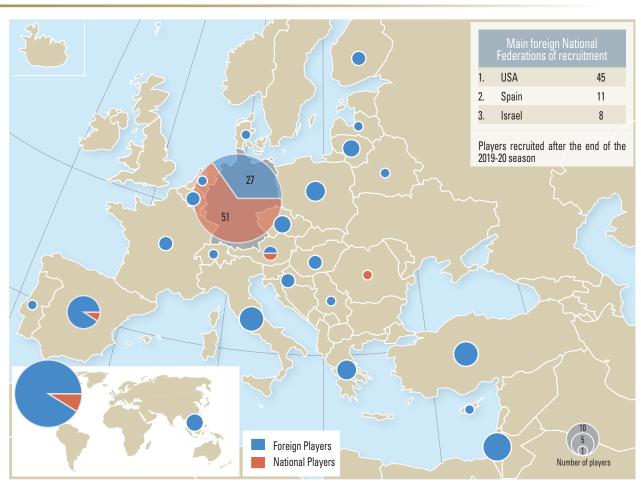




TURNOVER OF PLAYERS



Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players



GREECE

LEAGUE OVERVIEW

TEAMS 2020-2021
AEK BC
Aris BC
Charilaos Trikoupis Mesologiou BC
Diagoras Driopideon Aigaleo BC
Ermis Agias Larissas BC
Iraklis BC
Kimi BC
Kolossos H Hotels KAE
Panathinaikos BC
PAOK BC
Peristeri BC
Promitheas BC

LEAGUE PROFILE	2020-21	2019-20
Number of teams	12	14
Number of games per season	132	140
Number of games per team	22	20
Number of players	213	244
% of foreigners	53%	52%
Number of nationalities represented	20	21
Average age	27.1	27.4
Average height (cm)	197.9	197.6
Average team points per game	77.9	78.1
Average minutes per game played by the five most fielded players	24.9	23.9
Average number of players fielded per team during the season	18.4	17.8

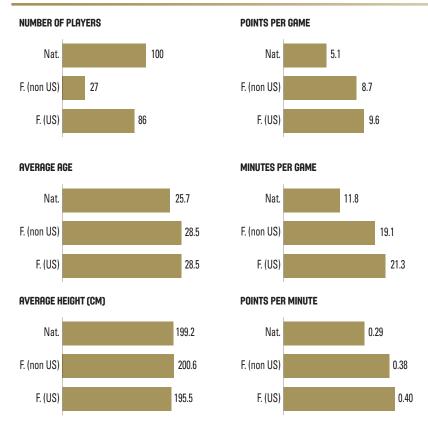
LEAGUE'S INTERNAL REGULATIONS

The league allowed 6 foreign players per team on the scoresheet.

The league did not have any specific regulations regarding U21 players.

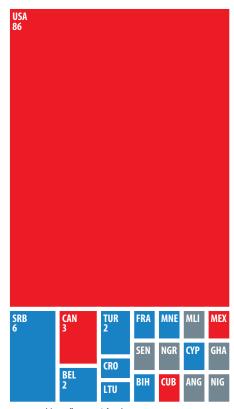
The league allowed the signature of a maximum of 20 contracts throughout the season. The league allowed 3 replacements per team during the first leg of the regular season and 3 more during the second leg. The league allowed two national transfers up to the day before the final weekend of the first round of the regular season and one more national transfer up to the day before the sixth game before the end of the regular season provided that the transferred national player was playing in the same team up to that point.

NATIONALS VS FOREIGNERS



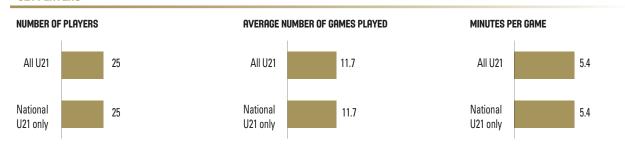
Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players

FOREIGN NATIONALITIES

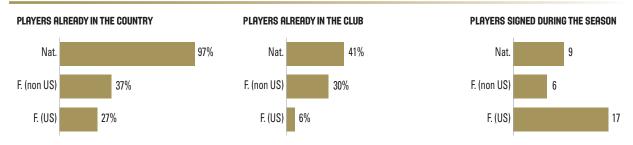






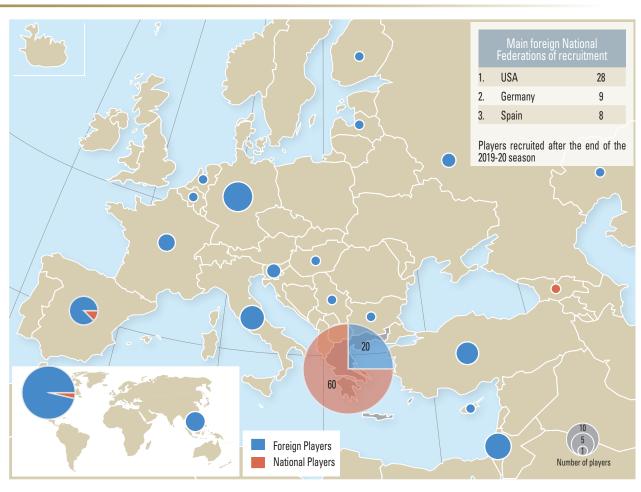


TURNOVER OF PLAYERS



Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players

RECRUITMENT OF PLAYERS



Domestic Leagues

ISRAEL

LEAGUE OVERVIEW

TEAMS 2020-2021
Bnei Herzliya
Hapoel Altshuler Shaham Be'er Sheva
Hapoel Bank Yahav Jerusalem
Hapoel B-Cure Laser Haifa
Hapoel Gilboa/Galil
Hapoel SP Metzer Tel Aviv
Hapoel U-NET Credit Holon
Hapoel Yossi Avrahami Eilat
Ironi Geshem Nahariya
Ironi Hai Motors Ness Ziona
Maccabi Haifa
Maccabi Playtika Tel Aviv
Maccabi Zarfati Zvi Rishon Le Zion

I FOOLIF PROFILE		
LEAGUE PROFILE	2020-21	2019-20
Number of teams	13	12
Number of games per season	192	174
Number of games per team	29	29
Number of players	219	245
% of foreigners	52 %	54%
Number of nationalities represented	18	17
Average age	26.1	25.8
Average height (cm)	195.1	195.6
Average team points per game	86.5	83.5
Average minutes per game played by the five most fielded players	27.4	26.6
Average number of players fielded per team during the season	17.6	21.1

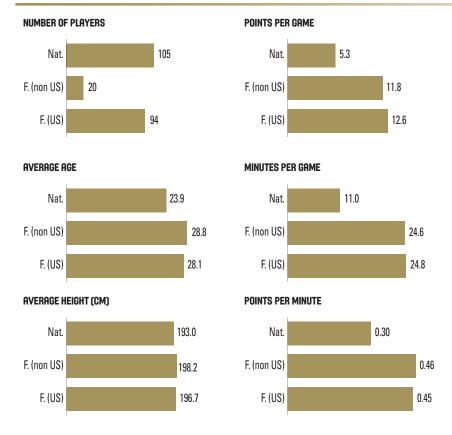
LEAGUE'S INTERNAL REGULATIONS

The league allowed 10 foreign players per team throughout the season, 4 foreign players per team on the scoresheet and 4 foreign players on the court at the same time, per team.

The league did not have any specific regulations regarding U21 players.

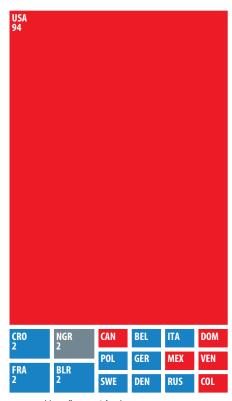
The league allowed the signature of a maximum of 20 contracts throughout the season. The league allowed the signature of a maximum of 10 contracts for foreign players throughout the season.

NATIONALS VS FOREIGNERS



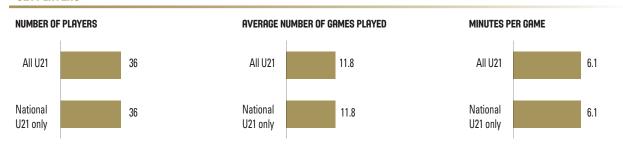
Nat.: National Players ; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US) ; F. (US): US Players

FOREIGN NATIONALITIES

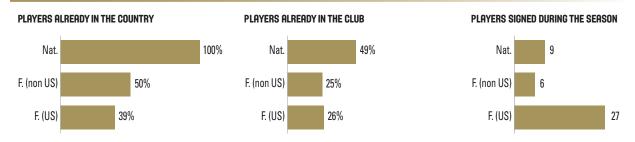




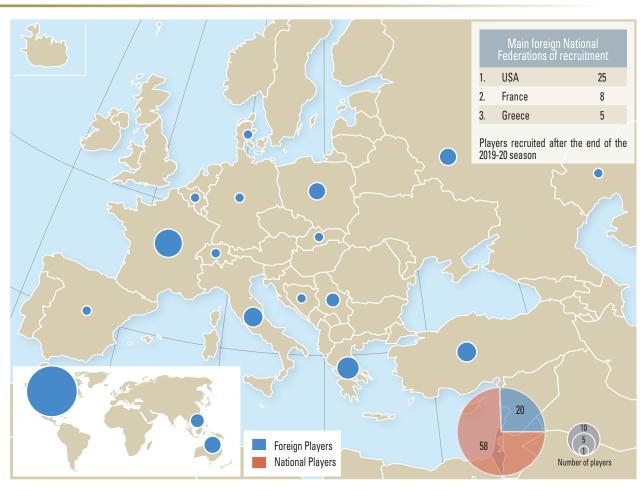




TURNOVER OF PLAYERS



Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players





LEAGUE OVERVIEW

TEAMS 2020-2021
A X Armani Exchange Milano
Acqua S. Bernardo Cantù
Allianz Pallacanestro Trieste
Banco di Sardegna Sassari
Carpegna Prosciutto Pesaro
De'Longhi Treviso
Dolomiti Energia Trentino
Fortitudo Lavoropiù Bologna
Germani Brescia
Happy Casa Brindisi
Openjobmetis Varese
Umana Reyer Venezia
UNAHOTELS Reggio Emilia
Vanoli Basket Cremona
Virtus Roma*
Virtus Segafredo Bologna

^{*}In December, Virtus Roma withdrew its participation for the remainder of the season. The figures do not use its statistics.

LEAGUE PROFILE	2020-21	2019-20
Number of teams	16*	17
Number of games per season	219	175
Number of games per team	29	22
Number of players	227	235
% of foreigners	54%	57%
Number of nationalities represented	24	29
Average age	26.8	27.3
Average height (cm)	196.9	196.8
Average team points per game	82.0	79.6
Average minutes per game played by the five most fielded players	25.7	26.1
Average number of players fielded per team during the season	15.3	13.9

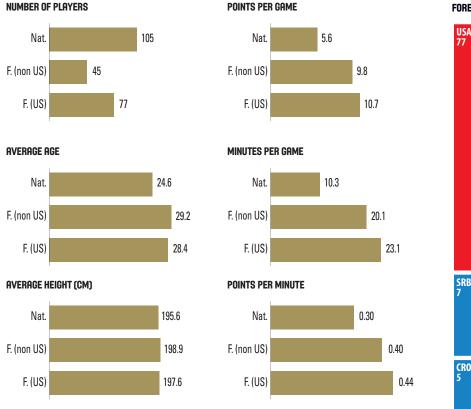
LEAGUE'S INTERNAL REGULATIONS

The league allowed 5 foreign players per team (10-men roster) or 6 foreign players per team (12-men roster) on the scoresheet.

The league did not have any specific regulations regarding U21 players. However, U20 players are not taken into account on the maximum of 16 contracts.

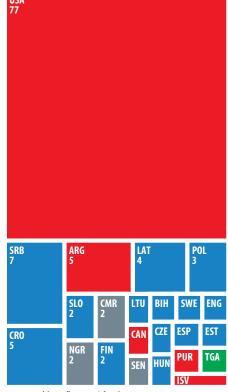
The league allowed the signature of a maximum of 18 contracts throughout the season.

NATIONALS VS FOREIGNERS



Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players

FOREIGN NATIONALITIES

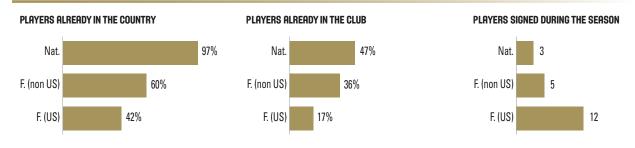






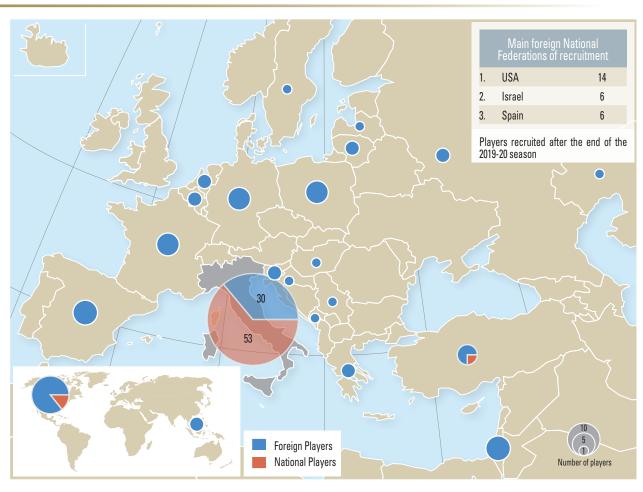


TURNOVER OF PLAYERS



Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players

RECRUITMENT OF PLAYERS



Domestic Leagues

JAPAN

LEAGUE OVERVIEW

TEAMS 2020-2021
Akita Northan Happinets
Alvark Tokyo
Chiba Jets
Hiroshima Dragonflies
Kawasaki Brave Thunders
Kyoto Hannaryz
Levanga Hokkaido
Nagoya Diamond Dolphins
Niigata Albirex BB
Osaka Evessa
Ryukyu Golden Kings
San-en Neophoenix
Seahorses Mikawa
Shiga Lakestars
Shimane Susanoo Magic
Shinshu Brave Warriors
Sunrockers Shibuya
Toyama Grouses
Utsunomiya Brex
Yokohama B-Corsairs

LEAGUE PROFILE	2020-21	2019-20
Number of teams	20	18
Number of games per season	574	369
Number of games per team	57	41
Number of players	299	275
% of foreigners	30%	28%
Number of nationalities represented	24	16
Average age	28.3	28.5
Average height (cm)	191.2	191.7
Average team points per game	80.3	76.7
Average minutes per game played by the five most fielded players	25.1	26.1
Average number of players fielded per team during the season	15.2	15.5

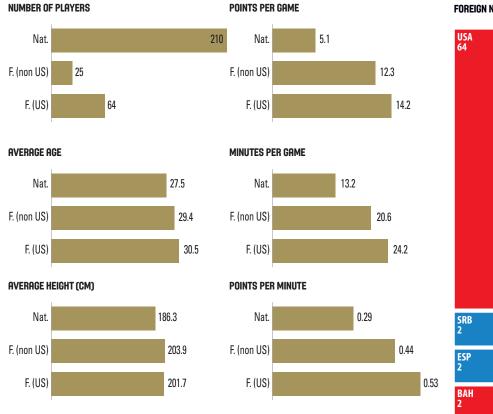
LEAGUE'S INTERNAL REGULATIONS

The league allowed 3 foreign players per team on the roster and the scoresheet and allowed 2 foreign players on the court at the same time, per team. In addition of the above 3 foreign players per team, each team is allowed to have 1 naturalized player or 1 Asian player (China, Chinese Taipei, Korea, Philippines, Indonesia) on the roster and on the scoresheet. These players can play without any restrictions.

The league did not have any specific regulations regarding U21 players.

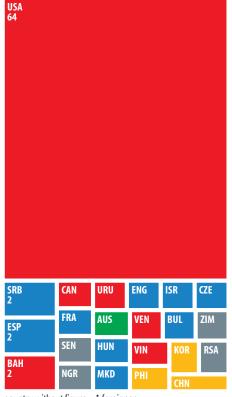
The league did not have any restrictions regarding the number of replacements during the season, nor regarding the number of national transfers.

NATIONALS VS FOREIGNERS



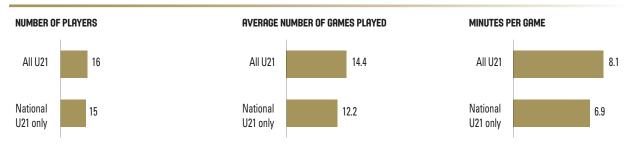
Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players

FOREIGN NATIONALITIES

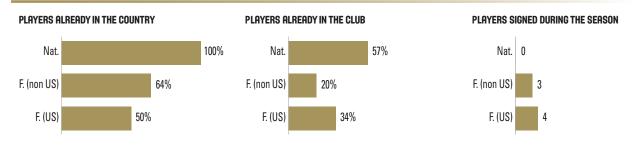




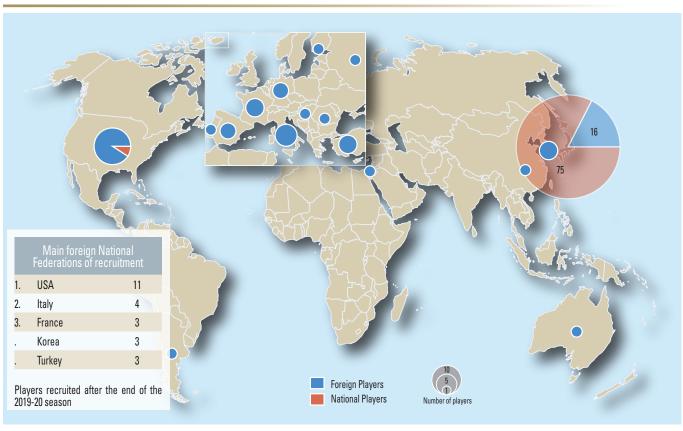




TURNOVER OF PLAYERS



Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players



POLAND

LEAGUE OVERVIEW

TEAMS 2020-2021
Anwil Włocławek
Arged BMSlam Stal Ostrów Wlkp.
Asseco Arka Gdynia
Enea Astoria Bydgoszcz
Enea Zastal BC Zielona Góra
GTK Gliwice
Hydrotruck Radom
King Szczecin
Legia Warszawa
MKS Dabrowa Górnicza
PGE Spójnia Stargard
Polpharma Starogard Gdanski
Polski Cukier Toru
Pszczółka Start Lublin
Trefl Sopot
WKS Slask Wrocław

LEAGUE PROFILE	2020-21	2019-20
Number of teams	16	16
Number of games per season	240	184
Number of games per team	30	23
Number of players	275	250
% of foreigners	40%	41%
Number of nationalities represented	23	19
Average age	26.3	26.5
Average height (cm)	195.2	195.7
Average team points per game	83.2	83.4
Average minutes per game played by the five most fielded players	26.3	26.5
Average number of players fielded per team during the season	18.1	15.9

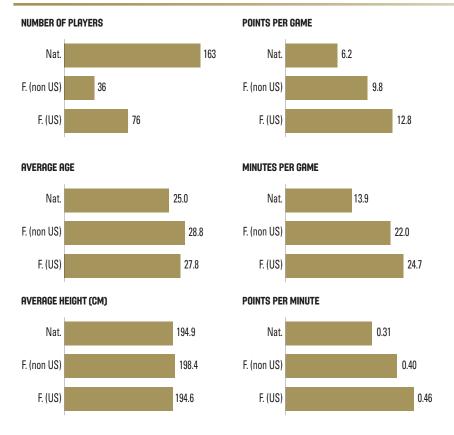
LEAGUE'S INTERNAL REGULATIONS

7 home-grown players and 5 foreign players on the scoresheet per team for teams not participating in European Cups. 6 home-grown players and 6 foreign players on the scoresheet per team –for teams participating in European Cups.

The league did not have any specific regulations regarding U21 players.

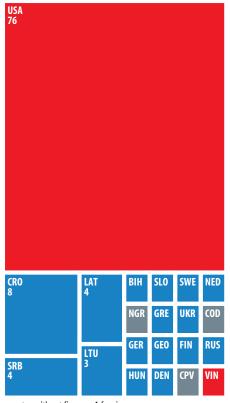
The league did not have any restrictions regarding the number of replacements during the season, nor regarding the number of national transfers.

NATIONALS VS FOREIGNERS



Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players

FOREIGN NATIONALITIES

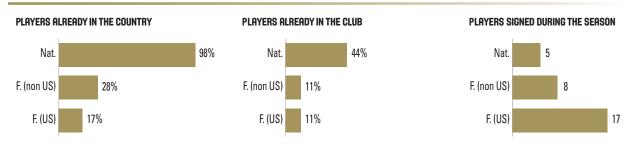




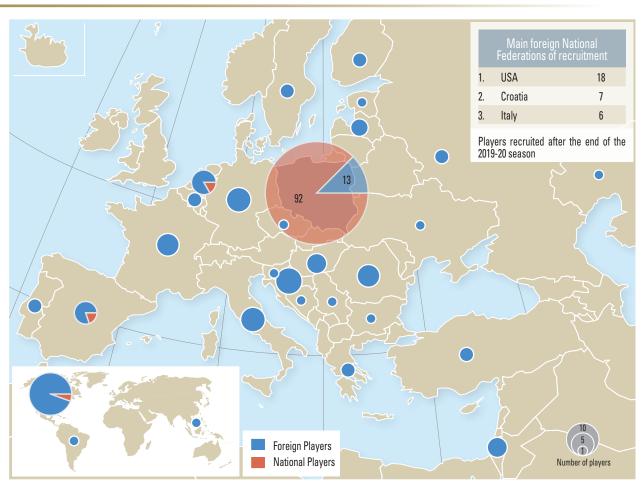




TURNOVER OF PLAYERS



Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players



LEAGUE OVERVIEW

TEAMS 2020-2021
Acunsa GBC
Barça
BAXI Manresa
Casademont Zaragoza
Club Joventut Badalona
Coosur Real Betis
Herbalife Gran Canaria
Hereda San Pablo Burgos
Lenovo Tenerife
Monbus Obradoiro
Morabanc Andorra
Movistar Estudiantes
Real Madrid
Retabet Bilbao Basket
TD Systems Baskonia
UCAM Murcia CB
Unicaja
Urbas Fuenlabrada
Valencia Basket Club

LEAGUE PROFILE	2020-21	2019-20
Number of teams	19	18
Number of games per season	342	207
Number of games per team	36	23
Number of players	339	283
% of foreigners	70%	71%
Number of nationalities represented	54	51
Average age	26.8	27.4
Average height (cm)	198.2	198.5
Average team points per game	82.8	80.7
Average minutes per game played by the five most fielded players	22.4	22.2
Average number of players fielded per team during the season	18.3	16.2

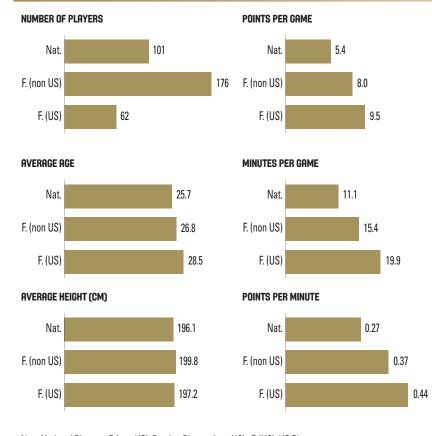
LEAGUE'S INTERNAL REGULATIONS

The league imposed 4 Home-Grown players per team on the roster if the team was composed by 10-12 players, or 3 if composed by 8-9 players. The league allowed a maximum of 2 non EU + EEA + Switzerland + Cotonou players on the roster.

The league did not have any specific regulations regarding U21 players.

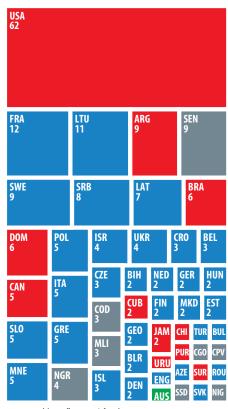
The league allowed the signature of a maximum of 34 contracts throughout the season. The league allowed 22 replacements per team during the season. The league did not have any restrictions regarding the number of national transfers.

NATIONALS VS FOREIGNERS



Nat.: National Players ; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US) ; F. (US): US Players

FOREIGN NATIONALITIES

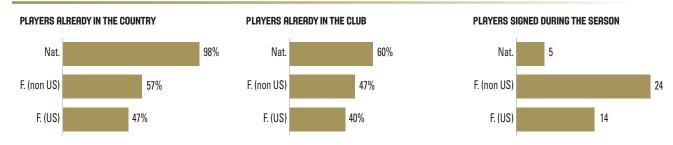




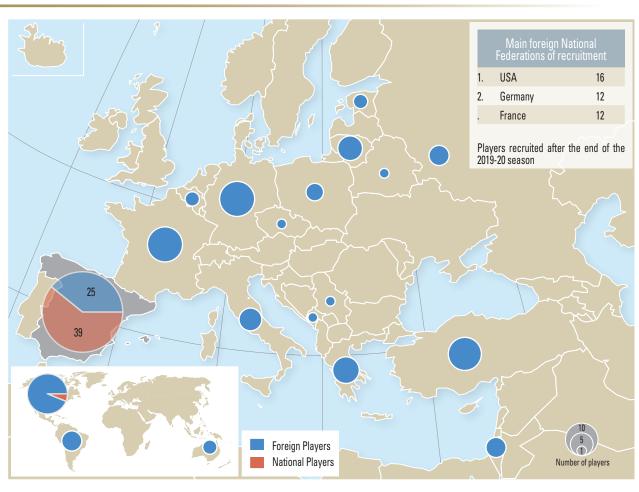




TURNOVER OF PLAYERS



Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players



TURKEY

LEAGUE OVERVIEW

TEAMS 2020-2021
Afyon
Aliaga Petkim Spor
Anadolu Efes
Bahçesehir
Besiktas SJ
Buyukcekmece
Darussafaka
Fenerbahce
Fethiye
Frutti Extra Bursaspor
Galatasaray
Gaziantep
OGM Ormanspor
Pinar Karsiyaka
Tofas Bursa
Turk Telekom

LEAGUE PROFILE	2020-21	2019-20
Number of teams	16	16
Number of games per season	240	184
Number of games per team	30	23
Number of players	276	255
% of foreigners	46%	45%
Number of nationalities represented	23	23
Average age	26.4	26.5
Average height (cm)	196.9	197.2
Average team points per game	82.2	80.0
Average minutes per game played by the five most fielded players	26.6	27.4
Average number of players fielded per team during the season	17.4	16.0

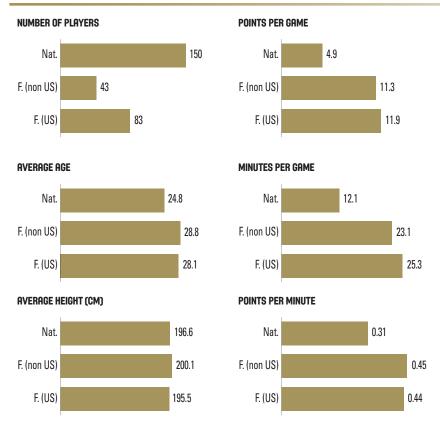
LEAGUE'S INTERNAL REGULATIONS

The league allowed maximum 10 foreign players on the roster. The league allowed 5 foreign players on the scoresheet. The league allowed 5 foreign players on the court.

The league did not have any specific regulations regarding U21 players.

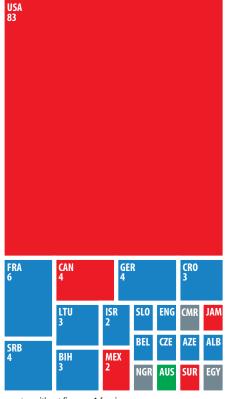
The league allowed the signature of a maximum of 18 contracts for Home-Grown players and 12 contracts for foreign players throughout the season.

NATIONALS VS FOREIGNERS



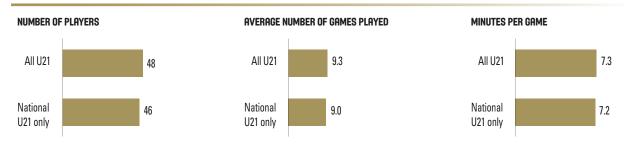
Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players

FOREIGN NATIONALITIES

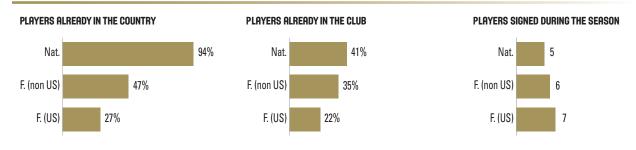




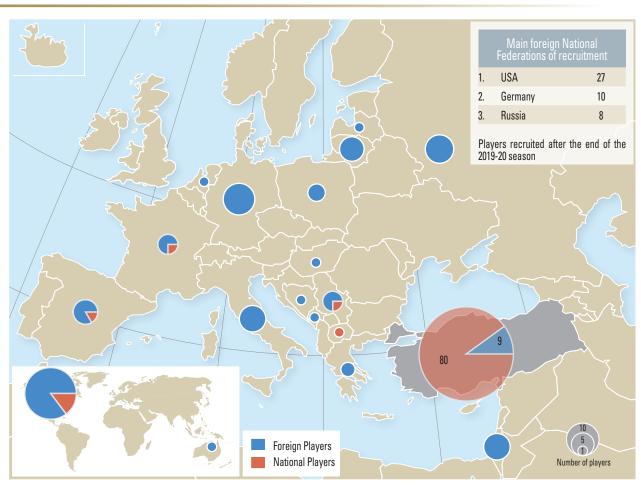




TURNOVER OF PLAYERS



Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players



VTB UNITED LEAGUE

LEAGUE OVERVIEW

TEAMS 2020-2021
BC Avtodor (RUS)
BC Enisey (RUS)
BC Kalev (EST)
BC Khimki (RUS)
BC Nizhny (RUS)
BC Parma (RUS)
BC Tsmoki-Minsk (BLR)
BC Unics (RUS)
BC Zenit (RUS)
Enea Zastal BC Zielona Góra (POL)
PBC Astana (KAZ)
PBC CSKA (RUS)
PBC Lokomotiv-Kuban (RUS)

LEAGUE PROFILE	2020-21	2019-20
Number of teams	13	13
Number of games per season	156	130
Number of games per team	24	20
Number of players	229	211
% of foreigners	45%	49%
Number of nationalities represented	24	24
Average age	26.9	27.3
Average height (cm)	198.0	197.9
Average team points per game	82.3	84.9
Average minutes per game played by the five most fielded players	24.8	24.7
Average number of players fielded per team during the season	17.8	16.4

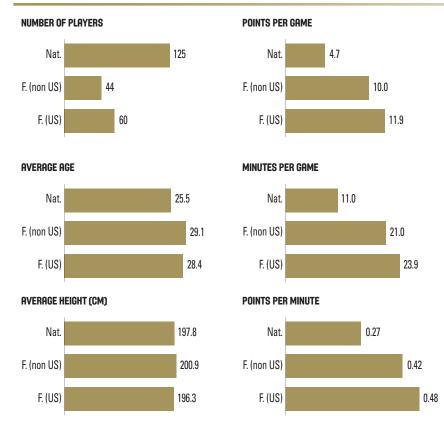
LEAGUE'S INTERNAL REGULATIONS

Restrictions on number of foreign players depending on National Championships (except for Russian teams: 8 max and 1 for European Cups only). The league imposed a minimum of 6 national players on the scoresheet.

The league did not have any specific regulations regarding U21 players.

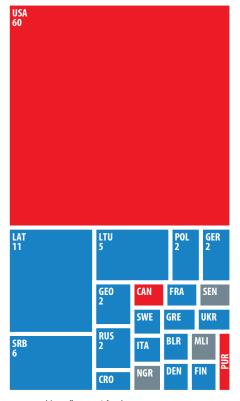
The league allowed 20 replacements per team during the season. However, only 16 simultaneously can be in team passport.

NATIONALS VS FOREIGNERS



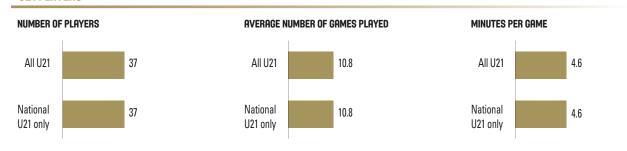
Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players

FOREIGN NATIONALITIES

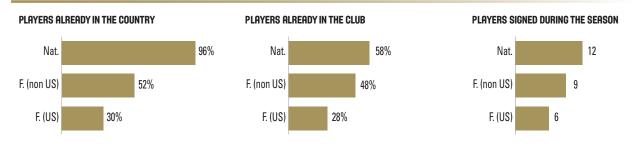






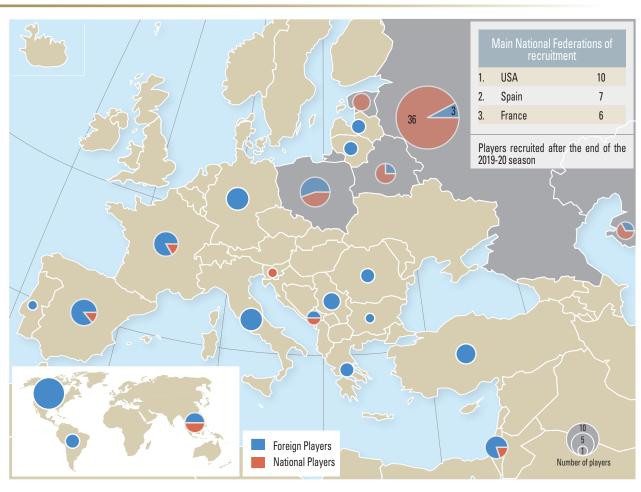


TURNOVER OF PLAYERS



Nat.: National Players; F. (non US): Foreign Players (non US); F. (US): US Players

RECRUITMENT OF PLAYERS



Domestic Leagues







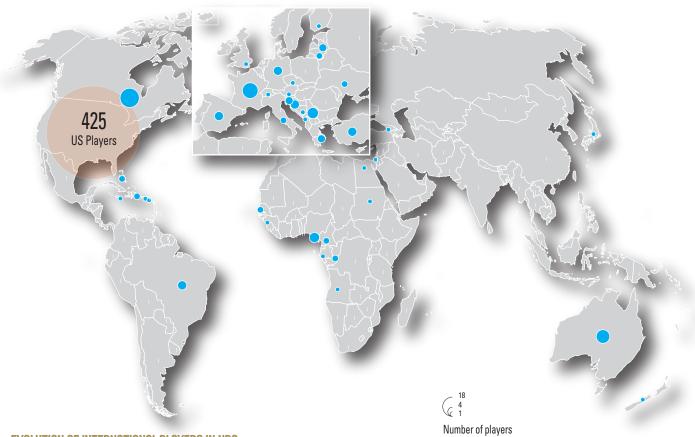






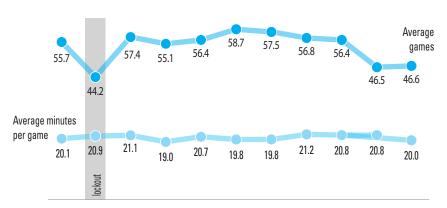
INTERNATIONAL LEAGUES 2020/2021

NATIONALITY OF INTERNATIONAL PLAYERS (2020-21) - 40 NATIONALITIES



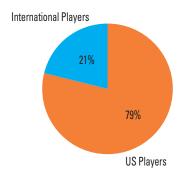
EVOLUTION OF INTERNATIONAL PLAYERS IN NBA



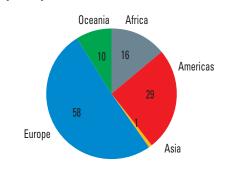


 $2010\text{-}11 \quad 2011\text{-}12 \quad 2012\text{-}13 \quad 2013\text{-}14 \quad 2014\text{-}15 \quad 2015\text{-}16 \quad 2016\text{-}17 \quad 2017\text{-}18 \quad 2018\text{-}19 \quad 2019\text{-}20 \quad 2020\text{-}21$

INTERNATIONAL VS US PLAYERS (2020-21)



FIBA REGIONS OF ORIGIN OF INTERNATIONAL PLAYERS (2020-21)

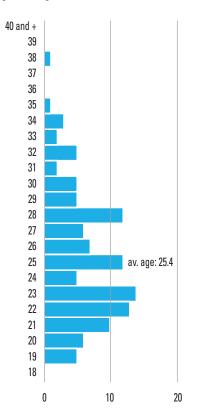




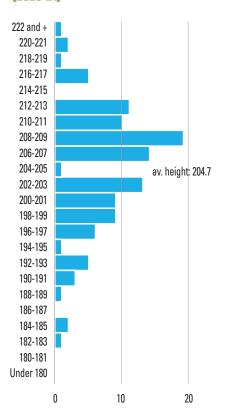
In general, the statistics remained similar to the previous season. The 2020-21 began two months prior to the previous campaign. The off-season was shortened, as well as the season itself (72 games instead of 82). Therefore, the low numbers of International Transfers might have been impacted by the shorter season.

Less International Players were selected during the 2020 NBA Draft. Six of the seven International players selected in the first round played during the season. The average games and minutes per game were similar to the previous season. Europe remained the top FIBA region, followed by the Americas and Africa.

AGE PYRAMID OF INTERNATIONAL PLAYERS (2020-21)

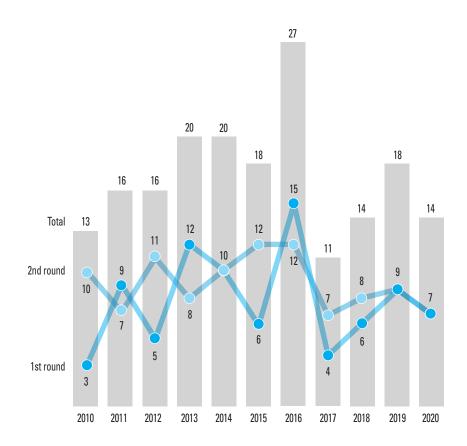


HEIGHT PYRAMID OF INTERNATIONAL PLAYERS (2020-21)



DRAFT OF INTERNATIONAL PLAYERS

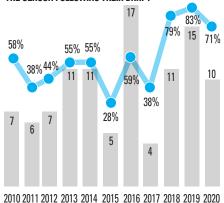
NUMBER OF INTERNATIONAL PLAYERS DRAFTED DURING THE FIRST OR SECOND ROUND



AVERAGE AGE OF INTERNATIONAL PLAYERS AT THE DRAFT



INTERNATIONAL PLAYERS ENTERING IN NBA THE SEASON FOLLOWING THEIR DRAFT



NATIONALITY OF INTERNATIONAL PLAYERS (2020) - 12 NATIONALITIES



EVOLUTION OF INTERNATIONAL PLAYERS IN WNBA

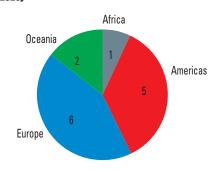




INTERNATIONAL VS US PLAYERS (2020)



FIBA REGIONS OF ORIGIN OF INTERNATIONAL PLAYERS (2020)





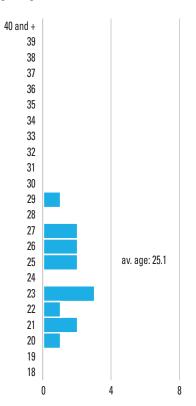


The 2020 WNBA season was shortened due to the pandemic. Only 22 games were played compared to 34 during the previous season. The schedule was modified accordingly, and the duration of the season was only ten weeks.

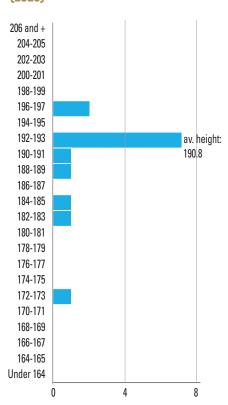
The number of International Transfers decreased, with only 14 taking place and representing only 9% of total players in the WNBA. Even though the number of games was shortened for the above reason, the playing time still increased. The average minutes per game for international players reached 20.4 minutes, which is the highest ever number for this category.

Four International players were registered in the same team, of which two played more than 25 minutes per game.

AGE PYRAMID OF INTERNATIONAL PLAYERS (2020)



HEIGHT PYRAMID OF INTERNATIONAL PLAYERS (2020)



AGE OF INTERNATIONAL PLAYERS ENTERING IN WNBA



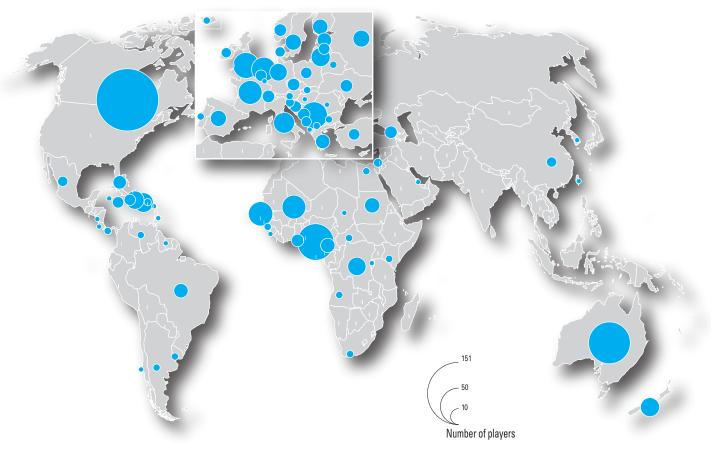
NUMBER OF INTERNATIONAL PLAYERS PER TEAM (2020)

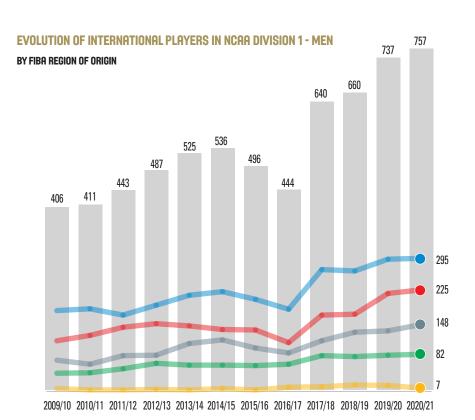
Team	International players
Minnesota Lynx	4
Dallas Wings	2
Indiana Fever	2
New York Liberty	2
Los Angeles Sparks	1
Phoenix Mercury	1
Seattle Storm	1
Washington Mystics	1
Atlanta Dream	0
Chicago Sky	0
Connecticut Sun	0
Las Vegas Aces	0

International Leagues

NCAA MEN - DIVISION 1

NATIONALITY OF INTERNATIONAL PLAYERS (2020-21) - 82 NATIONALITIES





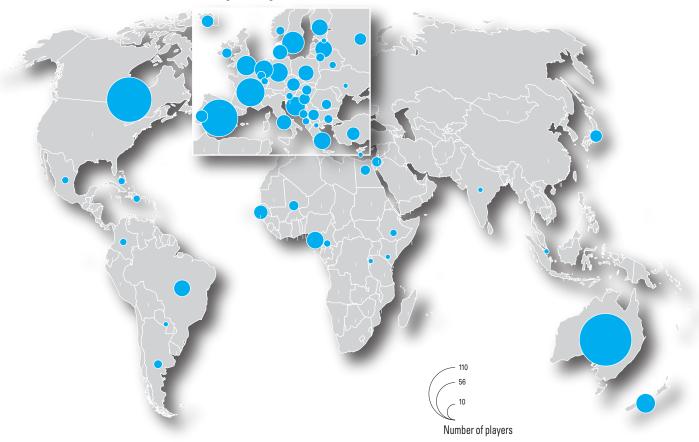
The highest ever number of international players was recorded for men with 757, while there was a slight decrease for women. Europe remained the top FIBA region for the highest numbers of international players in the NCAA.

This competition is one of the highest level for young players. International players are willing to play at a top level and have better opportunity due to their limited playing time with their former team. This fact is further highlighted by the average minutes per game played by National U21 in the top leagues.



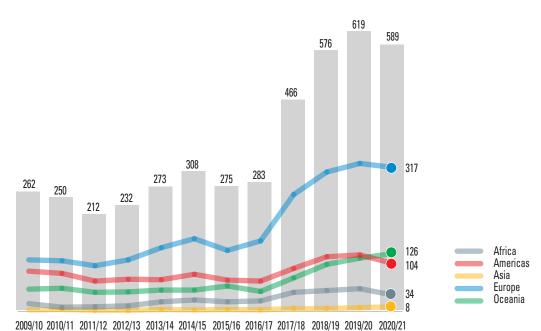


NATIONALITY OF INTERNATIONAL PLAYERS (2020-21) - 59 NATIONALITIES

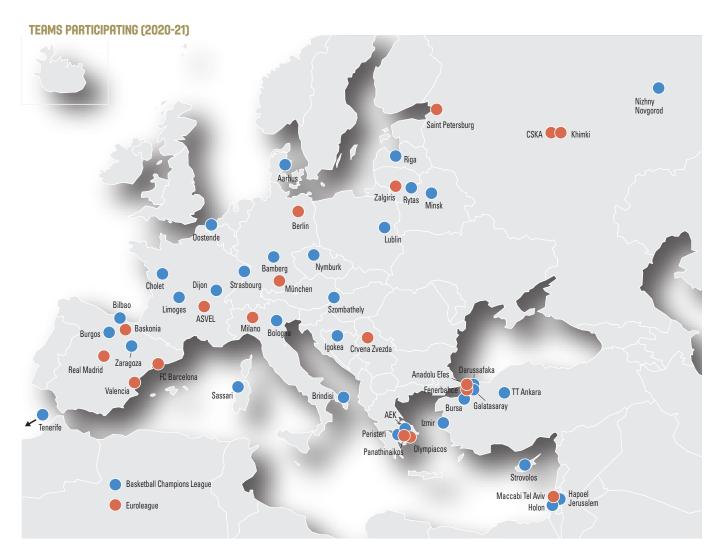


EVOLUTION OF INTERNATIONAL PLAYERS IN NCAA DIVISION 1 - WOMEN

BY FIBA REGION OF ORIGIN



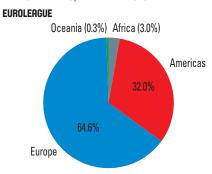
EUROLEAGUE AND BASKETBALL CHAMPIONS LEAGUE - MEN

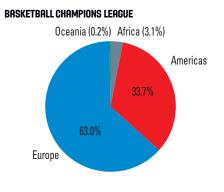


MAIN REPRESENTED NATIONALITIES

		EuroL. players	BCL players	Total	EuroL. Teams	BCL Teams	Total
1.	USA	84	141	223	0	0	0
2.	TUR	10	36	46	2	5	7
3.	FRA	18	27	45	1	4	5
4.	ESP	22	17	39	4	4	8
5.	RUS	25	12	37	3	1	4
6.	GRE	18	18	36	2	2	4
7.	ITA	10	25	35	1	3	4
8.	SRB	17	12	29	1	0	1
9.	LTU	13	14	27	1	1	2
	GER	16	11	27	2	1	3
11.	ISR	8	11	18	1	2	3
12.	LAT	6	10	16	0	1	1
	BEL	2	14	16	0	1	1
14.	BLR	0	12	12	0	1	1
	Total	297	451	744	18	32	50

NATIONALITIES, BY FIBA REGION









The Basketball Champions League [BCL] is included for the fifth consecutive time. BCL is a partnership between FIBA and top European leagues and founded on a number of key pillars. These include the sporting principles of teams qualifying through their respective national competitions, the nurturing of European talent, the protection of domestic leagues, bringing coherence, transparency and unity to European club competitions, protecting the integrity of the game and treating all clubs equally to advance common interests.

The statistics are similar to the previous year. The USA, Turkey, France and Spain were again the main represented Nationalities across both Leagues combined. European clubs continued to rely heavily on US players – something clearly demonstrated in terms of both game-time and points per game recorded.

The Basketball Champions League has many more European Countries represented in it compared to the EuroLeague. The average minutes per game remained broadly similar for Nationals, although the percentage of U21 National Players slightly increased something which allows them to have more opportunities at a high level of competition.

AVERAGE AGE

League	Nationals	Foreigners (non US)	US players	All players
EuroLeague	26.6	27.8	28.7	27.5
EuroLeague Final four	27.9	28.7	30.1	28.9
BCL	25.8	28.1	28.4	27.1
BCL Final four	24.9	27.0	30.4	27.3

AVERAGE HEIGHT

League	Nationals	Foreigners (non US)	US players	All players
EuroLeague	199.0	199.7	197.9	198.9
EuroLeague Final four	198.0	200.3	198.7	199.0
BCL	196.3	201.3	197.4	197.6
BCL Final four	197.0	200.9	194.6	197.5

AVERAGE MINUTES PER GAME

League		Foreigners (non US)	US players
EuroLeague	11.4	18.4	18.6
EuroLeague Final four	8.5	15.9	21.1
BCL	14.7	20.4	24.1
BCL Final four	13.9	18.7	24.1

AVERAGE POINTS PER GAME

League	Nationals	Foreigners (non US)	US players
EuroLeague	5.5	8.2	8.5
EuroLeague Final four	4.7	7.8	9.5
BCL	5.8	8.3	11.1
BCL Final four	4.2	9.7	11.2

NATIONAL U21 PLAYERS

League	% of Nationals U21
EuroLeague	9.5
EuroLeague Final four	0.0
BCL	12.4
BCL Final four	10.7

International Leagues

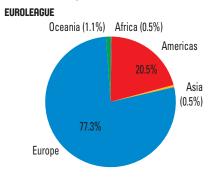
EUROLEAGUE AND EUROCUP - WOMEN

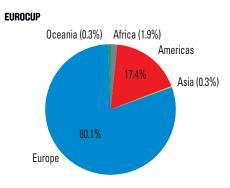


MAIN REPRESENTED NATIONALITIES

		EuroL. players	EuroC. players	Total	EuroL. Teams	EuroC. Teams	Total
1.	USA	32	48	80	0	0	0
2.	FRA	25	35	60	3	5	8
3.	TUR	17	25	42	3	5	8
4.	RUS	21	20	41	3	2	5
5.	ESP	13	27	40	2	4	6
6.	BEL	2	34	36	0	4	4
	HUN	5	31	36	1	4	5
8.	ITA	10	6	16	1	1	2
9.	CZE	5	6	11	1	1	2
	LAT	10	2	11	1	0	1
11.	CAN	5	4	9	0	0	0
	SRB	5	4	9	0	0	0
13.	POL	4	4	8	1	1	2
	SWE	4	4	8	0	0	0
	UKR	1	7	8	0	1	1
	Total	185	311	495	16	31	47

NATIONALITIES, BY FIBA REGION









EuroLeague Women and EuroCup Women remained similar to the previous season. Nationalities from the Europe and Americas FIBA regions were still dominant (circa 98% for both regions).

Less US players played in both competitions, especially in EuroCup Women. However, both leagues are still relying on US players as demonstrated by average minutes and points per game remaining higher than those of national players.

France, Russia, Spain and Turkey remained the top countries in terms of having the most represented nationalities and also number of teams competing in both leagues.

AVERAGE AGE

League	Nationals	Foreigners (non US)	US players	All players
Euroleague Women	25.8	28.4	28.7	27.1
Eurocup Women	24.9	26.9	27.5	25.7

AVERAGE HEIGHT

League	Nationals	Foreigners (non US)	US players	All players
181.6	186.4	183.4	183.3	183.6
179.4	184.5	184.3	181.2	180.9

AVERAGE MINUTES PER GAME

League	Nationals	Foreigners (non US)	US players
Euroleague Women	16.4	22.6	26.6
Eurocup Women	17.6	22.7	29.1

AVERAGE POINTS PER GAME

League	Nationals	Foreigners (non US)	US players
Euroleague Women	5.3	9.2	11.8
Eurocup Women	5.5	8.9	14.1

NATIONAL U21 PLAYERS

League	% of Nationals U21
Euroleague Women	9.2
Eurocup Women	20.9

International Leagues

ABSTRACT

A collaboration between the CIES Sports Observatory academic team and FIBA, the International Basketball Migration Report provides a detailed analysis of official data on international transfers for the period between July 2020 and June 2021.

> The 80-page illustrated report outlines market trends and highlights new challenges within the field of basketball transfers and migration.



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