Regional Perspective on Population & Development from the Arab Region

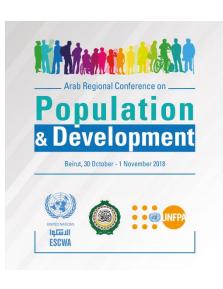
Milad Pournik Associate Social Affairs Officer July 19, 2023





Introduction

Regional Review Process



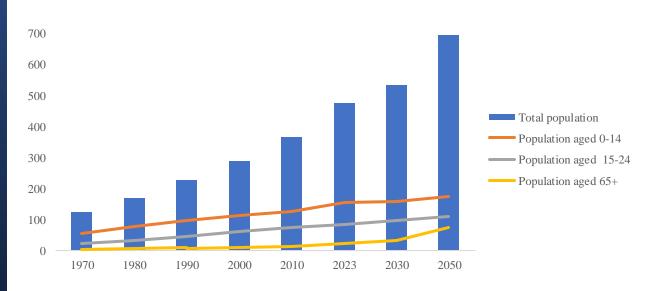




Slowing but still above average population growth

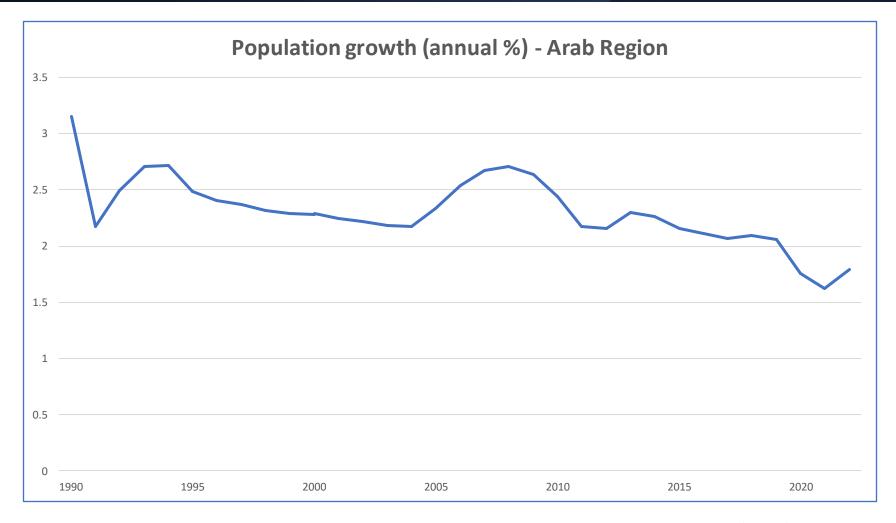
Population Size in the Arab Region (1970-2050)

Population size (in millions) in the Arab Region, 1970-2050



Source: ESCWA calculation based on the United Nations, DESA, Population Division (2022)

Population Growth Rate in the Arab Region (1990-2022)

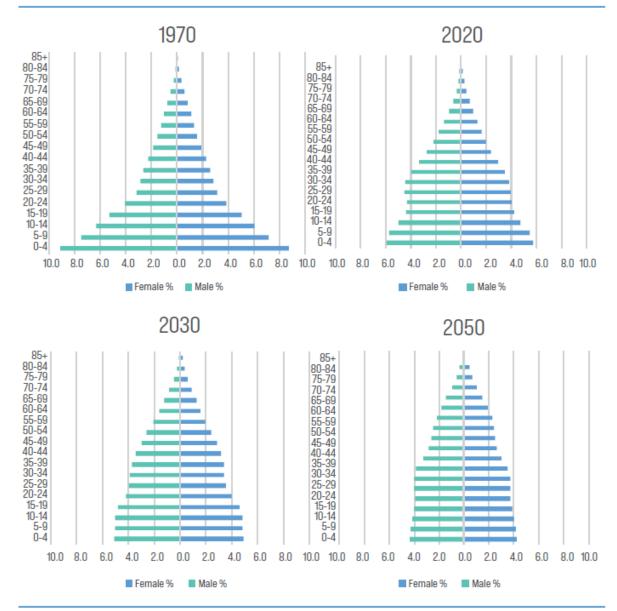


Source: ESCWA calculation based on the United Nations, DESA, Population Division (2022)

Young but increasingly ageing population

Changing age structure

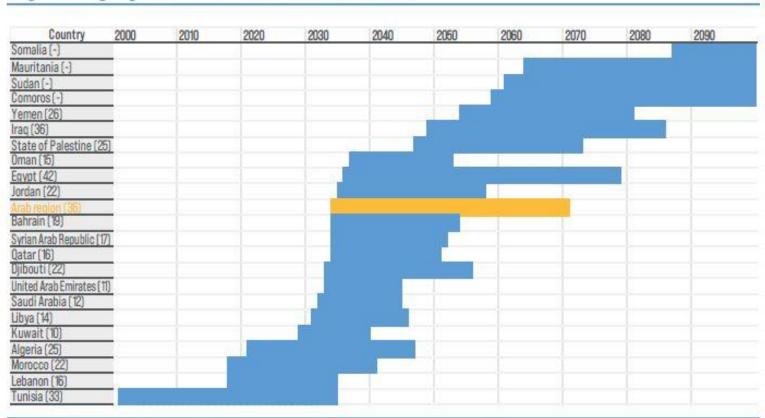
Figure 3. Age pyramids for the Arab region (1970, 2020, 2030 and 2050)



Source: ESCWA calculations based on data from DESA, 2019a.

Ageing transition

Figure 7. Ageing transitions in Arab countries (2000-2100)



Source: ESCWA calculations based on data from DESA, 2019a.

Note: The estimated duration of the ageing transition is shown in brackets. The starting year of the ageing transition is the year the proportion of older persons reaches 7.0 per cent, rounded to one decimal place. If the share is above this (i.e. 7.05 or above), the preceding year is used as the starting date.

A region on the move but also host to many migrants and refugees

Migration to and from the region

Figure 1. Number of migrants and refugees in the Arab region, 1990-2020 (Millions)

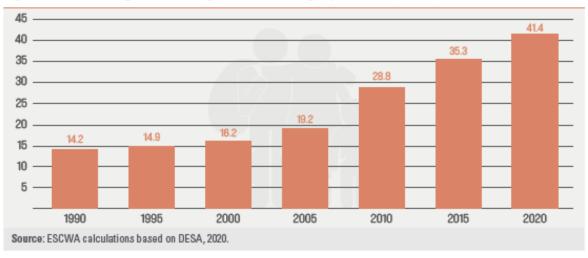
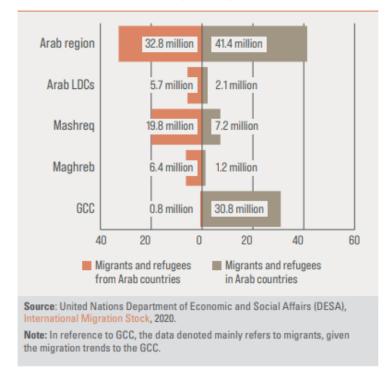


Figure 1. Number of migrants and refugees from and in Arab countries (Millions) by subregion, 2020



Demographics of migrants and refugees

Demographic profile of migrants and refugees in the region



In **2020**, **1/3** of the migrants and refugees in the Arab region were women



Women made up almost 1/2 of the migrant and refugee population in the Mashreq and in the Arab

LDCs compared with 35% in the

Maghreb and only **28%** in the GCC



In **2020**, more than **2/3** of all migrants and refugees residing in Arab countries were of working age (25-64)



Children (0-14): 18%



Young people (15-24): 11%



Older persons (65+): only 3%

Source: ESCWA calculations based on DESA, International Migration Stock, 2020.

Note: Whenever data from DESA is referenced, the term migrants and refugees is used since the data include both populations. However, it is important to note the different realities and migration patterns in the region, with GCC subregion hosting mostly migrant workers, while refugees are mostly concentrated in the Mashreq.

Key Recommendations

Strengthen	Disaggregated data collection to enable evidence-based policy that is responsive to different population groups
Incorporate	Population dynamics and projections into development planning processes
Create	Decent employment opportunities for all, especially women, youth, and persons with disability
Adopt	A life-cycle approach that is responsive to different age groups
Reduce	The vulnerabilities of migrants and refugees by facilitating orderly, safe, and regular migration opportunities
Develop	Inclusive urban planning models to ensure that no one is left behind

Thank you



