





COVID-19

CONTINGENT DEPLOYMENT CHECKLIST

TROOP- AND POLICE-CONTRIBUTING COUNTRIES

I. PRE-DEPLOYMENT PREPARATIONS:

<u>Seek prior agreement to deployment plans/scheduling</u>. Seek prior agreement through UN Headquarters to deployment plans, with the dates and ports of entry of personnel, including incomingIndividual Police Officers, Military Staff Officers and Military Observers.

Ensure adequate preventative supplies. Ensure that new deployments are fully equipped with adequate supplies of **personal protective equipment (PPE)** and other COVID-19 preventative materials as part of soldier/police kits outlined in Annex A of the agreed MOUs, including items for hand hygiene (**soap**, **alcohol-based hand rub**), **thermometers**, **and face coverings** (separate fromdedicated medical capabilities). Deployed personnel must arrive at the duty station with a minimum supply of these items on hand and access to sufficient reserves for the duration of deployment.

<u>Ensure trained military medical personnel</u>. Ensure that deploying contingents have a number oftrained military medical personnel assigned to physically implement guidelines on outbreak identification, investigation and management, including isolation of cases, contact tracing and quarantine of contacts.

Ensure pre-deployment medical screening. Ensure that medical pre-deployment screening requirements, as outlined in the MS.2 document (Medical Clearance for Employment), are strictly adhered to for all deploying personnel and includes COVID19 screening. This applies to medical requirements for all aspects of the expected role and ongoing treatments, and also to specific comorbidities related to COVID-19 risks, including age over 60, diabetes, hypertension, cardiac disease, chronic lung disease, cerebrovascular disease, chronic kidney disease, immunosuppression, cancer and pregnancy.

Notification of underlying medical concerns. If deployment remains necessary, notify the mission's Chief Medical Officer of any troops, police or officers with significant underlying medical conditions of concern. Encourage units to view these conditions with importance when developing COVID-19 risk prevention measures.

<u>Ensure pre-deployment training on COVID-19 prevention</u>. Ensure that pre-deployment training to all military and police personnel includes dedicated COVID19 awareness, prevention and containment, including personal behaviours, operational pre-cautions, and quarantine practices.

Ensure unit/sub-unit commanders are aware of COVID-19 instructions/guidelines. Ensure that commanders of units/sub-units are aware of their responsibility to ensure all personnel strictly observe the guidelines and instructions related to discipline regarding prevention of COVID-19.

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<u>UPDATED:</u> Ensure compliance with quarantine. Note that as of April 1, 2022, predeployment quarantine for UP is no longer mandatory but remains optional. Upon arrival, contingents should quarantine for 5 days in mission. A COVID-19 antigen test should be conducted at the end of this quarantine period before the individual is released from quarantine.

<u>UPDATED:</u> Comply with mandatory PCR diagnostic testing. A COVID-19 PCR test prior to deployment is still required for all UP.

II. DURING DEPLOYMENT:

DURING WORK/OPERATIONS:

<u>Prevent local transmission</u>. Prevention of local transmission within the mission or the host country population, while carrying out mandated activities, is a priority of the highest order. While limiting and minimizing activities that require close contact where possible, ensure that all interaction within the local community by UN personnel involves physical distancing of 1-2 meters wherever possible, and that hand hygiene is exercised, and face coverings are used. For guidance on use of appropriate PPE, or cloth masks, in non-healthcare settings, see

https://www.un.org/sites/un2.un.org/files/ddcoronavirus_ppeforwardfacingstaff.pdf.

Adhere to physical distancing during work. In bases, offices and other working facilities, physical distancing measures should be applied as appropriate, including but not limited to staggered hours to reduce parallel presence, increased spacing, and hand hygiene protocol when using shared equipment.

<u>Adhere to physical distancing in public spaces</u>. Promote strict adherence to all physical distancingguidance, including mandatory wearing of face coverings, within all operational movements and activities at all times in public spaces.

<u>Establish enhanced cleaning procedures</u>. Establish enhanced cleaning procedures for all sharedequipment and structures.

<u>Provide face coverings/masks</u>. Provide face coverings/masks to all UN personnel and visitors to UNpremises as needed.

LIVING ARRANGEMENTS:

<u>Ensure compliance with hygiene and physical distancing</u>. Despite the challenges in some remote outposts, it is imperative that minimum hygiene and physical distancing standards be followed, including but not limited to staggered activities to reduce parallel presence, increased spacing, andhand hygiene protocol when using shared equipment and facilities.

<u>Establish hand hygiene stations and remind about adherence</u>. Sufficient hand hygiene stations mustbe positioned throughout the contingents' camp areas, especially in ablutions, outside/within dining areas, and inside/near quarantine and isolation areas. All personnel must be reminded to practice frequent hand washing with soap and water (preferred) or alcohol-based hand rub.

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<u>Regularly monitor/audit prevention measures</u>. Conduct regular checks and audits to ensure that preventative practices are being adopted and personnel have all required commodities, at the correctlocations, for COVID-19 prevention (soap and water, masks, thermometers, hand rubs etc.).

Ensure enhanced cleaning of common spaces. Establish enhanced cleaning (including frequency) forcommon spaces (ablutions/toilet, kitchen, dining hall), with attention to frequently touched surfaces. More information on cleaning/disinfection can be found here: https://www.who.int/publications/i/item/home-care-for-patients-with-suspected-novel-coronavirus- (ncov)-infection-presenting-with-mild-symptoms-and-management-of-contacts.

<u>Conduct regular sensitization on prevention</u>. Conduct regular sensitization activities to create and maintain awareness on COVID-19 transmission preventative practices. Please provide this information in national/local languages.

<u>Stop/limit all social gatherings</u>. Minimize gathering in large groups as much as possible, and cancel all non-essential events, including sporting events and ceremonies. Sporting activities, individual or in small groups, may continue only where outdoors and physical distancing can be observed (e.g. ping pong, tennis, cricket, jogging).

<u>Minimize/ stop gatherings in indoor worship areas</u>. Minimize or stop gatherings in indoor worship areas within the duty stations. If not, ensure that physical distancing in all religious worship areas, including face coverings, is mandatory and ensure adequate hand hygiene and cleaning are in place.

<u>Stagger/ reduce gatherings for meals</u>. Meals in the dining area should be taken in small groups, and meal times should be strictly staggered at different times with chairs at least 1-2 meters apart.

<u>Provide good ventilation for all indoor areas and ensure distancing of all beds</u>. Ensure indoor areas are well ventilated, with open doors and windows where possible to increase airflow, and that all bedsin living quarters, including isolation and quarantine areas, are placed at least 1-2 meters apart from each other. Follow the guidance on bed placement available at

<u>https://www.un.org/sites/un2.un.org/files/coronavirus_bedplacement.pdf</u> , including "head to toe" sleeping positions.

<u>Separate</u>, assess and immediately isolate suspected/sick personnel. All suspected or sick personnelshould be separated from other personnel and referred for immediate assessment at designated health facilities. If personnel have signs and symptoms of COVID-19, they must be isolated immediately.

Commanders to run simulation drills. Commanders of units/sub-units should run a simulation drill by creating a scenario of a suspect COVID-19 case with fever and cough to build the unit's capacity to manage the situation. Ensure that all uniformed personnel know how to properly put on and take off cloth face coverings (masks), and how to use them. See https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019/advice-for-public/when-and-how-to-use-masks. If possible, organize a demonstration session to show all personnel how to don and doff PPE.

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IN MEDICAL AREAS:

Ensure adherence of medical facilities to prevention standards. Ensure Force Medical Officers (FMOs) conduct functional inspections, assessments, surveys and exercises in T/PCC medical facilities, and report frequently to the mission Chief Medical Officer, to ensure adherence to professional and clinical standards related to prevention and treatment of COVID-19. For details on FMO responsibilities, please refer to the Medical Support Manual for United Nations Field Missions (3rd edition).

<u>Confirm that life-saving equipment works and can be operated</u>. In all Level 1 clinics and hospitals, check and test that all life-saving equipment is working (pulse oximeter, defibrillator, ventilator, etc.) and that medical personnel can operate them in an emergency.

Ensure separation of personnel during isolation and quarantine. In designing isolation areas (for COVID-19 cases) and quarantine areas (for "contacts" who are not sick), ensure that the following groups are separated from each other and separated from other UN personnel at large. Each groupshould have its own living area and ablutions and must not mix with other cohorts.

- a. **Suspect COVID-19 cases** (those with COVID-19-like illness, but with testing results pendingor not available)
- Lab-confirmed (PCR positive) COVID-19 cases (such individuals may be symptomatic orasymptomatic)
- c. Contacts of cases and who are well
- d. Well individuals (non-infected and non-exposed)

Release from isolation for symptomatic patients can occur 10 days after symptom onset plus at least 3 additional days without symptoms. For asymptomatic cases release from isolation is 10 days after date of negative test.

Release from quarantine (contacts of cases) can occur after 10 days or after 7 days with a negative antigen test.

III. AFTER DEPLOYMENT:

<u>UPDATED:</u> Post-deployment actions. Upon repatriation, quarantine and testing will not be required except on request of the troop or police contributor.

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