Independent auditor's report to the Foundation Board on the financial statements 2023



Independent auditor's report

to the Foundation Board of World Anti-Doping Agency

Lausanne

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of World Anti-Doping Agency, which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2023, the statement activities, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Foundation as of December 31, 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and Swiss Standards on Auditing (SA-CH). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report.

We are independent of the Foundation in accordance with the requirements of the Swiss audit profession and the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) of the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and the Foundation Board for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRS, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Foundation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Foundation Board is responsible for overseeing the Foundation's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and Swiss Standards on Auditing (SA-CH) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

PricewaterhouseCoopers SA

Andrea Costa

Polina Pyatakhina

Lausanne, June 20, 2024

Enclosure

Financial statements (statement of financial position, statement of activities, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows and notes)

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Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31,2023

(in thousands of Swiss francs with audited US dollar figures as complementary information – Note 2)

	8	1		,	
	Note	2023 USD	2022 USD	2023 CHF	2022 CHF
Assets					
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Guaranteed investment certificate Investments Market value on currency option Receivables Other current assets	4 4 5(b) 6 7	23,600 7,586 2,700 69 1,637 4,289	33,804 4,489 4,100 - 1,996 2,917	19,806 6,366 2,266 58 1,374 3,600	31,213 4,146 3,785 1,843 2,693
		39,881	47,306	33,470	43,680
Non-current assets Investments Fixed assets Intangible assets Right-of-use assets	5(b) 8 9 10 _	18,436 3,475 6,509 12,695	16,532 3,011 5,370 13,355 38,268	15,472 2,916 5,462 10,655 34,505	15,266 2,780 4,959 12,331 35,336
Total assets	_	80,996	85,574	67,975	79,016
Liabilities and Equity	-	00,000	00,011	01,010	70,010
Current liabilities Accounts payable Lease liabilities Accrued expenses Derivative financial instruments Advance contributions	10 11	2,609 418 1,582 13,899	3,090 398 1,711 221 20,886 26,306	2,190 351 1,327 11,665 15,533	2,853 368 1,580 205 19,285
Non-current liabilities Net pension obligation Lease liabilities	10 _	542 12,851	279 12,906	455 10,785	256 11,917
Total liabilities	_	31,901	39,491	26,773	36,464
Equity Foundation capital Cumulative translation adjustment Litigation reserve Operation reserve Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) Excess of income over expenses brought forward	12 13 13	4,006 2,000 9,600 (278) 33,766	4,006 2,000 7,400 (564) 33,241	5,000 (14,550) 1,917 8,731 (263) 40,367	5,000 (10,491) 1,917 6,754 (521) 39,893
Total equity	_	49,094	46,083	41'202	42,552
Total liabilities and equity	_	80,996	85,574	67,975	79,016
Commitments	19				
Contingent liabilities	20				
Approved by the Board of Directors					
	Director				_ Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Activities

For the year ended December 31, 2023

(in thousands of Swiss francs with audited US dollar figures as complementary information – Note 2)

(in thousands of Swiss francs with addited Ob donar	inguites us e	ompiementary	imormation	11010 2)	
	Note	2023 USD	2022 USD	2023 CHF	2022 CHF
Income	4.4	45.000	44.754	40.707	40.700
Annual contributions Grants/Partnerships Other	14 15 -	45,393 2,407 790	44,751 2,586 349	40,797 2,163 710	42,722 2,468 334
	_	48,590	47,686	43,670	45,524
Operating expenses Salaries and other personnel costs Travel and accommodation	16	24,684 3,483	23,584 3,128	22,185 3,130	22,514 2,986
Information and communications Testing fees Accreditation fees		3,463 74 378 523	142 407 484	3,130 66 340 470	2,986 136 388 461
Research grants Other grants Consulting fees Rents	17	2,152 50 5,180 453	1,602 50 4,454 534	1,934 45 4,656 407	1,529 48 4,252 510
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Administration IT costs	10	659 3,311 2,372	616 3,199 1,613	592 2,976 2,132	588 3,054 1,540
Depreciation and amortization of fixed and intangible assets	8, 9	3,009	3,039	2,704	2,902
	_	46,328	42,852	41,637	40,908
Gain on disposal of leases	_		92		87
Excess of operating income over expenses before financial income (expenses)	_	2,263	4,926	2,034	4,703
Financial income (expenses)					
Interest Bank fees Net gain on currency exchange rates	-	438 (257) 283	251 (157) 456	393 (231) 254	240 (151) 435
	_	464	550	417	524
Excess of income over expenses for the year	_	2,727	5,476	2,451	5,227

Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended December 31, 2023

(in thousands of Swiss francs with audited US dollar figures as complementary information – Note 2)

	2023 USD	2022 USD	2023 CHF	2022 CHF
Excess of income over expenses for the year	2,727	5,476	2,451	5,227
Other comprehensive income (loss) Item that will be reclassified to the statement of activities:				
Net change in unrealized gains and losses on investments classified at fair value through other comprehensive income:	632	(1,354)	568	(1,214)
Item that may be subsequently reclassified to the statement of activities:				
Currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	234
Item that will not be subsequently reclassified to the statement of activities:				
Remeasurement of net pension plan obligation	(281)	313	(253)	291
Other OCI movements	(67)		(60)	
Total comprehensive income for the year	3,011	4,435	2,706	4,538

Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended December 31, 2023

(in thousands of Swiss francs with audited US dollar figures as complementary information – Note 2)

	Foundation capital USD	Litigation reserve USD	Operation reserve USD	Accumu- lated other compre- hensive income (loss) USD	Excess of income over expenses brought forward USD	Total USD
Balance as at December 31, 2021	4,006	2,000	7,400	477	27,765	41,648
Excess of income over expenses for the year recognised in the statement of activities Other comprehensive loss for the year Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>-</u>	- -	Ī	(1,041)	5,476 	5,476 (1,041) 4,435
Balance as at December 31, 2022 Excess of income over expenses for the year recognised in the statement of activities Allocation to Operation reserve Other comprehensive loss for the year	4,006 - -	2,000 - - -	7,400 - 2,200	(564) - - 285	33,241 2,727 (2,200)	46,083 2,727 - 285
Total comprehensive income for the year						3,011
Balance as at December 31, 2023	4,006	2,000	9,600	(279)	33,766	49,094

	Foundation capital CHF	Cumulative translation adjustment CHF	Litigation reserve CHF	Operation reserve CHF	Accumu- lated other compre- hensive income (loss) CHF	Excess of income over expenses brought forward CHF	Total CHF
Balance as at December 31, 2021	5,000	(10,725)	1,917	6,754	402	34,666	38,014
Excess of income over expenses for the year recognised in the statement of activities Transfers to litigation and operation reserves Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year	- - -	- - 234	-	-	- - (923)	5,227 - 	5,227 - (689)
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-		4,538
Balance as at December 31, 2022 Excess of income over expenses for the year recognised in the	5,000	(10,491)	1,917	6,754	(521)	39,893	42,552
statement of activities Transfers to litigation and	-	-	-	-	-	2,451	2,451
operation reserves Other comprehensive income (loss)	-	-	-	1,977	-	(1,977)	-
for the year Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	256	-	256
for the year Exchange movement Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(4,059)	-	-	-		2,706 (4,059)
Balance as at December 31, 2023	5,000	(14,550)	1,917	8,731	(263)	40,367	41,202

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31, 2023

(in thousands of Swiss francs with audited US dollar figures as complementary information – Note 2)

	2023 USD	2022 USD	2023 CHF	2022 CHF
Cash flows from				
Operating activities Excess of income over expenses for the year Depreciation and amortization of fixed and intangible assets Gain on disposal of leases Depreciation of right-of-use assets Excess of defined contribution cost over contributions Change in fair value of investments through OCI Gain (loss) on currency exchange rates Remeasurement of net pension obligation Changes in	2,727 3,009 0 659 (54) 632 283 281	5,476 3,039 (92) 616 314 (826) (305)	2,451 2,704 0 592 (49) 568 254 253	5,227 2,902 (87) 588 286 (753) (278)
Receivables Other current assets Accounts payable Accrued expenses Advance contributions	358 (1,372) (480) (130) (6,986)	690 86 701 242 8,503	322 (1,233) (431) (117) (6,279)	609 47 931 239 7,982
Net cash provided by operating activities	(1,073)	18,444	(965)	17,693
Investing activities Purchase of fixed assets Purchase of intangible assets Purchase of investments Net Proceeds from purchase of investments	(939) (3,727) (802)	(2,746) (2,074) (1,750)	(844) (3,350) (721)	(2,659) (2,190) (1,599)
Net cash used in investing activities	(5,468)	(6,570)	(4,915)	(6,448)
Financing activities Principal payments on lease liabilities	(566)	(378)	(508)	(349)
Net cash used in financing activities	(566)	(378)	(508)	(349)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	(7,107)	11,496	(6,387)	10,896
Currency translation impact	-	-	(2,800)	4
Cash and cash equivalents and guaranteed investment certificate – Beginning of year	38,293	26,797	35,359	24,459
Cash and cash equivalents and guaranteed investment certificate – End of year	31,185	38,293	26,172	35,359

1 Activity

The World Anti-Doping Agency (WADA or the Agency), domiciled in Lausanne, Switzerland, is a not-for-profit foundation constituted in Lausanne on November 10, 1999 under the Swiss Civil Code. WADA is a Swiss foundation with its registered office in Lausanne, Switzerland and its Head Office in Montréal, Canada.

The mission of WADA is to promote and coordinate, at an international level, the fight against doping in sports in all its forms. The Agency cooperates with intergovernmental organizations and governments (hereafter Public Authorities) and other public and private organizations devoted to fighting against doping in sports, including the International Olympic Committee, the International Sports Federations, the National Olympic Committees and athletes.

The financing of WADA is provided equally by the International Olympic Committee and the Public Authorities involved in the mission of WADA.

2 Basis of presentation and summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of presentation

These financial statements have been approved by the Foundation Board of WADA on June 24, 2024 and cannot be amended after issuance. The financial statements of WADA for the year ended December 31, 2023 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost principle, except for investments at fair value through other comprehensive income, which are shown at fair value. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Management exercises judgment, as needed, in the process of applying WADA's accounting policies.

The functional currency of the Agency is the US dollar, as the majority of its activities (income and expenses) are based in US dollars. The presentation currency of the Agency is the Swiss franc, and US dollars as chosen by management are included as complementary information.

Assets and liabilities are converted from US dollars to Swiss francs at the closing rate.

The Agency's capital in Swiss francs is kept at historical exchange rates.

The statement of activities is translated into Swiss francs at the average rate. Any resulting exchange difference is recorded in the cumulative translation adjustment on the statement of financial position in equity. The statement of cash flows is translated into Swiss francs at the average rate. Any resulting exchange difference is shown separately on the statement of cash flows.

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency income and expenses are accounted for at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transactions. Gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of activities. Non-monetary items that are carried at historical cost and denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the historical exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and unrestricted deposits held with banks with original maturity of three months or less.

Financial instruments

On initial recognition, the Agency determines the financial instruments classification as per the following categories:

- instruments measured at amortised cost;
- instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI); and
- instruments measured at fair value though profit or loss (FVTPL).

The table below summarises the classification and measurement of the Agency's financial instruments:

Classification and measurement

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables Derivative financial instruments Amortised cost FVOCI Amortised cost

Liabilities

Accounts payable Accrued expenses Amortised cost Amortised cost

Evaluation

Financial instruments at amortised cost

Financial instruments at amortised cost are initially measured at fair value, and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment loss. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in the statement of activities.

Financial instruments at FVOCI

Financial instruments at FVOCI are initially and subsequently measured at fair value and are accounted for in the statements of comprehensive income and changes in equity. Upon disposal, the realised gains or losses included in the OCI are transferred to the excess income within equity.

Financial instruments at FVTPL

Financial instruments at FVTPL are initially and subsequently measured at fair value and are accounted for in the statement of activities.

Derecognition

Financial assets

WADA derecognises a financial asset when, and only when, the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset have expired or when contractual rights to the cash flows have been transferred.

Financial liabilities

The Agency derecognises a financial liability when, and only when, it is extinguished, meaning when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the extinguished financial liability and the consideration paid or payable, including non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in the statement of activities.

Impairment

IFRS 9, Financial Instruments, also introduced a single expected credit loss impairment model, which is based on changes in credit quality since initial recognition. IFRS 9 requires an entity to recognise a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets which are measured at amortised cost or FVOCI. The loss allowance shall be recognised in other comprehensive income.

Since the Agency has no trade receivables, the impairment related to expected credit losses on receivables is limited. The Agency has limited exposure to credit risk from financial assets recorded at FVOCI, given that

credit risk on those instruments is low and no loss allowance is recognised as any such impairment will not have a significant impact on the financial statements.

Financial assets and financial liabilities disclosure

WADA discloses the fair value measurements by level as per the following hierarchy:

- quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) (Level 2); and
- inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

Substantially all investments held by WADA are valued using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets (Level 1) at the statement of financial position date.

WADA assesses at the financial reporting date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. If any such evidence exists for assets, the cumulative loss – measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss – is removed from other comprehensive income and recognised in the statement of activities.

Regular purchases and sales of investments are recognised on the settlement date. Investments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and WADA has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets as follows:

Computer equipment
Office equipment
Leasehold improvements

2.5 years 4.0 years Over the lower of the life of the lease and its useful life

Intangible assets

Intangible assets comprise the Anti-Doping Administration & Management System software (ADAMS) and other software, which are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis over four years, which is the estimated useful life of the assets.

Acquired computer software licences are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Fixed assets and intangible assets are tested for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. For the purpose of measuring recoverable amounts, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows. Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use (being the present value of the expected future cash flows of the relevant asset as determined by management).

Revenue and income recognition

Annual contributions and advance contributions

The annual contributions due from Public Authorities involved in the fight against doping in sports and the International Olympic Committee are recognised as income in the period for which they are received.

Advance contributions are composed of annual contributions received in the current year for the following years' income and grants received for special projects such as Regional Anti-Doping Organizations (RADO), Symposium for Anti-Doping Organizations (ADO) and additional contributions from Public Authorities.

Grants

Grants are recorded as income when there is reasonable assurance that the grants will be received and WADA will comply with all attached conditions.

Other

Laboratory accreditation and re-accreditation fees are recognised on the date of payment, which is the date giving full effect to the accreditation.

Financial income

Interest income is recognised on an effective yield basis.

Income taxes

WADA is exempt from paying income taxes.

Research grants

Research grants are provided for specific research projects and paid by WADA on a yearly basis by an up-front payment of 80% of the granted amount and 20% payment upon completion of the yearly research project report. These grants cover a 12-month research period. They are expensed on a straight-line basis from the date the amount is granted as per the contractual agreement.

Leases

As a lessee

The Agency recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use of the asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset, less any lease incentives received prior to the commencement date. Any costs related to the removal and restoration of leasehold improvements, which meet the definition of fixed assets under IAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment, are assessed under IAS 37, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets, and are not within the scope of IFRS 16, Leases.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term, which is considered the appropriate useful life of these assets. In addition, the right-of-use asset is reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability, to the extent necessary.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the Agency's incremental borrowing rate if the rate implicit in the lease arrangement is not readily determinable.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments and variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date.

The lease liability is measured to reflect a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the lease liability. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, lease term, or if the Agency changes its assessment of whether it will exercise an extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

Lease incentives receivable are included in the initial measurement of the lease liability and right-of-use asset.

Short-term leases and lease of low-value assets

The Agency has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. The Agency recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

On the statement of cash flows, lease payments related to short-term leases, low-value assets and variable lease payments not included in lease liabilities and interest on lease liabilities are classified as cash outflows from operating activities, whereas the remaining lease payments are classified as cash flows from financing activities.

The Agency does not currently act in the capacity of a lessor.

The disclosures relating to IFRS 16 can be found in note 10.

Pension benefit plan

WADA offers to its employees based in Switzerland a defined benefit pension plan subject to the Swiss Prévoyance professionnelle regime.

The cost of this plan is recognized in the statement of activities and includes current service cost, past service cost and net interest on net defined benefit plan liability.

Remeasurements of net defined benefit plan liabilities are recognized in items of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified subsequently to excess of income over expenses and are immediately reclassified to accumulated other comprehensive income. These remeasurements include actuarial gains and losses and the difference between the actual return on plan assets and the interest income generated by such assets, which is recognized in excess of income over expenses. Actuarial gains and losses result from changes in actuarial assumptions used to determine the defined benefit plan obligation and experience gains and losses on such obligation.

Net defined benefit plan assets or liabilities are equal to the present value of the plans' obligation, calculated using the projected unit credit method, less the fair value of plan assets. The value of any defined benefit plan asset is, when appropriate, limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the pension plans.

Future accounting changes

As at December 31, 2023, there were no accounting standards issued by the IASB that were not yet effective as at such date that would have a significant impact on the Agency.

3 Financial risk management

Financial risk factors

Because of the international nature of its activities, WADA is exposed to the following financial risks: foreign currency exchange risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, credit risk and capital risk.

Risk management is carried out by management under policies approved by the Foundation Board. Management identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks.

a) Foreign currency exchange risk

WADA is exposed to foreign currency exchange risk mainly because most of its revenues are generated in US dollars, whereas its operating expenses are partially in Canadian dollars. WADA uses price collars and bank deposits in Canadian dollars, Swiss francs and Euros to partly cover its currency exposure.

As at December 31, 2023, had the Canadian dollar weakened by 5% against the US dollar, with all other variables held constant, excess of income over expenses for the year would have been CHF98 (USD110) lower (2022 - CHF228 (USD298) lower) mainly as a result of foreign exchange loss on translation of cash and cash equivalents denominated in Canadian dollars.

As at December 31, 2023, the following accounts are shown in Canadian dollars, Swiss francs, Euros, South African rand, Japanese yen and British pounds sterling, and have been converted to the functional currency in the statement of financial position.

						2023
Denominated in	CAD	CHF	EUR	ZAR	JPY	GBP
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Accounts payable and	14,605 86	322 17	135 2	3,290 -	20,201 129	37 1
accrued expenses	1,707	694	108	2	199	9
						2022
Denominated in	CAD	CHF	EUR	ZAR	JPY	GBP
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Accounts payable and	11,087 62	4,839 28	788 5	1,258 -	16,332 246	107 -
accrued expenses	3,080	645	144	120	118	25

b) Interest rate risk

WADA is exposed to interest rate risk through the impact of rate changes on interest-bearing assets. As at December 31, 2023, WADA's interest-bearing assets were cash and cash equivalents and investments at FVOCI.

As at December 31, 2023, had interest rates been 0.25% lower, with all other variables held constant, equity would have been CHF44 (USD53) higher (2022 - CHF48 (USD52) higher) as a result of an increase in the fair value of bonds classified as FVOCI.

c) Liquidity risk

WADA needs to maintain sufficient levels of cash and cash equivalents to finance its ongoing activities. In the absence of bank financing facilities, WADA is dependent on the receipt of contributions from stakeholders on a timely basis to meet its cash needs.

			December	31, 2023
	Less than 1 year USD	1 to 5 years USD	More than 5 years USD	Total USD
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Lease liabilities	4,112 418	- 1,592	- 11,314	4,112 13,324
	4,530	1,592	11,314	17,436
			December	31, 2022
	Less than 1 year USD	1 to 5 years USD	More than 5 years USD	Total USD
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Lease liabilities	4,801 398	- 1,592	- 11,314	4,801 13,304
	5,199	1,592	11,314	18,105
			December	31, 2023
	Less than 1 year CHF	1 to 5 years CHF	More than 5 years CHF	Total CHF
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Lease liabilities	3,451 351	- 1,336	- 9,495	3,451 11,182
	3,802	1,336	9,495	14,633
			December	31, 2022
	Less than 1 year CHF	1 to 5 years CHF	More than 5 years CHF	Total CHF
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Lease liabilities	4,433 368	- 1,470	- 10,447	4,433 12,285
	4,801	1,470	10,447	16,718

d) Credit risk

Substantially all of WADA's revenues are generated from contributions, which are recognised in the statement of activities. Revenues generated from grants are considered to be fully collectible by WADA. WADA has policies which limit the amount of credit and investment exposures. WADA is exposed to minimal credit risk on receivables, as a large portion is due from the Quebec government for Quebec sales tax. Cash and cash equivalents and investments at FVOCI are placed with major banks. The table below shows the balance held in the form of cash and term deposits and guaranteed investment certificate at the three major banks at the statement of financial position date.

			2023			2022
	Rating		Balance	Rating		Balance
		USD	CHF		USD	CHF
UBS Lombard Odier Darier Hentsch The Bank of Nova Scotia		16,352 786 14,031	13,723 660 11,775	AA- AA- A+	28,568 7,894 1,791	27,272 7,536 1,710
		31,169	26,158		38,253	36,518

e) Capital risk

WADA's objective when managing capital is to maintain an appropriate level to develop new programs and participate in new activities. Foundation capital, litigation reserve and operation reserve are considered for capital risk management.

Fair value estimation

As at December 31, 2023, the fair value of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, accounts payable and accrued expenses was not significantly different from their book value because of their maturity being close to the statement of financial position date. As at December 31, 2023, no financial assets were impaired or past due.

4 Cash and cash equivalents and guaranteed investment certificate

	2023	2022	2023	2022
	USD	USD	CHF	CHF
Cash	22,309	32,028	18,723	29,574
Guaranteed investment certificate	7,586	4,489	6,366	4,146
Term deposits	1,290	1,776	1,083	1,639
	31,185	38,293	26,172	35,359

Cash and term deposits are subject to current interest rates.

5 Financial instruments

b)

Bonds in US dollars

Less: Current portion

a) Financial instruments by category

As at December 31, 2023	Note	Financia at amortis			tments FVOCI		tments FVTPL		Total
		USD	CHF	USD	CHF	USD	CHF	USD	CHF
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents and guaranteed investment									
certificate	4	31,185	26,172	0.700	2.266			31,185	26,172
Investments Receivables	5(b) 6	1,638	1,374	2,700	2,200	-	-	2,700 1,638	2,266 1,374
Non-current assets Investments	5(b)	-	-	18,436	15,472	-	-	18,436	15,472
mvestments	3(b)			•					
		32,823	27,546	21,136	17,738	-	-	53,959	45,284
As at December 31, 2022	Note	Financia at amortis			tments FVOCI		tments FVTPL		Total
		USD	CHF	USD	CHF	USD	CHF	USD	CHF
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents and guaranteed investment									
certificate Investments	4 5(b)	38,293	35,359	- 4,100	- 3,785	-	-	38,293 4,100	35,359 3,785
Receivables	6	1,996	1,843	-	-	-	-	1,996	1,843
Non-current assets Investments	5(b)	_	-	16,532	15,266	-	-	16,532	15,266
		40,289	37,202	20,632	19,051	-	-	60,921	56,253
Investments at FVOCI									
				202 USI		2022 USD	20 Cl	23 HF	2022 CHF

Bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 0.6% to 6.7% and mature from January 2024 to November 2029. Investments at FVOCI represent mainly bonds issued by major corporations and banking institutions and include corporate, banking and government bonds.

21,136

18,436

2,700

20,632

16,532

4,100

17,738

2,266

15,472

19,051

3,785

15,266

6 Receivables

	2023	2022	2023	2022
	USD	USD	CHF	CHF
Quebec sales tax receivable	886	1,471	744	1,359
Other receivables	710	484	596	447
Recoverable withholding taxes	15	15	12	13
Rental deposit and guarantees	26	26	22	24
	1,637	1,996	1,374	1,843

7 Other current assets

	2023 USD	2022 USD	2023 CHF	2022 CHF
Prepaid expenses	2,782	1,960	2,335	1,810
Accrued interest	148	123	124	113
Prepaid scientific research grants	907	551	761	509
Prepaid social science research grants	452	283	380	261
	4,289	2,917	3,600	2,693

8 Fixed assets

		omputer uipment	Office eq	uipment		Leasehold improvements		Work in progress		Total
	USD	CHF	USD	CHF	USD	CHF	USD	CHF	USD	CHF
Year ended December 31, 2022										
Opening net book amount Additions	345 62	314 59	42 71	40 68	144 115	131 110	- 2,537	- 2,422	531 2,785	485 2,659
Depreciation charge Currency exchange	(189)	(181)	(30)	(29)	(86)	(82)	-	(73)	(305)	(292)
impact _	-	9	-	(3)	-	(5)	-		-	(72)
Closing net book amount	218	201	83	76	173	154	2,537	2,349	3,011	2,780
As at December 31,										
Cost Accumulated depreciation	917 (699)	2,331 (2,199)	410 (327)	1,524 (1,454)	548 (375)	1,488 (1,380)	2,537	2,422	4,412 (1,401)	7,765 (5,033)
Currency exchange impact	-	69	-	6	-	46	-	(73)	-	48
Net book amount	218	201	83	76	173	154	2,537	2,349	3,011	2,780
Year ended December 31, 2023										
Opening net book amount Additions	218 29	201 26	83 403	74 362	173 507	154 455	2,537	2,349	3,011 939	2,778 844
Transfers Depreciation charge	40 (177)	36 (159)	2 (74)	1 (66)	2,495 (224)	2,243 (201)	(2,537)	(2,280)	(475)	(426)
Currency exchange impact	-	(12)	-	(24)	-	(175)	-	(69)		(280)
Closing net book amount	110	92	414	347	2,951	2,476	_	-	3,475	2,916
•	110	32	414	047	2,901	2,470			3,473	2,910
As at December 31, 2023										
Cost Transfers	946 40	2,354 36	814 2	1,886 1	1,055 2,495	1,943 2,243	2,537 (2,537)	2,349 (2,280)	5,351	8,534
Accumulated depreciation Currency exchange	(876)	(2,356)	(402)	(1,520)	(599)	(1,581)	-	(69)	(1,876)	(5,457)
impact	-	58	-	(20)	-	(129)	-	(09)	-	(161)
Net book amount	110	92	414	347	2,951	2,476		-	3,475	2,916

As at December 31, 2023, the amount of leasehold improvements included in accounts payable was NIL (2022 - USD35 (CHF33)).

9 Intangible assets

		Software	Work in	progress		Total
	USD	CHF	USD	CHF	USD	CHF
Year ended December 31, 2022						
Opening net book amount	5,788	5,283	_	_	5,788	5,283
Additions	1,841	1,757	475	433	2,316	2,190
Amortization charge Currency exchange impact	(2,734)	(2,610) 57	-	39	(2,734)	(2,610) 96
Closing not book amount	4,895	4,487	- 475	- 472	5,370	4.050
Closing net book amount	4,090	4,407	475	412	5,570	4,959
As at December 31, 2022			_	-		
Cost	29,375	31,035	475	433	29,850	31,468
Accumulated amortization	(24,480)	(26,323)	-	-	(24,480)	(26,323)
Currency exchange impact		(225)		39	-	(186)
Closing net book amount	4,895	4,487	475	472	5,370	4,959
Year ended December 31, 2023						
Opening net book amount	4,895	4,487	475	472	5,370	4,959
Additions	1,989	1,787	1731	1,556	3,720	3,342
Amortization charge	(2,581)	(2,320) (343)	-	(177)	(2,581)	(2,320)
Currency exchange impact		(343)	-	(177)		(519)
Closing net book amount	4,303	3,611	2,206	1,851	6,509	5,462
As at December 31, 2023						
Cost	31,363	32,822	2,206	1,983	33,569	34,804
Accumulated amortization	(27,060)	(28,643)	-	-	(27,060)	(28,643)
Currency exchange impact		(568)		(132)	-	(699)
Closing net book amount	4,303	3,611	2,206	1,851	6,509	5,462

Intangible assets comprise the ADAMS project and other software mainly developed internally. The amount related to the ADAMS project represents the core software necessary to fulfill the requirements of the World Anti-Doping Code regarding tracking and management of testing activity. This software enables more efficient tracking and management of the testing results.

As at December 31, 2023, the amount of intangible assets included in accounts payable was 60USD (50CHF) (2022 – USD243 (CHF222)).

10 Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities

Right-of-use assets	2023 USD	2022 USD	2023 CHF	2022 CHF
Net cost as at January 1 Acquisitions Disposal Lease remeasurement Depreciation Currency exchange impact	13,355 - - - (659)	6,144 469 (634) 7,992 (616)	12,331 - - - (592) (1'084)	5,865 448 (605) 7,630 (588) (419)
Net carrying amount as at December 31	12,695	13,355	10'655	12,331
Lease liabilities	2023 USD	2022 USD	2023 CHF	2022 CHF
Lease liabilities as at January 1 Acquisitions Disposal Lease remeasurement Principal lease payments Currency exchange rate impact	13,304 - - - (566) 530	5,087 469 (726) 9,641 (378) (789)	12,285 - - - (508) (642)	4,697 433 (670) 8,902 (349) (728)
Acquisitions Disposal Lease remeasurement Principal lease payments	- - (566)	469 (726) 9,641 (378)	- - (508)	433 (670) 8,902 (349)
Acquisitions Disposal Lease remeasurement Principal lease payments Currency exchange rate impact	(566) 530	469 (726) 9,641 (378) (789)	(508) (642)	433 (670) 8,902 (349) (728)

11 Accrued expenses

	2023	2022	2023	2022
	USD	USD	CHF	CHF
Accruals* Accrued scientific research grants Accrued social science grants	966	1,080	810	999
	521	511	437	472
	95	120	80	109
	1,582	1,711	1,327	1,580

^{*}Accrual expenses represents accruals of employees travel vouchers, consulting fees and insurance.

12 Foundation capital

Foundation capital is defined in the statutes as a fixed amount of CHF5,000 (USD4,006).

13 Reserves

Litigation

In 2007, the Foundation Board agreed to a reserve of USD2,000 (CHF1,917) dedicated to litigation. This will allow the Agency to engage in any case where it is required.

Operations

In 2015, the Executive Committee of WADA agreed to increase the operation reserve to hold six months of operations or USD 9,600. The operation reserve has been increased via the allocation unused funds as a regularly budgetary item, along with any surplus from operations. In 2023, the operation reserve was increased to USD9,600 (CHF8, 731) funded through surplus from operations.

14 Annual contributions

	2023	2022	2023	2022
	USD	USD	CHF	CHF
International Olympic Committee – Current year International Olympic Committee – Previous years Public Authorities and governments – Current year Public Authorities and governments – Previous years	22,168	21,412	19,923	20,441
	457	1,738	411	1,661
	22,015	21,425	19,786	20,454
	753	176	677	166
	45,393	44,751	40,797	42,722

15 Grants/Partnerships

	2023 USD	2022 USD	2023 CHF	2022 CHF
Montréal International	1,842	2,374	1,656	2,266
Partnership	375	0	336	
Government of Australia	52	55	46	53
Government of Egypt	30	0	27	
Government of Japan	59	54	53	51
Government of Nigeria	4		4	
Canton de Vaud / City of Lausanne	45	40	41	38
Government of India	0	63	0	60
	2,407	2,586	2,163	2,468

WADA benefits from contributions issued by the two major government supports, represented by the Government of Canada and The Government of Quebec. These contributions have been extended until 2031 and are subject to certain conditions, as follows:

- WADA must maintain its permanent operational headquarters in Montréal;
- maintain a minimum staff of 17 to 25 employees;
- provide quarterly unaudited and annual audited accounts, budgets and activity reports;
- and continue its original mission.

WADA also receives additional grants from Public Authorities (governments) to support specific activities.

16 Salaries and other personnel costs

	2023	2022	2023	2022
	USD	USD	CHF	CHF
Salaries	17,920	16,950	16,106	16,181
Social charges and other benefits	6,250	6,231	5,617	5,948
Defined benefit pension plan contributions	514	403	462	385
	24,684	23,584	22,185	22,514

The number of people employed was 178 as at December 31, 2023 (2022 - 172).

Retirement benefit obligation

Most of WADA's employees are located at its Montréal headquarters. WADA grants all of its employees a predefined proportion of their salary as a contribution to their pension plan. Considering that WADA has no further obligation once payments are made, these costs are considered as fringe benefits and are included in salaries and other personnel costs in the statement of activities in the period they are incurred.

The retirement obligations for WADA's employees in Tokyo are met by the Japanese government. For its South African office employees, WADA only contributes with the employees into the state pension scheme. For WADA's employees in Switzerland, the retirement obligations qualify as a defined benefit plan. It is funded by contributions from WADA to a financially independent trust.

As at December 31, 2023, the pension benefit obligation and the fair value of the plan assets amount to CHF2,810 (USD3,342) and CHF2,355 (USD2,800), respectively. As at December 31, 2022, the pension benefit obligation and the fair value of the plan assets amounted to CHF2,350 (USD2,545) and CHF2,092 (USD2,266) respectively.

17 Research grants

	2023 USD	2022 USD	2023 CHF	2022 CHF
Research grants expensed Scientific research grants expensed Social science research grants expensed Refunds received on cancellation of project	1,700 452 -	1,196 406 -	1,528 406 -	1,141 388
Total research grants expensed	2,152	1,602	1,934	1,529
Research grants paid out Research grants expensed Prepaid expenses (movement) Accruals (movement)	2,152 525 (15)	1,602 140 60	1,934 472 (13)	1,529 134 57
Total research grants paid out	2,662	1,802	2,393	1,720

18 Related party transactions

Transactions with Public Authorities and other organizations including the Olympic Movement are disclosed separately in these financial statements. The Foundation Board members and the President and the Executive Committee of WADA are not remunerated by the Agency. However, in accordance with WADA statute, the President and Vice-President receive a fixed annual indemnity amount of CHF100 (USD111) and CHF50 (USD56), respectively. WADA covers all expenses related to the execution of their functions, in particular, travel, hotel and meal expenses and a daily allowance for out-of-pocket expenses. These costs are included in travel and accommodation in the statement of activities.

	2023 USD	2022 USD	2023 CHF	2022 CHF
Compensation of key management Salaries Benefits and social charge	4,291 1,636	3,885 1,657	3,857 1,470	3,709 1,582
	5,927	5,542	5,327	5,291

Key management of WADA is defined as all the directors of the Agency. Compensation is for 21 directors as at December 31, 2023 (2022 – 19 directors).

19 Commitments

Commitments for service contracts

	2023	2022	2023	2022
	USD	USD	CHF	CHF
Less than one year	6,574	722	5,517	667
More than one year and less than five years	23,910	1,210	20,066	1,118
	30,484	1,932	25,583	1,785

The commitments for non-lease elements are related mainly to the external expert services in government support.

Scientific and social science research commitments

Scientific research grants and social science research grants may be committed over several years by the signing of research grant contracts, including upcoming years of research for certain projects. The related amounts at the end of the year are as follows:

	2023	2022	2023	2022
	USD	USD	CHF	CHF
Less than one year	3,961	2,908	3,324	2,685
More than one year and less than five years	659	354	553	327
	4,620	3,262	3,877	3,012

20 Contingent liabilities

As at December 31, 2023, WADA has contingent liabilities in the amount of 3,741CHF (4,327USD) (2022 – CHF3,626 (USD3,927)). This amount is for all research grants that have been granted by WADA but are contingent upon one or more of the following approvals: ethical approval from the government of the country of the laboratory which is to conduct the research or the signing of the research contract by the laboratory. Eighty percent of the amount would be due upon these approvals and would probably be disbursed in 2024.

21 Military conflict between Russia and Ukraine

The management has evaluated the effects, or possible effects, arising from the military conflict between Russia and Ukraine that commenced in February 2022. Management's assessment considered the implications of the conflict and related global sanctions on accounting, disclosure and internal control over financial reporting. As the situation continues to evolve, based on the management's evaluation, there is no impact that requires additional disclosures in the financial statements.