## U.S. Department of Commerce • Washington, D.C. 20233

U.S. Census Bureau Contact: Yolando St.George (301) 763-6600<br>John Seabold (301) 763-3386

## SECOND QUARTER 2005 ADVANCE DATA FROM THE QUARTERLY FINANCIAL REPORT U.S. MANUFACTURING, MINING, AND TRADE CORPORATIONS



## Seasonally Adjusted After-Tax Profits and Sales

## Manufacturing Corporations

Seasonally adjusted after-tax profits of U.S. manufacturing corporations totaled $\$ 96.6$ billion in the second quarter 2005, the U.S. Census Bureau reported. Second quarter 2005 after-tax profits were up $\$ 5.3$ ( $\pm 1.4$ ) billion from the $\$ 91.3$ billion recorded in the previous quarter. Second quarter 2005 after-tax profits were up $\$ 10.1( \pm 1.3)$ billion from the $\$ 86.5$ billion recorded in the same quarter a year ago.

Seasonally adjusted sales for these manufacturers totaled $\$ 1,335.5$ billion for the quarter, up $\$ 27.4$ ( $\pm 8.7$ ) billion from the $\$ 1,308.1$ billion recorded in the first quarter 2005 , and up $\$ 120.8$ ( $\pm 8.6$ ) billion from the $\$ 1,214.8$ billion recorded in the second quarter 2004.

After-tax profits averaged 7.2 cents per dollar of sales for the quarter, 7.0 cents last quarter, and 7.1 cents a year ago (not a statistically significant change).

## Nondurable Goods Manufacturers

Nondurable goods manufacturers' after-tax profits in the second quarter 2005 were $\$ 56.6$ billion, not statistically different from the $\$ 55.9$ billion recorded in the previous quarter, but up $\$ 10.1$ ( $\pm 0.7$ ) billion from the $\$ 46.6$ billion in the second quarter 2004.

Seasonally adjusted sales for the quarter were $\$ 667.6$ billion, up $\$ 19.4$ ( $\pm 6.5$ ) billion from the $\$ 648.2$ billion recorded in the prior quarter, and up $\$ 80.7$ ( $\pm 6.4$ ) billion from the $\$ 586.9$ billion in the second quarter 2004

After-tax profits averaged 8.5 cents per dollar of sales for the quarter, 8.6 cents last quarter (not a statistically significant change), and 7.9 cents a year ago.

## Durable Goods Manufacturers

Second quarter 2005 seasonally adjusted after-tax profits for durable goods manufacturers were $\$ 40.0$ billion, up $\$ 4.6( \pm 1.1)$ billion from the $\$ 35.4$ billion recorded in the previous quarter, but not statistically different from the $\$ 39.9$ billion in the second quarter 2004.

Seasonally adjusted sales for the quarter were $\$ 668.0$ billion, up $\$ 8.0( \pm 6.6)$ billion from the $\$ 659.9$ billion recorded in the previous quarter, and up $\$ 40.1$ ( $\pm 6.6$ ) billion from the $\$ 627.9$ billion recorded in the second quarter 2004.

After-tax profits averaged 6.0 cents per dollar of sales for the quarter, 5.4 cents last quarter, and 6.4 cents a year ago.

## Unadjusted After-Tax Profits and Sales

## Manufacturing Corporations

Second quarter 2005 unadjusted after-tax profits for U.S. manufacturing corporations were $\$ 104.2$ billion, up $\$ 9.6( \pm 1.3)$ billion over the $\$ 94.6$ billion recorded in the same quarter a year ago. This overall improvement was mainly due to higher operating profits and the absence of nonrecurring charges. When compared to the first quarter 2005 after-tax profits of $\$ 89.3$ billion, the second quarter 2005 after-tax profits were up $\$ 15.0( \pm 1.4)$ billion.

Unadjusted sales for the second quarter 2005 were $\$ 1,372.4$ billion, up $\$ 123.7$ ( $\pm 8.6$ ) billion from the $\$ 1,248.7$ billion in the same quarter a year ago, and up $\$ 103.0$ ( $\pm 8.7$ ) billion from the prior quarter sales of $\$ 1,269.4$ billion.

After-tax profits per dollar of sales averaged 7.6 cents this quarter, 7.0 cents last quarter, and 7.6 cents in the second quarter 2004 (not a statistically significant change).

## Nondurable Goods Manufacturers

Second quarter 2005 nondurable goods manufacturers' unadjusted after-tax profits of $\$ 58.4$ billion were up $\$ 9.6( \pm 0.7)$ billion from the $\$ 48.8$ billion recorded in the second quarter 2004. When compared to this quarter last year, results were mixed within the industry categories. Petroleum and coal products reported an increase of $\$ 4.3$ ( $\pm 0.1$ ) billion, mainly due to increased domestic and equity earnings. Chemical products also reported a substantial increase of $\$ 4.2( \pm 0.4)$ billion, mainly due to increased domestic earnings. The other nondurable industries reported minimal gains or not statistically significant changes.

Unadjusted sales for the second quarter 2005 were $\$ 685.8$ billion, up $\$ 81.7$ ( $\pm 6.4$ ) billion from the $\$ 604.1$ billion in the same quarter a year ago, and up $\$ 57.5$ ( $\pm 6.5$ ) billion from the prior quarter sales of $\$ 628.3$ billion.

After-tax profits per dollar of sales averaged 8.5 cents this quarter, 8.9 cents last quarter, and 8.1 cents in the second quarter 2004.

When compared to the first quarter 2005 after-tax profits of $\$ 55.7$ billion, the second quarter 2005 after-tax profits were up $\$ 2.7$ ( $\pm 0.8$ ) billion. Results were mixed within the industry categories. Beverage and tobacco products reported an increase of $\$ 2.8( \pm 0.1)$ billion, mainly from increased operating profits and dividend income this quarter. Petroleum and coal products' improved domestic operating profits were slightly offset by the lower equity income, resulting in an overall increase of $\$ 1.7( \pm 0.1)$ billion in after-tax profits. Chemical products reported an overall decrease in after-tax profits of $\$ 2.5( \pm 0.4)$ billion, mainly due to a decline in domestic profits and nonoperating income this quarter.

## Durable Goods Manufacturers

Second quarter 2005 durable goods manufacturers' unadjusted after-tax profits of $\$ 45.8$ billion were not statistically different from the $\$ 45.8$ billion recorded in the second quarter 2004. When compared to this quarter last year, results were mixed within the industry categories. Electrical equipment and appliances made improvements in domestic and equity income, gaining $\$ 1.2( \pm 0.2)$ billion. Computer and electronic products reported an increase in earnings of $\$ 0.8( \pm 0.5)$ billion, mainly due to the absence of nonrecurring charges in the same quarter last year. Nonmetallic mineral products' domestic operating profits resulted in an increase of $\$ 0.7$ ( $\pm 0.2$ ) billion. The decline in domestic operating profits and equity income in the transportation equipment industry resulted in an overall decrease of $\$ 4.0( \pm 0.3)$ billion.

Unadjusted sales for the second quarter 2005 were $\$ 686.6$ billion, up $\$ 42.0$ ( $\pm 6.6$ ) billion from the $\$ 644.6$ billion in the same quarter a year ago, and up $\$ 45.5$ ( $\pm 6.6$ ) billion from the prior quarter sales of $\$ 641.0$ billion.

After-tax profits per dollar of sales averaged 6.7 cents this quarter, 5.2 cents last quarter, and 7.1 cents in the second quarter 2004.

When compared to the first quarter 2005 after-tax profits of $\$ 33.6$ billion, the second quarter 2005 after-tax profits were up $\$ 12.2$ $( \pm 1.1)$ billion. Results were mixed within the industry categories. Nonmetallic mineral products' reported a slight increase in domestic operating income as well as fewer nonrecurring charges, which resulted in increased profits of $\$ 6.1( \pm 0.1)$ billion. Computer and electronic products reported an increase of $\$ 1.7( \pm 0.4)$ billion, from domestic income slightly offset by a decrease in equity earnings. Machinery's increase of $\$ 1.3( \pm 0.4)$ billion and fabricated metal products' increase of $\$ 1.1( \pm 0.5)$ billion were mainly due to domestic operations. Miscellaneous manufacturing reported a small decline and wood products' after-tax profits were not statistically significant.

## Mining Corporations

Second quarter 2005 unadjusted after-tax profits for mining corporations with assets of $\$ 50$ million and over, at $\$ 9.4$ billion, were up $\$ 3.7$ ( $\pm 0.1$ ) billion from the $\$ 5.7$ billion recorded in the second quarter 2004.

Unadjusted sales for the second quarter 2005 were $\$ 37.0$ billion, up $\$ 7.4( \pm 0.2)$ billion from the $\$ 29.6$ billion in the same quarter a year ago.

After-tax profits per dollar of sales averaged 25.3 cents this quarter, compared to the 19.1 cents in the second quarter 2004.

## Wholesale Trade Corporations

Second quarter 2005 unadjusted after-tax profits for wholesale trade corporations with assets of $\$ 50$ million and over, at $\$ 9.0$ billion, were up $\$ 0.35$ ( $\pm 0.26$ ) billion from the $\$ 8.7$ billion recorded in the second quarter 2004.

Unadjusted sales for the second quarter 2005 were $\$ 407.0$ billion, up $\$ 33.8$ ( $\pm 5.7$ ) billion from the $\$ 373.2$ billion in the same quarter a year ago.

After-tax profits per dollar of sales averaged 2.2 cents this quarter, compared to the 2.3 cents in the second quarter 2004 (not a statistically significant change).

## NOTE

These advance data, based on quarterly financial reports from approximately 8,000 corporations, were released today from the Quarterly Financial Report for Manufacturing, Mining, and Trade Corporations - Second quarter 2005 (QFR-05-2).

## SAMPLING

The data presented in this report are estimated from a sample survey and therefore are subject to sampling variability as well as nonsampling variability such as response error, nonreporting, and coverage errors. Estimates of sampling variability are presented in the publication. A statement such as "up $2.5( \pm 0.2)$ cents", appearing in the text, indicates the range $(+2.3$ to +2.7 cents) in which the actual change is likely to have occurred. The range given for the change is a $90 \%$ confidence interval that accounts only for sampling variability. If the range had contained zero (0), it would have been uncertain whether there was an increase or decrease; that is, the change would not have been statistically significant. For any comparison cited without a confidence interval, the change is statistically significant at the $90 \%$ confidence level. The quarterly publication includes more detailed explanations of confidence intervals and sampling variability, along with additional measures of sampling variability.

## DATA AVAILABILITY

This press release can be viewed today in page image format (.pdf) at the internet website (http://www.census.gov/csd/qfr/). In addition, more detailed information on U.S. Manufacturing, Mining, and Wholesale and Retail Trade Corporations is available for downloading at our website under "QFR Products: Publication". The publication includes statements of income and retained earnings, balance sheets, and related financial and operating ratios. Data presented are classified by industry and asset size.

Second quarter 2005 advance data for U.S. Retail Corporations are scheduled for release on October 12, 2005.

Third quarter 2005 advance data for U.S Manufacturing, Mining, Wholesale Trade Corporations are scheduled for release on December 12, 2005, for U.S. Retail Corporations, January 11, 2006.

Table 1. U.S. Manufacturing Corporations

| Item | Seasonally adjusted |  |  | Unadjusted |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 2 \mathrm{Q} \\ 2005 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 Q \\ 2005^{1} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 2 Q 2004 | $\begin{array}{r} 2 \mathrm{Q} \\ 2005 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 Q \\ 2005^{1} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 2 aQ $2004^{1}$ |
| Rate of return (after taxes): <br> Cents per dollar of sales $\qquad$ <br> Percent on equity (annual rate) $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7.2 \\ \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{A} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7.0 \\ \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{A} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 7.1 N/A | $\begin{array}{r}7.6 \\ 17.6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}7.0 \\ 15.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}7.6 \\ 17.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
|  | (million dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales............................................................ | 1,335,520 | 1,308,109 | 1,214,753 | 1,372,396 | 1,269,378 | 1,248,717 |
| Income after income taxes .................................. | 96,607 | 91,263 | 86,477 | 104,230 | 89,270 | 94,641 |
| Dividends paid (cash) ......................................... | N/A | N/A | N/A | 37,449 | 45,813 | 37,143 |

${ }^{1}$ Revised.
Table 2. U.S. Manufacturing Corporations' Seasonally Adjusted Sales and Net Income After-Tax ${ }^{1}$

| Industry group and year | Sales ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  | After-tax profits ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 |
|  | (million dollars) |  |  |  | (million dollars) |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1995... | 871,485 | 872,455 | 883,442 | 900,163 | 52,835 | 51,852 | 49,425 | 44,186 |
| 1996. | 914,399 | 932,046 | 948,117 | 962,130 | 51,287 | 53,818 | 61,299 | 58,687 |
| 1997. | 965,958 | 971,460 | 986,338 | 996,580 | 60,849 | 61,666 | 61,951 | 60,263 |
| 1998. | 989,751 | 980,838 | 985,401 | 995,207 | 74,878 | 48,835 | 61,265 | 49,650 |
| 1999. | 1,002,883 | 1,025,571 | 1,047,374 | 1,073,592 | 60,167 | 63,014 | 67,279 | 67,482 |
| 2000. | 1,120,036 | 1,126,495 | 1,144,695 | 1,123,571 | 77,723 | 70,447 | 74,821 | 47,215 |
| 2001. | 1,115,031 | 1,090,971 | 1,059,734 | 1,031,294 | 573 | 15,500 | 12,235 | 7,752 |
| 2002. | 1,024,043 | 1,044,797 | 1,066,718 | 1,081,187 | 25,767 | 37,404 | 42,675 | 34,087 |
| 2003. | 1,100,325 | 1,067,655 | 1,109,037 | 1,117,143 | 59,571 | 49,164 | 54,991 | 72,951 |
| 2004. | 1,180,421 | 1,214,753 | 1,252,255 | 1,285,895 | 76,955 | 86,477 | 91,670 | 92,006 |
| 2005... | 1,308,109 | 1,335,520 |  |  | 91,263 | 96,607 |  |  |
| All nondurable manufacturing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1995.... | 425,788 | 427,368 | 430,760 | 436,300 | 25,875 | 28,195 | 27,593 | 22,247 |
| 1996. | 442,317 | 451,841 | 457,605 | 463,738 | 28,024 | 28,314 | 32,136 | 30,439 |
| 1997.. | 463,300 | 455,726 | 461,053 | 464,734 | 33,383 | 30,682 | 30,556 | 28,678 |
| 1998. | 452,177 | 445,336 | 443,191 | 441,192 | 29,767 | 28,458 | 30,972 | 17,543 |
| 1999. | 445,461 | 452,041 | 460,664 | 476,908 | 26,510 | 28,727 | 31,654 | 30,672 |
| 2000. | 507,029 | 513,484 | 527,452 | 505,957 | 37,585 | 38,230 | 37,618 | 28,971 |
| 2001. | 508,119 | 503,678 | 489,223 | 473,825 | 31,817 | 33,603 | 27,638 | 19,238 |
| 2002. | 463,510 | 474,925 | 498,609 | 519,274 | 26,958 | 28,301 | 31,569 | 31,749 |
| 2003. | 540,020 | 508,856 | 535,172 | 530,436 | 43,888 | 33,377 | 30,414 | 41,133 |
| 2004. | 570,228 | 586,871 | 607,648 | 631,614 | 41,264 | 46,553 | 52,233 | 51,424 |
| 2005... | 648,175 | 667,556 |  |  | 55,882 | 56,609 |  |  |
| All durable manufacturing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1995... | 445,697 | 445,087 | 452,682 | 463,863 | 26,960 | 23,657 | 21,832 | 21,939 |
| 1996. | 472,082 | 480,206 | 490,512 | 498,391 | 23,263 | 25,504 | 29,162 | 28,248 |
| 1997. | 502,658 | 515,733 | 525,284 | 531,846 | 27,466 | 30,985 | 31,395 | 31,585 |
| 1998. | 537,574 | 535,502 | 542,209 | 554,015 | 45,111 | 20,377 | 30,293 | 32,107 |
| 1999. | 557,422 | 573,530 | 586,710 | 596,684 | 33,657 | 34,288 | 35,624 | 36,810 |
| 2000. | 613,007 | 613,010 | 617,243 | 617,614 | 40,139 | 32,217 | 37,203 | 18,245 |
| 2001.................................................. | 606,911 | 587,294 | 570,511 | 557,469 | $(31,244)$ | $(18,103)$ | $(15,403)$ | $(11,486)$ |
| 2002.................................................. | 560,533 | 569,871 | 568,109 | 561,913 | $(1,191)$ | 9,103 | 11,106 | 2,338 |
| 2003. | 560,304 | 558,799 | 573,865 | 586,707 | 15,683 | 15,786 | 24,577 | 31,818 |
| 2004. | 610,193 | 627,883 | 644,606 | 654,282 | 35,691 | 39,924 | 39,437 | 40,582 |
| 2005................................................... | 659,934 | 667,964 |  |  | 35,380 | 39,998 |  |  |

[^0]Table 3. U.S. Manufacturing, Mining, and Trade Corporations' Unadjusted Sales and Profits

| Industry group | Sales |  |  | Operating profits ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | After-tax profits |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 2 \mathrm{Q} \\ 2005 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 Q \\ 2005^{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $2 Q$ 2004 | $\begin{array}{r} 2 Q \\ 2005 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 Q \\ 2005^{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $2 Q$ 2004 | $\begin{array}{r} 2 \mathrm{Q} \\ 2005 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 Q \\ 2005^{2} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2 Q \\ 2004 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
|  | (million dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing ${ }^{3}$................................... | 1,372,396 | 1,269,378 | 1,248,717 | 95,746 | 82,743 | 87,539 | 104,230 | 89,270 | 94,641 |
| All nondurable manufacturing ..................... | 685,827 | 628,330 | 604,129 | 55,231 | 51,101 | 46,950 | 58,396 | 55,677 | 48,798 |
| Food... | 105,771 | 105,703 | 103,525 | 6,162 | 6,508 | 6,161 | 4,958 | 5,345 | 4,889 |
| Beverage and tobacco products ............... | 37,639 | 33,926 | 36,076 | 6,260 | 5,668 | 6,498 | 7,029 | 4,204 | 6,974 |
| Textile mills and textile product mills ...... | 12,423 | 12,159 | 12,833 | 768 | 564 | 668 | 421 | 350 | 321 |
| Apparel and leather products .................. | 22,441 | 21,133 | 20,428 | 1,844 | 1,955 | 1,701 | 1,415 | 1,526 | 1,280 |
| Paper.................................................. | 38,138 | 37,337 | 40,659 | 3,779 | 2,303 | 2,713 | 1,620 | 1,178 | 1,564 |
| Printing and related support activities ...... | 16,722 | 16,831 | 15,838 | 1,221 | 1,133 | 1,102 | 671 | 519 | 426 |
| Petroleum and coal products................... | 254,156 | 208,135 | 192,694 | 18,455 | 15,311 | 16,554 | 22,737 | 21,053 | 18,416 |
| Chemicals ............................................ | 158,680 | 155,829 | 144,593 | 14,256 | 15,915 | 9,054 | 17,952 | 20,495 | 13,733 |
| Basic chemicals, resins, and synthetics ${ }^{4}$ | 50,598 | 50,330 | 43,839 | 3,970 | 3,997 | 1,677 | 3,607 | 3,676 | 1,565 |
| Pharmaceuticals and medicines ${ }^{4}$......... | 62,744 | 64,032 | 58,169 | 5,868 | 7,933 | 3,173 | 10,453 | 13,593 | 8,824 |
| All other chemicals ${ }^{4}$......................... | 45,338 | 41,467 | 42,585 | 4,418 | 3,985 | 4,204 | 3,893 | 3,226 | 3,344 |
| Plastics and rubber products ................... | 39,857 | 37,277 | 37,481 | 2,484 | 1,742 | 2,499 | 1,593 | 1,006 | 1,195 |
| All durable manufacturing ......................... | 686,569 | 641,048 | 644,588 | 40,515 | 31,643 | 40,589 | 45,834 | 33,593 | 45,843 |
| Wood products ..................................... | 21,204 | 17,996 | 19,412 | 1,626 | 1,312 | 2,048 | 1,076 | 811 | 1,668 |
| Nonmetallic mineral products................. | 28,884 | 22,733 | 25,648 | 3,418 | 1,146 | 2,663 | 2,471 | $(3,621)$ | 1,724 |
| Primary metals ..................................... | 48,688 | 46,915 | 44,284 | 4,589 | 4,670 | 3,949 | 3,984 | 3,617 | 3,520 |
| Iron, steel, and ferroalloys ${ }^{4}$............... | 25,030 | 24,681 | 22,626 | 2,577 | 2,940 | 2,455 | 1,783 | 2,145 | 1,740 |
| Nonferrous metals ${ }^{4}$.......................... | 18,129 | 17,423 | 17,262 | 1,521 | 1,348 | 1,171 | 1,843 | 1,187 | 1,537 |
| Foundries ${ }^{4}$...................................... | 5,529 | 4,811 | 4,396 | 491 | 382 | 323 | 358 | 286 | 243 |
| Fabricated metal products ...................... | 61,774 | 57,058 | 56,899 | 5,861 | 4,697 | 5,234 | 4,589 | 3,460 | 4,056 |
| Machinery ........................................... | 78,273 | 71,479 | 73,018 | 5,910 | 4,331 | 5,822 | 4,781 | 3,500 | 4,735 |
| Computer and electronic products ........... | 134,762 | 130,804 | 128,661 | 7,383 | 4,985 | 7,421 | 12,971 | 11,280 | 12,191 |
| Computer and peripheral equipment ${ }^{4}$. | 41,530 | 40,923 | 38,840 | 1,238 | (29) | 1,775 | 5,195 | 4,076 | 4,771 |
| Communications equipment ${ }^{4}$............ | 27,331 | 25,291 | 24,939 | 1,723 | 547 | 50 | 2,652 | 2,540 | 1,508 |
| All other electronic products ${ }^{4}$........... | 65,901 | 64,590 | 64,883 | 4,422 | 4,467 | 5,596 | 5,123 | 4,664 | 5,912 |
| Electrical equipment, appliances, and components $\qquad$ | 52,522 | 48,616 | 48,357 | 3,850 | 2,925 | 3,249 | 6,655 | 5,444 | 5,449 |
| Transportation equipment ..................... | 212,873 | 199,575 | 205,588 | 3,177 | 2,529 | 6,012 | 5,666 | 4,837 | 9,672 |
| Motor vehicles and parts ${ }^{4}$................. | 151,546 | 143,866 | 149,349 | $(2,037)$ | $(1,918)$ | 1,568 | 1,617 | 1,131 | 6,043 |
| Aerospace products and parts ${ }^{4}$........... | 49,701 | 45,307 | 46,181 | 3,881 | 3,334 | 3,266 | 3,092 | 2,859 | 2,671 |
| Furniture and related products ................ | 16,001 | 15,361 | 14,801 | 1,221 | 1,122 | 920 | 870 | 765 | 448 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing ................. | 31,587 | 30,510 | 27,920 | 3,480 | 3,926 | 3,272 | 2,769 | 3,499 | 2,379 |
| All mining ${ }^{3}$.............................................. | 36,973 | 34,168 | 29,614 | 9,680 | 8,394 | 6,220 | 9,355 | 7,310 | 5,660 |
| All wholesale trade ${ }^{3}$ | 407,000 | 389,738 | 373,237 | 12,282 | 10,946 | 11,842 | 9,040 | 7,211 | 8,694 |
| All retail trade ${ }^{3}$......................................... | N/A | 427,603 | 405,436 | N/A | 19,803 | 18,614 | N/A | 12,296 | 13,572 |

${ }^{1}$ Operating profits are profits before nonoperating income and expense items and income taxes.
${ }^{2}$ Revised.
${ }^{3}$ Manufacturing data are the quarterly results of companies within that division with assets over $\$ 250,000$; whereas, data for mining and trade corporations represent the quarterly results of companies with assets over $\$ 50$ million.
${ }^{4}$ Included in major industry above.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Data prior to and including third quarter 2000 are on a Standard Industrial Classification basis. Data subsequent are presented on a North American Industry Classification System basis. Comparisons of these data are useful only for trend analysis.
    ${ }^{2}$ Revised.

