

Table A-4.

## Number of People by Type of Health Insurance Coverage by Selected Demographic Characteristics: 2015 and 2016

(Numbers in thousands, margins of errors in thousands. Population as of March of the following year. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see [www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar17.pdf](http://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar17.pdf))

Characteristic	Total																						
	2015	2016	Any health insurance														Uninsured <sup>5</sup>						
			2015		2016		Change (2016 less 2015) <sup>1,*</sup>	Private health insurance <sup>3</sup>				Government health insurance <sup>4</sup>				2015		2016		Change (2016 less 2015) <sup>1,*</sup>			
	Number	Margin of error <sup>2</sup> (±)	Number	Margin of error <sup>2</sup> (±)	Number	Margin of error <sup>2</sup> (±)		Number	Margin of error <sup>2</sup> (±)	Change (2016 less 2015) <sup>1,*</sup>	Number	Margin of error <sup>2</sup> (±)	Number	Margin of error <sup>2</sup> (±)	Change (2016 less 2015) <sup>1,*</sup>	Number	Margin of error <sup>2</sup> (±)	Number	Margin of error <sup>2</sup> (±)		Change (2016 less 2015) <sup>1,*</sup>		
<b>Total</b> . . . . .	<b>318,868</b>	<b>320,372</b>	<b>289,903</b>	<b>650</b>	<b>292,320</b>	<b>541</b>	<b>*2,417</b>	<b>214,238</b>	<b>1,118</b>	<b>216,203</b>	<b>1,145</b>	<b>*1,965</b>	<b>118,395</b>	<b>1,067</b>	<b>119,361</b>	<b>1,018</b>	<b>966</b>	<b>28,966</b>	<b>634</b>	<b>28,052</b>	<b>519</b>	<b>*-914</b>	
<b>Family Status</b>																							
In families . . . . .	258,121	259,863	236,575	997	238,655	883	*2,080	176,318	1,242	178,401	1,203	*2,084	94,366	1,075	94,707	936	341	21,546	563	21,208	504	-338	
Householder . . . . .	82,199	82,854	75,058	413	75,899	437	*840	57,981	466	58,954	458	*973	29,794	389	30,074	335	280	7,141	221	6,956	217	-185	
Related children under 18 . . . . .	72,558	72,674	68,817	270	68,867	261	51	45,477	483	45,793	440	316	30,968	478	30,180	481	*-788	3,741	214	3,807	194	66	
Related children under 6 . . . . .	23,459	23,531	22,037	138	22,175	128	139	13,708	226	13,848	224	140	10,743	255	10,603	238	-140	1,422	115	1,355	105	-67	
In unrelated subfamilies . . . . .	1,344	1,208	1,181	115	1,045	135	-137	699	97	585	102	-113	633	82	587	89	-46	163	40	163	37	Z	
Unrelated individuals . . . . .	59,403	59,301	52,146	813	52,621	729	475	37,222	691	37,217	645	-5	23,396	429	24,067	437	*671	7,257	284	6,680	227	*-576	
<b>Residence</b>																							
Inside metropolitan statistical areas . . . . .	274,392	276,816	249,708	2,748	252,854	2,596	*3,146	186,619	2,184	189,594	2,012	*2,975	98,627	1,565	99,455	1,589	828	24,684	664	23,961	579	-722	
Inside principal cities . . . . .	103,740	104,295	92,845	1,740	94,153	1,917	1,308	65,930	1,380	66,859	1,350	930	39,050	990	39,431	1,121	381	10,895	452	10,142	404	*-753	
Outside principal cities . . . . .	170,652	172,521	156,863	2,402	158,701	2,449	1,839	120,689	1,987	122,735	1,910	*2,045	59,577	1,187	60,024	1,274	447	13,789	512	13,820	490	31	
Outside metropolitan statistical areas <sup>6</sup> . . . . .	44,477	43,556	40,194	2,694	39,466	2,528	-729	27,620	1,886	26,609	1,720	*-1,010	19,768	1,403	19,905	1,397	138	4,282	373	4,091	373	-192	
<b>Race<sup>7</sup> and Hispanic Origin</b>																							
White . . . . .	245,805	246,310	224,351	539	225,497	491	*1,146	169,565	947	170,839	949	*1,274	89,598	911	90,220	847	622	21,454	529	20,813	455	-642	
White, not Hispanic . . . . .	195,646	195,453	182,546	442	183,139	422	*592	143,922	785	144,398	839	475	69,065	739	70,136	701	*1,071	13,100	411	12,314	360	*-785	
Black . . . . .	41,703	42,040	37,076	213	37,612	227	*536	23,330	430	23,739	415	409	18,387	381	18,377	378	-11	4,627	210	4,428	223	-200	
Asian . . . . .	18,249	18,897	16,889	193	17,455	208	*566	13,775	237	14,013	260	238	4,937	202	5,124	237	186	1,360	120	1,442	134	82	
Hispanic (any race) . . . . .	56,873	57,670	47,637	315	48,433	319	*796	29,352	554	30,192	453	*840	23,447	446	23,125	419	-322	9,235	309	9,237	316	2	
<b>Nativity</b>																							
Native born . . . . .	275,798	276,518	254,648	843	256,338	767	*1,691	188,639	1,103	189,946	1,126	1,307	104,719	976	105,440	982	721	21,150	513	20,180	438	*-971	
Foreign born . . . . .	43,070	43,854	35,255	591	35,982	538	727	25,600	521	26,258	469	658	13,676	399	13,921	389	245	7,815	313	7,872	312	57	
Naturalized citizen . . . . .	20,086	20,409	18,336	364	18,684	405	347	13,366	327	13,726	346	359	7,413	245	7,591	259	178	1,750	112	1,726	125	-24	
Not a citizen . . . . .	22,984	23,445	16,919	498	17,298	380	380	12,233	419	12,532	346	299	6,263	288	6,330	262	67	6,066	288	6,147	269	81	

\* Changes between the estimates are statistically different from zero at the 90 percent confidence level.

Z Represents or rounds to zero.

<sup>1</sup> Details may not sum to totals because of rounding.

<sup>2</sup> A margin of error is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the margin of error in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. This number, when added to and subtracted from the estimate, forms the 90 percent confidence interval. Margins of error shown in this table are based on standard errors calculated using replicate weights. For more information, see "Standard Errors and Their Use" at <[www2.census.gov/library/publications/2017/demo/p60-260sa.pdf](http://www2.census.gov/library/publications/2017/demo/p60-260sa.pdf)>.

<sup>3</sup> Private health insurance includes coverage provided through an employer or union, coverage purchased directly by an individual from an insurance company, or coverage through someone outside the household.

<sup>4</sup> Government health insurance coverage includes Medicaid, Medicare, TRICARE, CHAMPVA (Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Department of Veterans Affairs), and care provided by the Department of Veterans Affairs and the military.

<sup>5</sup> Individuals are considered to be uninsured if they do not have health insurance coverage for the entire calendar year.

<sup>6</sup> The "Outside metropolitan statistical areas" category includes both micropolitan statistical areas and territory outside of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. For more information, see <[www.census.gov/programs-surveys/metro-micro/about/glossary.html](http://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/metro-micro/about/glossary.html)>.

<sup>7</sup> Federal surveys now give respondents the option of reporting more than one race. Therefore, two basic ways of defining a race group are possible. A group such as Asian may be defined as those who reported Asian and no other race (the race-alone or single-race concept) or as those who reported Asian regardless of whether they also reported another race (the race-alone-or-in-combination concept). This table shows data using the first approach (race alone). The use of the single-race population does not imply that it is the preferred method of presenting or analyzing data. The Census Bureau uses a variety of approaches. Information on people who reported more than one race, such as White and American Indian and Alaska Native or Asian and Black or African American, is available from the 2010 Census through American FactFinder. About 2.9 percent of people reported more than one race in the 2010 Census. Data for American Indians and Alaska Natives, Native Hawaiians and Other Pacific Islanders, and those reporting two or more races are not shown separately.

Note: The estimates by type of coverage are not mutually exclusive; people can be covered by more than one type of health insurance during the year.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2016 and 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplements.